## American Institutes for Research

# MEASURING TEACHER KNOWLEDGE OF THE NRP: AN INSTRUMENT AND PILOT TEST RESULTS 

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## Introduction

This report describes a pilot test of a set of items designed to assess pre-service teacher knowledge of the five critical components of early reading instruction as defined by the National Reading Panel (NRP). This report is intended to supplement the Revised Study Design document, which describes the development and selection of these items. Therefore, this report will not review the item development process. It focuses specifically on the properties of the items we propose to use for assessing pre-service teacher knowledge.

Although item development will not be revisited here, it is important to note that the items we propose to use ( 108 multiple-choice and 24 constructed-response items) were part of a larger pool of items that were pilot tested. Table 1 lists the total number of items pilot tested, the different item types, and the components that each item was developed to measure. The four components listed in Table 1 comprise the teacher knowledge of student content engagement (TK-SCE) framework, which was described

Table 1. Pilot Test Items, by Type and Component

|  | Component 1: Subject Matter Content Level | Component 2: Occasion for Processing | Component 3: Physiological Readiness | Component 4: Motivation | CrossComponent | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Likert Scale | 28 | 23 | 15 | 62 | - | 128 |
| MultipleChoice | 72 | 48 | 21 | 31 | - | 172 |
| Constructed <br> -Response | 25 | 15 | 5 | 9 | - | 54 |
| Situational Judgment | 15 | 24 | 14 | 22 | - | 75 |
| Q-Sort / Checklist | 10 | 8 | - | - | - | 18 |
| High Fidelity Simulation | - | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 6 |

in the Revised Study Plan. The 108 multiple-choice and 24 constructed-response items that are proposed for the teacher knowledge assessment were aligned with the five NRP components during item development and are viewed as subcomponents of the Subject Matter Content Level and Occasions for Processing constructs (refer to Table 2). Q-sort and Likert items were deemed as inappropriate for the pre-service teacher assessment because these items are not objectively scored, while the hi-fidelity and situational judgment items are too experimental in nature to be considered at this point.

Table 2. Number of Items Aligned with the NRP Components

| NRP <br> Component | Multiple Choice | Constructed- <br> response | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Phonemic <br> Awareness | 16 | 3 | 19 |
| Phonics | 22 | 4 | 26 |
| Fluency | 10 | 5 | 15 |
| Vocabulary | 33 | 8 | 41 |
| Comprehension | 27 | 4 | 31 |
| TOTAL | 108 | 24 | 132 |

The main objective of the pilot test, therefore, was to collect preliminary data on the items presented in Table 1. For this report, we will only examine data on the items presented in Table 2. The goal of these analyses will be to answer the following questions:

- Are the items appropriately difficult?
- Are the multiple-choice distractors functioning correctly?
- Are the items reliable?
- Does item difficulty vary by level of experience?

The answers to these questions will inform the technical working group (TWG) and Department of Education (ED) regarding the properties of the proposed assessment so that an informed decision can be made about exercising the optional tasks associated with this project.

## Method

## Participants

Participants in the pilot test were selected to be reflective of teachers who might take an operational version of the TK-SCE survey, not a teacher knowledge assessment to be administered to pre-service teachers. Therefore, all participants except for two had experience teaching in the primary grades. Basic demographics on these participants are described below.

## Teacher Recruitment

Current or recent primary grade teachers were recruited to participate in the pilot test. All teachers who had taught kindergarten, $1^{\text {st }}$, or $2^{\text {nd }}$ grade in a public school in the last three years were eligible. The only requirement was that teachers were willing and available to participate in the pilot test for the entire four-hour period.

Five locations were chosen for pilot testing in order to have representation from different parts of the country. Teachers from each area were eligible for participation. The five areas were:

- Raleigh / Durham, North Carolina
- Chicago, Illinois
- St. Louis, Missouri
- Dallas, Texas
- San Diego, California

A letter, fact sheet, and description of the study were sent to all district superintendents in the selected sites. About a week after the mail out, telephone interviewers began contacting superintendents to recruit and schedule districts. Recruitment was slow going at first. Interviewers faxed and re-mailed the materials as requested and made numerous call backs before finally getting answers about participating in the pilot study. Some districts were very eager to participate and saw the teacher incentive as a great opportunity for their teachers to earn a little extra money. Other districts were not interested and were not motivated by the teacher incentive.

As sessions were scheduled the date, time, location, and contact person's information were entered into the receipt control system. Teachers' names, emails, and phone numbers were also recorded so that checks could be requested in advance of the sessions. This information was provided to the interview teams in advance of the sessions so that they could send reminder emails to teachers.

## Teacher Demographics

A total of 589 teachers participated in the pilot test. Participating teachers were distributed across each of the five geographic regions as reflected in Table 3.

Table 3. Number of Teachers per Region

| Region | State | Number of Sessions | Number of Teachers |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| San Diego | CA | 11 | 50 |
| Dallas | TX | 19 | 173 |
| St. Louis | MO | 13 | 125 |
| Chicago | IL | 12 | 100 |
| Raleigh / Durham | NC | 17 | 141 |

The vast majority of the participants in the pilot test were female (98\%), which is representative of elementary school teachers in the US. In providing demographic data, $10 \%$ of participants identified themselves as Black or African American; about 6\% identified themselves as Hispanic; and about 81\% identified themselves as White. Regarding age, $35 \%$ were $26-35$, $22 \%$ were $36-45$, and $25 \%$ were $46-55$. The vast majority of participants reported having at least a Bachelor's degree, and many stated that they had a Master's degree. Most of the participants majored or minored in Elementary Education. Individuals in the sample also reported having significant teaching experience in early elementary ( $82 \%$ with four or more years) and upper elementary grades ( $82 \%$
with four or more years). Finally, virtually all of the participants had some sort of teaching certificate, including a few who were working toward (4\%) or had attained (3\%) their National Board certification.

## Test Versions

For the purpose of the pilot test, the pool of items was split and two alternate versions of the survey were created (Version 1 and 2). We had to create separate versions due to the total number of items written and the desire to pilot as many items of this pool as possible.

Although creating alternative versions of the survey allowed us to collect data on as many items as possible, it did create some challenges. For example, because no individual completed every item on Version 1 and 2, items from the two versions could not be correlated with each other. For instance, the 108 multiple-choice and 24 constructed-response items that are the focus of the current report were distributed so that 56 multiple-choice and 12 constructed-response items were on Version 1 and 52 multiple-choice and 12 constructed-response items were on Version 2. Thus, we pilot tested two shorter versions of the teacher knowledge assessment (i.e., alternative forms).

In addition to creating two alternate versions of the survey, we counter-balanced sections of the survey within each version to guard against order and fatigue effects. For example, we did not want any particular item type to always appear last and hence not be reached. This counterbalancing process produced five differently ordered forms of each version of the survey (i.e., 10 unique forms in total). Table 4 presents the number of teachers who received each form.

Table 4. Number of Teachers per Form

| Form | Version | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 62 teachers |
| 2 | 2 | 64 teachers |
| 3 | 1 | 66 teachers |
| 4 | 2 | 77 teachers |
| 5 | 1 | 63 teachers |
| 6 | 2 | 66 teachers |
| 7 | 1 | 56 teachers |
| 8 | 2 | 55 teachers |
| 9 | 1 | 36 teachers |
| 10 | 2 | 44 teachers |

Similar to the creation of Version 1 and 2 of the survey, the counterbalancing of items within each version had advantages and disadvantages. On the positive side, we guarded against order and fatigue effects, which are common with long assessments. Also, we were able to collect some data from some respondents on each item that was developed. On the negative side, splitting the item pool in half and counterbalancing produced smaller than desirable numbers of respondents for some items. Sample size per items and our approach to dealing with this issue is discussed in the results section.

## Procedure

Two individuals administered the survey in each location; thus, a total of ten administrators were used. All of these administrators had previous experience with various data collection projects.

Survey administrators completed a two-day comprehensive training course on how to conduct the pilot test. During this training session, the project was introduced and the procedures were described in detail. In addition, much of the training involved familiarizing the administrators with the computers and the application that was used for data collection. Administrators spent time practicing the computer set-up process and the data saving procedures. The Administrator Guide that was used in training is available upon request.

Data collection occurred between September and November, 2005. All forms of the survey were administered to participating teachers on laptop computers. Computers were not connected to the Internet or to a network, but operated as independent machines with the software containing the items resident on each laptop. Teacher responses were directly saved to the hard drive on the laptop. Upon completion of the survey, the administrators saved the results on blank CD's, via the CD-ROM drive which was built into all of the computers.

In most cases, data collection occurred at local schools that volunteered to provide meeting space. Up to ten participants were scheduled for each session and given instructions about the project. The two administrators were scheduled to arrive one hour before data collection was to begin. During this time, they introduced themselves to school personnel and set-up the meeting room for data collection. This mainly involved setting up the laptops in the room. Most sessions occurred either after school or on the weekends; because of this and the time requirements, food was provided for participants.

