PART 61—INSURANCE COVERAGE AND RATES

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AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 43 FR 41943, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127 of Mar. 31, 1979, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376.

SOURCE: 43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979.

§61.4 Limitations on coverage.

All flood insurance made available under the Program is subject:

(a) To the Act, the Amendments thereto, and the Regulations issued under the Act;

(b) To the terms and conditions of the Standard Flood Insurance Policy, which shall be promulgated by the Administrator for substance and form, and which is subject to interpretation by the Administrator as to scope of coverage pursuant to the applicable statutes and regulations;

(c) To the specified limits of coverage set forth in the Application and Declarations page of the policy; and

(d) To the maximum limits of coverage set forth in §61.6.

[43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 39068, Aug. 29, 1983; 50 FR 36025, Sept. 4, 1985; 53 FR 16277, May 6, 1988; 58 FR 62424, Nov. 26, 1993]

§ 61.1 Purpose of part.

This part describes the types of properties eligible for flood insurance coverage under the Program, the limits of such coverage, and the premium rates actually to be paid by insureds. The specific communities eligible for coverage are designated by the Administrator from time to time as applications are approved under the emergency program and as ratemaking studies of communities are completed prior to the regular program. Lists of such communities are periodically published under part 64 of this subchapter.

[43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 39068, Aug. 29, 1983; 49 FR 4751, Feb. 8, 1984; 49 FR 5621, Feb. 14, 1984]

§61.2 Definitions.

The definitions set forth in part 59 of this subchapter are applicable to this part.

§ 61.3 Types of coverage.

Insurance coverage under the Program is available for structures and their contents. Coverage for each may be purchased separately.

[43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 39068, Aug. 29, 1983; 50 FR 36025, Sept. 4, 1985; 51 FR 30309, Aug. 25, 1986; 58 FR 62424, Nov. 26, 1993]

§61.5 Special terms and conditions.

(a) No new flood insurance or renewal of flood insurance policies shall be written for properties declared by a duly constituted State or local zoning or other authority to be in violation of any flood plain, mudslide (i.e., mudflow) or flood-related erosion area management or control law, regulation, or ordinance.

(b) In order to reduce the administrative costs of the Program, of which the Federal Government pays a major share, payment of the full policyholder premium must be made at the time of application.

(c) Because of the seasonal nature of flooding, refunds of premiums upon cancellation of coverage by the insured are permitted only if the insurer ceases to have an ownership interest in the covered property at the location described in the policy. Refunds of premiums for any other reason are subject to the conditions set forth in §62.5 of this subchapter.

(d) Optional Deductibles, All Zones, are available as follows:

CATEGORY ONE—1 TO 4 FAMILY BUILDING AND CONTENTS COVERAGE POLICIES

Options	Building/contents
	\$500/\$50

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		The state of the s

(b) We will charge rates for contents in pre-FIRM buildings according to the use of the building.

(c) A-zone rates for buildings without basements or enclosures apply uniformly to all buildings throughout emergency program communities.

[61 FR 13116, Mar. 17, 1999, as amended at 67 FR 8905, Feb. 27, 2002; 68 FR 15668, Apr. 1, 2003]

§ @1.11 Effective date and time of coverage under the Standard Flood Insurance Policy—New Business Applications and Endorsements.

(a) During the 13-month period beginning on the effective date of a revised Flood Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance Rate Map for a community, the effective date and time of any initial flood insurance coverage shall be 12:01 a.m. (local time) on the first caleudar day after the application date and the presentment of payment of premium; for example, a flood insurance policy applied for with the payment of the premium on May 1 will become effective at 12:01 a.m. on May 2.

(b) Where the initial purchase of flood insurance is in connection with the making, increasing, extension, or renewal of a loan, the coverage with respect to the property which is the subject of the loan shall be effective as of the time of the loan closing, provided the written request for the coverage is received by the NFIP and the flood insurance policy is applied for and the presentment of payment of premium is made at or prior to the loan closing.

(c) Except as provided by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, the effective date and time of any new policy or added coverage or increase in the amount of coverage shall be 12:01 a.m. (local time) on the 30th calendar day after the application date and the presentment of payment of premium; for example, a flood insurance policy applied for with the payment of the premium on May 1 will become effective at 12:01 a.m. on May 31.

(d) Adding new coverage or increasing the amount of coverage in force is permitted during the term of any policy. The additional premium for any new coverage or increase in the amount of coverage shall be calculated

pro rata in accordance with the rates currently in force.

(e) With respect to any submission of an application in connection with new business, the payment by an insured to an agent or the issuance of premium payment by the agent, does not constitute payment to the NFIP, except where a WYO Company receives an application and premium payment from one of its agents and elects to refer the business to the NFIP Servicing Agent because the WYO Company does not wish to write the business, in which case any applicable waiting period under this section shall be calculated in accordance with the first sentence of paragraph (f) of this section. Therefore, it is important that an application for Flood Insurance and its premium be mailed to the NFIP promptly in order to have the effective date of the coverage based on the application date plus the waiting period. If the application and the premium payment are received at the office of the NFIP within ten (10) days from the date of application, the waiting period will be calculated from the date of application. Also, as an alternative, in those cases where the application and premium payment are mailed by certified mailwithin four (4) days from the date of application, the waiting period will be calculated from the date of application even though the application and premium payment are received at the office of the NFIP after ten (10) days following the date of application. Thus, if the application and premium payment are received after ten (10) days from the date of the application or are not mailed by certified mail within four (4) days from the date of application, the waiting period will be calculated from the date of receipt at the office of the NFIP. To determine the effective date of any coverage added by endorsement to a flood insurance policy already in effect, substitute the term endorsement for the term application in this paragraph (e).

(f) With respect to the submission of an application in connection with new business, a renewal of a policy in effect and an endorsement to a policy in effect, the payment by an insured to an

agent or the issuance of premium payment to a Write-Your-Own (WYO) Company by the agent, accompanied by a properly completed application, renewal or endorsement form, as appropriate, shall commence the calculation of any applicable waiting period under this section, provided that the agent is acting in the capacity of an agent of a Write-Your-Own (WYO) Company authorized by 44 CFR 62.23, is under written contract to or is an employee of such Company, and such WYO Company is, at the time of such submission of an application in connection with new business or a renewal of or endorsement to flood insurance coverage, engaged in WYO business under an arrangement entered into by the Administrator and the WYO Company pursuant to § 62.23.

(g) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (f) of this section, the rules set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this section apply to WYO Companies, except that premium payments and accompanying applications and endorsements shall be mailed to and received by the WYO Company, rather than the NFIP.

[43 FR 50427, Oct. 30, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 46 FR 13514, Feb. 23, 1981; 48 FR 39069, Aug. 29, 1983; 48 FR 44544, Sept. 29, 1983; 49 FR 3656, Aug. 24, 1984; 50 FR 16242, Apr. 25, 1985; 50 FR 36026, Sept. 4, 1985; 51 FR 30309, Aug. 25, 1986; 53 FR 15211, Apr. 28, 1988; 60 FR 5585, 5586, Jan. 30, 1995]

§61.12 Rates based on a flood protection system involving Federal funds.

(a) Where the Administrator determines that a community has made adequate progress on the construction of a flood protection system involving Federal funds which will significantly limit the area of special flood hazards, the applicable risk premium rates for any property, located within a special flood hazard area intended to be protected directly by such system will be those risk premium rates which would be applicable when the system is complete.

(b) Adequate progress in paragraph (a) of this section means that the community has provided information to the Administrator sufficient to determine that substantial completion of

the flood protection system has been effected because:

(1) 100 percent of the total financial project cost of the completed flood protection system has been authorized;

(2) At least 60 percent of the total financial project cost of the completed flood protection system has been appropriated;

(3) At least 50 percent of the total financial project cost of the completed flood protection system has been expended:

(4) All critical features of the flood protection system, as identified by the Administrator, are under construction, and each critical feature is 50 percent completed as measured by the actual expenditure of the estimated construction budget funds; and

(5) The community has not been responsible for any delay in the completion of the system.

(c) Each request by a community for a determination must be submitted in writing to the Risk Studies Division. Office of Risk Assessment, Federal Insurance Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington DC, and contain a complete statement of all relevant facts relating to the flood protection system, including, but not limited to, supporting technical data (e.g., U.S. Army Corps of Engineers flood protection projects data), cost schedules, budget appropria tion data and the extent of Federal funding of the system's construction. Such facts shall include information sufficient to identify all persons affected by such flood protection system or by such request: A full and precise statement of intended purposes of the flood protection system; and a carefully detailed description of such project, including construction completion target dates. In addition, true copies of all contracts, agreements, leases. instruments, and other documents involved must be submitted with the request. Relevant facts reflected in documents, however, must be included in the statement and not merely incorporated by reference, and must be accompanied by an analysis of their bearing on the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, specifying the pertinent provisions. The request must contain a statement whether, to the best

of the knowledge of the person responsible for preparing the application for the community, the flood protection system is currently the subject matter of litigation before any Federal, State or local court or administrative agency, and the purpose of that litigation. The request must also contain a statement as to whether the community has previously requested a determination with respect to the same subject matter from the Administrator, detailing the disposition of such previous request. As documents become part of the file and cannot be returned, the original documents should not be submitted.

- (d) The effective date for any risk premium rates established under this section shall be the date of final determination by the Administrator that adequate progress toward completion of a flood protection system has been made in a community.
- (e) A responsible official of a community which received a determination that adequate progress has been made towards completion of a flood protection system shall certify to the Administrator annually on the anniversary date of receipt of such determination that no present delay in completion of the system is attributable to local sponsors of the system, and that a good faith effort is being made to complete the project.
- (f) A community for which risk premium rates have been made available under section 1307(e) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, shall notify the Administrator if, at any time, all progress on the completion of the flood protection system has been halted or if the project for the completion of the flood protection system has been canceled.

[43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978, Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 47 FR 43061 Sept. 30, 1982; 48 FR 39089, Aug. 29, 1983; 48 FR 44552, Sept. 29, 1983; 49 FR 4751, Feb. 8, 1984; 51 FR 30310, Aug. 25, 1986]

§61.13 Standard Flood Insurance Policy.

(a) Incorporation of forms. Each of the Standard Flood Insurance Policy forms included in appendix "A" hereto (General Property, Dwelling, and Residential Condominium Building Association

tion) and by reference incorporated herein shall be incorporated into the Standard Flood Insurance Policy.

- (b) Endorsements. All endorsements to the Standard Flood Insurance Policy shall be final upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER for inclusion in appendix A.
- (c) Applications. The application and renewal application forms utilized by the National Flood Insurance Program shall be the only application forms used in connection with the Standard Flood Insurance Policy.
- (d) Waivers. The Standard Flood Insurance Policy and required endorsements must be used in the Flood Insurance Program, and no provision of the said documents shall be altered, varied, or waived other than by the express written consent of the Administrator through the issuance of an appropriate amendatory endorsement, approved by the Administrator as to form and substance for uniform use.
- (e) Oral and written binders. No oral binder or contract shall be effective. No written binder shall be effective unless issued with express authorization of the Administrator.
- (f) The Standard Flood Insurance Policy and endorsements may be issued by private sector "Write-Your-Own" (WYO) property insurance companies, hased upon flood insurance applications and renewal forms, all of which instruments of flood insurance may bear the name, as Insurer, of the issuing WYO Company. In the case of any Standard Flood Insurance Policy. and its related forms, issued by a WYO Company, wherever the names "Federal Emergency Management Agency" and "Federal Insurance Administration" appear, the WYO Company is authorized to substitute its own name therefor. Standard Flood Insurance Policies issued by WYO Companies may be executed by the issuing WYO Company as Insurer, in the place and stead of the Federal Insurance Administrator.

[43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 44 FR 62517, Oct. 31, 1979; 48 FR 46791, Oct. 14, 1983; 58 FR 62424, Nov. 26, 1993]

§61.14 Standard Flood Insurance Policy Interpretations.

