For the year January 1-December 31, 2006, or other tax year

| Present home address (number, street, and apt. no., or rural route). If you have a P.O. box, see page 8. |
| :--- |
| City, town or post office, state, and ZIP code. If you have a foreign address, see page 8. |


| Check if: | $\square$ Individual |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $\square$ Estate or Trust |

For Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see page 30.
Country $\quad$ Of what country were you a citizen or national during the tax year?

Give address outside the United States to which you want any refund check mailed. If same as above, write "Same."

Give address in the country where you are a permanent resident. If same as above, write "Same."


Schedule A—Itemized Deductions (See pages 24, 25, 26, and 27.) 07


Job
Expenses and Certain Miscellaneous Deductions

9 Unreimbursed employee expenses-job travel, union dues, job education, etc. You must attach Form 2106 or Form 2106-EZ if required. See page 26

10 Tax preparation fees.
11 Other expenses. See page 26 for expenses to deduct here. List type and amount
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

12 Add lines 9 through 11.
13 Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 36

14 Multiply line 13 by 2\% (.02) | . . . . . . . | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

15 Subtract line 14 from line 12. If line 14 is more than line 12 , enter -0 -
Other 16 Other-see page 26 for expenses to deduct here. List type and amount

## Miscellaneous Deductions

$\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Total Itemized Deductions

17 Is Form 1040NR, line 36, over \$150,500 (over \$75,250 if you checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5 on page 1 of Form 1040NR)?
$\square$ No. Your deduction is not limited. Add the amounts in the far right column for lines 3 through 16. Also enter this amount on Form 1040NR, line 37.Yes. Your deduction may be limited. See page 27 for the amount to enter here and on Form 1040NR, line 37.

Tax on Income Not Effectively Connected With a U.S. Trade or Business
Attach Forms 1042-S, SSA-1042S, RRB-1042S, or similar form.



Other Information (If an item does not apply to you, enter "N/A.")

A What country issued your passport?
B Were you ever a U.S. citizen?Yes $\qquad$ No

C Give the purpose of your visit to the United States
$\qquad$

D Type of entry visa
and current nonimmigrant status and date of change (see page 27)

E Date you entered the United States (see page 27)
F Did you give up your permanent residence as an immigrant in the United States this year?


G Dates you entered and left the United States during the year. Residents of Canada or Mexico entering and leaving the United States at frequent intervals, give name of country only.

H Give number of days (including vacation and nonworkdays) you were present in the United States during:
2004 .-......... , 2005 .-........... , and 2006
I If you are a resident of Canada, Mexico, or the Republic of Korea (South Korea), or a U.S. national, did your spouse contribute to the support of any child claimed on Form 1040NR, line 7c?No If "Yes," enter amount - \$
If you were a resident of the Republic of Korea (South Korea) for any part of the tax year, enter in the space below your total foreign source income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. This information is needed so that the exemption for your spouse and dependents residing in the United States (if applicable) may be allowed in accordance with Article 4 of the income tax treaty between the United States and the Republic of Korea (South Korea).

Total foreign source income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business $>$
J Did you file a U.S. income tax return for any year before 2006? . . . . . . $\square$ Yes $\square$ No If "Yes," give the latest year and form number

K To which Internal Revenue office did you pay any amounts claimed on Form 1040NR, lines 60, 63, and 65?

L Have you excluded any gross income other than foreign source income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business?


If "Yes," show the amount, nature, and source of the excluded income. Also, give the reason it was excluded. (Do not include amounts shown in item M.)

M If you are claiming the benefits of a U.S. income tax treaty with a foreign country, give the following information. See page 28 for additional information.

- Country
- Type and amount of effectively connected income exempt from tax. Also, identify the applicable tax treaty article. Do not enter exempt income on lines 8, 9a, 10a, 11-15, 16b, or 17b-21 of Form 1040NR.

For 2006 (also, include this exempt income on line 22 of Form 1040NR)

For 2005
-----------------------------------------------------------------------

- Type and amount of income not effectively connected that is exempt from or subject to a reduced rate of tax. Also, identify the applicable tax treaty article.

For 2006

For 2005

- Were you subject to tax in that country on any of the income you claim is entitled to the treaty benefits?Yes No
- Did you have a permanent establishment or fixed base (as defined by the tax treaty) in the United States at any time during 2006?Yes No
N If you file this return to report community income, give your spouse's name, address, and identifying number.

O If you file this return for a trust, does the trust have a U.S. business? Yes No If "Yes," give name and address
$\mathbf{P}$ Is this an "expatriation return" (see page 28)?


If "Yes," you must attach an annual information statement.

Q During 2006, did you apply for, or take other affirmative steps to apply for, lawful permanent resident status in the United States or have an application pending to adjust your status to that of a lawful permanent resident of the United States?$\square$ Ye Yes No If "Yes," explain

R Check this box if you have received compensation income of $\$ 250,000$ or more and you are using an alternative method to determine the source of this compensation income (see instructions)

## Instructions for <br> Form 1040NR

## U.S. Nonresident Alien Income Tax Return

## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

.For details on these and other changes for 2005 and 2006, see Pub. 553. Pending legislation may eliminate one or more of the last four changes listed under What's New for 2006.

## What's New for 2005

Qualifying child—New definition. A new definition of a "qualifying child" applies for each of the following tax benefits.

- Dependency exemption.
- Child tax credits.
- Credit for child and dependent care expenses.
See the instructions for each of these benefits for more details.

Foster child—New rules. New rules apply to determine who is a foster child and when a foster child can be used to claim certain tax benefits. To claim a foster child as a qualifying child for any of the tax benefits listed above, the child must be placed with you by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction. A foster child no longer qualifies you to use qualifying widow(er) filing status.
Dependents cannot claim exemptions for dependents. If you can be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you cannot claim any exemptions for dependents.
Hurricane tax relief. Emergency tax relief was enacted as a result of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma. The tax benefits provided by this relief include the following.

- Suspended limits for certain personal casualty losses and cash contributions.
- An additional exemption amount if you provided housing for a person displaced by Hurricane Katrina.
- Election to use your 2004 earned income to figure your additional child tax credit.
- Increased charitable standard mileage rate for using your vehicle for
volunteer work related to Hurricane Katrina.
- Special rules for time and support tests for people who were temporarily relocated because of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma.
- Special rules for withdrawals and loans from IRAs and other qualified retirement plans.

For more details on these and other tax benefits related to Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma, see Pub. 4492, Information for Taxpayers Affected by Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma.

## Domestic production activities

deduction. You may be able to deduct up to $3 \%$ of your qualified production activities income from certain business activities. See the instructions for line 33 on page 16.
Certain deductions reordered. The lines in the Adjusted Gross Income section have been reordered to simplify the computation of modified adjusted gross income (AGI) limits.
IRA deduction expanded. You may be able to deduct up to $\$ 4,000$ ( $\$ 4,500$ if age 50 or older at the end of 2005). If you were covered by a retirement plan, you may be able to take an IRA deduction if your 2005 modified AGI is less than $\$ 60,000$ ( $\$ 80,000$ if qualifying widow(er)).
Residents of Japan. Beginning in 2005, nonresident aliens who are residents of Japan generally cannot claim the following benefits. This is because the new U.S.-Japan income tax treaty, which became effective on January 1, 2005, does not allow them.

- Exemptions for spouse and dependents.
- Qualifying widow(er) filing status.
- Single filing status for people who are married, have a child, and do not live with their spouse.

However, if you elect to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005, you may be able to claim these benefits on your 2005 Form 1040NR.

## Certain dividends from a mutual

fund. Interest-related dividends you receive from a mutual fund are excluded from income if the dividends
are not effectively connected with your U.S. trade or business. The exclusion also applies to short-term capital gain dividends from a mutual fund if you are present in the United States for less than 183 days during the tax year.
U.S. source dividends paid by certain foreign corporations. U.S. source dividends paid by certain foreign corporations are excluded from income if they are not effectively connected with the nonresident alien's U.S. trade or business. See Second exception under Dividends in Pub. 519, chapter 2 for a definition of foreign corporation and how to figure the amount of excludable dividends.
Standard mileage rates. The 2005 rate for business use of your vehicle is $401 / 2$ cents a mile ( $481 / 2$ cents a mile after August 31, 2005). The 2005 rate for use of your vehicle to move is 15 cents a mile (22 cents a mile after August 31, 2005).
Elective salary deferrals. The maximum amount you can defer under all plans is generally limited to $\$ 14,000$ (\$10,000 if you only have SIMPLE plans; \$17,000 for section 403(b) plans if you qualify for the 15-year rule). The catch-up contribution limit is increased to $\$ 4,000$ ( $\$ 2,000$ for SIMPLE plans).

## What's New for 2006

## New exception from the filing requirement for nonresident alien

 individuals. Generally, the requirement to file a return has been eliminated for nonresident aliens who earn wages effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business that are less than the amount of one personal exemption (\$3,300 for 2006). For more information, see Notice 2005-77, 2005-46 I.R.B. 951 . You can find Notice 2005-77 on page 951 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 2005-46 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb05-46.pdf.Personal exemption and itemized deduction phaseouts reduced. The phaseouts of the personal exemptions and itemized deductions will be reduced by $1 / 3$.
Residential energy credit-New.
You may be able to take a residential
energy credit for expenses paid in 2006 to have qualified energy saving items installed in your main home.
Alternative motor vehicles. You may be able to take a credit if you place an energy efficient motor vehicle or alternative fuel vehicle refueling property in service in 2006. You can no longer take a deduction for clean-fuel vehicles or refueling property.
IRA deduction expanded. If you were covered by a retirement plan, you may be able to take an IRA deduction if your 2006 modified AGI is less than $\$ 85,000$ if qualifying widow(er). If you are age 50 or over, the amount of your catch-up contribution will increase to $\$ 1,000$.
Standard mileage rates. The 2006 rate for business use of your vehicle is $441 / 2$ cents a mile. The 2006 rate for use of your vehicle to move is 18 cents a mile. The 2006 rate for charitable use of your vehicle to provide relief related to Hurricane Katrina is 32 cents a mile. The 2006 rate of 14 cents a mile for other charitable use is unchanged.

## Certain credits no longer allowed

 against alternative minimum tax (AMT). The credit for child and dependent care expenses, mortgage interest credit, and carryforwards of the District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit are no longer allowed against AMT and a new tax liability limit applies. For most people, this limit is your regular tax minus any tentative minimum tax.AMT exemption amount decreased.
The AMT exemption amount will decrease to $\$ 33,750$ ( $\$ 45,000$ if a qualifying widow(er); \$22,500 if married filing separately).

## Educator expense deduction

 expires. The deduction for educator expenses from AGI will expire.District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit expires. This credit will not apply to homes purchased after December 31, 2005.

## Items to Note

Form 1040NR-EZ. You may be able to use Form 1040NR-EZ if your only income from U.S. sources is wages, salaries, tips, taxable refunds of state and local income taxes, and scholarship or fellowship grants. For more details, see Form 1040NR-EZ and its instructions.
Former U.S. citizens and former U.S. long-term residents. If you renounced your U.S. citizenship or terminated your long-term resident status after June 3, 2004, you will continue to be treated for federal tax purposes as a citizen or long-term resident of the United States until you (a) give notice of your expatriating act or termination of residency (with the requisite intent to
relinquish citizenship or terminate such status) to the Department of State or the Department of Homeland Security, and (b) provide an initial expatriation statement (Form 8854) to the IRS. Additionally, if you are subject to the expatriation tax rules of section 877(a), you are required to file an annual expatriation information statement (Form 8854) with the IRS for 10 taxable years after the date of your expatriation. For more details, see Special Rules for Former U.S. Citizens and Former U.S. Long-term Residents that begins on page 6 and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens.

Other reporting requirements. If you meet the closer connection to a foreign country exception to the substantial presence test, you must file Form 8840. If you exclude days of presence in the United States for purposes of the substantial presence test, you must file Form 8843. This rule does not apply to foreign-governmentrelated individuals who exclude days of presence in the United States. Certain dual-resident taxpayers who claim tax treaty benefits must file Form 8833. A dual-resident taxpayer is one who is a resident of both the United States and another country under each country's tax laws.

## Additional Information

If you need more information, our free publications may help you. Pub. 519 will be the most important, but the following publications may also help.

Pub. 525 Taxable and Nontaxable Income
Pub. 529 Miscellaneous Deductions
Pub. 552 Recordkeeping for Individuals
Pub. 597 Information on the United States-Canada Income Tax Treaty
Pub. 901 U.S. Tax Treaties
Pub. 910 Guide to Free Tax Services (includes a list of all publications)

These free publications and the forms and schedules you will need are available from the Internal Revenue Service. You can download them from the IRS website at www.irs.gov. Also see Taxpayer Assistance that begins on page 29 for other ways to get them (as well as information on receiving IRS assistance in completing the forms).

## Resident Alien or Nonresident Alien

If you are not a citizen of the United States, specific rules apply to determine if you are a resident alien or a nonresident alien for tax purposes. Generally, you are considered a
resident alien if you meet either the green card test or the substantial presence test for 2005. (These tests are explained below.) Even if you do not meet either of these tests, you may be able to choose to be treated as a U.S. resident for part of 2005. See First-Year Choice in Pub. 519 for details.

You are generally considered a nonresident alien for the year if you are not a U.S. resident under either of these tests. However, even if you are a U.S. resident under one of these tests, you may still be considered a nonresident alien if you qualify as a resident of a treaty country within the meaning of the tax treaty between the United States and that country. You can download the complete text of most U.S. tax treaties at www.irs.gov. Technical explanations for many of those treaties are also available at that site.

For more details on resident and nonresident status, the tests for residence, and the exceptions to them, see Pub. 519.

## Green Card Test

You are a resident for tax purposes if you were a lawful permanent resident (immigrant) of the United States at any time during 2005.

## Substantial Presence Test

You are considered a U.S. resident if you meet the substantial presence test for 2005. You meet this test if you were physically present in the United States for at least:

1. 31 days during 2005 , and
2. 183 days during the period 2005 , 2004, and 2003, counting all the days of physical presence in 2005, but only $1 / 3$ the number of days of presence in 2004 and only $1 / 6$ the number of days in 2003.

Generally, you are treated as present in the United States on any day that you are physically present in the country at any time during the day. However, there are exceptions to this rule. In general, do not count the following as days of presence in the United States for the substantial presence test.

- Days you commute to work in the United States from a residence in Canada or Mexico if you regularly commute from Canada or Mexico. - Days you are in the United States for less than 24 hours when you are in transit between two places outside of the United States.
- Days you are in the United States as a crew member of a foreign vessel.
- Days you intend, but are unable, to leave the United States because of a
medical condition that arose while you were in the United States.
- Days you are an exempt individual (defined below).
Exempt individual. For these
purposes, an exempt individual is generally an individual who is a:
- Foreign-government-related individual,
- Teacher or trainee,
- Student, or
- Professional athlete who is temporarily in the United States to compete in a charitable sports event.
Note. Alien individuals with "Q" visas are treated as either students, teachers, or trainees and, as such, are exempt individuals for purposes of the substantial presence test if they otherwise qualify. "Q" visas are issued to aliens participating in certain international cultural exchange programs.

See Pub. 519 for more details regarding days of presence in the United States for the substantial presence test.

## Closer Connection to Foreign Country

Even though you would otherwise meet the substantial presence test, you can be treated as a nonresident alien if you: - Were present in the United States for fewer than 183 days during 2005,

- Establish that during 2005 you had a tax home in a foreign country, and
- Establish that during 2005 you had a closer connection to one foreign country in which you had a tax home than to the United States unless you had a closer connection to two foreign countries.

See Pub. 519 for more information.

## Who Must File

File Form 1040NR if any of the following four conditions applies to you.

1. You were a nonresident alien engaged in a trade or business in the United States during 2005. You must file even if:
a. None of your income came from a trade or business conducted in the United States,
b. You have no U.S. source income, or
c. Your income is exempt from U.S. tax.

However, if you have no gross income for 2005, do not complete the schedules for Form 1040NR. Instead, attach a list of the kinds of exclusions you claim and the amount of each.

Exception. If you were a nonresident alien student, teacher, or trainee who was temporarily present in the United States under an "F," "J," "M," or "Q" visa, you must file Form 1040NR
(or Form 1040NR-EZ) only if you have income that is subject to tax under section 871 (that is, the income items listed on lines 8 through 21 on page 1 of Form 1040NR and on lines 75a through 84 on page 4 of
Form 1040NR).
2. You were a nonresident alien not engaged in a trade or business in the United States during 2005 and:
a. You received income from U.S. sources that is reportable on lines 75 a through 84, and
b. Not all of the U.S. tax that you owe was withheld from that income.
3. You represent a deceased person who would have had to file Form 1040NR.
4. You represent an estate or trust that has to file Form 1040NR.
Exception for children under age 14. If your child was under age 14 at the end of 2005, had income only from interest and dividends that are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, and that income totaled less than $\$ 8,000$, you may be able to elect to report your child's income on your return. But you must use Form 8814 to do so. If you make this election, your child does not have to file a return. For details, see Form 8814.

$\Delta$A child born on January 1, 1992, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2005. Do not use Form 8814 for such a child.
Filing a deceased person's return. The personal representative must file the return for a deceased person who was required to file a return for 2005. A personal representative can be an executor, administrator, or anyone who is in charge of the deceased person's property.
Filing for an estate or trust. If you are filing Form 1040NR for a nonresident alien estate or trust, change the form to reflect the provisions of Subchapter J, Chapter 1, of the Internal Revenue Code. You may find it helpful to refer to Form 1041 and its instructions.
Former U.S. citizens and former U.S. long-term residents. If you renounced your U.S. citizenship or terminated your long-term resident status after June 3, 2004, you are required to (a) file Form 8854, and (b) notify the Department of State or the Department of Homeland Security (see the Instructions to Form 8854).

If you fail to do so, you are still treated as a citizen or resident of the United States, and you must report your worldwide taxable income on Form $1040,1040 \mathrm{~A}$, or 1040 EZ , and figure your tax as shown in the instructions for those forms. You can only file Form 1040NR and figure your tax as a nonresident alien for the portion of the
year after you have satisfied both of the requirements above. For more details, see Special Rules for Former U.S. Citizens and Former U.S. Long-term Residents that begins on page 6 and Pub. 519.

## Simplified Procedure for Claiming Certain Refunds

You can use this procedure only if you meet all of the following conditions for the tax year.

- You were a nonresident alien.
- You were not engaged in a trade or business in the United States at any time.
- You had no income that was effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business.
- Your U.S. income tax liability was fully satisfied through withholding of tax at source.
- You are filing Form 1040NR solely to claim a refund of U.S. tax withheld at source.

Example. John is a nonresident alien individual. The only U.S. source income he received during the year was dividend income from U.S. stocks. The dividend income was reported to him on Form(s) 1042-S. On one of the dividend payments, the withholding agent incorrectly withheld at a rate of $30 \%$ (instead of $15 \%$ ). John is eligible to use the simplified procedure.

If you meet all of the conditions listed earlier for the tax year, complete Form 1040NR as follows.
Page 1. Enter your name, identifying number (defined on page 8), country of citizenship, and all address information requested at the top of page 1. Leave the rest of page 1 blank.
Page 4, lines 75a through 84. Enter the amounts of gross income you received from dividends, interest, royalties, pensions, annuities, and other income. If any income you received was subject to backup withholding or withholding at source, you must include all gross income of that type that you received. The amount of each type of income should be shown in the column under the appropriate U.S. tax rate, if any, that applies to that type of income in your particular circumstances.

If you are entitled to a reduced rate of, or exemption from, withholding on the income pursuant to a tax treaty, the applicable rate of U.S. tax is the same as the treaty rate. Use column (e) if the applicable tax rate is $0 \%$.

Example. Mary is a nonresident alien individual. The only U.S. source income she received during the year was as follows.

- 4 dividend payments.
- 12 interest payments.

All payments were reported to Mary on Form(s) 1042-S. On one of the dividend payments, the withholding agent incorrectly withheld at a rate of $30 \%$ (instead of $15 \%$ ). There were no other withholding discrepancies. Mary must report all four dividend payments. She is not required to report any of the interest payments.
Note. Payments of gross proceeds from the sale of securities or regulated futures contracts are generally exempt from U.S. tax. If you received such payments and they were subjected to backup withholding, specify the type of payment on line 84 and show the amount in column (e).

Line 85. Enter the total amount of U.S. tax withheld at source (and not refunded by the payer or withholding agent) for the income you included on lines 75 a through 84 .

Lines 86 through 88. Complete these lines as instructed on the form.
Page 5. You must answer all questions that apply. For item M, you must identify the income tax treaty and treaty article(s) under which you are applying for a refund of tax. Also, enter the type of income (for example, dividends, royalties) and amount in the appropriate space. You must provide the information required for each type of income for which a treaty claim is made.
Note. If you are claiming a reduced rate of, or exemption from, tax based on a tax treaty, you must generally be a resident of the particular treaty country within the meaning of the treaty and you cannot have a permanent establishment or fixed base in the United States.
Page 2, lines 53 and 58. Enter your total income tax liability.

Lines 66 and 69. Enter the total amount of U.S. tax withheld (from line 85).

Lines 70 and 71a. Enter the difference between line 58 and line 69. This is your total refund.

Signature. You must sign and date your tax return. See Reminders on page 28.
Documentation. You must attach acceptable proof of the withholding for which you are claiming a refund. If you are claiming a refund of backup withholding tax based on your status as a nonresident alien, you must attach a copy of the Form 1099 that shows the income and the amount of backup withholding. If you are claiming a refund of U.S. tax withheld at source, you must attach a copy of the Form 1042-S that shows the income and the amount of U.S. tax withheld.

## Additional Information

Portfolio interest. If you are claiming a refund of U.S. tax withheld from portfolio interest, include a description of the relevant debt obligation, including the name of the issuer, CUSIP number (if any), interest rate, and the date the debt was issued.
Withholding on distributions. If you are claiming an exemption from withholding on a distribution from a U.S. corporation with respect to its stock because the corporation had insufficient earnings and profits to support ordinary income treatment, you must attach a statement that identifies the distributing corporation and provides the basis for the claim.

If you are claiming an exemption from withholding on a distribution from a mutual fund or real estate investment trust (REIT) with respect to its stock because the distribution was designated as long-term capital gain or a nondividend distribution, you must attach a statement that identifies the mutual fund or REIT and provides the basis for the claim.

If you are claiming an exemption from withholding on a distribution from a U.S. corporation with respect to its stock because, in your particular circumstances, the transaction qualifies as a redemption of stock under section 302 , you must attach a statement that describes the transaction and presents the facts necessary to establish that the payment was (a) a complete redemption, (b) a disproportionate redemption, or (c) not essentially equivalent to a dividend.

## When To File

Individuals. If you were an employee and received wages subject to U.S. income tax withholding, file Form 1040NR by the 15th day of the 4th month after your tax year ends. A return for the 2005 calendar year is due by April 17, 2006.

If you did not receive wages as an employee subject to U.S. income tax withholding, file Form 1040NR by the 15th day of the 6th month after your tax year ends. A return for the 2005 calendar year is due by June 15, 2006.
Estates and trusts. If you file for a nonresident alien estate or trust that has an office in the United States, file the return by the 15th day of the 4th month after the tax year ends. If you file for a nonresident alien estate or trust that does not have an office in the United States, file the return by the 15th day of the 6th month after the tax year ends.

Note. If the regular due date for filing falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, file by the next business day.
Extension of time to file. If you cannot file your return by the due date, you should file Form 4868. You must file Form 4868 by the regular due date of the return.

If you did not receive wages as an employee subject to U.S. income tax withholding, and your return is due June 15, 2006, enter "1040NR-No Withholding" in the left margin of Form 4868.
Note. Form 4868 does not extend the time to pay your income tax. The tax is due by the regular due date of the return.

## Where To File

File Form 1040NR with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A.

## Private Delivery Services

You can use certain private delivery services designated by the IRS to meet the "timely mailing as timely filing/ paying" rule for tax returns and payments. These private delivery services include only the following. - DHL Express (DHL): DHL Same Day Service, DHL Next Day 10:30 am, DHL Next Day 12:00 pm, DHL Next Day 3:00 pm, and DHL 2nd Day Service. - Federal Express (FedEx): FedEx Priority Overnight, FedEx Standard Overnight, FedEx 2Day, FedEx International Priority, and FedEx International First.

- United Parcel Service (UPS): UPS Next Day Air, UPS Next Day Air Saver, UPS 2nd Day Air, UPS 2nd Day Air A.M., UPS Worldwide Express Plus, and UPS Worldwide Express.

The private delivery service can tell you how to get written proof of the mailing date.

$\Delta$Private delivery services cannot deliver items to P.O. boxes. You must use the U.S. Postal
Service to mail any item to an IRS P.O. box address.

## Election To Be Taxed as a Resident Alien

You can elect to be taxed as a U.S. resident for the whole year if all of the following apply.

- You were married.
- Your spouse was a U.S. citizen or resident alien on the last day of the tax year.
- You file a joint return for the year of the election using Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ.

To make this election, you must attach the statement described in

Pub. 519 to your return. Do not use Form 1040NR.

Your worldwide income for the whole year must be included and will be taxed under U.S. tax laws. You must agree to keep the records, books, and other information needed to figure the tax. If you made the election in an earlier year, you can file a joint return or separate return for 2005. If you file a separate return, use Form 1040 or Form 1040A. Your worldwide income for the whole year must be included whether you file a joint or separate return.


Nonresident aliens who make this election may forfeit the right to claim benefits otherwise available under a U.S. tax treaty. For more details, see the specific treaty.

## Dual-Status Taxpayers

Note. If you elect to be taxed as a resident alien (discussed earlier), the special instructions and restrictions discussed here do not apply.

## Dual-Status Tax Year

A dual-status year is one in which you change status between nonresident and resident alien. Different U.S. income tax rules apply to each status.

Most dual-status years are the years of arrival or departure. Before you arrive in the United States, you are a nonresident alien. After you arrive, you may or may not be a resident, depending on the circumstances.

If you become a U.S. resident, you stay a resident until you leave the United States. You may become a nonresident alien when you leave, if, after leaving (or after your last day of lawful permanent residency if you met the green card test) and for the remainder of the calendar year of your departure, you have a closer connection to a foreign country than to the United States, and, during the next calendar year, you are not a U.S. resident under either the green card test or the substantial presence test. See Pub. 519.

## What and Where to File for a Dual-Status Year

If you were a U.S. resident on the last day of the tax year, file Form 1040.
Enter "Dual-Status Return" across the top and attach a statement showing your income for the part of the year you were a nonresident. You can use Form 1040 NR as the statement; enter
"Dual-Status Statement" across the top. File your return and statement with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A.

If you were a nonresident on the last day of the tax year, file Form 1040NR.

Enter "Dual-Status Return" across the top and attach a statement showing your income for the part of the year you were a U.S. resident. You may use Form 1040 as the statement; enter "Dual-Status Statement" across the top. File your return and statement with the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A.
Statements. Any statement you file with your return must show your name, address, and identifying number (defined on page 8).

Former U.S. long-term residents are required to file Form 8854 with their dual-status return for the last year of U.S. residency. To determine if you are a former U.S. long-term resident, see the instructions that begin on page 6.

## Income Subject to Tax for Dual-Status Year

As a dual-status taxpayer not filing a joint return, you are taxed on income from all sources for the part of the year you were a resident alien. Generally, you are taxed on income only from U.S. sources for the part of the year you were a nonresident alien. However, all income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States is taxable.

Income you received as a dual-status taxpayer from sources outside the United States while a resident alien is taxable even if you became a nonresident alien after receiving it and before the close of the tax year. Conversely, income you received from sources outside the United States while a nonresident alien is not taxable in most cases even if you became a resident alien after receiving it and before the close of the tax year. Income from U.S. sources is taxable whether you received it while a nonresident alien or a resident alien.

## Restrictions for Dual-Status Taxpayers

Standard deduction. You cannot take the standard deduction.
Head of household. You cannot use the Head of household Tax Table column or Section D of the Tax Computation Worksheet.
Joint return. You cannot file a joint return unless you elect to be taxed as a resident alien (see the instructions that begin on page 4) in lieu of these dual-status taxpayer rules.
Tax rates. If you were married and a nonresident of the United States for all or part of the tax year and you do not make the election to be taxed as a resident alien as discussed earlier, you must use the Married filing separately column in the Tax Table or Section C of the Tax Computation Worksheet to
figure your tax on income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. If married, you cannot use the Single Tax Table column or Section A of the Tax Computation Worksheet.
Deduction for exemptions. As a dual-status taxpayer, you usually will be entitled to your own personal exemption. Subject to the general rules for qualification, you are allowed exemptions for your spouse and dependents in figuring taxable income for the part of the year you were a resident alien. The amount you can claim for these exemptions is limited to your taxable income (determined without regard to exemptions) for the part of the year you were a resident alien. You cannot use exemptions (other than your own) to reduce taxable income to below zero for that period.

Special rules apply for exemptions for the part of the tax year a dual-status taxpayer is a nonresident alien if the taxpayer is a resident of Canada, Mexico, the Republic of Korea (South Korea), or Japan (and you elect to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005); a U.S. national; or a student or business apprentice from India. See Pub. 519.
Tax credits. You cannot take the earned income credit, the credit for the elderly or disabled, or an education credit unless you elect to be taxed as a resident alien (see the instructions that begin on page 4) in lieu of these dual-status taxpayer rules. For information on other credits, see chapter 6 of Pub. 519.

## How To Figure Tax for Dual-Status Year

When you figure your U.S. tax for a dual-status year, you are subject to different rules for the part of the year you were a resident and the part of the year you were a nonresident.

All income for the period of residence and all income that is effectively connected with a trade or business in the United States for the period of nonresidence, after allowable deductions, is combined and taxed at the same rates that apply to U.S. citizens and residents. Income that is not effectively connected with a trade or business in the United States for the period of nonresidence is subject to the flat 30\% rate or lower treaty rate. No deductions are allowed against this income.

If you were a resident alien on the last day of the tax year and you are filing Form 1040, include the tax on the noneffectively connected income in the total on Form 1040, line 63. To the left of line 63 enter "Tax from Form 1040NR" and the amount.

If you are filing Form 1040NR, enter the tax from the Tax Table, Tax Computation Worksheet, Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet, Schedule D Tax Worksheet, Schedule J (Form 1040), or Form 8615 on line 41 and the tax on the noneffectively connected income on line 53.
Credit for taxes paid. You are allowed a credit against your U.S. income tax liability for certain taxes you paid, are considered to have paid, or that were withheld from your income. These include:

1. Tax withheld from wages earned in the United States and taxes withheld at the source from various items of income from U.S. sources other than wages. This includes U.S. tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests.
When filing Form 1040, show the total tax withheld on line 64. Enter amounts from the attached statement (Form 1040NR, lines 59, 66, 67a, 67b, 68a, and 68b) to the right of line 64 and identify and include in the amount on line 64.
When filing Form 1040NR, show the total tax withheld on lines 59, 66, 67a, 67b, 68a, and 68b. Enter the amount from the attached statement (Form 1040, line 64) to the right of line 59 and identify and include in the amount on line 59.
2. Estimated tax paid with Form 1040-ES or Form 1040-ES (NR).
3. Tax paid with Form 1040-C at the time of departure from the United States. When filing Form 1040, include the tax paid with Form 1040-C with the total payments on line 71. Identify the payment in the area to the left of the entry.

## How To Report Income on Form 1040NR

## Community Income

If either you or your spouse (or both you and your spouse) were nonresident aliens at any time during the tax year and you had community income during the year, treat the community income according to the applicable community property laws except as follows.

- Earned income of a spouse, other than trade or business income or partnership distributive share income.
The spouse whose services produced the income must report it on his or her separate return.
- Trade or business income, other than partnership distributive share income.

Treat this income as received by the spouse carrying on the trade or business and report it on that spouse's return.

- Partnership distributive share income (or loss). Treat this income (or loss) as received by the spouse who is the partner and report it on that spouse's return.
- Income derived from the separate property of one spouse that is not earned income, trade or business income, or partnership distributive share income. The spouse with the separate property must report this income on his or her separate return.

See Pub. 555 for more details.

## Kinds of Income

You must divide your income for the tax year into the following three categories.

1. Income effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. This income is taxed at the same rates that apply to U.S. citizens and residents. Report this income on page 1 of Form 1040NR. Pub. 519 describes this income in greater detail.
2. U.S. income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. This income is taxed at $30 \%$ unless a treaty between your country and the United States has set a lower rate that applies to you. Report this income on page 4 of Form 1040NR. Pub. 519 describes this income more fully.
Note. Use line 56 to report the $4 \%$ tax on U.S. source gross transportation income.
3. Income exempt from U.S. tax. Complete items $L$ and/or $M$ on page 5 of Form 1040NR and, if applicable, line 22 on page 1.

## Dispositions of U.S. Real Property Interests

Gain or loss on the disposition of a U.S. real property interest (see Pub. 519 for definition) is taxed as if the gain or loss were effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business. See section 897 and its regulations.

Report gains and losses on the disposition of U.S. real property interests on Schedule D (Form 1040) and Form 1040NR, line 14. Also, net gains may be subject to the alternative minimum tax. See the instructions for line 42.

## Income You May Elect To Treat as Effectively Connected With a U.S. Trade or Business

You can elect to treat some items of income as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. The election
applies to all income from real property located in the United States and held for the production of income and to all income from any interest in such property. This includes:

- Gains from the sale or exchange of such property or an interest therein.
- Gains on the disposal of timber, coal, or iron ore with a retained economic interest.
- Rents and royalties from mines, oil or gas wells, or other natural resources.

The election does not apply to dispositions of U.S. real property interests discussed earlier.

To make the election, attach a statement to your return for the year of the election. Include in your statement:

1. That you are making the election.
2. A complete list of all of your real property, or any interest in real property, located in the United States (including location). Give the legal identification of U.S. timber, coal, or iron ore in which you have an interest.
3. The extent of your ownership in the real property.
4. A description of any substantial improvements to the property.
5. Your income from the property.
6. The dates you owned the property.
7. Whether the election is under section 871 (d) or a tax treaty.
8. Details of any previous elections and revocations of the real property election.

## Foreign Income Taxed by the United States

You may be required to report some income from foreign sources on your U.S. return if it is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. For this foreign income to be treated as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, you must have an office or other fixed place of business in the United States to which the income can be attributed. For more information, including a list of the types of foreign source income that must be treated as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, see Pub. 519.

## Special Rules for Former U.S. Citizens and Former U.S. Long-Term Residents

## Expatriation Tax

The expatriation tax provisions provide an alternative tax regime for certain nonresident aliens who lost U.S. citizenship or terminated U.S. long-term resident status. In 2004 the expatriation rules changed. If you expatriated on or
before June 3, 2004, one set of rules applies. If you expatriated after June 3, 2004, another set of rules applies. See the rules on this page that apply to you.

## Former U.S. Iong-term resident

defined. You are a former U.S. long-term resident if you were a lawful permanent resident of the United States in at least 8 of the last 15 consecutive tax years ending with the year your residency ends. In determining if you meet the 8-year requirement, do not count any year that you were treated as a resident of another country under a tax treaty and you did not waive treaty benefits.

## Expatriation Before June 4, 2004

The alternative tax regime will apply to you for the 10 succeeding tax years following your action if one of the principal purposes of your action was to avoid U.S. taxes. You are considered to have tax avoidance as a principal purpose if:

1. Your average annual net income tax for the last 5 tax years ending before the date of your action to relinquish your citizenship or terminate your residency was more than $\$ 100,000$, or
2. Your net worth on the date of your action was $\$ 500,000$ or more.

The amounts above are adjusted for inflation if your expatriation action is after 1996 (see the chart on this page).

Although there are exceptions to these rules, you will qualify for an exception only if you are eligible to submit a ruling request to the IRS that your renunciation of U.S. citizenship or termination of U.S. residency did not have as one of its principal purposes the avoidance of U.S. tax and you submit such a ruling request in a complete and good faith manner. For more details about these exceptions, see Notice 97-19, 1997-1 C.B. 394; and Notice 98-34, 1998-2 C.B. 29. You can find
Notice 97-19 on page 40 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 1997-10 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb97-10.pdf. You can find Notice 98-34 on page 30 of Internal Revenue Bulletin 1998-27 at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-irbs/irb98-27.pdf.
Annual information statement If the alternative tax regime under the expatriation tax provisions apply to you, check the "Yes" box in item P on Form 1040NR, page 5. You must also attach an annual information statement to Form 1040NR that lists by category (for example, dividends, interest, etc.) all items of U.S. and foreign source gross income (whether or not taxable in the United States). The statement must identify the source of such income
(determined under section 877 as modified by Section V of Notice 97-19) and those items of income subject to tax under section 877. You must attach the statement to Form 1040NR, whether or not you owe any U.S. tax.

## Expatriation After June 3, 2004

The alternative tax regime will apply to you for the 10 succeeding tax years following your action if any one of the following apply.

