APPENDICE A

Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1977, Title II, Sec. 203(d)

Federal Mine Safety & Health Act of 1977, Public Law 91-173, as amended by Public Law 95-164*

An Act

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That this Act may be cited as the "Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977".

FINDINGS AND PURPOSE

SEC. 2. Congress declares that-

(a) the first priority and concern of all in the coal or other mining industry must be the health and safety of its most precious resource—the miner;

(b) deaths and serious injuries from unsafe and unhealthful conditions and practices in the coal or other mines cause grief and suffering to the miners and to their

families; (c) there is an urgent need to provide more effective means and measures for improving the working conditions and practices in the Nation's coal or other mines in order to prevent death and serious physical harm, and in order to prevent occupational diseases originating in such mines;

(d) the existence of unsafe and unhealthful conditions and practices in the Nation's coal or other mines is a serious impediment to the future growth of the coal or other mining industry and cannot be tolerated;

(e) the operators of such mines with the assistance of

the miners have the primary responsibility to prevent the existence of such conditions and practices in such mines;

(f) the disruption of production and the loss of income to operators and miners as a result of coal or other mine accidents or occupationally caused diseases unduly impedes

and burdens commerce; and

and purgens commerce; and
(g) it is the purpose of this Act (1) to establish interim
mandatory health and safety standards and to direct the
Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and the Secretary of Labor to develop and promulgate improved
mandatory health or safety standards to protect the
health and safety of the Nation's coal or other miners; (2)
to require that each operator of a coal or other mine and to require that each operator of a coal or other mine and every miner in such mine comply with such standards; (3) to cooperate with, and provide assistance to, the States in the development and enforcement of effective State coal

* This document was prepared within the Office of the Solicitor, Division of Mine Health and Safety, Department of the Interior, and reflects changes to the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 [Pub. L. 91-173]. The Changes are based upon the Federal Mine Safety and Health Amendments Act of 1977 [Pub. L. 95-164]. Do not use this document as a legal citation to authority.

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or other mine health and safety programs; and (4) to improve and expand, in cooperation with the States and the coal or other mining industry, research and development and training programs aimed at preventing coal or other mine accidents and occupationally caused diseases in the ndustry.

DEFINITIONS

means the Secretary of Labor or his SEC. 3. For the purpose of this Act, the term—
(a) "Secretary" means the Secretary of delegate;

or within the District of Commonway or the same State but through a point outside thereof; (c) "State" includes a State of the United States, the between a place in a State and any place outside thereof, or within the District of Columbia or a possession of the (b) "commerce" means trade, traffic, commerce, transportation, or communication among the several States, or

District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Trust

erritory of the Pacific Islands;

d) "operator" means any owner, lessee, or other person who operates, controls, or supervises a coal or other mine or any independent contractor performing services or construction at such mine;

ty for the operation of all or a part of a coal or other mine "agent" means any person charged with responsibilior the supervision of the miners in a coal or other mine; 9

(f) "person" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, firm, subsidiary of a corporation, or oth-

er organization;
(g) "miner" means any individual working in a coal or other mine;

(h) (l) "coal or other mine" means (A) an area of land from which minerals are extracted in nonliquid form or, if (C) lands, excavations, underground passageways, shafts, slopes, tunnels and workings, structures, facilities, equipment, machines, tools, or other property including impoundments, retention dams, and tailings ponds, on the surface or underground, used in, or to be used in, or resulting from, the work of extracting such minerals from their natural deposits in nonliquid form, or if in liquid tutes mineral milling for purposes of this Act, the Secretary shall give due consideration to the convenience of administration resulting from the delegation to one Assistant Secretary of all authority with respect to the in liquid form, are extracted with workers underground, (B) private ways and roads appurtenant to such area, and form, with workers underground, or used in, or to be used in, the milling of such minerals, or the work of preparing tion facilities. In making a determination of what consticoal or other minerals, and includes custom coal preparahealth and safety of miners employed at one physical establishment:

"coal mine" (2) For purposes of titles II, III, and IV, "coal mine" means an area of land and all structures, facilities, ma-

tions, and other property, real or personal, placed upon, under, or above the surface of such land by any person, used in, or to be used in, or resulting from, the work of extracting in such area bituminous coal, lignite, or anthracite from its natural deposits in the earth by any means or method, and the work of preparing the coal so chinery, tools, equipment, shafts, slopes, tunnels, excava-

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crushing, sizing, cleaning, washing, drying, mixing, storing and loading of bituminous coal, lignite, or anthracite, and such other work of preparing such coal as is usually extracted, and includes custom coal preparation facilities; (i) "work of preparing the coal" means the breaking,

done by the operator of the coal mine;
(i) "imminent danger" means the existence of any condition or practice in a coal or other mine which could reasonably be expected to cause death or serious physical harm before such condition or practice can be abated;
(k) "accident" includes a mine explosion, mine ignition,

mine fire, or mine inundation, or injury to, or death of,

any person;
(I) "mandatory health or safety standard" means the interim mandatory health or safety standards established by titles II and III of this Act, and the standards promulgated pursuant to title I of this Act;

(n) "Administration" means the Mine Safety and Health Administration in the Department of Labor. (m) "Panel" means the Interim Compliance Panel estab-lished by this Act; and

"Commission" means the Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission.

MINES SUBJECT TO ACT

SEC. 4. Each coal or other mine, the products of which enter commerce, or the operations or products of which affect commerce, and each operator of such mine, and every miner in such mine shall be subject to the provisions of this Act.

INTERIM COMPLIANCE PANEL

SEC. 5. (a) There is hereby established the Interim Compliance Panel, which shall be composed of five members as fol-OWS:

(1) Assistant Secretary of Labor for Labor Standards, Department of Labor, or his delegate; (2) Director of the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, or his delegate;

(3) Administrator of Consumer Protection and Environmental Health Service, Department of Health. Education, and Welfare, or his delegate;

(4) Director of the Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, or his delegate; and

(5) Director of the National Science Foundation, or his delegate.

sonnel, in the locality where the miner resides, arrangements shall be made to have them conducted, in accordance with the provisions of this title, in such locality by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, or by an appropriate person, agency, or institution, public or private, under an agreement or arrangement between the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and such person, agency, or institution. The operator of the mine shall reimburse the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, or such person, agency, or institution, as the case may be, for the cost of conducting each examination or test made, in accordance with this title, and shall pay whatever other costs are necessary to enable the miner to take such examinations or tests.

