

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

Veterinary Services

Dairy 2007 VS Initial Visit (February 26 – April 30, 2007)



National Animal Health Monitoring System

2150 Centre Ave Bldg B Fort Collins, CO 80526

Form Approved OMB Number 0579-0205 Approval expires: 4/30/2010

State FIPS:	Operation #:	Interviewer:	Date:
2 digits	4 digits	Initials	(mm/dd/yy)

Section A—Inventory

1.	. How many dairy cattle of the following types are housed on this operation today?				
	a.	Lactating cows	V001		
	b.	Dry cows	V002		
		Bred heifers			
2.		w many dairy heifer calves were weaned (removed from a liquid ration) ile on this operation in the last 12 months?	V004		

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0579-0205. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 1.25 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collected.

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Section B—Biosecurity

3.	Which of the followin	g categories best	describes how familiar	you are with the listed diseases

	ı	Fairly knowledge- <u>able</u>	Know some basics	Recognized the name, not much else	Haven't heard of it <u>before</u>
a.	Foot-and-mouth disease voo	os I 1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
b.	Heartwatervoo	o6	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
C.	Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE or mad cow disease)voo	o7	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
d.	Screwwormvoo	₀₈ \square_1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
e.	Johne's disease (paratuberculosis)voo	o9 □ 1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
f.	Bluetonguevo1	0 🗖	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
g.	Vesicular stomatitisvon	1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
h.	Anthraxvo1	₂ \square_1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
i.	Mycoplasma mastitisvon	3 □1	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
j.	Hemorrhagic bowel syndrome (HBS) (Jejunal hemorrhage				
	syndrome)vo1	⁴ □ ₁	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
k.	Bovine viral diarrhea (BVD)vo1	5 	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4
l.	Leptospira hardjo bovisvo1	₆ □ ₁	\square_2	\square_3	\square_4

4. If an outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease (or other foreign animal disease) occurred in the U.S., how likely would you be to use the following sources to get **information** about the disease?

,		Very <u>likely</u>	Somewhat <u>likely</u>	Not <u>likely</u>
a.	Other dairy producersvo17	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
b.	Private veterinarianvo18		\square_2	\square_3
c.	Extension agentvo19	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
d.	Dairy organization or cooperativevo20		\square_2	\square_3
e.	Magazinesv021	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
f.	Internetv022		\square_2	\square_3
g.	State Veterinarian's officevo23	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
h.	U.S. Department of Agriculturevo24		\square_2	\square_3
i.	Television/newspapersv025	\square_1	\square_2	\square_3
j.	Other (specify:)vo260THvo26		\square_2	\square_3

5.	(or	rou had an animal you suspected of having foot-and-mouth disease other foreign animal disease) on your operation, would you ntact the following resources?		
	a.	Extension agent/universityvo	27 🗖 1 Ye	es □₃No
	b.	State Veterinarian's officevo	28 □ ₁ Y	es □₃No
	c.	U.S. Department of Agriculturevo		es □₃No
	d.	Private veterinarianvo	30 □ ₁ Y	es □ ₃ No
	e.	Feed company or milk cooperative representativevo	31 1 Y	es □₃No
	f.	Other (specify:)vo320THvo	32 □ ₁ Y	es □₃No
6.	pro	r each of the following signs associated with a potential herd disease oblem, at what percentage would you contact a veterinarian for assistance? Inter N/A if you would never contact a veterinarian for assistance.)		
	a.	Percentage decline in total daily milk production	V033	
	b.	Percentage of milk cows exhibiting fever within a short time period	V034	
	C.	Percentage of milk cows dying within a short time period	V035	
	d.	Percentage of milk cows aborting within a short time period	V036	
	e.	Percentage other (specify:)vo370TH	V037	
7.	fan dir	a average, how many paid and unpaid people, including owners and nily members, does this operation employ that are assigned duties ectly related to operation of the dairy? Exclude people that work exclusively with crop activities.)		Number
	a.	Full-time	V038	
	b.			
		Part-time	V039	
0	۸ ۳،		V039	
8.		e you using any of the following biosecurity practices?	V039	
8.	Are a.			ed □₃No
8.		e you using any of the following biosecurity practices? Guidelines to determine which visitors are allowed in	tors allowe	· ·
8.	a.	e you using any of the following biosecurity practices? Guidelines to determine which visitors are allowed in animal areas \square_1 Yes \square_2 No visi	tors allowe	es □ ₃ No
8.	a. b. c.	e you using any of the following biosecurity practices? Guidelines to determine which visitors are allowed in animal areasv ₀₄₀ □ ₁ Yes □ ₂ No visi Guidelines regarding foreign travel by employeesv ₀₄₁ □ ₁ Yes □ ₂ No Written standard operating procedures (SOPs)	itors allowe o employee □₁ Ye	es □ ₃ No es □ ₃ No
9.	a. b. c. d. Du cor nei	e you using any of the following biosecurity practices? Guidelines to determine which visitors are allowed in animal areas	itors allowe o employee □₁ Yo o employe	es □ ₃ No es □ ₃ No
9. NC op	b. c. Du con nei san	e you using any of the following biosecurity practices? Guidelines to determine which visitors are allowed in animal areas	itors allowed to employed to employed to employed the cattle from the cattle f	es \square_3 No es \square_3 No visits/week