Each pilot test session was four full hours and the four-hour session was broken down into five smaller, time-limited test sections. At the scheduled start time, the administrators commenced the check-in procedures and gave an overview of the project. Then, participants started the survey. The first section for everyone was the Opinion (Likert) items. Upon completion of that, they started Section 2, the content of which varied by the form that each individual was completing. Section 1 and Section 2 took a combined 80 minutes after which there was a ten-minute break. Section 3 lasted 50 minutes, which was followed by a ten-minute break. Section 4 also took 50 minutes, and was directly followed by Section 5, the background section and check-out, which lasted 20 minutes. Because of the large number of items allocated to each section, very few participating teachers were able to answer all of the items of a given form.

## Scoring \& Analysis Plan

This section describes the analyses that were conducted. Prior to analyzing the data the items needed to be scored. The scoring process for the multiple-choice and constructed-response items is described next.

## Item Scoring

## Multiple-Choice Items

We designed the multiple-choice items to have one clear, best response. Participants received credit for selecting the right choice out of the alternatives provided (A, B, C, or D). Participants were not instructed that they would be penalized for skipping or failing to complete a certain number of items due to time. As a result, respondents varied significantly in the number of multiple-choice items they actually completed.

## Constructed-Response Items

The constructed-response items required the participants to respond in writing to open-ended questions. While this item format measures a unique type of knowledge that is different from that measured by multiple-choice items, it brings with it some clear challenges when scoring the items. The primary challenge involves having raters score the responses in a standardized, reliable, and valid manner. In response to this challenge, we devised an approach that utilizes specific scoring protocols, multiple raters, and expert judges. During the development of the constructed-response items, item writers created scoring rubrics, or standardized scoring keys, that describe how each item should be scored. Following data collection, raters scored the items using these rubrics, which defined correct and incorrect answers. Thus, raters were to make judgments as to whether the response was deemed correct (2 points), partially correct (1 point), or incorrect ( 0 points or no credit). Raters consisted of nine judges. Three of these raters were subject matter experts in the field of elementary school teacher education or early reading instruction while six raters were research assistants working on the project.

All raters were trained to use the rubrics and the scoring program. During the training, raters were provided with several items to score and examples of acceptable and unacceptable responses. The raters scored all the items independently and then convened to discuss their scores and the rationale for their decisions. Through discussion, raters began successfully reaching consensus on ratings. The process was repeated and the raters made progress in their observations and rationales. The goal of the training was to improve judgments and accuracy by teaching the raters to share similar schemas of correct and incorrect responses. After being trained, preliminary reliability and accuracy checks were conducted prior to commencing the actual constructed-response scoring. Interclass correlations, percent agreement among raters, correlations among raters, and agreement indices between the six research assistants and the three subject matter experts were calculated.

The results suggest that the raters were reliable and accurate, which increased our confidence in the quality of the item scoring. Table 5 presents the intra-class correlation obtained after rater training. Conventions based on past research suggest that intra-class correlations less than .40 are considered "poor," between .40 and .59 are considered "fair," 60 to .74 are considered "good" and intra-class correlations above .74 are considered "excellent." The results show that most of the obtained intra-class correlations were in the good or excellent categories.

Table 5. Intra Class Correlations among Raters Obtained After to Rater Training

| Partners | Intra-class <br> Correlations |
| :--- | :---: |
| Rater 1 and Rater 2 | 0.92 |
| Rater 1 and Rater 3 | 0.90 |
| Rater 4 and Rater 2 | 0.89 |
| Rater 4 and Rater 3 | 0.85 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 4 | 0.74 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 6 | 0.70 |
| Rater 7 and Rater 1 | 0.69 |
| Rater 6 and Rater 8 | 0.68 |
| Rater 6 and Rater 3 | 0.67 |
| Rater 9 and Rater 2 | 0.66 |
| Rater 9 and Rater 7 | 0.65 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 8 | 0.61 |
| Rater 4 and Rater 7 | 0.61 |
| Rater 6 and Rater 7 | 0.61 |
| Rater 6 and Rater 2 | 0.65 |
| Rater 1 and Rater 8 | 0.56 |
| Rater 9 and Rater 3 | 0.56 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 3 | 0.53 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 9 | 0.53 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 2 | 0.49 |
| Rater 5 and Rater 1 | 0.44 |
| Rater 4 and Rater 8 | 0.25 |
| Average ICC: | 0.64 |

Table 6 presents the percent agreement among raters after training. These data show that raters agreed more than $83 \%$ of the time. These findings further demonstrate the effectiveness of rater training and that the constructed-response items can be reliably scored.

Even though the raters were found to be reliable, all of the constructed-response items were scored by at least two raters as a final consistency check. Scores for each participant were calculated by computing the average score of the two ratings. Scores for each item ranged from 0 to 2 .

Table 6. Average Percent Agreement

| Item ID: | Average Percent Agreement |
| :--- | :---: |
| sam_01 | 79.6 |
| sao_14 | 82.4 |
| sao_17 | 87.4 |
| sap_01 | 86.4 |
| sas_04 | 76.6 |
| sas_05 | 82.6 |
| sas_08 | 92.6 |
| sas_09 | 87.2 |
| sas_11 | 82.5 |
| sas_15 | 73.1 |
| sas_16 | 88.0 |
|  |  |
| All Items | 83.5 |

## Analysis Procedures

Based on the goals of this pilot test, we analyzed all of the items for difficulty and discrimination as well as analyzed the extent to which the items possessed internal consistency. However, the multiple-choice and constructed-response items required somewhat different approaches for meeting these goals. Below we describe our approach to analysis for each item type. This section is followed by the results of the pilot test.

## Multiple-Choice Items

Descriptive statistics and reliability analyses were conducted on the multiplechoice items. Regarding descriptive statistics, the percentage of respondents who answered each multiple-choice item correctly was calculated (i.e., item difficulty) and the number of respondents who selected each response option was determined to assess the quality of the distractors. Regarding reliability, alpha was calculated for each set of multiple-choice items (alpha for the items that appeared on Version 1 and an alpha for the items that appeared on Version 2) that we propose to measure pre-service teacher knowledge of the NRP. We also estimated alpha if all the multiple-choice items were included on a single version of the assessment using Spearman-Brown. Finally, item-total correlations were calculated as part of the reliability analysis (an indicator of item discrimination) and the impact on reliability was determined if an item was removed from the assessment.

## Constructed-Response Items

Analyses for the constructed-response items included calculating the difficulty of each item and examining reliability of these items. Reliability analyses were conducted for constructed-response items in a fashion similar to the multiple-choice items. Itemtotal correlations were calculated for each item and reliability was estimated should the item be removed from the assessment. Likewise we estimated reliability for the complete set of items if all constructed-response questions were included on a single assessment.

## Results

Below we present the results of our item analyses. However, we first discuss the issue of missing data and how we addressed this issue.

## Missing Data

A major challenge in all research, particularly when developing measures, is missing data. It may be recalled that when designing the pilot test and the different forms that were administered to participants, we made some significant choices. First, we decided to include every item from the item pool in the pilot under the assumption that having some data on every item was more important than having no data on a significant number of items. Second, we counterbalanced sections of the test to guard against order and fatigue effects. Although these strategies were well thought out and had certain advantages, they did contribute to the amount of missing data.

In examining the raw responses, we identified two types of missing data. One occurred when an item was near the end of a section, and the participant simply did not have enough time to answer the item (Type A: Did Not See). The second type occurred when a participant could have answered the item but intentionally skipped the item for whatever reason (Type B: Skipped). Note that missing data were not systematically tracked; Types A and B were determined by exploring missing data trends. We presumed that the steady decrease of responses toward the end of each survey section signified that teachers were running out of time and were unable to complete their items.

The multiple-choice items suffered more than any other item type from the two forms of missing data described above. This outcome was unanticipated because of the safeguards we employed when designing the items and structuring the pilot test. For example, to determine the amount of time the multiple-choice items would take, we enlisted several research assistants to complete the items as they would for an actual examination. We timed them during this process and discovered that it required 0.5 minutes per item. To be conservative and account for the range of computer skills among respondents, we estimated for the actual survey that each multiple-choice item to take approximately 1 minute. Based on these calculations, and the test time allocated to the multiple-choice items ( 80 minutes for 88 and 83 items), we expected that most teachers would complete the items in these sections. However, data suggested that a large number of teachers ran out of time. Figure 1 below illustrates the downward trend in responses as teachers approached the end of the multiple-choice items. Notice how each section begins with over 200 teachers completing the items. However, over half of the teachers did not reach the end of the section with approximately 60 respondents completing the last item.