- (a) Definition. A Standard Flood Insurance Policy Interpretation is a written determination by the Administrator construing the scope of the flood insurance coverage that has been and is provided under the policy.
- (b) Publication and requests for interpretation. The Administrator shall, pursuant to these regulations from time to time, issue interpretative rulings regarding the provisions of the Standard Flood Insurance Policy. Such Interpretations shall be published in the FED-ERAL REGISTER, made a part of appendix C to these regulations, and incorporated by reference as part of these regulations. Any policyholder or person in privity with a policyholder may file a request for an interpretation in writing with the Federal Insurance Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, Washington, DC 20472.

[43 FR 2570, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 39072, Aug. 29, 1983]

§61.16 Probation additional premium.

The additional premium charged pursuant to \$59.24(b) on each policy sold or renewed within a community placed on probation prior to October 1, 1992, is \$25.00. Where the community was placed on probation on or after October 1, 1992, the additional premium charge is \$50.00."

[50 FR 36026, Sept. 4, 1985, as amended at 57 FR 19541, May 7, 1992]

§ 61.17 Group Flood Insurance Policy.

- (a) A Group Flood Insurance Policy (GFIP) is a policy covering all individuals named by a State as recipients under section 408 of the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. 5174) of an Individuals and Households Program (IHP) award for flood damage as a result of major disaster declaration by the President.
- (b) The premium for the GFIP is a flat fee of \$600 per insured. We may adjust the premium to reflect NFIP loss experience and any adjustment of benefits under the IHP program.
- (c) The amount of coverage is equivalent to the maximum grant amount es-

tablished under section 408 of the Stafford Act (42 U.S.C. 5174).

- (d) The term of the GFIP is for 36 months and begins 60 days after the date of the disaster declaration.
- (e) Coverage for individual grantees begins on the thirtieth day after the NFIP receives the required data for individual grantees and their premium payments.
- (f) We will send a Certificate of Flood Insurance to each individual insured under the GFIP.
- (g) The GFIP is the Standard Flood Insurance Policy Dwelling Form (a copy of which is included in Appendix A(1) of this part), except that:
- (1) VI. DEDUCTIBLES does not apply to the GFIP. A special deductible of \$200 (applicable separately to any building loss and any contents loss) applies to insured flood-damage losses sustained by the insured property in the course of any subsequent flooding event during the term of the GFIP. The deductible does not apply to:
- (i) III.C.2. Loss Avoidance Measures; or
- (ii) III. C.3. Condominium Loss Assessments coverage.
- (2) VII. GENERAL CONDITIONS, E. Cancellation of Policy by You, does not apply to the GFIP.
- (3) VII. GENERAL CONDITIONS, H. Policy Renewal, does not apply to the GFIP.
- (h) We will send a notice to the GFIP certificate holders approximately 60 days before the end of the thirty-six month term of the GFIP. The notice will encourage them to contact a local insurance agent or producer or a private insurance company selling NFIP policies under the Write Your Own program of the NFIP Standard Flood Insurance Policy, and advise them as to the amount of coverage they must maintain in order not to jeopardize their eligibility for future disaster assistance. The IHP program will provide the NFIP the amount of flood insurance coverage to be maintained by certificate holders.

[65 FR 60769, Oct. 12, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 61462, Sept. 30, 2002]

Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

APPENDIX A(1) TO PART 61

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION

STANDARD FLOOD INSURANCE POLICY

DWELLING FORM

Please read the policy carefully. The flood insurance provided is subject to limitations, restrictions, and exclusions. This policy covers only:

- 1. A non-condominium residential building designed for principal use as a dwelling place of one to four families, or
- 2. A single family dwelling unit in a condominium building.

I. AGREEMENT

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides flood insurance under the terms of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and its Amendments; and Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

We will pay you for direct physical loss by or from flood to your insured property if you:

- 1. Have paid the correct premium;
- 2. Comply with all terms and conditions of this policy; and
- 3. Have furnished accurate information and statements.

We have the right to review the information you give us at any time and to revise your policy based on our review.

II. DEFINITIONS

A. In this policy, "you" and "your" refer to the insured(s) shown on the Declarations Page of this policy and your spouse, if a resident of the same household. Insured(s) includes: Any mortgagee and loss payee named in the Application and Declarations Page, as well as any other mortgagee or loss payee determined to exist at the time of loss in the order of precedence. "We," "us," and "our" refer to the insurer.

Some definitions are complex because they are provided as they appear in the law or regulations, or result from court cases. The precise definitions are intended to protect you.

Flood, as used in this flood insurance policy, means:

- 1. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of two or more acres of normally dry land area or of two or more properties (one of which is your property) from:
- a. Overflow of inland or tidal waters,
- b. Unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source,
- c. Mudflow.
- 2. Collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or similar body of water as a result of erosion or undermining caused by

waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels that result in a flood as defined in A.l.a. above.

- B. The following are the other key definitions we use in this policy:
- 1. Act. The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and any amendments to it.
- 2. Actual Cash Value. The cost to replace an insured item of property at the time of loss, less the value of its physical depreciation.
- 3. Application. The statement made and signed by you or your agent in applying for this policy. The application gives information we use to determine the eligibility of the risk, the kind of policy to be issued, and the correct premium payment. The application is part of this flood insurance policy. For us to issue you a policy, the correct premium payment must accompany the application.
- 4. Base Flood. A flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.
- 5. Basement. Any area of the building, including any sunken room or sunken portion of a room, having its floor below ground level (subgrade) on all sides.
- 6. Building.
- a. A structure with two or more outside rigid walls and a fully secured roof, that is affixed to a permanent site;
- b. A manufactured home (a "manufactured home," also known as a mobile home, is a structure: built on a permanent chassis, transported to its site in one or more sections, and affixed to a permanent foundation): or
- c. A travel trailer without wheels, built on a chassis and affixed to a permanent foundation, that is regulated under the community's floodplain management and building ordinances or laws.

Building does not mean a gas or liquid storage tank or a recreational vehicle, park trailer or other similar vehicle, except as described in B.6.c. above.

- 7. Cancellation. The ending of the insurance coverage provided by this policy before the expiration date.
- 8. Condominium. That form of ownership of real property in which each unit owner has an undivided interest in common elements.
- 9. Condominium Association. The entity made up of the unit owners responsible for the maintenance and operation of:
- a. Common elements owned in undivided shares by unit owners; and
- b. Other real property in which the unit owners have use rights; where membership in the entity is a required condition of unit ownership.
- 10. Declarations Page. A computer-generated summary of information you provided in the application for insurance. The Declarations Page also describes the term of the policy, limits of coverage, and displays the

premium and our name. The Declarations Page is a part of this flood insurance policy.

- 11. Described Location. The location where the insured building(s) or personal property are found. The described location is shown on the Declarations Page.
- 12. Direct Physical Loss By or From Flood. Loss or damage to insured property, directly caused by a flood. There must be evidence of physical changes to the property.

13. Dwelling. A building designed for use as a residence for no more than four families or a single-family unit in a building under a condominium form of ownership.

14. Elevated Building. A building that has no basement and that has its lowest elevated floor raised above ground level by foundation walls, shear walls, posts, piers, pilings, or columns.

15. Emergency Program. The initial phase of a community's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. During this phase, only limited amounts of insurance are available under the Act.

16. Expense Constant. A flat charge you must pay on each new or renewal policy to defray the expenses of the Federal Government related to flood insurance.

17. Federal Policy Fee. A flat charge you must pay on each new or renewal policy to defray certain administrative expenses incurred in carrying out the National Flood Insurance Program. This fee covers expenses not covered by the Expense Constant.

18. Improvements. Fixtures, alterations, installations, or additions comprising a part of the insured dwelling or the apartment in which you reside.

19. Mudflow. A river of liquid and flowing mud on the surface of normally dry land areas, as when earth is carried by a current of water. Other earth movements, such as landslide, slope failure, or a saturated soil mass moving by liquidity down a slope, are not mudflows.

20. National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The program of flood insurance coverage and floodplain management administered under the Act and applicable Federal regulations in Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Subchapter B.

21. Policy. The entire written contract between you and us. It includes:

a. This printed form;

- b. The application and Declarations Page;
 c. Any endorsement(s) that may be issued;
 and
- d. Any renewal certificate indicating that coverage has been instituted for a new policy and new policy term.

Only one dwelling, which you specifically described in the application, may be insured under this policy.

22. Pollutants. Substances that include, but are not limited to, any solid, liquid, gaseous, or thermal irritant or contaminant, including smoke, vapor, soot, fumes, acids, alkalis,

chemicals, and waste. "Waste" includes, but is not limited to, materials to be recycled reconditioned, or reclaimed.

- 23. Post-FIRM Building. A building for which construction or substantial improvement occurred after December 31, 1974, or on or after the effective date of an initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), whichever is later.
- 24. Probation Premium. A flat charge you must pay on each new or renewal policy issued covering property in a community the NFIP has placed on probation under the provisions of 44 CFR 59.24.
- 25. Regular Program. The final phase of a community's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. In this phase, a Flood Insurance Rate Map is in effect and full limits of coverage are available under the Act.
- 26. Special Flood Hazard Area. An area having special flood or mudflow, and/or flood-related erosion hazards, and shown on a Flood Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance Rate Map as Zone A, AO, A1-A30, AE, A99, AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, AR/A1-A30, V1-V30, VE, or V.
- 27. Unit. A single-family unit you own in a condominium building.
- 28. Valued Policy. A policy in which the insured and the insurer agree on the value of the property insured, that value being payable in the event of a total loss. The Standard Flood Insurance Policy is not a valued policy.

III. PROPERTY COVERED

A. Coverage A-Building Property

We insure against direct physical loss by or from flood to:

- 1. The dwelling at the described location, or for a period of 45 days at another location as set forth in III.C.2.b., Property Removed to Safety.
- 2. Additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the dwelling by means of a rigid exterior wall, a solid load-bearing interior wall, a stairway, an elevated walkway, or a roof. At your option, additions and extensions connected by any of these methods may be separately insured. Additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the building by means of a common interior wall that is not a solid load-bearing wall are always considered part of the dwelling and cannot be separately insured.
- 3. A detached garage at the described location. Coverage is limited to no more than 10% of the limit of liability on the dwelling. Use of this insurance is at your option but reduces the building limit of liability. We do not cover any detached garage used or held for use for residential (i.e., dwelling), business, or farming purposes.
- 4. Materials and supplies to be used for construction, alteration, or repair of the

on an adjacent property.

dwelling or a detached garage while the ma-

terials and supplies are stored in a fully en-

closed building at the described location or

ation, or repair at the described location.

of up to 90 continuous days thereafter.

floor of an elevated building is:

A30, AR/A, AR/A0; or

II.B.6.b. and II.B.6.c.).

time of the loss:

specifications; or

September 30, 1982.

b. Blinds;

ished flooring;

heaters:

to buildings:

anchors: or

VE or V1-V30.

AR/AO.

5. A building under construction, alter-

a. If the structure is not yet walled or

roofed as described in the definition for

building (see II.B.6.a.) then coverage applies:

(1) Only while such work is in progress; or

(2) If such work is halted, only for a period

b. However, coverage does not apply until

the building is walled and roofed if the low-

est floor, including the basement floor, of a

non-elevated building or the lowest elevated

AH, AE, A1-A30, AR, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-

(1) Below the base flood elevation in Zones

(2) Below the base flood elevation adjusted

The lowest floor levels are based on the

to include the effect of wave action in Zones

bottom of the lowest horizontal structural

member of the floor in Zones VE or V1-V30

and the top of the floor in Zones AH, AE, A1-

A30, AR, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, AR/A,

6. A manufactured home or a travel trailer

If the manufactured home or travel trailer

a. By over-the-top or frame ties to ground

b. In accordance with the manufacturer's

c. In compliance with the community's

floodplain management requirements unless

it has been continuously insured by the

NFIP at the same described location since

are covered under Coverage A only:

a. Awnings and canopies;

c. Built-in dishwashers;

d. Built-in microwave ovens;

f. Central air conditioners;

h. Fire sprinkler systems:

j. Furnaces and radiators;

k. Garbage disposal units;

g. Elevator equipment;

i. Walk-in freezers;

m. Light fixtures;

p. Plumbing fixtures;

7. The following items of property which

e. Carpet permanently installed over unfin-

1. Hot water heaters, including solar water

n. Outdoor antennas and aerials fastened

o. Permanently installed cupboards, book-

cases, cabinets, paneling, and wallpaper;

is in a special flood hazard area, it must be

anchored in the following manner at the

as described in the Definitions section (see

q. Pumps and machinery for operating numps:

s. Refrigerators; and

t. Wall mirrors, permanently installed.

