

OMB Control Number Expiration Date ID: <Sample ID>

2007 Nationwide Blood Collection and Utilization Survey

Your help is critical to assess the adequacy of our blood resources.

This biennial survey is the single best means of determining detailed accurate information about collection and utilization of blood and blood components for the United States. The data you contribute and the time you take to assure its accuracy are critical to the success of the survey and the interpretation of findings. In the past, we have asked questions about blood, blood components and cell therapy collection and utilization. This year, due to the needs of the blood banking and hospital blood resource providers, there are new questions regarding detailed utilization, therapeutic apheresis, biovigilance, human tissue collection and utilization and the practices related to these products and services. We look forward to seeing what unfolds and to sharing that report with you. Thank you in advance for your participation in this important National Survey. If you have any questions regarding the survey, while you are compiling the data or afterwards, please use our toll-free number: 800-793-9376.

Please return your completed questionnaire by September 15, 2007.

Statement on Confidentiality and Use of the Data:

The completed questionnaires will be processed and data compiled for analysis. No institutional data provided in response to this survey will be released that allows a facility to be identified directly or indirectly. De-identified data from this survey will be used by researchers throughout the blood community. Results will only be released in aggregate form. The de-identified data and the reports will be in the public domain, accessible to the public.





Instructions: Please read carefully!

- Report all data for the calendar year 1/1/06 through 12/31/06 unless otherwise specified (some questions are about current practices only). If your institution is not on the calendar year 1/1/06 through 12/31/06, please report data for the most recent 12-month period that your institution has available.
- Answer all questions DO NOT LEAVE ANY ITEMS BLANK, unless instructed to skip an item. If your answer is zero, it is important that you enter "0" rather than leaving a blank.
- Consult your records whenever possible to provide the most accurate information available. If records are not available, please provide your <u>best estimate</u>, or that of your most qualified co-worker. It may be necessary for you to forward this questionnaire on to another department for completion of some items.
- Before you begin, read the glossary on the inside back cover of this booklet.
- If you have any questions, please call the AABB toll-free Survey Helpline at 800-793-9376.
- Thank you in advance for your assistance with this important survey!

Section A. General Information

A1.	Provide the name, title, telephone number, and e-mail address of each person completing this
	survey:

Name	Title/Position	Telephone	E-mail

A2. Is your instit	tution [choose one]:
□ 1	A local or regional <u>blood center</u> (non-hospital) that collects blood from donors and supplies blood and components to other facilities?
□ 2	A <u>hospital-based blood bank and transfusion service</u> that collects blood from donors (may be only autologous or directed) and provides blood and components for transfusion primarily to your own facility?
□3	A <u>transfusion service</u> that provides blood and components for transfusion, but does not collect blood from donors?
□4	A local or regional blood center that collects blood from donors and supplies blood, components, and crossmatched blood products to participating facilities (such as a <u>centralized transfusion service</u>)? In this category, the service is not limited to reference laboratory work, but includes routine transfusion service.
□5	An independent facility that collects, processes, manufactures, stores, or distributes <u>cellular therapy</u> products?
For Institutions 1-4	above:
	Does your institution collect, process, manufacture, store, and/or distribute hematopoietic progenitor cells (HPCs) or other cell therapy products? [If you only perform infectious disease testing, please check "No".]
	☐ Yes → BE SURE TO COMPLETE SECTION G ☐ No
	Does your institution collect, process, manufacture, store, and or distribute human tissue for transplantation? [If you only perform infectious disease testing, please check "No".]
	☐ Yes → BE SURE TO COMPLETE SECTION F ☐ No