Figure 1. Multiple-choice item response rates by item order.
One possible explanation for the large number of skipped items was the lack of a "valued" incentive. Teachers who volunteered to participate in this pilot study were paid a reasonable amount, but not given any explicit enticements to respond to all items and there were no penalties for running out of time before completing each section. Alternatively, teachers may have been skipping items that they did not know how to answer. Given the nature of these items and the fact that they cover a wide range of testable content, many of the participants may have recognized that some items were beyond the scope of their knowledge. Thus, if a participant knew that $\mathrm{s} / \mathrm{he}$ was not familiar with a particular domain, they may have seen no reason to expend sufficient effort on the item. This sizeable amount of unanticipated missing data on the multiplechoice items posed a significant challenge when examining reliability of a set of items which relies on complete data on each item in the analysis. Our strategy for dealing with this situation is discussed when report the reliability results.

## Item Analysis Results

The following sections present the results of our item analyses for the 108 multiple-choice and 24 constructed-response items that we propose for the pre-service teacher knowledge assessment. For each item type, descriptive data are presented first followed by our reliability analysis. Once these results have been reviewed, we examine the extent to which the difficulty of the items varied as a function of participant experience. Because the assessment will be administered to pre-service teachers, we wanted to determine if performance on the items was a function of experience in the classroom.

## Multiple Choice Items

Item Difficulty. Overall the difficulty analysis showed that multiple-choice items were moderate to high in difficulty (percent of respondents answering an item correctly). The average item difficulty across all 108 items was $p=.53$, with difficulty ranging from a low of $p=.01$, for one of the items designed to measure vocabulary, to $p=.97$, for one of the comprehension items. Table 7 presents additional information on item difficulty for the items broken down by each of the five NRP components. Referring to Table 7, item difficulty was similar across components.

Table 7. Summary of Multiple-Choice Item Characteristics

|  | Number of <br> items | N Range | Average <br> Difficulty | Difficulty Range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NRP Component | 27 | $52-258$ | 0.55 | $.16-.97$ |
| Fluency | 10 | $95-229$ | 0.46 | $.06-.95$ |
| Phonemic Awareness | 16 | $139-273$ | 0.51 | $.09-.85$ |
| Phonics | 22 | $90-254$ | 0.57 | $.10-.91$ |
| Vocabulary | 33 | $53-238$ | 0.53 | $.01-.93$ |
| Total: | 108 |  |  |  |

Appendix A presents complete descriptive data for each of the multiple-choice items including the number of respondents, the item's difficulty, the answer key, and the distribution of responses across each item's response options. Referring to the appendix, there were 11 items that appeared to be miss keyed or had problems with the distractors. For example, for one of the fluency items (mcs_66) d was the correct answer, but $84 \%$ of the respondents selected $\boldsymbol{b}$ as the correct alternative. In such cases the keys were checked and verified to ensure the data were coded correctly. For the pre-service teacher assessment, it might be best not to include such items since they seem to be either too difficult or too confusing for the respondents.

Reliability. As described earlier, our reliability analysis focused on the internal consistency of items. Our expectation was that items developed to measure knowledge of the NRP should relate to one another. In other words, the 56 items on Version 1 should be internally consistent with one another as well as the 52 items on Version 2.

To determine reliability, we calculated alpha and item-total correlations for each version of the assessment. However, it will be recalled that missing data were most prevalent for the multiple-choice items. Furthermore missing data are most problematic when determining reliability because this analysis requires complete cases on the items of interest. Therefore, we treated missing data as incorrect for this round of our analyses. Although not completely desirable, this approach has been employed in other AIR highstakes testing projects. Furthermore, treating missing data as wrong should only slightly enhance the item-total correlations and the alphas as opposed to significantly over estimating these values (AIR staff has conducted Monte Carlo studies testing this assumption). Nonetheless, because we had to employ this approach, we view these results as preliminary estimates.

Table 8 presents information on the range of item-total correlations and alpha for each version of the assessment. Appendix B presents item-total correlations for all of the multiple-choice items. Referring to Table 8, the alphas for each version of the

Table 8. Reliability and Item-total Correlations for the Multiple-Choice Items on each Version of the Assessment

|  | Number of <br> items | N | Alpha | Item-Total <br> Range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Version 1 | 56 | 283 | 0.73 | $-.06-.51$ |
| Version 2 | 52 | 306 | 0.75 | $-.04-.43$ |

assessment exceed .7 , which is reasonably high in magnitude. Because reliability is directly related to test length and the reliabilities in Table 8 are essentially based on half the number of items we would administer to assess pre-service teacher knowledge, we estimated the reliability of the proposed assessment by applying the Spearman-Brown formula to the reliability estimate for Version 1 (the lower value). This analysis indicated that the reliability for the entire set of multiple-choice items would be .84 .

## Constructed-Response Item Analysis

Item Difficulty. The proportion of individuals who answered an item correctly over the total number of individuals is used to calculate item difficulty of dichotomously scored items. However, since the constructed-response items were scored using 2,1 , and 0 , for full credit, partial credit, and no credit, the conventional index of item difficulty was not used. Therefore, we created an index of item difficulty based on a procedure developed by the University of Iowa. This procedure yields an index of item difficulty that ranges from 0 (extremely hard) to 1 (extremely easy), which allows for comparison of difficulty levels to other item types.

Table 9. Summary of Constructed-Response Item Characteristics

|  | Number of <br> items | N Range | Average <br> Difficulty | Difficulty Range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NRP Component | 4 | $95-177$ | 0.54 | $.38-.76$ |
| Fluency | 5 | $90-126$ | 0.60 | $.43-.92$ |
| Phonemic Awareness | 3 | $49-189$ | 0.42 | $.25-.61$ |
| Phonics | 4 | $122-194$ | 0.47 | $.32-.70$ |
| Vocabulary | 8 | $64-190$ | 0.66 | $.51-.94$ |
| Total: | 24 |  |  |  |

Overall the difficulty analysis showed that the constructed-response items were moderate to high in difficulty. The average item difficulty across all 24 items was $p=.57$, with difficulty ranging from a low of $p=.25$, for one of the items designed to measure phonemic awareness, to $p=.94$, for one of the vocabulary items. Table 9 presents additional information on item difficulty for the items broken down by each of the five NRP components. Appendix C presents complete descriptive data for each of the constructed-response items including the number of respondents, the item's difficulty, the average item score, and the percent agreement among raters.

Reliability. Similar to multiple-choice items, missing data on the constructedresponse questions were treated as incorrect responses and item-total correlations and alphas for each version of the assessment were calculated. Table 10 reports the range of item-total correlations for each version of the survey while Appendix D reports complete item-level data and results.

Table 10. Reliability and Item-total Correlations for the Constructed-Response Items on each Version of the Assessment

|  | Number of <br> items | N | Alpha | Item-Total <br> Range |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Version 1 | 12 | 283 | 0.54 | $-.06-.49$ |
| Version 2 | 12 | 306 | 0.53 | $-.06-.44$ |

Referring to Table 10, the reliabilities for the constructed-response items were somewhat lower than desired (above .7). Similar to the multiple-choice items, we estimated the reliability for all 24 items using Spearman-Brown formula. This analysis indicated that the reliability for the entire set of constructed-response items would be . 69 .

One way to improve reliability of the constructed-response items is to remove the items with low item-total correlations. To test the effects of this strategy, we removed four items from Version 1 and three items from Version 2 whose item-total correlations were approximately zero. This analysis improved the alphas for the constructed-response items to .73 and .69 for Versions 1 and 2, respectively. Applying the Spearman Brown formula to the lower alpha (Version 2) produced a reliability estimate of .82 for the remaining 17 constructed-response items.

## Effect of Teaching Experience

One important question that we wanted to answer is whether or not teaching experience affects performance on the items we propose for the teacher knowledge test. However, because the teachers in the pilot test were currently practicing teachers and the teacher assessment will be administered to pre-service teachers we could only indirectly answer this question. We were interested in this question because we had tried to develop items that assessed both declarative and procedural knowledge, and we reasoned that teachers who could draw on extensive experience in classroom settings might score higher on the test.

To explore the effects of experience, we created four groups of teachers based on the demographic data collected. The first group consisted of teachers who had three years or less teaching experience ( $\mathrm{N}=99$ ), the second group consisted of teachers who had four to six years experience ( $\mathrm{N}=114$ ), the third group consisted of teachers who had seven to nine years experience ( $\mathrm{N}=103$ ), and the fourth group consisted of teachers who had 10 or more years experience ( $\mathrm{N}=265$ ). Next, we calculated the difficulty of the items for each of these experience subgroups to see if the item difficulty varied by subgroup. Table 11 reports the mean difficulty of the multiple-choice and constructed-response questions by subgroup. For the multiple-choice we also calculated these difficulty estimates by NRP component. Appendix E presents difficulty estimates for each
individual item by subgroup. Referring to the table and the appendix, item difficulty varied little as a function of teaching experience.