(d) If the death of any active miner occurs in any coal mine, or if the death of any active or inactive miner occurs in any other place, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare is authorized to provide for an autopsy to be performed on such miner, with the consent of his surviving widow or, if he has no such widow, then with the consent of his surviving next of kin The results of such autopsy shall be submitted to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare and, with the consent of such survivor, to the miner's physician or other interested person. Such autopsy shall be paid for by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

DUST FROM DRILLING ROCK

SEC. 204. The dust resulting from drilling in rock shall be controlled by the use of permissible dust collectors, or by water or water with a wetting agent, or by ventilation, or by any other method or device approved by the Secretary which is ut least as effective in controlling such dust. Respiratory equipment approved by the Secretary and the Secretary of Health. Education, and Welfare shall be provided persons exposed for short periods to inhalation hazards from gas, dusts, fumes, or mist. When the exposure is for prolonged periods, other measures to protect such persons or to reduce the hazard shall be taken.

DUST STANDARD WHEN QUARTZ IS PRESENT

SEC. 205. In coal mining operations where the concentration of respirable dust in the mine atmosphere of any working place contains more than 5 per centum quartz, the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare shall prescribe an appropriate formula for determining the applicable respirable dust standard under this title for such working place and the Secretary shall apply such formula in carrying out his duties under this title.

NOISE STANDARD

SEC. 206. On and after the operative date of this title, the standards on noise prescribed under the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, as amended, in effect October 1, 1969, shall be applicable to each coal mine and each operator of such mine shall comply with them. Within six months after the date of

and Welfare shall establish, and the Secretary shalt, Education, and Welfare shall establish, and the Secretary shall publish, as provided in section 101 of this Act, proposed mandatory health standards establishing maximum noise exposure levels for all underground coal mines. Beginning six months after the operative date of this title, and at intervals of at least every six months thereafter, the operator of each coal mine shall conduct, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, tests by a qualified person of the noise level at the mine and report and certify the results to the Secretary and the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare. In meeting such standard under this section, the operator shall not require the use of any protective device or system, including personal devices, which the Secretary or his authorized representative finds to be hazardous or cause a hazard to the miners in such mine.

TITLE III—INTERIM MANDATORY SAFETY STANDARDS FOR UNDERGROUND COAL MINES

COVERAGE

SEC. 301. (a) The provisions of sections 302 through 318 of this title shall be interim mandatory safety standards applicable to all underground coal mines until superseded in whole or in part by improved mandatory safety standards promulgated by the Secretary under the provisions of section 101 of this same extent as any mandatory safety standard promulgated under section 101 of this Act. Any orders issued in the enforcement of the interim standards set forth in this title shall be subject to review as provided in title I of this Act.

same extent as any mandatory safety standard promulgated under section 101 of this Act. Any orders issued in the enforcement of the interim standards set forth in this title shall be subject to review as provided in title I of this Act.

(b) The purpose of this title is to provide for the immediate application of mandatory safety standards developed on the basis of experience and advances in technology and to prevent newly created hazards resulting from new technology in coal mining. The Secretary of the Interior in coordination with the Secretary shall immediately initiate studies, investigations, and research to further upgrade such standards and to develop and promulgate new and improved standards promptly that will provide increased protection to the miners, particularly in connection with hazards from trolley wires, trolley feeder wires, and signal wires, the splicing and use of trailing cables, and in connection with improvements in vulcanizing of electric conductors, improvement in roof control measures, methane drainage in advance of mining, improved methods of measuring methane and other explosive gases and oxygen concentrations, and the use of improved underground equipment and other sources of power for such equipment and other sources of power for such equipment.

ROOF SUPPORT

SEC. 302. (a) Each operator shall undertake to carry out on a continuing basis a program to improve the roof control system of each coal mine and the means and measures to accomplish such system. The roof and ribs of all active underground roadways, travelways, and working places shall be supported or

APPENDICE B

Code of Federal Regulations 42, Chapter 1, Subchapter C, Part 37

PART 37-SPECIFICATIONS FOR MED-ICAL EXAMINATIONS OF UNDER-GROUND COAL MINERS

Subpart—Chest Roentgenographic Examinations

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- 37.2 Definitions.
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SPECIFICATIONS FOR PERFORMING CHEST ROENTGENOGRAPHIC EXAMINATIONS

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37.200 Scope.
37.201 Definitions.
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37.204 Procedure for obtaining payment.

AUTHORYTY: Sec. 203, 83 Stat. 763; 30 U.S.C. 343, unless otherwise noted. Someon: 43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, unless

SOURCE: 43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart---Chest Roentgenographic Examinations

8 37.1 Scope.

The provisions of this subpart set forth the specifications for giving, interpreting, classifying, and submitting chest roentgenograms required by section 203 of the act to be given to underground coal miners and new miners.

§ 37.2 Definitions.

Any term defined in the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 and not defined below shall have the meaning given it in the act. As used in this subpart:

(a) "Act" means the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 801, et seq.).

(b) "ALOSH" means the Appalachian Laboratory for Occupational Safety and Health, Box 4258, Morgantown, W. Va. 26504. Although the Division of Respiratory Disease Studies, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, has programmatic responsibility for the chest roentgenostitute's facility in Morgantown—ALOSH—is used throughout this subpart in referring to the administration of the program.

(c) "Chest roentgenogram" means a single posteroanterior roentgenographic projection or radiograph of the chest at full inspiration recorded on roentgenographic film.

with respect to the conduct of any examination under this subpart means that the examination must be given at a reasonable hour in the locality in which the miner resides or a location that is equally accessible to the miner. For example, examinations at the mine during, immediately preceding, or insanediately following work and a "no appointment" examination at a medical facility in a community easily accessible to the residences of a majority of the miners working at the mine, shall be considered of equivalent convenience for purposes of this para-

graph.

(e) "Institute" and "NIOSH" mean the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Center for Disease Control, Public Health Service, Department of Health and Human

phy," volume 48, No. 3, December 1972. "ILO Classification" means the Services. classification of radiographs of the "Medical Radiography and Photogranational Labor Office and described in international committee of the Interpneumoconioses devised in 1971 by an the classification of radiographs of the the "Medical Radiography and Photography" volume 57, No. 1, 1981, and in national Labor Office and described in international committee of the Interpneumoconioses revised in 1980 by an Health Series. ILO publication 22 (revised 1980) from (f) "ILO-U/C Classification" means ILO Occupational Safety and

(g) "Miner" means any individual including any coal mine construction worker who is working in or at any underground coal mine, but does not include any surface worker who does not have direct contact with underground coal mining or with coal processing operations.