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11.	Ha	ave you used any of the following practices in the last 12 months?						
	a.	Footbaths for visitors entering animal areas $_{V046}$ \square_1 Yes \square_2 No visitors [⊐₃ No					
	b.	Disposable or clean boots for visitors entering animal areas	<mark>⊐₃ No</mark>					
	c.	Insect control (such as sprays, foggers, treated ear tags,	J₃ No					
	d.	Rodent control (such as cats, traps, chemical/bait, etc.)	⊐₃ No					
	e.	Bird control (such as traps, noise, chemical/bait, etc.)	⊐₃ No					
	f.	Limit cattle contact with other livestock, elk, and deer	<mark>⊐₃ No</mark>					
	g.	Control access to cattle feed by other livestock and wildlife, such as elk, deer, and raccoons	⊐₃ No					
	h.	Closed herd (all replacements are from this operation, no contact						
			⊒ ₃ No					
	i.		⊐₃ No					
	j.	Restrictions on employee livestock ownership outside this operation	<mark>⊐₃ No</mark>					
		this operation	<u> </u>					
12.	use ma	the last 12 months, how often did this operation the the same equipment to handle both anure and cattle feed?	Never					
	dor	one with equipment after handling manure and prior to handling feed? heck one only.)						
	□₁ Wash equipment with water or steam only							
	\square_2	2 Chemically disinfect only						
	\square_3	3 Wash equipment and chemically disinfect						
	\square_4	4 Other (specify:)vо570ТН						
	\square_5	5 No procedures done	V057					
13.	witl	the last 12 months, did this operation share any heavy equipment th other livestock operations (i.e., tractors, feeding equipment, anure spreaders, trailers)?	⊐₃ No					
	If I	Item 13 = NO, SKIP to Item 16.						
	<u>"' '</u>	nem 13 = NO, Gran to Rem 10.						
14.		the last 12 months, how many times did this operation are equipment with other operations?						
15.	usı	hich of the following best describes this operation's cleaning procedures ually done with shared equipment prior to use on your operation? heck one only.)						
	\square_1	1 Wash equipment with water or steam only						
	\square_2	2 Chemically disinfect only						
	\square_3	3 Wash equipment and chemically disinfect						
	\square_4	Other (specify:)V0600TH						
	\square_5	5 No procedures done	V060					

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V060

16.		es this operation participate in any of the following kinds of ne's disease control or certification programs?				
	a.	A unique program developed specifically for this operation	V061	\square_1	Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	A State-sponsored program	V062	□1	Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Other (specify:)vo63OTH	V063	\square_1	Yes	□ ₃ No
17.	Dο	cows on this operation usually calve in:				
	a.	Multiple animal area/pen?	V064	. □₁	Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Individual animal area/pen cleaned between each calving?			Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Individual animal area/pen cleaned after two or more calvings?			Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Other (specify:)vo670TH			Yes	□ ₃ No
18		w many hours are cows in the usual calving area/pen:				
10.	a.	Prior to calving? (Enter 0 if moved immediately; answer to nearest quarter hour if less than 1 hour.)vo68/068H	0	days OR		_ hours
	b.	After calving? (Enter 0 if removed immediately; answer to				harma
		nearest quarter hour if less than 1 hour.)vo69				_ hours
19.	Do	any of the following cows enter the usual calving area/pen?				
	a.	Sick cowsvo70		\square_1	Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Lame cows		\square_1	Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Johne's test-positive cowsvo72	□₁ Yes	\square_2 Don't	test	□ ₃ No
	d.	Other (specify:)vor30THvor3		\square_1	Yes	□ ₃ No
20.	Wh	at percentage of calves are born in the usual calving area/pen?	V074		_	%
21.	ls d	olostrum from Johne's test-positive cows fed to calves?vo75	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₂ Don't	test	□ ₃ No
		Section C—Source of Replacemen	nts			
22.	Но	w many dairy cow replacements entered the milking herd in the la	st 12 mon	ths? vo76		
23.		hipment refers to movement of one or a group of animals at one til ardless of how many trailers or trucks were used.	me,			
	12	the dairy cow replacements that entered the milking herd in the last months from the following sources, how many were obtained and w many shipments were required to move the animals to your oper		Head	Ship	oments
	a.	Born on this operation and raised on the operation?	. V077		•	N/A
	b.	Born on this operation and raised by off-site heifer grower? vo	78/084			
	C.	Purchased directly from other dairiesvo	079/085			
	d.	Purchased from a dealervo	80/086			
	e.	Purchased from auction marketsvo	•			
	f.	Purchased from other source (specify:)vos2OTH vo				
		Total (should equal Item 22)	. V083			

Section D—Disease Confirmation

24. Were any of the following diseases confirmed via laboratory testing of cattle on this operation in the last 12 months, and if "Yes," which diagnostic samples were used to confirm the disease(s)? If "Other" is marked, write specifics in margin.