) Institution Name			
Street Address	City	State	7in
Street Address	City	State	Zip
b) Institution Name			
Street Address	City	State	Zip
2000012402			
c) Institution Name			
c) Institution Name			
Street Address	City	State	Zip
	L	<u> </u>	
☐ Yes ☐ No Which other institutions are served?		ial name, city, an	
□ Yes —	Please provide the offici	ial name, city, an	
☐ Yes ☐ No Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institutions.	Please provide the offici	ial name, city, an	
☐ Yes ☐ No Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institutions.	Please provide the offici	ial name, city, an	
☐ Yes ☐ No Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institution institution. Name	Please provide the officion. Attach a separate sheet	ial name, city, an t if needed.]	nd state of e
☐ Yes ☐ No Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institution a) Institution Name Street Address	Please provide the officion. Attach a separate sheet	ial name, city, an t if needed.]	nd state of e
☐ Yes ☐ No Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institution institution. Name	Please provide the officion. Attach a separate sheet	ial name, city, an t if needed.]	nd state of e
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Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institution a) Institution Name Street Address b) Institution Name	P [Please provide the officion. Attach a separate sheet	state	zip
Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institution a) Institution Name Street Address b) Institution Name Street Address c) Institution Name	City City	State State	Zip Zip
Which other institutions are served? facility, if different from your institution a) Institution Name Street Address b) Institution Name	P [Please provide the officion. Attach a separate sheet	state	Zip

A3. List the official name, city, state, and zip code of every institution for which data are reported

Section B. Blood Collection, Processing, and Testing

B1.	Does your institution "Yes" and complete the	n collect blood from donors? [If you collect autolog his section.]	ous units only, check
	□ Yes →	COMPLETE THIS SECTION.	
	□ No →	SKIP TO SECTION C	
B2.	were successfully con		g categories in 2006? ood". Do not count
	Manual Whol	# of Procedure le Blood Collections	S
	1) Community	(Non-Directed Allogeneic Donations)	
	,		
	Automated Co	# of Procedures ollections	# of Products
	1) Red Cell Ph a.	neresis Allogeneic red cells	
	b.	Autologous red cells	,
	c.	Directed red cells	
	d.	Concurrent plasma	
	e.	Concurrent plasma – jumbo	
	2) Platelet Phe	eresis	
	a.	Single Donor platelets	
	b.	Concurrent plasma	
	c.	Concurrent plasma – jumbo	·
	d.	Concurrent red cells	
	3) Plasma Phe	eresis	
	a.	Source	
	b.	Jumbo FFP (>400 ml)	
	c.	FFP	

	2006?	units were <u>processed</u> by your institution in each of the	
	a.	Number of whole blood units processed for distribution	as whole blood:
			units
	b.	Number of red cell units processed: [Count double units resulting from double collections a pediatric units. Include packed red cells plus units from	
			units
B4.	distribution and released	whole blood and red cells units (combined) were release? [Count double units resulting from double collections as for distribution multiple times should only be counted on TOTAL	s two units. Units returned ce.]
B5 .	How many	linits of the following were produced from whole plood	?
B5.	·	units of the following were produced <u>from whole blood</u>	
B5.	a.	FFP	units
B5.	a. b.	FFPPlasma, frozen within 24 hours	units units
B5.	a. b. c.	FFPPlasma, frozen within 24 hoursPlasma, cryoprecipitate reduced	units units units units
В6.	a. b. c. d.	FFPPlasma, frozen within 24 hours	unitsunitsunitsunitsunits cour institution in 2006?
В6.	a. b. c. d.	FFP	units units units units units units vour institution in 2006? ts as two or three units.]
В6.	a. b. c. d. Of the following double or tri	FFP	unitsunitsunitsunitsunits cour institution in 2006? ts as two or three units.]units
В6.	a. b. c. d. Of the following double or trigon.	FFP	unitsunitsunitsunitsunits cour institution in 2006? ts as two or three units.]unitsunitsunitsunitsunits
В6.	a. b. c. d. Of the following double or trigon. a. b.	FFP	unitsunitsunitsunitsunits cour institution in 2006? ts as two or three units.]unitsunitsunitsunitsunitsunits
В6.	a. b. c. d. Of the following and double or trigonia. b. c.	FFP	units units units units units units cour institution in 2006? ts as two or three units.] units
В6.	a. b. c. d. Of the following the double or trigonian because the double of the double	FFP	unitsunitsunitsunitsunits cour institution in 2006? ts as two or three units.]unitsunitsunitsunitsunitsunitsunits

