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If you have any comments on this draft form, you can submit them to us on our web site. Include the word DRAFT in your response. You may make comments anonymously, or you may include your name and e-mail address or phone number. We will be unable to respond to all comments due to the high volume we receive. However, we will carefully consider each suggestion. So that we can properly consider your comments, please send them to us within 30 days from the date the draft was posted.

SCHEDULE	С
(Form 1040)	

### **Profit or Loss From Business**

(Sole Proprietorship)

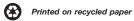
▶ Partnerships, joint ventures, etc., must file Form 1065 or 1065-B.

OMB No. 1545-0074	
2006	-

	al Revenue Service (99) Attach	to Form 104	0, 1040NR, or 1041.		See Instructions for Schedule	C (Form 1	040). Sequence N	lo. <b>09</b>
Name	e of proprietor					Social sec	urity number (SSN)	
Α	Principal business or profession	, including pr	oduct or service (see	e pag	e C-2 of the instructions)	B Enter co	ode from pages C-8	, 9, & 10 
С	Business name. If no separate b	ousiness nam	e, leave blank.		. 0	D Employ	er ID number (EIN),	if any
E	Business address (including sui City, town or post office, state,							
F	Accounting method: (1) $\Box$	Cash	(2) Accrual	(3)	☐ Other (specify) ►			
G				luring	g 2006? If "No," see page C-2 for	limit on lo	sses 🗌 Yes	🗌 No
н	If you started or acquired this b	usiness durin	g 2006, check here				🕨	
Pa	rt I Income							
1	Gross receipts or sales. <b>Caution</b> employee" box on that form wa					1		
2	Returns and allowances					2		_
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1 .			•		3		
4	Cost of goods sold (from line 42	2 on page 2)				4		
5	Gross profit. Subtract line 4 fro					5		
6	Other income, including federal	-				6		
7 Par	Gross income. Add lines 5 and				home <b>only</b> on line 30.	7		
		8				18		
8	Advertising	•			Office expense	19		
9	Car and truck expenses (see	9			Pension and profit-sharing plans	13		
10	page C-4)	10			Rent or lease (see page C-5): <b>a</b> Vehicles, machinery, and equipment.	20a		
11	Contract labor (see page C-4)	11			<b>b</b> Other business property.	20b		
12		12		21		21		
	•				Supplies (not included in Part III)	22		
13	Depreciation and section 179 expense deduction (not			23		23		
	expense deduction (not included in Part III) (see				Travel, meals, and entertainment:			
	page C-4)	13			<b>a</b> Travel	24a		
14	Employee benefit programs				<b>b</b> Deductible meals and			
	(other than on line 19).	14			entertainment (see page C-5)	24b		_
15	Insurance (other than health) .	15		25	Utilities	25		
16	Interest:			26	Wages (less employment credits) .	26		_
а	Mortgage (paid to banks, etc.) .	16a		27	Other expenses (from line 48 on			
b	Other	16b		-	page 2)	27		
17	Legal and professional services	17						
28	Total expenses before expense	es for busines	s use of home. Add	lines	8 through 27 in columns .	28		
29	Tentative profit (loss). Subtract I	line 28 from I	ine 7			29		
30	Expenses for business use of ye	our home. At	tach Form 8829 .			30		
31	Net profit or (loss). Subtract lir				1 L			
	• If a profit, enter on Form 104 line 13 (statutory employees, se				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31		
	• If a loss, you <b>must</b> go to line	32.			J			
32	If you have a loss, check the bo		•					
	• If you checked 32a, enter the Form 1040NR, line 13 (statutory				· · · · ·		Some investment	
	<ul><li>line 3.</li><li>If you checked 32b, you mus</li></ul>	t attach Form	n 6198 Your loss ma	w he	limited		at risk.	
				.,	in nou.			

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page C-7 of the instructions.

Sche	dule C (Form 1040) 2006	Page <b>2</b>
Pa	rt III Cost of Goods Sold (see page C-7)	
33	Method(s) used to value closing inventory: <b>a</b> Cost <b>b</b> Lower of cost or market <b>c</b> Other (attach explanation	ר)
34	Was there any change in determining quantities, costs, or valuations between opening and closing inventory? If "Yes," attach explanation	) No
35	Inventory at beginning of year. If different from last year's closing inventory, attach explanation 35	+
36	Purchases less cost of items withdrawn for personal use	
37	Cost of labor. Do not include any amounts paid to yourself	
38	Materials and supplies	<u> </u>
39	Other costs	
40	Add lines 35 through 39	
41	Inventory at end of year	+
42 Ра	Cost of goods sold. Subtract line 41 from line 40. Enter the result here and on page 1, line 4	
43	When did you place your vehicle in service for business purposes? (month, day, year)	
44	Of the total number of miles you drove your vehicle during 2006, enter the number of miles you used your vehicle for:	
а	Business	
45	Do you (or your spouse) have another vehicle available for personal use?	No
46	Was your vehicle available for personal use during off-duty hours?	No
47a	Do you have evidence to support your deduction?	No
b	If "Yes," is the evidence written?	No
Ра	rt V Other Expenses. List below business expenses not included on lines 8–26 or line 30.	
		_
48	Total other expenses. Enter here and on page 1, line 27	



# **2005 Instructions for Schedule C**

# **Profit or Loss From Business**

Use Schedule C (Form 1040) to report income or loss from a business you operated or a profession you practiced as a sole proprietor. Also, use Schedule C to report wages and expenses you had as a statutory employee. An activity qualifies as a business if your primary purpose for engaging in the activity is for income or profit and you are involved in the activity with continuity and regularity. For example, a sporadic activity or a hobby does not qualify as a business. To report income from a nonbusiness activity, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 21.

Small businesses and statutory employees with expenses of \$5,000 or less may be able to file Schedule C-EZ instead of Schedule C. See Schedule C-EZ for details.

You may be subject to state and local taxes and other requirements such as business licenses and fees. Check with your state and local governments for more information.

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

trade or business or income-producing property.

• Form 4797 to report sales, exchanges, and involuntary conversions (not from a casualty or theft) of trade or business property.

• Form 8594 to report certain purchases or sales of groups of assets that constitute a trade or business.

• Form 8824 to report like-kind exchanges.

• Form 8829 to claim expenses for business use of your home.

• Form 8903 to take a deduction for income from domestic production activities.

**Husband-wife business.** If you and your spouse jointly own and operate a business and share in the profits and losses, you are partners in a partnership, whether or not you have a formal partnership agreement. Do not use Schedule C or C-EZ. Instead, file Form 1065. See Pub. 541 for more details.

*Exception.* If you and your spouse wholly own an unincorporated business as community property under the community property laws of a state, foreign country, or U.S. possession, you can treat the business either as a sole proprietorship or a partnership. The only states with community property laws are Arizona, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, New Mexico, Texas, Washington, and Wisconsin. A change in your reporting position will be treated as a conversion of the entity.

**Single-member limited liability company** (LLC). Generally, a single-member domestic LLC is not treated as a separate entity for federal income tax purposes. If you are the sole member of a domestic LLC, file Schedule C or C-EZ (or Schedule E or F, if applicable). However, you can elect to treat a domestic LLC as a corporation. See Form 8832 for details on the election and the tax treatment of a foreign LLC.

**Heavy highway vehicle use tax.** If you use certain highway trucks, truck-trailers, tractor-trailers, or buses in your trade or business, you may have to pay a federal highway motor vehicle use tax. See the In-

structions for Form 2290 to find out if you owe this tax.

**Information returns.** You may have to file information returns for wages paid to employees, certain payments of fees and other nonemployee compensation, interest, rents, royalties, real estate transactions, annuities, and pensions. You may also have to file an information return if you sold \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a person on a buy-sell, deposit-commission, or other similar basis for resale. For details, see the 2005 General Instructions for Forms 1099, 1098, 5498, and W-2G.