8. Items of property in a building enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an ele-A1-A30, AE, AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, the following:

in their functioning locations and, if necessary for operation, connected to a power

(2) Cisterns and the water in them;

(3) Drywall for walls and ceilings in a basement and the cost of labor to nail it, unfinished and unfloated and not taped, to the framing:

(6) Elevators, dumbwaiters and related September 30, 1987;

(9) Heat pumps;

(10) Nonflammable insulation in a base-

systems:

the building, not separated from it by elevated walkways:

(14) Water softeners and the chemicals in them, water filters, and faucets installed as an integral part of the plumbing system;

(17) Footings, foundations, posts, pilings, piers, or other foundation walls and anchor-

b. Clean-up.

1. If you have purchased personal property coverage, we insure against direct physical loss by or from flood to personal property in-

a. The property is owned by you or your

b. At your option, the property is owned by

Personal property is also covered for a peried of 45 days at another location as set forth in III.C.2.b., Property Removed to Safe-

Personal property in a building that is not fully enclosed must be secured to prevent

r. Ranges, cooking stoves, and ovens;

vated post-FIRM building located in Zones AR/A1-A30, V1-V30, or VE, or in a basement, regardless of the zone. Coverage is limited to

a. Any of the following items, if installed source:

(1) Central air conditioners;

(4) Electrical junction and circuit breaker

(5) Electrical outlets and switches;

equipment, except for related equipment installed below the base flood elevation after

(7) Fuel tanks and the fuel in them;

(8) Furnaces and hot water heaters;

ment:

(11) Pumps and tanks used in solar energy

(12) Stairways and staircases attached to

(13) Sump pumps;

(15) Well water tanks and pumps;

(16) Required utility connections for any item in this list; and

age systems required to support a building.

B. Coverage B-Personal Property

side a building at the described location. if:

household family members; and

guests or servants.

flotation out of the building. If the personal

e. Personal property used in any business. 7. We will pay only for the functional value

C. Coverage C-Other Coverages

1. Debris Removal.

of antiques.

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property does float out during a flood, it will

be conclusively presumed that it was not

reasonably secured. In that case there is no

2. Coverage for personal property includes

the following property, subject to B.1. above,

a. Air conditioning units, portable or win-

b. Carpets, not permanently installed, over

f. Food freezers, other than walk-in, and

g. Portable microwave ovens and portable

3. Coverage for items of property in a

building enclosure below the lowest elevated

floor of an elevated post-FIRM building lo-

cated in Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, AR, AR/A.

AR/AE. AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, V1-V30, or VE, or

in a basement, regardless of the zone, is lim-

ited to the following items, if installed in

their functioning locations and, if necessary

a. Air conditioning units, portable or win-

c. Food freezers, other than walk-in, and

4. If you are a tenant and have insured per-

sonal property under Coverage B in this pol-

icy, we will cover such property, including

your cooking stove or range and refrigerator.

The policy will also cover improvements

made or acquired solely at your expense in

the dwelling or apartment in which you re-

side, but for not more than 10% of the limit

of liability shown for personal property on

the Declarations Page. Use of this insurance

is at your option but reduces the personal

5. If you are the owner of a unit and have

insured personal property under Coverage B

in this policy, we will also cover your inte-

rior walls, floor, and ceiling (not otherwise

covered under a flood insurance policy pur-

chased by your condominium association) for

not more than 10% of the limit of liability

shown for personal property on the Declara-

tions Page. Use of this insurance is at your

option but reduces the personal property

6. Special Limits. We will pay no more

a. Artwork, photographs, collectibles, or

memorabilia, including but not limited to.

porcelain or other figures, and sports cards:

c. Jewelry, watches, precious and semi-pre-

d. Furs or any article containing fur which

cious stones, or articles of gold, silver, or

than \$2,500 for any one loss to one or more of

the following kinds of personal property:

b. Rare books or autographed items:

represents its principal value; or

for operation, connected to a power source:

b. Clothes washers and dryers; and

which is covered under Coverage B only:

c. Carpets over finished flooring;

d. Clothes washers and dryers;

coverage for such property.

dow type:

dishwashers.

food in any freezer.

property limit of liability.

limit of liability.

platinum;

unfinished flooring;

e. "Cook-out" grills:

food in any freezer; and

a. We will pay the expense to remove nonowned debris that is on or in insured property and debris of insured property anywhere.

b. If you or a member of your household perform the removal work, the value of your work will be based on the Federal minimum

c. This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B Limit of Liability.

2. Loss Avoidance Measures

a. Sandbags, Supplies, and Labor

(1) We will pay up to \$1,000 for costs you incur to protect the insured building from a flood or imminent danger of flood, for the following:

(a) Your reasonable expenses to buy:

(i) Sandbags, including sand to fill them:

(ii) Fill for temporary levees;

(iii) Pumps; and

(iv) Plastic sheeting and lumber used in connection with these items.

(b) The value of work, at the Federal minimum wage, that you or a member of your household perform.

(2) This coverage for Sandbags, Supplies and Labor only applies if damage to insured property by or from flood is imminent and the threat of flood damage is apparent enough to lead a person of common prudence to anticipate flood damage. One of the following must also occur:

(a) A general and temporary condition of flooding in the area near the described location must occur, even if the flood does not

reach the building; or

(b) A legally authorized official must issue an evacuation order or other civil order for the community in which the building is located calling for measures to preserve life and property from the peril of flood.

This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B Limit of Liability.

b. Property Removed to Safety

(1) We will pay up to \$1,000 for the reasonable expenses you incur to move insured property to a place other than the described location that contains the property in order to protect it from flood or the imminent danger of flood.

Reasonable expenses include the value of work, at the Federal minimum wage, you or a member of your household perform.

(2) If you move insured property to a location other than the described location that contains the property, in order to protect it from flood or the imminent danger of flood, we will cover such property while at that location for a period of 45 consecutive days from the date you begin to move it there. The personal property that is moved must be

placed in a fully enclosed building or otherwise reasonably protected from the elements

Any property removed, including a moveable home described in II.6.b.and c., must be placed above ground level or outside of the special flood hazard area.

This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B Limit of Liability.

3. Condominium Loss Assessments.

a. If this policy insures a unit, we will pay, up to the Coverage A limit of liability, your share of loss assessments charged against you by the condominium association in accordance with the condominium association's articles of association, declarations and your deed.

The assessment must be made as a result of direct physical loss by or from flood during the policy term, to the building's common elements.

b. We will not pay any loss assessment charged against you:

(1) And the condominium association by any governmental body;

(2) That results from a deductible under the insurance purchased by the condominium association insuring common elements:

(3) That results from a loss to personal property, including contents of a condominium building:

(4) That results from a loss sustained by the condominium association that was not reimbursed under a flood insurance policy written in the name of the association under the Act because the building was not, at the time of loss, insured for an amount equal to the lesser of:

(a) 80% or more of its full replacement cost: or

(b) The maximum amount of insurance permitted under the Act;

(5) To the extent that payment under this policy for a condominium building loss, in combination with payments under any other NFIP policies for the same building loss, exceeds the maximum amount of insurance permitted under the Act for that kind of building; or

(6) To the extent that payment under this policy for a condominium building loss, in combination with any recovery available to you as a tenant in common under any NFIP condominium association policies for the same building loss, exceeds the amount of insurance permitted under the Act for a singlefamily dwelling.

Loss assessment coverage does not increase the Coverage A Limit of Liability.

D. Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance

General.

This policy pays you to comply with a State or local floodplain management law or ordinance affecting repair or reconstruction of a structure suffering flood damage. Com-

pliance activities eligible for payment are: elevation, floodproofing, relocation, or demolition (or any combination of these activities) of your structure. Eligible floodproofing activities are limited to:

a. Non-residential structures.

b. Residential structures with basements that satisfy FEMA's standards published in the Code of Federal Regulations [44 CFR 60.6 (b) or (c)].

2. Limit of Liability.

We will pay you up to \$30,000 under this Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance, which only applies to policies with building coverage (Coverage A). Our payment of claims under Coverage D is in addition to the amount of coverage which you selected on the application and which appears on the Declarations Page. But the maximum you can collect under this policy for both Coverage A-Building Property and Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance cannot exceed the maximum permitted under the Act. We do not charge a separate deductible for a claim under Coverage D.

3. Eligibility

a. A structure covered under Coverage A-Building Property sustaining a loss caused by a flood as defined by this policy must:

(1) Be a "repetitive loss structure." A repetitive loss structure is one that meets the following conditions:

(a) The structure is covered by a contract of flood insurance issued under the NFIP.

(b) The structure has suffered flood damage on two occasions during a 10-year period which ends on the date of the second loss.

(c) The cost to repair the flood damage, on average, equaled or exceeded 25% of the market value of the structure at the time of each flood.loss.

(d) In addition to the current claim, the NFIP must have paid the previous qualifying claim, and the State or community must have a cumulative, substantial damage provision or repetitive loss provision in its floodplain management law or ordinance being enforced against the structure; or

(2) Be a structure that has had flood damage in which the cost to repair equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure at the time of the flood. The State or community must have a substantial damage provision in its floodplain management law or ordinance being enforced against the structure.

b. This Coverage D pays you to comply with State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances that meet the minimum standards of the National Flood Insurance Program found in the Code of Federal Regulations at 44 CFR 60.3. We pay for compliance activities that exceed those standards under these conditions:

(1) 3.a.(1) above.

(2) Elevation or floodproofing in any risk zone to preliminary or advisory base flood

elevations provided by FEMA which the State or local government has adopted and is enforcing for flood-damaged structures in such areas. (This includes compliance activities in B, C, X, or D zones which are being changed to zones with base flood elevations This also includes compliance activities in zones where base flood elevations are being increased, and a flood-damaged structure must comply with the higher advisory base flood elevation.) Increased Cost of Compliance coverage does not apply to situations in B, C, X, or D zones where the community has derived its own elevations and is enforcing elevation or floodproofing requirements for flood-damaged structures to elevations derived solely by the community.

(3) Elevation or floodproofing above the base flood elevation to meet State or local "freeboard" requirements, i.e., that a structure must be elevated above the base flood elevation.

🧬 c. Under the minimum NFIP criteria at 44 CFR 60.3(b)(4), States and communities must require the elevation or floodproofing of structures in unnumbered A zones to the base flood elevation where elevation data is obtained from a Federal, State, or other source. Such compliance activities are also eligible for Coverage D.

d. This coverage will also pay for the incremental cost, after demolition or relocation, of elevating or floodproofing a structure during its rebuilding at the same or another site to meet State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances, subject to Exclusion D.5.g. below.

e. This coverage will also pay to bring a flood-damaged structure into compliance with state or local floodplain management laws or ordinances even if the structure had received a variance before the present loss from the applicable floodplain management requirements.

4. Conditions.

a. When a structure covered under Coverage A-Building Property sustains a loss caused by a flood, our payment for the loss under this Coverage D will be for the increased cost to elevate, floodproof, relocate. or demolish (or any combination of these activities) caused by the enforcement of current State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws: Our payment for eligible demolition activities will be for the cost to demolish and clear the site of the building debris or a portion thereof caused by the enforcement of current State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws. Eligible activities for the cost of clearing the site will include those necessary to discontinue utility service to the site and ensure proper abandonment of on-site utilities.

b. When the building is repaired or rebuilt, it must be intended for the same occupancy as the present building unless otherwise required by current floodplain management ordinances or laws.