B7.		the following categories, how many units did yo are/modify to achieve <u>pre-storage leukoreductio</u>	
	a.	Red cells/whole blood	units
	b.	Whole blood derived platelets	units
	c.	Apheresis platelets	units
	d.	Other component units, including pediatric units	units
В8.	From how m in 2006?	nany of the following types of <u>donors</u> did you su	ccessfully collect blood products
	a.	First time allogeneic donors	donors
	b.	Repeat allogeneic donors	donors
B9.	In 2006, how	w many <u>donors</u> were deferred <u>before</u> donating?	
			donors
B10.		w many <u>donors</u> were deferred <u>before</u> donating b carding history of Chagas' disease?	_
D11	**		donors
B11.	How many <u>d</u>	lonations were from repeat allogeneic donors?	
			donations
B12.	How many s	severe donor adverse events did you have in 200	6?
B13.	Are diversio	on devices used when collecting?	events
	a.	Apheresis platelets?	
		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know	
	b.	Whole blood?	
		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know	

B14.		e transfusion services, free stand on services, such as dialysis cento	ling surgery centers, or other off ers?
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Kn	ow	
		If yes, how many units	
		a. RBCs	units
		b. Platelets	units
		c. FFP	units
B15.	Do you issue blood for use	by military installations?	
	□ Yes —		
	□ No		
	☐ Don't Kn		
		If yes, how many units	
		a. RBCs b. Platelets	units units
		c. FFP	units
		c. FFP d. Cryoprecipitate	units
B16.	What was the total number discarded in 2006 for any a	r of allogeneic units (non-directe abnormal test results?	ed and directed combined)
			units
B17.		llected by your facility in 2006, i sitive <u>first- time allogeneic dono</u>	_
	Infectious Disease Marker	# of Repeat Reactive First-time Allogeneic Donors	# of Confirmed Positive
a. Ant	i-HIV-1/HIV-2	First-time Anogeneic Donors	First-time Allogeneic Donors
b. Ant	i-HTLV-I/II		
c. Ant	i-HCV		
d. Ant	і-НВс		
e. HBs			
	plogical test for Syphilis		
	7-1 NAT (antibody negative)		
	V NAT (antibody negative) differentiated NAT (if HIV-1 and		
1 1. Unc	IIITERENTIATED NAT (If HIV-Land		
HC app	CV discriminatory negative when blicable)		
HC	V discriminatory negative when blicable) V NAT		

B18. For all tested donations collected by your facility in 2006, indicate the number of repeat reactive and confirmed positive <u>repeat allogeneic donors</u> by infectious disease marker below:

Infectious Disease Marker	# of Repeat Reactive Repeat Allogeneic Donors	# of Confirmed Positive Repeat Allogeneic Donors
a. Anti-HIV-1/HIV-2		•
b. Anti-HTLV-I/II		
c. Anti-HCV		
d. Anti-HBc		
e. HBsAg		
f. Serological test for Syphilis		
g. HIV-1 NAT (antibody negative)		
h. HCV NAT (antibody negative)		
Undifferentiated NAT (if HIV-1 and HCV discriminatory negative when applicable)		
j. WNV NAT		
k. HBV NAT		