1. Your average annual net income tax for the last 5 tax years ending before the date of your action to relinquish your citizenship or terminate your residency was more than \$124,000 for 2004, and \$127,000 for 2005 (as adjusted annually for inflation).
2. Your net worth on the date of your action was $\$ 2,000,000$ or more.
3. You fail to certify under penalties of perjury that all of your U.S. federal tax obligations for the last 5 tax years ending before the date of your action have been met.

## Exception for dual citizens and

 certain minors. Dual citizens and certain minors are not subject to the expatriation tax even if they meet (1) or (2) above. However, they must provide the certification required in (3) above. For the definitions of "dual citizens" and "certain minors," see Pub. 519.Exception if in the United States for more than 30 days. Generally, the alternative tax regime does not apply to any tax year during the 10-year period if you are physically present in the United States for more than 30 days during the calendar year ending in that year. You must file Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040 EZ, and figure your tax as prescribed in the instructions for those
forms. For details, see Tax
consequences of presence in the United States under Expatriation After June 3, 2004, in Pub. 519.

Annual information statement. If the alternative tax regime under the expatriation tax provisions applies to you, check the "Yes" box in item P on Form 1040NR, page 5, and attach a completed Form 8854 (Parts I and III of Schedules A and B) to your tax return. You must attach the form for each of the 10 tax years beginning with the year that includes your date of expatriation, whether or not you owe U.S. tax. For more details regarding the filing of Form 8854, see the Instructions for Form 8854.

Penalty. If you fail to file a required Form 8854 for any tax year or fail to include all information required to be shown on the form, you may have to pay a penalty in the amount of $\$ 10,000$ for each required Form 8854. You will not have to pay the penalty if you can show that the failure to file the completed form was due to reasonable cause.

## How To Figure Your Alternative Tax Under the Expatriation Provisions

Note. The following discussion applies to you whether you expatriated before June 4, 2004, or after June 3, 2004.

If the alternative tax regime applies to you, you are subject to tax on U.S. source gross income and gains on either (a) a net basis at the graduated rates applicable to individuals (with allowable deductions), or (b) a gross basis at a rate of $30 \%$ (or lower treaty rate) under the rules of section 871 (a). See page 27 for more details on the tax imposed under section 871(a).

Inflation-Adjusted Amounts for Expatriation Actions Before June 4, 2004

| IF you expatriated <br> during $\ldots$ | THEN, the rules outlined on this page apply <br> if $\ldots$. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Your 5-year <br> average annual <br> net income tax <br> was more <br> than ... | Your net <br> worth <br> equaled or <br> exceeded $\ldots$ |
| 1997 | $\$ 106,000$ | $\$ 528,000$ |
| 1998 | 109,000 | 543,000 |
| 1999 | 110,000 | 552,000 |
| 2000 | 112,000 | 562,000 |
| 2001 | 116,000 | 580,000 |
| 2002 | 120,000 | 599,000 |
| 2003 | 122,000 | 608,000 |
| 2004 (before | 124,000 | 622,000 |
| June 4) |  |  |

[^0]If you have items of U.S. source income that are subject to tax under section 871 (a), you will be taxed at a rate of $30 \%$ (or lower treaty rate) on your gross income only if this tax exceeds the tax at the regular graduated rates on your net income. If the $30 \%$ (or lower treaty rate) tax on your gross income exceeds the graduated tax on your net income, report those items on the appropriate lines on page 4 of Form 1040NR. If the graduated tax on your net income exceeds the 30\% (or lower treaty rate) tax on your gross income, report your income on the appropriate lines on page 1 of Form 1040NR and attach a statement describing the items and amounts of income that are subject to tax by reason of section 877 .

If you have other items of U.S. source income that are not subject to tax under section 871(a), you will be taxed on a net basis at the regular graduated rates applicable to individuals. Report this income on the appropriate lines on page 1 of Form 1040NR.

For purposes of figuring the tax due under section 877 , the following items of income are treated as U.S. source.

1. Gains on the sale or exchange of personal property located in the United States.
2. Gains on the sale or exchange of stock issued by a domestic corporation or debt obligations of the United States, U.S. persons, a state or political subdivision thereof, and the District of Columbia.
3. Income or gain derived from stock in a foreign corporation if you owned, either directly or indirectly (through the rules of sections 958(a) and 958(b)) more than 50\% of the vote or value of the stock of the corporation on the date of your renunciation of citizenship or termination of residency or at any time during the 2 years preceding such date. Such income or gain is considered U.S. source only to the extent of your share of the earnings and profits earned or accumulated prior to the date of renunciation of U.S. citizenship or termination of residency.

Any exchange of property is treated as a sale of the property at its fair market value on the date of the exchange and any gain is treated as U.S. source gross income in the tax year of the exchange unless you enter into a gain recognition agreement under Notice 97-19.

You may not claim that a tax treaty in effect on August 21, 1996, prevents the imposition of tax by reason of section 877.

## Line Instructions for Form 1040NR

## Name, Address, and Identifying Number

Name. If you are filing Form 1040NR for an estate or trust, enter the name of the estate or trust, and your name, title, and address. Also, give the name and address of any U.S. grantors and beneficiaries.
P.O. box. Enter your box number only if your post office does not deliver mail to your home.
Foreign address. Enter the information in the following order: City, province or state, and country. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country name.
Identifying number. If you are an individual, you are generally required to enter your social security number (SSN). To apply for this number, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration (SSA) office or call the SSA at 1-800-772-1213. You can also download Form SS-5 from the SSA's website at
www.socialsecurity.gov/online/ ss-5.html. You must visit an SSA office in person and submit your Form SS-5 along with original documentation showing your age, identity, immigration status, and authority to work in the United States. If you are an $\mathrm{F}-1$ or $\mathrm{M}-1$ student, you must also show your Form $\mathrm{I}-20$. If you are a J -1 exchange visitor, you will also need to show your Form DS-2019. Generally, you will receive your card about 2 weeks after the SSA has all of the necessary information.

If you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, you must apply for an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). For details on how to do so, see Form W-7 and its instructions. It usually takes about 4-6 weeks to get an ITIN.

If you already have an ITIN, enter it wherever your SSN is requested on your tax return. If you are required to include another person's SSN on your return and that person does not have and cannot get an SSN, enter that person's ITIN.
Note. An ITIN is for tax use only. It does not entitle you to social security benefits or change your employment or immigration status under U.S. law.

If you are filing Form 1040NR for an estate or trust, enter the employer identification number of the estate or trust.

An incorrect or missing identifying number may increase your tax or reduce your refund.

## Filing Status

The amount of your tax depends on your filing status. Before you decide which box to check, read the following explanations.
Were you single or married? If you were married on December 31, consider yourself married for the whole year. If you were single, divorced, or legally separated under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance on December 31, consider yourself single for the whole year. If you meet the tests described under Married persons who live apart below, you may consider yourself single for the whole year.

If your spouse died in 2005, consider yourself married to that spouse for the whole year, unless you remarried before the end of 2005 .

## Married persons who live apart.

Some married persons who have a child and who do not live with their spouse may file as single. If you meet all five of the following tests and you are a married resident of Canada or Mexico, or you are a married U.S. national, check the box on line 1. If you meet the tests below and you are a married resident of the Republic of Korea (South Korea), check the box on line 2. If you meet the tests below and you are a married resident of Japan electing to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005, check the box on line 2. You must also enter "Japan-Article 30" in the entry space for item M , Country, on page 5.

1. You file a return separate from your spouse.
2. You paid more than half of the cost to keep up your home in 2005.
3. You lived apart from your spouse during the last 6 months of 2005.
4. Your home was the main home of your child, stepchild, or foster child for more than half of 2005. Temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, count as time lived in the home.
5. You are able to claim a dependency exemption for the child or the child's other parent claims him or her as a dependent under the rules for children of divorced or separated parents. See Form 8332, Release of Claim to Exemption for Child of Divorced or Separated Parents.

Adopted child. An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

Foster child. A foster child is any child placed with you by an authorized placement agency, or by judgment, decree, or other order of any court of competent jurisdiction.
Line 4-Married residents of Japan. If you were a resident of Japan, you can check the box on line 4 only if you are electing to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005. You must also enter
"Japan-Article 30" in the entry space for item M, Country, on page 5.
Line 6-Qualifying widow(er) with dependent child. You may check the box on line 6 if all seven of the following apply.

1. You were a resident of Canada, Mexico, or the Republic of Korea (South Korea), or were a U.S. national. You were a resident of Japan and you are electing to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005. You must also enter
"Japan-Article 30" in the entry space for item M, Country, on page 5.
2. Your spouse died in 2003 or 2004 and you did not remarry in 2005.
3. You have a child or stepchild, for whom you can claim a dependency exemption. This does not include a foster child.
4. This child lived in your home for all of 2005. Temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, count as time lived in the home.
5. You paid over half of the cost of keeping up your home.
6. You were a resident alien or U.S. citizen the year your spouse died. This refers to your actual status, not the election that some nonresident aliens can make to be taxed as U.S. residents.
7. You were entitled to file a joint return with your spouse the year he or she died, even if you did not actually do so.

## Exemptions

Exemptions for estates and trusts are described in the instructions for line 39 on page 17.
Note. Residents of India who were students or business apprentices may be able to claim exemptions for their spouse and dependents. See Pub. 519 for details.
Line 7b-Spouse. If you checked filing status box 3 or 4 , you can take an exemption for your spouse only if your spouse had no gross income for U.S. tax purposes and cannot be claimed as a dependent on another U.S.
taxpayer's return. (You can do this even if your spouse died in 2005.) In addition, if you checked filing status box 4, your spouse must have lived with
you in the United States at some time during 2005. Finally, your spouse must have an SSN or an ITIN. If your spouse is not eligible to obtain an SSN, he or she must apply for an ITIN. See Identifying number on page 8 for additional information.

Married residents of Japan. If you were a resident of Japan, you can claim the exemption for your spouse only if you meet the tests above and you are electing to have the old U.S-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005. You must also enter
"Japan-Article 30" in the entry space for item M, Country, on page 5.
Line 7c-Dependents. Only U.S. nationals and residents of Canada, Mexico, the Republic of Korea (South Korea), and Japan (if you elect to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005) can claim exemptions for their dependents. If you were a U.S. national (American Samoan or a Northern Mariana Islander who chose to be a U.S. national) or a resident of Canada or Mexico, you can claim exemptions for your children and other dependents on the same terms as U.S. citizens. See Pub. 501 for more details. If you were a resident of the Republic of Korea (South Korea), or Japan (and you elect to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005), you can claim an exemption for any of your children who lived with you in the United States at some time during 2005. Be sure to complete item I on page 5 of the form. Residents of Japan must also enter "Japan-Article 30" in the entry space for item M, Country, on page 5 .

You can take an exemption for each of your dependents. If you have more than four dependents, attach a statement to your return with the required information.

A
Beginning in 2005, you will use new rules to determine whether you can claim an exemption for a dependent. See Exemptions for Dependents in Pub. 501 for details.

Children who did not live with you due to divorce or separation. If you checked filing status box 1 or 3 and are claiming as a dependent a child who did not live with you under the rules for children of divorced or separated parents, attach Form 8332 or similar statement to your return. See Form 8332 for details.

## Other dependent children.

Include the total number of children who did not live with you for reasons other than divorce or separation on the line labeled "Dependents on 7c not entered above."

Line 7c, column (2). You must enter each dependent's identifying number
(SSN, ITIN, or adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN)). If you do not enter the correct identifying number, at the time we process your return we may disallow the exemption claimed for the dependent and reduce or disallow any other tax benefits (such as the child tax credit) based on the dependent.

TIPFor details on how your dependent can get an identifying number, see Identifying number on page 8.

If your dependent child was born and died in 2005 and you do not have an identifying number for the child, you may attach a copy of the child's birth certificate instead and enter "Died" in column (2).

Adoption taxpayer identification numbers (ATINs). If you have a dependent who was placed with you by an authorized placement agency and you do not know his or her SSN, you must get an ATIN for the dependent from the IRS. An authorized placement agency includes any person authorized by state law to place children for legal adoption. See Form W-7A for details.

Line 7c, column (4). Check the box in this column if your dependent is a qualifying child for the child tax credit (defined below). If you have at least one qualifying child, you may be able to take the child tax credit on line 47 and the additional child tax credit on line 62.

## Qualifying child for child tax

credit. A qualifying child for purposes of the child tax credit is a child who:

- Was under age 17 at the end of 2005.
- Is your son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew).
- Is a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national, or a resident alien.
- Did not provide over half of his or her own support for 2005.
- Lived with you more than half of 2005. Temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, count as time lived in the home.

An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.

## Rounding Off to Whole Dollars

You may round off cents to whole dollars on your return and schedules. If you do round to whole dollars, you must round all amounts. To round, drop amounts under 50 cents and increase amounts from 50 to 99 cents to the next
dollar. For example, $\$ 1.39$ becomes $\$ 1$ and $\$ 2.50$ becomes $\$ 3$.

If you have to add two or more amounts to figure the amount to enter on a line, include cents when adding the amounts and round off only the total.

## Income Effectively Connected With U.S. Trade or Business

Pub. 519 explains how income is classified and what income you should report here. The instructions for this section assume you have decided that the income involved is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business in which you were engaged. But your decision may not be easy. Interest, for example, may be effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, it may not be, or it may be tax-exempt. The tax status of income also depends on its source. Under some circumstances, items of income from foreign sources are treated as effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Other items are reportable as effectively connected or not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, depending on how you elect to treat them.
Line 8-Wages, salaries, tips, etc. Enter the total of your effectively connected wages, salaries, tips, etc. For most people, the amount to enter on this line should be shown in their Form(s) W-2, box 1. However, do not include on line 8 amounts exempted under a tax treaty. Instead, include these amounts on line 22 and complete item $M$ on page 5 of Form 1040NR.

Also include on line 8:

- Wages received as a household employee for which you did not receive a Form W-2 because your employer paid you less than \$1,400 in 2005. Also, enter "HSH" and the amount not reported on a Form W-2 on the dotted line next to line 8.
- Tip income you did not report to your employer. Also include allocated tips shown on your Form(s) W-2 unless you can prove that you received less. Allocated tips should be shown in your Form(s) W-2, box 8. They are not included as income in box 1. See Pub. 531 for more details.

CavironYou may owe social security and Medicare tax on unreported or allocated tips. See the instructions for line 54 on page 20.

- Dependent care benefits, which should be shown in your Form(s) W-2, box 10. But first complete Form 2441 to see if you may exclude part or all of the benefits.
- Employer-provided adoption benefits, which should be shown in your Form(s) W-2, box 12, with code T. You may also be able to exclude amounts if you adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2005. See the Instructions for Form 8839 to find out if you may exclude part or all of the benefits.
- Excess salary deferrals. The amount deferred should be shown in your Form W-2, box 12, and the "Retirement plan" box in box 13 should be checked. If the total amount you deferred for 2005 under all plans was more than $\$ 14,000$ (excluding catch-up contributions as explained below), include the excess on line 8. This limit is (a) $\$ 10,000$ if you only have SIMPLE plans, or (b) $\$ 17,000$ for section 403(b) plans, if you qualify for the 15-year rule in Pub. 571.

A higher limit may apply to participants in section 457(b) deferred compensation plans for the 3 years before retirement age. Contact your plan administrator for more information.

If you were age 50 or older at the end of 2005, your employer may have allowed an additional deferral of up to \$4,000 (\$2,000 for SIMPLE plans). This additional deferral amount is not subject to the overall limit on elective deferrals.

$\Delta$You may not deduct the amount deferred. It is not included as income in your Form W-2, box 1 .

- Disability pensions shown on Form 1099-R if you have not reached the minimum retirement age set by your employer. Disability pensions received after you reach that age and other payments shown on Form 1099-R (other than payments from an IRA*) are reported on lines 17a and 17b.
Payments from an IRA are reported on lines 16a and 16b.
- Corrective distributions from a retirement plan shown on Form 1099-R of (a) excess salary deferrals plus earnings and (b) excess contributions plus earnings. But do not include distributions from an IRA* on line 8. Instead, report distributions from an IRA on lines 16a and 16b.

> *This includes a Roth, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA.

Missing or incorrect Form W-2. Your employer is required to provide or send Form W-2 to you no later than January 31, 2006. If you do not receive it by early February, ask your employer for it. Even if you do not get a Form W-2, you must still report your earnings on line 8. If you lose your Form W-2 or it is incorrect, ask your employer for a new one.
Line 9a-Taxable interest. Report on line 9a all of your taxable interest
income from assets effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

If you received interest not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business, report it on Form 1040NR, page 4 , unless it is tax exempt under a treaty and the withholding agent did not withhold tax on the payment. See Pub. 901 for a quick reference guide to the provisions of U.S. tax treaties. In addition, interest from a U.S. bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or similar institution, and from certain deposits with U.S. insurance companies, is tax exempt to a nonresident alien if it is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Interest credited in 2005 on deposits that you could not withdraw because of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the financial institution may not have to be included in your 2005 income. For details, see Pub. 550.

## Line 9b-Tax-exempt interest.

Certain types of interest income from investments in state and municipal bonds and similar instruments are not taxed by the United States. If you received such tax-exempt interest income, report the amount on line 9b. Include any exempt-interest dividends from a mutual fund or other regulated investment company. Do not include interest earned on your IRA or Coverdell education savings account. Also do not include interest from a U.S. bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or similar institution (or from certain deposits with U.S. insurance companies) that is exempt from tax under a tax treaty or under section 871(i) because the interest is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Line 10a-Ordinary dividends. Enter your total ordinary dividends from assets effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Each payer should send you a Form 1099-DIV.

Capital gain distributions. If you received any capital gain distributions, see the instructions for line 14 on page 12.

Nondividend distributions. Some distributions are a return of your cost (or other basis). They will not be taxed until you recover your cost (or other basis). You must reduce your cost (or other basis) by these distributions. After you get back all of your cost (or other basis), you must report these distributions as capital gains on Schedule D (Form 1040). For details, see Pub. 550.

©Dividends on insurance policies are a partial return of the premiums you paid. Do not report them as dividends. Include them in income only if they exceed the total of all net premiums you paid for the contract.
Line 10b—Qualified dividends. Enter your total qualified dividends on line 10b. Qualified dividends are eligible for a lower tax rate than other ordinary income. Generally, these dividends are shown in your Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 1b. See Pub. 550 for the definition of qualified dividends if you received dividends not reported on Form 1099-DIV.

Exception. Some dividends may be reported as qualified dividends in Form 1099-DIV, box 1b, but are not qualified dividends. These include:

- Dividends you received as a nominee. See chapter 1 in Pub. 550.
- Dividends you received on any share of stock that you held for less than 61 days during the 121-day period that began 60 days before the ex-dividend date. The ex-dividend date is the first date following the declaration of a dividend on which the purchaser of a stock is not entitled to receive the next dividend payment. When counting the number of days you held the stock, include the day you disposed of the stock but not the day you acquired it. See the examples below. However, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details.
- Dividends attributable to periods totaling more than 366 days that you received on any share of preferred stock held for less than 91 days during the 181-day period that began 90 days before the ex-dividend date. When counting the number of days you held the stock, you cannot count certain days during which your risk of loss was diminished. See Pub. 550 for more details. Preferred dividends attributable to periods totaling less than 367 days are subject to the 61-day holding period rule above.
- Dividends on any share of stock to the extent that you are under an obligation (including a short sale) to make related payments with respect to positions in substantially similar or related property.
- Payments in lieu of dividends, but only if you know or have reason to know that the payments are not qualified dividends.

Example 1. You bought 5,000 shares of XYZ Corp. common stock on June 30, 2005. XYZ Corp. paid a cash dividend of 10 cents per share. The ex-dividend date was July 8, 2005. Your Form 1099-DIV from XYZ Corp. shows $\$ 500$ in box 1a (ordinary
dividends) and in box 1b (qualified dividends). However, you sold the 5,000 shares on August 3, 2005. You held your shares of XYZ Corp. for only 34 days of the 121-day period (from July 1, 2005, through August 3, 2005). The 121 day period began on May 9, 2005 (60 days before the ex-dividend date), and ended on September 6, 2005. You have no qualified dividends from XYZ Corp. because you held the XYZ stock for less than 61 days.

Example 2. Assume the same facts as in Example 1 except that you bought the stock on July 7, 2005 (the day before the ex-dividend date), and you sold the stock on September 8, 2005. You held the stock for 63 days (from July 8, 2005, through September 8, 2005). The $\$ 500$ of qualified dividends shown in Form 1099-DIV, box 1b, are all qualified dividends because you held the stock for 61 days of the 121-day period (from July 8, 2005, through September 6, 2005).

Example 3. You bought 10,000 shares of ABC Mutual Fund common stock on June 30, 2005. ABC Mutual Fund paid a cash dividend of 10 cents a share. The ex-dividend date was July 8, 2005. The ABC Mutual Fund advises you that the portion of the dividend eligible to be treated as qualified dividends equals 2 cents per share. Your Form 1099-DIV from ABC Mutual Fund shows total ordinary dividends of $\$ 1,000$ and qualified dividends of $\$ 200$. However, you sold the 10,000 shares on August 3, 2005. You have no qualified dividends from ABC Mutual Fund because you held the ABC Mutual Fund stock for less than 61 days.

TIPBe sure you use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or the Schedule D Tax Worksheet, whichever applies, to figure your tax. Your tax may be less. See the instructions for line 41 beginning on page 17 for details.
Line 11-Taxable refunds, credits, or offsets of state and local income taxes. If you received a refund, credit, or offset of state or local income taxes in 2005, you may receive a Form 1099-G. If you chose to apply part or all of the refund to your 2005 estimated state or local income tax, the amount applied is treated as received in 2005.

For details on how to figure the amount you must report as income, see Recoveries in Pub. 525.
Line 12-Scholarship and fellowship grants. If you received a scholarship or fellowship, part or all of it may be taxable.

If you were a degree candidate, the amounts you used for expenses other than tuition and course-related
expenses (fees, books, supplies, and equipment) are generally taxable. For example, amounts used for room, board, and travel are generally taxable.

If you were not a degree candidate, the full amount of the scholarship or fellowship is generally taxable. Also, amounts received in the form of a scholarship or fellowship that are payment for teaching, research, or other services are generally taxable as wages even if the services were required to get the grant.

If the grant was reported on Form(s) 1042-S, you must generally include the amount shown in Form(s) 1042-S, box 2, on line 12. However, if any or all of that amount is exempt by treaty, do not include the treaty-exempt amount on line 12. Instead, include the treaty-exempt amount on line 22 and complete item M on page 5 of Form 1040NR.

Attach any Form(s) 1042-S you received from the college or institution. If you did not receive a Form 1042-S, attach a statement from the college or institution (on their letterhead) showing the details of the grant.

For more information about scholarships and fellowships in general, see Pub. 970.

Example 1. You are a citizen of a country that has not negotiated a tax treaty with the United States. You are a candidate for a degree at ABC University (located in the United States). You are receiving a full scholarship from ABC University. The total amounts you received from ABC University during 2005 are as follows:

| Tuition and fees <br> Books, supplies, | $\$ 25,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| and equipment |  |
| Room and <br> board | 1,000 |
|  | 9,000 |

The Form 1042-S you received from ABC University for 2005 shows \$9,000 in box 2 and $\$ 1,260(14 \%$ of $\$ 9,000)$ in box 7 .
Note. Box 2 shows only $\$ 9,000$ because withholding agents (such as ABC University) are not required to report section 117 amounts (tuition, fees, books, supplies, and equipment) on Form 1042-S.

When completing Form 1040NR:

- Enter on line 12 the $\$ 9,000$ shown in box 2 of Form 1042-S.
- Enter $\$ 0$ on line 30. Because section 117 amounts (tuition, fees, books, supplies, and equipment) were not included in box 2 of your Form 1042-S (and are not included on line 12 of Form 1040NR), you cannot exclude
any of the section 117 amounts on line 30.
- Include on line 59 the \$1,260 shown in box 7 of Form 1042-S.

Example 2. The facts are the same as in Example 1 except that you are a citizen of a country that has negotiated a tax treaty with the United States and you were a resident of that country immediately before leaving for the United States to attend ABC University. Also, assume that, under the terms of the tax treaty, all of your scholarship income is exempt from tax because ABC University is a nonprofit educational organization.
Note. Many tax treaties do not permit an exemption from tax on scholarship or fellowship grant income unless the income is from sources outside the United States. If you are a resident of a treaty country, you must know the terms of the tax treaty between the United States and the treaty country to claim treaty benefits on Form 1040NR. See the instructions for item M on page 28 for details.

When completing Form 1040NR:

- Enter $\$ 0$ on line 12. The \$9,000
reported to you in box 2 of
Form 1042-S is reported on line 22 (not line 12).
- Enter \$9,000 on line 22.
- Enter \$0 on line 30. Because none of the $\$ 9,000$ reported to you in box 2 of Form 1042-S is included in your income, you cannot exclude it on line 30.
- Include on line 59 any withholding shown in box 7 of Form 1042-S. - Provide all the required information in item M on page 5 .
Line 13-Business income or (loss). If you operated a business or practiced your profession as a sole proprietor, report your effectively connected income and expenses on Schedule C or Schedule C-EZ (Form 1040).

Include any income you received as a dealer in stocks, securities, and commodities through your U.S. office. If you dealt in these items through an independent agent, such as a U.S. broker, custodian, or commissioned agent, your income may not be considered effectively connected with a U.S. business.

Line 14-Capital gain or (loss). If you had effectively connected capital gains or losses, including any effectively connected capital gain distributions, or a capital loss carryover from 2004, you must complete and attach Schedule D (Form 1040). But see the Exception below. Enter the effectively connected gain or (loss) from Schedule D (Form 1040) on line 14.

Gains and losses from disposing of U.S. real property interests are reported
on Schedule D (Form 1040) and included on line 14 of Form 1040NR. See Dispositions of U.S. Real Property Interests on page 6.

Exception. You do not have to file Schedule D (Form 1040) if both of the following apply.

- The only amounts you have to report on Schedule D (Form 1040) are effectively connected capital gain distributions from Form(s) 1099-DIV, box 2a, or substitute statements.
- None of the Forms 1099-DIV or substitute statements have an amount in box 2b (unrecaptured section 1250 gain), box 2c (section 1202 gain), or box 2d (collectibles (28\%) gain).

If both of the above apply, enter your effectively connected capital gain distributions (from box 2a of Form(s) 1099-DIV) on line 14 and check the box on that line. If you received capital gain distributions as a nominee (that is, they were paid to you but actually belong to someone else), report on line 14 only the amount that belongs to you. Attach a statement showing the full amount you received and the amount you received as a nominee. See chapter 1 of Pub. 550 for filing requirements for Forms 1099-DIV and 1096.

.If you do not have to file Schedule D, be sure you use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 18 to figure your tax. Your tax may be less if you use this worksheet.
Line 15-Other gains or (losses). If you sold or exchanged assets used in a U.S. trade or business, see the Instructions for Form 4797.
Lines 16a and 16b-IRA
distributions. You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of any distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA). Unless otherwise noted in the line 16a and 16b instructions, an IRA includes a traditional IRA, Roth IRA, simplified employee pension (SEP) IRA, and a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE) IRA. Except as provided below, leave line 16a blank and enter the total distribution on line 16b.

(1)
Special rules may apply if you received a distribution from your individual retirement arrangement (IRA) and your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma disaster area. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution to buy or construct a main home in the Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma disaster area, but that home was not bought or constructed because of Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma. See the Form 8915 and its instructions for details.

Exception 1. Enter the total distribution on line 16a if you rolled over part or all of the distribution from one: - IRA to another IRA of the same type (for example, from one traditional IRA to another traditional IRA), or - SEP or SIMPLE IRA to a traditional IRA.

Also, put "Rollover" next to line 16b. If the total distribution was rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter zero on line 16b. If the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover, enter the part not rolled over on line 16b unless Exception 2 applies to the part not rolled over. Generally, a qualified rollover must be made within 60 days after the day you received the distribution. For more details on rollovers, see Pub. 590.

If you rolled over the distribution (a) in 2006, or (b) from an IRA into a qualified plan (other than an IRA), attach a statement explaining what you did.

Exception 2. If any of the following apply, enter the total distribution on line 16a and use Form 8606 and its instructions to figure the amount to enter on line 16b.

- You received a distribution from an IRA (other than a Roth IRA) and you made nondeductible contributions to any of your traditional or SEP IRAs for 2005 or an earlier year. If you made nondeductible contributions to these IRAs for 2005, also see Pub. 590.
- You received a distribution from a Roth IRA. But if either 1 or 2 below applies, enter -0- on line 16b; you do not have to see Form 8606 or its instructions.

1. Distribution code $T$ is shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, and you made a contribution (including a conversion) to a Roth IRA for 2000 or an earlier year.
2. Distribution code $Q$ is shown in Form 1099-R, box 7.

- You converted part or all of a traditional, SEP, or SIMPLE IRA to a Roth IRA in 2005.
- You had a 2004 or 2005 IRA contribution returned to you, with the related earnings or less any loss, by the due date (including extensions) of your tax return for that year.
- You made excess contributions to your IRA for an earlier year and had them returned to you in 2005.
- You recharacterized part or all of a contribution to a Roth IRA as a traditional IRA contribution, or vice versa.

Note. If you received more than one distribution, figure the taxable amount of each distribution and enter the total of the taxable amounts on line 16b. Enter the total amount of those distributions on line 16a.

## Simplified Method Worksheet—Lines 17a and 17b

(keep for your records)
Before you begin: If you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee or former employee who died before August 21, 1996, include any death benefit exclusion that you are entitled to (up to $\$ 5,000$ ) in the amount entered on line 2 below.

Note. If you had more than one partially taxable pension or annuity, figure the taxable part of each separately. Enter the total of the taxable parts on Form 1040NR, line $17 b$. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2005 on Form 1040NR, line $17 a$.

1. Enter the total pension or annuity payments received in 2005. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040NR, line 17a
2. 
3. Enter your cost in the plan at the annuity starting date
4. Enter the appropriate number from Table 1 below. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, enter the appropriate number from Table 2 below
5. 
6. Divide line 2 by line 3 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
7. Multiply line 4 by the number of months for which this year's payments were made. If your annuity starting date was before 1987, skip lines 6 and 7 and enter this amount on line 8. Otherwise, go to line 6 $\qquad$ 5.
8. Enter the amount, if any, recovered tax free in years after 1986
9. 
10. Subtract line 6 from line 2 7.
11. Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 7
12. $\qquad$
13. Taxable amount. Subtract line 8 from line 1. Enter the result, but not less than zero. Also, enter this amount on Form 1040NR, line 17b. If your Form 1099-R shows a larger amount, use the amount on this line instead of the amount from Form 1099-R
$\qquad$
14. 

$\qquad$
8. $\qquad$
9.

## Table 1 for Line 3 Above

IF the age at annuity starting date (see page 14) was...

| 55 or under |
| :--- |
| $56-60$ |
| $61-65$ |
| $66-70$ |
| 71 or older |

AND your annuity starting date wasbefore November 19, 1996, after November 18, 1996, enter on line 3 . enter on line 3

## 360

| 300 | 360 |
| :---: | :--- |
| 260 | 310 |
| 240 | 260 |
| 170 | 210 |
| 120 | 160 |

Table 2 for Line 3 Above
IF the combined
ages at annuity
starting date (see
page 14) were...
110 or under
THEN enter on line $3 .$.

111-120
410
360
121-130
310
131-140 260
141 or older
210

$\Delta$You may have to pay an additional tax if (a) you received an early distribution from your IRA and the total was not rolled over, or (b) you were born before July 1, 1934, and received less than the minimum required distribution from your traditional, SEP, and SIMPLE IRAs.

See the instructions for line 55 on page 20 for details.

Lines 17a and 17b-Pensions and annuities. Use lines 17a and 17b to report effectively connected pension and annuity payments you received. You should receive a Form 1099-R showing the amount of your pension
and annuity payments. For details on rollovers and lump-sum distributions, see page 14. But if this income is not effectively connected with your U.S. trade or business, report it on line 81.

TIPSpecial rules may apply if you received a distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan and your main home was in the Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma disaster area. Special rules may also apply if you received a distribution to buy or construct a main home in the Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma disaster area, but that home was not bought or constructed because of Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma. See Form 8915 and its instructions for details.

Do not include the following payments on lines 17a and 17b. Instead, report them on line 8.

- Disability pensions received before you reach the minimum retirement age set by your employer.
- Corrective distributions of excess salary deferrals or excess contributions to retirement plans.

TIPIf you received a Form 1099-R that shows federal income tax withheld, attach it to Form 1040NR.

Some annuities are tax-exempt. See chapter 3 of Pub. 519.
Note. If you perform services in the United States, your income is generally effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business. (See section 864 for details and exceptions.) When you receive a pension in a later year as a result of effectively connected services, the pension may also be considered effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business.

Fully taxable pensions and
annuities. If your pension or annuity is fully taxable, enter it on line 17b; do not make an entry on line 17a. Your payments are fully taxable if (a) you did not contribute to the cost (defined on page 14) of your pension or annuity, or (b) you got your entire cost back tax free before 2005.

If you received a Form RRB-1099-R, see Pub. 575 for information on how to report your benefits.

Partially taxable pensions and annuities. Enter the total pension or annuity payments you received in 2005 on line 17a. If your Form 1099-R does not show the taxable amount, you must use the General Rule explained in Pub. 939 to figure the taxable part to enter on line 17b. But if your annuity starting date (defined on page 14) was after July 1, 1986, see Simplified method below to find out if you must
use that method to figure the taxable part.

You can ask the IRS to figure the taxable part for you for a $\$ 95$ fee. For details, see Pub. 939.

If your Form 1099-R shows a taxable amount, you may report that amount on line 17b. But you may be able to report a lower taxable amount by using the General Rule or the Simplified Method.

Annuity starting date. Your annuity starting date is the later of the first day of the first period for which you received a payment, or the date the plan's obligations became fixed.

Simplified method. You must use the Simplified Method if (a) your annuity starting date (defined above) was after July 1, 1986, and you used this method last year to figure the taxable part, or (b) your annuity starting date was after November 18, 1996, and both of the following apply.

- The payments are from a qualified employee plan, a qualified employee annuity, or a tax-sheltered annuity.
- On your annuity starting date, either you were under age 75 or the number of years of guaranteed payments was fewer than 5. See Pub. 575 for the definition of guaranteed payments.

If you must use the Simplified Method, complete the worksheet on page 13 to figure the taxable part of your pension or annuity. For more details on the Simplified Method, see Pub. 575.

Age (or combined ages) at annuity starting date. If you are the retiree, use your age on the annuity starting date. If you are the survivor of a retiree, use the retiree's age on his or her annuity starting date. But if your annuity starting date was after 1997 and the payments are for your life and that of your beneficiary, use your combined ages on the annuity starting date.

If you are the beneficiary of an employee who died, see Pub. 575. If there is more than one beneficiary, see Pub. 575 to figure each beneficiary's taxable amount.

Cost. Your cost is generally your net investment in the plan as of the annuity starting date. It does not include pre-tax contributions. Your net investment should be shown in Form 1099-R, box 9b, for the first year you received payments from the plan.

Rollovers. Generally, a qualified rollover is a tax-free distribution of cash or other assets from one retirement plan that is contributed to another plan within 60 days of receiving the distribution. Use lines 17a and 17b to report a qualified rollover, including a direct rollover, from one qualified employer's plan to another or to an IRA or SEP.

Enter on line 17a the total distribution before income tax or other deductions were withheld. This amount should be shown in Form 1099-R, box 1. From the total on line $17 a$, subtract any contributions (usually shown in box 5) that were taxable to you when made. From that result, subtract the amount of the qualified rollover. Enter the remaining amount, even if zero, on line 17b. Also enter "Rollover" next to line 17b.

Special rules apply to partial rollovers of property. For more details on rollovers, including distributions under qualified domestic relations orders, see Pub. 575.

## Lump-sum distributions. If you

 received a lump-sum distribution from a profit-sharing or retirement plan, your Form 1099-R should have the "Total distribution" box in box 2 b checked. You may owe an additional tax if you received an early distribution from a qualified retirement plan and the total amount was not rolled over in a qualified rollover. For details, see the instructions for line 55 on page 20.Enter the total distribution on line 17a and the taxable part on line 17b.

(1)You may be able to pay less tax on the distribution if you were born before January 2, 1936, or you are the beneficiary of a deceased employee who was born before January 2, 1936. For details, see Form 4972.

## Line 20-Unemployment

compensation. You should receive a Form 1099-G showing the total unemployment compensation paid to you in 2005.

If you received an overpayment of unemployment compensation in 2005 and you repaid any of it in 2005, subtract the amount you repaid from the total amount you received. Enter the result on line 20. Also, enter "Repaid" and the amount you repaid on the dotted line next to line 20. If, in 2005, you repaid unemployment compensation that you included in gross income in an earlier year, you may deduct the amount repaid on Schedule A (Form 1040NR), line 11. But if you repaid more than $\$ 3,000$, see Repayments in Pub. 525 for details on how to report the repayment.
Line $\mathbf{2 1}$ - Other income. Use this line to report any other income effectively connected with your U.S. business that is not reported elsewhere on your return or other schedules. List the type and amount of income. If necessary, show the required information on an attached statement. For more details, see Miscellaneous Income in

Pub. 525. The following are examples of income to report on line 21.