5. Exclusions.

Under this Coverage D (Increased Cost of Compliance) we will not pay for:

a. The cost to comply with any floodplain management law or ordinance in communities participating in the Emergency Program.

b. The cost associated with enforcement of any ordinance or law that requires any insured or others to test for, monitor, clean up, remove, contain, treat, detoxify or neutralize, or in any way respond to, or assess the effects of pollutants.

c. The loss in value to any insured building or other structure due to the requirements of any ordinance or law.

d. The loss in residual value of the undamaged portion of a building demolished as a consequence of enforcement of any State or local floodplain management law or ordinance.

e. Any Increased Cost of Compliance under this Coverage D:

(1) Until the building is elevated, floodproofed, demolished, or relocated on the same or to another premises; and

(2) Unless the building is elevated, floodproofed, demolished, or relocated as soon as reasonably possible after the loss, not to exceed two years.

f. Any code upgrade requirements, e.g., plumbing or electrical wiring, not specifically related to the State or local floodplain management law or ordinance.

g. Any compliance activities needed to bring additions or improvements made after the loss occurred into compliance with State or local floodplain management laws or ordi-

h. Loss due to any ordinance or law that you were required to comply with before the current loss.

i. Any rebuilding activity to standards that do not meet the NFIP's minimum requirements. This includes any situation where the insured has received from the State or community a variance in connection with the current flood loss to rebuild the property to an elevation below the base flood elevation.

j. Increased Cost of Compliance for a garage or carport.

k. Any structure insured under an NFIP Group Flood Insurance Policy.

1. Assessments made by a condominium association on individual condominium unit owners to pay increased costs of repairing commonly owned buildings after a flood in compliance with State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws.

6. Other Provisions.

- a. Increased Cost of Compliance coverage will not be included in the calculation to determine whether coverage meets the 80% insurance-to-value requirement for replacement cost coverage as set forth in VII. General Conditions. V. Loss Settlement.
- b. All other conditions and provisions of the policy apply.

IV. PROPERTY NOT COVERED

We do not cover any of the following:

- 1. Personal property not inside a building; 2. A building, and personal property in it, located entirely in, on, or over water or sea-
- located entirely in, on, or over water or seaward of mean high tide if it was constructed or substantially improved after September 30, 1982;
- 3. Open structures, including a building used as a boathouse or any structure or building into which boats are floated, and personal property located in, on, or over water:
- 4. Recreational vehicles other than travel trailers described in the Definitions section (see II.B.6.c.) whether affixed to a permanent foundation or on wheels;
- 5. Self-propelled vehicles or machines, including their parts and equipment. However, we do cover self-propelled vehicles or machines not licensed for use on public roads that are:
- a. Used mainly to service the described lo-
- b. Designed and used to assist handicapped persons, while the vehicles or machines are inside a building at the described location;
- 6. Land, land values, lawns, trees, shrubs, plants, growing crops, or animals;
- 7. Accounts, bills, coins, currency, deeds, evidences of debt, medals, money, scrip, stored value cards, postage stamps, securities, bullion, manuscripts, or other valuable papers;
- Underground structures and equipment, including wells, septic tanks, and septic systems;
- 9. Those portions of walks, walkways, decks, driveways, patios and other surfaces, all whether protected by a roof or not, located outside the perimeter, exterior walls of the insured building or the building in which the insured unit is located;
- 10. Containers, including related equipment, such as, but not limited to, tanks containing gases or liquids;
- 11. Buildings or units and all their contents if more than 49% of the actual cash value of the building is below ground, unless the lowest level is at or above the base flood elevation and is below ground by reason of earth having been used as insulation material in conjunction with energy efficient building techniques;
- 12. Fences, retaining walls, seawalls, bulk-heads, wharves, piers, bridges, and docks;
- 13. Aircraft or watercraft, or their furnishings and equipment;

- 14. Hot tubs and spas that are not bathroom fixtures, and swimming pools, and their equipment, such as, but not limited to, heaters, filters, pumps, and pipes, wherever located;
- 15. Property not eligible for flood insurance pursuant to the provisions of the Coastal Barrier Resources Act and the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act and amendments to these Acts;
- 16. Personal property you own in commonwith other unit owners comprising the membership of a condominium association.

V. EXCLUSIONS

- A. We only pay for direct physical loss by or from flood, which means that we do not pay you for:
- 1. Loss of revenue or profits;
- 2. Loss of access to the insured property or described location;
- 3. Loss of use of the insured property or described location;
- 4. Loss from interruption of business or production;
- 5. Any additional living expenses incurred while the insured building is being repaired or is unable to be occupied for any reason;
- 6. The cost of complying with any ordinance or law requiring or regulating the construction, demolition, remodeling, renovation, or repair of property, including removal of any resulting debris. This exclusion does not apply to any eligible activities we describe in Coverage D—Increased Cost of Combiance: or
- 7. Any other economic loss you suffer.
- B. We do not insure a loss directly or indirectly caused by a flood that is already in progress at the time and date:
- 1. The policy term begins; or
- 2. Coverage is added at your request.
- C. We do not insure for loss to property caused directly by earth movement even if the earth movement is caused by flood. Some examples of earth movement that we do not cover are:
- 1. Earthquake;
- 2. Landslide:
- 3. Land subsidence;
- 4. Sinkholes;
- 5. Destabilization or movement of land that results from accumulation of water in subsurface land area; or
- 6. Gradual erosion.
- We do, however, pay for losses from mudflow and land subsidence as a result of erosion that are specifically covered under our definition of flood (see II.A.1.c. and II.A.2.).
- D. We do not insure for direct physical loss caused directly or indirectly by any of the following:
- 1. The pressure or weight of ice;
- 2. Freezing or thawing;
- 3. Rain, snow, sleet, hail, or water spray;

4. Water, moisture, mildew, or mold damage that results primarily from any condition:

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- a. Substantially confined to the dwelling; or
- b. That is within your control, including but not limited to:
- (1) Design, structural, or mechanical defects;
- (2) Failure, stoppage, or breakage of water or sewer lines, drains, pumps, fixtures, or equipment; or
- (3) Failure to inspect and maintain the property after a flood recedes:
- 5. Water or water-borne material that:
- a. Backs up through sewers or drains;b. Discharges or overflows from a sump.
- sump pump or related equipment; or c. Seeps or leaks on or through the covered property;
- unless there is a flood in the area and the flood is the proximate cause of the sewer or drain backup, sump pump discharge or overflow, or the seepage of water;
- 6. The pressure or weight of water unless there is a flood in the area and the flood is the proximate cause of the damage from the pressure or weight of water:
- 7. Power, heating, or cooling failure unless the failure results from direct physical loss by or from flood to power, heating, or cooling equipment on the described location;
- 8. Theft, fire, explosion, wind, or windstorm;
- 9. Anything you or any member of your household do or conspires to do to deliberately cause loss by flood; or
- 10. Alteration of the insured property that significantly increases the risk of flooding.
- E. We do not insure for loss to any building or personal property located on land leased from the Federal Government, arising from or incident to the flooding of the land by the Federal Government, where the lease expressly holds the Federal Government harmless under flood insurance issued under any Federal Government program.
- F. We do not pay for the testing for or monitoring of pollutants unless required by law or ordinance.

VI. DEDUCTIBLES

A. When a loss is covered under this policy, we will pay only that part of the loss that exceeds your deductible amount, subject to the limit of liability that applies. The deductible amount is shown on the Declarations Page.

However, when a building under construction, alteration, or repair does not have at least two rigid exterior walls and a fully secured roof at the time of loss, your deductible amount will be two times the deductible that would otherwise apply to a completed building.

- B. In each loss from flood, separate deductibles apply to the building and personal property insured by this policy.
- C. The deductible does NOT apply to:
- 1. III.C.2. Loss Avoidance Measures;
- 2. III.C.3. Condominium Loss Assessments; or
- 3. III.D. Increased Cost of Compliance.

VII. GENERAL CONDITIONS

A. Pair and Set Clause

In case of loss to an article that is part of a pair or set, we will have the option of paying you:

- 1. An amount equal to the cost of replacing the lost, damaged, or destroyed article, minus its depreciation, or
- 2. The amount that represents the fair proportion of the total value of the pair or set that the lost, damaged, or destroyed article bears to the pair or set.
- B. Concealment or Fraud and Policy Voidance
- 1. With respect to all insureds under this policy, this policy:
- a. Is void:
- b. Has no legal force or effect;
- c. Cannot be renewed; and
- d. Cannot be replaced by a new NFIP poiicy, if, before or after a loss, you or any other insured or your agent have at any time:
- (1) Intentionally concealed or misrepresented any material fact or circumstance:
- (2) Engaged in fraudulent conduct; or
- (3) Made false statements; relating to this
- policy or any other NFIP insurance.

 2. This policy will be void as of the date wrongful acts described in B.1.above were committed.
- 3. Fines, civil penalties, and imprisonment under applicable Federal laws may also apply to the acts of fraud or concealment described above.
- 4. This policy is also void for reasons other than fraud, misrepresentation, or wrongful act. This policy is void from its inception and has no legal force under the following conditions:
- a. If the property is located in a community that was not participating in the NFIP on the policy's inception date and did not join or reenter the program during the policy term and before the loss occurred; or
- b. If the property listed on the application is otherwise not eligible for coverage under the NFIP.

C. Other Insurance

1. If a loss covered by this policy is also covered by other insurance that includes flood coverage not issued under the Act, we will not pay more than the amount of insurance you are entitled to for lost, damaged, or

destroyed property insured under this policy subject to the following:

a. We will pay only the proportion of the loss that the amount of insurance that applies under this policy bears to the total amount of insurance covering the loss, unless C.l.b. or c. immediately below applies.

b. If the other policy has a provision stating that it is excess insurance, this policy will be primary.

- c. This policy will be primary (but subject to its own deductible) up to the deductible in the other flood policy (except another policy as described in C.l.b. above). When the other deductible amount is reached, this policy will participate in the same proportion that the amount of insurance under this policy bears to the total amount of both policies, for the remainder of the loss.
- 2. If there is other insurance in the name of your condominium association covering the same property covered by this policy, then this policy will be in excess over the other insurance.

D. Amendments, Waivers, Assignment

This policy cannot be changed nor can any of its provisions be waived without the express written consent of the Federal Insurance Administrator. No action we take under the terms of this policy constitutes a waiver of any of our rights. You may assign this policy in writing when you transfer title of your property to someone else except under these conditions:

1. When this policy covers only personal property; or

2. When this policy covers a structure during the course of construction.

E. Cancellation of the Policy by You

- 1. You may cancel this policy in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the NFIP.
- 2. If you cancel this policy, you may be entitled to a full or partial refund of premium also under the applicable rules and regulations of the NFIP.

F. Non-Renewal of the Policy by Us

Your policy will not be renewed:

- 1. If the community where your covered property is located stops participating in the NFIP. or
- 2. If your building has been declared ineligible under section 1316 of the Act.

G. Reduction and Reformation of Coverage

- 1. If the premium we received from you was not enough to buy the kind and amount of coverage you requested, we will provide only the amount of coverage that can be purchased for the premium payment we received.
- 2. The policy can be reformed to increase the amount of coverage resulting from the

reduction described in G.1. above to the amount you requested as follows:

- a. Discovery of Insufficient Premium or Incomplete Rating Information Before a Loss:
- (1) If we discover before you have a flood loss that your premium payment was not enough to buy the requested amount of coverage, we will send you and any mortgages or trustee known to us a bill for the required additional premium for the current policy term (or that portion of the current policy term following any endorsement changing the amount of coverage). If you or the mortgagee or trustee pay the additional premium within 30 days from the date of our bill, we will reform the policy to increase the amount of coverage to the originally requested amount effective to the beginning of the current policy term (or subsequent date of any endorsement changing the amount of coverage).
- (2) If we determine before you have a flood loss that the rating information we have is incomplete and prevents us from calculating the additional premium, we will ask you to send the required information. You must submit the information within 60 days of our request. Once we determine the amount of additional premium for the current policy term, we will follow the procedure in G.2.a.(1) above.
- (3) If we do not receive the additional premium (or additional information) by the date it is due, the amount of coverage can only be increased by endorsement subject to any appropriate waiting period.
- b. Discovery of Insufficient Premium or Incomplete Rating Information After a Loss:
- (1) If we discover after you have a flood loss that your premium payment was not enough to buy the requested amount of coverage, we will send you and any mortgagee or trustee known to us a bill for the required additional premium for the current and the prior policy terms. If you or the mortgagee or trustee pay the additional premium within 30 days of the date of our bill, we will reform the policy to increase the amount of coverage to the originally requested amount effective to the beginning of the prior policy term.
- (2) If we discover after you have a flood loss that the rating information we have is incomplete and prevents us from calculating the additional premium, we will ask you to send the required information. You must submit the information before your claim can be paid. Once we determine the amount of additional premium for the current and prior policy terms, we will follow the procedure in G.2.b.(1) above.
- (3) If we do not receive the additional premium by the date it is due, your flood insurance claim will be settled based on the reduced amount of coverage. The amount of

coverage can only be increased by endorsement subject to any appropriate waiting period.

