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The term "employee
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- (i) transferred by an employer to an employee for length of service achievement or safety achievement,
- (ii) awarded as part of a meaningful presentation, and
- (iii) awarded under conditions and circumstances that do not create a significant likelihood of the payment of disguised compensation.

(B) Qualified plan award.

(i) In general. The term "qualified plan award" means an employee achievement award awarded as part of an established written plan or program of the taxpayer which does not discriminate in favor of highly compensated employees (within the meaning of section 414(q)) as to eligibility or benefits

(ii) Limitation. An employee achievement award shall not be treated as a qualified plan award for any taxable year if the average cost of all employee achievement awards which are provided by the employer during the year, and which would be qualified plan awards but for this subparagraph, exceeds \$400. For purposes of the preceding sentence, average cost shall be determined by including the entire cost of qualified plan awards, without taking into account employee achievement awards of nominal value.

(4) Special rules. For purposes of this subsection—

(A) Partnerships. In the case of an employee achievement award made by a partnership, the deduction limitations contained in paragraph (2) shall apply to the partnership as well as to each member thereof.

(B) Length of service awards. An item shall not be treated as having been provided for length of service achievement if the item is received during the recipient's 1st 5 years of employment or if the recipient received a length of service achievement award (other than an award excludable under section 132(e)(1)) during that year or any of the prior 4 years.

(C) Safety achievement awards. An item provided by an employer to an employee shall not be treated as having been provided for safety achievement if—

- (i) during the taxable year, employee achievement awards (other than awards excludable under section 132(e)(1)) for safety achievement have previously been awarded by the employer to more than 10 percent of the employees of the employer (excluding employees described in clause (ii)), or
- (ii) such item is awarded to a manager, administrator, clerical employee, or other professional employee.

(k) Business meals.

(1) In general. No deduction shall be allowed under this chapter for the expense of any food or beverages unless—

(A) such expense is not lavish or extravagant under the circumstances, and

(B) the taxpayer (or an employee of the taxpayer) is present at the furnishing of such food or beverages.

(2) Exceptions. Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—

(A) any expense described in paragraph (2), (3), (4), (7), (8), or (9) of subsection (e), and

(B) any other expense to the extent provided in regulations.

(l) Additional limitations on entertainment tickets.

(1) Entertainment tickets.

(A) In general. In determining the amount allowable as a deduction under this chapter for any ticket for any activity or facility described in subsection (d)(2), the amount taken into account shall not exceed the face

(B) Exception for certain charitable sports events. Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to any ticket for any sports event—

(i) which is organized for the primary purpose of benefiting an organization which is described in section 501(c)(3) and exempt from tax under section 501(a),

(ii) all of the net proceeds of which are contributed to such organization, and

(iii) which utilizes volunteers for substantially all of the work performed in carrying out such event.

(2) Skyboxes, etc. In the case of a skybox or other private luxury box leased for more than 1 event, the amount allowable as a deduction under this chapter with respect to such events shall not exceed the sum of the face value of non-luxury box seat tickets for the seats in such box covered by the lease. For purposes of the preceding sentence, 2 or more related leases shall be treated as 1 lease.

(m) Additional limitations on travel expenses.

(1) Luxury water transportation.

(A) In general. No deduction shall be allowed under this chapter for expenses incurred for transportation by water to the extent such expenses exceed twice the aggregate per diem amounts for days of such transportation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "per diem amounts" means the highest amount generally allowable with respect to a day to employees of the executive branch of the Federal Government for per diem while away from home but serving in the United States.

(B) Exceptions. Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to—

- (i) any expense allocable to a convention, seminar, or other meeting which is held on any cruise ship, and
- (ii) any expense described in paragraph (2), (3), (4), (7), (8), or (9) of subsection (e).

(2) Travel as form of education. No deduction shall be allowed under this chapter for expenses for travel as a form of education.

(3) Travel expenses of spouse, dependent, or others. No deduction shall be allowed under this chapter (other than section 217) for travel expenses paid or incurred with respect to a spouse, dependent, or other individual accompanying the taxpayer (or an officer or employee of the taxpayer) on business travel, unless—

(A) the spouse, dependent, or other individual is an employee of the taxpayer,

(B) the travel of the spouse, dependent, or other individual is for a bona fide business purpose, and

(C) such expenses would otherwise be deductible by the spouse, dependent, or other individual.