Table 11. Mean Item Difficulty by Experience

|  | Less than 3 <br> years | 4 to 6 years | 7 to 9 <br> years | 10 or more <br> years |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multiple Choice |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Comprehension | .55 | .58 | .56 | .53 |
| Fluency | .46 | .47 | .46 | .45 |
| Phonemic Awareness | .51 | .49 | .53 | .52 |
| Phonics | .53 | .55 | .59 | .58 |
| Vocabulary | .53 | .52 | .52 | .53 |
| Constructed-Response | .55 | .57 | .58 | .56 |

To further explore whether or not experience affected performance on the items, we correlated the difficulty estimates across items for those teachers with three or fewer years of experience with each of the more experienced groups. While the averages in Table 11 indicate if the items are similar, the correlations presented in Table 12 indicate whether or not the items rank consistently with respect to difficulty across the different experience groups. In other words, the results in Table 12 show that the items which were easiest and hardest were the same regardless of experience.

Table 12. Correlations of Item Difficulty Estimates for Teachers with Less than Three Years Experience with the More Experienced Groups

|  | 4 to 6 years | 7 to 9 <br> years | 10 or more <br> years |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Multiple Choice | .87 | .92 | .90 |
| Comprehension | .87 | .95 | .94 |
| Fluency | .88 | .90 | .92 |
| Phonemic Awareness | .94 | .90 | .90 |
| Phonics | .84 | .93 | .92 |
| Vocabulary | .87 | .88 | .91 |
| Constructed-Response |  |  |  |

Combined, although only a proxy, the results presented here indicate that years of teaching experience is not related to performance on these items. However, we recognize that no pre-service teachers actually completed the items and therefore, how the items perform with a highly inexperienced sample may be different. We will rely on the TWG to provide us guidance as to whether or not, based on the data presented and the items themselves, the items are likely to perform differently when used to assess pre-service teacher knowledge of the NRP.

## Summary

In summary, this report presents data on the performance of a set of multiplechoice and constructed-response items that were designed to assess teacher knowledge of the NRP. Data were collected on these items from 589 teachers as part of a larger item set that was pilot tested under the Instructional Processes Research and Development project sponsored by the National Center of Education Statistics. Although not the ideal approach for determining the performance of the items presented here, the pilot test results do provide a first look at how effective these items would be at assessing preservice teacher knowledge of the NRP. Moreover, the results should aid the TWG in making a determination of the viability of using these items for the pre-service assessment.

To continue to develop a better understanding of the characteristics of these items, we are exploring the possibility of collecting additional data. Currently, the items are being pilot tested as part of AIR's Professional Development Impact project.
Approximately 80 completed cases on these items should be available in January 2006 (though as with this effort these items are embedded in a larger pilot). We also would consider administering these items in a single assessment to a group of pre-service teachers, should the TWG be able to assist us in identifying such a sample. Although we are confident in our proposed assessment as is, we believe that it is important to explore any additional options for verifying the reliability and validity of this assessment.