PLEASE GO TO SECTION C

Section C. Blood Transfusion

		ution directly i service for an					tients <u>or</u> does it serv
	□ Y€	es	COMP	LETE THIS	SECT	TION	
		o	SKIP T	TO SECTION	D		
instit	tution tr	•	directly	or as a tran	sfusio	on service for a	B/RBCs) did your nother institution?
		Total #		Total # o			
		Units Trans	sfused	Recipient	S		
0 1	T 1	C :		used to the led patient		diatric patients verlap possible)	transfused to autologous donor
0 1	T 1	C :					
a. N	Number o	of units					
		of recipients					
b. N	Number of	many units of by or as a trans	sfusion s	ervice for an	other	institution?	
b. N	Number (006, how r directl	many units of y or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual co	fusion s derived poncentrat	platelets es, not pools	other	institution?	u
b. N	Number (Oo6, how r directl a.	many units of y or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual co	fusion s derived poncentrat telet unit	platelets es, not pools ts – full dose	other $(\geq 3x)$	institution?	u
b. N	Number (Oo6, how r directl a. b.	many units of y or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual co	fusion s derived poncentrat telet unit	platelets es, not pools] ts – full dose	(≥ 3x	institution?	u
b. N	Number of the Nu	many units of by or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual con Apheresis plates of the content of	derived poncentratelet unit	platelets tes, not pools ts – full dose	(≥ 3x	institution?	uuu
b. N	Number of the Nu	many units of ly or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual con Apheresis plate of FFP	derived poncentrate telet unit muithin a (>400 r	platelets res, not pools ts – full dose 24 hours	(≥ 3x	10 ¹¹)	uuuuuur
b. N	b. c. d.	many units of ly or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual con Apheresis plate of the content of	derived poncentrate telet unit m within a (>400 precipitate	platelets res, not pools ts – full dose 24 hours	(≥ 3x	10 ¹¹)	uuurur
b. N	b. c. d. e. f.	many units of ly or as a trans Whole blood of [Individual con Apheresis plate of FFP	derived poncentrate telet unit within a (>400 recipitate (100ml)	platelets res, not pools ts – full dose 24 hours ml)	(≥ 3x	institution?	uuurur lasmaur

			I. Components irradiated	II. Components leukoreduced before or after storage (not at bedside)	III. Components leukofiltered at the bedside
a. WB/RBC	Cs				
b. Whole bl	lood der	ived platelets			
c. Apheresi	s platele	ts			
d. Other blo including		ponent units, ic units			
C6. Wh	_	J		ility went to the following	departments in
	a. 1	surgery - gen			
	b	orthopedic su	_	%	
	C.	cardiac surge	erv	%	
	d.	trauma/ER			
		oncology	- -	% %	
	d.		- -		
	d. e.	oncology	on services	%	
	d. e. f.	oncology transplantatio	on services	% %	
	d. e. f. g.	oncology transplantation obstetrics/gyn	on services necology onatology	% % %	
	d. e. f. g. h.	oncology transplantation obstetrics/gyn pediatrics/neo	on services necology onatology	% % % %	
C7. Wh	d. e. f. g. h. i. j.	oncology transplantation obstetrics/gyn pediatrics/neo nephrology/d hematology average age of	on services necology onatology ialysis a unit transfused	%%%%%%% at your institution?	□ D-w24 l
C7. Wh	d. e. f. g. h. i. j. at is the	oncology transplantation obstetrics/gyn pediatrics/neo nephrology/d hematology average age of Red blood ce	a unit transfused		□ Don't know
C7. Wh	d. e. f. g. h. i. j.	oncology transplantation obstetrics/gyn pediatrics/neo nephrology/d hematology average age of Red blood ce Whole blood	on services necology onatology ialysis a unit transfused	%	☐ Don't know ☐ Don't know ☐ Don't know

C8.	In 2006, ho	w many therap	eutic <u>platel</u>	<u>et doses</u>	were to	ransfuse	ed?			
	a.	As plateletph	eresis produ	icts					_doses	
	b.	As whole blo	od derived p	olatelets					_doses -	_
	If you indicated a quantity above, what is common) dosage at your institution of when which the dose was derived? [Check one]							whole b	•	
			□<5	□ 5	□ 6	□ 7	□ 8	□9	□ 10	□>10
С9.	What volum	ne of <u>plasma</u> is ition?	most comn	only tr	ansfuse	d durin	g a sing	gle tran	sfusion 6	episode at
									ml	
C10.	•	grams of IVIG your count.]	were used	by your	institu	tion? [I1	nclude t	hose iss	sued by tl	ne
										grams

C11. What was the average dollar amount your institution <u>paid</u> per unit in 2006 for the following components? [Include discounts in your calculations. A response of \$0 should be entered as "NA" rather than 0.]