	Animals with		Diagnostic Samples						
Disease	Confirmed Disease (Y/N)	Aborted Fetus	Blood	Ear Notch	Feces	Milk	Tissues at Necropsy	Urine	Other
Example Disease	Υ	Х			Х		Х		
Bovine Leukosis Virus (BLV)	V089		V099				V112		V119
Bovine Viral Diarrhea (BVD)	V090	V095	V100	V105	V106	V109	V113		V120
Johne's disease (Mycobacterium paratuberculosis)*									
Leptospirosis	V091 V092	V096	V101 V102		V107	V110	V114 V115	V118	V121 V122
Neospora	V093	V097	V103				V116		V123
Salmonella	V094	V098	V104		V108	V111	V117		V124

*If Johne's disease has been confirmed prior to the last 12 months on this operation, ask if they had cows with clinical signs of Johne's disease (chronic diarrhea and weight loss that does not respond to treatment despite a normal appetite). If they had animals with clinical signs in the last 12 months, record "Yes" for Confirmed Disease and mark "Other" under Diagnostic Samples and note clinical signs in the margin.

25.	Ho	ow many abortions occurred in the last 12 months?	V125	
26.	cau	w many of the following types of samples were submitted to deternuse of abortion? (Samples could be collected and submitted by reterinarian or submitted directly to a lab by the producer.)	nine the	
	a.	Placenta	V126	-
	b.	Entire fetus	V127	
	C.	Serum of dam	V128	
	d.	Other (specify:)v1290TH	V129	
27.	whi (<i>Cl</i>	r any aborted fetuses that were not submitted for diagnosis, ich of the following best describes the reason for not doing so? heck one only.)		
		Cost		
	\square_2	Lack of information obtained from previous abortion submissions		
	\square_3	Inconvenience (e.g., getting fetus to the laboratory)		
	\square_4	Abortion not perceived as a problem on this operation		
	\square_5	Other (specify:)v ₁	30OTH	V130
28.	wh	bortion diagnostics were performed at no cost , at percentage of aborted fetuses would you submit to a veterinary gnostic lab for diagnosis?	V424	%
	uia	griostic lab for diagriosis:	V131	/0

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Section E—General Management

NOTE: In Items 29 and 30, "outside area" refers to areas without permanent roof structures.

29.	that		es the primary outside area access to during the summer and von. If no outside access, enter 4.)	winter seasons	s?	
	(1)	Pasture				
	(2)	Concrete alleyway or pen				
	(3)	Dry lot				
	(4)	None				
	(5)	Other (specify:	_)V132OTHV132/133	Summer coo	le <u>Win</u> t	code t er
30.	that		es the primary outside area to during summer and and winter on. If no outside access, enter 4.)	r seasons?		
	(1)	Pasture				
	(2)	Concrete alleyway or pen				
	(3)	Dry lot				
	(4)	None				
	(5)	Other (specify	V134/135	Summer coo	le <u>Win</u> t	code t er
31.	COV	ich of the following is the predom vs stand or walk on when not be neck one only.)	ninant flooring type lactating eing milked, excluding concrete fe	ed pad?		
	\square_1	Concrete-groove/textured				
	\square_2	Concrete-slat				
	\square_3	Concrete-smooth				
	\square_4	Rubber mats over concrete				
	\square_5	Pasture				
	\square_6	Dirt				
	\square_7	Other (specify:)V136OTH			V13
	If It	tem 31 = 5, 6, or 7, SKIP to Item	1 33.			
32.		any of the following cow areas hering that reduced the time cows	nave rubber belting or similar spent standing directly on concret	e?		
			〈		□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Walkway to parlor		V138	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
					□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Other (specify:	V140OTH	V140	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No