3. However, if we find that you or your agent intentionally did not tell us, or falsified, any important fact or circumstance or did anything fraudulent relating to this insurance, the provisions of Condition B. Concealment or Fraud and Policy Voidance apply.

H. Policy Renewal

- 1. This policy will expire at 12:01 a.m. on the last day of the policy term.
- 2. We must receive the payment of the appropriate renewal premium within 30 days of the expiration date.
- 3. If we find, however, that we did not place your renewal notice into the U.S. Postal Service, or if we did mail it, we made a mistake, e.g., we used an incorrect, incomplete, or illegible address, which delayed its delivery to you before the due date for the renewal premium, then we will follow these procedures:
- a. If you or your agent notified us, not later than one year after the date on which the payment of the renewal premium was due, of non-receipt of a renewal notice before the due date for the renewal premium, and we determine that the circumstances in the preceding paragraph apply, we will mail a second bill providing a revised due date, which will be 30 days after the date on which the bill is mailed.
- b. If we do not receive the premium requested in the second bill by the revised due date, then we will not renew the policy. In that case, the policy will remain an expired policy as of the expiration date shown on the Declarations Page.
- 4. In connection with the renewal of this policy, we may ask you during the policy term to recertify, on a Recertification Questionnaire we will provide to you, the rating information used to rate your most recent application for or renewal of insurance.

I. Conditions Suspending or Restricting Insurance

We are not liable for loss that occurs while there is a hazard that is increased by any means within your control or knowledge...

J. Requirements in Case of Loss

In case of a flood loss to insured property, you must:

- 1. Give prompt written notice to us;
- 2. As soon as reasonably possible, separate the damaged and undamaged property, putting it in the best possible order so that we may examine it;
- 3. Prepare an inventory of damaged property showing the quantity, description, actual cash value, and amount of loss. Attach all bills, receipts, and related documents;

- 4. Within 60 days after the loss, send us a proof of loss, which is your statement of the amount you are claiming under the policy signed and sworn to by you, and which furnishes us with the following information:
- a. The date and time of loss:

- b. A brief explanation of how the loss happened;
- c. Your interest (for example, "owner") and the interest, if any, of others in the damaged property:
- d. Details of any other insurance that may cover the loss:
- e. Changes in title or occupancy of the covered property during the term of the policy:
- f. Specifications of damaged buildings and detailed repair estimates;
- g. Names of mortgagees or anyone else having a lien, charge, or claim against the insured property:
- h. Details about who occupied any insured building at the time of loss and for what pupose; and
- i. The inventory of damaged personal property described in J.3. above.
- 5. In completing the proof of loss, you must use your own judgment concerning the amount of loss and justify that amount.
- 6. You must cooperate with the adjuster or representative in the investigation of the claim.
- 7. The insurance adjuster whom we hire to investigate your claim may furnish you with a proof of loss form, and she or he may help you complete it. However, this is a matter of courtesy only, and you must still send us a proof of loss within 60 days after the loss even if the adjuster does not furnish the form or help you complete it.
- 8. We have not authorized the adjuster to approve or disapprove claims or to tell you whether we will approve your claim.
- 9. At our option, we may accept the adjuster's report of the loss instead of your proof of loss. The adjuster's report will include information about your loss and the damages you sustained. You must sign the adjuster's report. At our option, we may require you to swear to the report.

K. Our Options After a Loss

Options we may, in our sole discretion, exercise after loss include the following:

- 1. At such reasonable times and places that we may designate, you must:
- a. Show us or our representative the damaged property:
- b. Submit to examination under oath, while not in the presence of another insured, and sign the same; and
- c. Permit us to examine and make extracts and copies of:
- (1) Any policies of property insurance insuring you against loss and the deed establishing your ownership of the insured real property;

O. Salvage

We may permit you to keep damaged property insured under this policy after a loss, and we will reduce the amount of the loss proceeds payable to you under the policy by the value of the salvage.

P. Appraisal

If you and we fail to agree on the actual cash value or, if applicable, replacement cost of your damaged property to settle upon the amount of loss, then either may demand an appraisal of the loss. In this event, you and we will each choose a competent and impartial appraiser within 20 days after receiving a written request from the other. The two appraisers will choose an umpire. If they cannot agree upon an umpire within 15 days, you or we may request that the choice be made by a judge of a court of record in the state where the covered property is located. The appraisers will separately state the actual cash value, the replacement cost, and the amount of loss to each item. If the appraisers submit a written report of an agreement to us, the amount agreed upon will be the amount of loss. If they fail to agree, they will submit their differences to the umpire. A decision agreed to by any two will set the amount of actual cash value and loss, or if it applies, the replacement cost and loss.

Each party will:

1. Pay its own appraiser; and

2. Bear the other expenses of the appraisal and umpire equally.

Q. Mortgage Clause

The word "mortgagee" includes trustee.

Any loss payable under Coverage A—Building Property will be paid to any mortgagee of whom we have actual notice, as well as any other mortgagee or loss payee determined to exist at the time of loss, and you, as interests appear. If more than one mortgagee is named, the order of payment will be the same as the order of precedence of the mortgages.

If we deny your claim, that denial will not apply to a valid claim of the mortgagee, if the mortgagee:

- 1. Notifies us of any change in the ownership or occupancy, or substantial change in risk of which the mortgagee is aware;
- 2. Pays any premium due under this policy on demand if you have neglected to pay the premium; and
- 3. Submits a signed, sworn proof of loss within 60 days after receiving notice from us of your failure to do so.

All of the terms of this policy apply to the mortgagee.

The mortgagee has the right to receive loss payment even if the mortgagee has started foreclosure or similar action on the building.

including the Declarations of the condominium, its Articles of Association or Incorporation, Bylaws, rules and regulations, and other relevant documents if you are a unit owner in a condominium building; and

(2) Condominium association documents

(3) All books of accounts, bills, invoices and other vouchers, or certified copies pertaining to the damaged property if the originals are lost.

2. We may request, in writing, that you furnish us with a complete inventory of the lost, damaged or destroyed property, including:

a. Quantities and costs;

b. Actual cash values or replacement cost (whichever is appropriate);

c. Amounts of loss claimed;

d. Any written plans and specifications for repair of the damaged property that you can reasonably make available to us; and

e. Evidence that prior flood damage has been repaired.

3. If we give you written notice within 30 days after we receive your signed, sworn proof of loss, we may:

a. Repair, rebuild, or replace any part of the lost, damaged, or destroyed property with material or property of like kind and quality or its functional equivalent; and

b. Take all or any part of the damaged property at the value that we agree upon or its appraised value.

L. No Benefit to Bailee

No person or organization, other than you, having custody of covered property will benefit from this insurance.

M. Loss Payment

1. We will adjust all losses with you. We will pay you unless some other person or entity is named in the policy or is legally entitled to receive payment. Loss will be payable 60 days after we receive your proof of loss (or within 90 days after the insurance adjuster files the adjuster's report signed and sworn to by you in lieu of a proof of loss) and:

a. We reach an agreement with you;

b. There is an entry of a final judgment; or

c. There is a filing of an appraisal award with us, as provided in VII. P.

2. If we reject your proof of loss in whole or in part you may:

a. Accept our denial of your claim;

b. Exercise your rights under this policy;

c. File an amended proof of loss as long as it is filed within 60 days of the date of the loss.

N. Abandonment

You may not abandon to us damaged or undamaged property insured under this policy.

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If we decide to cancel or not renew this policy, it will continue in effect for the benefit of the mortgagee only for 30 days after we notify the mortgagee of the cancellation or non-renewal.

If we pay the mortgagee for any loss and deny payment to you, we are subrogated to all the rights of the mortgagee granted under the mortgage on the property. Subrogation will not impair the right of the mortgagee to recover the full amount of the mortgagee's claim.

R. Suit Against Us

You may not sue us to recover money under this policy unless you have complied with all the requirements of the policy. If you do sue, you must start the suit within one year after the date of the written denial of all or part of the claim, and you must file the suit in the United States District Court of the district in which the covered property was located at the time of loss. This requirement applies to any claim that you may have under this policy and to any dispute that you may have arising out of the handling of any claim under the policy.

S. Subrogation

Whenever we make a payment for a loss under this policy, we are subrogated to your right to recover for that loss from any other person. That means that your right to recover for a loss that was partly or totally caused by someone else is automatically transferred to us, to the extent that we have paid you for the loss. We may require you to acknowledge this transfer in writing. After the loss, you may not give up our right to recover this money or do anything that would prevent us from recovering it. If you make any claim against any person who caused your loss and recover any money, you must pay us back first before you may keep any of that money.

T. Continuous Lake Flooding

1. If an insured building has been flooded by rising lake waters continuously for 90 days or more and it appears reasonably certain that a continuation of this flooding will result in a covered loss to the insured building equal to or greater than the building policy limits plus the deductible or the maximum payable under the policy for any one building loss, we will pay you the lesser of these two amounts without waiting for the further damage to occur if you sign a release agreeing:

a. To make no further claim under this policy;

b. Not to seek renewal of this policy;

c. Not to apply for any flood insurance under the Act for property at the described location; and

- d. Not to seek a premium refund for current or prior terms.
- If the policy term ends before the insured building has been flooded continuously for 90 days, the provisions of this paragraph T.1. will apply when the insured building suffers a covered loss before the policy term ends.
- 2. If your insured building is subject to continuous lake flooding from a closed basin lake, you may elect to file a claim under sither paragraph T.1. above or T.2. (A "closed basin lake" is a natural lake from which water leaves primarily through evaporation and whose surface area now exceeds or has exceeded one square mile at any time in the recorded past. Most of the nation's closed basin lakes are in the western half of the United States where annual evaporation exceeds annual precipitation and where lake levels and surface areas are subject to considerable fluctuation due to wide variations in the climate. These lakes may overtop their basins on rare occasions.) Under this paragraph T.2., we will pay your claim as if the building is a total loss even though it has not been continuously inundated for 90 days, subject to the following conditions:
- a. Lake flood waters must damage or imminently threaten to damage your building.
- b. Before approval of your claim, you must:
- (1) Agree to a claim payment that reflects your buying back the salvage on a negotiated basis; and
- (2) Grant the conservation easement described in FEMA's "Policy Guidance for Closed Basin Lakes" to be recorded in the office of the local recorder of deeds. FEMA, in consultation with the community in which the property is located, will identify on a map an area or areas of special consideration (ASC) in which there is a potential for flood damage from continuous lake flooding. FEMA will give the community the agreedupon map showing the ASC. This easement will only apply to that portion of the property in the ASC. It will allow certain agricultural and recreational uses of the land. The only structures it will allow on any portion of the property within the ASC are certain simple agricultural and recreational structures. If any of these allowable structures are insurable buildings under the NFIP and are insured under the NFIP, they will not be eligible for the benefits of this paragraph T.2. If a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers certified flood control project or otherwise certified flood control project later protects the property, FEMA will, upon request. amend the ASC to remove areas protected by those projects. The restrictions of the easement will then no longer apply to any portion of the property removed from the ASC;
- (3) Comply with paragraphs T.1.a. through T.1.d. above.

c. Within 90 days of approval of your claim, you must move your building to a new location outside the ASC. FEMA will give you an additional 30 days to move if you show there is sufficient reason to extend the time.

d. Before the final payment of your claim, you must acquire an elevation certificate and a floodplain development permit from the local floodplain administrator for the new location of your building.

e. Before the approval of your claim, the community having jurisdiction over your building must:

(1) Adopt a permanent land use ordinance, or a temporary moratorium for a period not to exceed 6 months to be followed immediately by a permanent land use ordinance, that is consistent with the provisions specified in the easement required in paragraph T.2.b. above.