(h) "Operator" means any owner, lessee, or other person who operates, controls, or supervises an underground coal mine or any independent contractor performing services or constructor

tion at such mine.
(1) "Panel of 'B' Readers" means the U.S. Public Health Service Consultant Panel of "B" Readers, c/o ALOSH. P.O. Box 4258, Morgantown, W. Va. 26504.

(j) "Preemployment physical examination" means any medical examination which includes a chest roentgenographic examination given in accordance with the specifications of this subpart to a person not previously employed by the same operator or at the same mine for which that person is being considered for employment.

(k) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and Human Services and any other officer or employee of the Department of Health and Human Services to whom the authority inservices to the defect of the services to the defect of the services to the services

volved may be delegated.
(1) "MSHA" means the Mine Safety and Health Administration, Department of Labor.

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, as amended at 49

FR 7563, Mar. 1, 1984]

§ 37.3 Chest roentgenograms required for miners.

(a) Voluntary examinations. Every operator shall provide to each miner who is employed in or at any of its underground coal mines and who was employed in underground coal mining prior to December 30, 1969, or who has completed the required examinations under § 37.3(b) an opportunity for a chest roentgenogram in accordance with this subpart:

cordance with a plan approved under which to provide examinations in acby ALOSH for each mine, the opera-27, 1973. Within the period specified in its coal mine under the former reguthe first examination which was made nation date of the period will be approximately 5 years from the date of than a date specified by ALOSH sepafor may select a 6-month period within lations of this subpart adopted July on a miner employed by the operator rately for each coal mine. The termiwhich the operator may provide exthese regulations and end no later no sooner than the effective date of its coal mine. The period shall begin aminations to each miner employed at ground coal mine of a period within will notify the operator of each under-(1) Following August 1, 1978 ALOSH

EXAMPLE: ALOSH finds that between July 27, 1973, and March 31, 1975, the first roent-genogram for a miner who was employed at mine Y and who was employed in under-

ground coal mining prior to December 30, 1969, was made on January 1, 1974, ALOSH will notify the operator of mine Y that the operator may select and designate on its plan a 6-month period within which to offer its examinations to its miners employed at mine Y. The 6-month period shall be scheduled between August 1, 1978 and January 1, 1979 (5 years after January 1, 1974).

a plan approved under § 37.5. a 6-month period within which to provide examinations in accordance with for each mine, the operator may select Within the period specified by ALOSH ous 6-month period specified for a coal mine either by the operator on an ap-proved plan or by ALOSH if the operquent to the ending date of the previshall begin no sooner than 31/2 years ployed at its coal mine. The period period within which the operator may specify to the operator of each mine a ator did not submit an approved plan. when sufficient time has elapsed since and end no later than 4½ years subseprovide examinations to its miners emperiod of examinations. ALOSH will the end of the previous 6-month tor of each underground coal mine nations, ALOSH will notify the opera-(2) For all future voluntary exami-

were previously provided to miners employed at mine Y in a 6-month period from July 1, 1979, to December 31, 1979. ALOSH notifies the operator at least 3 months before July 1, 1983 (3½ years after December 31, 1979) that the operator may select and designate on its plan the next 6-month period within which to offer examinations to its miners employed at mine Y. The 6-month period shall be scheduled between July 1, 1983, and July 1, 1984 (between 3½ and 4½ years after December 31, 1979).

(3) Within either the next or future period(s) specified by ALOSH to the operator for each of its coal mines, the operator of the coal mine may select a different 6-month period for each of its mines within which to offer examinations. In the event the operator does not submit an approved plan, ALOSH will specify a 6-month period to the operator within which miners shall have the opportunity for examinations.

(b) Mandatory examinations. Every operator shall provide to each miner who begins working in or at a coal

mine for the first time after December 30, 1969:

as soon as possible, but in no event later than 3 months after commencement of employment. A preemployment physical examination which was made within the 6 months prior to the date on which the miner started to work will be considered as fulfilling this requirement. An initial chest roentgenogram given to a miner according to former regulations for this subpart prior to August 1, 1978 will also be considered as fulfilling this requirement.

(2) A second chest roentgenogram, in accordance with this subpart, 3 years following the initial examination if the miner is still engaged in underground coal mining. A second roentgenogram given to a miner according to former regulations under this subpart prior to August 1, 1978 will be considered as fulfilling this requirement.

(3) A third chest roentgenogram 2 years following the second chest roentgenogram if the miner is still engaged in underground coal mining and if the second roentgenogram shows evidence of category 1, category 2, category 3 simple pneumoconioses, or complicated pneumoconioses (ILO Classification).

a second examination. The operator second or third mandatory examinanotice to the operator shall not state miner's written consent, third examination only with will be notified concerning a miner's ly, ALOSH will notify the coal mine tion under (b) of this section. Similarwhen he or she is due to receive the tion nor that it is the third examina-tion in the series. If the miner is notithe medical reason for the examinaoperator when the miner is to be given miner refuses to take the examination. mandatory examination even if the the requirement to provide a third tute the operator's compliance with under the operator's plan shall constitor is not so notified, availability of tory examination is due and the operafied by ALOSH that the third manda-(c) ALOSH will notify the miner roentgenographic examination and the the

> (d) The opportunity for chest roentgenograms to be available by an operator for purposes of this subpart shall be provided in accordance with a plan which has been submitted and approved in accordance with this subpart.

(e) Any examinations conducted by the Secretary in the National Study of Coal Workers' Pneumocomiosis after January 1, 1977, but before August 1, 1978 shall satisfy the requirements of this section with respect to the specific examination given (see § 37.6(d)).

[43] FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978; 43 FR 38830, Aug. 31, 1978, as amended at 49 FR 7563, Mar. 1, 1984.

§ 37.4 Plans for chest roentgenographic examinations.

contractor for each underground coal calendar days after August 1, 1978. In number. The plan shall include: mine which has a MSHA identification operator and arate plan shall be submitted by the 60 days after such event occurs. A sepgraphic examinations of miners shall that person shall submit a plan within for which no plan has been approved, the case of a person who after August the Secretary to ALOSH within 120 be submitted on forms prescribed by 1, 1978, becomes an operator of a mine (a) Every plan for chest roentgeno by each construction

 The name, address, and telephone number of the operator(s) submitting the plan;

(2) The name, MSHA identification number for respirable dust measurements, and address of the mine included in the plan;

(3) The proposed beginning and ending date of the 6-month period for voluntary examinations (see § 37.3(a)) and the estimated number of miners to be given or offered examinations during the 6-month period under the plan;

(4) The name and location of the approved X-ray facility or facilities, and the approximate date(s) and time(s) of day during which the roentgenograms will be given to miners to enable a determination of whether the examinations will be conducted at a convenient time and place;

(5) If a mobile facility is proposed, please the plan shall provide that each miner for the plan shall provide that each miner for tunity to have the examination and that no miner shall have to wait for an the examination more than 1 hour before or after his or her work shift. In addition, the plan shall include:

Examination the plan shall include:

(i) The number of change houses at the mine.