(n) Only 50 percent of meal and entertainment expenses allowed as deduction.

(1) In general. The amount allowable as a deduction under this chapter for—

(A) any expense for food or beverages, and

(B) any item with respect to an activity which is of a type generally considered to constitute entertainment, amusement, or recreation, or with respect to a facility used in connection with such activity,

shall not exceed 50 percent of the amount of such expense or item which would (but for this paragraph) be allowable as a deduction under this chapter.

(2) Exceptions. Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any expense if—

(A) such expense is described in paragraph (2), (3), (4),

Code Sec. 274(n)(2)(B)

(B) in the case of an expense for food or beverages, such expense is excludable from the gross income of the recipient under section 132 by reason of subsection (e) thereof (relating to de minimis fringes),

(C) such expense is covered by a package involving a ticket described in subsection (f)(1)(B),

(D) in the case of an employer who pays or reimburses moving expenses of an employee, such expenses are includible in the income of the employee under section 82, or

(E) such expense is for food or beverages—

- (i) required by any Federal law to be provided to crew members of a commercial vessel.
- (ii) provided to crew members of a commercial vessel—
 - (I) which is operating on the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway, or any inland waterway of the United States, and
 - (II) which is of a kind which would be required by Federal law to provide food and beverages to crew members if it were operated at sea.
- (iii) provided on an oil or gas platform or drilling rig if the platform or rig is located offshore, or
- (iv) provided on an oil or gas platform or drilling rig, or at a support camp which is in proximity and integral to such platform or rig, if the platform or rig is located in the United States north of 54 degrees north latitude.

Clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (E) shall not apply to vessels primarily engaged in providing luxury water transportation (determined under the principles of subsection (m)). In the case of the employee, the exception of subparagraph (A) shall not apply to expenses described in subparagraph (D).

(3) Special rule for individuals subject to federal hours of service.

(A) In general. In the case of any expenses for food or beverages consumed while away from home (within the meaning of section 162(a)(2)) by an individual during, or incident to, the period of duty subject to the hours of service limitations of the Department of Transportation, paragraph (1) shall be applied by substituting "the applicable percentage" for "50 percent".

(B) Applicable percentage. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "applicable percentage" means the percentage determined under the following table:

For taxable years beginning in calendar year—	The applicable percentage is—
1998 or 1999	55
2000 or 2001	60

Limitations on deduction

Prior to repeal. P.L. 100-647, Sec. 6008 read as follows.

"Sec. 6008. Business use of automobiles by rural mail carriers

"(a) General rule

"In the case of any employee of the United States Postal Service who performs services involving the collection and delivery of mail on a rural route, such employee shall be permitted to compute the amount allowable as a deduction under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for the use of an automobile in performing such services by using a standard mileage rate for all miles of such use equal to 150 percent of the basic standard rate.

"(b) Subsection (a) not to apply if employee claims depreciation deductions for automobile.

"Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to any automobile if, for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1987, the taxpayer claimed depreciation deductions for such automobile

"(c) Basic standard rate

"For purposes of this section, the term 'basic standard rate' means the standard mileage rate which is prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate for computing the amount of the deduction for the business use of an automobile and which—

- (1) is in effect at the time of the use referred to in subsection (a),
- (2) applies to an automobile which is not fully depreciated, and
- (3) applies to the first 15,000 miles (or such other number as the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate may hereafter prescribe of business use during the taxable year

"(d) Effective date.

"The provisions of this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987."

In 1993, P.L. 103-66, Sec. 13209(a), substituted "50 percent" for "80 percent" in para. (n)(1). . . Sec. 13209(b), substituted "50" for "80" in the heading of subsection (n), effective for tax yrs. begin. after 12/31/93.

—P.L. 103-66, Sec. 13210(a), added para. (a)(3) . . . Sec. 13210(b), added the sentence at the end of para. (e)(4), effective for amounts paid or incurred after 12/31/93.

—P.L. 103-66, Sec. 13272(a), added para. (m)(3), effective for amounts paid or incurred after 12/31/93.