	Average amount paid
a. Plasma, frozen within 24 hours of phlebotomy	\$
b. Red cells, leukofiltered	\$
c. Whole blood derived platelets, not leukoreduced, not irradiated	\$
d. Apheresis platelets, leukoreduced	\$
e. Cryoprecipitate	\$
f. Hematopoietic Progenitor Cells – Apheresis	\$
g. Hematopoietic Progenitor Cells – Marrow	\$
h. Hematopoietic Progenitor Cells – Cord	\$

C12.	Does your in coordinator)	stitution have an established "bloodless" surgery program (with a dedicated?
		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know
C13.	Does your ho	spital use intra-operative autologous blood recovery therapies?
		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know
C14.	How many deshortages?	ays in 2006 was elective surgery postponed due to actual blood inventory
		days —
		If any, how many surgeries were postponed? [Do not count any single patient's surgery more than once.]
		surgeries
C15.	On how man	y days in 2006 was your regular or standing order incomplete?
		days
C16.	On how man (e.g. red cells	y days in 2006 were you unable to meet other non-surgical blood requests , platelets)?
		days
	How many Wi	B/RBC crossmatch procedures were performed at your facility in 2006 by any
		procedures \(\subseteq \text{ Don't know} \)
		If any:
	a.	What percentage of crossmatch procedures performed would you estimate used electronic crossmatch?
	b.	What percentage of crossmatch procedures would you estimate were performed serologically?

events — Don't known fany events reported, complete the table below indicating how	
Event Description	# of Occurrences
a. Life threatening, requiring major medical intervention following the transfusion, e.g. vasopressors, blood pressure support, intubation or transfer to the intensive care unit?	
b. Transfusion Related Acute Lung Injury (TRALI)?	
c. ABO incompatibility?	
d. Transfusion Associated Circulatory Overload (TACO)?	
e. Acute Hemolysis?	
f. Delayed Hemolysis?	
g. Post Transfusion Sepsis	
h. Severe Allergic Reactions?	
o you have an electronic system for tracking events (i.e. unplant ndesired occurrences)? Yes No	nned, unexpected,
PLEASE GO TO SECTION D	

Sect	tion D. Bacterial	Festing					
D1.	1. Does your institution perform bacteria testing?						
	☐ Yes	LETE THIS S	ECTION				
	□ No → SKIP TO	O SECTION I	Ε				
D2.	D2. Indicate what methods are used by your institution to limit/detect bacterial contamination? [Check the applicable boxes.]						
		Culture- Based Testing	Swirling	pН	Glucose	Other	None
a. 1	Apheresis Platelets?						
	WB Derived Platelets, singly?						
c.	WB Derived Platelets,						

D3. How many confirmed positives and false positives were detected by method in 2006?

pooled?

Method	Number tested	# Confirmed Positive	# False Positive
a. Culture-based Methods			
b. Alternative Method			

PLEASE GO TO SECTION E

Section E. Special Procedures and Product Disposition

This section should be completed by <u>all</u> respondents.

EI.	Does your	institution perform therapeutic apheresis procedures?	
	☐ Yes ☐ No —	→ SKIP TO QUESTION E3	
E2.	How many in 2006?	therapeutic apheresis <u>procedures</u> were performed for the fe	ollowing indications
		# of Pro	ocedures
	a.	Thrombotic Thrombocytopenia Purpura (TTP)	
	b.	Guillain-Barré	
	c.	Multiple sclerosis	
	d.	Sickle cell disease	
	e.	Myasthenia gravis	
	f.	Hemochromatosis	
	g.	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating	
		Polyradiculoneuropathy	
	h.	Goodpasture's Syndrome	
	g.	Other	
E3.		ow many autologous and directed units of red cells and whol community supply?	e blood were crossed
	a.	Autologous	units
	b.	Directed	units
E4.	non-directo your shelf.	total units of <u>red cells</u> , O positive red cells, and O negative red) were <u>outdated</u> in 2006? Include only those units that were If you transfuse blood, include units outdated at <u>your</u> institution for which you serve as a transfusion service.	outdated while on
	a.	All Red Cell Units outdated	units
	b.	O pos red cells outdated	units
	c.	O neg red cells outdated	units

	at <u>your</u> insti	that were outdated while <u>on your shelf</u> . If you transfuse tution, as well as any other institutions for which you set	
	a.	Whole blood	units
	b.	Whole blood derived plasma	units
	c.	Apheresis plasma	units
	d.	Whole blood derived platelets	units
	e.	Apheresis platelets	units
	f.	Cryoprecipitate	units
	g.	Directed units	units
	h.	Autologous units	units
	nositive and	d O negative units)?	cy trauma inventory (O
	positive and	d O negative units)?	unita 🔲 NI/A
E8.	At your fac		_ units □ N/A O positive and group O
E8.	At your fac	cility, what is the maximum number of units of group	_ units □ N/A O positive and group O
E8.	At your factoring and the second seco	cility, what is the maximum number of units of group	_ units