If you received cash of more than \$10,000 in one or more related transactions in your trade or business, you may have to file Form 8300. For details, see Pub. 1544.

#### Reportable Transaction Disclosure Statement

Use Form 8886 to disclose information for each reportable transaction in which you participated. Form 8886 must be filed for each tax year that your federal income tax liability is affected by your participation in the transaction. You may have to pay a penalty if you are required to file Form 8886 but do not do so. You may also have to pay interest and penalties on any reportable transaction understatements. The following are reportable transactions.

• Any transaction that is the same as or substantially similar to tax avoidance transactions identified by the IRS.

• Any transaction offered under conditions of confidentiality for which you paid an advisor a minimum fee.

• Any transaction for which you have contractual protection against disallowance of the tax benefits.

• Any transaction resulting in a loss of at least \$2 million in any single tax year or \$4 million in any combination of tax years. (At least \$50,000 for a single tax year if the loss arose from a foreign currency transaction defined in section 988(c)(1), whether or not the loss flows through from an S corporation or partnership.)

### What's New

Special rules for contributing book or food inventories under the Katrina Emergency Tax Relief Act of 2005. See Pub. 4492 for information on qualifying contributions, adjusting your inventory, and claiming any allowable deduction.

Employee retention credit for employers affected by Hurricane Katrina. If you had employees in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area, you may be eligible for a credit against the wages you paid them while your business was inoperable. For more information, see Form 5884-A.

**Biodiesel fuels credit.** If you claimed the biodiesel fuels credit on Form 8864, you must include the credit in your income on line 6. See the instructions for line 6 on page C-3.

## **General Instructions**

#### Other Schedules and Forms You May Have To File

• Schedule A to deduct interest, taxes, and casualty losses not related to your business.

• Schedule E to report rental real estate and royalty income or (loss) that is not subject to self-employment tax.

• Schedule F to report profit or (loss) from farming.

• Schedule J to figure your tax by averaging your fishing income over the previous 3 years. Doing so may reduce your tax.

• Schedule SE to pay self-employment tax on income from any trade or business.

• Form 4562 to claim depreciation on assets placed in service in 2005, to claim amortization that began in 2005, to make an election under section 179 to expense certain property, or to report information on listed property.

• Form 4684 to report a casualty or theft gain or loss involving property used in your

• Any transaction resulting in a book-tax difference of more than \$10 million on a gross basis.

• Any transaction resulting in a tax credit of more than \$250,000, if you held the asset generating the credit for 45 days or less.

See the Instructions for Form 8886 for more details and exceptions.

#### Additional Information

See Pub. 334 for more information for small businesses.

### **Specific Instructions**

Filers of Form 1041. Do not complete the block labeled "Social security number (SSN)." Instead, enter your employer identification number (EIN) on line D.

#### Line A

Describe the business or professional activity that provided your principal source of income reported on line 1. If you owned more than one business, you must complete a separate Schedule C for each business. Give the general field or activity and the type of product or service. If your general field or activity is wholesale or retail trade, or services connected with production services (mining, construction, or manufacturing), also give the type of customer or client. For example, "wholesale sale of hardware to retailers" or "appraisal of real estate for lending institutions."

#### Line D

You need an employer identification number (EIN) only if you had a qualified retirement plan or were required to file an employment, excise, estate, trust, or alcohol, tobacco, and firearms tax return. If you need an EIN, see the Instructions for Form SS-4. If you do not have an EIN, leave line D blank. Do not enter your SSN.

#### Line E

Enter your business address. Show a street address instead of a box number. Include the suite or room number, if any. If you conducted the business from your home located at the address shown on Form 1040, page 1, you do not have to complete this line.

#### Line F

Generally, you can use the cash method, accrual method, or any other method permitted by the Internal Revenue Code. In all cases, the method used must clearly reflect income. Unless you are a qualifying taxpayer or a qualifying small business taxpayer, you must use the accrual method for sales and purchases of inventory items. See the Part III instructions on page C-6 for the definition of a qualifying taxpayer and a qualifying small business taxpayer. Special rules apply to long-term contracts. See section 460 for details.

If you use the cash method, show all items of taxable income actually or constructively received during the year (in cash, property, or services). Income is constructively received when it is credited to your account or set aside for you to use. Also, show amounts actually paid during the year for deductible expenses. However, if the payment of an expenditure creates an asset having a useful life that extends substantially beyond the close of the year, it may not be deductible or may be deductible only in part for the year of the payment. See Pub. 535.

If you use the accrual method, report income when you earn it and deduct expenses when you incur them even if you do not pay them during the tax year. Accrual-basis taxpayers are put on a cash basis for deducting business expenses owed to a related cash-basis taxpayer. Other rules determine the timing of deductions based on economic performance. See Pub. 538.

To change your accounting method, you generally must file Form 3115. You may also have to make an adjustment to prevent amounts of income or expense from being duplicated or omitted. This is called a section 481(a) adjustment.

**Example.** You change to the cash method of accounting and choose to account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental. You accrued sales in 2004 for which you received payment in 2005. You must report those sales in both years as a result of changing your accounting method and must make a section 481(a) adjustment to prevent duplication of income.

A net negative section 481(a) adjustment is taken into account entirely in the year of the change. A net positive section 481(a) adjustment is generally taken into account over a period of 4 years. Include any net positive section 481(a) adjustments on line 6. If the net section 481(a) adjustment is negative, report it in Part V.

For details on figuring section 481(a) adjustments, see the Instructions for Form 3115, Rev. Proc. 2004-23, 2004-16 I.R.B. 785, available at www.irs.gov/irb/2004-16\_IRB/ar11.html, and Rev. Proc. 2004-57, 2004-38 I.R.B. 498, available at www.irs.gov/irb/2004-38\_IRB/ar11.html.

### Line G

If your business activity was not a rental activity and you met any of the material participation tests below or the exception for oil and gas applies (explained on page C-3), check the "Yes" box. Otherwise, check the "No" box. If you check the "No" box, this business is a passive activity. If you have a loss from this business, see *Limit on losses* on page C-3. If you have a profit from this business activity but have current year losses from other passive activities or you have prior year unallowed passive activity losses, see the Instructions for Form 8582.

Material participation. Participation, for purposes of the seven material participation

tests listed below, generally includes any work you did in connection with an activity if you owned an interest in the activity at the time you did the work. The capacity in which you did the work does not matter. However, work is not treated as participation if it is work that an owner would not customarily do in the same type of activity and one of your main reasons for doing the work was to avoid the disallowance of losses or credits from the activity under the passive activity rules.

Work you did as an investor in an activity is not treated as participation unless you were directly involved in the day-to-day management or operations of the activity. Work done as an investor includes:

• Studying and reviewing financial statements or reports on the activity,

• Preparing or compiling summaries or analyses of the finances or operations of the activity for your own use, and

• Monitoring the finances or operations of the activity in a nonmanagerial capacity.

Participation by your spouse during the tax year in an activity you own can be counted as your participation in the activity. This applies even if your spouse did not own an interest in the activity and whether or not you and your spouse file a joint return.

For purposes of the passive activity rules, you materially participated in the operation of this trade or business activity during 2005 if you met any of the following seven tests.

1. You participated in the activity for more than 500 hours during the tax year.

2. Your participation in the activity for the tax year was substantially all of the participation in the activity of all individuals (including individuals who did not own any interest in the activity) for the tax year.

3. You participated in the activity for more than 100 hours during the tax year, and you participated at least as much as any other person for the tax year. This includes individuals who did not own any interest in the activity.

4. The activity is a significant participation activity for the tax year, and you participated in all significant participation activities for more than 500 hours during the year. An activity is a "significant participation activity" if it involves the conduct of a trade or business, you participated in the activity for more than 100 hours during the tax year, and you did not materially participate under any of the material participation tests (other than this test 4).