(ii) One or more alternate nonmobile approved facilities for the reexamination of miners and for the mandatory examination of miners when necessary (see § 37.3(b)), or an assurance that the mobile facility will return to the location(s) specified in the plan as frequently as necessary to provide for examinations in accordance with these regulations.

(iii) The name and location of each change house at which examinations will be given. For mines with more than one change house, the examinations shall be given at each change house or at a change house located at a convenient place for each miner.

(6) The name and address of the "A" or "B" reader who will interpret and classify the chest roentgenograms.

(7) Assurances that: (i) The operator will not solicit a physician's roentgenographic or other findings concerning miner employed by the operator.

made and that (except as may be necmanner which will permit identificaemployment in a preemployment exmation about him, and tion of the employee with the inforployment, will not be disclosed in a amination, and disclosed prior to emfrom a miner unless obtained prior to tional history information obtained other findings, as well as the occupathe physician's roentgenographic and essary for the purpose of this subpart) copies of roentgenograms will not be the person(s) giving the examinations (ii) Instructions have been given to duplicate roentgenograms OI

(iii) The roentgenographic examinations will be made at no charge to the miner.

(b) Operators may provide for alternate facilities and "A" or "B" readers in plans submitted for approval.

(c) The change of operators of any mine operating under a plan approved pursuant to § 37.5 shall not affect the

plan of the operator which has transferred responsibility for the mine. Every plan shall be subject to revision in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section.

(d) The operator shall advise ALOSH of any change in its plan. Each change in an approved plan is subject to the same review and approval as the originally approved plan.
(e) The operator shall promptly dis-

grants or denies approval of it erwise notify its employees of the exwho does not have a bulletin board, which the bulletin board until ALOSH either ployees have been notified. ALOSH written evidence that its emamination arrangements. Upon the construction contractor must othwho is a construction contractor and ly posted. In the case of an operator denial of approval shall be permanentremain posted in a visible location on posed plan or change in plan shall plan or proposed change in plan when it is submitted to ALOSH. The protin board at the mine its proposed play in a visible location on the bullethe contractor must show time the approved plan or

(f) Upon notification from ALOSH that sufficient time has elapsed since the previous period of examinations, the operator will resubmit its plan for each of its coal mines to ALOSH for approval for the next period of examinations (see § 37.3(a)(2)). The plan shall include the proposed beginning and ending dates of the next period of examinations and all information required by paragraph (a) of this section.

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978; 43 FR 38830, Aug. 31, 1978]

§ 37.5 Approval of plans.

(a) Approval of plans granted prior to August 1, 1978 is no longer effec-

(b) If, after review of any plan submitted pursuant to this subpart, the Secretary determines that the action to be taken under the plan by the operator meets the specifications of this subpart and will effectively achieve its purpose, the Secretary will approve the plan and notify the operator(s) submitting the plan of the approval.

Public Health Service, HHS

8 37.41

section 203 of the act. such terms as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out the purpose of Approval may be conditioned upon

proval is proposed to be denied. specify the ground upon which apamend the plan. The notice shall give reasonable notice in writing to the operator(s) of a plan he will, prior to the denial to believe that he will deny approval (c) Where the Secretary has reason of an opportunity to

Secretary shall advise the operator(s) in writing of the reasons for the (d) If a plan is denied approval, the

§ 37.6 Chest roentgenographic examinations conducted by the Secretary.

easily accessible to a mining communiat the mine, or at a medical facility agency, or institution to give the chest the locality where the miner resides roentgenograms and with "A" or "B" ments with an appropriate person, following circumstances: ty or mining communities, under the grams required under this subpart in readers to interpret the roentgenoroentgenograms or make arrange-(a) The Secretary will give chest

cannot be given. quired roentgenographic examination personnel at the mine or in the locali-ty where the miner resides, the re-Secretary, due to the lack of adequate medical or other necessary facilities or (1) Where, in the judgment of the

mitted an approvable plan. (2) Where the operator has not sub-

still fails to comply with the approved writing that the operator's program approved plan and, after allowing 15 calendar days to bring the program approved plan and after notice to the mines and notifies the operator in into compliance, the Secretary deteroperator of his failure to follow the an operator's program pursuant to an (3) Where, after commencement of

accordance with this section. conducting each examination made in person, agency, or institution as the Secretary may direct, for the cost of reimburse the Secretary or other (b) The operator of the mine shall

ranged by the Secretary will comply (c) All examinations given or ar-

> ranges for the examinations of miners mine bulletin board. tor who shall post the notice on the rangements will be sent to the opera-Whenever the Secretary gives or arwith the time requirements of § 37.3 at a time, a written notice of the ar-

provable plan. to have a chest roentgenogram retheir miners afforded the opportunity who agree to cooperate will have all ratory diseases in coal miners) and sis (an epidemiological study of respi-ALOSH to participate in the National Study of Coal Workers' Pneumoconioticipating operator shall submit an apfor mandatory examinations each parerator. For future examinations and quired hereunder at no cost to the op-(d) Operators of mines selected by

§ 37.7 Transfer of affected miner to less dusty area.

of air. mine, to a position in the mine where such level is not attainable in the not more than 1.0 mg/m3 of air, or in rable dust in the mine atmosphere is mine where the concentration of respito another position in an area of the transferring from his or her position plicated pneumoconioses (ILO Classifi-3/4) simple pneumoconioses, or com-(2/1, 2/2, 2/3), or category 3 (3/2, 3/3, category 1 (1/0, 1/1, 1/2), category 2 of the Secretary based upon the intercation) shall be afforded the option of miner's chest roentgenograms, snows pretation of one or more of the the lowest attainable below 2.0 mg/m³ the concentration of respirable dust is (a) Any miner who, in the judgment

dures specified in Part 90 of Title 30, Code of Federal Regulations. shall be in accordance with the proce-(b) Any transfer under this section

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978; 43 FR 38830, Aug. 31, 1978, as amended at 44 FR 23085. Apr. 18, 1979; 49 FR 7563, Mar. 1, 1984]

§ 37.8 Roentgenographic examination at miner's expense.