PLEASE GO TO SECTION F

Section F. Cellular Therapy Products

Please give this section to the appropriate cellular therapy collection or laboratory personnel to complete!

F1.	Does your institution collect, process or other cell therapy (CT) products		use hematopoiet	ic progenitor c	ells (HPCs)
	$\begin{array}{ccc} \square & \text{Yes} & \longrightarrow & \text{COMPLETE TILE} \\ \square & \text{No} & \longrightarrow & \text{SKIP TO SECTION} \end{array}$		1		
F2.	Choose which of the following best of	describes you	r program. Is yo	ur program a:	
	☐ Blood center performing HPC ☐ Blood centercollecting and ☐ HPC collection facility within ☐ HPC collection, processing, an ☐ Cord Blood collection facility ☐ Other, please describe	processing and hospital and storage facil only	d/or storing HPCs		
	OR				
	☐ Cord Blood processing/storage ☐ HPC processing/storage facility			,	
F3.	Do you collect products for third par other suppliers of cellular therapy p		ncluding cord bl	ood banks NM	DP, and
	☐ Yes — ☐ No				
	If yes, how many did	l you collect in	ո 2006? [Check aր	ppropriate boxe	s below.]
		HPC-A Hematopoietic	HPC-M Hematopoietic	HPC-C Hematopoietic	Other

	HPC-A Hematopoietic progenitor cells- Apheresis	HPC-M Hematopoietic progenitor cells - Marrow	HPC-C Hematopoietic progenitor cells - Cord	Other
<10 per year				
10-100 per year				
100-500 per year				
>500 per year				

F4.	Are any CT products at your facility used for cardiology applications?
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Don't Know
F5.	Does your program collect cord blood?
	□ Yes □ No
	Is your cord blood collected by:
	☐ A nurse midwife/obstetrician☐ Dedicated cord blood bank collector

F6. How many of each of the following product types were collected/processed at your institution in 2006? [For purposes of the survey, autologous cord blood refers to familial use in 1st or 2nd degree relatives]

	I. II.				
		COLL	ECTED	PROCESSED*	
		Autologous	Allogeneic	*See Glossary	
		▼	▼	▼	
a.	Peripheral blood progenitor cell collections (HPC-A)				
b.	Bone marrow collections (HPC-M)				
c.	Cord blood collections (HPC-C)				
d.	Donor Lymphocyte infusion (or unmanipulated non-mobilized peripheral blood mononuclear cells)				
e.	Hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells, expanded				
f.	Immunotherapies (natural killer cells, dendritic cells, T cells, other)				
g.	Nonhematopoietic stem cells (mesenchymal stem cells (or multipotent stromal cells per ISCT recommendations),other)				
h.	Other products				

F7. Indicate the number of infusion episodes and the number of patient recipients of cell therapies by product type at your institution in 2006. [For purposes of the survey, autologous cord blood refers to familial use in 1st or 2nd degree relatives]

	I Autolo Infus	ogous	Allo	I. geneic sions	
	Total # of episodes ▼	Total # of patients	Total # of episodes ▼	Total # of patients	
a. Peripheral blood progenitor cell products (HPC-A)					
b. Bone marrow products (HPC-M)					
c. Cord blood products (HPC-C)					
d. Donor Lymphocyte infusion(or unmanipulated non-mobilized peripheral blood mononuclear cells)					
e. Hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells, expanded					
f. Immunotherapies (natural killer cells, dendritic cells, T cells, other)					
g. Nonhematopoietic stem cells (mesenchymal stem cells (or multipotent stromal cells per ISCT recommendations) other)					
h. Other Products					