5. You materially participated in the activity for any 5 of the prior 10 tax years.

6. The activity is a personal service activity in which you materially participated for any 3 prior tax years. A personal service activity is an activity that involves performing personal services in the fields of health, law, engineering, architecture, accounting, actuarial science, performing arts, consulting, or any other trade or business in which capital is not a material income-producing factor.

7. Based on all the facts and circumstances, you participated in the activity on a regular, continuous, and substantial basis during the tax year. But you do not meet this test if you participated in the activity for 100 hours or less during the tax year. Your participation in managing the activity does not count in determining if you meet this test if any person (except you) (a) received compensation for performing management services in connection with the activity or (b) spent more hours during the tax year than you spent performing management services in connection with the activity (regardless of whether the person was compensated for the services).

**Rental of personal property.** A rental activity (such as long-term equipment leasing) is a passive activity even if you materially participated in the activity. However, if you met any of the five exceptions listed under *Rental Activities* in the Instructions for Form 8582, the rental of the property is not treated as a rental activity and the material participation rules above apply.

**Exception for oil and gas.** If you are filing Schedule C to report income and deductions from an oil or gas well in which you own a working interest directly or through an entity that does not limit your liability, check the "Yes" box. The activity of owning the working interest is not a passive activity regardless of your participation.

Limit on losses. If you checked the "No" box and you have a loss from this business, you may have to use Form 8582 to figure your allowable loss, if any, to enter on Schedule C, line 31. Generally, you can deduct losses from passive activities only to the extent of income from passive activities. For details, see Pub. 925.

### Line H

If you started or acquired this business in 2005, check the box on line H. Also check the box if you are reopening or restarting this business after temporarily closing it, and you did not file a 2004 Schedule C or C-EZ for this business.

### Part I. Income

Except as otherwise provided in the Internal Revenue Code, gross income includes income from whatever source derived. Gross income, however, does not include extraterritorial income that is qualifying foreign trade income. Use Form 8873 to figure the extraterritorial income exclusion. Report it on Schedule C as explained in the Instructions for Form 8873.

#### Line 1

Enter gross receipts from your trade or business. Include amounts you received in your trade or business that were properly shown on Forms 1099-MISC. If the total amounts that were reported in box 7 of Forms 1099-MISC are more than the total you are reporting on line 1, attach a statement explaining the difference. **Statutory employees.** If you received a Form W-2 and the "Statutory employee" box in box 13 of that form was checked, report your income and expenses related to that income on Schedule C or C-EZ. Enter your statutory employee income from box 1 of Form W-2 on line 1 of Schedule C or C-EZ and check the box on that line. Social security and Medicare tax should have been withheld from your earnings; therefore, you do not owe self-employment tax on these earnings. Statutory employees include full-time life insurance agents, certain agent or commission drivers and traveling salespersons, and certain homeworkers.

If you had both self-employment income and statutory employee income, you must file two Schedules C. You cannot use Schedule C-EZ or combine these amounts on a single Schedule C.

**Installment sales.** Generally, the installment method cannot be used to report income from the sale of (a) personal property regularly sold under the installment method, or (b) real property held for resale to customers. But the installment method can be used to report income from sales of certain residential lots and timeshares if you elect to pay interest on the tax due on that income after the year of sale. See section 453(l)(2)(B) for details. If you make this election, include the interest on Form 1040, line 63. Also, enter "453(l)(3)" and the amount of the interest on the dotted line to the left of line 63.

If you use the installment method, attach a schedule to your return. Show separately for 2005 and the 3 preceding years: gross sales, cost of goods sold, gross profit, percentage of gross profit to gross sales, amounts collected, and gross profit on amounts collected.

### Line 6

Report on line 6 amounts from finance reserve income, scrap sales, bad debts you recovered, interest (such as on notes and accounts receivable), state gasoline or fuel tax refunds you got in 2005, credit for biodiesel fuels claimed on Form 8864, credit for federal tax paid on gasoline or other fuels claimed on your 2004 Form 1040, prizes and awards related to your trade or business, and other kinds of miscellaneous business income. Include amounts you received in your trade or business as shown on Form 1099-PATR. Also, include any recapture of the deduction for clean-fuel vehicles used in your business and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. For details, see Pub. 535.

If the business use percentage of any listed property (defined in the instructions for line 13 on page C-4) decreased to 50% or less in 2005, report on this line any recapture of excess depreciation, including any section 179 expense deduction. Use Form 4797 to figure the recapture. Also, if the business use percentage drops to 50% or less on leased listed property (other than a vehicle), include on this line any inclusion amount. See Pub. 946 to figure the amount.

## Part II. Expenses

Capitalizing costs of property. If you produced real or tangible personal property or acquired property for resale, certain ex-penses attributable to the property generally must be included in inventory costs or capitalized. In addition to direct costs, producers of inventory property generally must also include part of certain indirect costs in their inventory. Purchasers of personal property acquired for resale must include part of certain indirect costs in inventory only if the average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years exceed \$10 million. Also, you must capitalize part of the indirect costs that benefit real or tangible personal property constructed for use in a trade or business, or noninventory property produced for sale to customers. Reduce the amounts on lines 8 through 26 and Part V by amounts capitalized. For details, see Pub. 538.

**Exception for certain producers.** Producers who account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental can currently deduct expenditures for direct labor and all indirect costs that would otherwise be included in inventory costs. See *Cost of Goods Sold* on page C-6 for more details.

**Exception for creative property.** If you are an artist, author, or photographer, you may be exempt from the capitalization rules. However, your personal efforts must have created (or reasonably be expected to create) the property. This exception does not apply to any expense related to printing, photographic plates, motion picture films, video tapes, or similar items. These expenses are subject to the capitalization rules. For details, see Pub. 538.

## Line 9

You can deduct the actual expenses of running your car or truck or take the standard mileage rate. You must use actual expenses if you used your vehicle for hire (such as a taxicab) or you used more than four vehicles simultaneously in your business (such as in fleet operations). You cannot use actual expenses for a leased vehicle if you previously used the standard mileage rate for that vehicle.

You can take the standard mileage rate for 2005 only if you:

• Owned the vehicle and use the standard mileage rate for the first year you placed the vehicle in service, or

• Leased the vehicle and are using the standard mileage rate for the entire lease period (except the period, if any, before 1998).

If you deduct actual expenses:

• Include on line 9 the business portion of expenses for gasoline, oil, repairs, insurance, tires, license plates, etc., and

• Show depreciation on line 13 and rent or lease payments on line 20a.

If you take the standard mileage rate, do not deduct depreciation, rent or lease payments, or your actual operating expenses. Multiply the number of business miles driven:

• Before September 1, 2005, by 40.5 cents, and

• After August 31, 2005, by 48.5 cents.

Add to this amount your parking fees and tolls, and enter the total on line 9.

For details, see Pub. 463.

**Information on your vehicle.** If you claim any car and truck expenses, you must provide certain information on the use of your vehicle by completing one of the following.

• Schedule C, Part IV, or Schedule C-EZ, Part III, if: (a) you are claiming the standard mileage rate, you lease your vehicle, or your vehicle is fully depreciated, and (b) you are not required to file Form 4562 for any other reason. If you used more than one vehicle during the year, attach your own schedule with the information requested in Schedule C, Part IV, or Schedule C-EZ, Part III, for each additional vehicle.

• Form 4562, Part V, if you are claiming depreciation on your vehicle or you are required to file Form 4562 for any other reason (see the instructions for line 13).

#### Line 11

Enter the total cost of contract labor for the tax year. Do not include contract labor deducted elsewhere on your return such as contract labor that you included in Part III. Also, do not include salaries and wages paid to your employees, instead see line 26.

#### Line 12

Enter your deduction for depletion on this line. If you have timber depletion, attach Form T. See Pub. 535 for details.