33.	or flo	would you best characterize poring lactating cows stand er seasons? er one code only for each se	on most of the					
	•	Jsually dry	,					
	` ,	Wet about half the time						
	` ,	Almost always wet, but no st	tanding water					
	` '	Jsually standing water or slu	•		V141/142	code		code
	()	,	,			Summer	Winte	r
34.	whic	vered freestall barns are use th type of barn setup houses eck one only.)						
	\square_1 2	2-row						
	\square_2 3	3-row						
	\square_3 4	1-row						
	□4 6	S-row						
	□ ₅ (Other (specify:)V1430TH	I			
		Not housed in a covered free	estall barn					V143
35.		ng the summer months, wer nods provided to lactating a		neat abatem		4:	D	
		Shada (athar than inaida hui	ldin a)		Lacta	<u></u>	<u>Dr</u> □ ∨oo	
		Shade (other than inside bui Sprinklers or misters			□₁ Yes		□₁ Yes	
		ans			□₁ Yes	-	□ ₁ Yes □ ₁ Yes	
		Funnel ventilation			□₁ Yes		□ ₁ Yes	
		Other (specify:			□₁ Yes	-		
	e. (other (specify) V148OTH	V148/153	□₁ Yes	⊔ ₃ NO	□₁ Yes	□ 3 NO
36.		ng the last 90 days, did you ding types for lactating and		ollowing				
	bead	and types for factating and	ury cows?		Lacta	nting	Dr	<u>y</u>
	(1)	Straw and/or hay		V154/165	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□₃ No
	(2)	Sand		V155/166	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(3)	Sawdust/wood products		V156/167	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(4)	Composted/dried manure.		V157/168	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(5)	Rubber mats		V158/169	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(6)	Rubber tires		V159/170	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(7)	Shredded newspaper		V160/171	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	(8)	Mattresses			□ ₁ Yes	•	□ ₁ Yes	
	(9)	Corn cobs and stalks		V162/173	□₁ Yes	-	□₁ Yes	
	(10)	Waterbeds		V163/174	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	

(11) Other (specify: _____) V1640TH $^{V164/175}$ \square_1 Yes \square_3 No \square_1 Yes \square_3 No

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Stat	e/O	peration #:				
37.	tha lac	ter the number of the bedding type (1-11) from Item 36 ab it was used primarily during the last 90 days for both stating and dry cows? Inter N/A if no bedding used.)	7	code ctating	 Dry	_ code
38.		ring the last 90 days, did this operation feed stating and dry cows:				
			Lacta	ating	<u>Dr</u>	<u>y</u>
	a.	Alfalfa hay/haylage? v178/196	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Corn silage?v179/197	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	c.	Clover as forage or pasture?v180/198	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Whole cottonseed? V181/199	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Cottonseed meal or hulls?v182/200	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	f.	Whole soybeans or soybean meal? v183/201	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	g.	Bakery byproducts?v184/202	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	<mark>h.</mark>	Brewery byproducts? V185/203	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	i.	Corn?	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	j.	Barley?V187/205	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	k.	Wheat? (not silage)v188/206	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	l.	Oats? (not silage)v189/207	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	m.	Green chop? v190/208	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	<mark>n.</mark>	Feather/poultry meal?v191/209	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	0.	Fish meal? V192/210	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	p.	Fat/tallow?v193/211	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	q.	Porcine meat and bone meal?v194/212	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	r.	Blood meal?v195/213	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
39.	(Cl	r the majority of lactating cows, which best describes the heck one only.) Tie stall Stanchion	feed line	?		

□₅ Elevated feed bunk in pen

 \square_3 Post and rail \square_4 Head locks

V214

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40. In the last 12 months, did any cows ever drink from: How many times per year are water sources drained and cleaned?

			and clear	<u>lea ?</u>
	a.	A single cup/bowl waterer used by one cow only?v215/220 □1 Yes □3 No		-
	b.	A single cup/bowl waterer used by multiple cows?v216/221 □1 Yes □3 No		
	c.	A water tank or trough (covered or uncovered)?v₂17/222 □₁ Yes □₃ No		-
	d.	A lake, pond, stream, river, etc.?v218 □1 Yes □3 No	N/A	
	e.	Another source? (specify:) $V2190THV219/223$ \square_1 Yes \square_3 No		-
41.	ls t	the water that cows drink usually chlorinated? ∨224 □₁ Yes	□ ₂ Don't know	□ ₃ No
42.		hich of the following best describes how lactating cows are fed? Check one only.)		
	\square_1	Feed all lactating cows the same ration		
	\square_2	2 Feed individuals or groups based on production/stage of lactation		
	\square_3	3 Feed individuals or groups based on lactation number		
	\square_4	Feed individuals or groups based on criteria other than production/ stage of lactation or lactation number		V225
43.		pes this operation feed anionic salts (e.g., BioChlor, SoyChlor, nmonium chloride, etc.), to prevent milk fever, to:		
	a.	Close-up cows (cows that are close to calving)?v226	5 □₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Springing heifers?v227	7 □ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
44.	Do	oes this operation separate close-up cows from other dry cows?v226	B □₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
45.	mil	hich of the following best describes this operation's use of ilk urea nitrogen (MUN) testing to determine ration composition? Check one only.)		
	\square_1	1 Use routinely		
	\square_2	2 Use only if have a problem		
	\square_3	3 Never use		V229
46.	rea	ermanent removals are defined as cows removed from the herd for asons other than death. These include cows sent to other dairies, action markets, or slaughter plants.		
	Но	ow many cows were permanently removed in the last 12 months?	V230	
47.		uring an average month, how many shipments of cows does this peration make to transport permanently removed cows to:		
	a.	Another dairy?	V231	
	b.	Market, auction, or stockyard?	V232	
	c.	Packer or slaughter plant?	V233	
	d.	Other? (specify:)v2340TH	V234	