PLEASE GO TO SECTION G

Section G. Human Tissue

G1.	Does your institution maintain an inventory of, or use human tissue for transplantation?
	□ Yes
	\square No \longrightarrow SKIP TO END
G2.	What department(s) are responsible for <u>ANY</u> OPERATIONAL ASPECT OF HANDLING Human Tissue (i.e. ordering, receiving, storage, tracking, and/or issuance)? [Check all that apply]
	 □ Operating Room □ Blood Bank □ Laboratory Medicine/Pathology □ Hospital in-house Tissue Bank □ Infection Control □ Cardiology □ Orthopedics □ Dermatology □ Ophthalmology □ Specialty Dept, Other
G3.	What SINGLE department has the MOST responsibility for Human Tissue (i.e. ordering, receiving, storage, tracking, and/or issuance)? [Check only one]
	☐ Operating Room ☐ Blood Bank ☐ Laboratory Medicine/Pathology ☐ Hospital in-house Tissue Bank ☐ Infection Control ☐ Cardiology ☐ Orthopedics ☐ Dermatology ☐ Ophthalmology ☐ Specialty Dept, Other
G4.	In 2006, what was the total number of human tissue implants/grafts that your facility: [Consult with Specialty Departments, if necessary, e.g. Orthopedics/ Dermatology/ Ophthalmology.]
	a. Used/implanted?
	b. Discarded?
	c. Returned?

G5. D	o you maintain an inventory of human skin?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	What was your average daily inventory of human skin in 2006?
	square feet
G6.	In 2006 how many adverse events have been associated with human tissue implants/grafts?
	events
G7.	If available: [Please direct to the appropriate department e.g.: risk management, quality assurance, etc.]
	a. How many adverse events were related to viral transmission? events
	b. How many adverse events were related to bacterial infection? events
	c. How many adverse events were related to structural failure? events

Thank you very much for your help! Please return the questionnaire in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

AABB 8101 Glenbrook Road Ste 1 Bethesda, MD 20814-9805

Survey Glossary

Autologous: self-directed donations.

Collected: successful whole blood or apheresis collections placed into production (not QNS, or other removals).

Community: in this survey refers to those allogeneic donations <u>not</u> directed to a specific patient.

Directed: allogeneic donations intended for a specific patient.

Dose/Dosage: a quantity administered at one time, such as a specified volume of platelet concentrates.

Episode or Infusion Episode: infusion of one product type (e.g., peripheral blood stem cells) to a patient/recipient. The infusion episode may involve infusion of one or more containers of that product type.

FFP: fresh frozen plasma.

First time donor: first time at your center

Modify: used in this survey to refer to procedures applied by a blood center, hospital blood bank, or transfusion service that may affect the quality or quantity of the final product (e.g. irradiation, leukofiltration, or production of aliquots of lesser volume).

Plasma, frozen within 24 hours of phlebotomy: plasma separated from the blood of an individual donor and placed at -18°C or colder within 24 hours of collection from the donor. Sometimes also referred to as **FP24**.

Plasma, Jumbo: for the purposes of this survey FFP having a volume greater than 400 ml.

Processed: subjected, after collection, to any manipulation or storage procedure. One cellular therapy product can be divided and processed in more than one way and would be counted as one collection but as two or more products processed.

Released for Distribution: units that have fulfilled all processing requirements and are released for transfer to customers.

Severe Donor Adverse Events: adverse events occurring in donors attributed to the donation process that include, for example, major allergic reaction, arterial puncture, loss of consciousness of a minute or more, loss of consciousness with injury, nerve irritation, etc.

Source Plasma: the fluid part of human blood collected by plasmapheresis and intended as source material for further manufacturing use.

Transfusion Service: a facility that performs, or is responsible for the performance of, the storage, selection, and issuance of blood and blood components to intended recipients.

Tissue issuance: release of human tissue within a medical facility or institution.

Tissue recovery: the act of obtaining human cells and/or tissues intended for use in clinical implantation, transplantation, infusion, or transfer.

Tissue storage: the maintenance of human cells and tissue for future use.