## Taxable distributions from a

 Coverdell education savings account (ESA) or a qualified tuition program (QTP). Distributions from these accounts may be taxable if (a) they are more than the qualified higher education expenses of the designated beneficiary in 2005, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 970.$\Delta$You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from a Coverdell ESA or a QTP. See the Instructions for Form 5329.

Taxable distributions from a health savings account (HSA) or an Archer MSA. Distributions from an HSA or an Archer MSA may be taxable if (a) they are more than the unreimbursed qualified medical expenses of the account beneficiary or account holder in 2005, and (b) they were not included in a qualified rollover. See Pub. 969.


You may have to pay an additional tax if you received a taxable distribution from an HSA or Archer MSA. See the Instructions for Form 8889 for HSAs and the Instructions for Form 8853 for Archer MSAs.

Report other income on page 4 of Form 1040NR if not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.
Line 22. Use line 22 to report your total effectively connected income that is exempt from tax by a tax treaty. Do not include this exempt income on line 23. Also, you must complete item M on page 5 of Form 1040NR.

## Adjusted Gross Income

Line 24-Educator expenses. If you were an eligible educator in 2005, you can deduct up to $\$ 250$ of qualified expenses you paid in 2005. An eligible educator is a kindergarten through grade 12 teacher, instructor, counselor, principal, or aide in a school for at least 900 hours during a school year.

Qualified expenses include ordinary and necessary expenses paid in connection with books, supplies, equipment (including computer equipment, software, and services), and other materials used in the classroom. An ordinary expense is one that is common and accepted in your educational field. A necessary expense is one that is helpful and appropriate for your profession as an educator. An expense does not have to be required to be considered necessary.

Qualified expenses do not include expenses for home schooling or for nonathletic supplies for courses in health or physical education. You must reduce your qualified expenses by the following amounts.

- Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815.
- Nontaxable qualified state tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any reimbursements you received for these expenses that were not reported to you in Form W-2, box 1.


## Line 25-Health Savings Account

 Deduction. If contributions (other than employer contributions) were made to your health savings account for 2005, you may be able to take this deduction. See Form 8889.
## Line 26-Moving expenses.

Employees and self-employed persons (including partners) can deduct certain moving expenses. The move must be in connection with employment that generates effectively connected income.

If you moved in connection with your job or business or started a new job, you may be able to take this deduction. But your new workplace must be at least 50 miles farther from your old home than your old home was from your old workplace. If you had no former workplace, your new workplace must be at least 50 miles from your old home. The deduction is generally limited to moves to or within the United States or its possessions. If you meet these requirements, see Pub. 521. Use Form 3903 to figure the amount to enter on this line.
Line 27-Self-employed SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans. If you were self-employed or a partner, you may be able to take this deduction. See Pub. 560 or, if you were a minister,
Pub. 517.

## Line 28-Self-employed health

insurance deduction. If you were self-employed and had a net profit for the year, you may be able to deduct the amount you paid for health insurance for yourself, your spouse, and your dependents. The insurance plan must be established under your business. But if you were also eligible to participate in any subsidized health plan maintained by your or your spouse's employer for any month or part of a month in 2005, amounts paid for health insurance coverage for that month cannot be used to figure the deduction. For example, if you were eligible to participate in a subsidized health plan maintained by your spouse's employer from September 30 through December 31, you cannot use amounts paid for health insurance
coverage for September through December to figure your deduction. For more details, see Pub. 535.

Note. If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) pension recipient, you must complete Form 8885 before completing the worksheet below. When figuring the amount to enter on line 1 of the worksheet below, do not include any health coverage tax credit advance payments shown in Form 1099-H, box 1. Also, subtract the amount shown on Form 8885, line 4, (reduced by any advance payments shown on line 6 of that form) from the total insurance premiums you paid.

If you qualify to take the deduction, use the worksheet below to figure the amount you can deduct.

Exception. Use Pub. 535 instead of the worksheet below to find out how to figure your deduction if either of the following applies.

- You had more than one source of income from self-employment.
- You are using amounts paid for qualified long-term care insurance to figure the deduction.


## Line 29-Penalty on early

## withdrawal of savings. The

Form 1099-INT or Form 1099-OID you received will show the amount of any penalty you were charged.
Line 30-Scholarship and fellowship
grants excluded. If you received a scholarship or fellowship grant and were a degree candidate, enter amounts used for tuition and course-related expenses (fees, books, supplies, and equipment), but only to
the extent the amounts are included on line 12. See the examples in the instructions for line 12 on pages 11 and 12.

## Line 31 -IRA deduction.

(1)If you made any nondeductible contributions to a traditional individual retirement
arrangement (IRA) for 2005, you must report them on Form 8606.

If you made contributions to a traditional IRA for 2005, you may be able to take an IRA deduction. But you must have had earned income to do so. A statement should be sent to you by May 31, 2006, that shows all contributions to your traditional IRA for 2005.

Were you covered by a retirement plan? If you were covered by a retirement plan (qualified pension, profit-sharing (including $401(\mathrm{k})$ ), annuity, SEP, SIMPLE, etc.) at work or through self-employment, your IRA deduction may be reduced or eliminated. But you can still make contributions to an IRA even if you cannot deduct them. In any case, the income earned on your IRA
contributions is not taxed until it is paid to you.

The "Retirement plan" box in Form W-2, box 13 , should be checked if you were covered by a plan at work even if you were not vested in the plan. You are also covered by a plan if you were self-employed and had a SEP, SIMPLE, or qualified retirement plan.

If you were covered by a retirement plan and you file Form 8815 or you exclude employer-provided adoption benefits, see Pub. 590 to figure the amount, if any, of your IRA deduction.

## Self-Employed Health Insurance Deduction Worksheet—Line 28 <br> (keep for your records)

## Before you begin:

- If, during 2005, you were an eligible trade adjustment assistance (TAA) recipient, alternative TAA recipient, or Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) pension recipient, see the Note above.
- Be sure you have read the Exception above to see if you can use this worksheet instead of Pub. 535 to figure your deduction.

1. Enter the total amount paid in 2005 for health insurance coverage established under your business for 2005 for you, your spouse, and your dependents. But do not include amounts for any month you were eligible to participate in an employer-sponsored health plan
2. 
3. Enter your net profit and any other earned income* from the business under which the insurance plan is established, minus any deduction you claim on Form 1040NR, line 27
4. 
5. Self-employed health insurance deduction. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 2 here and on Form 1040NR, line 28
6. 

*Earned income includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income.

## Special rule for married

individuals. If you checked filing status box 3 , 4 , or 5 and you were not covered by a retirement plan but your spouse was, you are considered covered by a plan unless you lived apart from your spouse for all of 2005.

See Pub. 590 for more details.

## Line 32-Student loan interest

deduction. You can take this deduction only if all of the following apply.

- You paid interest in 2005 on a
qualified student loan (see below).
- You checked filing status box 1,2 , or 6.
- Your modified adjusted gross income (AGI) is less than $\$ 65,000$. Use lines 2 through 4 of the worksheet below to figure your modified AGI.
- You are not claimed as a dependent on someone else's (such as your parent's) 2005 tax return.

Use the worksheet below to figure your student loan interest deduction.

Qualified student loan. This is any loan you took out to pay the qualified higher education expenses for:

- Yourself and your spouse.
- Any person who was your dependent when the loan was taken out.
- Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return when the loan was taken out if that person had no gross income or had not filed a joint return.
- Any person you could have claimed as a dependent on your return for the prior year when the loan was taken out
except that you could be claimed as a dependent on someone else's return.

The person for whom the expenses were paid must have been an eligible student (see below). However, a loan is not a qualified student loan if (a) any of the proceeds were used for other purposes, or (b) the loan was from either a related person or a person who borrowed the proceeds under a qualified employer plan or a contract purchased under such a plan. To find out who is a related person, see Pub. 970.

Qualified higher education expenses generally include tuition, fees, room and board, and related expenses such as books and supplies. The expenses must be for education in a degree, certificate, or similar program at an eligible educational institution. An eligible educational institution includes most colleges, universities, and certain vocational schools. You must reduce the expenses by the following benefits.

- Employer-provided educational assistance benefits that are not included in Form(s) W-2, box 1. - Excludable U.S. series EE and I savings bond interest from Form 8815. - Nontaxable qualified tuition program earnings.
- Nontaxable earnings from Coverdell education savings accounts.
- Any scholarship, educational assistance allowance, or other payment (but not gifts, inheritances, etc.) excluded from income.

For more details on these expenses, see Pub. 970.

## Student Loan Interest Deduction Worksheet—Line 32 (keep for your records)

## Before you begin:

- Figure any amount to be entered on the dotted line next to line 34 (see the instructions for line 34 beginning on this page).
- See the instructions for line 32 above.

1. Enter the total interest you paid in 2005 on qualified student loans
(see above). Do not enter more than \$2,500
2. 
3. Enter the amount from Form 1040 NR, line $23 \ldots$
4. . . . lines 24 through 31, plus any amount you entered on the dotted line next to line 34
5. 
6. Subtract line 3 from line 2 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.
7. Is line 4 more than $\$ 50,000$ ?
$\square$ No. Skip lines 5 and 6, enter -0- on line 7, and go to line 8.
Yes. Subtract \$50,000 from line 4
8. 
9. Divide line 5 by $\$ 15,000$. Enter the result as a decimal (rounded to at least three places). If the result is 1.000 or more, enter $1.000 \ldots$. . .
10. Multiply line 1 by line 6 .
11. Student loan interest deduction. Subtract line 7 from line 1. Enter the result here and on Form 1040NR, line 32. Do not include this amount in figuring any other deduction on your return (such as on Schedule A (Form 1040NR), Schedule C (Form 1040), Schedule E (Form 1040), etc.)
12. 
13. 


8.

An eligible student is a person who: - Was enrolled in a degree, certificate, or other program (including a program of study abroad that was approved for credit by the institution at which the student was enrolled) leading to a recognized educational credential at an eligible educational institution, and - Carried at least half the normal full-time workload for the course of study he or she was pursuing.
Line 33-Domestic production activities deduction. You may be able to deduct up to $3 \%$ of your qualified production activities income from the following activities.

1. Construction performed in the United States.
2. Engineering or architectural services performed in the United States for construction projects in the United States.
3. Any lease, rental, license, sale, exchange, or other disposition of:
a. Tangible personal property, computer software, and sound recordings that you manufactured, produced, grew, or extracted in whole or in significant part within the United States,
b. Any qualified film you produced,
c. Electricity, natural gas, or potable water you produced in the United States.

The deduction does not apply to income derived from:

- The sale of food and beverages you prepare at a retail establishment; - Property you leased, licensed, or rented for use by any related person; or - The transmission or distribution of electricity, natural gas, or potable water.

For details, see Form 8903 and its instructions.
Line 34. Include in the total on line 34 any of the following adjustments that are related to your effectively connected income. To find out if you can take the deduction, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 34, enter the amount of your deduction and identify it as indicated.

- Archer MSA deduction (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."
- Deduction for clean-fuel vehicles
(see Pub. 535). Identify as
"Clean-Fuel."
- Performing-arts-related expenses (see Form 2106 or 2106-EZ). Identify as "QPA."
- Reforestation amortization and expenses (see Pub. 535). Identify as "RFST."
- Repayment of supplemental unemployment benefits under the Trade Act of 1974 (see Pub. 525). Identify as "Sub-Pay TRA."
- Contributions to section

501(c)(18)(D) pension plans (see Pub. 525). Identify as "501(c)(18)(D)."

- Contributions by certain chaplains to section 403(b) plans (see Pub. 517). Identify as "403(b)."
- Attorney fees and court costs for actions settled or decided after October 22,2004 , involving certain unlawful discrimination claims, but only to the extent of effectively connected gross income from such actions (see Pub. 525). Identify as "UDC."

Line 35-Adjusted gross income. If line 35 is less than zero, you may have a net operating loss that you can carry to another tax year. See Form 1045 and its instructions for details.

## Tax Computation on Income Effectively Connected With A U.S. Trade or Business

Line 37-Itemized deductions. Enter the total itemized deductions from line 17 of Schedule A on page 2 of the form.
Note. Residents of India who were students or business apprentices may be able to take the standard deduction instead of their itemized deductions. See Pub. 519 for details.
Line 39-Deduction for exemptions. You can claim exemptions only to the extent of your income that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business.

Taxpayers housing individuals displaced by Hurricane Katrina. You may be able to claim an additional exemption amount of $\$ 500$ per person (up to $\$ 2,000$ ) if you provided housing to a person who was displaced from his or her main home because of Hurricane Katrina and all of the following apply.

- The person displaced lived in your main home for at least 60 consecutive days in 2005.
- You did not receive rent or other amount from any source for providing the housing.
- The main home of the person displaced was, on August 28, 2005, in the Hurricane Katrina disaster area.
- The person displaced was not your spouse or dependent.

For details, see Form 8914.
Individuals. If you are a nonresident alien individual, multiply $\$ 3,200$ by the total number of exemptions entered on line 7d. If you were a resident of the Republic of Korea (South Korea), or Japan (and you elect to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005), you must figure the exemptions
for your spouse and children according to the proportion your U.S. income bears to your total income. You must also complete item I on page 5 of the form. (For details, see Pub. 519.) If you were a resident of Japan, you must also enter "Japan-Article 30" in the entry space for item M, Country, on page 5. But use the worksheet below to figure the amount, if any, to enter on line 39 if your adjusted gross income from line 36 is more than $\$ 145,950$ if you checked filing status box 1 or 2 ; \$109,475 if you checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5 ; $\$ 218,950$ if you checked filing status box 6.

Estates. If you are filing for an estate, enter \$600 on line 39.

Trusts. If you are filing for a trust whose governing instrument requires it to distribute all of its income currently, enter $\$ 300$ on line 39. If you are filing for a qualified disability trust (defined in section 642(b)(2)(C)(ii)), enter \$3,200 on line 39. But if the qualified disability trust's modified AGI (determined under section 67(e) without regard to section 642(b)) is more than $\$ 145,950$, use the
worksheet below to figure the amount to enter on line 39. If you are filing for any other trust, enter \$100 on line 39.

Line 41-Tax. Use one of the following methods to figure your tax. Also, include in the total on line 41 any tax from Forms 8814 and 4972. Be sure to check the appropriate box(es).

Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet. If you are filing for an estate or trust, use the Tax Rate Schedules on page 44.
Individuals. If your taxable income (line 40) is less than $\$ 100,000$, you must use the Tax Table, which starts on page 31 , to figure your tax. Be sure you use the correct column. If you checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5 , you must use the Married filing separately column. If your taxable income is $\$ 100,000$ or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 43.
Exception. Do not use the Tax Table, Tax Computation Worksheet, or Tax Rate Schedules to figure your tax if either of the following applies.

## Deduction for Exemptions Worksheet-Line 39

See the instructions for line 39 on this page.
(keep for your records)
Caution: If you are filing for a qualified disability trust (on this page), use this worksheet only if the trust's modified AGI* is more than \$145,950. Also, skip line 1, enter $\$ 3,200$ on line 2, enter the trust's modified AGI on line 3, and enter $\$ 145,950$ on line 4.

1. Is the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36, more than the amount shown on line 4 below for your filing status?
No. Stop. Multiply $\$ 3,200$ by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040 NR, line 7d, and enter the result on line 39.
Yes. Go to line 2.
2. Multiply $\$ 3,200$ by the total number of exemptions claimed on Form 1040NR, line 7d
3. 
4. Enter the amount from Form 1040 NR, line 36 . . . 3.
5. Enter the amount shown below for the filing status box you checked on page 1 of Form 1040NR:

- Box 1 or 2, enter \$145,950
- Box 3, 4, or 5, enter \$109,475
- Box 6, enter \$218,950

4. 
5. Subtract line 4 from line 3 . If the result is more than $\$ 122,500$ ( $\$ 61,250$ if you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5), stop here. You cannot take a deduction for exemptions.
6. 
7. Divide line 5 by $\$ 2,500$ ( $\$ 1,250$ if you checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5 ). If the result is not a whole number, increase it to the next higher whole number (for example, increase 0.0004 to 1)
8. 
9. Multiply line 6 by $2 \%(.02)$ and enter the result as a decimal . . . . 7.
10. Multiply line 2 by line 7 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8.
11. Deduction for exemptions. Subtract line 8 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040NR, line 39 $\qquad$ 9.
*Figure the trust's modified AGI by applying section 67(e) without regard to section 642(b).

- You are required to figure your tax using Form 8615, the Qualified
Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet below, or the Schedule D Tax Worksheet.
- You use Schedule J (Form 1040) (for farming or fishing income) to figure your tax.

Form 8615. You must generally use Form 8615 to figure the tax for any child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005, and who had more than \$1,600 of investment income, such as taxable interest, ordinary dividends, or capital gains (including capital gain distributions), that is effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. But if neither of the child's parents was alive on December 31, 2005, do not use Form 8615 to figure the child's tax.

Also, a child born on January 1, 1992, is considered to be age 14 at the end of 2005. Do not use Form 8615 for such a child.

Schedule D Tax Worksheet. If you have to file Schedule D (Form 1040) and Schedule D, line 18 or line 19, is more than zero, use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-9 of the Instructions for Schedule D to figure your tax.

## Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain

 Tax Worksheet. If you do not have to use the Schedule D Tax Worksheet (see above) and any of the following apply, use the worksheet below to figure your tax.- You reported qualified dividends on Form 1040NR, line 10b.
- You do not have to file Schedule D (Form 1040) and you reported capital gain distributions on Form 1040NR, line 14.
- You are filing Schedule D and Schedule D, lines 15 and 16, are both more than zero.

Schedule J (Form 1040). If you had income from farming or fishing, your tax may be less if you choose to figure it using income averaging on Schedule J.

Line 42-Alternative minimum tax.
The tax law gives special treatment to some kinds of income and allows special deductions and credits for some kinds of expenses. If you benefit from these provisions, you may have to pay a minimum amount of tax through the alternative minimum tax. This tax is figured on Form 6251 for individuals. If you are filing for an estate or trust, see Schedule I (Form 1041) and its instructions to find out if you owe this tax.

If you have any of the adjustments or preferences from the list on page 19 or you are claiming a net operating loss deduction, a general business credit, or the foreign tax credit, you must complete Form 6251. Otherwise, to see if you should complete Form 6251, add the amount on line 38 of Form 1040NR to the amounts on lines 3 and 15 of Schedule A (Form 1040NR). If the total is more than the dollar amount shown below that applies to you, fill in Form 6251.

## Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet-Line 41 <br> (keep for your records)

## Before you begin:

- See the instructions for line 41 beginning on page 17 to see if you can use this worksheet to figure your tax.
- If you do not have to file Schedule D (Form 1040) and you received capital gain distributions, be sure you checked the box on line 14 of Form 1040NR.

1. Enter the amount from Form 1040 NR, line 401.2. Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 10b
2. 
3. Are you filing Schedule D (Form 1040)?
$\square$ Yes. Enter the smaller of line 15 or 16 of Schedule D, but do not enter less than -0-.
No. Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 14.
4. Add lines 2 and 3
5. Subtract line 4 from line 1 . If zero or less, enter -0-
6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. 
9. Enter the smaller of:

- The amount on line 1 or
- $\$ 29,700$ if you checked filing status box $1,2,3,4$, or 5 ; or $\$ 59,400$ if you checked filing status box 6

6. 
7. Is the amount on line 5 equal to or more than the amount on line 6 ?
Yes. Skip lines 7 through 9; go to line 10 and check the "No" box.
No. Enter the amount from line 5
8. 
9. Subtract line 7 from line 6
10. Multiply line 8 by $5 \%$ (.05)
11. 
12. Are the amounts on lines 4 and 8 the same?
Yes. Skip lines 10 through 13; go to line 14.

- No. Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 4

10. 
11. Enter the amount from line 8 (if line 8 is blank, enter $-0-$ ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11.
12. Subtract line 11 from line 10.
13. Multiply line 12 by $15 \%$ (.15)
14. 
15. Figure the tax on the amount on line 5. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies*.
16. 
17. Add lines 9,13 , and 14 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15
18. Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies*.
19. 
20. Tax on all taxable income. Enter the smaller of line 15 or line 16 here and on Form 1040 NR, line 41 . . . . 1
[^1]
## Who Must Use Pub. 972

1. Is the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36, more than the amount shown below for your filing status?

- Filing status 1,2 , or $6-\$ 75,000$
- Filing status 3, 4, or 5-\$55,000
- No. Go to line 2.

Y Yes. Stop. You must use Pub. 972 to figure your credit.
2. Are you claiming any of the following credits?

- Adoption credit, Form 8839 (see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line 48, on page 20)
- Mortgage interest credit, Form 8396 (see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line

49, on page 20)

- District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, Form 8859
. No. Use the worksheet on page 20 to figure your child tax credit.
- Yes. You must use Pub. 972 to figure your child tax credit. You will also need the form(s) listed above for any credit(s) you are claiming.
- \$40,250 if you checked filing status box 1 or 2 .
- \$29,000 if you checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5 .
- $\$ 58,000$ if you checked filing status box 6 .


## Disposition of U.S. real property

 interests. If you disposed of a U.S. real property interest at a gain, you must make a special computation to see if you owe this tax. For details, see the Instructions for Form 6251.
## Adjustments and Preferences:

- Accelerated depreciation.
- Stock by exercising an incentive stock option and you did not dispose of the stock in the same year.
- Tax-exempt interest from private activity bonds.
- Intangible drilling, circulation, research, experimental, or mining costs.
- Amortization of pollution-control facilities or depletion.
- Income or (loss) from tax-shelter farm activities or passive activities.
- Income from long-term contracts not figured using the percentage-of-
completion method.
- Alternative minimum tax adjustments from an estate, trust, electing large partnership, or cooperative.
- Section 1202 exclusion.
- Qualified electric vehicle credit.
- Nonconventional source fuel credit.
- Credit for prior year minimum tax.

$\Delta$Form 6251 should be filled in for a child who was under age 14 at the end of 2005 if the child's adjusted gross income from Form 1040NR, line 36, exceeds the child's earned income by more than \$5,850.

## Credits

Line 44 -Foreign tax credit. If you paid income tax to a foreign country,
you may be able to take this credit. But only if you:

1. Report income from foreign sources (see Foreign Income Taxed by the United States on page 6), and
2. Have paid or owe foreign tax on that income.

Generally, you must complete and attach Form 1116 to take this credit.

Exception. You do not have to complete Form 1116 to take this credit if all six of the following apply.

1. Form 1040 NR is being filed for a nonresident alien individual and not an estate or trust.
2. All of your gross foreign source income is from the passive category (which includes most interest and dividend income).
3. All the income and any foreign taxes paid on it were reported to you on qualified payee statements, such as Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-DIV, or similar substitute statements.
4. If you have dividend income from shares of stock, you held those shares for at least 16 days.
5. The total of your foreign taxes is not more than $\$ 300$.
6. All of your foreign taxes were:
a. Legally owed and not eligible for a refund, and
b. Paid to countries that are recognized by the United States and do not support terrorism.

Note. If you need more information about these requirements, see the Instructions for Form 1116.

If you meet all six requirements, enter on line 44 the smaller of your total foreign taxes or the amount on Form $1040 N R$, line 41 . If you do not meet all six requirements, see Form 1116 to find out if you can take the credit.
Line 45-Credit for child and dependent care expenses. You may be able to take this credit if you paid
someone to care for your qualifying child under age 13 or your dependent or spouse who could not care for himself or herself. For details, see the Instructions for Form 2441.

## Line 46-Retirement savings

contributions credit. You may be able to take this credit if you made (a) contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA, (b) elective deferrals to a 401(k), 403(b), governmental 457, SEP, or SIMPLE plan, (c) voluntary employee contributions to a qualified retirement plan (including the federal Thrift Savings Plan), or (d) contributions to a 501(c)(18)(D) plan.

However, you cannot take the credit if either of the following applies.

- The amount on Form 1040NR, line 36 , is more than $\$ 25,000$.
- The person(s) who made the qualified contribution or elective deferral
(a) was born after January 1, 1988, (b) is claimed as a dependent on someone else's 2005 tax return, or (c) was a student (defined below).

You were a student if during any 5 months of 2005 you:

- Were enrolled as a full-time student at a school, or
- Took a full-time, on-farm training course given by a school or a state, county, or local government agency.

A school includes technical, trade, and mechanical schools. It does not include an on-the-job training course, correspondence school, or Internet school.

For more details, see Form 8880.
Line 47-Child tax credit. This credit is for people who have a qualifying child as defined starting below. It is in addition to the credit for child and dependent care expenses on Form 1040NR, line 45.

Three steps to take the child tax credit.

1. Make sure you have a qualifying child for the child tax credit (defined starting below).
2. Make sure for each qualifying child you either checked the box on Form 1040NR, line 7c, column (4), or completed Form 8901 (if the child is not your dependent).
3. Answer the questions in the Who Must Use Pub. 972 chart above to see if you can use the Child Tax Credit Worksheet on page 20 or if you must use Pub. 972.

## Qualifying child for child tax

 credit. A qualifying child for purposes of the child tax credit is a child who: - Was under age 17 at the end of 2005.- Is your son, daughter, stepchild, foster child, brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, or a descendant of any of
them (for example, your grandchild, niece, or nephew).
- Is a U.S. citizen, a U.S. national, or a resident alien.
- Did not provide over half his or her own support for 2005.
- Lived with you for more than half of 2005. Temporary absences, such as for school, vacation, or medical care, count as time lived in the home.

An adopted child is always treated as your own child. An adopted child includes a child lawfully placed with you for legal adoption.
Line 48-Adoption credit. You may be able to take this credit if either of the following applies.

- You paid expenses to adopt a child.
- You adopted a child with special needs and the adoption became final in 2005.

See the Instructions for Form 8839 for details.
Line 49. Include the following credits on line 49 and check the appropriate box(es). To find out if you can take the credit, see the form indicated.

- Mortgage interest credit. If a state or local government gave you a mortgage credit certificate, see Form 8396.
- District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit, see Form 8859.
Line 50-Other credits. Include the following credits on line 50 and check the appropriate box(es). If box c is checked, also enter the form number, if applicable. To find out if you can take the credit, see the form or publication indicated.
- Credit for prior year minimum tax. If you paid alternative minimum tax in a prior year, see Form 8801.
- Qualified electric vehicle credit. If you placed a new electric vehicle in service in 2005, see Form 8834.
- General business credit. This credit consists of a number of credits that usually apply only to individuals who are partners, self-employed, or who have rental property. See Form 3800 or Pub. 334.
- Empowerment zone and renewal community employment credit. See Form 8844.
- Credit for alcohol used as fuel. See Form 6478.
- Renewable electricity, refined coal, and Indian coal production credit for electricity and refined coal produced at facilities placed in service after October 22, 2004, and Indian coal produced at facilities placed in service after August 8, 2005. See Form 8835, Section B.
- New York Liberty Zone business employee credit. If you have a carryforward credit from Form 8884, see Form 8835, Section B.
- Nonconventional source fuel credit. If you sold fuel produced from a nonconventional source or you were an
owner of royalty interests and you received effectively connected income from the sale of fuel produced from a nonconventional source, you may be able to take this credit. See Form 8907.


## Other Taxes

Line 54-Social security and Medicare tax on tip income not reported to employer. If you are subject to social security and Medicare tax, you received tips of $\$ 20$ or more in any month, and you did not report the full amount to your employer, you must pay the social security and Medicare or railroad retirement (RRTA) tax on the unreported tips. You must also pay this tax if your Form(s) W-2 show allocated tips that you are including in your income on Form 1040NR, line 8.

To figure the social security and Medicare tax, use Form 4137. To pay the RRTA tax, contact your employer. Your employer will figure and collect the tax.

$\Delta$You may be charged a penalty equal to $50 \%$ of the social security and Medicare tax due on tips you received but did not report to your employer.

## Line 55-Additional tax on IRAs,

 other qualified retirement plans, etc. If any of the following apply, see Form 5329 and its instructions to find out ifyou owe this tax and if you must file Form 5329.

1. You received any early distributions from (a) an IRA or other qualified retirement plan, (b) an annuity, or (c) a modified endowment contract entered into after June 20, 1988, and the total distribution was not rolled over in a qualified rollover contribution.
2. Excess contributions were made to your IRAs, Coverdell education savings accounts (ESAs), Archer MSAs, or health savings accounts.
3. You received taxable distributions from Coverdell ESAs or qualified tuition programs.
4. You were born before July 1, 1934, and did not take the minimum required distribution from your IRA or other qualified retirement plan.

TIP
You may not owe this tax if the distribution was made or repaid because of Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma. See Form 8915 and its instructions for details.

Exception. If only item 1 applies to you and distribution code 1 is correctly shown in your Form 1099-R, box 7, you do not have to file Form 5329. Instead, multiply the taxable amount of the distribution by $10 \%$ (.10) and enter the result on line 55. The taxable amount of the distribution is the part of the distribution you reported on Form 1040 NR, line 16b or line 17b, or on

## Child Tax Credit Worksheet-Line 47 <br> (keep for your records)

- To be a qualifying child for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 at the end of 2005 and meet the other requirements listed in the instructions for line 47 beginning on page 19.
- Do not use this worksheet if you answered "Yes" to question 1 or 2 in Who Must Use Pub. 972 on page 19. Instead, use Pub. 972.

1. Number of qualifying children: __X $\$ 1,000$.

Enter the result
1.
2.
2. Enter the amount from Form 1040 NR, line 43
. . . . . . . 2 $\qquad$
3. Enter the total of the amounts from Form 1040NR, lines 44 through 46
3.
4. Are the amounts on lines 2 and 3 the same?
$\square$ Yes. STOP. You cannot take this credit because there is no tax to reduce. However, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.
$\square$ No. Subtract line 3 from line 2
4.
5. Is the amount on line 1 more than the amount on line 4 ?
$\square$ Yes. Enter the amount from line 4. Also, you may be able to take the additional child tax credit. See the TIP below.
$\square$ No. Enter the amount from line 1
5.

This is your child tax credit. Enter this amount on Form 1040NR, line 47.
TIP: You may be able to take the additional child tax credit on Form 1040NR, line 62, if you answered "Yes" on line 4 or 5 above.

- First, complete your Form 1040NR through line 61.
- Then, use Form 8812 to figure any additional child tax credit.

Form 4972. Also, enter "No" in the margin to the right of line 55 to indicate that you do not have to file Form 5329. But if distribution code 1 is incorrectly shown in Form 1099-R, box 7, or you qualify for an exception for qualified higher education expenses or qualified first-time homebuyer distributions, you must file Form 5329.
Line 56-Transportation tax.
Nonresident alien individuals are subject to a $4 \%$ tax on U.S. source gross transportation income that is not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. However, the term U.S. source gross transportation income does not include any such income that is taxable in a possession of the United States under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as applied to that possession.

For purposes of this tax, transportation income will be treated as not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States unless:

1. You had a fixed place of business in the United States involved in the earning of transportation income, and
2. At least $90 \%$ of your U.S. source gross transportation income was attributable to regularly scheduled transportation. Or, in the case of income from the leasing of a vessel or aircraft, it was attributable to a fixed place of business in the United States. See sections 887 and 863 for rules, definitions, and exceptions.

You may be exempt from this tax because of a treaty or an exchange of notes between the United States and the country of which you are a resident. If the country of which you are a resident does not impose tax on the shipping or aircraft income of U.S. persons, you may also be exempt from this tax. If you are exempt from the tax for one of these reasons, you must attach a statement to Form 1040NR identifying your country of residence and the treaty, note, or law and provisions under which you claim exemption from the tax.

If you owe this tax, you must attach a statement to your return that includes the information described in Pub. 519.
Line 57-Household employment taxes. If any of the following apply, see Schedule H (Form 1040) and its instructions to find out if you owe these taxes.

1. You paid any one household employee (defined below) cash wages of $\$ 1,400$ or more in 2005. Cash wages include wages paid by check, money order, etc.
2. You withheld federal income tax during 2005 at the request of any household employee.
3. You paid total cash wages of $\$ 1,000$ or more in any calendar quarter of 2004 or 2005 to household employees.

(0)For purposes of item 1, do not count amounts paid to an employee who was under age 18 at any time in 2005 and was a student.

Household employee. Any person who does household work is a household employee if you can control what will be done and how it will be done. Household work includes work done in or around your home by babysitters, nannies, health aides, maids, yard workers, and similar domestic workers
Line 58-Total tax. Include in the total on line 58 any of the following taxes. To find out if you owe the tax, see the form or publication indicated. On the dotted line next to line 58, enter the amount of the tax and identify it as indicated.

Additional taxes on the following. - Health savings account distributions (see Form 8889). Identify as "HSA."

- Archer MSA distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as "MSA."
- Medicare Advantage MSA
distributions (see Form 8853). Identify as "Med MSA."


## Recapture of the following credits.

- Investment credit (see Form 4255). Identify as "ICR."
- Low-income housing credit (see Form 8611). Identify as "LIHCR." - Qualified electric vehicle credit (see Pub. 535). Identify as "QEVCR." - Indian employment credit (see Form 8845). Identify as "IECR."
- New markets credit (see Form 8874). Identify as "NMCR."
- Credit for employer-provided childcare facilities and services (see Form 8882). Identify as "ECCFR."


## Recapture of federal mortgage

subsidy. If you sold your home in 2005 and it was financed (in whole or in part) from the proceeds of any tax-exempt qualified mortgage bond or you claimed the mortgage interest credit, see Form 8828. Identify as "FMSR."

Section 72(m)(5) Excess Benefits Tax (see Pub. 560). Identify as "Sec. 72(m)(5)."

Uncollected social security and Medicare or RRTA tax on tips or group-term life insurance. This tax should be shown in your Form W-2, box 12 , with codes $A$ and $B$ or $M$ and $N$. Identify as "UT."

Golden parachute payments. If you received an excess parachute payment (EPP), you must pay a 20\% tax on it. This tax should be shown in your Form W-2, box 12, with code K. If you received a Form 1099-MISC, the
tax is $20 \%$ of the EPP shown in box 13. Identify as "EPP."

Tax on accumulation distribution of trusts. Enter the amount from Form 4970 and identify as "ADT."

Excise tax on insider stock compensation from an expatriated corporation. You may owe a $15 \%$ excise tax on the value of nonstatutory stock options and certain other stock-based compensation held by you or a member of your family from an expatriated corporation or its expanded affiliated group in which you were an officer, director, or more-than-10\% owner. See Internal Revenue Code section 4985 . Identify as "ISC."

Additional tax on income you received from a nonqualified deferred compensation plan that fails to meet certain requirements. This income should be shown in Form W-2, box 12, with code Z, or in Form 1099-MISC, box 15b. See Internal Revenue Code section 409A(a)(1)(B) to figure the tax on this income. Identify as "NQDC."

Interest on the tax due on installment income from the sale of certain residential lots and timeshares. Identify as "453(I)(3)" or "453A(c)," whichever applies.

## Payments

## Line 59-Federal income tax

 withheld. Enter all federal income tax withheld on your effectively connected income from Forms W-2 and 1099-R. The amount withheld should be shown in Form W-2, box 2, and in Form 1099-R, box 4 . If line 59 includes amounts withheld as shown on Form 1099-R, attach the Form 1099-R to the front of your return. Also, include in the total for line 59 any tax withheld on scholarship or fellowship grants from Form 1042-S, box 7.If you received a 2005 Form 1099 showing federal income tax withheld on dividends, interest income, or other income you received, include the amount withheld in the total on line 59. This should be shown in Form 1099, box 4 .

$\Delta$Do not include on line 59 amounts withheld on income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. Those amounts should be reported in column (a) on page 4. They are then carried over to page 2, line 66.
Line 60-2005 estimated tax payments. Enter any estimated federal income tax payments you made using Form 1040-ES (NR) for 2005. Include any overpayment from your 2004 return that you applied to your 2005 estimated tax.

Sample Check—Lines 71b Through 71d


Note: The routing and account numbers may appear in different places on your check.

Name Change. If you changed your name because of marriage, divorce, etc., and you made estimated tax payments using your former name, attach a statement to the front of
Form 1040NR. On the statement, list all of the payments you made in 2005 and show the name(s) and identifying number(s) under which you made them. Line 61-Excess social security and tier 1 RRTA tax withheld. If you had more than one employer for 2005 and total wages of more than $\$ 90,000$, too much social security or tier 1 railroad retirement (RRTA) tax may have been withheld. You can take a credit on this line for the amount withheld in excess of $\$ 5,580$. But if any one employer withheld more than $\$ 5,580$, you cannot claim the excess on your return. The employer should adjust the tax for you. If the employer does not adjust the overcollection, you can file a claim for refund using Form 843.

You cannot claim a refund for excess tier 2 RRTA tax on Form 1040NR. Instead, use Form 843.

For more details, see Pub. 505.
Line 62—Additional child tax credit. This credit is for certain people who have at least one qualifying child as defined in the instructions for line 47 starting on page 19. The additional child tax credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax.

To take the credit:

1. Be sure you figured the amount, if any, of your child tax credit. See the instructions for line 47 starting on page 19.
2. Read the TIP at the end of your Child Tax Credit Worksheet on page 20. Use Form 8812 to see if you can take the additional child tax credit, but only if you meet the conditions given in that TIP.