	.e/O	peration #:				
48.		ring the last 12 months, what percentage or how many of these rmanently removed cows were:	<u>%</u>	OR	# removed	
	a.	Less than 50 days in milk? (early lactation)v235/239				
	b.	50 to 199 days in milk? (mid lactation)v236/240				
	c.	200 days or more in milk? (late lactation)v237/241				
	d	Dry cows				
		Total (should equal 100% or Item 46)v243	100%			
49.		ring the last 12 months, what percentage or how many of these rmanently removed cows were:	<u>%</u>	OR	# removed	
	a.	First lactation?v244/247		•		
	b.	2 to 4 lactactions?				
	c.	5 lactations or more?v246/249				
		Total (should equal 100% or Item 46)v250	100%			
50.		Section F—Milk Quality and Milking Pr		ures		
50.	cel			ures		
50.	cel (Cl	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation I count for milk shipped during the last 12 months?		ures		
50.	cel (Cl	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somation I count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? The sheek one only.)		ures		
50.	cel (Cl □₁ □₂	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatic I count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml		ures		
50.	cel (C/ □₁ □₂ □₃	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml		ures		
50.	cel (CI)	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml		ures		
50.	cel (CI) \square_1 \square_2 \square_3 \square_4 \square_5	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml		ures		
50.	cel (Cl (Cl □ 1 □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 □ 6	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml 400,000 to 499,000 cells/ml		ures		V251
	$\begin{array}{c} \text{cel} \\ (CI) \\ \square_1 \\ \square_2 \\ \square_3 \\ \square_4 \\ \square_5 \\ \square_6 \\ \square_7 \\ \text{WI} \end{array}$	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml 400,000 to 499,000 cells/ml 500,000 to 599,000 cells/ml		ures		V251
	cel (CI) □1 □2 □3 □4 □5 □6 □7 WI (CI)	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml 400,000 to 499,000 cells/ml 500,000 to 599,000 cells/ml 600,000 cells/ml or greater the milks the majority of cows on this operation?		ures		V251
	cel (CI) □1 □2 □3 □4 □5 □6 □7 WI (CI) □1	nich of the following best describes the average bulk tank somatical count for milk shipped during the last 12 months? heck one only.) Less than 100,000 cells/ml 100,000 to 199,000 cells/ml 200,000 to 299,000 cells/ml 300,000 to 399,000 cells/ml 400,000 to 499,000 cells/ml 500,000 to 599,000 cells/ml 600,000 cells/ml or greater ho milks the majority of cows on this operation? heck one only.)		ures		V251

52.	How frequently are milkers trained? (Check one only.)		
	□ ₁ No milker training		
	\square_2 Trained as new employees only		
	\square_3 1 to 2 times per year for all milkers		
	\square_4 3 to 4 times per year for all milkers		
	\square_5 More than 4 times per year for all milkers		
	□ ₆ Other (specify:)v2530ТН		V253
	If Item 52 = 1 (No milker training), SKIP to Item 54.		
53.	Which of the following training methods are used on this operation for training milkers?		
	a. Video trainingv254	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b. Discussion/lecture	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	c. On-the-job trainingv256	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d. Other training (specify:	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
54.	How many times per day are the majority of fresh cows milked? (Check one only.)		
	□ ₁ Once a day		
	□ ₂ Twice a day		
	□ ₃ Three times a day		
	□ ₄ More than three times a day		V258
55.	How many times per day are the majority of cows, other than fresh cows , milked? (Check one only.)		
	□₁ Once a day		
	□₂ Twice a day		
	□ ₃ Three times a day		
	\square_4 More than three times a day		V259
56.	Which of the following best describes how frequently forestripping occurs on this operation? (Check one only.)		
	□₁ Forestrip all cows		
	\square_2 Forestrip some cows (i.e., with mastitis or fresh cows)		
	□ ₃ Do not forestrip any cows		V260
	If Item 56 = 3, SKIP to Item 58.		
57.	When is forestripping performed? (Check one only.)		
	□ ₁ Prior to teat disinfection		
	\square_2 After teat disinfection but prior to drying teats		
	□ ₃ After disinfection and/or drying		V261

58. Check the specific procedure(s) that you typically use during your premilking teat preparation routine. (If you do not use a procedure, leave it blank.)
Only choose one specific procedure in each general method category. If more than one procedure is checked, indicate the order in the overall routine.