vided that the examination is made no complete examination may do so, prosubmitted to NIOSH for him or her a at an approved facility and to have examination at his or her own expense Any miner who wishes to obtain an

> to the terms of § 37.7. submitted under an operator's plan. pense in the same manner as if it were mitted to ALOSH. ALOSH will provide sooner than 6 months after the most from this examination will be subject rights under the act which may result Any change in the miner's transfer aminations made at the miner's exan interpretation and report of the exrecent examination of the miner sub-

§ 37.20 Miner identification document.

gram required by this subpart is given. history questionnaire shall be com-pleted for each miner at the facility ument which includes an occupational where the roentgenogram is made at amination, a miner identification docthe same time the chest roentgeno-As part of the roentgenographic ex-

SPECIFICATIONS FOR PERFORMING CHEST ROENTGENOGRAPHIC EXAMINATIONS

§ 37.40 General provisions.

amination shall be given at a convenient time and place. (a) The chest roentgenographic ex-

tification document. CDC/NIOSH (M) 2.8), and miner idengenogram, and a complete Roentgeno-graphic Interpretation Form (Form amination consists of the chest roent-(b) The chest roentgenographic ex-

and who has demonstrated ability to shall be made in a facility approved in pneumoconiosis. ity to best ascertain the presence of make chest roentgenograms of a qualregularly makes chest roentgenograms accordance with § 37.42 by or under the supervision of a physician who (c) A roentgenographic examination

§ 37.41 Chest roentgenogram specifica-

permit the above requirements, then the projection shall include both so that the chest roentgenogram will er than 16 by 17 inches. The film and be a single posteroanterior projection at full inspiration on a film being no angles. If a miner is too large to include both apices and costophrenic tioned both vertically and horizontally cassette shall be capable of being posiless than 14 by 17 inches and no great-(a) Every chest roentgenogram shall

> tophrenic angle. apices with minimum loss of the cos-

temperature. ties shall be heated to a comfortable miners who wish to use one, the facillogram is given. The facility shall proty shall provide a clean gown. Facilivide a dressing area and for those the waist up at the time the roentgen-(b) Miners shall be disrobed from

spot). maximum of a 2 mm. source (focal only with a diagnostic X-ray machine having a rotating anode tube with (c) Roentgenograms shall be made

shall have a minimum rating of 300 (e) of this section, roentgenograms shall be made with units having genmA at 125 kVp. 200 mA at 100 kVp.; (2) generators of the examining facility prior to July 27, ing: (1) The generators of existing erators which comply with the follow-1973, shall have a minimum rating of roentgenographic units acquired units acquired subsequent to that date (d) Except as provided in paragraph

kVp. is recommended Note: A generator with a rating of 150

a minimum rating of 100 mA at 110 kVp. at 500 Hz, or of 200 mA at 110 kVp. at 60 Hz. ment shall be made with units having tery-powered mobile or portable equip-(e) Roentgenograms made with bat-

units for approval when listed by a faemission units may be used if the model of such units is approved by cility seeking approval under § 37.42 of safety. ALOSH will consider such ALOSH for quality, performance, and this suppart. (f) Capacitor discharge and field

tion of the roentgenogram shall be discernible from an examina-CFR 1020.31. The use of such a device control of radiation or (for beam limit-1, 1974) of the type specified in 21 suggested State regulations for the the type described in part F of the ing devices manufactured after August tangular collimation and shall be of beam limiting device shall provide reconly with equipment having a beamlimiting device which does not cause (g) Roentgenograms shall be given unexposed boundaries.

(h) to insure high quality chest roentgenograms:

(1) The maximum exposure time shall not exceed ½0 of a second except that with single phase units with a rating less than 300 mA at 125 kVp. and subjects with chests over 28 cm. posteroanterior, the exposure may be increased to not more than ½0 of a

(2) The source or focal spot to film distance shall be at least 6 feet;

(3) Medium speed film and medium speed intensifying screens are recommended. However, any film-screen combination, the rated "speed" of which is at least 100 and does not exceed 300, which produces roentgenograms with spatial resolution, contrast, latitude and quantum mottle similar to those of systems designated as "medium speed" may be employed; (4) Film-screen contact shall be maintained and verified at 6 month or

(5) Intensifying screens shall be inspected at least once a month and cleaned when necessary by the method recommended by the manufacturer;

shorter intervals;

(6) All intensifying screens in a cassette shall be of the same type and made by the same manufacturer;(7) When using over 90 kV., a suita-

ble grid or other means of reducing

scattered radiation shall be used;
(8) The geometry of the radiographic system shall insure that the central axis (ray) of the primary beam is perpendicular to the plane of the film surface and impinges on the center of the film;

(9) A formal quality assurance program shall be established at each facility.

(i) Radiographic processing:

(1) Either automatic or manual film processing is acceptable. A constant time-temperature technique shall be meticulously employed for manual processing.

(2) If mineral or other impurities in the processing water introduce difficulty in obtaining a high-quality roentgenogram, a suitable filter or purification system shall be used.

(j) Before the miner is advised that the examination is concluded, the roentgenogram shall be processed and

inspected and accepted for quality by the physician, or if the physician is not available, acceptance may be made by the radiologic technologist. In a case of a substandard roentgenogram, another shall be immediately made. All substandard roentgenograms shall be clearly marked as rejected and promptly sent to ALOSH for disposal.

(k) An electric power supply shall be used which complies with the voltage, current, and regulation specified by the manufacturer of the machine.

(1) A densitometric test object may be required on each roentgenogram for an objective evaluation of film quality at the discretion of ALOSH.

(m) Each roentgenogram made hereunder shall be permanently and legibly marked with the name and address or ALOSH approval number of the facility at which it is made, the social security number of the miner, and the date of the roentgenogram. No other identifying markings shall be recorded on the roentgenogram.

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 7866, Mar. 13, 1987]

§ 37.42 Approval of roentgenographic facilities.

(a) Approval of roentgenographic facilities given prior to January 1, 1976, shall terminate upon August 1, 1978 unless each of the following conditions have been met:

(1) The facility must verify that it still meets the requirements set forth in the regulations for the second round of roentgenographic examinations (38 FR 20076) and it has not changed equipment since it was approved by NIOSH.

(2) From July 27, 1973, to January 1, 1976, the facility submitted to ALOSH at least 50 roentgenograms which were interpreted by one or more "B" readers not employed by the facility who found no more than 5 percent of all the roentgenograms unreadable.