#### Line 13

Depreciation and section 179 expense deduction. Depreciation is the annual deduction allowed to recover the cost or other basis of business or investment property having a useful life substantially beyond the tax year. You can also depreciate improvements made to leased business property. However, stock in trade, inventories, and land are not depreciable. Depreciation starts when you first use the property in your business or for the production of income. It ends when you take the property out of service, deduct all your depreciable cost or other basis, or no longer use the property in your business or for the production of income. You can also elect under section 179 to expense part of the cost of certain property you bought in 2005 for use in your business. See the Instructions for Form 4562 to figure the amount to enter on line 13.

When to attach Form 4562. You must complete and attach Form 4562 only if:

• You are claiming depreciation on property placed in service during 2005;

• You are claiming depreciation on listed property (defined below), regardless of the date it was placed in service; or

• You are claiming a section 179 expense deduction.

If you acquired depreciable property for the first time in 2005, see Pub. 946.

Listed property generally includes, but is not limited to:

• Passenger automobiles weighing 6,000 pounds or less;

• Any other property used for transportation if the nature of the property lends itself to personal use, such as motorcycles, pickup trucks, etc.;

• Any property used for entertainment or recreational purposes (such as photographic, phonographic, communication, and video recording equipment);

• Cellular telephones or other similar telecommunications equipment; and

• Computers or peripheral equipment.

**Exceptions.** Listed property does not include photographic, phonographic, communication, or video equipment used exclusively in your trade or business or at your regular business establishment. It also does not include any computer or peripheral equipment used exclusively at a regular business establishment and owned or leased by the person operating the establishment. For purposes of these exceptions, a portion of your home is treated as a regular business establishment only if that portion meets the requirements under section 280A(c)(1) for deducting expenses for the business use of your home.

See the instructions for line 6 on page C-3 if the business use percentage of any listed property decreased to 50% or less in 2005.

#### Line 14

Deduct contributions to employee benefit programs that are not an incidental part of a pension or profit-sharing plan included on line 19. Examples are accident and health plans, group-term life insurance, and dependent care assistance programs. If you made contributions on your behalf as a self-employed person to a dependent care assistance program, complete Form 2441, Parts I and III, to figure your deductible contributions to that program.

Do not include on line 14 any contributions you made on your behalf as a self-employed person to an accident and health plan or for group-term life insurance. You may be able to deduct on Form 1040, line 29, the amount you paid for health insurance on behalf of yourself, your spouse, and dependents, even if you do not itemize your deductions. See the instructions for Form 1040, line 29, for details.

### Line 15

Deduct premiums paid for business insurance on line 15. Deduct on line 14 amounts paid for employee accident and health insurance. Do not deduct amounts credited to a reserve for self-insurance or premiums paid for a policy that pays for your lost earnings due to sickness or disability. For details, see Pub. 535.

#### Lines 16a and 16b

Interest allocation rules. The tax treatment of interest expense differs depending on its type. For example, home mortgage interest and investment interest are treated differently. "Interest allocation" rules require you to allocate (classify) your interest expense so it is deducted (or capitalized) on the correct line of your return and receives the right tax treatment. These rules could affect how much interest you are allowed to deduct on Schedule C or C-EZ.

Generally, you allocate interest expense by tracing how the proceeds of the loan were used. See Pub. 535 for details.

If you paid interest on a debt secured by your main home and any of the proceeds from that debt were used in connection with your trade or business, see Pub. 535 to figure the amount that is deductible on Schedule C or C-EZ.

How to report. If you have a mortgage on real property used in your business (other than your main home), enter on line 16a the interest you paid for 2005 to banks or other financial institutions for which you received a Form 1098 (or similar statement). If you did not receive a Form 1098, enter the interest on line 16b.

If you paid more mortgage interest than is shown on Form 1098, see Pub. 535 to find out if you can deduct the additional interest. If you can, include the amount on line 16a. Attach a statement to your return explaining the difference and enter "See attached" in the margin next to line 16a.

If you and at least one other person (other than your spouse if you file a joint return) were liable for and paid interest on the mortgage and the other person received the Form 1098, include your share of the interest on line 16b. Attach a statement to your return showing the name and address of the person who received the Form 1098. In the margin next to line 16b, enter "See attached."

If you paid interest in 2005 that applies to future years, deduct only the part that applies to 2005.

#### Line 17

Include on this line fees for tax advice related to your business and for preparation of the tax forms related to your business.

#### Line 19

Enter your deduction for contributions to a pension, profit-sharing, or annuity plan, or plans for the benefit of your employees. If the plan included you as a self-employed person, enter contributions made as an employer on your behalf on Form 1040, line 28, not on Schedule C.

Generally, you must file the applicable form listed below if you maintain a pension, profit-sharing, or other funded-deferred compensation plan. The filing requirement is not affected by whether or not the plan qualified under the Internal Revenue Code, or whether or not you claim a deduction for the current tax year. There is a penalty for failure to timely file these forms.

**Form 5500.** File this form for a plan that is not a one-participant plan (see below).

**Form 5500-EZ.** File this form for a one-participant plan. A one-participant plan is a plan that only covers you (or you and your spouse).

For details, see Pub. 560.

#### Lines 20a and 20b

If you rented or leased vehicles, machinery, or equipment, enter on line 20a the business portion of your rental cost. But if you leased a vehicle for a term of 30 days or more, you may have to reduce your deduction by an amount called the inclusion amount. See Pub. 463 to figure your inclusion amount.

Enter on line 20b amounts paid to rent or lease other property, such as office space in a building.

#### Line 21

Deduct the cost of repairs and maintenance. Include labor, supplies, and other items that do not add to the value or increase the life of the property. Do not deduct the value of your own labor. Do not deduct amounts spent to restore or replace property; they must be capitalized.

#### Line 22

Generally, you can deduct the cost of supplies only to the extent you actually consumed and used them in your business during the tax year (unless you deducted them in a prior tax year). However, if you had incidental supplies on hand for which you kept no inventories or records of use, you can deduct the cost of supplies you actually purchased during the tax year, provided that method clearly reflects income.

#### Line 23

You can deduct the following taxes and licenses on this line.

• State and local sales taxes imposed on you as the seller of goods or services. If you collected this tax from the buyer, you must also include the amount collected in gross receipts or sales on line 1.

• Real estate and personal property taxes on business assets.

• Licenses and regulatory fees for your trade or business paid each year to state or local governments. But some licenses, such as liquor licenses, may have to be amortized. See Pub. 535 for details.

• Social security and Medicare taxes paid to match required withholding from your employees' wages. Also, federal unemployment tax paid. Reduce your deduction by the amount shown on Form 8846, line 4.

• Federal highway use tax.

Do not deduct the following on this line.

• Federal income taxes, including your self-employment tax. However, you can deduct one-half of your self-employment tax on Form 1040, line 27.

• Estate and gift taxes.

• Taxes assessed to pay for improvements, such as paving and sewers.

• Taxes on your home or personal use property.

• State and local sales taxes on property purchased for use in your business. Instead, treat these taxes as part of the cost of the property.

• State and local sales taxes imposed on the buyer that you were required to collect and pay over to state or local governments. These taxes are not included in gross receipts or sales nor are they a deductible expense. However, if the state or local government allowed you to retain any part of the sales tax you collected, you must include that amount as income on line 6.

• Other taxes and license fees not related to your business.

#### Line 24a

Enter your expenses for lodging and transportation connected with overnight travel for business while away from your tax home. Generally, your tax home is your main place of business regardless of where you maintain your family home. You cannot deduct expenses paid or incurred in connection with employment away from home if that period of employment exceeds 1 year. Also, you cannot deduct travel expenses for your spouse, your dependent, or any other individual unless that person is your employee, the travel is for a bona fide business purpose, and the expenses would otherwise be deductible by that person.

Do not include expenses for meals and entertainment on this line. Instead, see the instructions for line 24b on this page.