## Line 63-Amount paid with

 Form 4868 (request for extension). If you filed Form 4868 to get an automatic extension of time to file Form 1040NR,enter any amount you paid with that form or by electronic funds withdrawal or credit card. If you paid by credit card, do not include on line 63 the convenience fee you were charged.
Line 64-Other payments. Check the box(es) on line 64 to report any credit from Form 2439, 4136, or 8885.
Line 65-Credit for amount paid with
Form 1040-C. Enter any amount you paid with Form 1040-C for 2005.
Line 66-U.S. tax withheld at source. Enter on line 66 the amount you show on page 4, line 85 . Be sure to attach a copy of all Form(s) 1042-S,
SSA-1042S, RRB-1042S, or similar form(s).
Lines 67a and 67b-U.S. tax withheld at source by partnerships under section 1446. Enter on line 67a any tax withheld by a partnership shown on Form(s) 8805. Enter on line 67b any tax withheld by a partnership shown on Form(s) 1042-S. Be sure to attach a copy of all Form(s) 8805 and 1042-S.
Lines 68a and 68b-U.S. tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests. Enter on line 68a any tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests from
Form(s) 8288-A. Enter on line 68b any tax withheld on dispositions of U.S. real property interests from
Form(s) 1042-S. Be sure to attach a copy of all Form(s) 8288-A and 1042-S.

## Refund

Line 70—Amount overpaid. If line 70 is under $\$ 1$, we will send a refund only on written request.

(0)
If the amount you overpaid is large, you may be able to decrease the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for Individuals for 2006 on page 29.

Refund offset. If you owe past-due federal tax, state income tax, child support, spousal support, or certain federal nontax debts, such as student loans, all or part of the overpayment on line 70 may be used (offset) to pay the past-due amount. Offsets for federal taxes are made by the IRS. All other offsets are made by the Treasury Department's Financial Management Service (FMS). For federal tax offsets, you will receive a notice from the IRS. For all other offsets, you will receive a notice from FMS. To find out if you may have an offset or if you have any questions about it, contact the agency(ies) to which you owe the debt.
Lines 71b through 71d—Direct deposit of refund. Complete lines 71b through 71d if you want us to directly deposit the amount shown on line 71a into your checking or savings account at a U.S. bank or other financial institution (such as a mutual fund, brokerage firm, or credit union) in the United States instead of sending you a check.
Note. If you do not want your refund directly deposited into your account, draw a line through the boxes on lines 71b and 71d.

## Why Use Direct Deposit?

- You get your refund fast.
- Payment is more secure-there is no check to get lost.
- More convenient. No trip to the bank to deposit your check.
- Saves tax dollars. A refund by direct deposit costs less than a check.

(10)You can check with your financial institution to make sure your direct deposit will be accepted and to get the correct routing and account numbers. The IRS is not responsible for a lost refund if you enter the wrong account information.

Line 71b. The routing number must be nine digits. The first two digits must be 01 through 12 or 21 through 32. Otherwise, the direct deposit will be rejected and a check sent instead. The routing number of the sample check above is 250250025 .

Your check may state that it is payable through a financial institution different from the one at which you have your checking account. If so, do not use the routing number on that check. Instead, contact your financial institution for the correct routing number to enter on line 71b.

Line 71d. The account number can be up to 17 characters (both numbers and letters). Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. Enter the number from left to right and leave any unused boxes blank. The account number of the sample check on page

22 is 20202086. Do not include the check number.
Line 72—Applied to 2006 estimated tax. Enter on line 72 the amount, if any, of the overpayment on line 70 you want applied to your 2006 estimated tax. This election cannot be changed later.

## Amount You Owe

Line 73-Amount you owe.

.Pay your taxes in full to save interest and penalties. You do not have to pay if line 73 is under \$1.

Include any estimated tax penalty from line 74 in the amount you enter on line 73.

You can pay by check, money order, or credit card. Do not include any estimated tax payment for 2006 in your check, money order, or amount you charge. Instead, make the estimated tax payment separately.
To pay by check or money order. Make your check or money order payable to the "United States
Treasury" for the full amount due. Do not send cash. Do not attach the payment to your return. Write "2005 Form 1040NR" and your name, address, daytime phone number, and SSN or ITIN on your payment.

To help process your payment, enter the amount on the right side of the check like this: \$ XXX.XX. Do not use dashes or lines (for example, do not enter "XXX-" or " $X X X \frac{\text { XX " }}{100}$ ).
To pay by credit card. You can use your American Express ${ }^{\circledR}$ Card, Discover ${ }^{\circledR}$ Card, MasterCard $®$ card, or Visa® card. To pay by credit card, call toll free or visit the website of either service provider listed on this page and follow the instructions. You will be asked to provide your social security number (SSN). If you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, use your IRS-issued individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) instead.

A convenience fee will be charged by the service provider based on the amount you are paying. Fees may vary between the providers. You will be told what the fee is during the transaction and you will have the option to either continue or cancel the transaction. You can also find out what the fee will be by calling the provider's toll-free automated customer service number or visiting the provider's website shown below.

If you pay by credit card before filing your return, please enter on page 1 of Form 1040NR in the upper left corner the confirmation number you were given at the end of the transaction and
the amount you charged (not including the convenience fee).

Link2Gov Corporation<br>1-888-PAY-1040 SM (1-888-729-1040)<br>1-888-658-5465 (Customer Service) www.PAY1040.com<br>Official Payments Corporation<br>1-800-2PAY-TAX ${ }^{\text {SM }}$ (1-800-272-9829) 1-877-754-4413 (Customer Service) www.officialpayments.com

回You may need to (a) increase the amount of income tax withheld from your pay by filing a new Form W-4, or (b) make estimated tax payments for 2006. See Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for Individuals for 2006 on page 29.

What if you cannot pay? If you cannot pay the full amount shown on line 73 when you file, you can ask to make monthly installment payments for the full or a partial amount. You may have up to 60 months to pay. However, you will be charged interest and may be charged a late payment penalty on the tax not paid by the date due, even if your request to pay in installments is granted. You must also pay a fee. To limit the interest and penalty charges, pay as much of the tax as possible when you file. But before requesting an installment agreement, you should consider other less costly alternatives, such as a bank loan or credit card payment.

To ask for an installment agreement, use Form 9465. You should receive a response to your request for installments within 30 days. But if you file your return after March 31, it may take us longer to reply.
Line 74-Estimated tax penalty. You may owe this penalty if:

- Line 73 is at least $\$ 1,000$ and it is more than $10 \%$ of the tax shown on your return, or
- You did not pay enough estimated tax by any of the due dates. This is true even if you are due a refund.

For most people, the "tax shown on your return" is the amount on line 58 minus the total of any amounts shown on line 62 and Forms 8828, 4137, 4136, 5329 (Parts III through VIII only), and 8885 . Also subtract from line 58 any tax on an excess parachute payment and any excise tax on insider stock compensation of an expatriated corporation. When figuring the amount on line 58, include the amount on line 57 only if line 59 is more than zero or you would owe the penalty even if you did not include those taxes. But if you entered an amount on Schedule H (Form 1040), line 7, include the total of
that amount plus the amount on Form 1040NR, line 57.
Exception. You will not owe the penalty if your 2004 tax return was for a tax year of 12 full months and either of the following applies.

1. You had no tax shown on your 2004 return and you were a U.S. citizen or resident for all of 2004, or
2. The total of lines $59,60,61$, and 65 through 68b on your 2005 return is at least as much as the tax shown on your 2004 return. Your estimated tax payments for 2005 must have been made on time and for the required amount.

$\Delta$If your 2004 adjusted gross income was over \$150,000 (over \$75,000 if you checked filing status box 3, 4, or 5 for 2005), item (2) applies only if the total of lines 59, 60, 61, and 65 through 68 b on your 2005 tax return is at least $110 \%$ of the tax shown on your 2004 return. This rule does not apply to farmers and fishermen.
Figuring the penalty. If the Exception above does not apply and you choose to figure the penalty yourself, see Form 2210 (or Form 2210-F for farmers and fishermen) to find out if you owe the penalty. If you do, you can use the form to figure the amount.

Enter the penalty on Form 1040NR, line 74. Add the penalty to any tax due and enter the total on line 73. If you are due a refund, subtract the penalty from the overpayment you show on line 70. Do not file Form 2210 with your return unless Form 2210 indicates that you must do so. Instead, keep it for your records.

回Because Form 2210 is complicated, you can leave line 74 blank and the IRS will figure the penalty and send you a bill. We will not charge you interest on the penalty if you pay by the date specified on the bill. If your income varied during the year, the annualized income installment method may reduce the amount of your penalty. But you must file Form 2210 because the IRS cannot figure your penalty under this method. See the Instructions for Form 2210 for other situations in which you may be able to lower your penalty by filing Form 2210.

## Third Party Designee

If you want to allow a friend, family member, or any other person you choose to discuss your 2005 tax return with the IRS, check the "Yes" box in the "Third Party Designee" area of your return. Also, enter the designee's name, U.S. phone number, and any five numbers the designee chooses as his or her personal identification
number (PIN). But if you want to allow the paid preparer who signed your return to discuss it with the IRS, just enter "Preparer" in the space for the designee's name. You do not have to provide the other information requested.

If you check the "Yes" box, you are authorizing the IRS to call the designee to answer any questions that may arise during the processing of your return.
You are also authorizing the designee to:

- Give the IRS any information that is missing from your return,
- Call the IRS for information about the processing of your return or the status of your refund or payment(s),
- Receive copies of notices or transcripts related to your return, upon request, and
- Respond to certain IRS notices about math errors, offsets, and return preparation.

You are not authorizing the designee to receive any refund check, bind you to anything (including any additional tax liability), or otherwise represent you before the IRS. If you want to expand the designee's authorization, see Pub. 947.

The authorization will automatically end no later than the due date (without regard to extensions) for filing your 2006 tax return (see When To File on page 4). If you wish to revoke the authorization before it ends, see Pub. 947.

## Signature

See Reminders beginning on page 28 after you complete pages 3,4 , and 5 of the form.

## Instructions for Schedule A, Itemized Deductions

## State and Local Income Taxes

## Lines 1 Through 3

You can deduct state and local income taxes you paid or that were withheld from your salary during 2005 on income connected with a U.S. trade or business. If, during 2005, you received any refunds of, or credits for, income tax paid in earlier years, do not subtract them from the amount you deduct here. Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040NR, line 11, on page 11.

Gifts to U.S. Charities

## Lines 4a Through 7

You can deduct contributions or gifts you gave to U.S. organizations that are religious, charitable, educational, scientific, or literary in purpose. You can also deduct what you gave to organizations that work to prevent cruelty to children or animals.

To verify an organization's charitable status, you can:

- Check with the organization to which you made the donation. The organization should be able to provide you with verification of its charitable status.
- See Pub. 78 for a list of most qualified organizations. You can access Pub. 78 at www.irs.gov under Charities and Non-Profits.
- If in the United States, call our Tax Exempt/Government Entities Customer Account Services at 1-877-829-5500.


## Contributions you can deduct.

Contributions can be in cash (keep canceled checks, receipts, or other reliable written records showing the name of the organization and the date and amount given), property, or out-of-pocket expenses you paid to do volunteer work for the kinds of organizations described earlier. If you drove to and from the volunteer work, you may take 14 cents a mile or the actual cost of gas and oil. But, if the volunteer work was to provide relief related to Hurricane Katrina after August 24, 2005, this amount is increased to 29 cents a mile ( 34 cents a mile after August 31, 2005). Add parking and tolls to the amount you claim under either method. But do not deduct any amounts that were repaid to you.
Gifts from which you benefit. If you made a gift and received a benefit in return, such as food, entertainment, or merchandise, you can generally only deduct the amount that is more than the value of the benefit. But this rule does not apply to certain membership benefits provided in return for an annual payment of $\$ 75$ or less. For details, see Pub. 526.

Example. You paid $\$ 70$ to a charitable organization to attend a fund-raising dinner and the value of the dinner was $\$ 40$. You can deduct only \$30.
Gifts of \$250 or more. You can deduct a gift of \$250 or more only if you have a statement from the charitable organization showing the information in 1 and 2 below.

In figuring whether a gift is $\$ 250$ or more, do not combine separate donations. For example, if you gave your church $\$ 25$ each week for a total
of $\$ 1,300$, treat each $\$ 25$ payment as a separate gift. If you made donations through payroll deductions, treat each deduction from each paycheck as a separate gift. See Pub. 526 if you made a separate gift of $\$ 250$ or more through payroll deduction.

1. The amount of any money contributed and a description (but not value) of any property donated.
2. Whether the organization did or did not give you any goods or services in return for your contribution. If you did receive any goods or services, a description and estimate of the value must be included. If you received only intangible religious benefits (such as admission to a religious ceremony), the organization must state this, but it does not have to describe or value the benefit.

TIPYou must get the statement by the date you file your return or the due date (including extensions) for filing your return, whichever is earlier. Do not attach the statement to your return. Instead, keep it for your records.
Limit on the amount you can deduct. See Pub. 526 to figure the amount of your deduction if any of the following apply.

1. Your cash contributions or contributions of ordinary income property are more than $30 \%$ of the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36.
2. Your gifts of capital gain property are more than $20 \%$ of the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36.
3. You gave gifts of property that increased in value or gave gifts of the use of property.

(0)The limit described in item (1) above does not apply to certain cash contributions paid after August 27, 2005, if you elect to treat those contributions as qualified contributions. See the instructions for line $4 b$ on this page for details.
Contributions you cannot deduct.

- Any contribution you made in January, 2005, for the relief of victims in areas affected by the December 26, 2004, Indian Ocean tsunami that you elected to deduct on your 2004 return. - Travel expenses (including meals and lodging) while away from home, unless there was no significant element of personal pleasure, recreation, or vacation in the travel.
- Political contributions.
- Dues, fees, or bills paid to country clubs, lodges, fraternal orders, or similar groups.
- Cost of raffle, bingo, or lottery tickets.
- Cost of tuition. But you may be able to deduct this expense on line 9 . See page 26.
- Value of your time or services.
- Value of blood given to a blood bank.
- The transfer of a future interest in tangible personal property (generally, until the entire interest has been transferred).
- Gifts to individuals and groups that are run for personal profit.
- Gifts to foreign organizations. But you may be able to deduct gifts to certain U.S. organizations that transfer funds to foreign charities and certain Canadian, Israeli, and Mexican charities. See Pub. 526 for details.
- Gifts to organizations engaged in certain political activities that are of direct financial interest to your trade or business. See section 170(f)(9).
- Gifts to groups whose purpose is to lobby for changes in the laws.
- Gifts to civic leagues, social and sports clubs, labor unions, and chambers of commerce.
- Value of benefits received in connection with a contribution to a charitable organization. See Pub. 526 for exceptions.


## Line 4 a

Enter the total contributions you made in cash or by check (including out-of-pocket expenses).

## Line 4b

In general, you can elect to treat gifts by cash or check as qualified contributions if the gifts were paid after August 27, 2005, to a qualified charitable organization (other than certain private foundations described in section 509(a)(3)). Qualified contributions are not subject to the overall limitation on itemized deductions or the $50 \%$ adjusted gross income limitation.

Qualified contributions do not include contributions to organizations for which cash gifts are subject to a limit based on $30 \%$ of your adjusted gross income (such as contributions to veterans' organizations, fraternal societies, nonprofit cemeteries, and certain private nonoperating foundations). Also, qualified contributions do not include any contributions to a segregated fund or account for which you (or any person appointed or designated by you) have, or reasonably expect to have, advisory privileges with respect to distributions or investments based on your contribution.

Certain limits may apply if your qualified contributions are more than the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36, minus all other allowable contributions. For details, see Pub. 526.

## Line 5

Enter your contributions of property. If you gave used items, such as clothing or furniture, deduct their fair market
value at the time you gave them. Fair market value is what a willing buyer would pay a willing seller when neither has to buy or sell and both are aware of the conditions of the sale. For more details on determining the value of donated property, see Pub. 561.

If the amount of your deduction is more than \$500, you must complete and attach Form 8283. For this purpose, the "amount of your deduction" means your deduction before applying any income limits that could result in a carryover of contributions. If you deduct more than $\$ 500$ for a contribution of a motor vehicle, boat, or airplane, you must also attach a statement from the charitable organization to your return. If your total deduction is over $\$ 5,000$, you may also have to get appraisals of the values of the donated property. See Form 8283 and its instructions for details.

Recordkeeping. If you gave property, you should keep a receipt or written statement from the organization you gave the property to, or a reliable written record, that shows the organization's name and address, the date and location of the gift, and a description of the property. For each gift of property, you should also keep reliable written records that include:

- How you figured the property's value at the time you gave it. If the value was determined by an appraisal, keep a signed copy of the appraisal.
- The cost or other basis of the property if you must reduce it by any ordinary income or capital gain that would have resulted if the property had been sold at its fair market value.
- How you figured your deduction if you chose to reduce your deduction for gifts of capital gain property.
- Any conditions attached to the gift.

$\Delta$If your total deduction for gifts of property is over $\$ 500$, you gave less than your entire interest in the property, or you made a "qualified conservation contribution," your records should contain additional information. See Pub. 526 for details.

## Line 6

Enter any carryover of contributions that you could not deduct in an earlier year because they exceeded your adjusted gross income limit. See
Pub. 526 for details.

## Casualty and Theft Losses

## Line 8

Complete and attach Form 4684 to figure the amount of your loss to enter on line 8.

You may be able to deduct part or all of each loss caused by theft,
vandalism, fire, storm, or similar causes, and car, boat, and other accidents. You may also be able to deduct money you had in a financial institution but lost because of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the institution.

You may deduct nonbusiness casualty or theft losses only to the extent that:

1. The amount of each separate casualty or theft loss is more than $\$ 100$, and
2. The total amount of all losses during the year (reduced by the $\$ 100$ limit discussed in (1) above) is more than $10 \%$ of the amount shown on Form 1040NR, line 36.

0
The limits in items (1) and (2) above do not apply to casualty and theft losses that occurred in the Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma disaster area, if the loss was caused by Hurricane Katrina, Rita, or Wilma. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Special rules apply if you had both gains and losses from nonbusiness casualties or thefts. See Form 4684 and its instructions for details.

Use Schedule A, line 11, to deduct the costs of proving that you had a property loss. Examples of these costs are appraisal fees and photographs used to establish the amount of your loss.

For information on federal disaster area losses, see Pub. 547. For information on tax benefits related to Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma, see Pub. 4492.

## Job Expenses and Most Other Miscellaneous Deductions

Note. Miscellaneous deductions are allowed only if and to the extent they are directly related to your effectively connected income. You may deduct only the part of these expenses that exceeds $2 \%$ of the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36.

Pub. 529 discusses the types of expenses that may and may not be deducted.

## Examples of Expenses You Cannot Deduct

- Political contributions.
- Personal legal expenses.
- Lost or misplaced cash or property.
- Expenses for meals during regular or extra work hours.
- The cost of entertaining friends.
- Commuting expenses. See Pub. 529
for the definition of commuting.

1. Add the amounts on Schedule A, lines 3, 7, 8, 15, and 16 .
2. Enter the total of the amount on Schedule $A$, lines $4 b$ and 8 , plus any casualty or theft losses included on line 16
Caution: Be sure your casualty or theft losses are clearly identified on the dotted lines next to line 16.
3. Is the amount on line 2 less than the amount on line 1 ?
$\square$ No. Stop. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 17.

- Yes. Subtract line 2 from line 1

4. Multiply line 3 above by $80 \%$ (.80) . . . 4.
5. Enter the amount from Form 1040NR, line 36
. Enter: $\$ 145,950$ (\$72,975 if you
checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5) . .
6. Is the amount on line 6 less than the amount on line 5?
$\square$ No. Stop. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from line 1 above on Schedule A, line 17.

- Yes. Subtract line 6 from line 5 .

8. Multiply line 7 above by $3 \% ~(.03)$. . . .
9. 
10. 
11. Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 8
12. Total itemized deductions. Subtract line 9 from line 1.

Enter the result here and on Schedule A, line 17
5.
6.
1.
2.
3.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

- Certain business use of part of your home. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 587.
- Certain educational expenses. For details, see Pub. 970.


## Line 10

Enter the fees you paid for preparation of your tax return.

## Line 11

Enter the total amount you paid to produce or collect taxable income and manage or protect property held for earning income. But do not include any personal expenses. List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 11. If you need more space, attach a statement showing the type and amount of each expense.
Enter one total on line 11.
Examples of expenses to include on line 11 are:

- Certain legal and accounting fees.
- Clerical help and office rent.
- Custodial (for example, trust account)
fees.
- Your share of the investment expenses of a regulated investment company.
- Certain losses on nonfederally insured deposits in an insolvent or bankrupt financial institution. For details, including limits that apply, see Pub. 529.
- Casualty and theft losses of property used in performing services as an employee from Form 4684, lines 35 and 41b, or Form 4797, line 18a.
- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if $\$ 3,000$ or less.


## Other Miscellaneous Deductions

## Line 16

List the type and amount of each expense on the dotted lines next to line 16. Enter one total on line 16.
Examples of these expenses are:

- Casualty and theft losses of
income-producing property from
Form 4684, lines 35 and 41b, or Form
4797, line 18a.
- Loss from other activities from

Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 2.

- Deduction for repayment of amounts under a claim of right if over $\$ 3,000$.
See Pub. 525 for details.
- Impairment-related work expenses of a disabled person.
- Certain unrecovered investment in a pension.

For more details, see Pub. 529.

## Total Itemized Deductions

## Line 17

Use the worksheet on page 26 to figure the amount to enter on line 17 if the amount on Form 1040NR, line 36, is
over \$145,950 (\$72,975 if you checked filing status box 3,4 , or 5 ).

## Tax on Income Not Effectively Connected With a U.S. Trade or Business (Page 4)

The following items are generally taxed at $30 \%$ if they are not effectively connected with your U.S. trade or business. The rate may be lower if your country of residence and the United States have a treaty setting lower rates. Table 1 in Pub. 901 summarizes which countries have such treaties and what the rates are.

The 30\% tax applies only to amounts included in gross income. For example, the tax applies only to the part of a periodic annuity or pension payment that is subject to tax; it does not apply to the part that is a return of your cost.

The following list gives only a general idea of the type of income to include on page 4. (For more information, see Pub. 519.) Include the following only to the extent the amount received is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States.

1. Income that is fixed or periodic, such as interest (other than original issue discount), dividends, rents, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, other compensation, or alimony received. Other items of income, such as royalties, also may be subject to the 30\% tax.
Exceptions. The following items of interest and dividend income that you received as a nonresident alien are generally exempt from the $30 \%$ tax.

- Interest from a U.S. bank, savings and loan association, or similar institution, and from certain deposits with U.S. insurance companies.
- Portfolio interest on obligations issued after July 18, 1984.
- Interest-related dividends received from a mutual fund.
- Short-term capital gain dividends from a mutual fund only if you were present in the United States for less than 183 days during the tax year.
- U.S. source dividends paid by certain foreign corporations.

For more information, see Pub. 519.
2. Gains, other than capital gains, from the sale or exchange of patents, copyrights, and other intangible property.
3. Original issue discount (OID). If you sold or exchanged the obligation, include in income the OID that accrued while you held the obligation minus the amount previously included in income.

If you received a payment on an OID obligation, see Pub. 519.
4. Capital gains in excess of capital losses from U.S. sources during 2005. Include these gains only if you were in the United States at least 183 days during 2005. They are not subject to U.S. tax if you were in the United States less than 183 days during the tax year. In determining your net gain, do not use the capital loss carryover.

Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets in excess of similar gains are not allowed.

If you had a gain or loss on disposing of a U.S. real property interest, see Dispositions of U.S. Real Property Interests on page 6.
5. Prizes, awards, and certain gambling winnings. Proceeds from lotteries, raffles, etc., are gambling winnings (see section 871(j) for exceptions). You must report the full amount of your winnings. You cannot offset losses against winnings and report the difference.

Note. Residents of Canada may claim gambling losses, but only to the extent of gambling winnings. They should report both their total gambling winnings and their total gambling losses on the dotted line on line 84 (or attach a separate schedule if more space is needed). If they have net gambling winnings (after offsetting their total gambling losses against their total gambling winnings), they should include this net amount on line 84, column (d).

## Social security benefits (and tier 1

 railroad retirement benefits treated as social security). $85 \%$ of the U.S. social security and equivalent railroad retirement benefits you received are taxable. This amount is treated as U.S. source income not effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business. It is subject to the $30 \%$ tax rate, unless exempt or taxed at a reduced rate under a U.S. tax treaty. Social security benefits include any monthly benefit under title II of the Social Security Act or the part of a tier 1 railroad retirement benefit treated as a social security benefit. They do not include any Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments.You should receive a Form SSA-1042S showing the total social security benefits paid to you in 2005 and the amount of any benefits you repaid in 2005. If you received railroad retirement benefits treated as social security, you should receive a Form RRB-1042S.

Enter 85\% of the total amount from box 5 of all of your Forms SSA-1042S and Forms RRB-1042S in the appropriate column of line 82 of

Form 1040NR. Enter any federal tax withheld in column (a) of line 82. Attach a copy of each Form SSA-1042S and RRB-1042S to Form 1040NR.

Withholding of tax at the source. Tax must be withheld at the source on certain income from U.S. sources paid to nonresident aliens. The withholding is generally at the $30 \%$ rate. There are exceptions to the general rule, and tax treaties with various countries may provide a lower rate or exempt certain income from withholding. The tax must be withheld by the person who pays fixed or determinable annual or periodic income to nonresident aliens. The income subject to this withholding should be reported on page 4 of Form 1040NR. For details, see Pub. 519, Pub. 515, and section 1441 and its regulations.

## Other Information (Page 5)

## Item D

Enter the type of U.S. visa (for example, F, J, M, etc.) you used to enter the United States. Also enter your current nonimmigrant status. For example, enter your current nonimmigrant status shown on your current U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Form I-94, Arrival-Departure Record. If your status has changed while in the United States, enter the date of change. If your status has not changed, enter "N/A."

## Item E

You are generally required to enter your date of entry into the United States that pertains to your current nonimmigrant status (for example, the date of arrival shown on your most recent USCIS Form I-94).
Exception. If you are claiming a tax treaty benefit that is determined by reference to more than one date of arrival, enter the earlier date of arrival. For example, you are currently claiming treaty benefits (as a teacher) under article 20 of the tax treaty between the United States and the Republic of Korea (South Korea). You previously claimed treaty benefits (as a student) under article 21 of that treaty. Under article 21, paragraph 4, of that treaty, the combination of consecutive exemptions under articles 20 and 21 may not extend beyond 5 tax years from the date you entered the United States as a student. If article 21, paragraph 4, of that treaty applies, enter in item $E$ the date you entered the United States as a student.

## Item M

If you are a resident of a treaty country (that is, you qualify as a resident of that country within the meaning of the tax treaty between the United States and that country), you must know the terms of the tax treaty between the United States and the treaty country to properly complete item M. You may download the complete text of most U.S. tax treaties at www.irs.gov. Technical explanations for many of those treaties are also available at that site. Also, see Pub. 901 for a quick reference guide to the provisions of U.S. tax treaties.

If you are claiming treaty benefits on Form 1040NR, you must provide all of the information requested in item M .

$\Delta$If you are claiming tax treaty benefits and you failed to submit adequate documentation to a withholding agent, you must attach all information that would have otherwise been required on the withholding document (for example, all information required on Form W-8BEN or Form 8233).
Residents of Japan If you were a resident of Japan and you are electing to have the old U.S.-Japan income tax treaty apply in its entirety for 2005, enter "Japan-Article 30" in item M, Country.

## Treaty-based return position

 disclosure. If you take the position that a treaty of the United States overrides or modifies any provision of the Internal Revenue Code and that position reduces (or potentially reduces) your tax, you must report certain information on Form 8833 and attach it to Form 1040NR.You can be charged a $\$ 1,000$ penalty for each failure to report the required information. For more details, see Form 8833 and Regulations section 301.6114-1.
Exceptions. You do not have to file Form 8833 for any of the following situations.

1. You claim a reduced rate of withholding tax under a treaty on interest, dividends, rents, royalties, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodic income ordinarily subject to the $30 \%$ rate.
2. You claim a treaty reduces or modifies the taxation of income from dependent personal services, pensions, annuities, social security and other public pensions, or income of artists, athletes, students, trainees, or teachers. This includes taxable scholarship and fellowship grants.
3. You claim a reduction or modification of taxation of income under an International Social Security

Agreement or a Diplomatic or Consular Agreement.
4. You are a partner in a partnership or a beneficiary of an estate or trust and the partnership, estate, or trust reports the required information on its return.
5. The payments or items of income that are otherwise required to be disclosed total no more than $\$ 10,000$.

## Item P

If you expatriated, see Special Rules for Former U.S. Citizens and Former U.S. Long-Term Residents beginning on page 6 for details on how to answer the question in item $P$ and for information that must be included in the annual information statement, if required. If you are a former U.S. long-term resident filing a dual-status return for your last year of U.S. residency, you must also attach Form 8854. See Dual-Status Taxpayers on page 5.

## Reminders

## Sign and Date Your Return

Form 1040NR is not considered a valid return unless you sign it. You can have an agent in the United States prepare and sign your return if you could not do so for one of the following reasons:

- You were ill.
- You were not in the United States at any time during the 60 days before the return was due.
- For other reasons that you explained in writing to the Internal Revenue Service Center, Philadelphia, PA 19255, U.S.A., and that the IRS approved.

A return prepared by an agent must be accompanied by a power of attorney. Form 2848 may be used for this purpose.

Be sure to date your return and show your occupation in the United States in the space provided. If you have someone prepare your return, you are still responsible for the correctness of the return.
Child's return. If your child cannot sign the return, you can sign the child's name in the space provided. Then, add "By (your signature), parent for minor child."
Paid preparer must sign your return. Generally, anyone you pay to prepare your return must sign it in the space provided. The preparer must give you a copy of the return for your records. Someone who prepares your return but does not charge you should not sign your return.

## Income Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax Payments for Individuals for 2006

If the amount you owe or the amount you overpaid is large, you may be able to file a new Form W-4 with your employer to change the amount of income tax withheld from your 2006 pay. For details on how to complete Form W-4, see the Instructions for Form 8233.

In general, you do not have to make estimated tax payments if you expect that your 2006 Form 1040NR will show a tax refund or a tax balance due the IRS of less than $\$ 1,000$. If your total estimated tax (including any household employment taxes or alternative minimum tax) for 2006 is $\$ 1,000$ or more, see Form 1040-ES(NR). It has a worksheet you can use to see if you have to make estimated tax payments. However, if you expect to be a resident of Puerto Rico during all of 2006 and you must pay estimated tax, use Form 1040-ES.

## Gift To Reduce Debt Held By the Public

If you wish to make such a gift, make a check payable to "Bureau of the Public Debt." You can send it to: Bureau of the Public Debt, Department G, P.O. Box 2188, Parkersburg, WV 26106-2188. Or you can enclose the check with your income tax return when you file. Do not add your gift to any tax you may owe. See page 23 for details on how to pay any tax you owe.

TIPYou may be able to deduct this gift on your 2006 tax return as a charitable contribution.

## Address Change

If you move after filing your return, always notify the IRS of your new address. To do this, use Form 8822.

## How Long Should Records Be Kept?

Keep a copy of your tax return, worksheets you used, and records of all items appearing on it (such as Forms W-2, 1099, and 1042-S) until the statute of limitations runs out for that return. Usually, this is 3 years from the date the return was due or filed, or 2 years from the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. You should keep some records longer. For example, keep property records (including those on your home) as long as they are needed to figure the basis of the original or replacement property. For more details, see Pub. 552.

## Amended Return

File Form 1040X to change a return you already filed. Also, use
Form 1040X if you filed Form 1040NR
and you should have filed a Form 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ, or vice versa. Generally, Form 1040X must be filed within 3 years after the date the original return was filed, or within 2 years after the date the tax was paid, whichever is later. But you may have more time to file Form 1040X if you are physically or mentally unable to manage your financial affairs. See Pub. 556 for details.

## Requesting a Copy of Your Tax Return

If you need a copy of your tax return, use Form 4506. There is a $\$ 39$ fee for each return requested. If your main home, principal place of business, or tax records are located in a Presidentially declared disaster area, this fee will be waived. If you want a free transcript of your tax return or account, use Form 4506-T or call us at 1-800-829-1040.

## Interest and Penalties

You do not have to figure the amount of any interest or penalties you may owe. Because figuring these amounts can be complicated, we will do it for you if you want. We will send you a bill for any amount due.

If you include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) with your payment, identify and enter the amount in the bottom margin of Form 1040NR, page 2. Do not include interest or penalties (other than the estimated tax penalty) in the amount you owe on line 73.
Interest. We will charge you interest on taxes not paid by their due date, even if an extension of time to file is granted. We will also charge you interest on penalties imposed for failure to file, negligence, fraud, substantial valuation misstatements, substantial understatements of tax, and reportable transaction understatements. Interest is charged on the penalty from the due date of the return (including extensions).
Penalty for late filing. If you do not file your return by the due date (including extensions), the penalty is usually $5 \%$ of the amount due for each month or part of a month your return is late, unless you have a reasonable explanation. If you do, attach it to your return. The penalty can be as much as $25 \%$ (more in some cases) of the tax due. If your return is more than 60 days late, the minimum penalty will be $\$ 100$ or the amount of any tax you owe, whichever is smaller.
Penalty for late payment of tax. If you pay your taxes late, the penalty is usually $1 / 2$ of $1 \%$ of the unpaid amount for each month or part of a month the tax is not paid. The penalty can be as
much as $25 \%$ of the unpaid amount. It applies to any unpaid tax on the return. This penalty is in addition to interest charges on late payments.
Penalty for frivolous return. In addition to any other penalties, the law imposes a penalty of $\$ 500$ for filing a frivolous return. A frivolous return is one that does not contain information needed to figure the correct tax or shows a substantially incorrect tax because you take a frivolous position or desire to delay or interfere with the tax laws. This includes altering or striking out the preprinted language above the space where you sign.
Other penalties. Other penalties can be imposed for negligence, substantial understatement of tax, reportable transaction understatements, and fraud. Criminal penalties may be imposed for willful failure to file, tax evasion, or making a false statement. See Pub. 519 for details on some of these penalties.

## Taxpayer Assistance

IRS assistance is available to help you prepare your return. But you should know that you are responsible for the accuracy of your return. If we do make an error, you are still responsible for the payment of the correct tax.

In the United States, you may call 1-800-829-1040. For TTY/TDD help, call 1-800-829-4059. If overseas, you may call 215-516-2000
(English-speaking only). This number is not toll free. The hours of operation are from 6:00 a.m. to 11:00 p.m. Eastern time. These hours are subject to change.

If you wish to write instead of call, please address your letter to: Internal Revenue Service, International Section, P.O. Box 920, Bensalem, PA 19020-8518. Make sure you include your identifying number (defined on page 8) when you write.

Assistance in answering tax questions and filling out tax returns is also available in person from IRS offices in London and Paris. The offices generally are located in the U.S. embassies or consulates.

The IRS conducts an overseas taxpayer assistance program during the filing season (January to mid-June). To find out if IRS personnel will be in your area, contact the consular office at the nearest U.S. embassy.
Solving problems. You can get face-to-face help solving tax problems every business day in IRS Taxpayer Assistance Centers. An employee can explain IRS letters, request adjustments to your account, or help you set up a payment plan. Call your local Taxpayer Assistance Center for an appointment. To find the number, go to www.irs.gov/
localcontacts or look in a U.S. phone book under "United States Government, Internal Revenue Service."

## How can you get IRS tax forms and publications?

- You can download them from the IRS website at www.irs.gov.
- In the United States, you can call

1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

- You can send your order to the

National Distribution Center, P.O. Box 8903, Bloomington, IL 61702-8903,
U.S.A.

- You can pick them up in person from our U.S. embassies and consulates abroad (but only during the tax return filing period).


## Help With Unresolved Tax Issues

If you have attempted to deal with an IRS problem unsuccessfully, you should contact your Taxpayer Advocate.

The Taxpayer Advocate independently represents your interests and concerns within the IRS by protecting your rights and resolving problems that have not been fixed through normal channels.

While Taxpayer Advocates cannot change the tax law or make a technical tax decision, they can clear up problems that resulted from previous contacts and ensure that your case is given a complete and impartial review.

To contact your Taxpayer Advocate:

- If you are in the United States, call their toll-free number: 1-877-777-4778. TTY/TDD help is available by calling 1-800-829-4059.
- If overseas, call 01-787-622-8940 (English-speaking only) or 01-787-622-8930 (Spanish-speaking only). These numbers are not toll free.
- You can write to the Taxpayer Advocate at the IRS office that last contacted you (or contact one of the overseas IRS offices listed on this page).
- Visit the website at www.irs.gov/ advocate.

For more information about the Taxpayer Advocate, see Pub. 1546.