(b) Other facilities will be eligible to participate in this program when they demonstrate their ability to make high quality diagnostic chest roentgenograms by submitting to ALOSH six or more sample chest roentgenograms made and processed at the ap-

each roentgenogram was made, the X. plicant facility and which are of acceptable quality to the Panel of "B" readers. Applicants shall also submit a to § 37.51. ray machine used, and the date each prior to submission and shall be been made within 15 calendar days under. All roentgenograms shall have made with each unit to be used hereobject roentgenogram shall have been essed at the same time with the same roentgenogram of a plastic step-wedge roentgenograms submitted pursuant was made. The chest roentgenograms will be returned and may be the same marked to identify the facility where one chest roentgenogram and one test mitted and processed at the facility ALOSH) which was made and procfor which approval is sought. At least (available on loan from

NOTE: The plastic step-wedge object is described in an article by E. Dale Trout and John P. Kelley appearing in "The American Journal of Roentgenology, Radium Therapy and Nuclear Medicine," Vol. 117, No. 4, April 1973.

submitting chest roentgenographic facility submitting chest roentgenograms for approval under this section shall complete and include an X-ray facility document describing each X-ray unit to be used to make chest roentgenograms under the act. The form shall include: (1) The date of the last radiation safety inspection by an appropriate licensing agency or, if no such agency exists, by a qualified expert as defined in NCRP Report No. 33 (see § 37.43); (2) the deficiencies found; (3) a statement that all the deficiencies have been corrected; and (4) the date of acceptable, the radiation safety inspection shall have been made within 1 year preceding the date of application.

(d) Roentgenograms submitted with applications for approval under this section will be evaluated by the panel of "B" Readers or by a qualified radiological physicist or consultant. Applicants will be advised of any reasons for denial of approval.

(e) ALOSH or its representatives may make a physical inspection of the applicant's facility and any approved roentgenographic facility at any rea-

sonable time to determine if the requirements of this subpart are being met.

roentgenograms, or a Roentgenogra-phic Facility Document for quality proved plan will be reevaluated ALOSH in light of this change. operator's approved plan. The grams and shall be displayed on the mine bulletin board adjacent to the drawing approval will be sent to each such action. A copy of a notice withroentgenograms or information sub-mitted under this section warrants opinion of ALOSH the quality of drawn by notice in writing when in the hereunder may be suspended or withcontrol purposes. Approvals granted of a plastic step-wedge object, sample riodically to resubmit roentgenograms its facility for giving chest roentgenooperator who has listed the facility as (f) ALOSH may require a facility pe-

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978; 43 FR 38830 Aug. 31, 1978]

§ 37.43 Protection against radiation emitted by roentgenographic equipment.

gies up to 10 MeV—Equipment Design and Use" (issued February 1, 1968), in NCRP Report No. 48, "Medical Radi-ation Protection for Medical and available for examination at ALOSH this subpart. These documents are Allied Health Personnel" (issued August 1, 1976), and in NCRP Report No. 49, "Structural Shielding Design and Gamma-Ray Protection for Enerthe National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements in NCRP Report No. 33 "Medical X-ray conform to the recommendations of which such equipment is used shall phic equipment, its use and the facili-ties (including mobile facilities) in ble State and Federal regulations (See 21 CFR Part 1000). Where no applica-§ 37.41, roentgenographic equipment and Evaluation for Medical Use of X-rays and Gamma Rays of up to 10 ble regulations exist, roentgenograment is used, shall conform to applicamobile facilities) in which such equip rated by reference and made a part of These documents are hereby incorpoits use and the facilities (including MeV" (issued September 15, Except as otherwise specified in

ports Nos. 33, 48, and 49 may be purchased for \$3, \$4.50, and \$3.50 each, respectively, from NCRP Publications, ville, Md. 20857. Copies of NCRP Re-P.O. Box 30175, and Health, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockal Institute for Occupational Safety 944 Chestnut Ridge Road, Morgan town, W. Va. 26505, and at the Nation Washington, D.C.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR INTERPRETATION CHEST ROENTGENOGRAMS CLASSIFICATION, AND SUBMISSION OF

§ 37.50 Interpreting and classifying chest roenigenograms.

CDC/NIOSH (M)2.8). graphic Interpretation Form (Form system and recorded on a Roentgenoance with the ILO Classification interpreted and classified in accord-(a) Chest roentgenograms shall be

preted and classified only by a physician who regularly reads chest roent-genograms and who has demonstrated conioses in accordance with § 37.51. proficiency in classifying the pneumo-(b) Roentgenograms shall be inter-

of the ILO International Classification of Radiographs for Pneumoconioses, available for reference a complete set under the Act, shall have immediately preting chest roentgenograms made (c) All interpreters, whenever inter-

NOTE: This set is available from the International Labor Office, 1750 New York Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20006 (Phone: 202/376-2315).

- interpretations: (d) In all view boxes used for making
- 6-month intervals; taneously replaced with new lamps at (1) Fluorescent lamps shall be simul-
- manufacturer's ratings as to intensity panel of boxes shall have identical and color; (2) All the fluorescent lamps in a
- faces, and the lamps shall be kept (3) The glass, internal reflective sur-
- to minimize front surface glare. (4) The unit shall be so situated as

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, as amended at 49 FR 7564, Mar. 1, 1984]

§ 37.51 Proficiency in the use of systems for classifying the pneumoconioses.

(a) First or "A" readers:

effective date of these regulations). continue if established prior to (insert) (1) Approval as an "A" reader shall

ciency in classifying the pneumoconreaders must demonstrate their profioses by either: (2) Physicians who desire to be "A"

on the Roentgenographic Interpreta-tion Form (Form CDC/NIOSH (M) physician. The interpretations shall be sis, two with simple pneumoconiosis readers. The six roentgenograms shall genograms submitted pursuant to consist of two without pneumoconio-2.8) (These may be the same roentiosis. The films will be returned to the and two with complicated pneumoconphysician's files six sample chest properly classified by the Panel of "B" roentgenograms which are considered 37.42), or; (i) Submitting to ALOSH from the

by a Working Committee of the Interof the pneumoconioses devised in 1968 classification" means the classification nati classification system. As used in this subparagraph, "UICC/Cincinnati sification systems or the UICC/Cincinnational Union Against Cancer. June 11, 1970, of a course approved by ALOSH on the ILO or ILO-U/C Clas-(ii) Satisfactory completion, since