(2) Agree to declare and report any violations of this ordinance to FEMA so that under Section 1316 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, flood insurance to the building can be denied; and

(3) Agree to maintain as deed-restricted, for purposes compatible with open space or agricultural or recreational use only, any affected property the community acquires an interest in. These deed restrictions must be consistent with the provisions of paragraph T.2.b. above, except that, even if a certified project protects the property, the land use restrictions continue to apply if the property was acquired under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program or the Flood Mitigation Assistance Program. If a non-profit land trust organization receives the property as a donation, that organization must maintain the property as deed-restricted, consistent with the provisions of paragraph T.2.b. above.

f. Before the approval of your claim, the affected State must take all action set forth in FEMA's "Policy Guidance for Closed Basin Lakes."

g. You must have NFIP flood insurance coverage continuously in effect from a date established by FEMA until you file a claim under paragraph T.2. If a subsequent owner buys NFIP insurance that goes into effect within 60 days of the date of transfer of title, any gap in coverage during that 60-day period will not be a violation of this continuous coverage requirement. For the purpose of honoring a claim under this paragraph T.2, we will not consider to be in effect any increased coverage that became effective after the date established by FEMA. The exception to this is any increased coverage in the amount suggested by your insurer as an inflation adjustment.

h. This paragraph T.2. will be in effect for a community when the FEMA Regional Director for the affected region provides to the community, in writing, the following:

(1) Confirmation that the community and the State are in compliance with the condi-

tions in paragraphs T.2.e. and T.2.f. above,

(2) The date by which you must have flood insurance in effect.

U. Duplicate Policies Not Allowed

1. We will not insure your property under more than one NFIP policy.

If we find that the duplication was not knowingly created, we will give you written notice. The notice will advise you that you may choose one of several options under the following procedures:

a. If you choose to keep in effect the policy with the earlier effective date, you may also choose to add the coverage limits of the later policy to the limits of the earlier policy. The change will become effective as of the effective date of the later policy.

b. If you choose to keep in effect the policy with the later effective date, you may also choose to add the coverage limits of the earlier policy to the limits of the later policy. The change will be effective as of the effective date of the later policy.

In either case, you must pay the pro rata premium for the increased coverage limits within 30 days of the written notice. In no event will the resulting coverage limits exceed the permissible limits of coverage under the Act or your insurable interest, whichever is less. We will make a refund to you, according to applicable NFIP rules, of the premium for the policy not being kept in effect.

2. Your option under Condition U. Duplicate Policies Not Allowed to elect which NFIP policy to keep in effect does not apply when duplicates have been knowingly created. Losses occurring under such circumstances will be adjusted according to the terms and conditions of the earlier policy. The policy with the later effective date must be canceled.

V. Loss Settlement

1. Introduction

This policy provides three methods of settling losses: Replacement Cost, Special Loss Settlement, and Actual Cash Value. Each method is used for a different type of property, as explained in a-c. below.

a. Replacement Cost Loss Settlement, described in V.2. below, applies to a single-family dwelling provided:

(1) It is your principal residence, which means that, at the time of loss, you or your spouse lived there for 80% of:

(a) The 365 days immediately preceding the loss or

(b) The period of your ownership, if you owned the dwelling for less than 365 days; and

(2) At the time of loss, the amount of insurance in this policy that applies to the dwelling is 80% or more of its full replacement cost immediately before the loss, or is

the maximum amount of insurance available under the NFIP.

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b. Special Loss Settlement, described in V.3. below, applies to a single-family dwelling that is a manufactured or mobile home or a travel trailer.

c. Actual Cash Value loss settlement applies to a single-family dwelling not subject to replacement cost or special loss settlement, and to the property listed in V.4. below.

2. Replacement Cost Loss Settlement

The following loss settlement conditions apply to a single-family dwelling described in V.1.a. above:

a. We will pay to repair or replace the damaged dwelling after application of the deductible and without deduction for depreciation, but not more than the least of the following amounts:

(1) The building limit of liability shown on your Declarations Page;

(2) The replacement cost of that part of the dwelling damaged, with materials of like kind and quality and for like use; or

(3) The necessary amount actually spent to repair or replace the damaged part of the dwelling for like use.

b. If the dwelling is rebuilt at a new location, the cost described above is limited to the cost that would have been incurred if the dwelling had been rebuilt at its former location

c. When the full cost of repair or replacement is more than \$1,000, or more than 5% of the whole amount of insurance that applies to the dwelling, we will not be liable for any loss under V.2.a. above or V.4.a.(2) below unless and until actual repair or replacement is completed.

d. You may disregard the replacement cost conditions above and make claim under this policy for loss to dwellings on an actual cash value basis. You may then make claim for any additional liability according to V.2.a., b., and c. above, provided you notify us of your intent to do so within 180 days after the date of loss.

e. If the community in which your dwelling is located has been converted from the Emergency Program to the Regular Program during the current policy term, then we will consider the maximum amount of available NFIP insurance to be the amount that was available at the beginning of the current policy term.

3. Special Loss Settlement

a. The following loss settlement conditions apply to a single-family dwelling that:

(1) is a manufactured or mobile home or a travel trailer, as defined in II.B.6.b. and c.,

(2) is at least 16 feet wide when fully assembled and has an area of at least 600

square feet within its perimeter walls when fully assembled, and

(3) is your principal residence as specified in V.1.a.(1) above.

b. If such a dwelling is totally destroyed or damaged to such an extent that, in our judgment, it is not economically feasible to repair, at least to its pre-damage condition, we will, at our discretion pay the least of the following amounts:

(1) The lesser of the replacement cost of the dwelling or 1.5 times the actual cash value, or

(2) The building limit of liability shown on your Declarations Page.

c. If such a dwelling is partially damaged and, in our judgment, it is economically feasible to repair it to its pre-damage condition, we will settle the loss according to the Replacement Cost conditions in V.2.above.

4. Actual Cash Value Loss Settlement

The types of property noted below are subject to actual cash value (or in the case of V.4.a.(2), below, proportional) loss settlement.

a. A dwelling, at the time of loss, when the amount of insurance on the dwelling is both less than 80% of its full replacement cost immediately before the loss and less than the maximum amount of insurance available under the NFIP. In that case, we will pay the greater of the following amounts, but not more than the amount of insurance that applies to that dwelling:

(1) The actual cash value, as defined in II.B.2., of the damaged part of the dwelling;

(2) A proportion of the cost to repair or replace the damaged part of the dwelling, without deduction for physical depreciation and after application of the deductible.

This proportion is determined as follows: If 80% of the full replacement cost of the dwelling is less than the maximum amount of insurance available under the NFIP, then the proportion is determined by dividing the actual amount of insurance on the dwelling by the amount of insurance that represents 80% of its full replacement cost. But if 80% of the full replacement cost of the dwelling is greater than the maximum amount of insurance available under the NFIP, then the proportion is determined by dividing the actual amount of insurance on the dwelling by the maximum amount of insurance available under the NFIP.

b. A two-, three-, or four-family dwelling.

c. A unit that is not used exclusively for single-family dwelling purposes.

d. Detached garages.

e. Personal property.

f. Appliances, carpets, and carpet pads.

g. Outdoor awnings, outdoor antennas or aerials of any type, and other outdoor equipment.

h. Any property covered under this policy that is abandoned after a loss and remains as debris anywhere on the described location.

i. A dwelling that is not your principal residence.

5. Amount of Insurance Required

To determine the amount of insurance required for a dwelling immediately before the loss, we do not include the value of:

a. Footings, foundations, piers, or any other structures or devices that are below the undersurface of the lowest basement floor and support all or part of the dwelling;

b. Those supports listed in V.5.a. above, that are below the surface of the ground inside the foundation walls if there is no basement; and

c. Excavations and underground flues, pipes, wiring, and drains.

NOTE: The Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance limit of liability is not included in the determination of the amount of insurance required.

VIII. LIBERALIZATION CLAUSE

If we make a change that broadens your coverage under this edition of our policy, but does not require any additional premium, then that change will automatically apply to your insurance as of the date we implement the change, provided that this implementation date falls within 60 days before or during the policy term stated on the Declarations Page.

IX. WHAT LAW GOVERNS

This policy and all disputes arising from the handling of any claim under the policy are governed exclusively by the flood insurance regulations issued by FEMA, the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4001, et seq.), and Federal common law.

In Witness Whereof, we have signed this policy below and hereby enter into this Insurance Agreement.

JO ANN HOWARD, Administrator, Federal Insurance Administration.

[65 FR 60769, Oct. 12, 2000, as amended at 68 FR 9897, Mar. 3, 2003]

APPENDIX A(2) TO PART 61

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION

STANDARD FLOOD INSURANCE POLICY

GENERAL PROPERTY FORM

Please read the policy carefully. The flood insurance coverage provided is subject to limitations, restrictions, and exclusions.

This policy provides no coverage:

- -- regree community for a

1. In a regular program community, for a residential condominium building, as defined in this policy; and

2. Except for personal property coverage, for a unit in a condominium building.

I. AGREEMENT

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides flood insurance under the terms of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and its Amendments, and Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

We will pay you for direct physical loss by or from flood to your insured property if

1. Have paid the correct premium;

2. Comply with all terms and conditions of this policy; and

3. Have furnished accurate information and statements.

We have the right to review the information you give us at any time and to revise your policy based on our review.

II. DEFINITIONS

A. In this policy, "you" and "your" refer to the insured(s) shown on the Declarations Page of this policy. Insured(s) includes: Any mortgagee and loss payee named in the Application and Declarations page, as well as any other mortgagee or loss payee determined to exist at the time of loss in the order of precedence. "We," "us," and "our" refer to the insurer.

Some definitions are complex because they are provided as they appear in the law or regulations, or result from court cases. The precise definitions are intended to protect

Flood, as used in this flood insurance policy, means:

- 1. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of two or more acres of normally dry land area or of two or more properties (one of which is your property) from:
- a. Overflow of inland or tidal waters;
- b. Unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source;
- c. Mudflow.
- 2. The collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or similar body of water as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels which result in a flood as defined in A.l.a. above.
- B. The following are the other key definitions we use in this policy:
- 1. Act. The National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 and any amendments to it.
- 2. Actual Cash Value. The cost to replace an insured item of property at the time of loss, less the value of its physical depreciation.
- 3. Application. The statement made and signed by you or your agent in applying for

this policy. The application gives information we use to determine the eligibility of the risk, the kind of policy to be issued, and the correct premium payment. The application is part of this flood insurance policy. For us to issue you a policy, the correct premium payment must accompany the application.

Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

4. Base Flood. A flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

5. Basement. Any area of the building, including any sunken room or sunken portion of a room, having its floor below ground level (subgrade) on all sides.

 $6. \ Building.$

a. A structure with two or more outside rigid walls and a fully secured roof, that is affixed to a permanent site;

b. A manufactured home ("a manufactured home," also known as a mobile home, is a structure: built on a permanent chassis, transported to its site in one or more sections, and affixed to a permanent foundation); or

c. A travel trailer without wheels, built on a chassis and affixed to a permanent foundation, that is regulated under the community's floodplain management and building ordinances or laws.

Building does not mean a gas or liquid storage tank or a recreational vehicle, park trailer, or other similar vehicle, except as described in B.6.c., above.

7. Cancellation. The ending of the insurance coverage provided by this policy before the expiration date.

8. Condominium. That form of ownership of real property in which each unit owner has an undivided interest in common elements.