		Check	Order
General		all that	in
Method	Specific Procedure	apply	routine
Wash pen	Wash animals in pen prior to entering parlor	V262	V283
Water hose	With disinfectant	V263	V284
Water 11036	Without disinfectant	V264	V285
	Single-use cloth towel	V265	V286
Dry wipe	Multiple-use cloth towel	V266	V287
Dry wipe	Single-use paper towel	V267	V288
	Multiple use paper towel	V268	V289
	Commercial teat wipes, single use	V269	V290
	Commercial teat wipes, multiple use	V270	V291
	Towel using labeled disinfectant, single use	V271	V292
Wet wipe	Towel using labeled disinfectant, multiple use	V272	V293
	Towel using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant, single use	V273	V294
	Towel using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant, multiple use	V274	V295
	Multiple use sponge with disinfectant	V275	V296
	Applied with sprayer using labeled disinfectant	V276	V297
	Applied with sprayer using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant	V277	V298
Predip	Applied with predip cup using labeled disinfectant	V278	V299
Fredip	Applied with predip cup using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant	V279	V300
	Applied as foam using labeled disinfectant	V280	V301
	Applied as foam using nonlabeled/homemade disinfectant	V281	V302
Other	Other (specify:		
)V282OTH	V282	V303

59.	Which of the following best describes how teats are dried prior to milking in both summer and winter seasons? (Enter one code only for each season.)
	(1) Not applicable—teats not wet prior to milking

(2) Air dry	
-------------	--

(3)	Sing	le-use	cloth	towel
-----	------	--------	-------	-------

- (4) Single-use paper towel
- (5) Multiple-use cloth towel
- (6) Multiple-use paper towel

(- /	(-p)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		ummer	Winter
(7)	Other (specify:	Y	V304OTH	V304/305	code	code

60.	reg	nich of the following best describes postmilking procedures arding teat disinfection in both summer and winter seasons? Inter one code only for each season.)						
	(1)	Dip teats with labeled postdip product						
	(2)	Dip teats with nonlabeled/homemade solution						
	(3)	Spray teats with commercial postdip product						
	(4)	Foam teats with commercial postdip product						
	(5)	Teats covered in commercial powder product						
	(6)	None						
	(7)	Other (specify:)v3060THv306/307	code mer	Winter	_ code			
61.	this (W	that premilking and postdip teat disinfectants does is operation use primarily during both summer and winter seasons? The in one code for each response for each season. (See attached Initial Visit Reference Card for brand names.) Codes: 1 = lodophor (iodine containing) 2 = Chlorhexidine 3 = Fatty acid based 4 = Quaternary ammonium 5 = Phenols 6 = Chlorine product 7 = Other (specify:)V3080TH						
		8 = None						
		Sum			<u>nter</u>			
		Premilking teat disinfectantv308/310	code _		code			
	b.	Postdip teat disinfectant	code _	(ode			
62.	bar	nich of the following best describes this operation's use of a rier teat dip (Blockade™, Uddergold™ 5-star)? neck one only.)						
	\square_1	Used on all cows on this operation all the time						
	\square_2	□₂ Used on all cows during winter or adverse weather						
	\square_3 No barrier teat dip used on this operation							
	\square_4	Other (specify:)vз120TH			V312			
63.	Do	milkers wear latex or nitrile gloves when milking all cows?	313 🗖 1	∕es □	₃ No			
64.	Do	es this operation use a backflush system in milking units?	314 1	∕es □	₃ No			
	If I	tem 64 = NO, SKIP to Item 66.						
65.	ls t	he backflush system currently used for every milking?	315 1	∕es □	₃ No			
66.	Do	es this operation use automatic takeoffs?	316 🗖 1	∕es □	₃ No			
67.	Are	e clinical mastitis cows generally milked:						
	a.	Using a separate milking unit from healthy cows?	317 1	∕es □	₃ No			
	b.	In a separate string from healthy cows?	318 1 1	∕es □	₃ No			