## Disclosure, Privacy Act, and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.

The IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998 requires that we tell you the conditions under which return information may be disclosed to any party outside the Internal Revenue Service. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need the information to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and
collect the right amount of tax. Section 6109 requires paid return preparers to provide their identifying number.

This notice applies to all papers you file with us, including this tax return. It also applies to any questions we need to ask you so we can complete, correct, or process your return; figure your tax; and collect tax, interest, or penalties.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law.

Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103. However, section 6103 allows or requires the Internal Revenue Service to disclose or give the information you write on your tax return to others as described in the Code. For example, we may disclose your tax information to the Department of Justice, to enforce the tax laws, both civil and criminal, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, U.S. commonwealths or possessions, and certain foreign governments to carry out their tax laws. We may disclose your tax information to the Department of Treasury and contractors for tax administration purposes; and to other persons as necessary to obtain information that we cannot get in any other way in order to determine the
amount of or to collect the tax you owe. We may disclose your tax information to the Comptroller General of the United States to permit the Comptroller General to review the Internal Revenue Service. We may disclose your tax information to Committees of Congress; federal, state, and local child support agencies; and to other federal agencies for purposes of determining entitlement for benefits or the eligibility for and the repayment of loans. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, or to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

Keep this notice with your records. It may help you if we ask you for other information. If you have any questions about the rules for filing and giving information, call or visit any Internal Revenue Service office.

We welcome comments on forms. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can email us at *taxforms@irs.gov. Please put "Forms Comment" on the subject line. Or you can write to the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Products Coordinating Committee, SE:W:CAR:MP:T:T:SP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6406, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send your return to this address. Instead, see Where To File on page 4.

Estimates of taxpayer burden. The new estimates of taxpayer burden shown below were developed by the IRS to better measure and understand the burden taxpayers experience when preparing their taxes. These estimates of average preparation times and out-of-pocket expenses are based on a new survey of taxpayers and a more accurate method of estimating taxpayer burden. They focus on taxpayer characteristics and activities, rather than forms, and replace the burden estimates shown in prior year tax form instructions. The information collected to figure the new estimates includes type of taxpayer, preparation method, filing method, and taxpayer activities. The new estimates shown here are grouped by principal combinations of forms submitted and are not available separately for each form.

These changes create a one-time shift in estimates of burden levels. Comparisons should not be made between these and earlier published estimates.

If you have comments concerning the time and expense estimates below, you can contact us at the address shown under We welcome comments on forms.

These estimates were the latest available when the forms went to print. The most current information can be found on the IRS website at www.irs.gov.

Taxpayer Burden for Taxpayers Who Filed Form 1040NR by Preparation Method

| Self-Prepared Without Tax Software |  | Self-Prepared With Tax Software |  | Prepared by Paid Professional |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hours | Costs | Hours | Costs | Hours | Costs |
| 20.0 | $\$ 17$ | 27.5 | $\$ 45$ | 15.1 | $\$ 213$ |



See the instructions for line 41 that begin on page 17 to see if you can use the Tax Table below to figure your tax.

Example. Mr. Green is filing as a qualifying widower. His taxable income on line 40 of Form 1040 NR is $\$ 25,300$. First, he finds the $\$ 25,300-25,350$ income line. Next, he finds the column for qualifying widower and reads down the column. The amount shown where the income line and filing status column meet is $\$ 3,069$. This

| At <br> least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying <br> widow(er) | Married <br> filing <br> separately |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Your tax is- |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 2 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 2 5 0}$ | 3,419 | 3,054 | 3,419 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 2 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 2 6}$ | 3,061 | 3,426 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 5 0}$ | 3,434 | 3,069 | 3,434 |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 5 , 3 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 , 4 0 0}$ | 3,441 | 3,076 | 3,441 |  |  | is the tax amount he must enter on line 41 of his Form 1040NR.



| If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Sour tax is- |  | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> Your tax is | Married filing separately |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  | 8,000 |  |  |  |  | 11,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 5,050 | 503 | 503 | 503 | 8,000 | 8,050 | 839 | 803 | 839 | 11,000 | 11,050 | 1,289 | 1,103 | 1,289 |
| 5,050 | 5,100 | 508 | 508 | 508 | 8,050 | 8,100 | 846 | 808 | 846 | 11,050 | 11,100 | 1,296 | 1,108 | 1,296 |
| 5,100 | 5,150 | 513 | 513 | 513 | 8,100 | 8,150 | 854 | 813 | 854 | 11,100 | 11,150 | 1,304 | 1,113 | 1,304 |
| 5,150 | 5,200 | 518 | 518 | 518 | 8,150 | 8,200 | 861 | 818 | 861 | 11,150 | 11,200 | 1,311 | 1,118 | 1,311 |
| 5,200 | 5,250 | 523 | 523 | 523 | 8,200 | 8,250 | 869 | 823 | 869 | 11,200 | 11,250 | 1,319 | 1,123 | 1,319 |
| 5,250 | 5,300 | 528 | 528 | 528 | 8,250 | 8,300 | 876 | 828 | 876 | 11,250 | 11,300 | 1,326 | 1,128 | 1,326 |
| 5,300 | 5,350 | 533 | 533 | 533 | 8,300 | 8,350 | 884 | 833 | 884 | 11,300 | 11,350 | 1,334 | 1,133 | 1,334 |
| 5,350 | 5,400 | 538 | 538 | 538 | 8,350 | 8,400 | 891 | 838 | 891 | 11,350 | 11,400 | 1,341 | 1,138 | 1,341 |
| 5,400 | 5,450 | 543 | 543 | 543 | 8,400 | 8,450 | 899 | 843 | 899 | 11,400 | 11,450 | 1,349 | 1,143 | 1,349 |
| 5,450 | 5,500 | 548 | 548 | 548 | 8,450 | 8,500 | 906 | 848 | 906 | 11,450 | 11,500 | 1,356 | 1,148 | 1,356 |
| 5,500 | 5,550 | 553 | 553 | 553 | 8,500 | 8,550 | 914 | 853 | 914 | 11,500 | 11,550 | 1,364 | 1,153 | 1,364 |
| 5,550 | 5,600 | 558 | 558 | 558 | 8,550 | 8,600 | 921 | 858 | 921 | 11,550 | 11,600 | 1,371 | 1,158 | 1,371 |
| 5,600 | 5,650 | 563 | 563 | 563 | 8,600 | 8,650 | 929 | 863 | 929 | 11,600 | 11,650 | 1,379 | 1,163 | 1,379 |
| 5,650 | 5,700 | 568 | 568 | 568 | 8,650 | 8,700 | 936 | 868 | 936 | 11,650 | 11,700 | 1,386 | 1,168 | 1,386 |
| 5,700 | 5,750 | 573 | 573 | 573 | 8,700 | 8,750 | 944 | 873 | 944 | 11,700 | 11,750 | 1,394 | 1,173 | 1,394 |
| 5,750 | 5,800 | 578 | 578 | 578 | 8,750 | 8,800 | 951 | 878 | 951 | 11,750 | 11,800 | 1,401 | 1,178 | 1,401 |
| 5,800 | 5,850 | 583 | 583 | 583 | 8,800 | 8,850 | 959 | 883 | 959 | 11,800 | 11,850 | 1,409 | 1,183 | 1,409 |
| 5,850 | 5,900 | 588 | 588 | 588 | 8,850 | 8,900 | 966 | 888 | 966 | 11,850 | 11,900 | 1,416 | 1,188 | 1,416 |
| 5,900 | 5,950 | 593 | 593 | 593 | 8,900 | 8,950 | 974 | 893 | 974 | 11,900 | 11,950 | 1,424 | 1,193 | 1,424 |
| 5,950 | 6,000 | 598 | 598 | 598 | 8,950 | 9,000 | 981 | 898 | 981 | 11,950 | 12,000 | 1,431 | 1,198 | 1,431 |
| 6,00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,00 | 000 |  |  |  |
| 6,000 | 6,050 | 603 | 603 | 603 | 9,000 | 9,050 | 989 | 903 | 989 | 12,000 | 12,050 | 1,439 | 1,203 | 1,439 |
| 6,050 | 6,100 | 608 | 608 | 608 | 9,050 | 9,100 | 996 | 908 | 996 | 12,050 | 12,100 | 1,446 | 1,208 | 1,446 |
| 6,100 | 6,150 | 613 | 613 | 613 | 9,100 | 9,150 | 1,004 | 913 | 1,004 | 12,100 | 12,150 | 1,454 | 1,213 | 1,454 |
| 6,150 | 6,200 | 618 | 618 | 618 | 9,150 | 9,200 | 1,011 | 918 | 1,011 | 12,150 | 12,200 | 1,461 | 1,218 | 1,461 |
| 6,200 | 6,250 | 623 | 623 | 623 | 9,200 | 9,250 | 1,019 | 923 | 1,019 | 12,200 | 12,250 | 1,469 | 1,223 | 1,469 |
| 6,250 | 6,300 | 628 | 628 | 628 | 9,250 | 9,300 | 1,026 | 928 | 1,026 | 12,250 | 12,300 | 1,476 | 1,228 | 1,476 |
| 6,300 | 6,350 | 633 | 633 | 633 | 9,300 | 9,350 | 1,034 | 933 | 1,034 | 12,300 | 12,350 | 1,484 | 1,233 | 1,484 |
| 6,350 | 6,400 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 9,350 | 9,400 | 1,041 | 938 | 1,041 | 12,350 | 12,400 | 1,491 | 1,238 | 1,491 |
| 6,400 | 6,450 | 643 | 643 | 643 | 9,400 | 9,450 | 1,049 | 943 | 1,049 | 12,400 | 12,450 | 1,499 | 1,243 | 1,499 |
| 6,450 | 6,500 | 648 | 648 | 648 | 9,450 | 9,500 | 1,056 | 948 | 1,056 | 12,450 | 12,500 | 1,506 | 1,248 | 1,506 |
| 6,500 | 6,550 | 653 | 653 | 653 | 9,500 | 9,550 | 1,064 | 953 | 1,064 | 12,500 | 12,550 | 1,514 | 1,253 | 1,514 |
| 6,550 | 6,600 | 658 | 658 | 658 | 9,550 | 9,600 | 1,071 | 958 | 1,071 | 12,550 | 12,600 | 1,521 | 1,258 | 1,521 |
| 6,600 | 6,650 | 663 | 663 | 663 | 9,600 | 9,650 | 1,079 | 963 | 1,079 | 12,600 | 12,650 | 1,529 | 1,263 | 1,529 |
| 6,650 | 6,700 | 668 | 668 | 668 | 9,650 | 9,700 | 1,086 | 968 | 1,086 | 12,650 | 12,700 | 1,536 | 1,268 | 1,536 |
| 6,700 | 6,750 | 673 | 673 | 673 | 9,700 | 9,750 | 1,094 | 973 | 1,094 | 12,700 | 12,750 | 1,544 | 1,273 | 1,544 |
| 6,750 | 6,800 | 678 | 678 | 678 | 9,750 | 9,800 | 1,101 | 978 | 1,101 | 12,750 | 12,800 | 1,551 | 1,278 | 1,551 |
| 6,800 | 6,850 | 683 | 683 | 683 | 9,800 | 9,850 | 1,109 | 983 | 1,109 | 12,800 | 12,850 | 1,559 | 1,283 | 1,559 |
| 6,850 | 6,900 | 688 | 688 | 688 | 9,850 | 9,900 | 1,116 | 988 | 1,116 | 12,850 | 12,900 | 1,566 | 1,288 | 1,566 |
| 6,900 | 6,950 | 693 | 693 | 693 | 9,900 | 9,950 | 1,124 | 993 | 1,124 | 12,900 | 12,950 | 1,574 | 1,293 | 1,574 |
| 6,950 | 7,000 | 698 | 698 | 698 | 9,950 | 10,000 | 1,131 | 998 | 1,131 | 12,950 | 13,000 | 1,581 | 1,298 | 1,581 |
| 7,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 000 |  |  |  | 13,0 | 000 |  |  |  |
| 7,000 | 7,050 | 703 | 703 | 703 | 10,000 | 10,050 | 1,139 | 1,003 | 1,139 | 13,000 | 13,050 | 1,589 | 1,303 | 1,589 |
| 7,050 | 7,100 | 708 | 708 | 708 | 10,050 | 10,100 | 1,146 | 1,008 | 1,146 | 13,050 | 13,100 | 1,596 | 1,308 | 1,596 |
| 7,100 | 7,150 | 713 | 713 | 713 | 10,100 | 10,150 | 1,154 | 1,013 | 1,154 | 13,100 | 13,150 | 1,604 | 1,313 | 1,604 |
| 7,150 | 7,200 | 718 | 718 | 718 | 10,150 | 10,200 | 1,161 | 1,018 | 1,161 | 13,150 | 13,200 | 1,611 | 1,318 | 1,611 |
| 7,200 | 7,250 | 723 | 723 | 723 | 10,200 | 10,250 | 1,169 | 1,023 | 1,169 | 13,200 | 13,250 | 1,619 | 1,323 | 1,619 |
| 7,250 | 7,300 | 728 | 728 | 728 | 10,250 | 10,300 | 1,176 | 1,028 | 1,176 | 13,250 | 13,300 | 1,626 | 1,328 | 1,626 |
| 7,300 | 7,350 | 734 | 733 | 734 | 10,300 | 10,350 | 1,184 | 1,033 | 1,184 | 13,300 | 13,350 | 1,634 | 1,333 | 1,634 |
| 7,350 | 7,400 | 741 | 738 | 741 | 10,350 | 10,400 | 1,191 | 1,038 | 1,191 | 13,350 | 13,400 | 1,641 | 1,338 | 1,641 |
| 7,400 | 7,450 | 749 | 743 | 749 | 10,400 | 10,450 | 1,199 | 1,043 | 1,199 | 13,400 | 13,450 | 1,649 | 1,343 | 1,649 |
| 7,450 | 7,500 | 756 | 748 | 756 | 10,450 | 10,500 | 1,206 | 1,048 | 1,206 | 13,450 | 13,500 | 1,656 | 1,348 | 1,656 |
| 7,500 | 7,550 | 764 | 753 | 764 | 10,500 | 10,550 | 1,214 | 1,053 | 1,214 | 13,500 | 13,550 | 1,664 | 1,353 | 1,664 |
| 7,550 | 7,600 | 771 | 758 | 771 | 10,550 | 10,600 | 1,221 | 1,058 | 1,221 | 13,550 | 13,600 | 1,671 | 1,358 | 1,671 |
| 7,600 | 7,650 | 779 | 763 | 779 | 10,600 | 10,650 | 1,229 | 1,063 | 1,229 | 13,600 | 13,650 | 1,679 | 1,363 | 1,679 |
| 7,650 | 7,700 | 786 | 768 | 786 | 10,650 | 10,700 | 1,236 | 1,068 | 1,236 | 13,650 | 13,700 | 1,686 | 1,368 | 1,686 |
| 7,700 | 7,750 | 794 | 773 | 794 | 10,700 | 10,750 | 1,244 | 1,073 | 1,244 | 13,700 | 13,750 | 1,694 | 1,373 | 1,694 |
| 7,750 | 7,800 | 801 | 778 | 801 | 10,750 | 10,800 | 1,251 | 1,078 | 1,251 | 13,750 | 13,800 | 1,701 | 1,378 | 1,701 |
| 7,800 | 7,850 | 809 | 783 | 809 | 10,800 | 10,850 | 1,259 | 1,083 | 1,259 | 13,800 | 13,850 | 1,709 | 1,383 | 1,709 |
| 7,850 | 7,900 | 816 | 788 | 816 | 10,850 | 10,900 | 1,266 | 1,088 | 1,266 | 13,850 | 13,900 | 1,716 | 1,388 | 1,716 |
| 7,900 | 7,950 | 824 | 793 | 824 | 10,900 | 10,950 | 1,274 | 1,093 | 1,274 | 13,900 | 13,950 | 1,724 | 1,393 | 1,724 |
| 7,950 | 8,000 | 831 | 798 | 831 | 10,950 | 11,000 | 1,281 | 1,098 | 1,281 | 13,950 | 14,000 | 1,731 | 1,398 | 1,731 |

2005 Tax Table-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \\
\hline At least \& \begin{tabular}{l}
But \\
less \\
than
\end{tabular} \& Single \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Qualifying widow(er) \\
ur tax is-
\end{tabular} \& Married filing separately \& At least \& But less than \& Single

Y \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Qualifying widow(er) <br>
tax is

 \& Married filing separately \& At least \& 

But <br>
less <br>
than

 \& Single \& 

Qualifying widow(er) <br>
ur tax is
\end{tabular} \& Married filing separately <br>

\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{14,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{17,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{20,000} <br>
\hline 14,000 \& 14,050 \& 1,739 \& 1,403 \& 1,739 \& 17,000 \& 17,050 \& 2,189 \& 1,824 \& 2,189 \& 20,000 \& 20,050 \& 2,639 \& 2,274 \& 2,639 <br>
\hline 14,050 \& 14,100 \& 1,746 \& 1,408 \& 1,746 \& 17,050 \& 17,100 \& 2,196 \& 1,831 \& 2,196 \& 20,050 \& 20,100 \& 2,646 \& 2,281 \& 2,646 <br>
\hline 14,100 \& 14,150 \& 1,754 \& 1,413 \& 1,754 \& 17,100 \& 17,150 \& 2,204 \& 1,839 \& 2,204 \& 20,100 \& 20,150 \& 2,654 \& 2,289 \& 2,654 <br>
\hline 14,150 \& 14,200 \& 1,761 \& 1,418 \& 1,761 \& 17,150 \& 17,200 \& 2,211 \& 1,846 \& 2,211 \& 20,150 \& 20,200 \& 2,661 \& 2,296 \& 2,661 <br>
\hline 14,200 \& 14,250 \& 1,769 \& 1,423 \& 1,769 \& 17,200 \& 17,250 \& 2,219 \& 1,854 \& 2,219 \& 20,200 \& 20,250 \& 2,669 \& 2,304 \& 2,669 <br>
\hline 14,250 \& 14,300 \& 1,776 \& 1,428 \& 1,776 \& 17,250 \& 17,300 \& 2,226 \& 1,861 \& 2,226 \& 20,250 \& 20,300 \& 2,676 \& 2,311 \& 2,676 <br>
\hline 14,300 \& 14,350 \& 1,784 \& 1,433 \& 1,784 \& 17,300 \& 17,350 \& 2,234 \& 1,869 \& 2,234 \& 20,300 \& 20,350 \& 2,684 \& 2,319 \& 2,684 <br>
\hline 14,350 \& 14,400 \& 1,791 \& 1,438 \& 1,791 \& 17,350 \& 17,400 \& 2,241 \& 1,876 \& 2,241 \& 20,350 \& 20,400 \& 2,691 \& 2,326 \& 2,691 <br>
\hline 14,400 \& 14,450 \& 1,799 \& 1,443 \& 1,799 \& 17,400 \& 17,450 \& 2,249 \& 1,884 \& 2,249 \& 20,400 \& 20,450 \& 2,699 \& 2,334 \& 2,699 <br>
\hline 14,450 \& 14,500 \& 1,806 \& 1,448 \& 1,806 \& 17,450 \& 17,500 \& 2,256 \& 1,891 \& 2,256 \& 20,450 \& 20,500 \& 2,706 \& 2,341 \& 2,706 <br>
\hline 14,500 \& 14,550 \& 1,814 \& 1,453 \& 1,814 \& 17,500 \& 17,550 \& 2,264 \& 1,899 \& 2,264 \& 20,500 \& 20,550 \& 2,714 \& 2,349 \& 2,714 <br>
\hline 14,550 \& 14,600 \& 1,821 \& 1,458 \& 1,821 \& 17,550 \& 17,600 \& 2,271 \& 1,906 \& 2,271 \& 20,550 \& 20,600 \& 2,721 \& 2,356 \& 2,721 <br>
\hline 14,600 \& 14,650 \& 1,829 \& 1,464 \& 1,829 \& 17,600 \& 17,650 \& 2,279 \& 1,914 \& 2,279 \& 20,600 \& 20,650 \& 2,729 \& 2,364 \& 2,729 <br>
\hline 14,650 \& 14,700 \& 1,836 \& 1,471 \& 1,836 \& 17,650 \& 17,700 \& 2,286 \& 1,921 \& 2,286 \& 20,650 \& 20,700 \& 2,736 \& 2,371 \& 2,736 <br>
\hline 14,700 \& 14,750 \& 1,844 \& 1,479 \& 1,844 \& 17,700 \& 17,750 \& 2,294 \& 1,929 \& 2,294 \& 20,700 \& 20,750 \& 2,744 \& 2,379 \& 2,744 <br>
\hline 14,750 \& 14,800 \& 1,851 \& 1,486 \& 1,851 \& 17,750 \& 17,800 \& 2,301 \& 1,936 \& 2,301 \& 20,750 \& 20,800 \& 2,751 \& 2,386 \& 2,751 <br>
\hline 14,800 \& 14,850 \& 1,859 \& 1,494 \& 1,859 \& 17,800 \& 17,850 \& 2,309 \& 1,944 \& 2,309 \& 20,800 \& 20,850 \& 2,759 \& 2,394 \& 2,759 <br>
\hline 14,850 \& 14,900 \& 1,866 \& 1,501 \& 1,866 \& 17,850 \& 17,900 \& 2,316 \& 1,951 \& 2,316 \& 20,850 \& 20,900 \& 2,766 \& 2,401 \& 2,766 <br>
\hline 14,900 \& 14,950 \& 1,874 \& 1,509 \& 1,874 \& 17,900 \& 17,950 \& 2,324 \& 1,959 \& 2,324 \& 20,900 \& 20,950 \& 2,774 \& 2,409 \& 2,774 <br>
\hline 14,950 \& 15,000 \& 1,881 \& 1,516 \& 1,881 \& 17,950 \& 18,000 \& 2,331 \& 1,966 \& 2,331 \& 20,950 \& 21,000 \& 2,781 \& 2,416 \& 2,781 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{15,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{18,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{21,000} <br>
\hline 15,000 \& 15,050 \& 1,889 \& 1,524 \& 1,889 \& 18,000 \& 18,050 \& 2,339 \& 1,974 \& 2,339 \& 21,000 \& 21,050 \& 2,789 \& 2,424 \& 2,789 <br>
\hline 15,050 \& 15,100 \& 1,896 \& 1,531 \& 1,896 \& 18,050 \& 18,100 \& 2,346 \& 1,981 \& 2,346 \& 21,050 \& 21,100 \& 2,796 \& 2,431 \& 2,796 <br>
\hline 15,100 \& 15,150 \& 1,904 \& 1,539 \& 1,904 \& 18,100 \& 18,150 \& 2,354 \& 1,989 \& 2,354 \& 21,100 \& 21,150 \& 2,804 \& 2,439 \& 2,804 <br>
\hline 15,150 \& 15,200 \& 1,911 \& 1,546 \& 1,911 \& 18,150 \& 18,200 \& 2,361 \& 1,996 \& 2,361 \& 21,150 \& 21,200 \& 2,811 \& 2,446 \& 2,811 <br>
\hline 15,200 \& 15,250 \& 1,919 \& 1,554 \& 1,919 \& 18,200 \& 18,250 \& 2,369 \& 2,004 \& 2,369 \& 21,200 \& 21,250 \& 2,819 \& 2,454 \& 2,819 <br>
\hline 15,250 \& 15,300 \& 1,926 \& 1,561 \& 1,926 \& 18,250 \& 18,300 \& 2,376 \& 2,011 \& 2,376 \& 21,250 \& 21,300 \& 2,826 \& 2,461 \& 2,826 <br>
\hline 15,300 \& 15,350 \& 1,934 \& 1,569 \& 1,934 \& 18,300 \& 18,350 \& 2,384 \& 2,019 \& 2,384 \& 21,300 \& 21,350 \& 2,834 \& 2,469 \& 2,834 <br>
\hline 15,350 \& 15,400 \& 1,941 \& 1,576 \& 1,941 \& 18,350 \& 18,400 \& 2,391 \& 2,026 \& 2,391 \& 21,350 \& 21,400 \& 2,841 \& 2,476 \& 2,841 <br>
\hline 15,400 \& 15,450 \& 1,949 \& 1,584 \& 1,949 \& 18,400 \& 18,450 \& 2,399 \& 2,034 \& 2,399 \& 21,400 \& 21,450 \& 2,849 \& 2,484 \& 2,849 <br>
\hline 15,450 \& 15,500 \& 1,956 \& 1,591 \& 1,956 \& 18,450 \& 18,500 \& 2,406 \& 2,041 \& 2,406 \& 21,450 \& 21,500 \& 2,856 \& 2,491 \& 2,856 <br>
\hline 15,500 \& 15,550 \& 1,964 \& 1,599 \& 1,964 \& 18,500 \& 18,550 \& 2,414 \& 2,049 \& 2,414 \& 21,500 \& 21,550 \& 2,864 \& 2,499 \& 2,864 <br>
\hline 15,550 \& 15,600 \& 1,971 \& 1,606 \& 1,971 \& 18,550 \& 18,600 \& 2,421 \& 2,056 \& 2,421 \& 21,550 \& 21,600 \& 2,871 \& 2,506 \& 2,871 <br>
\hline 15,600 \& 15,650 \& 1,979 \& 1,614 \& 1,979 \& 18,600 \& 18,650 \& 2,429 \& 2,064 \& 2,429 \& 21,600 \& 21,650 \& 2,879 \& 2,514 \& 2,879 <br>
\hline 15,650 \& 15,700 \& 1,986 \& 1,621 \& 1,986 \& 18,650 \& 18,700 \& 2,436 \& 2,071 \& 2,436 \& 21,650 \& 21,700 \& 2,886 \& 2,521 \& 2,886 <br>
\hline 15,700 \& 15,750 \& 1,994 \& 1,629 \& 1,994 \& 18,700 \& 18,750 \& 2,444 \& 2,079 \& 2,444 \& 21,700 \& 21,750 \& 2,894 \& 2,529 \& 2,894 <br>
\hline 15,750 \& 15,800 \& 2,001 \& 1,636 \& 2,001 \& 18,750 \& 18,800 \& 2,451 \& 2,086 \& 2,451 \& 21,750 \& 21,800 \& 2,901 \& 2,536 \& 2,901 <br>
\hline 15,800 \& 15,850 \& 2,009 \& 1,644 \& 2,009 \& 18,800 \& 18,850 \& 2,459 \& 2,094 \& 2,459 \& 21,800 \& 21,850 \& 2,909 \& 2,544 \& 2,909 <br>
\hline 15,850 \& 15,900 \& 2,016 \& 1,651 \& 2,016 \& 18,850 \& 18,900 \& 2,466 \& 2,101 \& 2,466 \& 21,850 \& 21,900 \& 2,916 \& 2,551 \& 2,916 <br>
\hline 15,900 \& 15,950 \& 2,024 \& 1,659 \& 2,024 \& 18,900 \& 18,950 \& 2,474 \& 2,109 \& 2,474 \& 21,900 \& 21,950 \& 2,924 \& 2,559 \& 2,924 <br>
\hline 15,950 \& 16,000 \& 2,031 \& 1,666 \& 2,031 \& 18,950 \& 19,000 \& 2,481 \& 2,116 \& 2,481 \& 21,950 \& 22,000 \& 2,931 \& 2,566 \& 2,931 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{16,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{19,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{22,000} <br>
\hline 16,000 \& 16,050 \& 2,039 \& 1,674 \& 2,039 \& 19,000 \& 19,050 \& 2,489 \& 2,124 \& 2,489 \& 22,000 \& 22,050 \& 2,939 \& 2,574 \& 2,939 <br>
\hline 16,050 \& 16,100 \& 2,046 \& 1,681 \& 2,046 \& 19,050 \& 19,100 \& 2,496 \& 2,131 \& 2,496 \& 22,050 \& 22,100 \& 2,946 \& 2,581 \& 2,946 <br>
\hline 16,100 \& 16,150 \& 2,054 \& 1,689 \& 2,054 \& 19,100 \& 19,150 \& 2,504 \& 2,139 \& 2,504 \& 22,100 \& 22,150 \& 2,954 \& 2,589 \& 2,954 <br>
\hline 16,150 \& 16,200 \& 2,061 \& 1,696 \& 2,061 \& 19,150 \& 19,200 \& 2,511 \& 2,146 \& 2,511 \& 22,150 \& 22,200 \& 2,961 \& 2,596 \& 2,961 <br>
\hline 16,200 \& 16,250 \& 2,069 \& 1,704 \& 2,069 \& 19,200 \& 19,250 \& 2,519 \& 2,154 \& 2,519 \& 22,200 \& 22,250 \& 2,969 \& 2,604 \& 2,969 <br>
\hline 16,250 \& 16,300 \& 2,076 \& 1,711 \& 2,076 \& 19,250 \& 19,300 \& 2,526 \& 2,161 \& 2,526 \& 22,250 \& 22,300 \& 2,976 \& 2,611 \& 2,976 <br>
\hline 16,300 \& 16,350 \& 2,084 \& 1,719 \& 2,084 \& 19,300 \& 19,350 \& 2,534 \& 2,169 \& 2,534 \& 22,300 \& 22,350 \& 2,984 \& 2,619 \& 2,984 <br>
\hline 16,350 \& 16,400 \& 2,091 \& 1,726 \& 2,091 \& 19,350 \& 19,400 \& 2,541 \& 2,176 \& 2,541 \& 22,350 \& 22,400 \& 2,991 \& 2,626 \& 2,991 <br>
\hline 16,400 \& 16,450 \& 2,099 \& 1,734 \& 2,099 \& 19,400 \& 19,450 \& 2,549 \& 2,184 \& 2,549 \& 22,400 \& 22,450 \& 2,999 \& 2,634 \& 2,999 <br>
\hline 16,450 \& 16,500 \& 2,106 \& 1,741 \& 2,106 \& 19,450 \& 19,500 \& 2,556 \& 2,191 \& 2,556 \& 22,450 \& 22,500 \& 3,006 \& 2,641 \& 3,006 <br>
\hline 16,500 \& 16,550 \& 2,114 \& 1,749 \& 2,114 \& 19,500 \& 19,550 \& 2,564 \& 2,199 \& 2,564 \& 22,500 \& 22,550 \& 3,014 \& 2,649 \& 3,014 <br>
\hline 16,550 \& 16,600 \& 2,121 \& 1,756 \& 2,121 \& 19,550 \& 19,600 \& 2,571 \& 2,206 \& 2,571 \& 22,550 \& 22,600 \& 3,021 \& 2,656 \& 3,021 <br>
\hline 16,600 \& 16,650 \& 2,129 \& 1,764 \& 2,129 \& 19,600 \& 19,650 \& 2,579 \& 2,214 \& 2,579 \& 22,600 \& 22,650 \& 3,029 \& 2,664 \& 3,029 <br>
\hline 16,650 \& 16,700 \& 2,136 \& 1,771 \& 2,136 \& 19,650 \& 19,700 \& 2,586 \& 2,221 \& 2,586 \& 22,650 \& 22,700 \& 3,036 \& 2,671 \& 3,036 <br>
\hline 16,700 \& 16,750 \& 2,144 \& 1,779 \& 2,144 \& 19,700 \& 19,750 \& 2,594 \& 2,229 \& 2,594 \& 22,700 \& 22,750 \& 3,044 \& 2,679 \& 3,044 <br>
\hline 16,750 \& 16,800 \& 2,151 \& 1,786 \& 2,151 \& 19,750 \& 19,800 \& 2,601 \& 2,236 \& 2,601 \& 22,750 \& 22,800 \& 3,051 \& 2,686 \& 3,051 <br>
\hline 16,800 \& 16,850 \& 2,159 \& 1,794 \& 2,159 \& 19,800 \& 19,850 \& 2,609 \& 2,244 \& 2,609 \& 22,800 \& 22,850 \& 3,059 \& 2,694 \& 3,059 <br>
\hline 16,850 \& 16,900 \& 2,166 \& 1,801 \& 2,166 \& 19,850 \& 19,900 \& 2,616 \& 2,251 \& 2,616 \& 22,850 \& 22,900 \& 3,066 \& 2,701 \& 3,066 <br>
\hline 16,900 \& 16,950 \& 2,174 \& 1,809 \& 2,174 \& 19,900 \& 19,950 \& 2,624 \& 2,259 \& 2,624 \& 22,900 \& 22,950 \& 3,074 \& 2,709 \& 3,074 <br>
\hline 16,950 \& 17,000 \& 2,181 \& 1,816 \& 2,181 \& 19,950 \& 20,000 \& 2,631 \& 2,266 \& 2,631 \& 22,950 \& 23,000 \& 3,081 \& 2,716 \& 3,081 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