9. Condominium Association. The entity, formed by the unit owners, responsible for the maintenance and operation of:

a. Common elements owned in undivided shares by unit owners; and

b. Other real property in which the unit owners have use rights where membership in the entity is a required condition of unit ownership.

10. Declarations Page. A computer-generated summary of information you provided in the application for insurance. The Declarations Page also describes the term of the policy, limits of coverage, and displays the premium and our name. The Declarations Page is a part of this flood insurance policy.

11. Described Location. The location where the insured building or personal property is found. The described location is shown on the Declarations Page.

12. Direct Physical Loss By or From Flood. Loss or damage to insured property, directly caused by a flood. There must be evidence of physical changes to the property.

13. Elevated Building. A building that has no basement and that has its lowest elevated floor raised above ground level by foundation

walls, shear walls, posts, piers, pilings, or columns.

14. Emergency Program. The initial phase of a community's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. During this phase, only limited amounts of insurance are available under the Act.

15. Expense Constant. A flat charge you must pay on each new or renewal policy to defray the expenses of the Federal Government related to flood insurance.

16. Federal Policy Fee. A flat charge you must pay on each new or renewal policy to defray certain administrative expenses incurred in carrying out the National Flood Insurance Program. This fee covers expenses not covered by the expense constant.

17. Improvements. Fixtures, alterations, installations, or additions comprising a part of the insured building.

18. Mudflow. A river of liquid and flowing mud on the surfaces of normally dry land areas, as when earth is carried by a current of water. Other earth movements, such as landslide, slope failure, or a saturated soil mass moving by liquidity down a slope, are not mudflows.

19. National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). The program of flood insurance coverage and floodplain management administered under the Act and applicable Federal regulations in Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Subchapter B.

20. Policy. The entire written contract between you and us. It includes:

a. This printed form:

b. The application and Declarations Page;

c. Any endorsement(s) that may be issued; and,

d. Any renewal certificate indicating that coverage has been instituted for a new policy and new policy term.

Only one building, which you specifically described in the application, may be insured under this policy.

21. Pollutants. Substances that include, but that are not limited to, any solid, liquid, gaseous or thermal irritant or contaminant, including smoke, vapor, soot, fumes, acids, alkalis, chemicals, and waste. "Waste" includes, but is not limited to, materials to be recycled, reconditioned; or reclaimed.

22. Post-FIRM Building. A building for which construction or substantial improvement occurred after December 31, 1974, or on or after the effective date of an initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), whichever is later.

23. Probation Premium. A flat charge you must pay on each new or renewal policy issued covering property in a community that has been placed on probation under the provisions of 44 CFR 59.24.

24. Regular Program. The final phase of a community's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. In this phase, a Flood Insurance Rate Map is in effect and

full limits of coverage are available under the Act.

- 25. Residential Condominium Building. A building, owned and administered as a condominium, containing one or more family units and in which at least 75% of the floor area is residential.
- 26. Special Flood Hazard Area. An area having special flood or mudflow, and/or flood-related erosion hazards, and shown on a Flood Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance Rate Map as Zone A, AO, A1-A30, AE, A99, AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, AR/ A1-A30, V1-V30, VE, V.
- 27. Stock means merchandise held in storage or for sale, raw materials, and in-process or finished goods, including supplies used in their packing or shipping.

Stock does not include any property not covered under Section IV. Property Not

Covered, except the following:

- a. Parts and equipment for self-propelled
- b. Furnishings and equipment for watercraft:
- c. Spas and hot-tubs, including their equipment; and
- d. Swimining pool equipment.
- 28. Unit. A unit in a condominium building.
- 29. Valued Policy. A policy in which the insured and the insurer agree on the value of the property insured, that value being payable in the event of a total loss. The Standard Flood Insurance Policy is not a valued policy.

III. PROPERTY COVERED

A. Coverage A—Building Property

We insure against direct physical loss by or from flood to:

- 1. The building described on the Declarations Page at the described location. If the building is a condominium building and the named insured is the condominium association, Coverage A includes all units within the building and the improvements within the units, provided the units are owned in common by all unit owners.
- 2. We also insure building property for a period of 45 days at another location, as set forth in III.C.2.b., Property Removed to Safe-
- 3. Additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the building by means of a rigid exterior wall, a solid load-bearing interior wall, a stairway, an elevated walkway, or a roof. At your option, additions and extensions connected by any of these methods may be separately insured. Additions and extensions attached to and in contact with the building by means of a common interior wall that is not a solid load-bearing wall are always considered part of the building and cannot be separately insured.

4. The following fixtures, machinery, and equipment, which are covered under Coverage A only:

- a. Awnings and canopies;
- b. Blinds;
- c. Carpet permanently installed over unfinished flooring;
- d. Central air conditioners;
- e. Elevator equipment;
- f. Fire extinguishing apparatus;
- g. Fire sprinkler systems;
- h. Walk-in freezers;
- i. Furnaces;
- j. Light fixtures;
- k. Outdoor antennas and aerials attached to buildings;
- 1. Permanently installed cupboards, bookcases, paneling, and wallpaper;
- m. Pumps and machinery for operating
- n. Ventilating equipment; and
- o. Wall mirrors, permanently installed;
- p. In the units within the building, installed:
- (1) Built-in dishwashers;
- (2) Built-in microwave ovens;
- (3) Garbage disposal units;
- (4) Hot water heaters, including solar water heaters:
- (5) Kitchen cabinets;
- (6) Plumbing fixtures;
- (7) Radiators;
- (8) Ranges;
- (9) Refrigerators; and
- (10) Stoves.
- 5. Materials and supplies to be used for construction, alteration, or repair of the insured building while the materials and supplies are stored in a fully enclosed building at the described location or on an adjacent property.
- 6. A building under construction, alteration, or repair at the described location.
- a. If the structure is not yet walled or roofed as described in the definition for building (see II. 6.a.), then coverage applies:
- (1) Only while such work is in progress; or
- (2) If such work is halted, only for a period of up to 90 continuous days thereafter.
- b. However, coverage does not apply until the building is walled and roofed if the lowest floor, including the basement floor, of a non-elevated building or the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building is:
- (1) Below the base flood elevation in Zones AH, AE, Al-A30, AR, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/Al-A30, AR/A, AR/AO; or
- (2) Below the base flood elevation adjusted to include the effect of wave action in Zones VE or V1-V30.

The lowest floor levels are based on the . bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the floor in Zones VE or V1-V30 and the top of the floor in Zones AH, AE, Al-A30, AR, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, AR/A, AR/AO.

7. A manufactured home or a travel trailer as described in the Definitions

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Section (see II.B.6.b.and II.B.6.c.).

If the manufactured home or travel trailer is in a special flood hazard area, it must be anchored in the following manner at the time of the loss:

- a. By over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors; or
- b. In accordance with the manufacturer's specifications; or
- c. In compliance with the community's floodplain management requirements unless it has been continuously insured by the NFIP at the same described location since September 30, 1982.
- 8. Items of property in a building enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated post-FIRM building located in zones A1-A30, AE, AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, V1-V30, or VE, or in a basement, regardless of the zone. Coverage is limited to the following:
- a. Any of the following items, if installed in their functioning locations and, if necessary for operation, connected to a power source:
- (1) Central air conditioners;
- (2) Cisterns and the water in them;
- (3) Drywall for walls and ceilings in a basement and the cost of labor to nail it, unfinished and unfloated and not taped, to the framing;
- (4) Electrical junction and circuit breaker boxes:
- (5) Electrical outlets and switches;
- (6) Elevators, dumbwaiters, and related equipment, except for related equipment installed below the base flood elevation after September 30, 1987;
- (7) Fuel tanks and the fuel in them;
- (8) Furnaces and hot water heaters;
- (9) Heat pumps;
- (10) Nonflammable insulation in a basement.
- (11) Pumps and tanks used in solar energy
- (12) Stairways and staircases attached to the building, not separated from it by elevated walkways;
- (13) Sump pumps;
- (14) Water softeners and the chemicals in them, water filters, and faucets installed as an integral part of the plumbing system;
- (15) Well water tanks and pumps;
- (16) Required utility connections for any item in this list; and
- (17) Footings, foundations, posts, pilings, piers, or other foundation walls and anchorage systems required to support a building.
- b. Clean-up.

B. Coverage B-Personal Property

1. If you have purchased personal property coverage, we insure, subject to B. 2., 3., and 4. below, against direct physical loss by or from flood to personal property inside t fully enclosed insured building:

- a. Owned solely by you, or in the case of condominium, owned solely by the could minium association and used exclusively the conduct of the business affairs of th condominium association; or
- b. Owned in common by the unit owners the condominium association.

We also insure such personal preperty for 45 days while stored at a temporary location as set forth in HI.C.2.b., Property Remove to Safety.

- 2. When this policy covers personal prop erty, coverage will be either for househole personal property or other than bousehold personal property, while within the insured building, but not both.
- a. If this policy covers household persona property, it will insure household persona property usual to a living quarters, that:
- (1) Belongs to you, or a member of your household, or at your option:
- (a) Your domestic worker;
- (b) Your guest: or
- (2) You may be legally liable for.
- b. If this policy covers other than household personal property, it will insure your:
- (1) Furniture and fixtures;
- (2) Machinery and equipment;
- (3) Stock; and
- (4) Other personal property owned by you and used in your business, subject to IV. Property Not Covered.
- 3. Coverage for personal property includes the following property, subject to B.J.a. and B.1.b. above, which is covered under Coverage B. only:
- a. Air conditioning units installed in the building;
- b. Carpet, not permanently installed, ever unfinished flooring:
- c. Carpets over finished flooring;
- d. Clothes washers and dryers;
- e. "Cook-out" grills;
- f. Food freezers, other than walk-in, and the food in any freezer;
- g. Outdoor equipment and furniture stored inside the insured building:
- h. Ovens and the like; and
- i. Portable microwave ovens and portable dishwashers.
- 4. Items of property in a building enclosure below the lowest elevated floor of an elevated post-FIRM building located in zones A1-A30, AE, AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, V1-V30, or VE, or in a basement, regardless of the zone, is limited to the following items, if installed in their functioning locations and, if necessary for operation, connected to a power source:
- a. Air conditioning units-portable or window type;
- b. Clothes washers and dryers; and
- c. Food freezers, other than walk-in, and food in any freezer.

a. Artwork, photographs, collectibles, or memorabilia, including but not limited to, porcelain or other figures, and sports cards;

b. Rare books or autographed items; c. Jewelry, watches, precious and semi-precious stones, articles of gold, silver, or platinum:

d. Furs or any article containing fur which represents its principal value; or

6. We will pay only for the functional value of antiques.

7. If you are a tenant, you may apply up to 10% of the Coverage B limit to improvements:

a. Made a part of the building you occupy; and

b. You acquired, or made at your expense, even though you cannot legally remove.

This coverage does not increase the amount of insurance that applies to insured personal property.

8. If you are a condominium unit owner, you may apply up to 10% of the Coverage B limit to cover loss to interior:

a. walls,

b. floors, and

c. ceilings.

that are not covered under a policy issued to the condominium association insuring the condominium building.

This coverage does not increase the amount of insurance that applies to insured personal property.

9. If you are a tenant, personal property must be inside the fully enclosed building.

C. Coverage C-Other Coverages

1. Debris Removal.

a. We will pay the expense to remove nonowned debris that is on or in insured property and debris of insured property anywhere.

b. If you or a member of your household perform the removal work, the value of your work will be based on the Federal minimum wage.

c. This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B limit of liability.

2. Loss Avoidance Measures.

a. Sandbags, Supplies, and Labor

a. Sandags, Supplies, and Labor.

(1) We will pay up to \$1,000 for the costs you incur to protect the insured building from a flood or imminent danger of flood, for the following:

(a) Your reasonable expenses to buy:

(i) Sandbags, including sand to fill them;

(ii) Fill for temporary levees;

(iii) Pumps; and

(iv) Plastic sheeting and lumber used in connection with these items; and

(b) The value of work, at the Federal minimum wage, that you perform.