(b) Final or "B" readers:

lished prior to October 1, 1976, shall hereby be terminated. (1) Approval as a "B" reader estab-

specially designed proficiency examination given on behalf of or by ALOSH at a time and place specified by ALOSH. Each physician must bring fied under paragraph (a) of this sec examination. Physicians who qualify a complete set of the ILO standard sification for interpreting chest roentroentgenograms for roentgenographic under this provision need not be qualireference radiographs when taking the "B" readers by taking and passing a by those physicians who desire to be other diseases shall be demonstrated genograms for pneumoconiosis and quality and in the use of the ILO Clas-(2) Proficiency in evaluating chest

> Certification Document (Form CDC, cation on an Interpreting Physician pate in the program shall make appli-(c) Physicians who wish to partici

Public Health Service, HHS

[43 \$\tilde{Y}\text{R} 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, as amended at 49 FR 7564, Mar. 1, 1984]

§ 37.52 Method of obtaining definitive interpretations.

pretations from the Panel of "B" read ported to MSHA for transmittal to the from two or more "B" readers, and if ALOSH shall obtain additional interminer. When in the opinion of ALOSH paragraph (b) of this section the result shall be considered final and rea "B" reader qualified as described in are first interpreted by an "A" or "B" nighest major category shall be reers. If interpretations are obtained substantial agreement reader will be submitted by ALOSH to two or more are in agreement then the the two interpreters as defined in § 37.51. If there is agreement between (a) All chest roentgenograms which 5 lacking,

not be considered agreement, and a third (or more) interpretation shall be ered to be in agreement when they obtained until a consensus involving When such a sequence occurs, it shall one minor category principle is a readbe reported. The only exception to the each other. In the last situation, the below) are within one minor category gory, or (with one exception noted plicated pneumoconiosis, or their findboth find either stage A, B, or C commajor category is obtained. two or more readings in the ing sequence of 0/1, 1/0, or 1/0, 0/1higher of the two interpretations shall (ILO Classification 12-point scale) of iosis are both in the same major cateings with regard to simple pneumocon-(b) Two interpreters shall be consid

[43 FR 33715, Aug. 1, 1978, as amended at 49 FR 7564, Mar. 1, 1984; 52 FR 7866, Mar. 13.

§ 37.53 Notification of abnormal roentgenographic findings.

cancer, or any other significant abnormal findings other than pneumoconioing, enlarged heart, tuberculosis, lung (a) Findings of, or findings suggest-

copy of the communication shall submitted to ALOSH. ALOSH will physician to interpret and classify the coniosis. normal findings other than pneumophysician when any physician who inminer's sician of the miner indicated on the roentgenogram to the designated physis shall be communicated by the first roentgenogram reports significant abterprets and classifies the miner's notify the miner to contact his or her identification document.

significant changes or progression of disease or other comments to ALOSH complicated pneumoconiosis, and any enlarged heart, tuberculosis, cancer, reader. The "B" reader will report any respective interprtations to a "B" roentgenograms in its files with their other significant abnormal findings, examination was interpreted to show more than one roentgenogram of a and ALOSH shall submit a copy of the ALOSH will submit all of the miner's miner in its files and the most recent report to the miner's designated physi-(b) In addition, when ALOSH has

of the act (see 30 CFR Part 90). Posidesignated physician by ALOSH. coniosis will be reported to the miner's tive findings with regard to pneumomoconiosis will be sent to the miner by MSHA in accordance with section 203 (c) All final findings regarding pneu-

ous acceptable examination. a form intended to facilitate prompt plete and acceptable form. The information forwarded to MSHA will be in mation described in § 37.60 in a comwithin 60 days of receipt of the inforscribed in paragraph (c) of this section within 6 months of the date of a previa miner will not be processed by The results of an examination made of ble effort to process the findings dedispatch of the findings to the miner. ALOSH if the examination was made (d) ALOSH will make every reasona-

§ 37.60 Submitting required chest roentgenograms and miner identification

ographic interpretation form and the together with the completed roentgenquired to be made under this subpart, (a) Each chest roentgenogram re-

shall promptly make appropriate arrangements for the necessary reexamator of the deficiency. The operator tion inadequate, it will notify the opermitted under paragraph (a) of this sec-(b) If ALOSH deems any part sub-

priate. An approval which has been revoked may be reinstated at the discreany other approval as may be approinstituted to prevent a recurrence. and that effective controls have been all deficiencies have been corrected tion of ALOSH after it receives satiscause to revoke approval of a plan or graph (a) or (b) of this section shall be factory assurances and evidence that (c) Failure to comply with para-

who are not hired shall not be submitment physical examinations of persons only for miners. Results of preemployrequired documents shall be submitted (d) Chest roentgenograms and other

rity number and place of employment. the miner's name, address, social secuidentification document containing however, without a completed miner cannot be completed because of the miner's refusal, it shall be marked "Miner Refuses," and shall be submitted. No submission shall be made, number on each. If any of the forms her name and social security account pate in any phase of the examination scribed in this subpart, no report need in all phases of the examination preprescribed be made. If a miner refuses to particiforms shall be submitted with his or (e) If a miner refuses to participate in this subpart, all the

REVIEW AND AVAILABILITY OF RECORDS

§ 37.70 Review of interpretations.

"A" reader and a "B" reader, ALOSH was based on agreement between an be reevaluated. If the interpretation ALOSH that his or her roentgenogram error may file a written request with (a) Any miner who believes the in-terpretation for pneumoconiosis re-ported to him or her by MSHA is in

> shall be so informed by MSHA. accepted as conclusive and the miner more) "B" readers, the reading will be er with any rights which may accrue to the miner in accordance with § 37.7. If the reported interpretation was report the results to the miner togethwith based on agreement between two (or sary to obtain agreement in accord terpretations by "B" readers as neces will obtain one or more additional in \$37.52(b), and MSHA shall

and the operator and miner will be noentitled to the option to transfer. tified by MSHA whether the miner is paragraph (a) of this section apply findings. The standards set forth in request with ALOSH to review its to August 1, 1978, may file a written recent examination made subsequent dusty atmosphere based on the most MSHA to transfer a miner to a less (b) Any operator who is directed by

§ 37.80 Availability of records.

representative. miner's widow, next of kin, or legal deceased, written consent from the sent from the miner, or if the miner is by ALOSH only with the written congenograms on miners will be released (a) Medical information and roent

examination only at ALOSH genograms will be made available for (b) To the extent authorized, roent-

Subpert-Autopsies

AUTHORITY: Sec. 508, 83 Stat. 803; U.S.C. 957. 30

otherwise noted. Source: 36 FR 8870, May 14, 1971, unless

§ 37.200 Scope.

obtain results of autopsies performed Secretary will pay pathologists to forth the conditions under which the by them on miners. The provisions of this subpart set

\$37.201 Definitions.