## Appendix A. Multiple-Choice Descriptive Data

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Response Percentages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item No. | NRP Component | Version | N | Response Rate | Difficulty | Correct Answer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| mcs_17 | Comprehension | 2 | 258 | 95\% | 0.47 | 1 | 47 | 5 | 2 | 45 |
| mcs_31 | Comprehension | 1 | 206 | 83\% | 0.48 | 4 | 15 | 19 | 18 | 48 |
| mcs_44 | Comprehension | 1 | 137 | 55\% | 0.97 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 97 |
| mcs_45 | Comprehension | 2 | 173 | 63\% | 0.53 | 1 | 53 | 3 | 11 | 33 |
| mcs_46 | Comprehension | 1 | 152 | 61\% | 0.86 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 86 | 2 |
| mcs_47 | Comprehension | 2 | 197 | 72\% | 0.45 | 3 | 3 | 45 | 45 | 7 |
| mcs_48 | Comprehension | 2 | 190 | 70\% | 0.66 | 2 | 11 | 66 | 10 | 13 |
| mco_01 | Comprehension | 2 | 63 | 23\% | 0.43 | 3 | 13 | 6 | 43 | 38 |
| mco_02 | Comprehension | 1 | 52 | 21\% | 0.60 | 4 | 2 | 31 | 8 | 60 |
| mco_03 | Comprehension | 2 | 64 | 23\% | 0.41 | 2 | 19 | 41 | 30 | 11 |
| mco_14 | Comprehension | 2 | 109 | 40\% | 0.82 | 4 | 0 | 7 | 11 | 82 |
| mco_15 | Comprehension | 1 | 87 | 35\% | 0.26 | 4 | 21 | 13 | 40 | 26 |
| mco_16 | Comprehension | 2 | 129 | 47\% | 0.64 | 2 | 14 | 64 | 3 | 19 |
| mco_17 | Comprehension | 1 | 119 | 48\% | 0.54 | 3 | 1 | 28 | 54 | 18 |
| mco_18 | Comprehension | 2 | 135 | 49\% | 0.77 | 4 | 13 | 5 | 4 | 77 |
| mco_19 | Comprehension | 1 | 120 | 48\% | 0.60 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 31 | 60 |
| mco_27 | Comprehension | 1 | 157 | 63\% | 0.54 | 3 | 24 | 8 | 54 | 15 |
| mco_29 | Comprehension | 1 | 164 | 66\% | 0.87 | 2 | 9 | 87 | 3 | 1 |
| mco_30 | Comprehension | 1 | 161 | 65\% | 0.54 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 42 | 54 |
| mco_31 | Comprehension | 2 | 174 | 64\% | 0.21 | 1 | 21 | 47 | 1 | 31 |
| mco_32 | Comprehension | 2 | 187 | 68\% | 0.62 | 1 | 62 | 3 | 24 | 12 |
| mco_33 | Comprehension | 1 | 140 | 56\% | 0.50 | 3 | 8 | 38 | 50 | 4 |
| mco_34 | Comprehension | 1 | 159 | 64\% | 0.83 | 1 | 83 | 15 | 0 | 2 |
| mco_35 | Comprehension | 2 | 157 | 58\% | 0.20 | 4 | 21 | 50 | 9 | 20 |
| mco_45 | Comprehension | 1 | 216 | 87\% | 0.16 | 2 | 25 | 16 | 20 | 39 |
| mco_46 | Comprehension | 2 | 238 | 87\% | 0.38 | 3 | 30 | 27 | 38 | 5 |
| mco_47 | Comprehension | 1 | 225 | 90\% | 0.60 | 4 | 28 | 3 | 8 | 60 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Response Percentages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item No. | NRP Component | Version | N | Response Rate | Difficulty | Correct Answer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| mcs_32 | Fluency | 2 | 229 | 84\% | 0.66 | 2 | 29 | 66 | 6 | 0 |
| mcs_34 | Fluency | 1 | 204 | 82\% | 0.37 | 2 | 61 | 37 | 1 | 2 |
| mcs_35 | Fluency | 2 | 220 | 81\% | 0.31 | 3 | 33 | 31 | 31 | 6 |
| mcs_36 | Fluency | 1 | 193 | 78\% | 0.40 | 4 | 1 | 21 | 39 | 40 |
| mcs_50 | Fluency | 1 | 158 | 63\% | 0.54 | 2 | 40 | 54 | 2 | 4 |
| mcs_64 | Fluency | 2 | 141 | 52\% | 0.14 | 2 | 25 | 14 | 10 | 52 |
| mcs_65 | Fluency | 2 | 110 | 40\% | 0.55 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 26 | 55 |
| mcs_66 | Fluency | 1 | 95 | 38\% | 0.06 | 4 | 8 | 84 | 2 | 6 |
| mco_20 | Fluency | 2 | 160 | 59\% | 0.95 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 95 | 1 |
| mco_36 | Fluency | 2 | 215 | 79\% | 0.62 | 1 | 62 | 8 | 9 | 21 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Response Percentages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item No. | NRP Component | Version | N | Response Rate | Difficulty | Correct Answer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| mcs_01 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 249 | 100\% | 0.43 | 1 | 43 | 35 | 10 | 12 |
| mcs_02 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 273 | 100\% | 0.74 | 3 | 9 | 16 | 74 | 1 |
| mcs_03 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 192 | 77\% | 0.20 | 4 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 20 |
| mcs_04 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 270 | 99\% | 0.48 | 3 | 49 | 1 | 48 | 3 |
| mcs_05 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 204 | 82\% | 0.35 | 1 | 35 | 6 | 33 | 26 |
| mcs_13 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 166 | 61\% | 0.85 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 85 | 1 |
| mcs_14 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 237 | 95\% | 0.33 | 4 | 52 | 14 | 0 | 33 |
| mcs_15 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 249 | 91\% | 0.79 | 2 | 6 | 79 | 14 | 1 |
| mcs_16 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 239 | 96\% | 0.09 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 84 | 1 |
| mcs_55 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 183 | 67\% | 0.81 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 81 | 16 |
| mcs_56 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 139 | 56\% | 0.54 | 3 | 30 | 6 | 54 | 11 |
| mco_23 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 139 | 56\% | 0.25 | 4 | 1 | 68 | 6 | 25 |
| mco_24 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 161 | 59\% | 0.67 | 3 | 12 | 11 | 67 | 11 |
| mco_25 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 149 | 60\% | 0.63 | 3 | 7 | 16 | 63 | 13 |
| mco_26 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 193 | 71\% | 0.73 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 19 | 73 |
| mco_43 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 219 | 88\% | 0.34 | 4 | 32 | 16 | 18 | 34 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Response Percentages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item No. | NRP Component | Version | N | Response Rate | Difficulty | Correct Answer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| mcs_06 | Phonics | 2 | 180 | 66\% | 0.75 | 4 | 24 | 0 | 1 | 75 |
| mcs_18 | Phonics | 1 | 235 | 94\% | 0.84 | 2 | 1 | 84 | 11 | 4 |
| mcs_19 | Phonics | 2 | 253 | 93\% | 0.78 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 78 |
| mcs_20 | Phonics | 1 | 232 | 93\% | 0.89 | 2 | 3 | 89 | 6 | 2 |
| mcs_21 | Phonics | 2 | 230 | 84\% | 0.39 | 1 | 39 | 31 | 16 | 14 |
| mcs_22 | Phonics | 1 | 227 | 91\% | 0.53 | 2 | 12 | 53 | 32 | 4 |
| mcs_24 | Phonics | 2 | 252 | 92\% | 0.90 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 90 | 5 |
| mcs_25 | Phonics | 1 | 208 | 84\% | 0.59 | 2 | 16 | 59 | 18 | 7 |
| mcs_26 | Phonics | 2 | 239 | 88\% | 0.74 | 1 | 74 | 2 | 8 | 16 |
| mcs_37 | Phonics | 2 | 216 | 79\% | 0.71 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 71 | 13 |
| mcs_38 | Phonics | 1 | 185 | 74\% | 0.21 | 2 | 64 | 21 | 10 | 5 |
| mcs_39 | Phonics | 2 | 213 | 78\% | 0.10 | 4 | 16 | 32 | 43 | 10 |
| mcs_51 | Phonics | 1 | 158 | 63\% | 0.76 | 1 | 76 | 19 | 4 | 1 |
| mcs_52 | Phonics | 1 | 162 | 65\% | 0.53 | 3 | 19 | 4 | 53 | 24 |
| mcs_68 | Phonics | 1 | 93 | 37\% | 0.91 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 91 |
| mcs_69 | Phonics | 2 | 98 | 36\% | 0.37 | 3 | 32 | 16 | 37 | 15 |
| mcs_70 | Phonics | 1 | 90 | 36\% | 0.36 | 4 | 30 | 8 | 27 | 36 |
| mco_37 | Phonics | 1 | 193 | 78\% | 0.78 | 4 | 6 | 16 | 1 | 78 |
| mco_38 | Phonics | 2 | 210 | 77\% | 0.47 | 1 | 47 | 9 | 28 | 17 |
| mco_39 | Phonics | 1 | 184 | 74\% | 0.25 | 1 | 25 | 33 | 5 | 36 |
| mco_40 | Phonics | 2 | 205 | 75\% | 0.33 | 3 | 7 | 25 | 33 | 36 |
| mco_48 | Phonics | 2 | 254 | 93\% | 0.31 | 3 | 39 | 7 | 31 | 23 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Response Percentages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item No. | NRP Component | Version | N | Response Rate | Difficulty | Correct Answer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| mcs_07 | Vocabulary | 1 | 205 | 82\% | 0.49 | 1 | 49 | 6 | 11 | 34 |
| mcs_08 | Vocabulary | 2 | 165 | 60\% | 0.01 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 90 | 2 |
| mcs_09 | Vocabulary | 1 | 212 | 85\% | 0.20 | 4 | 60 | 8 | 12 | 20 |
| mcs_10 | Vocabulary | 2 | 168 | 62\% | 0.78 | 3 | 9 | 13 | 78 | 0 |
| mcs_11 | Vocabulary | 1 | 187 | 75\% | 0.82 | 2 | 2 | 82 | 2 | 14 |
| mcs_27 | Vocabulary | 1 | 216 | 87\% | 0.60 | 3 | 7 | 4 | 60 | 29 |
| mcs_29 | Vocabulary | 1 | 217 | 87\% | 0.83 | 2 | 6 | 83 | 2 | 10 |
| mcs_30 | Vocabulary | 2 | 238 | 87\% | 0.93 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 93 |
| mcs_40 | Vocabulary | 1 | 132 | 53\% | 0.72 | 2 | 1 | 72 | 21 | 6 |
| mcs_41 | Vocabulary | 2 | 169 | 62\% | 0.53 | 1 | 53 | 6 | 29 | 12 |
| mcs_42 | Vocabulary | 1 | 146 | 59\% | 0.32 | 3 | 32 | 26 | 32 | 10 |
| mcs_43 | Vocabulary | 2 | 150 | 55\% | 0.89 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 89 | 3 |
| mcs_53 | Vocabulary | 2 | 184 | 67\% | 0.75 | 2 | 2 | 75 | 2 | 21 |
| mcs_54 | Vocabulary | 1 | 149 | 60\% | 0.34 | 3 | 9 | 11 | 34 | 54 |
| mcs_71 | Vocabulary | 2 | 97 | 36\% | 0.47 | 3 | 13 | 34 | 47 | 5 |
| mcs_72 | Vocabulary | 1 | 79 | 32\% | 0.24 | 4 | 10 | 24 | 42 | 24 |
| mcs_73 | Vocabulary | 2 | 94 | 34\% | 0.13 | 2 | 15 | 13 | 70 | 2 |
| mcs_74 | Vocabulary | 1 | 64 | 26\% | 0.48 | 4 | 17 | 31 | 3 | 48 |
| mcs_75 | Vocabulary | 2 | 72 | 26\% | 0.69 | 3 | 1 | 26 | 69 | 3 |
| mcs_76 | Vocabulary | 1 | 66 | 27\% | 0.77 | 2 | 2 | 77 | 21 | 0 |
| mco_04 | Vocabulary | 1 | 53 | 21\% | 0.15 | 4 | 13 | 30 | 42 | 15 |
| mco_05 | Vocabulary | 2 | 66 | 24\% | 0.67 | 3 | 20 | 3 | 67 | 11 |
| mco_06 | Vocabulary | 1 | 61 | 24\% | 0.46 | 2 | 36 | 46 | 13 | 5 |
| mco_07 | Vocabulary | 2 | 73 | 27\% | 0.52 | 4 | 4 | 11 | 33 | 52 |
| mco_08 | Vocabulary | 1 | 62 | 25\% | 0.23 | 3 | 5 | 16 | 23 | 57 |
| mco_09 | Vocabulary | 2 | 96 | 35\% | 0.55 | 3 | 25 | 2 | 55 | 18 |
| mco_10 | Vocabulary | 1 | 88 | 35\% | 0.53 | 1 | 53 | 10 | 32 | 5 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Response Percentages |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item No. | NRP Component | Version | N | Response Rate | Difficulty | Correct Answer | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| mco_11 | Vocabulary | 2 | 94 | 34\% | 0.27 | 3 | 17 | 27 | 27 | 30 |
| mco_12 | Vocabulary | 1 | 83 | 33\% | 0.40 | 4 | 28 | 18 | 15 | 40 |
| mco_21 | Vocabulary | 1 | 128 | 51\% | 0.48 | 1 | 48 | 9 | 41 | 2 |
| mco_22 | Vocabulary | 2 | 180 | 66\% | 0.82 | 1 | 82 | 13 | 2 | 3 |
| mco_41 | Vocabulary | 1 | 214 | 86\% | 0.67 | 3 | 16 | 4 | 67 | 13 |
| mco_42 | Vocabulary | 2 | 237 | 87\% | 0.73 | 3 | 13 | 3 | 73 | 11 |