2005 Tax Table-Continued

| If For 1040 line | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rm } \\ & \mathrm{NR}, \\ & +0, \text { is- } \end{aligned}$ | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is- | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) tax is- | Married filing separately | At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is- | Married filing separately |
| 23,000 |  |  |  |  | 26,000 |  |  |  |  | 29,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 23,000 | 23,050 | 3,089 | 2,724 | 3,089 | 26,000 | 26,050 | 3,539 | 3,174 | 3,539 | 29,000 | 29,050 | 3,989 | 3,624 | 3,989 |
| 23,050 | 23,100 | 3,096 | 2,731 | 3,096 | 26,050 | 26,100 | 3,546 | 3,181 | 3,546 | 29,050 | 29,100 | 3,996 | 3,631 | 3,996 |
| 23,100 | 23,150 | 3,104 | 2,739 | 3,104 | 26,100 | 26,150 | 3,554 | 3,189 | 3,554 | 29,100 | 29,150 | 4,004 | 3,639 | 4,004 |
| 23,150 | 23,200 | 3,111 | 2,746 | 3,111 | 26,150 | 26,200 | 3,561 | 3,196 | 3,561 | 29,150 | 29,200 | 4,011 | 3,646 | 4,011 |
| 23,200 | 23,250 | 3,119 | 2,754 | 3,119 | 26,200 | 26,250 | 3,569 | 3,204 | 3,569 | 29,200 | 29,250 | 4,019 | 3,654 | 4,019 |
| 23,250 | 23,300 | 3,126 | 2,761 | 3,126 | 26,250 | 26,300 | 3,576 | 3,211 | 3,576 | 29,250 | 29,300 | 4,026 | 3,661 | 4,026 |
| 23,300 | 23,350 | 3,134 | 2,769 | 3,134 | 26,300 | 26,350 | 3,584 | 3,219 | 3,584 | 29,300 | 29,350 | 4,034 | 3,669 | 4,034 |
| 23,350 | 23,400 | 3,141 | 2,776 | 3,141 | 26,350 | 26,400 | 3,591 | 3,226 | 3,591 | 29,350 | 29,400 | 4,041 | 3,676 | 4,041 |
| 23,400 | 23,450 | 3,149 | 2,784 | 3,149 | 26,400 | 26,450 | 3,599 | 3,234 | 3,599 | 29,400 | 29,450 | 4,049 | 3,684 | 4,049 |
| 23,450 | 23,500 | 3,156 | 2,791 | 3,156 | 26,450 | 26,500 | 3,606 | 3,241 | 3,606 | 29,450 | 29,500 | 4,056 | 3,691 | 4,056 |
| 23,500 | 23,550 | 3,164 | 2,799 | 3,164 | 26,500 | 26,550 | 3,614 | 3,249 | 3,614 | 29,500 | 29,550 | 4,064 | 3,699 | 4,064 |
| 23,550 | 23,600 | 3,171 | 2,806 | 3,171 | 26,550 | 26,600 | 3,621 | 3,256 | 3,621 | 29,550 | 29,600 | 4,071 | 3,706 | 4,071 |
| 23,600 | 23,650 | 3,179 | 2,814 | 3,179 | 26,600 | 26,650 | 3,629 | 3,264 | 3,629 | 29,600 | 29,650 | 4,079 | 3,714 | 4,079 |
| 23,650 | 23,700 | 3,186 | 2,821 | 3,186 | 26,650 | 26,700 | 3,636 | 3,271 | 3,636 | 29,650 | 29,700 | 4,086 | 3,721 | 4,086 |
| 23,700 | 23,750 | 3,194 | 2,829 | 3,194 | 26,700 | 26,750 | 3,644 | 3,279 | 3,644 | 29,700 | 29,750 | 4,096 | 3,729 | 4,096 |
| 23,750 | 23,800 | 3,201 | 2,836 | 3,201 | 26,750 | 26,800 | 3,651 | 3,286 | 3,651 | 29,750 | 29,800 | 4,109 | 3,736 | 4,109 |
| 23,800 | 23,850 | 3,209 | 2,844 | 3,209 | 26,800 | 26,850 | 3,659 | 3,294 | 3,659 | 29,800 | 29,850 | 4,121 | 3,744 | 4,121 |
| 23,850 | 23,900 | 3,216 | 2,851 | 3,216 | 26,850 | 26,900 | 3,666 | 3,301 | 3,666 | 29,850 | 29,900 | 4,134 | 3,751 | 4,134 |
| 23,900 | 23,950 | 3,224 | 2,859 | 3,224 | 26,900 | 26,950 | 3,674 | 3,309 | 3,674 | 29,900 | 29,950 | 4,146 | 3,759 | 4,146 |
| 23,950 | 24,000 | 3,231 | 2,866 | 3,231 | 26,950 | 27,000 | 3,681 | 3,316 | 3,681 | 29,950 | 30,000 | 4,159 | 3,766 | 4,159 |
| 24,000 |  |  |  |  | 27,000 |  |  |  |  | 30,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 24,000 | 24,050 | 3,239 | 2,874 | 3,239 | 27,000 | 27,050 | 3,689 | 3,324 | 3,689 | 30,000 | 30,050 | 4,171 | 3,774 | 4,171 |
| 24,050 | 24,100 | 3,246 | 2,881 | 3,246 | 27,050 | 27,100 | 3,696 | 3,331 | 3,696 | 30,050 | 30,100 | 4,184 | 3,781 | 4,184 |
| 24,100 | 24,150 | 3,254 | 2,889 | 3,254 | 27,100 | 27,150 | 3,704 | 3,339 | 3,704 | 30,100 | 30,150 | 4,196 | 3,789 | 4,196 |
| 24,150 | 24,200 | 3,261 | 2,896 | 3,261 | 27,150 | 27,200 | 3,711 | 3,346 | 3,711 | 30,150 | 30,200 | 4,209 | 3,796 | 4,209 |
| 24,200 | 24,250 | 3,269 | 2,904 | 3,269 | 27,200 | 27,250 | 3,719 | 3,354 | 3,719 | 30,200 | 30,250 | 4,221 | 3,804 | 4,221 |
| 24,250 | 24,300 | 3,276 | 2,911 | 3,276 | 27,250 | 27,300 | 3,726 | 3,361 | 3,726 | 30,250 | 30,300 | 4,234 | 3,811 | 4,234 |
| 24,300 | 24,350 | 3,284 | 2,919 | 3,284 | 27,300 | 27,350 | 3,734 | 3,369 | 3,734 | 30,300 | 30,350 | 4,246 | 3,819 | 4,246 |
| 24,350 | 24,400 | 3,291 | 2,926 | 3,291 | 27,350 | 27,400 | 3,741 | 3,376 | 3,741 | 30,350 | 30,400 | 4,259 | 3,826 | 4,259 |
| 24,400 | 24,450 | 3,299 | 2,934 | 3,299 | 27,400 | 27,450 | 3,749 | 3,384 | 3,749 | 30,400 | 30,450 | 4,271 | 3,834 | 4,271 |
| 24,450 | 24,500 | 3,306 | 2,941 | 3,306 | 27,450 | 27,500 | 3,756 | 3,391 | 3,756 | 30,450 | 30,500 | 4,284 | 3,841 | 4,284 |
| 24,500 | 24,550 | 3,314 | 2,949 | 3,314 | 27,500 | 27,550 | 3,764 | 3,399 | 3,764 | 30,500 | 30,550 | 4,296 | 3,849 | 4,296 |
| 24,550 | 24,600 | 3,321 | 2,956 | 3,321 | 27,550 | 27,600 | 3,771 | 3,406 | 3,771 | 30,550 | 30,600 | 4,309 | 3,856 | 4,309 |
| 24,600 | 24,650 | 3,329 | 2,964 | 3,329 | 27,600 | 27,650 | 3,779 | 3,414 | 3,779 | 30,600 | 30,650 | 4,321 | 3,864 | 4,321 |
| 24,650 | 24,700 | 3,336 | 2,971 | 3,336 | 27,650 | 27,700 | 3,786 | 3,421 | 3,786 | 30,650 | 30,700 | 4,334 | 3,871 | 4,334 |
| 24,700 | 24,750 | 3,344 | 2,979 | 3,344 | 27,700 | 27,750 | 3,794 | 3,429 | 3,794 | 30,700 | 30,750 | 4,346 | 3,879 | 4,346 |
| 24,750 | 24,800 | 3,351 | 2,986 | 3,351 | 27,750 | 27,800 | 3,801 | 3,436 | 3,801 | 30,750 | 30,800 | 4,359 | 3,886 | 4,359 |
| 24,800 | 24,850 | 3,359 | 2,994 | 3,359 | 27,800 | 27,850 | 3,809 | 3,444 | 3,809 | 30,800 | 30,850 | 4,371 | 3,894 | 4,371 |
| 24,850 | 24,900 | 3,366 | 3,001 | 3,366 | 27,850 | 27,900 | 3,816 | 3,451 | 3,816 | 30,850 | 30,900 | 4,384 | 3,901 | 4,384 |
| 24,900 | 24,950 | 3,374 | 3,009 | 3,374 | 27,900 | 27,950 | 3,824 | 3,459 | 3,824 | 30,900 | 30,950 | 4,396 | 3,909 | 4,396 |
| 24,950 | 25,000 | 3,381 | 3,016 | 3,381 | 27,950 | 28,000 | 3,831 | 3,466 | 3,831 | 30,950 | 31,000 | 4,409 | 3,916 | 4,409 |
| 25,000 |  |  |  |  | 28,000 |  |  |  |  | 31,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 25,000 | 25,050 | 3,389 | 3,024 | 3,389 | 28,000 | 28,050 | 3,839 | 3,474 | 3,839 | 31,000 | 31,050 | 4,421 | 3,924 |  |
| 25,050 | 25,100 | 3,396 | 3,031 | 3,396 | 28,050 | 28,100 | 3,846 | 3,481 | 3,846 | 31,050 | 31,100 | 4,434 | 3,931 | 4,434 |
| 25,100 | 25,150 | 3,404 | 3,039 | 3,404 | 28,100 | 28,150 | 3,854 | 3,489 | 3,854 | 31,100 | 31,150 | 4,446 | 3,939 | 4,446 |
| 25,150 | 25,200 | 3,411 | 3,046 | 3,411 | 28,150 | 28,200 | 3,861 | 3,496 | 3,861 | 31,150 | 31,200 | 4,459 | 3,946 | 4,459 |
| 25,200 | 25,250 | 3,419 | 3,054 | 3,419 | 28,200 | 28,250 | 3,869 | 3,504 | 3,869 | 31,200 | 31,250 | 4,471 | 3,954 | 4,471 |
| 25,250 | 25,300 | 3,426 | 3,061 | 3,426 | 28,250 | 28,300 | 3,876 | 3,511 | 3,876 | 31,250 | 31,300 | 4,484 | 3,961 | 4,484 |
| 25,300 | 25,350 | 3,434 | 3,069 | 3,434 | 28,300 | 28,350 | 3,884 | 3,519 | 3,884 | 31,300 | 31,350 | 4,496 | 3,969 | 4,496 |
| 25,350 | 25,400 | 3,441 | 3,076 | 3,441 | 28,350 | 28,400 | 3,891 | 3,526 | 3,891 | 31,350 | 31,400 | 4,509 | 3,976 | 4,509 |
| 25,400 | 25,450 | 3,449 | 3,084 | 3,449 | 28,400 | 28,450 | 3,899 | 3,534 | 3,899 | 31,400 | 31,450 | 4,521 | 3,984 | 4,521 |
| 25,450 | 25,500 | 3,456 | 3,091 | 3,456 | 28,450 | 28,500 | 3,906 | 3,541 | 3,906 | 31,450 | 31,500 | 4,534 | 3,991 | 4,534 |
| 25,500 | 25,550 | 3,464 | 3,099 | 3,464 | 28,500 | 28,550 | 3,914 | 3,549 | 3,914 | 31,500 | 31,550 | 4,546 | 3,999 | 4,546 |
| 25,550 | 25,600 | 3,471 | 3,106 | 3,471 | 28,550 | 28,600 | 3,921 | 3,556 | 3,921 | 31,550 | 31,600 | 4,559 | 4,006 | 4,559 |
| 25,600 | 25,650 | 3,479 | 3,114 | 3,479 | 28,600 | 28,650 | 3,929 | 3,564 | 3,929 | 31,600 | 31,650 | 4,571 | 4,014 | 4,571 |
| 25,650 | 25,700 | 3,486 | 3,121 | 3,486 | 28,650 | 28,700 | 3,936 | 3,571 | 3,936 | 31,650 | 31,700 | 4,584 | 4,021 | 4,584 |
| 25,700 | 25,750 | 3,494 | 3,129 | 3,494 | 28,700 | 28,750 | 3,944 | 3,579 | 3,944 | 31,700 | 31,750 | 4,596 | 4,029 | 4,596 |
| 25,750 | 25,800 | 3,501 | 3,136 | 3,501 | 28,750 | 28,800 | 3,951 | 3,586 | 3,951 | 31,750 | 31,800 | 4,609 | 4,036 | 4,609 |
| 25,800 | 25,850 | 3,509 | 3,144 | 3,509 | 28,800 | 28,850 | 3,959 | 3,594 | 3,959 | 31,800 | 31,850 | 4,621 | 4,044 | 4,621 |
| 25,850 | 25,900 | 3,516 | 3,151 | 3,516 | 28,850 | 28,900 | 3,966 | 3,601 | 3,966 | 31,850 | 31,900 | 4,634 | 4,051 | 4,634 |
| 25,900 | 25,950 | 3,524 | 3,159 | 3,524 | 28,900 | 28,950 | 3,974 | 3,609 | 3,974 | 31,900 | 31,950 | 4,646 | 4,059 | 4,646 |
| 25,950 | 26,000 | 3,531 | 3,166 | 3,531 | 28,950 | 29,000 | 3,981 | 3,616 | 3,981 | 31,950 | 32,000 | 4,659 | 4,066 | 4,659 |


| If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> your tax is | Married filing separately | At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single You | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is | Married filing separately | At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> ur tax is- | Married filing separately |
| 32,000 |  |  |  |  | 35,000 |  |  |  |  | 38,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 32,000 | 32,050 | 4,671 | 4,074 | 4,671 | 35,000 | 35,050 | 5,421 | 4,524 | 5,421 | 38,000 | 38,050 | 6,171 | 4,974 | 6,171 |
| 32,050 | 32,100 | 4,684 | 4,081 | 4,684 | 35,050 | 35,100 | 5,434 | 4,531 | 5,434 | 38,050 | 38,100 | 6,184 | 4,981 | 6,184 |
| 32,100 | 32,150 | 4,696 | 4,089 | 4,696 | 35,100 | 35,150 | 5,446 | 4,539 | 5,446 | 38,100 | 38,150 | 6,196 | 4,989 | 6,196 |
| 32,150 | 32,200 | 4,709 | 4,096 | 4,709 | 35,150 | 35,200 | 5,459 | 4,546 | 5,459 | 38,150 | 38,200 | 6,209 | 4,996 | 6,209 |
| 32,200 | 32,250 | 4,721 | 4,104 | 4,721 | 35,200 | 35,250 | 5,471 | 4,554 | 5,471 | 38,200 | 38,250 | 6,221 | 5,004 | 6,221 |
| 32,250 | 32,300 | 4,734 | 4,111 | 4,734 | 35,250 | 35,300 | 5,484 | 4,561 | 5,484 | 38,250 | 38,300 | 6,234 | 5,011 | 6,234 |
| 32,300 | 32,350 | 4,746 | 4,119 | 4,746 | 35,300 | 35,350 | 5,496 | 4,569 | 5,496 | 38,300 | 38,350 | 6,246 | 5,019 | 6,246 |
| 32,350 | 32,400 | 4,759 | 4,126 | 4,759 | 35,350 | 35,400 | 5,509 | 4,576 | 5,509 | 38,350 | 38,400 | 6,259 | 5,026 | 6,259 |
| 32,400 | 32,450 | 4,771 | 4,134 | 4,771 | 35,400 | 35,450 | 5,521 | 4,584 | 5,521 | 38,400 | 38,450 | 6,271 | 5,034 | 6,271 |
| 32,450 | 32,500 | 4,784 | 4,141 | 4,784 | 35,450 | 35,500 | 5,534 | 4,591 | 5,534 | 38,450 | 38,500 | 6,284 | 5,041 | 6,284 |
| 32,500 | 32,550 | 4,796 | 4,149 | 4,796 | 35,500 | 35,550 | 5,546 | 4,599 | 5,546 | 38,500 | 38,550 | 6,296 | 5,049 | 6,296 |
| 32,550 | 32,600 | 4,809 | 4,156 | 4,809 | 35,550 | 35,600 | 5,559 | 4,606 | 5,559 | 38,550 | 38,600 | 6,309 | 5,056 | 6,309 |
| 32,600 | 32,650 | 4,821 | 4,164 | 4,821 | 35,600 | 35,650 | 5,571 | 4,614 | 5,571 | 38,600 | 38,650 | 6,321 | 5,064 | 6,321 |
| 32,650 | 32,700 | 4,834 | 4,171 | 4,834 | 35,650 | 35,700 | 5,584 | 4,621 | 5,584 | 38,650 | 38,700 | 6,334 | 5,071 | 6,334 |
| 32,700 | 32,750 | 4,846 | 4,179 | 4,846 | 35,700 | 35,750 | 5,596 | 4,629 | 5,596 | 38,700 | 38,750 | 6,346 | 5,079 | 6,346 |
| 32,750 | 32,800 | 4,859 | 4,186 | 4,859 | 35,750 | 35,800 | 5,609 | 4,636 | 5,609 | 38,750 | 38,800 | 6,359 | 5,086 | 6,359 |
| 32,800 | 32,850 | 4,871 | 4,194 | 4,871 | 35,800 | 35,850 | 5,621 | 4,644 | 5,621 | 38,800 | 38,850 | 6,371 | 5,094 | 6,371 |
| 32,850 | 32,900 | 4,884 | 4,201 | 4,884 | 35,850 | 35,900 | 5,634 | 4,651 | 5,634 | 38,850 | 38,900 | 6,384 | 5,101 | 6,384 |
| 32,900 | 32,950 | 4,896 | 4,209 | 4,896 | 35,900 | 35,950 | 5,646 | 4,659 | 5,646 | 38,900 | 38,950 | 6,396 | 5,109 | 6,396 |
| 32,950 | 33,000 | 4,909 | 4,216 | 4,909 | 35,950 | 36,000 | 5,659 | 4,666 | 5,659 | 38,950 | 39,000 | 6,409 | 5,116 | 6,409 |
| 33,000 |  |  |  |  | 36,000 |  |  |  |  | 39,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 33,000 | 33,050 | 4,921 | 4,224 | 4,921 | 36,000 | 36,050 | 5,671 | 4,674 | 5,671 | 39,000 | 39,050 | 6,421 | 5,124 | 6,421 |
| 33,050 | 33,100 | 4,934 | 4,231 | 4,934 | 36,050 | 36,100 | 5,684 | 4,681 | 5,684 | 39,050 | 39,100 | 6,434 | 5,131 | 6,434 |
| 33,100 | 33,150 | 4,946 | 4,239 | 4,946 | 36,100 | 36,150 | 5,696 | 4,689 | 5,696 | 39,100 | 39,150 | 6,446 | 5,139 | 6,446 |
| 33,150 | 33,200 | 4,959 | 4,246 | 4,959 | 36,150 | 36,200 | 5,709 | 4,696 | 5,709 | 39,150 | 39,200 | 6,459 | 5,146 | 6,459 |
| 33,200 | 33,250 | 4,971 | 4,254 | 4,971 | 36,200 | 36,250 | 5,721 | 4,704 | 5,721 | 39,200 | 39,250 | 6,471 | 5,154 | 6,471 |
| 33,250 | 33,300 | 4,984 | 4,261 | 4,984 | 36,250 | 36,300 | 5,734 | 4,711 | 5,734 | 39,250 | 39,300 | 6,484 | 5,161 | 6,484 |
| 33,300 | 33,350 | 4,996 | 4,269 | 4,996 | 36,300 | 36,350 | 5,746 | 4,719 | 5,746 | 39,300 | 39,350 | 6,496 | 5,169 | 6,496 |
| 33,350 | 33,400 | 5,009 | 4,276 | 5,009 | 36,350 | 36,400 | 5,759 | 4,726 | 5,759 | 39,350 | 39,400 | 6,509 | 5,176 | 6,509 |
| 33,400 | 33,450 | 5,021 | 4,284 | 5,021 | 36,400 | 36,450 | 5,771 | 4,734 | 5,771 | 39,400 | 39,450 | 6,521 | 5,184 | 6,521 |
| 33,450 | 33,500 | 5,034 | 4,291 | 5,034 | 36,450 | 36,500 | 5,784 | 4,741 | 5,784 | 39,450 | 39,500 | 6,534 | 5,191 | 6,534 |
| 33,500 | 33,550 | 5,046 | 4,299 | 5,046 | 36,500 | 36,550 | 5,796 | 4,749 | 5,796 | 39,500 | 39,550 | 6,546 | 5,199 | 6,546 |
| 33,550 | 33,600 | 5,059 | 4,306 | 5,059 | 36,550 | 36,600 | 5,809 | 4,756 | 5,809 | 39,550 | 39,600 | 6,559 | 5,206 | 6,559 |
| 33,600 | 33,650 | 5,071 | 4,314 | 5,071 | 36,600 | 36,650 | 5,821 | 4,764 | 5,821 | 39,600 | 39,650 | 6,571 | 5,214 | 6,571 |
| 33,650 | 33,700 | 5,084 | 4,321 | 5,084 | 36,650 | 36,700 | 5,834 | 4,771 | 5,834 | 39,650 | 39,700 | 6,584 | 5,221 | 6,584 |
| 33,700 | 33,750 | 5,096 | 4,329 | 5,096 | 36,700 | 36,750 | 5,846 | 4,779 | 5,846 | 39,700 | 39,750 | 6,596 | 5,229 | 6,596 |
| 33,750 | 33,800 | 5,109 | 4,336 | 5,109 | 36,750 | 36,800 | 5,859 | 4,786 | 5,859 | 39,750 | 39,800 | 6,609 | 5,236 | 6,609 |
| 33,800 | 33,850 | 5,121 | 4,344 | 5,121 | 36,800 | 36,850 | 5,871 | 4,794 | 5,871 | 39,800 | 39,850 | 6,621 | 5,244 | 6,621 |
| 33,850 | 33,900 | 5,134 | 4,351 | 5,134 | 36,850 | 36,900 | 5,884 | 4,801 | 5,884 | 39,850 | 39,900 | 6,634 | 5,251 | 6,634 |
| 33,900 | 33,950 | 5,146 | 4,359 | 5,146 | 36,900 | 36,950 | 5,896 | 4,809 | 5,896 | 39,900 | 39,950 | 6,646 | 5,259 | 6,646 |
| 33,950 | 34,000 | 5,159 | 4,366 | 5,159 | 36,950 | 37,000 | 5,909 | 4,816 | 5,909 | 39,950 | 40,000 | 6,659 | 5,266 | 6,659 |
| 34,000 |  |  |  |  | 37,000 |  |  |  |  | 40,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 34,000 | 34,050 | 5,171 | 4,374 | 5,171 | 37,000 | 37,050 | 5,921 | 4,824 | 5,921 | 40,000 | 40,050 | 6,671 | 5,274 | 6,671 |
| 34,050 | 34,100 | 5,184 | 4,381 | 5,184 | 37,050 | 37,100 | 5,934 | 4,831 | 5,934 | 40,050 | 40,100 | 6,684 | 5,281 | 6,684 |
| 34,100 | 34,150 | 5,196 | 4,389 | 5,196 | 37,100 | 37,150 | 5,946 | 4,839 | 5,946 | 40,100 | 40,150 | 6,696 | 5,289 | 6,696 |
| 34,150 | 34,200 | 5,209 | 4,396 | 5,209 | 37,150 | 37,200 | 5,959 | 4,846 | 5,959 | 40,150 | 40,200 | 6,709 | 5,296 | 6,709 |
| 34,200 | 34,250 | 5,221 | 4,404 | 5,221 | 37,200 | 37,250 | 5,971 | 4,854 | 5,971 | 40,200 | 40,250 | 6,721 | 5,304 | 6,721 |
| 34,250 | 34,300 | 5,234 | 4,411 | 5,234 | 37,250 | 37,300 | 5,984 | 4,861 | 5,984 | 40,250 | 40,300 | 6,734 | 5,311 | 6,734 |
| 34,300 | 34,350 | 5,246 | 4,419 | 5,246 | 37,300 | 37,350 | 5,996 | 4,869 | 5,996 | 40,300 | 40,350 | 6,746 | 5,319 | 6,746 |
| 34,350 | 34,400 | 5,259 | 4,426 | 5,259 | 37,350 | 37,400 | 6,009 | 4,876 | 6,009 | 40,350 | 40,400 | 6,759 | 5,326 | 6,759 |
| 34,400 | 34,450 | 5,271 | 4,434 | 5,271 | 37,400 | 37,450 | 6,021 | 4,884 | 6,021 | 40,400 | 40,450 | 6,771 | 5,334 | 6,771 |
| 34,450 | 34,500 | 5,284 | 4,441 | 5,284 | 37,450 | 37,500 | 6,034 | 4,891 | 6,034 | 40,450 | 40,500 | 6,784 | 5,341 | 6,784 |
| 34,500 | 34,550 | 5,296 | 4,449 | 5,296 | 37,500 | 37,550 | 6,046 | 4,899 | 6,046 | 40,500 | 40,550 | 6,796 | 5,349 | 6,796 |
| 34,550 | 34,600 | 5,309 | 4,456 | 5,309 | 37,550 | 37,600 | 6,059 | 4,906 | 6,059 | 40,550 | 40,600 | 6,809 | 5,356 | 6,809 |
| 34,600 | 34,650 | 5,321 | 4,464 | 5,321 | 37,600 | 37,650 | 6,071 | 4,914 | 6,071 | 40,600 | 40,650 | 6,821 | 5,364 | 6,821 |
| 34,650 | 34,700 | 5,334 | 4,471 | 5,334 | 37,650 | 37,700 | 6,084 | 4,921 | 6,084 | 40,650 | 40,700 | 6,834 | 5,371 | 6,834 |
| 34,700 | 34,750 | 5,346 | 4,479 | 5,346 | 37,700 | 37,750 | 6,096 | 4,929 | 6,096 | 40,700 | 40,750 | 6,846 | 5,379 | 6,846 |
| 34,750 | 34,800 | 5,359 | 4,486 | 5,359 | 37,750 | 37,800 | 6,109 | 4,936 | 6,109 | 40,750 | 40,800 | 6,859 | 5,386 | 6,859 |
| 34,800 | 34,850 | 5,371 | 4,494 | 5,371 | 37,800 | 37,850 | 6,121 | 4,944 | 6,121 | 40,800 | 40,850 | 6,871 | 5,394 | 6,871 |
| 34,850 | 34,900 | 5,384 | 4,501 | 5,384 | 37,850 | 37,900 | 6,134 | 4,951 | 6,134 | 40,850 | 40,900 | 6,884 | 5,401 | 6,884 |
| 34,900 | 34,950 | 5,396 | 4,509 | 5,396 | 37,900 | 37,950 | 6,146 | 4,959 | 6,146 | 40,900 | 40,950 | 6,896 | 5,409 | 6,896 |
| 34,950 | 35,000 | 5,409 | 4,516 | 5,409 | 37,950 | 38,000 | 6,159 | 4,966 | 6,159 | 40,950 | 41,000 | 6,909 | 5,416 | 6,909 |


(Continued on page 37)

2005 Tax Table-Continued

| If Form 1040N line 40 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{m} \\ & \mathrm{R}, \end{aligned}$ <br> , is- | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single <br> You | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is- | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> our tax is | Married filing separately |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  | $53,000$ |  |  |  |  | 56,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 | 50,050 | 9,171 | 6,774 | 9,171 | 53,000 | 53,050 | 9,921 | 7,224 | 9,921 | 56,000 | 56,050 | 10,671 | 7,674 | 10,671 |
| 50,050 | 50,100 | 9,184 | 6,781 | 9,184 | 53,050 | 53,100 | 9,934 | 7,231 | 9,934 | 56,050 | 56,100 | 10,684 | 7,681 | 10,684 |
| 50,100 | 50,150 | 9,196 | 6,789 | 9,196 | 53,100 | 53,150 | 9,946 | 7,239 | 9,946 | 56,100 | 56,150 | 10,696 | 7,689 | 10,696 |
| 50,150 | 50,200 | 9,209 | 6,796 | 9,209 | 53,150 | 53,200 | 9,959 | 7,246 | 9,959 | 56,150 | 56,200 | 10,709 | 7,696 | 10,709 |
| 50,200 | 50,250 | 9,221 | 6,804 | 9,221 | 53,200 | 53,250 | 9,971 | 7,254 | 9,971 | 56,200 | 56,250 | 10,721 | 7,704 | 10,721 |
| 50,250 | 50,300 | 9,234 | 6,811 | 9,234 | 53,250 | 53,300 | 9,984 | 7,261 | 9,984 | 56,250 | 56,300 | 10,734 | 7,711 | 10,734 |
| 50,300 | 50,350 | 9,246 | 6,819 | 9,246 | 53,300 | 53,350 | 9,996 | 7,269 | 9,996 | 56,300 | 56,350 | 10,746 | 7,719 | 10,746 |
| 50,350 | 50,400 | 9,259 | 6,826 | 9,259 | 53,350 | 53,400 | 10,009 | 7,276 | 10,009 | 56,350 | 56,400 | 10,759 | 7,726 | 10,759 |
| 50,400 | 50,450 | 9,271 | 6,834 | 9,271 | 53,400 | 53,450 | 10,021 | 7,284 | 10,021 | 56,400 | 56,450 | 10,771 | 7,734 | 10,771 |
| 50,450 | 50,500 | 9,284 | 6,841 | 9,284 | 53,450 | 53,500 | 10,034 | 7,291 | 10,034 | 56,450 | 56,500 | 10,784 | 7,741 | 10,784 |
| 50,500 | 50,550 | 9,296 | 6,849 | 9,296 | 53,500 | 53,550 | 10,046 | 7,299 | 10,046 | 56,500 | 56,550 | 10,796 | 7,749 | 10,796 |
| 50,550 | 50,600 | 9,309 | 6,856 | 9,309 | 53,550 | 53,600 | 10,059 | 7,306 | 10,059 | 56,550 | 56,600 | 10,809 | 7,756 | 10,809 |
| 50,600 | 50,650 | 9,321 | 6,864 | 9,321 | 53,600 | 53,650 | 10,071 | 7,314 | 10,071 | 56,600 | 56,650 | 10,821 | 7,764 | 10,821 |
| 50,650 | 50,700 | 9,334 | 6,871 | 9,334 | 53,650 | 53,700 | 10,084 | 7,321 | 10,084 | 56,650 | 56,700 | 10,834 | 7,771 | 10,834 |
| 50,700 | 50,750 | 9,346 | 6,879 | 9,346 | 53,700 | 53,750 | 10,096 | 7,329 | 10,096 | 56,700 | 56,750 | 10,846 | 7,779 | 10,846 |
| 50,750 | 50,800 | 9,359 | 6,886 | 9,359 | 53,750 | 53,800 | 10,109 | 7,336 | 10,109 | 56,750 | 56,800 | 10,859 | 7,786 | 10,859 |
| 50,800 | 50,850 | 9,371 | 6,894 | 9,371 | 53,800 | 53,850 | 10,121 | 7,344 | 10,121 | 56,800 | 56,850 | 10,871 | 7,794 | 10,871 |
| 50,850 | 50,900 | 9,384 | 6,901 | 9,384 | 53,850 | 53,900 | 10,134 | 7,351 | 10,134 | 56,850 | 56,900 | 10,884 | 7,801 | 10,884 |
| 50,900 | 50,950 | 9,396 | 6,909 | 9,396 | 53,900 | 53,950 | 10,146 | 7,359 | 10,146 | 56,900 | 56,950 | 10,896 | 7,809 | 10,896 |
| 50,950 | 51,000 | 9,409 | 6,916 | 9,409 | 53,950 | 54,000 | 10,159 | 7,366 | 10,159 | 56,950 | 57,000 | 10,909 | 7,816 | 10,909 |
| 51 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57, | 00 |  |  |  |
| 51,000 | 51,050 | 9,421 | 6,924 | 9,421 | 54,000 | 54,050 | 10,171 | 7,374 | 10,171 | 57,000 | 57,050 | 10,921 | 7,824 | 10,921 |
| 51,050 | 51,100 | 9,434 | 6,931 | 9,434 | 54,050 | 54,100 | 10,184 | 7,381 | 10,184 | 57,050 | 57,100 | 10,934 | 7,831 | 10,934 |
| 51,100 | 51,150 | 9,446 | 6,939 | 9,446 | 54,100 | 54,150 | 10,196 | 7,389 | 10,196 | 57,100 | 57,150 | 10,946 | 7,839 | 10,946 |
| 51,150 | 51,200 | 9,459 | 6,946 | 9,459 | 54,150 | 54,200 | 10,209 | 7,396 | 10,209 | 57,150 | 57,200 | 10,959 | 7,846 | 10,959 |
| 51,200 | 51,250 | 9,471 | 6,954 | 9,471 | 54,200 | 54,250 | 10,221 | 7,404 | 10,221 | 57,200 | 57,250 | 10,971 | 7,854 | 10,971 |
| 51,250 | 51,300 | 9,484 | 6,961 | 9,484 | 54,250 | 54,300 | 10,234 | 7,411 | 10,234 | 57,250 | 57,300 | 10,984 | 7,861 | 10,984 |
| 51,300 | 51,350 | 9,496 | 6,969 | 9,496 | 54,300 | 54,350 | 10,246 | 7,419 | 10,246 | 57,300 | 57,350 | 10,996 | 7,869 | 10,996 |
| 51,350 | 51,400 | 9,509 | 6,976 | 9,509 | 54,350 | 54,400 | 10,259 | 7,426 | 10,259 | 57,350 | 57,400 | 11,009 | 7,876 | 11,009 |
| 51,400 | 51,450 | 9,521 | 6,984 | 9,521 | 54,400 | 54,450 | 10,271 | 7,434 | 10,271 | 57,400 | 57,450 | 11,021 | 7,884 | 11,021 |
| 51,450 | 51,500 | 9,534 | 6,991 | 9,534 | 54,450 | 54,500 | 10,284 | 7,441 | 10,284 | 57,450 | 57,500 | 11,034 | 7,891 | 11,034 |
| 51,500 | 51,550 | 9,546 | 6,999 | 9,546 | 54,500 | 54,550 | 10,296 | 7,449 | 10,296 | 57,500 | 57,550 | 11,046 | 7,899 | 11,046 |
| 51,550 | 51,600 | 9,559 | 7,006 | 9,559 | 54,550 | 54,600 | 10,309 | 7,456 | 10,309 | 57,550 | 57,600 | 11,059 | 7,906 | 11,059 |
| 51,600 | 51,650 | 9,571 | 7,014 | 9,571 | 54,600 | 54,650 | 10,321 | 7,464 | 10,321 | 57,600 | 57,650 | 11,071 | 7,914 | 11,071 |
| 51,650 | 51,700 | 9,584 | 7,021 | 9,584 | 54,650 | 54,700 | 10,334 | 7,471 | 10,334 | 57,650 | 57,700 | 11,084 | 7,921 | 11,084 |
| 51,700 | 51,750 | 9,596 | 7,029 | 9,596 | 54,700 | 54,750 | 10,346 | 7,479 | 10,346 | 57,700 | 57,750 | 11,096 | 7,929 | 11,096 |
| 51,750 | 51,800 | 9,609 | 7,036 | 9,609 | 54,750 | 54,800 | 10,359 | 7,486 | 10,359 | 57,750 | 57,800 | 11,109 | 7,936 | 11,109 |
| 51,800 | 51,850 | 9,621 | 7,044 | 9,621 | 54,800 | 54,850 | 10,371 | 7,494 | 10,371 | 57,800 | 57,850 | 11,121 | 7,944 | 11,121 |
| 51,850 | 51,900 | 9,634 | 7,051 | 9,634 | 54,850 | 54,900 | 10,384 | 7,501 | 10,384 | 57,850 | 57,900 | 11,134 | 7,951 | 11,134 |
| 51,900 | 51,950 | 9,646 | 7,059 | 9,646 | 54,900 | 54,950 | 10,396 | 7,509 | 10,396 | 57,900 | 57,950 | 11,146 | 7,959 | 11,146 |
| 51,950 | 52,000 | 9,659 | 7,066 | 9,659 | 54,950 | 55,000 | 10,409 | 7,516 | 10,409 | 57,950 | 58,000 | 11,159 | 7,966 | 11,159 |
| 52, | 000 |  |  |  | 5 | 000 |  |  |  | 58, | 000 |  |  |  |
| 52,000 | 52,050 | 9,671 | 7,074 | 9,671 | 55,000 | 55,050 | 10,421 | 7,524 | 10,421 | 58,000 | 58,050 | 11,171 | 7,974 | 11,171 |
| 52,050 | 52,100 | 9,684 | 7,081 | 9,684 | 55,050 | 55,100 | 10,434 | 7,531 | 10,434 | 58,050 | 58,100 | 11,184 | 7,981 | 11,184 |
| 52,100 | 52,150 | 9,696 | 7,089 | 9,696 | 55,100 | 55,150 | 10,446 | 7,539 | 10,446 | 58,100 | 58,150 | 11,196 | 7,989 | 11,196 |
| 52,150 | 52,200 | 9,709 | 7,096 | 9,709 | 55,150 | 55,200 | 10,459 | 7,546 | 10,459 | 58,150 | 58,200 | 11,209 | 7,996 | 11,209 |
| 52,200 | 52,250 | 9,721 | 7,104 | 9,721 | 55,200 | 55,250 | 10,471 | 7,554 | 10,471 | 58,200 | 58,250 | 11,221 | 8,004 | 11,221 |
| 52,250 | 52,300 | 9,734 | 7,111 | 9,734 | 55,250 | 55,300 | 10,484 | 7,561 | 10,484 | 58,250 | 58,300 | 11,234 | 8,011 | 11,234 |
| 52,300 | 52,350 | 9,746 | 7,119 | 9,746 | 55,300 | 55,350 | 10,496 | 7,569 | 10,496 | 58,300 | 58,350 | 11,246 | 8,019 | 11,246 |
| 52,350 | 52,400 | 9,759 | 7,126 | 9,759 | 55,350 | 55,400 | 10,509 | 7,576 | 10,509 | 58,350 | 58,400 | 11,259 | 8,026 | 11,259 |
| 52,400 | 52,450 | 9,771 | 7,134 | 9,771 | 55,400 | 55,450 | 10,521 | 7,584 | 10,521 | 58,400 | 58,450 | 11,271 | 8,034 | 11,271 |
| 52,450 | 52,500 | 9,784 | 7,141 | 9,784 | 55,450 | 55,500 | 10,534 | 7,591 | 10,534 | 58,450 | 58,500 | 11,284 | 8,041 | 11,284 |
| 52,500 | 52,550 | 9,796 | 7,149 | 9,796 | 55,500 | 55,550 | 10,546 | 7,599 | 10,546 | 58,500 | 58,550 | 11,296 | 8,049 | 11,296 |
| 52,550 | 52,600 | 9,809 | 7,156 | 9,809 | 55,550 | 55,600 | 10,559 | 7,606 | 10,559 | 58,550 | 58,600 | 11,309 | 8,056 | 11,309 |
| 52,600 | 52,650 | 9,821 | 7,164 | 9,821 | 55,600 | 55,650 | 10,571 | 7,614 | 10,571 | 58,600 | 58,650 | 11,321 | 8,064 | 11,321 |
| 52,650 | 52,700 | 9,834 | 7,171 | 9,834 | 55,650 | 55,700 | 10,584 | 7,621 | 10,584 | 58,650 | 58,700 | 11,334 | 8,071 | 11,334 |
| 52,700 | 52,750 | 9,846 | 7,179 | 9,846 | 55,700 | 55,750 | 10,596 | 7,629 | 10,596 | 58,700 | 58,750 | 11,346 | 8,079 | 11,346 |
| 52,750 | 52,800 | 9,859 | 7,186 | 9,859 | 55,750 | 55,800 | 10,609 | 7,636 | 10,609 | 58,750 | 58,800 | 11,359 | 8,086 | 11,359 |
| 52,800 | 52,850 | 9,871 | 7,194 | 9,871 | 55,800 | 55,850 | 10,621 | 7,644 | 10,621 | 58,800 | 58,850 | 11,371 | 8,094 | 11,371 |
| 52,850 | 52,900 | 9,884 | 7,201 | 9,884 | 55,850 | 55,900 | 10,634 | 7,651 | 10,634 | 58,850 | 58,900 | 11,384 | 8,101 | 11,384 |
| 52,900 | 52,950 | 9,896 | 7,209 | 9,896 | 55,900 | 55,950 | 10,646 | 7,659 | 10,646 | 58,900 | 58,950 | 11,396 | 8,109 | 11,396 |
| 52,950 | 53,000 | 9,909 | 7,216 | 9,909 | 55,950 | 56,000 | 10,659 | 7,666 | 10,659 | 58,950 | 59,000 | 11,409 | 8,116 | 11,409 |