Instead of keeping records of your actual incidental expenses, you can use an optional method for deducting incidental expenses only if you did not pay or incur meal expenses on a day you were traveling away from your tax home. The amount of the deduction is \$3 a day. Incidental expenses include fees and tips given to por-ters, baggage carriers, bellhops, hotel maids, stewards or stewardesses and others on ships, and hotel servants in foreign countries. They do not include expenses for laundry, cleaning and pressing of clothing, lodging taxes, or the costs of telegrams or telephone calls. You cannot use this method on any day that you use the standard meal allowance (as explained in the instructions for line 24b).

You cannot deduct expenses for attending a foreign convention unless it is directly related to your trade or business and it is as reasonable for the meeting to be held outside the North American area as within it. These rules apply to both employers and employees. Other rules apply to luxury water travel.

For details, see Pub. 463.

#### Line 24b

Enter your total deductible business meal and entertainment expenses. Include meal expenses while traveling away from home for business.

**Deductible expenses.** Business meal expenses are deductible only if they are (a) directly related to or associated with the active conduct of your trade or business, (b) not lavish or extravagant, and (c) incurred while you or your employee is present at the meal.

You cannot deduct any expense paid or incurred for a facility (such as a yacht or hunting lodge) used for any activity usually considered entertainment, amusement, or recreation.

Also, you cannot deduct membership dues for any club organized for business, pleasure, recreation, or other social purpose. This includes country clubs, golf and athletic clubs, airline and hotel clubs, and clubs operated to provide meals under conditions favorable to business discussion. But it does not include civic or public service organizations, professional organizations (such as bar and medical associations), business leagues, trade associations, chambers of commerce, boards of trade, and real estate boards, unless a principal purpose of the organization is to entertain, or provide entertainment facilities for, members or their guests.

There are exceptions to these rules as well as other rules that apply to sky-box rentals and tickets to entertainment events. See Pub. 463.

**Standard meal allowance.** Instead of the actual cost of your meals while traveling away from home, you can use the standard meal allowance for your daily meals and incidental expenses. Under this method, you deduct a specified amount, depending on where you travel, instead of keeping records of your actual meal expenses. However, you must still keep records to prove the time, place, and business purpose of your travel.

The standard meal allowance is the federal M&IE rate. You can find these rates on the Internet at *www.gsa.gov*. Click on "Per Diem Rates." For locations outside the continental United States, the applicable rates are published monthly. You can find these rates on the Internet at *www.state.gov*.

See Pub. 463 for details on how to figure your deduction using the standard meal allowance, including special rules for partial days of travel.

Amount of deduction. Generally, you can deduct only 50% of your business meal and entertainment expenses, including meals incurred while away from home on business. For individuals subject to the Department of Transportation (DOT) hours of service limits, that percentage is increased to 70% for business meals consumed during, or incident to, any period of duty for which those limits are in effect. Individuals subject to the DOT hours of service limits include the following persons.

• Certain air transportation workers (such as pilots, crew, dispatchers, mechanics, and control tower operators) who are under Federal Aviation Administration regulations.

• Interstate truck operators who are under DOT regulations.

• Certain merchant mariners who are under Coast Guard regulations.

However, you can fully deduct meals, incidentals, and entertainment furnished or reimbursed to an employee if you properly treat the expense as wages subject to withholding. You can also fully deduct meals, incidentals, and entertainment provided to a nonemployee to the extent the expenses are includible in the gross income of that person and reported on Form 1099-MISC. See Pub. 535 for details and other exceptions.

**Daycare providers.** If you qualify as a family daycare provider, you can use the standard meal and snack rates, instead of actual costs, to compute the deductible cost of meals and snacks provided to eligible children. See Pub. 587 for details, including recordkeeping requirements.

#### Line 25

Deduct only utility expenses for your trade or business.

Local telephone service. If you used your home phone for business, do not deduct the base rate (including taxes) of the first phone line into your residence. But you can deduct expenses for any additional costs you incurred for business that are more than the cost of the base rate for the first phone line. For example, if you had a second line, you can deduct the business percentage of the charges for that line, including the base rate charges.

#### Line 26

Enter the total salaries and wages for the tax year. Do not include salaries and wages deducted elsewhere on your return or amounts paid to yourself. Reduce your deduction by the amounts claimed on:

• Form 5884, Work Opportunity Credit, line 2;

• Form 5884-A, Hurricane Katrina Employee Retention Credit, line 2;

• Form 8844, Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community Employment Credit, line 2;

• Form 8845, Indian Employment Credit, line 4; and

• Form 8861, Welfare-to-Work Credit, line 2.



If you provided taxable fringe benefits to your employees, such as personal use of a car, do not deduct as wages the amount

applicable to depreciation and other expenses claimed elsewhere.

### Line 30

**Business use of your home.** You may be able to deduct certain expenses for business use of your home, subject to limitations. You must attach Form 8829 if you claim

this deduction. For details, see the Instructions for Form 8829 and Pub. 587.

#### Line 31

If you have a loss, the amount of loss you can deduct this year may be limited. Go to line 32 before entering your loss on line 31. If you answered "No" to Schedule C, Question G, also see the Instructions for Form 8582. Enter the net profit or deductible loss here. Combine this amount with any profit or loss from other businesses, and enter the total on Form 1040, line 12, and Schedule SE, line 2. Estates and trusts should enter the total on Form 1041, line 3.

If you have a net profit on line 31, this amount is earned income and may qualify you for the earned income credit. See the instructions for Form 1040, lines 66a and 66b, for details.

**Statutory employees.** Include your net profit or deductible loss from line 31 with other Schedule C amounts on Form 1040, line 12. However, do not report this amount on Schedule SE, line 2. If you are required to file Schedule SE because of other self-employment income, see the Instructions for Schedule SE.

### Line 32

At-risk rules. Generally, if you have (a) a business loss and (b) amounts in the business for which you are not at risk, you will have to complete Form 6198 to figure your allowable loss. The at-risk rules generally limit the amount of loss (including loss on the disposition of assets) you can claim to the amount you could actually lose in the business.

Check box 32b if you have amounts for which you are not at risk in this business, such as the following.

• Nonrecourse loans used to finance the business, to acquire property used in the business, or to acquire the business that are not secured by your own property (other than property used in the business). However, there is an exception for certain non-recourse financing borrowed by you in connection with holding real property.

• Cash, property, or borrowed amounts used in the business (or contributed to the business, or used to acquire the business) that are protected against loss by a guarantee, stop-loss agreement, or other similar arrangement (excluding casualty insurance and insurance against tort liability).

• Amounts borrowed for use in the business from a person who has an interest in the business, other than as a creditor, or who is related under section 465(b)(3) to a person (other than you) having such an interest.

If all amounts are at risk in this business, check box 32a and enter your loss on line 31. But if you answered "No" to Question G, you may need to complete Form 8582 to figure your deductible loss. See the Instructions for Form 8582 for details.

If you checked box 32b, see Form 6198 to determine the amount of your deductible

loss. But if you answered "No" to Question G, your loss may be further limited. See the Instructions for Form 8582. If your at-risk amount is zero or less, enter -0- on line 31. Be sure to attach Form 6198 to your return. If you checked box 32b and you do not attach Form 6198, the processing of your tax return may be delayed.

Any loss from this business not allowed for 2005 because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to the business in 2006. For details, see the Instructions for Form 6198 and Pub. 925.

### Part III. Cost of Goods Sold

Generally, if you engaged in a trade or business in which the production, purchase, or sale of merchandise was an income-producing factor, you must take inventories into account at the beginning and end of your tax year.

However, if you are a qualifying taxpayer or a qualifying small business taxpayer, you can account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental. To change your accounting method, see the instructions for line F on page C-2.

A qualifying taxpayer is a taxpayer (a) whose average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years are \$1 million or less, and (b) whose business is not a tax shelter (as defined in section 448(d)(3)).