## Appendix B. Multiple-Choice Item-Total Correlations

Multiple Choice Item-Total Statistics for Version 1

|  | Scale Mean if Item Deleted | Scale Variance if Item Deleted | Item-Total Correlation | Alpha if Item Deleted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mco_02_cscore | 15.7915 | 34.698 | 0.057 | 0.734 |
| mco_04_cscore | 15.8728 | 35.083 | -0.058 | 0.735 |
| mco_06_cscore | 15.7986 | 34.771 | 0.039 | 0.735 |
| mco_08_cscore | 15.8481 | 35.101 | -0.058 | 0.736 |
| mco_10_cscore | 15.7350 | 34.593 | 0.062 | 0.735 |
| mco_12_cscore | 15.7845 | 34.914 | -0.004 | 0.736 |
| mco_15_cscore | 15.8163 | 34.739 | 0.058 | 0.734 |
| mco_17_cscore | 15.6714 | 34.321 | 0.103 | 0.734 |
| mco_19_cscore | 15.6466 | 33.875 | 0.185 | 0.730 |
| mco_21_cscore | 15.6855 | 34.060 | 0.162 | 0.731 |
| mco_23_cscore | 15.7774 | 34.464 | 0.112 | 0.733 |
| mco_25_cscore | 15.5689 | 33.544 | 0.227 | 0.728 |
| mco_27_cscore | 15.6007 | 32.702 | 0.399 | 0.720 |
| mco_29_cscore | 15.3922 | 32.934 | 0.316 | 0.724 |
| mco_30_cscore | 15.5936 | 32.852 | 0.367 | 0.722 |
| mco_33_cscore | 15.6502 | 33.427 | 0.277 | 0.726 |
| mco_34_cscore | 15.4311 | 32.126 | 0.463 | 0.716 |
| mco_37_cscore | 15.3640 | 32.849 | 0.332 | 0.723 |
| mco_39_cscore | 15.7350 | 33.777 | 0.253 | 0.728 |
| mco_41_cscore | 15.3958 | 33.587 | 0.200 | 0.730 |
| mco_43_cscore | 15.6360 | 33.949 | 0.167 | 0.731 |
| mco_45_cscore | 15.7739 | 34.743 | 0.038 | 0.735 |
| mco_47_cscore | 15.4205 | 33.819 | 0.160 | 0.732 |
| mcs_01_cscore | 15.5159 | 33.790 | 0.172 | 0.731 |
| mcs_03_cscore | 15.7597 | 34.722 | 0.039 | 0.735 |
| mcs_05_cscore | 15.6466 | 34.017 | 0.157 | 0.731 |
| mcs_07_cscore | 15.5406 | 34.469 | 0.053 | 0.736 |
| mcs_09_cscore | 15.7456 | 34.871 | 0.000 | 0.737 |
| mcs_11_cscore | 15.3569 | 34.081 | 0.115 | 0.734 |
| mcs_14_cscore | 15.6219 | 33.775 | 0.197 | 0.730 |
| mcs_16_cscore | 15.8233 | 34.451 | 0.156 | 0.731 |
| mcs_18_cscore | 15.2014 | 33.793 | 0.186 | 0.730 |
| mcs_20_cscore | 15.1661 | 33.990 | 0.157 | 0.731 |
| mcs_22_cscore | 15.4735 | 34.179 | 0.099 | 0.734 |
| mcs_25_cscore | 15.4664 | 34.328 | 0.073 | 0.736 |
| mcs_27_cscore | 15.4452 | 34.312 | 0.075 | 0.736 |
| mcs_29_cscore | 15.2650 | 33.408 | 0.243 | 0.728 |
| mcs_31_cscore | 15.5512 | 33.596 | 0.213 | 0.729 |
| mcs_34_cscore | 15.6325 | 34.056 | 0.145 | 0.732 |
| mcs_36_cscore | 15.6219 | 34.016 | 0.150 | 0.732 |
| mcs_38_cscore | 15.7633 | 34.344 | 0.135 | 0.732 |
| mcs_40_cscore | 15.5618 | 33.226 | 0.284 | 0.726 |
| mcs_42_cscore | 15.7314 | 34.162 | 0.160 | 0.731 |
| mcs_44_cscore | 15.4276 | 32.182 | 0.453 | 0.717 |
| mcs_46_cscore | 15.4346 | 31.885 | 0.508 | 0.714 |

Multiple Choice Item-Total Statistics for Version 1

|  | Scale Mean if <br> Item Deleted | Scale Variance <br> if Item Deleted | Item-Total <br> Correlation | Alpha if Item <br> Deleted |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| mcs_50_cscore | 15.5972 | 32.568 | 0.424 | 0.719 |
| mcs_51_cscore | 15.4735 | 32.371 | 0.423 | 0.719 |
| mcs_52_cscore | 15.5972 | 33.163 | 0.307 | 0.725 |
| mcs_54_cscore | 15.7244 | 33.548 | 0.298 | 0.726 |
| mcs_56_cscore | 15.6325 | 33.340 | 0.287 | 0.726 |
| mcs_66_cscore | 15.8763 | 34.960 | 0.011 | 0.734 |
| mcs_68_cscore | 15.5972 | 34.348 | 0.082 | 0.735 |
| mcs_70_cscore | 15.7845 | 34.695 | 0.055 | 0.734 |
| mcs_72_cscore | 15.8304 | 34.872 | 0.022 | 0.735 |
| mcs_74_cscore | 15.7915 | 34.627 | 0.077 | 0.734 |
| mcs_76_cscore | 15.7173 | 34.714 | 0.030 | 0.736 |

Multiple Choice Item-Total Statistics for Version 2

|  | Scale Mean if Item Deleted | Scale Variance if Item Deleted | Item-Total Correlation | Alpha if Item Deleted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mco_01_cscore | 17.1013 | 35.560 | 0.180 | 0.745 |
| mco_03_cscore | 17.1046 | 35.484 | 0.207 | 0.744 |
| mco_05_cscore | 17.0458 | 34.982 | 0.276 | 0.741 |
| mco_07_cscore | 17.0654 | 35.471 | 0.171 | 0.745 |
| mco_09_cscore | 17.0163 | 34.777 | 0.298 | 0.740 |
| mco_11_cscore | 17.1078 | 35.218 | 0.295 | 0.742 |
| mco_14_cscore | 16.8987 | 34.445 | 0.300 | 0.740 |
| mco_16_cscore | 16.9216 | 34.669 | 0.265 | 0.741 |
| mco_18_cscore | 16.8497 | 34.115 | 0.345 | 0.737 |
| mco_20_cscore | 16.6928 | 33.702 | 0.395 | 0.735 |
| mco_22_cscore | 16.7059 | 33.487 | 0.434 | 0.733 |
| mco_24_cscore | 16.8399 | 33.761 | 0.408 | 0.734 |
| mco_26_cscore | 16.7320 | 33.856 | 0.370 | 0.736 |
| mco_31_cscore | 17.0719 | 35.910 | 0.062 | 0.748 |
| mco_32_cscore | 16.8137 | 34.736 | 0.224 | 0.743 |
| mco_35_cscore | 17.0850 | 35.691 | 0.128 | 0.746 |
| mco_36_cscore | 16.7549 | 34.573 | 0.245 | 0.742 |
| mco_38_cscore | 16.8693 | 34.763 | 0.231 | 0.742 |
| mco_40_cscore | 16.9706 | 36.061 | 0.004 | 0.751 |
| mco_42_cscore | 16.6209 | 34.512 | 0.256 | 0.741 |
| mco_46_cscore | 16.8922 | 35.690 | 0.065 | 0.749 |
| mco_48_cscore | 16.9314 | 35.881 | 0.034 | 0.750 |
| mcs_02_cscore | 16.5294 | 35.699 | 0.058 | 0.750 |
| mcs_04_cscore | 16.7680 | 35.202 | 0.137 | 0.747 |
| mcs_06_cscore | 16.7484 | 35.710 | 0.050 | 0.751 |
| mcs_08_cscore | 17.1830 | 36.176 | 0.072 | 0.747 |
| mcs_10_cscore | 16.7614 | 35.035 | 0.166 | 0.745 |
| mcs_13_cscore | 16.7288 | 35.352 | 0.110 | 0.748 |
| mcs_15_cscore | 16.5458 | 34.983 | 0.183 | 0.745 |
| mcs_17_cscore | 16.7908 | 35.386 | 0.107 | 0.748 |
| mcs_19_cscore | 16.5490 | 35.199 | 0.144 | 0.746 |
| mcs_21_cscore | 16.8987 | 35.954 | 0.017 | 0.751 |
| mcs_24_cscore | 16.4510 | 35.114 | 0.181 | 0.744 |
| mcs_26_cscore | 16.6111 | 34.907 | 0.188 | 0.744 |
| mcs_30_cscore | 16.4641 | 35.030 | 0.193 | 0.744 |
| mcs_32_cscore | 16.6993 | 35.372 | 0.106 | 0.748 |
| mcs_35_cscore | 16.9706 | 35.202 | 0.179 | 0.745 |
| mcs_37_cscore | 16.6895 | 34.949 | 0.178 | 0.745 |
| mcs_39_cscore | 17.1176 | 36.301 | -0.037 | 0.750 |
| mcs_41_cscore | 16.8954 | 35.425 | 0.114 | 0.747 |
| mcs_43_cscore | 16.7516 | 34.974 | 0.175 | 0.745 |
| mcs_45_cscore | 16.8889 | 34.447 | 0.296 | 0.740 |
| mcs_47_cscore | 16.9020 | 34.948 | 0.205 | 0.744 |
| mcs_48_cscore | 16.7778 | 33.996 | 0.350 | 0.737 |