In 1990, P.L. 101-508, Sec. 11802(b)(1), amended para. (1)(2) . . . Sec. 11802(b)(2)(A)(i), deleted subpara. (n)(2)(D) and redesignated subparas. (n)(2)(E) and (n)(2)(F) as subparas. (n)(2)(D) and (n)(2)(E) . . . Sec. 11802(b)(2)(A)(ii), substituted "described in subparagraph (D)" for "described in subparagraph (E)" in the last sentence of para. (n)(2) . . . Sec. 11802(b)(2)(A)(iii), substituted "of subparagraph (E)" for "of subparagraph (F)" in para. (n)(2) . . . Sec. 11802(b)(2)(B), deleted para. (n)(3), effective 11/5/90, except as provided in Sec. 11821(b) of this Act, reproduced in note following Code Sec. 265.

Prior to amendment, para. (1)(2) read as follows.

"(2) Skyboxes, etc

"(A) In general. In the case of a skybox or other private luxury box leased for more than 1 event, the amount allowable as a deduction under this chapter with respect to such events shall not exceed the sum of the face value of non-luxury box seat tickets for the seats in such box covered by the lease. For purposes of the preceding sentence, 2 or more related leases shall be treated as 1 lease.

"(B) Phase-in. In the case of—

"(i) a taxable year beginning in 1987, the amount disallowed under subparagraph (A) shall be 3/5 of the amount which would be disallowed without regard to this subparagraph, and

"(ii) in the case of a taxable year beginning in 1988, the amount disallowed under subparagraph (A) shall be 1/2 of the amount which would have been disallowed without regard to this subparagraph."

Prior to deletion, subpara. (n)(2)(D) read as follows.

"(D) In the case of an expense for food or beverages before January 1, 1989, such expense is an integral part of a qualified meeting."

Prior to deletion, para. (n)(3) read as follows:

"(3) Qualified meeting. For purposes of paragraph (2)(D), the term 'qualified meeting' means any convention, seminar, annual meeting, or similar business program with respect to which—

- "(A) an expense for food or beverages is not separately stated,
- "(B) more than 50 percent of the participants are away from home,
- "(C) at least 40 individuals attend, and

Limitations on c

(2) Exceptions. Paragraph () not apply to such expense (subsection (e))"

"Prior to amendment, clause (n)

"(i) any expense to which sub (3), (4), (7), (8), or (9) of () to amendment, subpara. () (A) subsection (a) does not (4), (7), (8), or (9) of subs (P.L. 100-647, Sec. 1018(u) (v)) so it would also delete (P.L. 100-647, Sec. 6003(a), substituted "or" for the period (1001(g)(1) of this Act) and (6003(b) of this Act which () Effective dates.

"(1) Clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (a), shall apply to (2) Clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection (a), shall apply (P.L. 100-647, Sec. 6008, () above.

In 1986, P.L. 99-514, Sec. 1221

Sec. 122(c)(2), (as amended) (1) a period for "or," at (1) and subpara. (b)(1)(C) . . . Sec. 122(c)(2) as redesignated subsec. (j) as sub () and awards granted after () Prior to deletion, subpara. (b)(1) () (C) an item of tangible pers () of length of service, pr () () the cost of such item to () such item is a qualified () to deletion, para. (b)(3) re () Qualified plan award. () (A) In general. The term () awarded as part of a perman () does not discriminate in favor () employees as to eligibility or () (B) Average amount of aw () plan award for any taxable year () plan described in subparagraph () exceeds \$400.

"(C) Maximum amount per () plan award under this paragraph () \$1,600."

—P.L. 99-514, Sec. 142(a)(1), () of this Act, above), as () (a)(2)(A), deleted para. (e) () (1)-(9) . . . Sec. 142(a)(2)(B), () para. (e)(3) [as redesignate () added subsecs (l), (m), and () (142(c)(2)(A), deleted "or 212" () (1), (2), (4), and (5) . . . Sec. () section 212 and "after "tra () (1) and (2); effective for tax () Prior to deletion, para. (e)(1) re () (1) Business meals. Expense () under circumstances which () used, the taxpayer's trade, bu () housing to such trade, business () beverages are furnished) are of () business discussion."

—P.L. 99-514, Sec. 1114(b) () (within the meaning of section () (142(a)(2)(A) of this Act, above () P.L. 99-514, Sec. 1114(b)