A qualifying small business taxpayer is a taxpayer (a) whose average annual gross receipts for the 3 prior tax years are more than \$1 million but not more than \$10 million, (b) whose business is not a tax shelter (as defined in section 448(d)(3)), and (c) whose principal business activity is not an ineligible activity as explained in Rev. Proc. 2002-28. You can find Rev. Proc. 2002-28 on page 815 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2002-18 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf

Under this accounting method, inventory costs for raw materials purchased for use in producing finished goods and merchandise purchased for resale are deductible in the year the finished goods or merchandise are sold (but not before the year you paid for the raw materials or merchandise, if you are also using the cash method). Enter amounts paid for all raw materials and merchandise during 2005 on line 36. The amount you can deduct for 2005 is figured on line 42.

Additional information. For additional guidance on this method of accounting for inventoriable items, see Rev. Proc. 2001-10 if you are a qualifying taxpayer or Rev. Proc. 2002-28 if you are a qualifying small business taxpayer. You can find Rev. Proc. 2001-10 on page 272 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2001-2 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb01-02.pdf, and Rev. Proc. 2002-28 on page 815 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2002-18 at www.irs.gov/pub/ irs-irbs/irb02-18.pdf.



Certain direct and indirect expenses may have to be capitalized or included in inventory. See the instructions for Part II beginning on page C-3.

#### Line 33

Your inventories can be valued at cost; cost or market value, whichever is lower; or any other method approved by the IRS. However, you are required to use cost if you are using the cash method of accounting.

### Line 35

If you are changing your method of accounting beginning with 2005, refigure last year's closing inventory using your new method of accounting and enter the result on line 35. If there is a difference between last year's closing inventory and the refigured amount, attach an explanation and take it into account when figuring your section 481(a) adjustment. See the example on page C-2 for details.

### Line 41

If you account for inventoriable items in the same manner as materials and supplies that are not incidental, enter on line 41 the portion of your raw materials and merchandise purchased for resale that are included on line 40 and were not sold during the year.

## Part IV. Information on Your Vehicle

### Line 44b

Generally, commuting is travel between your home and a work location. If you converted your vehicle during the year from personal to business use (or vice versa), enter your commuting miles only for the period you drove your vehicle for business. For information on certain travel that is considered a business expense rather than commuting, see the Instructions for Form 2106.

## Part V. Other Expenses

Include all ordinary and necessary business expenses not deducted elsewhere on Schedule C. List the type and amount of each expense separately in the space provided. Enter the total on lines 48 and 27. Do not include the cost of business equipment or furniture, replacements or permanent improvements to property, or personal, living, and family expenses. Do not include charitable contributions. Also, you cannot deduct fines or penalties paid to a government for violating any law. For details on business expenses, see Pub. 535.

**Amortization.** Include amortization in this part. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

You can amortize:

 The cost of pollution-control facilities.

 Amounts paid for research and experimentation.

Qualified revitalization expenditures.

• Amounts paid to acquire, protect, expand, register, or defend trademarks or trade names.

 Goodwill and certain other intangibles.

In general, you cannot amortize real property construction period interest and taxes. Special rules apply for allocating interest to real or personal property produced in your trade or business.

At-risk loss deduction. Any loss from this activity that was not allowed as a deduction last year because of the at-risk rules is treated as a deduction allocable to this activity in 2005.

Business start-up costs. You can either deduct or begin amortizing certain business start-up costs in the year your business begins. The method you use depends on when the costs were paid or incurred.

Paid or incurred before October 23, 2004. You can elect to amortize these business start-up costs over 60 months or more, beginning with the month the business began.

Paid or incurred after October 22, 2004. You can elect to deduct up to \$5,000 of these business start-up costs for the year your business began. This limit is reduced (but not below zero) by the amount by which your total start-up costs exceed \$50,000. Your remaining start-up costs can be amortized over a 180-month period, beginning with the month the business began.

For details, see Pub. 535. For amortization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562.

Capital construction fund. Do not claim on Schedule C or C-EZ the deduction for amounts contributed to a capital construction fund set up under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936. Instead, reduce the amount you would otherwise enter on Form 1040, line 43, by the amount of the deduction. Next to line 43, enter "CCF" and the amount of the deduction. For details, see Pub. 595.

Clean-fuel vehicles and clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. You may be able to deduct part of the cost of qualified clean-fuel vehicle property used in your business and qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property. See Pub. 535 for details.

Disabled access credit and the deduction for removing barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly. You may be able to claim a tax credit of up to \$5,000 for eligible expenditures paid or incurred in 2005 to provide access to your business for individuals with disabilities. See Form 8826 for details. You can also deduct up to \$15,000 of costs paid or incurred in 2005 to remove architectural or transportation barriers to individuals with disabilities and the elderly. However, you cannot take both the credit and the deduction on the same expenditures.

Film and television production expenses. You can elect to deduct costs of certain qualified film and television productions. For details, see Pub. 535.

Forestation and reforestation costs. You can elect to deduct up to \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately) of qualifying reforestation costs paid or incurred after October 22, 2004. The remaining costs can be amortized over an 84-month period. The amortization election does not apply to trusts and the expense election does not apply to estate and trusts. For details, see Pub. 535. For prization that begins in 2005, you must complete and attach Form 4562

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated burden for individual taxpayers filing this form is included in the estimates shown in the instructions for their individual income tax return. The estimated burden for all other taxpayers who file this form is approved under OMB control number 1545-1974 and is shown below.

Recordkeeping	1 hr. 18 min.
Learning about the law or the form	24 min.
Preparing the form	1 hr.
Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS	20 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for the tax return with which this form is filed.

#### **Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes**

These codes for the Principal Business or Professional Activity classify sole proprietorships by the type of activity they are engaged in to facilitate the administration of the Internal Revenue Code. These six-digit codes are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Select the category that best describes your primary business activity (for example, Real Estate). Then select the activity that best identifies the principal source of your sales or receipts (for example, real estate agent). Now find the six-digit code assigned to this activity (for example, 531210, the code for offices

Support Activities for

of real estate agents and brokers) and enter it on Schedule C or C-EZ, line B.

Note. If your principal source of income is from farming activities, you should file Schedule F.

•	•	
Accom	modation Food	Supp
Sorvio	modation, Food	Agric
	es, & Drinking Places	
Accom	modation	115210
721310	Rooming & boarding houses	
721210	RV (recreational vehicle)	115110
/21210	parks & recreational camps	
721100	Traveler accommodation	
721100	(including hotels, motels, &	
	bed & breakfast inns)	115310
	Services & Drinking	Arts,
Places		Recre
722410	Drinking places (alcoholic	Amus
	beverages)	Recre
722110	Full-service restaurants	713100
722210	Limited-service eating places	
722300	Special food services	713200
/22000	(including food service	713900
	contractors & caterers)	
		-
Admin	istrative & Support	
and W	aste Management &	
	diation Services	
		Muse
Aamin	istrative & Support	Simila
Service	es	712100
561430	Business service centers	/12100
	(including private mail	Perfo
	centers & copy shops)	
561740	Carpet & upholstery cleaning	Sport
	services	711410
561440	Collection agencies	
561450	Credit bureaus	
		711510
561410	Document preparation	
	services	711100
561300	Employment services	711300
561710	Exterminating & pest control	
	services	711210
561210	Facilities support	
	(management) services	
561600	Investigation & security	
	services	Cons
561720	Janitorial services	236200
561730	Landscaping services	230200
561110	Office administrative services	226100
		236100
561420	Telephone call centers	
	(including telephone	Heav
	answering services &	Cons
5 6 1 5 0 0	telemarketing bureaus)	237310
561500	Travel arrangement &	
<b>F</b> < 1 400	reservation services	237210
561490	Other business support	237100
	services (including	237990
	repossession services, court	231770
	reporting, & stenotype	Snool
561700	Services)	Speci
561790	Other services to buildings &	238310
561000	dwellings	
561900	Other support services	238210
	(including packaging &	238350
	labeling services, &	238330
	convention & trade show organizers)	238130
Masta	, ,	238150
	Management &	
Remed	liation Services	238140
562000	Waste management &	238320
	remediation services	
		238220
Agricu	lture, Forestry,	
Huntin	g, & Fishing	238110
112900		
112900	Animal production (including broading of cats and dogs)	238160
114110	breeding of cats and dogs)	238170
114110	Fishing	
113000	Forestry & logging (including	238910
	forest nurseries & timber	238120
	tracts)	
114210	Hunting & trapping	
		238340