Stat	e/O _l	peration #:			
68.		the last 12 months, how many cows—all, some, or none—we been vaccinated for:			
	a.	Coliform mastitis?	⊐₁ All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
	b.	Salmonella? V320	J₁ All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
		Vaccines include LeukoTox® MTD; SDT-Guard; Pro-Bac®; Bo-Bac 2x; Pulmo-guard™ PH-M/SDT; Cattle-val salmo; Salmonella Dublin-Typhimurium Bacterin Endovac-Bovi®; Poly-sal™ B; Salmo shield® T; Salmo shield® TD			Ĭ
	C.	Siderophore receptors and porins (SRPs) vaccines? V321 Vaccines include Salmonella Newport Bacterial Extract SRP	⊐₁ All	\square_2 Some	□ ₃ None
	d.	Mycoplasma?v322	J₁ All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
		Vaccines include Pulmo-guard PH-M/SDT; Myco-Bac B; Mycomune			
	e.	Staphylococcus aureus?	⊐₁ All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
	f.	Any disease using autogenous vaccines?v324	J₁ All	□ ₂ Some	□ ₃ None
	If I	tem 68f = NONE, SKIP to Item 70.			
69.	We	re autogenous vaccines administered for the following mastitis pathog	ens?		
	a.	Mycoplasma		□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Staph. aureus	V326	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	c.	E. coli		□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Strep. spp.	V328	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Other (specify:)v3290TH	V329	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
70.	We	ere any of the following milk cultures performed during the last 12 mon	ths?		
	a.	Individual cows	V330	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Bulk-tank milk	V331	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	String samples	V332	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No

If Items 70a-c are all NO, SKIP to Item 74.

71. In the last 12 months, were any of the milk cultures performed by:

a.	Farm personnel, done on farm?v333	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
b.	A State or university diagnostic laboratory?v334	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
C.	A commercial labv335	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
d.	A private veterinary lab (veterinary clinic)v336	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No

If Item 70a = NO (no individual cow milk cultures performed), SKIP to Item 73.

72.	In t	the last 12 months, which cows were typically selected for milk culturing?		
	a.	Fresh cowsv337	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	All clinical cases	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Chronic clinical casesv339	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	d.	Clinical cases that did not respond to treatmentv340	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	e.	High somatic cell count cowsv341	□ ₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	f.	Other (specify:)v3420THv342	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
73.	Wh in t	nich of the following organisms were identified from milk cultured the last 12 months?		
	a.	Strep. agalactiaev343	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	b.	Staph. aureusv344	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	c.	Mycoplasmav345	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	d.	E. coli / Klebsiella / other gram negativev346	□₁ Yes	\square_3 No
	e.	Coagulase neg staph (Staph. spp.) non-aureusv347	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	f.	Environmental strep (Strep. spp.) non-agalactiaev348	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
74.	Do	pes this operation perform on-farm antibiotic residue testing of milk?v349	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	If I	tem 74 = NO, skip to Item 77.		
75.	for	hich test is most commonly used on this operation to screen antibiotic residues in milk? heck one only.)		
	\square_1	Snap® kit (beta lactam or tetracycline)		
	\square_2	Delvotest®		
	\square_3	CITE Probe®		
	\square_4	Charm Farm		
	\square_5	Penzyme® Milk Test		
	\square_6	Other (specify:)vз500TH		V350
76.	Ar	e milk samples evaluated for antibiotic residues from:		
	a.	Fresh cows? V351	□₁ Yes	□₃ No
	b.	Individual cows recently treated for mastitis?	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Bulk tank prior to processor pickup?v353	□₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	d.	Other? (specify:	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
77.	Do at t	es this operation use an external teat sealant (e.g., Stronghold™) the time of dry off? heck one only.]		
	\Box_1	On all cows at drying off		
	\square_2	Cows with chronic mastitis		
	\square_3	Use on all cows at drying off but only during winter or adverse weather		
	\square_4	No external teat sealant used on this operation		
	\square_5	Other (specify:)vзssoтн		V355

78.		es this operation use an internal teat sealant (Orbeseal™) at the time of drying off? neck one only.]
	\square_1	On all cows at drying off
	\square_2	Cows with chronic mastitis
	\square_3	Use on all cows at drying off but only during winter or adverse weather
	\square_4	No internal teat sealant used on this operation
	\square_5	Other (specify:)vз560TH
79.		ring the last 12 months, approximately what percentage of cows re treated with dry cow intramammary antibiotics at drying off?
	If It	tem 79 = 0, SKIP to Item 81.
80.	anti	those cows treated during the last 12 months with dry cow intramammary ibiotics, what percentage were given the following antibiotics? see attached VS Initial Visit Reference Card.)
	a.	Ceftiofur hydrochloride (Spectramast DC)v358
	b.	Cephapirin (benzathine) (Cefa-Dri®/Tomorrow)v359
	C	Clovacillin (henzathine)

d. Erythromycin (Gallimycin®-Dry).......v360

e. Novobiocin (Biodry®)...........v362

(Quartermaster® Dry Cow Treatment).....v364

h. Penicillin G (procaine)/ Novobiocin (Albadry® Plus Suspension)......