2005 Tax Table-Continued

| If Form 1040N line 4 | is- | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is | Married filing separately | At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is | Married filing separately | At least | But <br> less <br> than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> ur tax is | Married filing separately |
| 59,000 |  |  |  |  | 62,000 |  |  |  |  | 65,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 59,000 | 59,050 | 11,421 | 8,124 | 11,421 | 62,000 | 62,050 | 12,171 | 8,836 | 12,233 | 65,000 | 65,050 | 12,921 | 9,586 | 13,073 |
| 59,050 | 59,100 | 11,434 | 8,131 | 11,434 | 62,050 | 62,100 | 12,184 | 8,849 | 12,247 | 65,050 | 65,100 | 12,934 | 9,599 | 13,087 |
| 59,100 | 59,150 | 11,446 | 8,139 | 11,446 | 62,100 | 62,150 | 12,196 | 8,861 | 12,261 | 65,100 | 65,150 | 12,946 | 9,611 | 13,101 |
| 59,150 | 59,200 | 11,459 | 8,146 | 11,459 | 62,150 | 62,200 | 12,209 | 8,874 | 12,275 | 65,150 | 65,200 | 12,959 | 9,624 | 13,115 |
| 59,200 | 59,250 | 11,471 | 8,154 | 11,471 | 62,200 | 62,250 | 12,221 | 8,886 | 12,289 | 65,200 | 65,250 | 12,971 | 9,636 | 13,129 |
| 59,250 | 59,300 | 11,484 | 8,161 | 11,484 | 62,250 | 62,300 | 12,234 | 8,899 | 12,303 | 65,250 | 65,300 | 12,984 | 9,649 | 13,143 |
| 59,300 | 59,350 | 11,496 | 8,169 | 11,496 | 62,300 | 62,350 | 12,246 | 8,911 | 12,317 | 65,300 | 65,350 | 12,996 | 9,661 | 13,157 |
| 59,350 | 59,400 | 11,509 | 8,176 | 11,509 | 62,350 | 62,400 | 12,259 | 8,924 | 12,331 | 65,350 | 65,400 | 13,009 | 9,674 | 13,171 |
| 59,400 | 59,450 | 11,521 | 8,186 | 11,521 | 62,400 | 62,450 | 12,271 | 8,936 | 12,345 | 65,400 | 65,450 | 13,021 | 9,686 | 13,185 |
| 59,450 | 59,500 | 11,534 | 8,199 | 11,534 | 62,450 | 62,500 | 12,284 | 8,949 | 12,359 | 65,450 | 65,500 | 13,034 | 9,699 | 13,199 |
| 59,500 | 59,550 | 11,546 | 8,211 | 11,546 | 62,500 | 62,550 | 12,296 | 8,961 | 12,373 | 65,500 | 65,550 | 13,046 | 9,711 | 13,213 |
| 59,550 | 59,600 | 11,559 | 8,224 | 11,559 | 62,550 | 62,600 | 12,309 | 8,974 | 12,387 | 65,550 | 65,600 | 13,059 | 9,724 | 13,227 |
| 59,600 | 59,650 | 11,571 | 8,236 | 11,571 | 62,600 | 62,650 | 12,321 | 8,986 | 12,401 | 65,600 | 65,650 | 13,071 | 9,736 | 13,241 |
| 59,650 | 59,700 | 11,584 | 8,249 | 11,584 | 62,650 | 62,700 | 12,334 | 8,999 | 12,415 | 65,650 | 65,700 | 13,084 | 9,749 | 13,255 |
| 59,700 | 59,750 | 11,596 | 8,261 | 11,596 | 62,700 | 62,750 | 12,346 | 9,011 | 12,429 | 65,700 | 65,750 | 13,096 | 9,761 | 13,269 |
| 59,750 | 59,800 | 11,609 | 8,274 | 11,609 | 62,750 | 62,800 | 12,359 | 9,024 | 12,443 | 65,750 | 65,800 | 13,109 | 9,774 | 13,283 |
| 59,800 | 59,850 | 11,621 | 8,286 | 11,621 | 62,800 | 62,850 | 12,371 | 9,036 | 12,457 | 65,800 | 65,850 | 13,121 | 9,786 | 13,297 |
| 59,850 | 59,900 | 11,634 | 8,299 | 11,634 | 62,850 | 62,900 | 12,384 | 9,049 | 12,471 | 65,850 | 65,900 | 13,134 | 9,799 | 13,311 |
| 59,900 | 59,950 | 11,646 | 8,311 | 11,646 | 62,900 | 62,950 | 12,396 | 9,061 | 12,485 | 65,900 | 65,950 | 13,146 | 9,811 | 13,325 |
| 59,950 | 60,000 | 11,659 | 8,324 | 11,659 | 62,950 | 63,000 | 12,409 | 9,074 | 12,499 | 65,950 | 66,000 | 13,159 | 9,824 | 13,339 |
| 60,000 |  |  |  |  | 63,000 |  |  |  |  | 66,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 60,000 | 60,050 | 11,671 | 8,336 | 11,673 | 63,000 | 63,050 | 12,421 | 9,086 | 12,513 | 66,000 | 66,050 | 13,171 | 9,836 | 13,353 |
| 60,050 | 60,100 | 11,684 | 8,349 | 11,687 | 63,050 | 63,100 | 12,434 | 9,099 | 12,527 | 66,050 | 66,100 | 13,184 | 9,849 | 13,367 |
| 60,100 | 60,150 | 11,696 | 8,361 | 11,701 | 63,100 | 63,150 | 12,446 | 9,111 | 12,541 | 66,100 | 66,150 | 13,196 | 9,861 | 13,381 |
| 60,150 | 60,200 | 11,709 | 8,374 | 11,715 | 63,150 | 63,200 | 12,459 | 9,124 | 12,555 | 66,150 | 66,200 | 13,209 | 9,874 | 13,395 |
| 60,200 | 60,250 | 11,721 | 8,386 | 11,729 | 63,200 | 63,250 | 12,471 | 9,136 | 12,569 | 66,200 | 66,250 | 13,221 | 9,886 | 13,409 |
| 60,250 | 60,300 | 11,734 | 8,399 | 11,743 | 63,250 | 63,300 | 12,484 | 9,149 | 12,583 | 66,250 | 66,300 | 13,234 | 9,899 | 13,423 |
| 60,300 | 60,350 | 11,746 | 8,411 | 11,757 | 63,300 | 63,350 | 12,496 | 9,161 | 12,597 | 66,300 | 66,350 | 13,246 | 9,911 | 13,437 |
| 60,350 | 60,400 | 11,759 | 8,424 | 11,771 | 63,350 | 63,400 | 12,509 | 9,174 | 12,611 | 66,350 | 66,400 | 13,259 | 9,924 | 13,451 |
| 60,400 | 60,450 | 11,771 | 8,436 | 11,785 | 63,400 | 63,450 | 12,521 | 9,186 | 12,625 | 66,400 | 66,450 | 13,271 | 9,936 | 13,465 |
| 60,450 | 60,500 | 11,784 | 8,449 | 11,799 | 63,450 | 63,500 | 12,534 | 9,199 | 12,639 | 66,450 | 66,500 | 13,284 | 9,949 | 13,479 |
| 60,500 | 60,550 | 11,796 | 8,461 | 11,813 | 63,500 | 63,550 | 12,546 | 9,211 | 12,653 | 66,500 | 66,550 | 13,296 | 9,961 | 13,493 |
| 60,550 | 60,600 | 11,809 | 8,474 | 11,827 | 63,550 | 63,600 | 12,559 | 9,224 | 12,667 | 66,550 | 66,600 | 13,309 | 9,974 | 13,507 |
| 60,600 | 60,650 | 11,821 | 8,486 | 11,841 | 63,600 | 63,650 | 12,571 | 9,236 | 12,681 | 66,600 | 66,650 | 13,321 | 9,986 | 13,521 |
| 60,650 | 60,700 | 11,834 | 8,499 | 11,855 | 63,650 | 63,700 | 12,584 | 9,249 | 12,695 | 66,650 | 66,700 | 13,334 | 9,999 | 13,535 |
| 60,700 | 60,750 | 11,846 | 8,511 | 11,869 | 63,700 | 63,750 | 12,596 | 9,261 | 12,709 | 66,700 | 66,750 | 13,346 | 10,011 | 13,549 |
| 60,750 | 60,800 | 11,859 | 8,524 | 11,883 | 63,750 | 63,800 | 12,609 | 9,274 | 12,723 | 66,750 | 66,800 | 13,359 | 10,024 | 13,563 |
| 60,800 | 60,850 | 11,871 | 8,536 | 11,897 | 63,800 | 63,850 | 12,621 | 9,286 | 12,737 | 66,800 | 66,850 | 13,371 | 10,036 | 13,577 |
| 60,850 | 60,900 | 11,884 | 8,549 | 11,911 | 63,850 | 63,900 | 12,634 | 9,299 | 12,751 | 66,850 | 66,900 | 13,384 | 10,049 | 13,591 |
| 60,900 | 60,950 | 11,896 | 8,561 | 11,925 | 63,900 | 63,950 | 12,646 | 9,311 | 12,765 | 66,900 | 66,950 | 13,396 | 10,061 | 13,605 |
| 60,950 | 61,000 | 11,909 | 8,574 | 11,939 | 63,950 | 64,000 | 12,659 | 9,324 | 12,779 | 66,950 | 67,000 | 13,409 | 10,074 | 13,619 |
| 61,000 |  |  |  |  | 64,000 |  |  |  |  | 67,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 61,000 | 61,050 | 11,921 | 8,586 | 11,953 | 64,000 | 64,050 | 12,671 | 9,336 | 12,793 | 67,000 | 67,050 | 13,421 | 10,086 | 13,633 |
| 61,050 | 61,100 | 11,934 | 8,599 | 11,967 | 64,050 | 64,100 | 12,684 | 9,349 | 12,807 | 67,050 | 67,100 | 13,434 | 10,099 | 13,647 |
| 61,100 | 61,150 | 11,946 | 8,611 | 11,981 | 64,100 | 64,150 | 12,696 | 9,361 | 12,821 | 67,100 | 67,150 | 13,446 | 10,111 | 13,661 |
| 61,150 | 61,200 | 11,959 | 8,624 | 11,995 | 64,150 | 64,200 | 12,709 | 9,374 | 12,835 | 67,150 | 67,200 | 13,459 | 10,124 | 13,675 |
| 61,200 | 61,250 | 11,971 | 8,636 | 12,009 | 64,200 | 64,250 | 12,721 | 9,386 | 12,849 | 67,200 | 67,250 | 13,471 | 10,136 | 13,689 |
| 61,250 | 61,300 | 11,984 | 8,649 | 12,023 | 64,250 | 64,300 | 12,734 | 9,399 | 12,863 | 67,250 | 67,300 | 13,484 | 10,149 | 13,703 |
| 61,300 | 61,350 | 11,996 | 8,661 | 12,037 | 64,300 | 64,350 | 12,746 | 9,411 | 12,877 | 67,300 | 67,350 | 13,496 | 10,161 | 13,717 |
| 61,350 | 61,400 | 12,009 | 8,674 | 12,051 | 64,350 | 64,400 | 12,759 | 9,424 | 12,891 | 67,350 | 67,400 | 13,509 | 10,174 | 13,731 |
| 61,400 | 61,450 | 12,021 | 8,686 | 12,065 | 64,400 | 64,450 | 12,771 | 9,436 | 12,905 | 67,400 | 67,450 | 13,521 | 10,186 | 13,745 |
| 61,450 | 61,500 | 12,034 | 8,699 | 12,079 | 64,450 | 64,500 | 12,784 | 9,449 | 12,919 | 67,450 | 67,500 | 13,534 | 10,199 | 13,759 |
| 61,500 | 61,550 | 12,046 | 8,711 | 12,093 | 64,500 | 64,550 | 12,796 | 9,461 | 12,933 | 67,500 | 67,550 | 13,546 | 10,211 | 13,773 |
| 61,550 | 61,600 | 12,059 | 8,724 | 12,107 | 64,550 | 64,600 | 12,809 | 9,474 | 12,947 | 67,550 | 67,600 | 13,559 | 10,224 | 13,787 |
| 61,600 | 61,650 | 12,071 | 8,736 | 12,121 | 64,600 | 64,650 | 12,821 | 9,486 | 12,961 | 67,600 | 67,650 | 13,571 | 10,236 | 13,801 |
| 61,650 | 61,700 | 12,084 | 8,749 | 12,135 | 64,650 | 64,700 | 12,834 | 9,499 | 12,975 | 67,650 | 67,700 | 13,584 | 10,249 | 13,815 |
| 61,700 | 61,750 | 12,096 | 8,761 | 12,149 | 64,700 | 64,750 | 12,846 | 9,511 | 12,989 | 67,700 | 67,750 | 13,596 | 10,261 | 13,829 |
| 61,750 | 61,800 | 12,109 | 8,774 | 12,163 | 64,750 | 64,800 | 12,859 | 9,524 | 13,003 | 67,750 | 67,800 | 13,609 | 10,274 | 13,843 |
| 61,800 | 61,850 | 12,121 | 8,786 | 12,177 | 64,800 | 64,850 | 12,871 | 9,536 | 13,017 | 67,800 | 67,850 | 13,621 | 10,286 | 13,857 |
| 61,850 | 61,900 | 12,134 | 8,799 | 12,191 | 64,850 | 64,900 | 12,884 | 9,549 | 13,031 | 67,850 | 67,900 | 13,634 | 10,299 | 13,871 |
| 61,900 | 61,950 | 12,146 | 8,811 | 12,205 | 64,900 | 64,950 | 12,896 | 9,561 | 13,045 | 67,900 | 67,950 | 13,646 | 10,311 | 13,885 |
| 61,950 | 62,000 | 12,159 | 8,824 | 12,219 | 64,950 | 65,000 | 12,909 | 9,574 | 13,059 | 67,950 | 68,000 | 13,659 | 10,324 | 13,899 |

2005 Tax Table-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline If For 1040 line \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { rm } \\
\& \mathrm{NR}, \\
\& 40, \text { is- }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \\
\hline At least \& But less than \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Single \\
You
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Qualifying widow(er) \\
tax is-
\end{tabular} \& Married filing separately \& At least \& But less than \& Single \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Qualifying widow(er) \\
tax is
\end{tabular} \& Married filing separately \& At least \& But less than \& Single

Y \& | Qualifying widow(er) |
| :--- |
| ur tax is | \& Married filing separately <br>

\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{68,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{71,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{74,000} <br>
\hline 68,000 \& 68,050 \& 13,671 \& 10,336 \& 13,913 \& 71,000 \& 71,050 \& 14,421 \& 11,086 \& 14,753 \& 74,000 \& 74,050 \& 15,234 \& 11,836 \& 15,593 <br>
\hline 68,050 \& 68,100 \& 13,684 \& 10,349 \& 13,927 \& 71,050 \& 71,100 \& 14,434 \& 11,099 \& 14,767 \& 74,050 \& 74,100 \& 15,248 \& 11,849 \& 15,607 <br>
\hline 68,100 \& 68,150 \& 13,696 \& 10,361 \& 13,941 \& 71,100 \& 71,150 \& 14,446 \& 11,111 \& 14,781 \& 74,100 \& 74,150 \& 15,262 \& 11,861 \& 15,621 <br>
\hline 68,150 \& 68,200 \& 13,709 \& 10,374 \& 13,955 \& 71,150 \& 71,200 \& 14,459 \& 11,124 \& 14,795 \& 74,150 \& 74,200 \& 15,276 \& 11,874 \& 15,635 <br>
\hline 68,200 \& 68,250 \& 13,721 \& 10,386 \& 13,969 \& 71,200 \& 71,250 \& 14,471 \& 11,136 \& 14,809 \& 74,200 \& 74,250 \& 15,290 \& 11,886 \& 15,649 <br>
\hline 68,250 \& 68,300 \& 13,734 \& 10,399 \& 13,983 \& 71,250 \& 71,300 \& 14,484 \& 11,149 \& 14,823 \& 74,250 \& 74,300 \& 15,304 \& 11,899 \& 15,663 <br>
\hline 68,300 \& 68,350 \& 13,746 \& 10,411 \& 13,997 \& 71,300 \& 71,350 \& 14,496 \& 11,161 \& 14,837 \& 74,300 \& 74,350 \& 15,318 \& 11,911 \& 15,677 <br>
\hline 68,350 \& 68,400 \& 13,759 \& 10,424 \& 14,011 \& 71,350 \& 71,400 \& 14,509 \& 11,174 \& 14,851 \& 74,350 \& 74,400 \& 15,332 \& 11,924 \& 15,691 <br>
\hline 68,400 \& 68,450 \& 13,771 \& 10,436 \& 14,025 \& 71,400 \& 71,450 \& 14,521 \& 11,186 \& 14,865 \& 74,400 \& 74,450 \& 15,346 \& 11,936 \& 15,705 <br>
\hline 68,450 \& 68,500 \& 13,784 \& 10,449 \& 14,039 \& 71,450 \& 71,500 \& 14,534 \& 11,199 \& 14,879 \& 74,450 \& 74,500 \& 15,360 \& 11,949 \& 15,719 <br>
\hline 68,500 \& 68,550 \& 13,796 \& 10,461 \& 14,053 \& 71,500 \& 71,550 \& 14,546 \& 11,211 \& 14,893 \& 74,500 \& 74,550 \& 15,374 \& 11,961 \& 15,733 <br>
\hline 68,550 \& 68,600 \& 13,809 \& 10,474 \& 14,067 \& 71,550 \& 71,600 \& 14,559 \& 11,224 \& 14,907 \& 74,550 \& 74,600 \& 15,388 \& 11,974 \& 15,747 <br>
\hline 68,600 \& 68,650 \& 13,821 \& 10,486 \& 14,081 \& 71,600 \& 71,650 \& 14,571 \& 11,236 \& 14,921 \& 74,600 \& 74,650 \& 15,402 \& 11,986 \& 15,761 <br>
\hline 68,650 \& 68,700 \& 13,834 \& 10,499 \& 14,095 \& 71,650 \& 71,700 \& 14,584 \& 11,249 \& 14,935 \& 74,650 \& 74,700 \& 15,416 \& 11,999 \& 15,775 <br>
\hline 68,700 \& 68,750 \& 13,846 \& 10,511 \& 14,109 \& 71,700 \& 71,750 \& 14,596 \& 11,261 \& 14,949 \& 74,700 \& 74,750 \& 15,430 \& 12,011 \& 15,789 <br>
\hline 68,750 \& 68,800 \& 13,859 \& 10,524 \& 14,123 \& 71,750 \& 71,800 \& 14,609 \& 11,274 \& 14,963 \& 74,750 \& 74,800 \& 15,444 \& 12,024 \& 15,803 <br>
\hline 68,800 \& 68,850 \& 13,871 \& 10,536 \& 14,137 \& 71,800 \& 71,850 \& 14,621 \& 11,286 \& 14,977 \& 74,800 \& 74,850 \& 15,458 \& 12,036 \& 15,817 <br>
\hline 68,850 \& 68,900 \& 13,884 \& 10,549 \& 14,151 \& 71,850 \& 71,900 \& 14,634 \& 11,299 \& 14,991 \& 74,850 \& 74,900 \& 15,472 \& 12,049 \& 15,831 <br>
\hline 68,900 \& 68,950 \& 13,896 \& 10,561 \& 14,165 \& 71,900 \& 71,950 \& 14,646 \& 11,311 \& 15,005 \& 74,900 \& 74,950 \& 15,486 \& 12,061 \& 15,845 <br>
\hline 68,950 \& 69,000 \& 13,909 \& 10,574 \& 14,179 \& 71,950 \& 72,000 \& 14,660 \& 11,324 \& 15,019 \& 74,950 \& 75,000 \& 15,500 \& 12,074 \& 15,859 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{69,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{72,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{75,000} <br>
\hline 69,000 \& 69,050 \& 13,921 \& 10,586 \& 14,193 \& 72,000 \& 72,050 \& 14,674 \& 11,336 \& 15,033 \& 75,000 \& 75,050 \& 15,514 \& 12,086 \& 15,873 <br>
\hline 69,050 \& 69,100 \& 13,934 \& 10,599 \& 14,207 \& 72,050 \& 72,100 \& 14,688 \& 11,349 \& 15,047 \& 75,050 \& 75,100 \& 15,528 \& 12,099 \& 15,887 <br>
\hline 69,100 \& 69,150 \& 13,946 \& 10,611 \& 14,221 \& 72,100 \& 72,150 \& 14,702 \& 11,361 \& 15,061 \& 75,100 \& 75,150 \& 15,542 \& 12,111 \& 15,901 <br>
\hline 69,150 \& 69,200 \& 13,959 \& 10,624 \& 14,235 \& 72,150 \& 72,200 \& 14,716 \& 11,374 \& 15,075 \& 75,150 \& 75,200 \& 15,556 \& 12,124 \& 15,915 <br>
\hline 69,200 \& 69,250 \& 13,971 \& 10,636 \& 14,249 \& 72,200 \& 72,250 \& 14,730 \& 11,386 \& 15,089 \& 75,200 \& 75,250 \& 15,570 \& 12,136 \& 15,929 <br>
\hline 69,250 \& 69,300 \& 13,984 \& 10,649 \& 14,263 \& 72,250 \& 72,300 \& 14,744 \& 11,399 \& 15,103 \& 75,250 \& 75,300 \& 15,584 \& 12,149 \& 15,943 <br>
\hline 69,300 \& 69,350 \& 13,996 \& 10,661 \& 14,277 \& 72,300 \& 72,350 \& 14,758 \& 11,411 \& 15,117 \& 75,300 \& 75,350 \& 15,598 \& 12,161 \& 15,957 <br>
\hline 69,350 \& 69,400 \& 14,009 \& 10,674 \& 14,291 \& 72,350 \& 72,400 \& 14,772 \& 11,424 \& 15,131 \& 75,350 \& 75,400 \& 15,612 \& 12,174 \& 15,971 <br>
\hline 69,400 \& 69,450 \& 14,021 \& 10,686 \& 14,305 \& 72,400 \& 72,450 \& 14,786 \& 11,436 \& 15,145 \& 75,400 \& 75,450 \& 15,626 \& 12,186 \& 15,985 <br>
\hline 69,450 \& 69,500 \& 14,034 \& 10,699 \& 14,319 \& 72,450 \& 72,500 \& 14,800 \& 11,449 \& 15,159 \& 75,450 \& 75,500 \& 15,640 \& 12,199 \& 15,999 <br>
\hline 69,500 \& 69,550 \& 14,046 \& 10,711 \& 14,333 \& 72,500 \& 72,550 \& 14,814 \& 11,461 \& 15,173 \& 75,500 \& 75,550 \& 15,654 \& 12,211 \& 16,013 <br>
\hline 69,550 \& 69,600 \& 14,059 \& 10,724 \& 14,347 \& 72,550 \& 72,600 \& 14,828 \& 11,474 \& 15,187 \& 75,550 \& 75,600 \& 15,668 \& 12,224 \& 16,027 <br>
\hline 69,600 \& 69,650 \& 14,071 \& 10,736 \& 14,361 \& 72,600 \& 72,650 \& 14,842 \& 11,486 \& 15,201 \& 75,600 \& 75,650 \& 15,682 \& 12,236 \& 16,041 <br>
\hline 69,650 \& 69,700 \& 14,084 \& 10,749 \& 14,375 \& 72,650 \& 72,700 \& 14,856 \& 11,499 \& 15,215 \& 75,650 \& 75,700 \& 15,696 \& 12,249 \& 16,055 <br>
\hline 69,700 \& 69,750 \& 14,096 \& 10,761 \& 14,389 \& 72,700 \& 72,750 \& 14,870 \& 11,511 \& 15,229 \& 75,700 \& 75,750 \& 15,710 \& 12,261 \& 16,069 <br>
\hline 69,750 \& 69,800 \& 14,109 \& 10,774 \& 14,403 \& 72,750 \& 72,800 \& 14,884 \& 11,524 \& 15,243 \& 75,750 \& 75,800 \& 15,724 \& 12,274 \& 16,083 <br>
\hline 69,800 \& 69,850 \& 14,121 \& 10,786 \& 14,417 \& 72,800 \& 72,850 \& 14,898 \& 11,536 \& 15,257 \& 75,800 \& 75,850 \& 15,738 \& 12,286 \& 16,097 <br>
\hline 69,850 \& 69,900 \& 14,134 \& 10,799 \& 14,431 \& 72,850 \& 72,900 \& 14,912 \& 11,549 \& 15,271 \& 75,850 \& 75,900 \& 15,752 \& 12,299 \& 16,111 <br>
\hline 69,900 \& 69,950 \& 14,146 \& 10,811 \& 14,445 \& 72,900 \& 72,950 \& 14,926 \& 11,561 \& 15,285 \& 75,900 \& 75,950 \& 15,766 \& 12,311 \& 16,125 <br>
\hline 69,950 \& 70,000 \& 14,159 \& 10,824 \& 14,459 \& 72,950 \& 73,000 \& 14,940 \& 11,574 \& 15,299 \& 75,950 \& 76,000 \& 15,780 \& 12,324 \& 16,139 <br>
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{70,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{73,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{76,000} <br>
\hline 70,000 \& 70,050 \& 14,171 \& 10,836 \& 14,473 \& 73,000 \& 73,050 \& 14,954 \& 11,586 \& 15,313 \& 76,000 \& 76,050 \& 15,794 \& 12,336 \& 16,153 <br>
\hline 70,050 \& 70,100 \& 14,184 \& 10,849 \& 14,487 \& 73,050 \& 73,100 \& 14,968 \& 11,599 \& 15,327 \& 76,050 \& 76,100 \& 15,808 \& 12,349 \& 16,167 <br>
\hline 70,100 \& 70,150 \& 14,196 \& 10,861 \& 14,501 \& 73,100 \& 73,150 \& 14,982 \& 11,611 \& 15,341 \& 76,100 \& 76,150 \& 15,822 \& 12,361 \& 16,181 <br>
\hline 70,150 \& 70,200 \& 14,209 \& 10,874 \& 14,515 \& 73,150 \& 73,200 \& 14,996 \& 11,624 \& 15,355 \& 76,150 \& 76,200 \& 15,836 \& 12,374 \& 16,195 <br>
\hline 70,200 \& 70,250 \& 14,221 \& 10,886 \& 14,529 \& 73,200 \& 73,250 \& 15,010 \& 11,636 \& 15,369 \& 76,200 \& 76,250 \& 15,850 \& 12,386 \& 16,209 <br>
\hline 70,250 \& 70,300 \& 14,234 \& 10,899 \& 14,543 \& 73,250 \& 73,300 \& 15,024 \& 11,649 \& 15,383 \& 76,250 \& 76,300 \& 15,864 \& 12,399 \& 16,223 <br>
\hline 70,300 \& 70,350 \& 14,246 \& 10,911 \& 14,557 \& 73,300 \& 73,350 \& 15,038 \& 11,661 \& 15,397 \& 76,300 \& 76,350 \& 15,878 \& 12,411 \& 16,237 <br>
\hline 70,350 \& 70,400 \& 14,259 \& 10,924 \& 14,571 \& 73,350 \& 73,400 \& 15,052 \& 11,674 \& 15,411 \& 76,350 \& 76,400 \& 15,892 \& 12,424 \& 16,251 <br>
\hline 70,400 \& 70,450 \& 14,271 \& 10,936 \& 14,585 \& 73,400 \& 73,450 \& 15,066 \& 11,686 \& 15,425 \& 76,400 \& 76,450 \& 15,906 \& 12,436 \& 16,265 <br>
\hline 70,450 \& 70,500 \& 14,284 \& 10,949 \& 14,599 \& 73,450 \& 73,500 \& 15,080 \& 11,699 \& 15,439 \& 76,450 \& 76,500 \& 15,920 \& 12,449 \& 16,279 <br>
\hline 70,500 \& 70,550 \& 14,296 \& 10,961 \& 14,613 \& 73,500 \& 73,550 \& 15,094 \& 11,711 \& 15,453 \& 76,500 \& 76,550 \& 15,934 \& 12,461 \& 16,293 <br>
\hline 70,550 \& 70,600 \& 14,309 \& 10,974 \& 14,627 \& 73,550 \& 73,600 \& 15,108 \& 11,724 \& 15,467 \& 76,550 \& 76,600 \& 15,948 \& 12,474 \& 16,307 <br>
\hline 70,600 \& 70,650 \& 14,321 \& 10,986 \& 14,641 \& 73,600 \& 73,650 \& 15,122 \& 11,736 \& 15,481 \& 76,600 \& 76,650 \& 15,962 \& 12,486 \& 16,321 <br>
\hline 70,650 \& 70,700 \& 14,334 \& 10,999 \& 14,655 \& 73,650 \& 73,700 \& 15,136 \& 11,749 \& 15,495 \& 76,650 \& 76,700 \& 15,976 \& 12,499 \& 16,335 <br>
\hline 70,700 \& 70,750 \& 14,346 \& 11,011 \& 14,669 \& 73,700 \& 73,750 \& 15,150 \& 11,761 \& 15,509 \& 76,700 \& 76,750 \& 15,990 \& 12,511 \& 16,349 <br>
\hline 70,750 \& 70,800 \& 14,359 \& 11,024 \& 14,683 \& 73,750 \& 73,800 \& 15,164 \& 11,774 \& 15,523 \& 76,750 \& 76,800 \& 16,004 \& 12,524 \& 16,363 <br>
\hline 70,800 \& 70,850 \& 14,371 \& 11,036 \& 14,697 \& 73,800 \& 73,850 \& 15,178 \& 11,786 \& 15,537 \& 76,800 \& 76,850 \& 16,018 \& 12,536 \& 16,377 <br>
\hline 70,850 \& 70,900 \& 14,384 \& 11,049 \& 14,711 \& 73,850 \& 73,900 \& 15,192 \& 11,799 \& 15,551 \& 76,850 \& 76,900 \& 16,032 \& 12,549 \& 16,391 <br>
\hline 70,900 \& 70,950 \& 14,396 \& 11,061 \& 14,725 \& 73,900 \& 73,950 \& 15,206 \& 11,811 \& 15,565 \& 76,900 \& 76,950 \& 16,046 \& 12,561 \& 16,405 <br>
\hline 70,950 \& 71,000 \& 14,409 \& 11,074 \& 14,739 \& 73,950 \& 74,000 \& 15,220 \& 11,824 \& 15,579 \& 76,950 \& 77,000 \& 16,060 \& 12,574 \& 16,419 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(Continued on page 40)

2005 Tax Table-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{If Form 1040NR, line 40, is-} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{And you are-} <br>
\hline At least \& But less than \& Single

Your \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Qualifying widow(er) <br>
tax is

 \& Married filing separately \& At least \& 

But <br>
less <br>
than

 \& \& Qualifying widow(er) tax is \& Married filing separately \& At least \& But less than \& Single \& 

Qualifying widow(er) <br>
ur tax is-
\end{tabular} \& Married filing separately <br>

\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{77,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{80,000} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{83,000} <br>
\hline 77,000 \& 77,050 \& 16,074 \& 12,586 \& 16,433 \& 80,000 \& 80,050 \& 16,914 \& 13,336 \& 17,273 \& 83,000 \& 83,050 \& 17,754 \& 14,086 \& 18,113 <br>
\hline 77,050 \& 77,100 \& 16,088 \& 12,599 \& 16,447 \& 80,050 \& 80,100 \& 16,928 \& 13,349 \& 17,287 \& 83,050 \& 83,100 \& 17,768 \& 14,099 \& 18,127 <br>
\hline 77,100 \& 77,150 \& 16,102 \& 12,611 \& 16,461 \& 80,100 \& 80,150 \& 16,942 \& 13,361 \& 17,301 \& 83,100 \& 83,150 \& 17,782 \& 14,111 \& 18,141 <br>
\hline 77,150 \& 77,200 \& 16,116 \& 12,624 \& 16,475 \& 80,150 \& 80,200 \& 16,956 \& 13,374 \& 17,315 \& 83,150 \& 83,200 \& 17,796 \& 14,124 \& 18,155 <br>
\hline 77,200 \& 77,250 \& 16,130 \& 12,636 \& 16,489 \& 80,200 \& 80,250 \& 16,970 \& 13,386 \& 17,329 \& 83,200 \& 83,250 \& 17,810 \& 14,136 \& 18,169 <br>
\hline 77,250 \& 77,300 \& 16,144 \& 12,649 \& 16,503 \& 80,250 \& 80,300 \& 16,984 \& 13,399 \& 17,343 \& 83,250 \& 83,300 \& 17,824 \& 14,149 \& 18,183 <br>
\hline 77,300 \& 77,350 \& 16,158 \& 12,661 \& 16,517 \& 80,300 \& 80,350 \& 16,998 \& 13,411 \& 17,357 \& 83,300 \& 83,350 \& 17,838 \& 14,161 \& 18,197 <br>
\hline 77,350 \& 77,400 \& 16,172 \& 12,674 \& 16,531 \& 80,350 \& 80,400 \& 17,012 \& 13,424 \& 17,371 \& 83,350 \& 83,400 \& 17,852 \& 14,174 \& 18,211 <br>
\hline 77,400 \& 77,450 \& 16,186 \& 12,686 \& 16,545 \& 80,400 \& 80,450 \& 17,026 \& 13,436 \& 17,385 \& 83,400 \& 83,450 \& 17,866 \& 14,186 \& 18,225 <br>
\hline 77,450 \& 77,500 \& 16,200 \& 12,699 \& 16,559 \& 80,450 \& 80,500 \& 17,040 \& 13,449 \& 17,399 \& 83,450 \& 83,500 \& 17,880 \& 14,199 \& 18,239 <br>
\hline 77,500 \& 77,550 \& 16,214 \& 12,711 \& 16,573 \& 80,500 \& 80,550 \& 17,054 \& 13,461 \& 17,413 \& 83,500 \& 83,550 \& 17,894 \& 14,211 \& 18,253 <br>
\hline 77,550 \& 77,600 \& 16,228 \& 12,724 \& 16,587 \& 80,550 \& 80,600 \& 17,068 \& 13,474 \& 17,427 \& 83,550 \& 83,600 \& 17,908 \& 14,224 \& 18,267 <br>
\hline 77,600 \& 77,650 \& 16,242 \& 12,736 \& 16,601 \& 80,600 \& 80,650 \& 17,082 \& 13,486 \& 17,441 \& 83,600 \& 83,650 \& 17,922 \& 14,236 \& 18,281 <br>
\hline 77,650 \& 77,700 \& 16,256 \& 12,749 \& 16,615 \& 80,650 \& 80,700 \& 17,096 \& 13,499 \& 17,455 \& 83,650 \& 83,700 \& 17,936 \& 14,249 \& 18,295 <br>
\hline 77,700 \& 77,750 \& 16,270 \& 12,761 \& 16,629 \& 80,700 \& 80,750 \& 17,110 \& 13,511 \& 17,469 \& 83,700 \& 83,750 \& 17,950 \& 14,261 \& 18,309 <br>
\hline 77,750 \& 77,800 \& 16,284 \& 12,774 \& 16,643 \& 80,750 \& 80,800 \& 17,124 \& 13,524 \& 17,483 \& 83,750 \& 83,800 \& 17,964 \& 14,274 \& 18,323 <br>
\hline 77,800 \& 77,850 \& 16,298 \& 12,786 \& 16,657 \& 80,800 \& 80,850 \& 17,138 \& 13,536 \& 17,497 \& 83,800 \& 83,850 \& 17,978 \& 14,286 \& 18,337 <br>
\hline 77,850 \& 77,900 \& 16,312 \& 12,799 \& 16,671 \& 80,850 \& 80,900 \& 17,152 \& 13,549 \& 17,511 \& 83,850 \& 83,900 \& 17,992 \& 14,299 \& 18,351 <br>
\hline 77,900 \& 77,950 \& 16,326 \& 12,811 \& 16,685 \& 80,900 \& 80,950 \& 17,166 \& 13,561 \& 17,525 \& 83,900 \& 83,950 \& 18,006 \& 14,311 \& 18,365 <br>
\hline 77,950 \& 78,000 \& 16,340 \& 12,824 \& 16,699 \& 80,950 \& 81,000 \& 17,180 \& 13,574 \& 17,539 \& 83,950 \& 84,000 \& 18,020 \& 14,324 \& 18,379 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 00 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 78,000 \& 78,050 \& 16,354 \& 12,836 \& 16,713 \& 81,000 \& 81,050 \& 17,194 \& 13,586 \& 17,553 \& 84,000 \& 84,050 \& 18,034 \& 14,336 \& 18,393 <br>
\hline 78,050 \& 78,100 \& 16,368 \& 12,849 \& 16,727 \& 81,050 \& 81,100 \& 17,208 \& 13,599 \& 17,567 \& 84,050 \& 84,100 \& 18,048 \& 14,349 \& 18,407 <br>
\hline 78,100 \& 78,150 \& 16,382 \& 12,861 \& 16,741 \& 81,100 \& 81,150 \& 17,222 \& 13,611 \& 17,581 \& 84,100 \& 84,150 \& 18,062 \& 14,361 \& 18,421 <br>
\hline 78,150 \& 78,200 \& 16,396 \& 12,874 \& 16,755 \& 81,150 \& 81,200 \& 17,236 \& 13,624 \& 17,595 \& 84,150 \& 84,200 \& 18,076 \& 14,374 \& 18,435 <br>
\hline 78,200 \& 78,250 \& 16,410 \& 12,886 \& 16,769 \& 81,200 \& 81,250 \& 17,250 \& 13,636 \& 17,609 \& 84,200 \& 84,250 \& 18,090 \& 14,386 \& 18,449 <br>
\hline 78,250 \& 78,300 \& 16,424 \& 12,899 \& 16,783 \& 81,250 \& 81,300 \& 17,264 \& 13,649 \& 17,623 \& 84,250 \& 84,300 \& 18,104 \& 14,399 \& 18,463 <br>
\hline 78,300 \& 78,350 \& 16,438 \& 12,911 \& 16,797 \& 81,300 \& 81,350 \& 17,278 \& 13,661 \& 17,637 \& 84,300 \& 84,350 \& 18,118 \& 14,411 \& 18,477 <br>
\hline 78,350 \& 78,400 \& 16,452 \& 12,924 \& 16,811 \& 81,350 \& 81,400 \& 17,292 \& 13,674 \& 17,651 \& 84,350 \& 84,400 \& 18,132 \& 14,424 \& 18,491 <br>
\hline 78,400 \& 78,450 \& 16,466 \& 12,936 \& 16,825 \& 81,400 \& 81,450 \& 17,306 \& 13,686 \& 17,665 \& 84,400 \& 84,450 \& 18,146 \& 14,436 \& 18,505 <br>
\hline 78,450 \& 78,500 \& 16,480 \& 12,949 \& 16,839 \& 81,450 \& 81,500 \& 17,320 \& 13,699 \& 17,679 \& 84,450 \& 84,500 \& 18,160 \& 14,449 \& 18,519 <br>
\hline 78,500 \& 78,550 \& 16,494 \& 12,961 \& 16,853 \& 81,500 \& 81,550 \& 17,334 \& 13,711 \& 17,693 \& 84,500 \& 84,550 \& 18,174 \& 14,461 \& 18,533 <br>
\hline 78,550 \& 78,600 \& 16,508 \& 12,974 \& 16,867 \& 81,550 \& 81,600 \& 17,348 \& 13,724 \& 17,707 \& 84,550 \& 84,600 \& 18,188 \& 14,474 \& 18,547 <br>
\hline 78,600 \& 78,650 \& 16,522 \& 12,986 \& 16,881 \& 81,600 \& 81,650 \& 17,362 \& 13,736 \& 17,721 \& 84,600 \& 84,650 \& 18,202 \& 14,486 \& 18,561 <br>
\hline 78,650 \& 78,700 \& 16,536 \& 12,999 \& 16,895 \& 81,650 \& 81,700 \& 17,376 \& 13,749 \& 17,735 \& 84,650 \& 84,700 \& 18,216 \& 14,499 \& 18,575 <br>
\hline 78,700 \& 78,750 \& 16,550 \& 13,011 \& 16,909 \& 81,700 \& 81,750 \& 17,390 \& 13,761 \& 17,749 \& 84,700 \& 84,750 \& 18,230 \& 14,511 \& 18,589 <br>
\hline 78,750 \& 78,800 \& 16,564 \& 13,024 \& 16,923 \& 81,750 \& 81,800 \& 17,404 \& 13,774 \& 17,763 \& 84,750 \& 84,800 \& 18,244 \& 14,524 \& 18,603 <br>
\hline 78,800 \& 78,850 \& 16,578 \& 13,036 \& 16,937 \& 81,800 \& 81,850 \& 17,418 \& 13,786 \& 17,777 \& 84,800 \& 84,850 \& 18,258 \& 14,536 \& 18,617 <br>
\hline 78,850 \& 78,900 \& 16,592 \& 13,049 \& 16,951 \& 81,850 \& 81,900 \& 17,432 \& 13,799 \& 17,791 \& 84,850 \& 84,900 \& 18,272 \& 14,549 \& 18,631 <br>
\hline 78,900 \& 78,950 \& 16,606 \& 13,061 \& 16,965 \& 81,900 \& 81,950 \& 17,446 \& 13,811 \& 17,805 \& 84,900 \& 84,950 \& 18,286 \& 14,561 \& 18,645 <br>
\hline 78,950 \& 79,000 \& 16,620 \& 13,074 \& 16,979 \& 81,950 \& 82,000 \& 17,460 \& 13,824 \& 17,819 \& 84,950 \& 85,000 \& 18,300 \& 14,574 \& 18,659 <br>
\hline 79, \& 00 \& \& \& \& \& 00 \& \& \& \& 85 \& 00 \& \& \& <br>
\hline 79,000 \& 79,050 \& 16,634 \& 13,086 \& 16,993 \& 82,000 \& 82,050 \& 17,474 \& 13,836 \& 17,833 \& 85,000 \& 85,050 \& 18,314 \& 14,586 \& 18,673 <br>
\hline 79,050 \& 79,100 \& 16,648 \& 13,099 \& 17,007 \& 82,050 \& 82,100 \& 17,488 \& 13,849 \& 17,847 \& 85,050 \& 85,100 \& 18,328 \& 14,599 \& 18,687 <br>
\hline 79,100 \& 79,150 \& 16,662 \& 13,111 \& 17,021 \& 82,100 \& 82,150 \& 17,502 \& 13,861 \& 17,861 \& 85,100 \& 85,150 \& 18,342 \& 14,611 \& 18,701 <br>
\hline 79,150 \& 79,200 \& 16,676 \& 13,124 \& 17,035 \& 82,150 \& 82,200 \& 17,516 \& 13,874 \& 17,875 \& 85,150 \& 85,200 \& 18,356 \& 14,624 \& 18,715 <br>