Multiple Choice Item-Total Statistics for Version 2

|  | Scale Mean if <br> Item Deleted | Scale Variance <br> if Item Deleted | Item-Total <br> Correlation | Alpha if Item <br> Deleted |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| mcs_53_cscore | 16.7386 | 33.676 | 0.403 | 0.734 |
| mcs_55_cscore | 16.7059 | 33.579 | 0.418 | 0.734 |
| mcs_64_cscore | 17.1275 | 36.000 | 0.067 | 0.747 |
| mcs_65_cscore | 16.9935 | 35.056 | 0.221 | 0.743 |
| mcs_69_cscore | 17.0719 | 35.234 | 0.239 | 0.743 |
| mcs_71_cscore | 17.0392 | 35.330 | 0.187 | 0.744 |
| mcs_73_cscore | 17.1503 | 35.840 | 0.161 | 0.746 |
| mcs_75_cscore | 17.0261 | 34.885 | 0.281 | 0.741 |

## Appendix C. Constructed-Response Descriptive Data

| Item No. | NRP <br> Component | Version | $\mathbf{N}$ | Difficulty | Average <br> score | agreement <br> among <br> raters |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sao_11 | Comprehension | 1 | 118 | 0.38 | 0.76 | 80.93 |
| sao_13 | Comprehension | 1 | 107 | 0.45 | 0.90 | 82.24 |
| sao_06 | Comprehension | 2 | 95 | 0.76 | 1.52 | 91.58 |
| sas_05_01 | Comprehension | 2 | 177 | 0.57 | 1.14 | 86.35 |
| sao_08 | Fluency | 1 | 93 | 0.52 | 1.03 | 85.48 |
| sas_14 | Fluency | 1 | 114 | 0.55 | 1.09 | 82.46 |
| sas_22 | Fluency | 1 | 91 | 0.92 | 1.84 | 93.41 |
| sas_13_01 | Fluency | 2 | 90 | 0.58 | 1.17 | 86.11 |
| sas_15 | Fluency | 2 | 126 | 0.43 | 0.87 | 75.66 |
| sao_18_02 | Phonemic | 2 | 120 | 0.61 | 1.21 | 90.00 |
| Awareness | Phonemic | 1 | 189 | 0.25 | 0.51 | 78.04 |
| sas_04 | Awareness | Phonemic | 2 | 49 | 0.40 | 0.80 |
| sas_24 | Awareness | Phonics | 1 | 194 | 0.32 | 0.65 |
| sao_17 | Phonics | 1 | 190 | 0.52 | 1.04 | 98.57 |
| sas_09 | Phonics | 1 | 135 | 0.70 | 1.41 | 87.04 |
| sas_16 | Phonics | 2 | 122 | 0.32 | 0.64 | 93.44 |
| sas_08 | Vocabulary | 2 | 134 | 0.64 | 1.28 | 84.33 |
| sao_09 | Vocabulary | 1 | 111 | 0.67 | 1.34 | 90.54 |
| sas_18 | Vocabulary | 1 | 86 | 0.52 | 1.05 | 88.37 |
| sas_20 | Vocabulary | 1 | 64 | 0.55 | 1.09 | 79.69 |
| sas_26 | Vocabulary | 2 | 190 | 0.85 | 1.69 | 90.00 |
| sas_01_01 | Vocabulary | 2 | 166 | 0.60 | 1.20 | 84.04 |
| sas_11 | Vocabulary | 2 | 122 | 0.51 | 1.03 | 79.51 |
| sas_19 | Vocabulary | 2 | 117 | 0.94 | 1.88 | 93.59 |
| sas_21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |

## Appendix D. Constructed-Response Item-Total Correlations

| Item No. | NRP <br> Component | Version | $\mathbf{N}$ | Item-Total <br> Correlation | Alpha if Item <br> Deleted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sao_11 | Comprehension | 1 | 283 | .37 | .48 |
| sao_13 | Comprehension | 1 | 283 | .21 | .51 |
| sao_08 | Fluency | 1 | 283 | .37 | .48 |
| sas_14* | Fluency | 1 | 283 | .02 | .56 |
| sas_22 | Fluency | 1 | 283 | .41 | .45 |
| sas_04* | Phonemic | 1 | 283 | -.07 | .56 |
| sao_17* | Phoneness | 1 | 283 | .06 | .55 |
| sas_09* | Phonics | 1 | 283 | -.06 | .58 |
| sas_16 | Phonics | 1 | 283 | .11 | .54 |
| sas_18 | Vocabulary | 1 | 283 | .41 | .46 |

Note: $\left(^{*}\right)$ indicates items that were deleted for subsequent reliability analysis.

| Item No. | NRP <br> Component | Version | $\mathbf{N}$ | Item-Total <br> Correlation | Alpha if Item <br> Deleted |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sao_06 | Comprehension | 2 | 306 | .44 | .44 |
| sas_05_01 | Comprehension | 2 | 306 | .28 | .49 |
| sas_13_01 | Fluency | 2 | 306 | .28 | .49 |
| sas_15 | Fluency | 2 | 306 | .12 | .53 |
| sao_18_02* | Phonemic <br> Awareness | 2 | 306 | -.06 | .58 |
| sas_24 | Phonemic <br> Awareness | 2 | 306 | .36 | .49 |
| sas_08* | Phonics | 2 | 306 | -.06 | .56 |
| sao_09 | Vocabulary | 2 | 306 | .36 | .47 |
| sas_01_01* | Vocabulary | 2 | 306 | -.05 | .59 |
| sas_11 | Vocabulary | 2 | 306 | .10 | .54 |
| sas_19 | Vocabulary | 2 | 306 | .47 | .45 |
| sas_21 | Vocabulary | 2 | 306 | .44 | .43 |

Note: $\left(^{*}\right)$ indicates items that were deleted for subsequent reliability analysis.

## Appendix E. Item Difficulties by Teacher Experience

| Multiple Choice Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Full Sample | 3 years or fewer | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { to } 6 \\ & \text { years } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 7 to 9 years | 10 or more years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mco_02 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.60 | 0.44 | 0.70 | 0.50 | 0.65 |
| mco_15 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.13 | 0.39 | 0.25 |
| mco_17 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.65 | 0.58 | 0.45 |
| mco_19 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.60 | 0.55 | 0.68 | 0.60 | 0.58 |
| mco_27 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.54 | 0.52 | 0.64 | 0.46 | 0.52 |
| mco_29 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.87 | 0.93 | 0.81 | 0.88 | 0.88 |
| mco_30 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.54 | 0.55 | 0.49 | 0.56 | 0.55 |
| mco_33 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.50 | 0.58 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.40 |
| mco_34 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.83 | 0.74 | 0.86 | 0.84 | 0.85 |
| mco_45 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.16 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.14 |
| mco_47 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.60 | 0.73 | 0.49 | 0.60 | 0.61 |
| mcs_31 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.48 | 0.45 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.51 |
| mcs_44 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 0.95 |
| mcs_46 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.86 | 0.81 | 0.88 | 0.92 | 0.85 |
| mco_01 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.56 | 0.33 | 0.37 |
| mco_03 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.41 | 0.29 | 0.53 | 0.47 | 0.33 |
| mco_14 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.82 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.75 | 0.79 |
| mco_16 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.64 | 0.78 | 0.70 | 0.66 | 0.52 |
| mco_18 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.77 | 0.85 | 0.71 | 0.80 | 0.74 |
| mco_31 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.26 | 0.18 | 0.18 |
| mco_32 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.62 | 0.59 | 0.61 | 0.63 | 0.62 |
| mco_35 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 0.14 | 0.30 | 0.21 |
| mco_46 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.38 | 0.34 | 0.30 | 0.42 | 0.42 |
| mcs_17 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.47 | 0.33 | 0.40 | 0.54 | 0.54 |
| mcs_45 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.53 | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.58 | 0.48 |
| mcs_47 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.45 | 0.38 | 0.56 | 0.49 | 0.40 |
| mcs_48 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.66 | 0.68 | 0.76 | 0.59 | 0.64 |


| Multiple- <br> Choice Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Full <br> Sample | $\mathbf{3}$ years or <br> fewer | $\mathbf{4}$ to $\mathbf{6}$ <br> years | $\mathbf{7}$ to 9 <br> years | $\mathbf{1 0}$ or <br> more <br> years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mcs_34 | Fluency | 1 | 0.37 | 0.27 | 0.40 | 0.42 | 0.37 |
| mcs_36 | Fluency | 1 | 0.40 | 0.44 | 0.39 | 0.27 | 0.44 |
| mcs_50 | Fluency | 1 | 0.54 | 0.47 | 0.64 | 0.52 | 0.53 |
| mcs_66 | Fluency | 1 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| mco_20 | Fluency | 2 | 0.95 | 1.00 | 0.97 | 0.97 | 0.90 |
| mco_36 | Fluency | 2 | 0.62 | 0.62 | 0.53 | 0.59 | 0.68 |
| mcs_32 | Fluency | 2 | 0.66 | 0.58 | 0.74 | 0.60 | 0.68 |
| mcs_35 | Fluency | 2 | 0.31 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 0.28 | 0.28 |
| mcs_64 | Fluency | 2 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.12 |
| mcs_65 | Fluency | 2 | 0.55 | 0.68 | 0.39 | 0.71 | 0.49 |