Suppo Agricu	Iture & Forestry	
115210	Support activities for animal	238
115110	production (including farriers) Support activities for crop	238
	production (including cotton ginning, soil preparation, planting, & cultivating)	238
115310	Support activities for forestry	Ec
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Amuse	ement, Gambling, &	Fi
713100	Amusement parks & arcades	Cr
713200	Gambling industries	Re
713900	Other amusement & recreation services (including	522
	golf courses, skiing facilities, marinas, fitness centers,	
	bowling centers, skating	522
Museu	rinks, miniature golf courses) ms, Historical Sites, &	522
	Institutions	
712100	Museums, historical sites, & similar institutions	522
Perfor	ming Arts, Spectator	
Sports	, & Related Industries	Ins
711410	Agents & managers for artists, athletes, entertainers,	<b>Re</b> 524
	& other public figures	52-
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711100	Performing arts companies	Se
711300	Promoters of performing arts, sports, & similar events	Co
711210	Spectator sports (including	
	professional sports clubs & racetrack operations)	523
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Const	ruction of Buildings	523
<b>Const</b> 236200	ruction of Buildings Nonresidential building	523
236200	Nonresidential building construction	523 523
	Nonresidential building	523 523
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236200 236100 Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237900 Specia 238310 238310 238330 238130 238130 238130 238140 238140 238140	Nonresidential building construction Residential building construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors	523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523
236200 236100 Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237900 Specia 238310 238210 238320 238130 238130 238140 238220 238220 238110 238110	Nonresidential building construction Residential building construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation & structure contractors Roofing contractors	52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52:
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236200 236100 Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237900 Specia 238310 238210 238320 238130 238130 238140 238220 238220 238110 238110	Nonresidential building construction Residential building construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Glass & glazing contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation & structure contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors Sit preparation contractors	523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523 621 621 621 621 621 621 621 621 621
236200 236100 Heavy Constr 237310 237210 237100 237990 Specia 238310 238210 238350 238330 238130 238130 238140 238120 238120 238220 238210 238220 238210 238220	Nonresidential building construction Residential building construction and Civil Engineering uction Highway, street, & bridge construction Land subdivision Utility system construction Other heavy & civil engineering construction Ity Trade Contractors Drywall & insulation contractors Electrical contractors Finish carpentry contractors Flooring contractors Framing carpentry contractors Glass & glazing contractors Glass & glazing contractors Masonry contractors Painting & wall covering contractors Plumbing, heating & air- conditioning contractors Poured concrete foundation & structure contractors Roofing contractors Siding contractors Siding contractors	52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52: 52:

238290	Other building equipment	621900	Other ambulatory health care
238390	contractors Other building finishing		services (including ambulance services, blood, & organ banks)
238190	Contractors Other foundation, structure, &	Hospit	
220000	building exterior contractors	622000	Hospitals
238990	All other specialty trade contractors	Nursin Faciliti	g & Residential Care es
Educa 611000	tional Services	623000	Nursing & residential care facilities
011000	Educational services (including schools, colleges,	Social	Assistance
	& universities)	624410	Child day care services
Einano	e & Insurance	624200	Community food & housing,
	Intermediation &		& emergency & other relief services
	d Activities	624100	Individual & family services
522100	Depository credit	624310	Vocational rehabilitation
	intermediation (including		services
	commercial banking, savings institutions, & credit unions)	Inform	ation
522200	Nondepository credit	511000	Publishing industries (except
	intermediation (including	Desert	Internet)
	sales financing & consumer lending)		casting (except Internet) communications
522300	Activities related to credit	515000	
	intermediation (including loan brokers)	517000	Telecommunications
Insura	nce Agents, Brokers, &	Interne	et Publishing &
	d Activities	Broade	casting
524210	Insurance agencies & brokerages	516110	Internet publishing & broadcasting
524290	Other insurance related activities		et Service Providers, earch Portals, & Data
Securit	ties, Commodity	Proces	ssing Services
	cts, & Other Financial	518210	Data processing, hosting, & related services
Activiti	nents & Related	518111	Internet service providers
523140	Commodity contracts brokers	518112	Web search portals
523140 523130	Commodity contracts dealers	519100	Other information services
523110	Investment bankers & securities dealers		(including news syndicates and libraries)
523210	Securities & commodity exchanges	Motion Record	Picture & Sound
523120	Securities brokers	512100	Motion picture & video
523900	Other financial investment		industries (except video rental)
	activities (including investment advice)	512200	Sound recording industries
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Manuf	e et unio e
Assist	Care & Social	315000	Apparel mfg.
	atory Health Care	312000	Beverage & tobacco product
Service			mfg.
621610	Home health care services	334000	Computer & electronic
621510	Medical & diagnostic	335000	product mfg. Electrical equipment,
621310	laboratories		appliance, & component mfg.
621310	Offices of chiropractors Offices of dentists	332000	Fabricated metal product mfg.
621330	Offices of mental health	337000	Furniture & related product mfg.
	practitioners (except	333000	Machinery mfg.
621320	physicians) Offices of optometrists	339110	Medical equipment &
621320 621340	Offices of physical,	222000	supplies mfg.
021010	occupational & speech	322000	Paper mfg.
601111	therapists, & audiologists	324100	Petroleum & coal products mfg.
621111	Offices of physicians (except mental health specialists)	326000	Plastics & rubber products
621112	Offices of physicians, mental	221000	mfg. Drimenu metal mfa
(2) (2)	health specialists	331000 323100	Primary metal mfg. Printing & related support
621391 621399	Offices of podiatrists Offices of all other	525100	activities
021399	miscellaneous health	313000	Textile mills
	practitioners	314000	Textile product mills
621400	Outpatient care centers	336000	Transportation equipment mfg.
		321000	Wood product mfg.
		339900	Other miscellaneous mfg.

#### Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes (continued)

**Repair & Maintenance** 

811120 Automotive body, paint,

Princip	al Business or Profession	na
Chemi	cal Manufacturing	
325100	Basic chemical mfg.	
325500	Paint, coating, & adhesive mfg.	
325300	Pesticide, fertilizer, & other agricultural chemical mfg.	
325410	Pharmaceutical & medicine mfg.	
325200	Resin, synthetic rubber, & artificial & synthetic fibers & filaments mfg.	
325600	Soap, cleaning compound, & toilet preparation mfg.	
325900	Other chemical product & preparation mfg.	
Food N	lanufacturing	
311110	Animal food mfg.	
311800	Bakeries & tortilla mfg.	
311500	Dairy product mfg.	
311400	Fruit & vegetable preserving & speciality food mfg.	
311200	Grain & oilseed milling	
311610 311710	Animal slaughtering & processing Seafood product preparation	
311710	& packaging Sugar & confectionery	
311900	product mfg. Other food mfg. (including	
	coffee, tea, flavorings, & seasonings)	
	r & Allied Product acturing	
316210	Footwear mfg. (including leather, rubber, & plastics)	
316110	Leather & hide tanning & finishing	
316990	Other leather & allied product mfg.	
Nonme	etallic Mineral Product	
	acturing	
327300	Cement & concrete product mfg.	
327100	Clay product & refractory mfg.	
327210	Glass & glass product mfg.	
327400	Lime & gypsum product mfg.	
327900	Other nonmetallic mineral product mfg.	
Mining		
212110	Coal mining	
212200	Metal ore mining	
212300	Nonmetallic mineral mining & quarrying	
211110	Oil & gas extraction	
213110	Support activities for mining	
	Services	
Person	al & Laundry Services	
812111	Barber shops	
812112	Beauty salons	
812220	Cemeteries & crematories	
812310	Coin-operated laundries & drycleaners	
812320	Drycleaning & laundry services (except	
	coin-operated) (including laundry & drycleaning dropoff & pickup sites)	
812210	Funeral homes & funeral services	
812330	Linen & uniform supply	
812113	Nail salons	
812930	Parking lots & garages	
812910	Pet care (except veterinary) services	