\hline $$
79,200
$$ \& 79,250 \& 16,690 \& 13,136 \& 17,049 \& 82,200 \& 82,250 \& 17,530 \& 13,886 \& 17,889 \& 85,200 \& 85,250 \& 18,370 \& 14,636 \& 18,729 <br>

\hline 79,250 \& 79,300 \& 16,704 \& 13,149 \& 17,063 \& 82,250 \& 82,300 \& 17,544 \& 13,899 \& 17,903 \& 85,250 \& 85,300 \& 18,384 \& 14,649 \& 18,743 <br>
\hline 79,300 \& 79,350 \& 16,718 \& 13,161 \& 17,077 \& 82,300 \& 82,350 \& 17,558 \& 13,911 \& 17,917 \& 85,300 \& 85,350 \& 18,398 \& 14,661 \& 18,757 <br>
\hline 79,350 \& 79,400 \& 16,732 \& 13,174 \& 17,091 \& 82,350 \& 82,400 \& 17,572 \& 13,924 \& 17,931 \& 85,350 \& 85,400 \& 18,412 \& 14,674 \& 18,771 <br>
\hline 79,400 \& 79,450 \& 16,746 \& 13,186 \& 17,105 \& 82,400 \& 82,450 \& 17,586 \& 13,936 \& 17,945 \& 85,400 \& 85,450 \& 18,426 \& 14,686 \& 18,785 <br>
\hline 79,450 \& 79,500 \& 16,760 \& 13,199 \& 17,119 \& 82,450 \& 82,500 \& 17,600 \& 13,949 \& 17,959 \& 85,450 \& 85,500 \& 18,440 \& 14,699 \& 18,799 <br>
\hline 79,500 \& 79,550 \& 16,774 \& 13,211 \& 17,133 \& 82,500 \& 82,550 \& 17,614 \& 13,961 \& 17,973 \& 85,500 \& 85,550 \& 18,454 \& 14,711 \& 18,813 <br>
\hline 79,550 \& 79,600 \& 16,788 \& 13,224 \& 17,147 \& 82,550 \& 82,600 \& 17,628 \& 13,974 \& 17,987 \& 85,550 \& 85,600 \& 18,468 \& 14,724 \& 18,827 <br>
\hline 79,600 \& 79,650 \& 16,802 \& 13,236 \& 17,161 \& 82,600 \& 82,650 \& 17,642 \& 13,986 \& 18,001 \& 85,600 \& 85,650 \& 18,482 \& 14,736 \& 18,841 <br>
\hline 79,650 \& 79,700 \& 16,816 \& 13,249 \& 17,175 \& 82,650 \& 82,700 \& 17,656 \& 13,999 \& 18,015 \& 85,650 \& 85,700 \& 18,496 \& 14,749 \& 18,855 <br>
\hline 79,700 \& 79,750 \& 16,830 \& 13,261 \& 17,189 \& 82,700 \& 82,750 \& 17,670 \& 14,011 \& 18,029 \& 85,700 \& 85,750 \& 18,510 \& 14,761 \& 18,869 <br>
\hline 79,750 \& 79,800 \& 16,844 \& 13,274 \& 17,203 \& 82,750 \& 82,800 \& 17,684 \& 14,024 \& 18,043 \& 85,750 \& 85,800 \& 18,524 \& 14,774 \& 18,883 <br>
\hline 79,800 \& 79,850 \& 16,858 \& 13,286 \& 17,217 \& 82,800 \& 82,850 \& 17,698 \& 14,036 \& 18,057 \& 85,800 \& 85,850 \& 18,538 \& 14,786 \& 18,897 <br>
\hline 79,850 \& 79,900 \& 16,872 \& 13,299 \& 17,231 \& 82,850 \& 82,900 \& 17,712 \& 14,049 \& 18,071 \& 85,850 \& 85,900 \& 18,552 \& 14,799 \& 18,911 <br>
\hline 79,900 \& 79,950 \& 16,886 \& 13,311 \& 17,245 \& 82,900 \& 82,950 \& 17,726 \& 14,061 \& 18,085 \& 85,900 \& 85,950 \& 18,566 \& 14,811 \& 18,925 <br>
\hline 79,950 \& 80,000 \& 16,900 \& 13,324 \& 17,259 \& 82,950 \& 83,000 \& 17,740 \& 14,074 \& 18,099 \& 85,950 \& 86,000 \& 18,580 \& 14,824 \& 18,939 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

2005 Tax Table-Continued

| If For 1040N line 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{n} \\ & \mathrm{R}, \end{aligned}$ <br> , is- | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> ur tax is | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> ur tax is- | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> Your tax | Married filing separately |
| 95,000 |  |  |  |  | 97,000 |  |  |  |  | 99,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 95,000 | 95,050 | 21,114 | 17,086 | 21,654 | 97,000 | 97,050 | 21,674 | 17,586 | 22,314 | 99,000 | 99,050 | 22,234 | 18,086 | 22,974 |
| 95,050 | 95,100 | 21,128 | 17,099 | 21,671 | 97,050 | 97,100 | 21,688 | 17,599 | 22,331 | 99,050 | 99,100 | 22,248 | 18,099 | 22,991 |
| 95,100 | 95,150 | 21,142 | 17,111 | 21,687 | 97,100 | 97,150 | 21,702 | 17,611 | 22,347 | 99,100 | 99,150 | 22,262 | 18,111 | 23,007 |
| 95,150 | 95,200 | 21,156 | 17,124 | 21,704 | 97,150 | 97,200 | 21,716 | 17,624 | 22,364 | 99,150 | 99,200 | 22,276 | 18,124 | 23,024 |
| 95,200 | 95,250 | 21,170 | 17,136 | 21,720 | 97,200 | 97,250 | 21,730 | 17,636 | 22,380 | 99,200 | 99,250 | 22,290 | 18,136 | 23,040 |
| 95,250 | 95,300 | 21,184 | 17,149 | 21,737 | 97,250 | 97,300 | 21,744 | 17,649 | 22,397 | 99,250 | 99,300 | 22,304 | 18,149 | 23,057 |
| 95,300 | 95,350 | 21,198 | 17,161 | 21,753 | 97,300 | 97,350 | 21,758 | 17,661 | 22,413 | 99,300 | 99,350 | 22,318 | 18,161 | 23,073 |
| 95,350 | 95,400 | 21,212 | 17,174 | 21,770 | 97,350 | 97,400 | 21,772 | 17,674 | 22,430 | 99,350 | 99,400 | 22,332 | 18,174 | 23,090 |
| 95,400 | 95,450 | 21,226 | 17,186 | 21,786 | 97,400 | 97,450 | 21,786 | 17,686 | 22,446 | 99,400 | 99,450 | 22,346 | 18,186 | 23,106 |
| 95,450 | 95,500 | 21,240 | 17,199 | 21,803 | 97,450 | 97,500 | 21,800 | 17,699 | 22,463 | 99,450 | 99,500 | 22,360 | 18,199 | 23,123 |
| 95,500 | 95,550 | 21,254 | 17,211 | 21,819 | 97,500 | 97,550 | 21,814 | 17,711 | 22,479 | 99,500 | 99,550 | 22,374 | 18,211 | 23,139 |
| 95,550 | 95,600 | 21,268 | 17,224 | 21,836 | 97,550 | 97,600 | 21,828 | 17,724 | 22,496 | 99,550 | 99,600 | 22,388 | 18,224 | 23,156 |
| 95,600 | 95,650 | 21,282 | 17,236 | 21,852 | 97,600 | 97,650 | 21,842 | 17,736 | 22,512 | 99,600 | 99,650 | 22,402 | 18,236 | 23,172 |
| 95,650 | 95,700 | 21,296 | 17,249 | 21,869 | 97,650 | 97,700 | 21,856 | 17,749 | 22,529 | 99,650 | 99,700 | 22,416 | 18,249 | 23,189 |
| 95,700 | 95,750 | 21,310 | 17,261 | 21,885 | 97,700 | 97,750 | 21,870 | 17,761 | 22,545 | 99,700 | 99,750 | 22,430 | 18,261 | 23,205 |
| 95,750 | 95,800 | 21,324 | 17,274 | 21,902 | 97,750 | 97,800 | 21,884 | 17,774 | 22,562 | 99,750 | 99,800 | 22,444 | 18,274 | 23,222 |
| 95,800 | 95,850 | 21,338 | 17,286 | 21,918 | 97,800 | 97,850 | 21,898 | 17,786 | 22,578 | 99,800 | 99,850 | 22,458 | 18,286 | 23,238 |
| 95,850 | 95,900 | 21,352 | 17,299 | 21,935 | 97,850 | 97,900 | 21,912 | 17,799 | 22,595 | 99,850 | 99,900 | 22,472 | 18,299 | 23,255 |
| 95,900 | 95,950 | 21,366 | 17,311 | 21,951 | 97,900 | 97,950 | 21,926 | 17,811 | 22,611 | 99,900 | 99,950 | 22,486 | 18,311 | 23,271 |
| 95,950 | 96,000 | 21,380 | 17,324 | 21,968 | 97,950 | 98,000 | 21,940 | 17,824 | 22,628 | 99,950 | 100,000 | 22,500 | 18,324 | 23,288 |
| 96,00 |  |  |  |  | 98,0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,000 | 96,050 | 21,394 | 17,336 | 21,984 | 98,000 | 98,050 | 21,954 | 17,836 | 22,644 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,050 | 96,100 | 21,408 | 17,349 | 22,001 | 98,050 | 98,100 | 21,968 | 17,849 | 22,661 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,100 | 96,150 | 21,422 | 17,361 | 22,017 | 98,100 | 98,150 | 21,982 | 17,861 | 22,677 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,150 | 96,200 | 21,436 | 17,374 | 22,034 | 98,150 | 98,200 | 21,996 | 17,874 | 22,694 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,200 | 96,250 | 21,450 | 17,386 | 22,050 | 98,200 | 98,250 | 22,010 | 17,886 | 22,710 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,250 | 96,300 | 21,464 | 17,399 | 22,067 | 98,250 | 98,300 | 22,024 | 17,899 | 22,727 |  |  | ,00,000 |  |  |
| 96,300 | 96,350 | 21,478 | 17,411 | 22,083 | 98,300 | 98,350 | 22,038 | 17,911 | 22,743 |  |  | , |  |  |
| 96,350 | 96,400 | 21,492 | 17,424 | 22,100 | 98,350 | 98,400 | 22,052 | 17,924 | 22,760 |  |  | er - u |  |  |
| 96,400 | 96,450 | 21,506 | 17,436 | 22,116 | 98,400 | 98,450 | 22,066 | 17,936 | 22,776 |  |  | he Ta |  |  |
| 96,450 | 96,500 | 21,520 | 17,449 | 22,133 | 98,450 | 98,500 | 22,080 | 17,949 | 22,793 |  |  | mputati |  |  |
| 96,500 | 96,550 | 21,534 | 17,461 | 22,149 | 98,500 | 98,550 | 22,094 | 17,961 | 22,809 |  |  | orkshe |  |  |
| 96,550 | 96,600 | 21,548 | 17,474 | 22,166 | 98,550 | 98,600 | 22,108 | 17,974 | 22,826 |  |  | orkshee |  |  |
| 96,600 | 96,650 | 21,562 | 17,486 | 22,182 | 98,600 | 98,650 | 22,122 | 17,986 | 22,842 |  |  | page |  |  |
| 96,650 | 96,700 | 21,576 | 17,499 | 22,199 | 98,650 | 98,700 | 22,136 | 17,999 | 22,859 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,700 | 96,750 | 21,590 | 17,511 | 22,215 | 98,700 | 98,750 | 22,150 | 18,011 | 22,875 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,750 | 96,800 | 21,604 | 17,524 | 22,232 | 98,750 | 98,800 | 22,164 | 18,024 | 22,892 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,800 | 96,850 | 21,618 | 17,536 | 22,248 | 98,800 | 98,850 | 22,178 | 18,036 | 22,908 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,850 | 96,900 | 21,632 | 17,549 | 22,265 | 98,850 | 98,900 | 22,192 | 18,049 | 22,925 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,900 | 96,950 | 21,646 | 17,561 | 22,281 | 98,900 | 98,950 | 22,206 | 18,061 | 22,941 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96,950 | 97,000 | 21,660 | 17,574 | 22,298 | 98,950 | 99,000 | 22,220 | 18,074 | 22,958 |  |  |  |  |  |

## 2005 Tax Computation Worksheet—Line 41

See the instructions for line 41 beginning on page 17 to see if you must use the worksheet below to figure your tax.

Section A—Use if you checked filing status box 1 or 2 for Single. Complete the row below that applies to you.

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Taxable income. } \\ \text { If line } 40 \text { is: }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (a) } \\ \text { Enter the amount from } \\ \text { line } 40\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (b) } \\ \text { Multiplication } \\ \text { amount }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (c) } \\ \text { Multiply } \\ \text { (a) by (b) }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (d) } \\ \text { Subtraction } \\ \text { amount }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Tax. } \\ \text { Subtract (d) from (c). } \\ \text { Enter the result here } \\ \text { and on }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Form 1040NR, line 41 |  |  |  |  |  |$]$

Section B—Use if you checked filing status box 6 for qualifying widow(er). Complete the row below that applies to you.

| Taxable income. <br> If line 40 is: | (a) <br> Enter the amount from <br> line 40 | (b) <br> Multiplication <br> amount | (c) <br> Multiply <br> (a) by (b) | (d) <br> Subtraction <br> amount | Tax. <br> Subtract (d) from (c). <br> Enter the result here <br> and on <br> Form 1040NR, line 41 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| At least $\$ 100,000$ but not over <br> $\$ 119,950$ | $\$$ | $\times 25 \%(.25)$ | $\$$ | $\$ 6,670.00$ | $\$$ |
| Over $\$ 119,950$ but not over <br> $\$ 182,800$ | $\$$ | $\times 28 \%(.28)$ | $\$$ | $\$ 10,268.50$ | $\$$ |
| Over $\$ 182,800$ but not over <br> $\$ 326,450$ | $\$$ | $\times 33 \%(.33)$ | $\$$ | $\$ 19,408.50$ | $\$$ |
| Over $\$ 326,450$ | $\$$ | $\times 35 \%(.35)$ | $\$$ | $\$ 25,937.50$ | $\$$ |

Section C-Use if you checked filing status box 3 , 4 , or 5 for Married filing separately. Complete the row below that applies to you.

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Taxable income } \\ \text { If line 40 is: }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (a) } \\ \text { Enter the amount from } \\ \text { line } 40\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (b) } \\ \text { Multiplication } \\ \text { amount }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (c) } \\ \text { Multiply } \\ \text { (a) by (b) }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { (d) } \\ \text { Subtraction } \\ \text { amount }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Tax. } \\ \text { Subtract (d) from (c). } \\ \text { Enter the result here } \\ \text { and on }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Form 1040NR, line 41 |  |  |  |  |  |$]$

## 2005 Tax Rate Schedules

Estates or Trusts. Use Schedule W below to compute your tax.
Individuals. If your taxable income is $\$ 100,000$ or more, use the Tax Computation Worksheet on page 43 to compute your tax. The Tax Rate Schedules are shown so you can see the tax rate that applies to all levels of taxable income but should not be used to figure your tax.

## Schedule W

## Estates or Trusts

Use this schedule for a nonresident alien estate or trust-

| If the amount on Form 1040NR, line 40, is: <br> Over- | But not over- | Enter on Form 1040NR, line 41 | of the amount over- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0 | \$2,000 | ..... 15\% | \$0 |
| 2,000 | 4,700 | \$300 + 25\% | 2,000 |
| 4,700 | 7,150 | 975.00 + 28\% | 4,700 |
| 7,150 | 9,750 | 1,661.00 + 33\% | 7,150 |
| 9,750 |  | 2,519.00 + 35\% | 9,750 |

Schedule Y
Married Filing Separate Returns-If you checked Filing Status Box 3, 4, or 5 on Form 1040NR

| If taxable income is: |  | The tax is: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over- | But not over- |  | of the amount over- |
| \$0 | \$7,300 | ... 10\% | \$0 |
| 7,300 | 29,700 | \$730.00 + 15\% | 7,300 |
| 29,700 | 59,975 | 4,090.00 + 25\% | 29,700 |
| 59,975 | 91,400 | 11,658.75 + 28\% | 59,975 |
| 91,400 | 163,225 | 20,457.75 + 33\% | 91,400 |
| 163,225 | -........ | 44,160.00 + 35\% | 163,225 |

## Schedule X <br> Single Taxpayers-If you checked Filing Status Box 1 or 2 on Form 1040NR

| If taxable The tax <br> income is: is: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over- | But not over- |  | of the amount over- |
| \$0 | \$7,300 | .-. 10\% | \$0 |
| 7,300 | 29,700 | \$730.00 + 15\% | 7,300 |
| 29,700 | 71,950 | 4,090.00 + 25\% | 29,700 |
| 71,950 | 150,150 | 14,652.50 + 28\% | 71,950 |
| 150,150 | 326,450 | 36,548.50 + 33\% | 150,150 |
| 326,450 |  | 94,727.50 + $35 \%$ | 326,450 |

Schedule Z
Qualifying Widows and Widowers-If you checked Filing Status Box 6 on Form 1040NR

| If taxable income is: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over- | But not over- |  | of the amount over- |
| \$0 | \$14,600 | 10\% | \$0 |
| 14,600 | 59,400 | \$1,460.00 + 15\% | 14,600 |
| 59,400 | 119,950 | 8,180.00 + 25\% | 59,400 |
| 119,950 | 182,800 | 23,317.50 + 28\% | 119,950 |
| 182,800 | 326,450 | 40,915.50 + $33 \%$ | 182,800 |
| 326,450 | - | 88,320.00 + $35 \%$ | 326,450 |

2005 Tax Table-Continued

| If Form 1040N line 40 | is- | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  | If Form 1040NR, line 40, is- |  | And you are- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) ur tax is- | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) <br> tax is | Married filing separately | At least | But less than | Single | Qualifying widow(er) ur tax is- | Married filing separately |
| 86,000 |  |  |  |  | 89,000 |  |  |  |  | 92,000 |  |  |  |  |
| 86,000 | 86,050 | 18,594 | 14,836 | 18,953 | 89,000 | 89,050 | 19,434 | 15,586 | 19,793 | 92,000 | 92,050 | 20,274 | 16,336 | 20,664 |
| 86,050 | 86,100 | 18,608 | 14,849 | 18,967 | 89,050 | 89,100 | 19,448 | 15,599 | 19,807 | 92,050 | 92,100 | 20,288 | 16,349 | 20,681 |
| 86,100 | 86,150 | 18,622 | 14,861 | 18,981 | 89,100 | 89,150 | 19,462 | 15,611 | 19,821 | 92,100 | 92,150 | 20,302 | 16,361 | 20,697 |
| 86,150 | 86,200 | 18,636 | 14,874 | 18,995 | 89,150 | 89,200 | 19,476 | 15,624 | 19,835 | 92,150 | 92,200 | 20,316 | 16,374 | 20,714 |
| 86,200 | 86,250 | 18,650 | 14,886 | 19,009 | 89,200 | 89,250 | 19,490 | 15,636 | 19,849 | 92,200 | 92,250 | 20,330 | 16,386 | 20,730 |
| 86,250 | 86,300 | 18,664 | 14,899 | 19,023 | 89,250 | 89,300 | 19,504 | 15,649 | 19,863 | 92,250 | 92,300 | 20,344 | 16,399 | 20,747 |
| 86,300 | 86,350 | 18,678 | 14,911 | 19,037 | 89,300 | 89,350 | 19,518 | 15,661 | 19,877 | 92,300 | 92,350 | 20,358 | 16,411 | 20,763 |
| 86,350 | 86,400 | 18,692 | 14,924 | 19,051 | 89,350 | 89,400 | 19,532 | 15,674 | 19,891 | 92,350 | 92,400 | 20,372 | 16,424 | 20,780 |
| 86,400 | 86,450 | 18,706 | 14,936 | 19,065 | 89,400 | 89,450 | 19,546 | 15,686 | 19,905 | 92,400 | 92,450 | 20,386 | 16,436 | 20,796 |
| 86,450 | 86,500 | 18,720 | 14,949 | 19,079 | 89,450 | 89,500 | 19,560 | 15,699 | 19,919 | 92,450 | 92,500 | 20,400 | 16,449 | 20,813 |
| 86,500 | 86,550 | 18,734 | 14,961 | 19,093 | 89,500 | 89,550 | 19,574 | 15,711 | 19,933 | 92,500 | 92,550 | 20,414 | 16,461 | 20,829 |
| 86,550 | 86,600 | 18,748 | 14,974 | 19,107 | 89,550 | 89,600 | 19,588 | 15,724 | 19,947 | 92,550 | 92,600 | 20,428 | 16,474 | 20,846 |
| 86,600 | 86,650 | 18,762 | 14,986 | 19,121 | 89,600 | 89,650 | 19,602 | 15,736 | 19,961 | 92,600 | 92,650 | 20,442 | 16,486 | 20,862 |
| 86,650 | 86,700 | 18,776 | 14,999 | 19,135 | 89,650 | 89,700 | 19,616 | 15,749 | 19,975 | 92,650 | 92,700 | 20,456 | 16,499 | 20,879 |
| 86,700 | 86,750 | 18,790 | 15,011 | 19,149 | 89,700 | 89,750 | 19,630 | 15,761 | 19,989 | 92,700 | 92,750 | 20,470 | 16,511 | 20,895 |
| 86,750 | 86,800 | 18,804 | 15,024 | 19,163 | 89,750 | 89,800 | 19,644 | 15,774 | 20,003 | 92,750 | 92,800 | 20,484 | 16,524 | 20,912 |
| 86,800 | 86,850 | 18,818 | 15,036 | 19,177 | 89,800 | 89,850 | 19,658 | 15,786 | 20,017 | 92,800 | 92,850 | 20,498 | 16,536 | 20,928 |
| 86,850 | 86,900 | 18,832 | 15,049 | 19,191 | 89,850 | 89,900 | 19,672 | 15,799 | 20,031 | 92,850 | 92,900 | 20,512 | 16,549 | 20,945 |
| 86,900 | 86,950 | 18,846 | 15,061 | 19,205 | 89,900 | 89,950 | 19,686 | 15,811 | 20,045 | 92,900 | 92,950 | 20,526 | 16,561 | 20,961 |
| 86,950 | 87,000 | 18,860 | 15,074 | 19,219 | 89,950 | 90,000 | 19,700 | 15,824 | 20,059 | 92,950 | 93,000 | 20,540 | 16,574 | 20,978 |
|  | 00 |  |  |  |  | 00 |  |  |  | 93, | 00 |  |  |  |
| 87,000 | 87,050 | 18,874 | 15,086 | 19,233 | 90,000 | 90,050 | 19,714 | 15,836 | 20,073 | 93,000 | 93,050 | 20,554 | 16,586 | 20,994 |
| 87,050 | 87,100 | 18,888 | 15,099 | 19,247 | 90,050 | 90,100 | 19,728 | 15,849 | 20,087 | 93,050 | 93,100 | 20,568 | 16,599 | 21,011 |
| 87,100 | 87,150 | 18,902 | 15,111 | 19,261 | 90,100 | 90,150 | 19,742 | 15,861 | 20,101 | 93,100 | 93,150 | 20,582 | 16,611 | 21,027 |
| 87,150 | 87,200 | 18,916 | 15,124 | 19,275 | 90,150 | 90,200 | 19,756 | 15,874 | 20,115 | 93,150 | 93,200 | 20,596 | 16,624 | 21,044 |
| 87,200 | 87,250 | 18,930 | 15,136 | 19,289 | 90,200 | 90,250 | 19,770 | 15,886 | 20,129 | 93,200 | 93,250 | 20,610 | 16,636 | 21,060 |
| 87,250 | 87,300 | 18,944 | 15,149 | 19,303 | 90,250 | 90,300 | 19,784 | 15,899 | 20,143 | 93,250 | 93,300 | 20,624 | 16,649 | 21,077 |
| 87,300 | 87,350 | 18,958 | 15,161 | 19,317 | 90,300 | 90,350 | 19,798 | 15,911 | 20,157 | 93,300 | 93,350 | 20,638 | 16,661 | 21,093 |
| 87,350 | 87,400 | 18,972 | 15,174 | 19,331 | 90,350 | 90,400 | 19,812 | 15,924 | 20,171 | 93,350 | 93,400 | 20,652 | 16,674 | 21,110 |
| 87,400 | 87,450 | 18,986 | 15,186 | 19,345 | 90,400 | 90,450 | 19,826 | 15,936 | 20,185 | 93,400 | 93,450 | 20,666 | 16,686 | 21,126 |
| 87,450 | 87,500 | 19,000 | 15,199 | 19,359 | 90,450 | 90,500 | 19,840 | 15,949 | 20,199 | 93,450 | 93,500 | 20,680 | 16,699 | 21,143 |
| 87,500 | 87,550 | 19,014 | 15,211 | 19,373 | 90,500 | 90,550 | 19,854 | 15,961 | 20,213 | 93,500 | 93,550 | 20,694 | 16,711 | 21,159 |
| 87,550 | 87,600 | 19,028 | 15,224 | 19,387 | 90,550 | 90,600 | 19,868 | 15,974 | 20,227 | 93,550 | 93,600 | 20,708 | 16,724 | 21,176 |
| 87,600 | 87,650 | 19,042 | 15,236 | 19,401 | 90,600 | 90,650 | 19,882 | 15,986 | 20,241 | 93,600 | 93,650 | 20,722 | 16,736 | 21,192 |
| 87,650 | 87,700 | 19,056 | 15,249 | 19,415 | 90,650 | 90,700 | 19,896 | 15,999 | 20,255 | 93,650 | 93,700 | 20,736 | 16,749 | 21,209 |
| 87,700 | 87,750 | 19,070 | 15,261 | 19,429 | 90,700 | 90,750 | 19,910 | 16,011 | 20,269 | 93,700 | 93,750 | 20,750 | 16,761 | 21,225 |
| 87,750 | 87,800 | 19,084 | 15,274 | 19,443 | 90,750 | 90,800 | 19,924 | 16,024 | 20,283 | 93,750 | 93,800 | 20,764 | 16,774 | 21,242 |
| 87,800 | 87,850 | 19,098 | 15,286 | 19,457 | 90,800 | 90,850 | 19,938 | 16,036 | 20,297 | 93,800 | 93,850 | 20,778 | 16,786 | 21,258 |
| 87,850 | 87,900 | 19,112 | 15,299 | 19,471 | 90,850 | 90,900 | 19,952 | 16,049 | 20,311 | 93,850 | 93,900 | 20,792 | 16,799 | 21,275 |
| 87,900 | 87,950 | 19,126 | 15,311 | 19,485 | 90,900 | 90,950 | 19,966 | 16,061 | 20,325 | 93,900 | 93,950 | 20,806 | 16,811 | 21,291 |
| 87,950 | 88,000 | 19,140 | 15,324 | 19,499 | 90,950 | 91,000 | 19,980 | 16,074 | 20,339 | 93,950 | 94,000 | 20,820 | 16,824 | 21,308 |
| 88, | 000 |  |  |  | 9 | 000 |  |  |  | 94 | 00 |  |  |  |
| 88,000 | 88,050 | 19,154 | 15,336 | 19,513 | 91,000 | 91,050 | 19,994 | 16,086 | 20,353 | 94,000 | 94,050 | 20,834 | 16,836 | 21,324 |
| 88,050 | 88,100 | 19,168 | 15,349 | 19,527 | 91,050 | 91,100 | 20,008 | 16,099 | 20,367 | 94,050 | 94,100 | 20,848 | 16,849 | 21,341 |
| 88,100 | 88,150 | 19,182 | 15,361 | 19,541 | 91,100 | 91,150 | 20,022 | 16,111 | 20,381 | 94,100 | 94,150 | 20,862 | 16,861 | 21,357 |
| 88,150 | 88,200 | 19,196 | 15,374 | 19,555 | 91,150 | 91,200 | 20,036 | 16,124 | 20,395 | 94,150 | 94,200 | 20,876 | 16,874 | 21,374 |
| 88,200 | 88,250 | 19,210 | 15,386 | 19,569 | 91,200 | 91,250 | 20,050 | 16,136 | 20,409 | 94,200 | 94,250 | 20,890 | 16,886 | 21,390 |
| 88,250 | 88,300 | 19,224 | 15,399 | 19,583 | 91,250 | 91,300 | 20,064 | 16,149 | 20,423 | 94,250 | 94,300 | 20,904 | 16,899 | 21,407 |
| 88,300 | 88,350 | 19,238 | 15,411 | 19,597 | 91,300 | 91,350 | 20,078 | 16,161 | 20,437 | 94,300 | 94,350 | 20,918 | 16,911 | 21,423 |
| 88,350 | 88,400 | 19,252 | 15,424 | 19,611 | 91,350 | 91,400 | 20,092 | 16,174 | 20,451 | 94,350 | 94,400 | 20,932 | 16,924 | 21,440 |
| 88,400 | 88,450 | 19,266 | 15,436 | 19,625 | 91,400 | 91,450 | 20,106 | 16,186 | 20,466 | 94,400 | 94,450 | 20,946 | 16,936 | 21,456 |
| 88,450 | 88,500 | 19,280 | 15,449 | 19,639 | 91,450 | 91,500 | 20,120 | 16,199 | 20,483 | 94,450 | 94,500 | 20,960 | 16,949 | 21,473 |
| 88,500 | 88,550 | 19,294 | 15,461 | 19,653 | 91,500 | 91,550 | 20,134 | 16,211 | 20,499 | 94,500 | 94,550 | 20,974 | 16,961 | 21,489 |
| 88,550 | 88,600 | 19,308 | 15,474 | 19,667 | 91,550 | 91,600 | 20,148 | 16,224 | 20,516 | 94,550 | 94,600 | 20,988 | 16,974 | 21,506 |
| 88,600 | 88,650 | 19,322 | 15,486 | 19,681 | 91,600 | 91,650 | 20,162 | 16,236 | 20,532 | 94,600 | 94,650 | 21,002 | 16,986 | 21,522 |
| 88,650 | 88,700 | 19,336 | 15,499 | 19,695 | 91,650 | 91,700 | 20,176 | 16,249 | 20,549 | 94,650 | 94,700 | 21,016 | 16,999 | 21,539 |
| 88,700 | 88,750 | 19,350 | 15,511 | 19,709 | 91,700 | 91,750 | 20,190 | 16,261 | 20,565 | 94,700 | 94,750 | 21,030 | 17,011 | 21,555 |
| 88,750 | 88,800 | 19,364 | 15,524 | 19,723 | 91,750 | 91,800 | 20,204 | 16,274 | 20,582 | 94,750 | 94,800 | 21,044 | 17,024 | 21,572 |
| 88,800 | 88,850 | 19,378 | 15,536 | 19,737 | 91,800 | 91,850 | 20,218 | 16,286 | 20,598 | 94,800 | 94,850 | 21,058 | 17,036 | 21,588 |
| 88,850 | 88,900 | 19,392 | 15,549 | 19,751 | 91,850 | 91,900 | 20,232 | 16,299 | 20,615 | 94,850 | 94,900 | 21,072 | 17,049 | 21,605 |
| 88,900 | 88,950 | 19,406 | 15,561 | 19,765 | 91,900 | 91,950 | 20,246 | 16,311 | 20,631 | 94,900 | 94,950 | 21,086 | 17,061 | 21,621 |
| 88,950 | 89,000 | 19,420 | 15,574 | 19,779 | 91,950 | 92,000 | 20,260 | 16,324 | 20,648 | 94,950 | 95,000 | 21,100 | 17,074 | 21,638 |


[^0]:    *If you expatriated after June 3, 2004, see Expatriation After June 3, 2004 on this page.

[^1]:    *Estates and trusts must use the Tax Rate Schedules.