| Multiple Choice Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Full Sample | 3 years or fewer | 4 to 6 years | 7 to 9 years | 10 or more years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mco_23 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.25 | 0.39 | 0.17 | 0.40 | 0.16 |
| mco_25 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.63 | 0.60 | 0.48 | 0.76 | 0.66 |
| mco_43 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.33 |
| mcs_01 | Phonemic <br> Awareness | 1 | 0.43 | 0.44 | 0.39 | 0.35 | 0.47 |
| mcs_03 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.20 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.25 | 0.23 |
| mcs_05 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.35 | 0.38 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.41 |
| mcs_14 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.33 | 0.26 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 0.36 |
| mcs_16 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 0.10 |
| mcs_56 | Phonemic Awareness | 1 | 0.54 | 0.54 | 0.43 | 0.65 | 0.54 |
| mco_24 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.67 | 0.61 | 0.84 | 0.69 | 0.60 |
| mco_26 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.73 | 0.90 | 0.72 | 0.68 | 0.66 |
| mcs_02 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.74 | 0.76 | 0.75 | 0.69 | 0.75 |
| mcs_04 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.48 | 0.42 | 0.56 | 0.49 | 0.45 |
| mcs_13 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.85 | 0.77 | 0.83 | 0.92 | 0.86 |
| mcs_15 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.79 | 0.76 | 0.76 | 0.82 | 0.80 |
| mcs_55 | Phonemic Awareness | 2 | 0.81 | 0.84 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.90 |


| Multiple - <br> Choice Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Full Sample | 3 years or fewer | 4 to 6 years | 7 to 9 years | 10 or more years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mco_37 | Phonics | 1 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.72 |
| mco_39 | Phonics | 1 | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.20 |
| mcs_18 | Phonics | 1 | 0.84 | 0.74 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 0.89 |
| mcs_20 | Phonics | 1 | 0.89 | 0.82 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.91 |
| mcs_22 | Phonics | 1 | 0.53 | 0.31 | 0.59 | 0.57 | 0.57 |
| mcs_25 | Phonics | 1 | 0.59 | 0.50 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.63 |
| mcs_38 | Phonics | 1 | 0.21 | 0.27 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.22 |
| mcs_51 | Phonics | 1 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.81 | 0.80 | 0.70 |
| mcs_52 | Phonics | 1 | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.59 | 0.45 | 0.52 |
| mcs_68 | Phonics | 1 | 0.91 | 0.89 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.89 |
| mcs_70 | Phonics | 1 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 0.24 | 0.35 | 0.43 |
| mco_38 | Phonics | 2 | 0.47 | 0.51 | 0.49 | 0.43 | 0.46 |
| mco_40 | Phonics | 2 | 0.33 | 0.39 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.35 |
| mco_48 | Phonics | 2 | 0.31 | 0.22 | 0.37 | 0.33 | 0.31 |
| mcs_06 | Phonics | 2 | 0.75 | 0.77 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.74 |
| mcs_19 | Phonics | 2 | 0.78 | 0.64 | 0.67 | 0.91 | 0.81 |
| mcs_21 | Phonics | 2 | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.30 | 0.42 | 0.41 |
| mcs_24 | Phonics | 2 | 0.90 | 0.86 | 0.88 | 0.85 | 0.94 |
| mcs_26 | Phonics | 2 | 0.74 | 0.59 | 0.67 | 0.78 | 0.82 |
| mcs_37 | Phonics | 2 | 0.71 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 0.74 | 0.73 |
| mcs_39 | Phonics | 2 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.11 |
| mcs_69 | Phonics | 2 | 0.37 | 0.21 | 0.30 | 0.48 | 0.43 |


| Multiple - <br> Choice Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Full Sample | 3 years or fewer | 4 to 6 years | 7 to 9 years | 10 or more years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mco_04 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.15 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.21 |
| mco_06 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.46 | 0.50 | 0.15 | 0.64 | 0.52 |
| mco_08 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.23 | 0.23 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.24 |
| mco_10 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.53 | 0.50 | 0.61 | 0.50 | 0.53 |
| mco_12 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.36 | 0.44 | 0.38 |
| mco_21 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.48 | 0.36 | 0.46 | 0.38 | 0.57 |
| mco_41 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.67 | 0.61 | 0.84 | 0.59 | 0.64 |
| mcs_07 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.49 | 0.38 | 0.44 | 0.45 | 0.56 |
| mcs_09 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.20 | 0.11 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.26 |
| mcs_11 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.82 | 0.83 | 0.86 | 0.81 | 0.80 |
| mcs_27 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.61 | 0.55 | 0.58 |
| mcs_29 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.83 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 0.86 | 0.88 |
| mcs_40 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.67 | 0.72 | 0.71 |
| mcs_42 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.32 | 0.30 | 0.34 | 0.24 | 0.34 |
| mcs_54 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.34 | 0.30 | 0.44 | 0.30 | 0.32 |
| mcs_72 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.24 | 0.29 | 0.20 | 0.29 | 0.21 |
| mcs_74 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.48 | 0.54 | 0.21 | 0.58 | 0.56 |
| mcs_76 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.77 | 0.86 | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.76 |
| mco_05 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.67 | 0.58 | 0.82 | 0.65 | 0.60 |
| mco_07 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.52 | 0.64 | 0.56 | 0.41 | 0.50 |
| mco_09 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.55 | 0.50 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 0.54 |
| mco_11 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.27 | 0.11 | 0.41 | 0.23 | 0.28 |
| mco_22 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.82 | 0.82 | 0.87 | 0.74 | 0.85 |
| mco_42 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.73 | 0.68 | 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.72 |
| mcs_08 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| mcs_10 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.78 | 0.77 | 0.85 | 0.74 | 0.77 |
| mcs_30 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.93 | 0.88 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.95 |
| mcs_41 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.53 | 0.66 | 0.38 | 0.57 | 0.51 |


| Multiple Choice Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Full Sample | 3 years or fewer | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { to } 6 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \text { to } 9 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | 10 or more years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mcs_43 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.84 | 0.97 | 0.84 |
| mcs_53 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.75 | 0.74 | 0.79 | 0.70 | 0.75 |
| mcs_71 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.47 | 0.67 | 0.43 | 0.38 | 0.46 |
| mcs_73 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.11 | 0.14 | 0.11 |
| mcs_75 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.69 | 0.71 | 0.67 | 0.78 | 0.64 |


| Constructed- <br> Response <br> Item No. | NRP Component | Version | Fumple <br> Difficulty | 3 years <br> or <br> fewer | 4 to 6 <br> years | 7 to 9 <br> years | 10 or <br> more <br> years |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| sao_11 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.38 | 0.39 | 0.41 | 0.40 | 0.35 |
| sao_13 | Comprehension | 1 | 0.45 | 0.52 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.38 |
| sas_05_01 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.57 | 0.55 | 0.61 | 0.62 | 0.52 |
| sao_06 | Comprehension | 2 | 0.76 | 0.81 | 0.79 | 0.70 | 0.73 |
| sas_14 | Fluency | 1 | 0.55 | 0.54 | 0.38 | 0.61 | 0.59 |
| sas_22 | Fluency | 1 | 0.92 | 0.83 | 0.92 | 0.98 | 0.92 |
| sao_08 | Fluency | 1 | 0.52 | 0.56 | 0.47 | 0.55 | 0.49 |
| sas_13_01 | Fluency | 2 | 0.58 | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.56 | 0.66 |
| sas_15 | Fluency | 2 | 0.43 | 0.33 | 0.48 | 0.44 | 0.45 |
| sas_04 | Phonemic | Awareness | 1 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.27 | 0.18 |
| sas_24 | Phonemic | Awareness | 2 | 0.40 | 0.32 | 0.43 | 0.48 |
| sao_18_02 | Phonemic | Awareness | 2 | 0.61 | 0.55 | 0.58 | 0.61 |
| sas_09 | Phonics | 1 | 0.52 | 0.51 | 0.49 | 0.57 | 0.37 |
| sas_16 | Phonics | 1 | 0.70 | 0.67 | 0.84 | 0.76 | 0.65 |
| sao_17 | Phonics | 1 | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.26 | 0.35 |
| sas_08 | Phonics | 2 | 0.32 | 0.24 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.35 |
| sas_18 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.67 | 0.62 | 0.73 | 0.66 | 0.66 |
| sas_20 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.52 | 0.40 | 0.61 | 0.67 | 0.47 |
| sas_26 | Vocabulary | 1 | 0.55 | 0.62 | 0.57 | 0.51 | 0.52 |
| sas_01_01 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.79 | 0.87 | 0.85 |
| sas_11 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.60 | 0.69 | 0.56 | 0.59 | 0.60 |
| sas_19 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.51 | 0.62 | 0.49 | 0.48 | 0.49 |
| sas_21 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.93 | 0.95 |
| sao_09 | Vocabulary | 2 | 0.64 | 0.62 | 0.66 | 0.66 | 0.63 |

