# **U.S. Department of State**

# Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs (ECA) Office of Policy and Evaluation (ECA/P)

# Supporting Statement – Part B

# **Generic Clearance Information Collection for ECA Evaluation Program**

### **B.** Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods

#### 1. Respondent Universe

The ECA Evaluation Program evaluates each ECA exchange program separately. Because each program typically involves participants from many countries (or going to many countries) over several years, the first step in defining the respondent universe is for the ECA/P evaluation officers to consult with the particular program office to determine the scope of the evaluation; i.e., the countries from which the respondents come and the time frame.

After the countries and time frame have been selected, the next step is to ensure that the final sample is representative across these criteria, including large enough anticipated responses within each category to ensure adequate power for detecting statistically significant differences. Because the number of participants in any given ECA exchange program does differ significantly by country, a census of participants may be necessary in one country, whereas a sample may suffice in others. The difficulty in obtaining updated address information for alumni scattered across the globe where the communications infrastructure is not always optimal means that additional samples need to be drawn at the time of the initial sample to ensure enough names for replacement. Replacement is conducted so that the sample distribution remains proportional to the original criteria.

By way of example, Table 1 below illustrates the respondent sample for the U.S. Fulbright Student Program Survey, which was administered 100% electronically (via E-mail with a link to the web-based survey) during the summer of 2004.

Table 1.

Host Region	1980-1990		1991-1995			1996-2000			Sample Total			
	# Grantees	# Email	% Email	# Grantees	# Email	% Email	# Grantees	# Email	% Email	# Grantees	# Email	% Email
Africa (sub-Saharan)	100	70	70%	117	80	68%	116	80	69%	333	230	69%
East Asia and Pacific	162	88	54%	150	95	63%	170	96	56%	482	279	58%

103	57	55%	105	61	58%	137	96	70%	345	214	62%
104	60	58%	110	75	68%	117	77	66%	331	212	64%
98	54	55%	125	73	58%	129	82	64%	352	209	59%
373	218	58%	321	198	62%	290	167	58%	984	583	59%
152	89	59%	155	103	66%	165	95	58%	472	287	61%
1092	636	58%	1083	685	63%	1124	693	62%	3 299	2 014	61%
	104 98 373	104 60 98 54 373 218 152 89	104 60 58% 98 54 55% 373 218 58% 152 89 59%	104     60     58%     110       98     54     55%     125       373     218     58%     321       152     89     59%     155	104     60     58%     110     75       98     54     55%     125     73       373     218     58%     321     198       152     89     59%     155     103	104     60     58%     110     75     68%       98     54     55%     125     73     58%       373     218     58%     321     198     62%       152     89     59%     155     103     66%	104     60     58%     110     75     68%     117       98     54     55%     125     73     58%     129       373     218     58%     321     198     62%     290       152     89     59%     155     103     66%     165	104     60     58%     110     75     68%     117     77       98     54     55%     125     73     58%     129     82       373     218     58%     321     198     62%     290     167       152     89     59%     155     103     66%     165     95	104     60     58%     110     75     68%     117     77     66%       98     54     55%     125     73     58%     129     82     64%       373     218     58%     321     198     62%     290     167     58%       152     89     59%     155     103     66%     165     95     58%	104     60     58%     110     75     68%     117     77     66%     331       98     54     55%     125     73     58%     129     82     64%     352       373     218     58%     321     198     62%     290     167     58%     984       152     89     59%     155     103     66%     165     95     58%     472	104     60     58%     110     75     68%     117     77     66%     331     212       98     54     55%     125     73     58%     129     82     64%     352     209       373     218     58%     321     198     62%     290     167     58%     984     583       152     89     59%     155     103     66%     165     95     58%     472     287

#### **Survey Goals:**

1. Initial sample size (potential Emails): 3,299

2. Number able to locate via web (50%) 1,668

3. Number of valid responses (60%) 1,000

#### Survey Results:

1. Final sample size (contacted via Email): 1,723

2. Number able to locate via web (100%) 1,723

3. Number of valid responses (63%) 1,083

In addition, Table 2 below illustrates the ECA Evaluation Program's <u>cumulative</u> respondent numbers and response rates for each of the past three years.

Table 2.

	2001	2002	2003
N = Universe of alumni for surveying	N = 5,272	N = 2,757	N = 4,471
R = Number of respondents	R = 3,484	R = 1,585	R = 2,782
% = Response rate	% = 66 percent	% = 57 percent	% = 62 percent
Y = Program years represented	Y = 1976-2000	Y = 1976-2001	Y = 1993-2002

#### 2. Procedures for Collecting Information

Data collection methods and procedures used under the ECA Evaluation Program may vary according to evaluation project and the countries in which data is being collected. In general, however, the ECA evaluations utilize a combination of the following methods: paper surveys, web-based surveys, face-to-face structured interviews, telephone interviews, in-depth open-ended interviews, and focus groups. Factors used to determine the data collection methods in any given country relate to the availability of Internet access and telephone service, the reliability of the postal service, and the cultural and political attitudes (and apprehensions) towards surveying. For each evaluation, the data collection methods are discussed in detail, and specific country plans are developed with a contingency plan in place.

Alumni names and most recent contact information are provided to the external contractor by ECA's partner organizations administering the exchange program and/or by ECA program offices. Contact information is updated by the contractor, in conjunction with alumni associations, incountry partners, the Public Affairs Section of the Embassies, and the program office. All alumni in the sample are sent an initial e-mail or a written notice, or contacted by telephone, to inform them of the evaluation and asking them to participate. Notices of the evaluation are also posted on the State Department's ECA alumni website, <a href="https://alumni.state.gov">https://alumni.state.gov</a>, and in ECA alumni newsletters and mailings, where appropriate.

#### Statistical Methodology

Survey responses are not weighted. The research design is such that the sample should be representative of the country populations, and thus parallels that of the defined universe. There are no unusual problems requiring specialized sampling procedures.

Data are usually collected only once from any given individual during a specific evaluation. However, some evaluations may require that data be collected from participants before, during and after their exchange programs.

#### 3. Methods to Maximize Response

Data collection instruments are always pre-tested with a small group of people similar to the evaluation target audience (see details in item 4 below). Data collection methods are tailored to fit the prevailing conditions in each country involved in an evaluation. In addition, initial contact E-mails or letters are sent, and/or telephone calls are made, to prospective respondents, and follow-up reminders are sent periodically to non-respondents encouraging them to respondent. (Refer to Table 2 above for illustrations related to sample size and corresponding response rates for the ECA Evaluation Program.)

#### 4. Testing of Procedures

The survey instruments are always pre-tested with fewer than 10 individuals to ensure clarity, brevity, relevance, user-friendliness, understandability, sensitivity, and that most alumni will be willing to provide answers. Pre-tests may be conducted by distributing the survey by E-mail or regular mail, followed up by individual telephone conversations with the contractor/researcher to go over results. Pre-tests may also be conducted in focus groups, with individuals meeting together to go over the instruments. In all cases, pre-tests have been extremely useful for clarifying instructions and questions, refining the response categories, and even adding new questions.

#### 5. Consultations on statistics.

ECA/P's external contractors selected to conduct evaluations under the ECA Evaluation Program provide team members who specialize in statistics to assist with the research design, data collection, and analysis. ECA/P has worked with such recognized research firms as SRI, Aguirre International, American Institutes for Research (AIR), T.E. Systems Inc., and ORC Macro International.