Total (should equal 100%).....

g. Penicillin G (procaine)/Dihydrostreptomycin

Other (specify: ___

V366OTH V366

State/Operation #:

V356

_ %

%

%

__ % _ %

100%

State/Operation #:

Section G—Antibiotic Use

31.	disease rations	ast 12 months, did this operation use antibiotics for e prevention or growth promotion in for weaned dairy heifers that have not yet calved? one only.)		
	□₁ We	aned dairy heifers not housed on this operation		
	□ ₂ Yes	s; antibiotics in heifer ration		
	□ ₃ Doi	't know if antibiotics were in heifer rations		
	□ ₄ No:	antibiotics were not in heifer rations		V367
		which of the following antibiotics were used? tached VS Initial Visit Reference Card.)		
	a.	Bacitracin methylene disalicylatev368	□₁Yes	\square_3 No
	b.	Bambermycinsv369	□ ₁ Yes	□ ₃ No
	C.	Chlortetracycline compoundsv370	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	<mark>d.</mark>	Neomycin sulfate	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	e.	Ionophores (e.g., Rumensin®, Bovatec®, Deccox®)v372	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	f.	Neomycin-oxytetracyclinev373	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	g.	Oxytetracycline compoundsv374	□₁Yes	\square_3 No
	h.	Sulfamethazine v375	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	i.	Tylosin phosphatev376	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	j.	Virginiamycinv377	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
	k.	Other antibiotics (specify:)v3780THv378	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No

82. Complete the table below on antibiotics used in the last 12 months to treat **diseases** or **disorders** in unweaned heifers, heifers weaned but not yet calved, and all cows. (This does NOT apply to dry cow treatments and to preventive treatments.) (See attached VS Initial Visit Reference Card.) If antibiotic is not listed, please write in name and active ingredient.

	Disease or disorder	Number of affected animals in the last 12 months	Number of affected animals treated with ANTIBIOTICS	Primary ANTIBIOTIC used (Enter 1 code from attached list.)
	Respiratory	V379	V392	V405
Unweaned	Diarrhea or other digestive	V380	V393	V406
Heifers	Navel infection	V381	V394	V407
	Other (specify) V3820TH	V382	V395	V408
	Respiratory	V383	V396	V409
Heifers weaned but	Diarrhea or other digestive	V384	V397	V410
not yet calved	Other (specify)			
	V385OTH	V385	V398	V411
	Respiratory	V386	V399	V412
	Diarrhea or other digestive	V387	V400	V413
All cove	Reproductive	V388	V401	V414
All cows	Mastitis	V389	V402	V415
	Lameness	V390	V403	V416
	Other (specify)			
	V391OTH	V391	V404	V417

83.	Of lactating cows treated for mastitis in the last 12 months with intramammary
	antibiotics, were treatments based on:

a.	Veterinary recommendation?	V418	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
b.	Historical effectiveness?	V419	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
c.	Historical culture and antimicrobial sensitive	vity results?v420	□₁Yes	\square_3 No
d.	Individual cow culture results prior to thera	ıpy?v421	□₁Yes	□ ₃ No
e.	Other? (specify:)V422OTH V422	П₄Yes	П₃ №

NOTE: If the Producer is currently enrolled in DHIA, please ask for a copy of the DHIA summary sheet. Either mark out or cut off the Producer's identification and replace it with the NAHMS ID number. Submit the sheet with the questionnaire. Data from the DHIA summary sheet will be used to collect additional information that isn't gathered during the interview. Providing the DHIA summary reduces the amount of interview time required to obtain the additional information.

Office Use Only

St	ate FIPS:	Operation #:	Interviewer:	C	Date:	1 1	
	2-digits	4-digits		Initials		/dd/yy)	
1.	and complete the question	include time to discuss the ponnaire). If more than one d	ata collector prese			min	VITIME
2.		rip). If more than one data c				min	VTTIME
3.		the number for each catego		Other	(specify)	VVMO/VAHT.	/VST/VOTH
4.	one code of 0-7 that bes	if questionnaire is complete t describes the reason why	the owner		····	code	VRCO
	04 = Does not want to d	or no time one on operation th government veterinarians o another survey or divulge d not want to be contacted cows)	information				
5.	Producer data quality		. □₁ Good	to Excellent	\square_2 OK	□ ₃ Poor	VPDQ
6.	Did the Producer use we to assist in answering the	ritten or computerized record is survey?	ds		□₁ Yes	s □ ₃ No	VREC
7.	Did the Producer provide	e a copy of the DHIA summa	ary sheet? □	₁ Yes □₂ No	ot on DHIA	A □ ₃ No	VDHIA
8.		est describes the responder				code	VPOS
	4 = Other hired employe	er than owner or manager) ee)vроѕотн				
Со	mments regarding this qu	estionnaire or operation:					
VMO or AHT Signature:							
TO BE COMPLETED BY THE COORDINATOR:							
Fie	ld data quality		□ ₁ Good	to Excellent	□ ₂ OK	□ ₃ Poor	VFDQ