Other personal care services (including diet & weight

reducing centers)

812990 All other personal services

812920 Photofinishing

812190

#### interior, & glass repair Automotive mechanical & 811110 electrical repair & maintenance 811190 Other automotive repair & maintenance (including oil change & lubrication shops & car washes) 811310 Commercial & industrial machinery & equipment (except automotive & electronic) repair & maintenance 811210 Electronic & precision equipment repair & maintenance 811430 Footwear & leather goods repair 811410 Home & garden equipment & appliance repair & maintenance 811420 Reupholstery & furniture repair 811490 Other personal & household goods repair & maintenance Professional, Scientific, & **Technical Services** 541100 Legal services 541211 Offices of certified public accountants 541214 Payroll services 541213 Tax preparation services 541219 Other accounting services Architectural, Engineering, & **Related Services** 541310 Architectural services 541350 Building inspection services 541340 Drafting services 541330 Engineering services 541360 Geophysical surveying & mapping services 541320 Landscape architecture services 541370 Surveying & mapping (except geophysical) services 541380 Testing laboratories **Computer Systems Design & Related Services** 541510 Computer systems design & related services **Specialized Design Services** 541400 Specialized design services (including interior, industrial, graphic, & fashion design) Other Professional, Scientific, & Technical Services 541800 Advertising & related services Management, scientific, & technical consulting services 541600 541910 Market research & public opinion polling 541920 Photographic services Scientific research & 541700 development services 541930 Translation & interpretation services 541940 Veterinary services 541990 All other professional, scientific, & technical services Real Estate & Rental & Leasing

#### Real Estate

53

53

	otuto
1100	Lessors of real estate
	(including miniwarehouses & self-storage units)
1210	Offices of real estate agents & brokers

531320	Offices of real estate	446190
531310	appraisers Real estate property managers	Motor
531310	Other activities related to real	441300
001070	estate	441300
Rental	& Leasing Services	441222
532100	Automotive equipment rental	441221
	& leasing	441110
532400	Commercial & industrial	441210
	machinery & equipment rental & leasing	
532210	Consumer electronics &	441120
	appliances rental	441229
532220	Formal wear & costume	
532310	rental	Sport
5322310	General rental centers Video tape & disc rental	Book,
532290	Other consumer goods rental	451211
332270	other consumer goods tentar	451120
	ous, Grantmaking,	451140
	Professional, & Šimilar	451212
	izations	451220
813000	Religious, grantmaking, civic,	.01220
	professional, & similar organizations	451130
	organizations	
Retail		451110
Buildir	ng Material & Garden	Misce
Equipr	nent & Supplies Dealers	453920
444130	Hardware stores	453110
444110	Home centers	453220
444200	Lawn & garden equipment & supplies stores	453930
444120	Paint & wallpaper stores	
444190	Other building materials	453210
	dealers	452010
	ng & Accessories	453910 453310
Stores		453990
448130	Children's & infants' clothing	+33770
440150	stores	
448150 448140	Clothing accessories stores	Nonst
448140	Family clothing stores Jewelry stores	454112
448320	Luggage & leather goods	454111
	stores	454310
448110	Men's clothing stores	454113
448210	Shoe stores	454210 454390
448120	Women's clothing stores	434390
448190	Other clothing stores	
	onic & Appliance Stores	
443130	Camera & photographic	
443120	supplies stores Computer & software stores	
443111	Household appliance stores	Trans
443112	Radio, television, & other	Ware
	electronics stores	481000
	& Beverage Stores	485510
445310	Beer, wine, & liquor stores	484110
445220	Fish & seafood markets	484120
445230	Fruit & vegetable markets	
445100	Grocery stores (including supermarkets & convenience	485210
	stores without gas)	486000
445210	Meat markets	480000
445290	Other specialty food stores	487000
	re & Home Furnishing	
Stores		485410
442110	Furniture stores	
442200	Home furnishings stores	484200
	ne Stations	
447100	Gasoline stations (including convenience stores with gas)	485300
Gener	al Merchandise Stores	485110
	General merchandise stores	483000
	& Personal Care Stores	485990
446120		100000
440120	Cosmetics, beauty supplies, & perfume stores	488000
446130	Optical goods stores	
446130 446110		

#### Other health & personal care stores Vehicle & Parts Dealers Automotive parts, accessories, & tire stores Boat dealers Motorcycle dealers New car dealers Recreational vehicle dealers (including motor home & travel trailer dealers) Used car dealers All other motor vehicle dealers ing Goods, Hobby, & Music Stores Book stores Hobby, toy, & game stores Musical instrument & supplies stores News dealers & newsstands Prerecorded tape, compact disc, & record stores Sewing, needlework, & piece goods stores Sporting goods stores ellaneous Store Retailers Art dealers Florists Gift, novelty, & souvenir stores Manufactured (mobile) home dealers Office supplies & stationery stores Pet & pet supplies stores Used merchandise stores All other miscellaneous store retailers (including tobacco, candle, & trophy shops) tore Retailers Electronic auctions Electronic shopping Fuel dealers Mail-order houses Vending machine operators Other direct selling establishments (including door-to-door retailing, frozen food plan providers, party plan merchandisers, & coffee-break service providers) sportation & housing Air transportation Charter bus industry

484110	General freight trucking, local
484120	General freight trucking, long distance
485210	Interurban & rural bus transportation
486000	Pipeline transportation
482110	Rail transportation
487000	Scenic & sightseeing transportation
485410	School & employee bus transportation
484200	Specialized freight trucking (including household moving vans)
485300	Taxi & limousine service
485110	Urban transit systems
483000	Water transportation
485990	Other transit & ground passenger transportation
488000	Support activities for transportation (including motor vehicle towing)

#### Principal Business or Professional Activity Codes (continued)

Couriers & Messengers 492000 Couriers & messengers Warehousing & Storage Facilities 493100 Warehousing & storage	<ul> <li>423940 Jewelry, watch, precious stone, &amp; precious metals</li> <li>423300 Lumber &amp; other construction materials</li> <li>423800 Machinery, equipment, &amp; wardley</li> </ul>	Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods 424300 Apparel, piece goods, & notions 424800 Beer, wine, & distilled	<ul> <li>424700 Petroleum &amp; petroleum products</li> <li>424940 Tobacco &amp; tobacco products</li> <li>424990 Other miscellaneous nondurable goods</li> </ul>
Utilities       221000	supplies 423500 Metal & mineral (except petroleum) 423100 Motor vehicle & motor vehicle parts & supplies 423400 Professional & commercial equipment & supplies	alcoholic beverage 424920 Books, periodicals, & newspapers 424600 Chemical & allied products 424210 Drugs & druggists' sundries 424500 Farm product raw materials 424910 Farm supplies 424930 Flower, nursery stock, & florists' supplies 424400 Grocery & related products 424950 Paint, varnish, & supplies 424100 Paper & paper products	Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents & Brokers         425110       Business to business electronic markets         425120       Wholesale trade agents & brokers         999999       Unclassified establishments (unable to classify)
Wholesale TradeMerchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods423600Electrical & electronic goods423200Furniture & home furnishing423700Hardware, & plumbing & heating equipment & supplies	<ul> <li>423930 Recyclable materials</li> <li>423910 Sporting &amp; recreational goods &amp; supplies</li> <li>423920 Toy &amp; hobby goods &amp; supplies</li> <li>423990 Other miscellaneous durable goods</li> </ul>		