As used in this subpart:

of Health and Human Services. (a) "Secretary" means the Secretary

any underground coal mine. who during his life was employed in (b) "Miner" means any individual

(c) "Pathologist" means

can Osteopathic Board of Pathology, pathology or pathology by the American Board of Pathology or the Ameri-(1) A physician certified in anatomic Public Health Service, 1945

fications which are considered "Board of eligible" by the American Board of Pathology or American Osteopathic Board of Pathology, or (2) A physician who possesses quali-

section. ogy who performs the autopsy under the supervision of a pathologist as desician in a training program in patholfined in paragraph (c) (1) or (2) of this (3) An intern, resident, or other phy-

gantown, WV 26504. Services, Post Office Box 4258, Mor-Safety and Health, Public Health Service, Department of Health and Human ian Laboratory for Occupational (d) " ALOSH " means the Appalach

§ 37.202 Payment for autopsy.

part and with legal consent. to any pathologist who, after the effective date of the regulations in this (a) The Secretary will pay up to \$200

in accordance with this subpart; and (1) Performs an autopsy on a miner

topsy; and days after having performed the auwith this subpart within 180 calendar materials to ALOSH (2) Submits the findings and other in accordance

ment, fee, or reimbursement in conor any other Federal agency. nection with the autopsy from the miner's widow, his family, his estate (3) Receives no other specific pay

prior to his death together with a copy subject of the autopsy within 5 years (posteroanterior view) made of the paragraph (a) of this section and addioriginal of a chest roentgenogram and submits a good quality copy or thologist entitled to payment under of any interpretation made. tional \$10 if the pathologist can obtain (b) The Secretary will pay to any pa-

38 FR 16353, June 22, 1973] [35 FR 13206, Aug. 19, 1970, as amended at

§ 37.203 Autopsy specifications.

this part: for payment is submitted pursuant to (a) Every autopsy for which a claim

such as those, for example, set forth with standard autopsy procedures (1) Shall be performed consistent

the Armed Forces Institute of Patholin the "Autopsy Manual" prepared by ogy, July 1, 1960. (Technical Manual No. 8-300. NAVMED P-5065, Air Force Manual No. 160-19.) Copies of this ALOSH. document may be borrowed from

(2) Shall include:

tion of the lungs, pulmonary pleura, and tracheobronchial lymph nodes; (i) Gross and microscopic examina-

graph shall be in the metric system); ments required under this subparalung (these and all other measure-(ii) Weights of the heart and each

valve when opened; (iii) Circumference of each cardiac

tricles; these measurements shall be shall be measured directly above the and the apex, and the left ventricle ventricle shall be measured at a point midway between the tricuspid valve made perpendicular to the ventricular muscle; insertion of the anterior papillary lations or pericardial fat. The right surface and shall not include trabecu-(iv) Thickness of right and left ven-

details of all lesions of the lungs; tion, description and other relevant (v) Size, number, consistency, loca

(vi) Level of the diaphragm;

stain, and one formalin fixed, parafsimilar material shall be submitted pneumoconiotic lesion, representative from three separate areas of the lungs selected at random; a minimum of blocks of tissue shall be submitted. When no such lesion is recognized. fin-impregnated block of tissue; a min-imum of three stained slides and three toxylin eosin or other appropriate microscopic slides stained with hematissue shall be submitted. fixed, paraffin-impregnated blocks of three stained slides and three formalin (vii) From each type of suspected

not be used. (b) Needle biopsy techniques shall

§ 37.204 Procedure for obtaining payment.

subpart ALOSH Every claim for payment under this abpart shall be submitted to and shall include:

amount of the claim and a signed dicating the date of autopsy, the pathologist's letterhead or billhead in-(a) An invoice (in duplicate) on the

source. estate of the miner, or any other widow, his surviving next-of-kin, the tion for the autopsy from the miner's receiving any other specific compensastatement that the pathologist is not

ide reliable information. other responsible person who can prong physician, family physician, or any This form may be completed with the assistance of the pathologist, attendease and History Form (See Fig. (b) Completed PHS Consent, Re-

(1) The information,

Dart. plocks of tissue required by this sub-(2) Clinical abstract of terminal illslides, and

ness and other data that the patholo-

with clinical history if indicated. sated pneumoconiosis, and correlation ence or absence of simple and complimatomical diagnoses, indicating pres-(3) Final summary, including final

FIGURE 1

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service—National Coal Workers' Autopsy Study

Consent, Release, and History Form Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969

autopsy

(Limitation, if any, on utopsy) on said deceased. I understand that the report and certain tissues as necessary will be released to the United States public Health Service and to of deceased miner) do hereby authorize the Relationship) of --, (Name) -, (Name

elease of medical information will result in he deceased for which I may sign a general ng autopsy) understand that any claims in regard to

Public Health Service. I further understand he release of the information from the

Occupational and Medical History

utopsy.

hat I shall not make any payment for the

Month, Day, Year)
2. Social Securit; 1. Date of Birth of Deceased Social Security Number of Deceased

(City

4. Place of Last Mining Employment:

me of Mining ne Address -	ne of Mining Company —	
Last Job	litle at Min	Last Job Title at Mine of Last Employ-
Continu	ous Miner	Continuous Miner Operator, motor-
. Job Title of Pon (that job to w	of Princips to which i	Job Title of Principal Mining Occupa- n (that job to which miner devoted the
e.g., San	Struming of Jeans) -	

(e.f

ma 6

Years he smoke on the average? No om (c) If yes, how many cigarettes per day did (a) Did he ever smoke cigarettes? Yes ---(b) If yes, for how many years?

(d) Did he smoke cigarettes up until the time of his death? Yes (Number of)

died had he not been smoking cigarettes? 8. Total Years in (e) If no to (d), for how long before he Surface and Under-

Mining Employment, by State (If known) (State). -, (Years) Total Years in Underground Coal (State).

(Signature)

(Address)

Interviewer:

(Date)

PART FOR TRAINING CRISIS 38—DISASTER COUNSELING ASSISTANCE

Furpose; coordination Definitions.

Assistance; procedures, limitations.

38.2 38.3 38.4 38.5 38.6 Contracts. Grant assistance.

Nondiscrimination.

Nonliability Criminal and civil penalties.

Federal audits.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 413, Pub. L. 93-288. The Disaster Relief Act of 1974, 88 Stat. 157, 42 U.S.C. 5183, EO 11795, 39 FR 25939, as amended by EO 11910, 41 FR 15681.

otherwise noted. Source: 41 FR 52052, Nov. 26, 1976, unless