(2) This coverage for Sandbags, Supplies, and Labor only applies if damage to insured

property by or from flood is imminent and the threat of flood damage is apparent enough to lead a person of common prudence to anticipate flood damage. One of the following must also occur:

(a) A general and temporary condition of flooding in the area near the described location must occur, even if the flood does not reach the insured building; or

(b) A legally authorized official must issue an evacuation order or other civil order for the community in which the insured building is located calling for measures to preserve life and property from the peril of flood.

This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B limit of liability.

b. Property Removed to Safety

(1) We will pay up to \$1,000 for the reasonable expenses you incur to move insured property to a place other than the described location that contains the property in order to protect it from flood or the imminent danger of flood.

Reasonable expenses include the value of work, at the Federal minimum wage, that

you perform.

(2) If you move insured property to a place other than the described location that contains the property, in order to protect it from flood or the imminent danger of flood, we will cover such property while at that location for a period of 45 consecutive days from the date you begin to move it there. The personal property that is moved must be placed in a fully enclosed building, or otherwise reasonably protected from the elements.

Any property removed, including a moveable home described in II.6.b. and c., must be placed above ground level or outside of the special flood hazard area.

This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B limit of liability.

3. Pollution Damage.

We will pay for damage caused by pollutants to covered property if the discharge, seepage, migration, release, or escape of the pollutants is caused by or results from flood. The most we will pay under this coverage is \$10,000. This coverage does not increase the Coverage A or Coverage B limits of liability. Any payment under this provision when combined with all other payments for the same loss cannot exceed the replacement cost or actual cash value, as appropriate, of the covered property. This coverage does not include the testing for or monitoring of pollutants unless required by law or ordinance.

D. Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance

General.

This policy pays you to comply with a State or local floodplain management law or ordinance affecting repair or reconstruction of a structure suffering flood damage. Compliance activities eligible for payment are:

elevation, floodproofing, relocation, or demolition (or any combination of these activities) of your structure. Eligible floodproofing activities are limited to:

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a. Non-residential structures. b. Residential structures with basements that satisfy FEMA's standards published in the Code of Federal Regulations [44 CFR 60.6 (b) or (c)].

2. Limit of Liability.

We will pay you up to \$30,000 under this Coverage D—Increased Cost of Compliance, which only applies to policies with building coverage (Coverage A). Our payment of claims under Coverage D is in addition to the amount of coverage which you selected on the application and which appears on the Declarations Page. But the maximum you can collect under this policy for both Coverage A (Building Property) and Coverage D (Increased Cost of Compliance) cannot exceed the maximum permitted under the Act. We do NOT charge a separate deductible for a claim under Coverage D.

3. Eligibility.

a. A structure covered under Coverage A—Building Property sustaining a loss caused by a flood as defined by this policy must:

(1) Be a "repetitive loss structure." A "repetitive loss structure" is one that meets the

following conditions:

(a) The structure is covered by a contract of flood insurance issued under the NFIP.

(b) The structure has suffered flood damage on 2 occasions during a 10-year period which ends on the date of the second loss.

(c) The cost to repair the flood damage, on average, equaled or exceeded 25% of the market value of the structure at the time of each flood loss.

(d) In addition to the current claim, the NFIP must have paid the previous qualifying claim, and the State or community must have a cumulative, substantial damage provision or repetitive loss provision in its floodplain management law or ordinance being enforced against the structure; or

(2) Be a structure that has had flood damage in which the cost to repair equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure at the time of the flood. The State or community must have a substantial damage provision in its floodplain management law or ordinance being enforced against the structure.

b. This Coverage D pays you to comply with State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances that meet the minimum standards of the National Flood Insurance Program found in the Code of Federal Regulations at 44 CFR 60.3. We pay for compliance activities that exceed those standards under these conditions:

(1) 3.a.(1) above.

(2) Elevation or floodproofing in any risk zone to preliminary or advisory base flood elevations provided by FEMA which the State or local government has adopted and is enforcing for flood-damaged structures in such areas. (This includes compliance activities in B, C, X, or D zones which are being changed to zones with base flood elevations. This also includes compliance activities in zones where base flood elevations are being increased, and a flood-damaged structure must comply with the higher advisory base flood elevation.) Increased Cost of Compliance coverage does not apply to situations in B, C, X, or D zones where the community has derived its own elevations and is enforcing elevation or floodproofing requirements for flood-damaged structures to elevations derived solely by the community.

(3) Elevation or floodproofing above the base flood elevation to meet State or local "freeboard" requirements, i.e., that a structure must be elevated above the base flood

elevation.

c. Under the minimum NFIP criteria at 4d CFR 60.3(b)(4), States and communities must require the elevation or floodproofing of structures in unnumbered A zones to the base flood elevation where elevation data is obtained from a Federal, State, or other source. Such compliance activities are also eligible for Coverage D.

d. This coverage will also pay for the incremental cost, after demolition or relocation, of elevating or floodproofing a structure during its rebuilding at the same or another site to meet State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances, subject to Exclu-

sion D.5.g. below.

e. This coverage will also pay to bring a flood-damaged structure into compliance with State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances even if the structure had received a variance before the present loss from the applicable floodplain management requirements.

Conditions.

a. When a structure covered under Coverage A-Building Property sustains a loss caused by a flood, our payment for the loss under this Coverage D will be for the increased cost to elevate, floodproof, relocate, or demolish (or any combination of these activities) caused by the enforcement of current State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws. Our payment for eligible demolition activities will be for the cost to demolish and clear the site of the building debris or a portion thereof caused by the enforcement of current State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws. Eligible activities for the cost of clearing the site will include those necessary to discontinue utility service to the site and ensure proper abandonment of on-site utilities.

b. When the building is repaired or rebuilt, it must be intended for the same occupancy as the present building unless otherwise required by current floodplain management ordinances or laws.

Exclusions.

Under this Coverage D—Increased Cost of Compliance, we will not pay for:

- a. The cost to comply with any floodplain management law or ordinance in communities participating in the Emergency Program.
- b. The cost associated with enforcement of any ordinance or law that requires any insured or others to test for, monitor, clean up, remove, contain, treat, detoxify or neutralize, or in any way respond to, or assess the effects of pollutants.
- c. The loss in value to any insured building or other structure due to the requirements of any ordinance or law.
- d. The loss in residual value of the undamaged portion of a building demolished as a consequence of enforcement of any State or local floodplain management law or ordinance.
- e. Any Increased Cost of Compliance under this Coverage D:
- (1) Until the building is elevated, floodproofed, demolished, or relocated on the same or to another premises; and
- (2) Unless the building is elevated, floodproofed, demolished, or relocated as soon as reasonably possible after the loss, not to exceed two years.
- f. Any code upgrade requirements, e.g., plumbing or electrical wiring, not specifically related to the State or local floodplain management law or ordinance.
- g. Any compliance activities needed to bring additions or improvements made after the loss occurred into compliance with State or local floodplain management laws or ordinances.
- h. Loss due to any ordinance or law that you were required to comply with before the current loss.
- i. Any rebuilding activity to standards that do not meet the NFIP's minimum requirements. This includes any situation where the insured has received from the State or community a variance in connection with the current flood loss to rebuild the property to an elevation below the base flood elevation.
- j. Increased Cost of Compliance for a garage or carport.
- k. Any structure insured under an NFIP Group Flood Insurance Policy.
- l. Assessments made by a condominium association on individual condominium unit owners to pay increased costs of repairing commonly owned buildings after a flood in compliance with State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws.
- 6. Other Provisions.
- All other conditions and provisions of the policy apply.

TV. PROPERTY NOT COVERED

A. We do not cover any of the following property: {

- 1. Personal property not inside the fully enclosed building;
- 2. A building, and personal property in it, located entirely in, on, or over water or seaward of mean high tide, if it was constructed or substantially improved after September 30, 1982;
- 3. Open structures, including a building used as a boathouse or any structure or building into which boats are floated, and personal property located in, on, or over water:
- 4. Recreational vehicles other than travel trailers described in the II.B.6.c., whether affixed to a permanent foundation or on wheels;
- 5. Self-propelled vehicles or machines, including their parts and equipment. However, we do cover self-propelled vehicles or machines, provided they are not licensed for use on public roads and are:
- a. Used mainly to service the described location or
- b. Designed and used to assist handicapped persons, while the vehicles or machines are inside a building at the described location;
- 6. Land, land values, lawns, trees, shrubs, plants, growing crops, or animals;
- 7. Accounts, bills, coins, currency, deeds, evidences of debt, medals, money, scrip, stored value cards, postage stamps, securities, bullion, manuscripts, or other valuable papers:
- 8. Underground structures and equipment, including wells, septic tanks, and septic systems:
- 9. Those portions of walks, walkways, decks, driveways, patios, and other surfaces, all whether protected by a roof or not, located outside the perimeter, exterior walls of the insured building;
- 10. Containers including related equipment, such as, but not limited to, tanks containing gases or liquids;
- 11. Buildings or units and all their contents if more than 49% of the actual cash value of the building or unit is below ground, unless the lowest level is at or above the base flood elevation and is below ground by reason of earth having been used as insulation material in conjunction with energy efficient building techniques;
- 12. Fences, retaining walls, seawalls, bulk-heads, wharves, piers, bridges, and docks;
- 13. Aircraft or watercraft, or their furnishings and equipment;
- 14. Hot tubs and spas that are not bathroom fixtures, and swimming pools, and their equipment such as, but not limited to, heaters, filters, pumps, and pipes, wherever located.
- 15. Property not eligible for flood insurance pursuant to the provisions of the Coastal Barrier Resources Act and the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990 and amendments to these Acts;

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16. Personal property owned by or in the care, custody or control of a unit owner, except for property of the type and under the circumstances set forth under III. Coverage B—Personal Property of this policy;

17. A residential condominium building located in a Regular Program community.

V. EXCLUSIONS

- A. We only provide coverage for direct physical loss by or from flood, which means that we do not pay you for:
 - 1. Loss of revenue or profits;
- 2. Loss of access to the insured property or described location;
- 3. Loss of use of the insured property or described location;
- 4. Loss from interruption of business or production;
- 5. Any additional expenses incurred while the insured building is being repaired or is unable to be occupied for any reason;
- 6. The cost of complying with any ordinance or law requiring or regulating the construction, demolition, remodeling, renovation or repair of property, including removal of any resulting debris. This exclusion does not apply to any eligible activities that we describe in Coverage D—Increased Cost of Compliance; or
- 7. Any other economic loss you suffer.
- B. We do not insure a loss directly or indirectly caused by a flood that is already in progress at the time and date:
- 1. The policy term begins; or
- 2. Coverage is added at your request.
- C. We do not insure for loss to property caused directly by earth movement even if the earth movement is caused by flood. Some examples of earth movement that we do not cover are:
- 1. Earthquake;
- 2. Landslide:
- 3. Land subsidence:
- 4. Sinkholes;
- 5. Destabilization or movement of land that results from accumulation of water in subsurface land areas; or
- 6. Gradual erosion.
- We do, however, pay for losses from mudflow and land subsidence as a result of erosion that are specifically covered under our definition of flood (see A.l.c. and H.A.2.).
- D. We do not insure for direct physical loss caused directly or indirectly by:
- 1. The pressure or weight of ice;
- 2. Freezing or thawing:
- 3. Rain, snow, sleet, hail, or water spray;
- 4. Water, moisture, mildew, or mold damage that results primarily from any condition:
- a. Substantially confined to the insured building; or
- b. That is within your control including, but not limited to:
- (1) Design, structural, or mechanical defects;

- (2) Failures, stoppages, or breakage of water or sewer lines, drains, pumps, fixtures, or equipment; or
- (3) Failure to inspect and maintain the property after a flood recedes:
- 5. Water or water-borne material that:
- a. Backs up through sewers or drains;
- b. Discharges or overflows from a sump sump pump, or related equipment; or
- c. Seeps or leaks on or through the covered property:
- uniess there is a flood in the area and the flood is the proximate cause of the sewer or drain backup, sump pump discharge or overflow, or the seepage of water;
- 6. The pressure or weight of water unless there is a flood in the area and the flood is the proximate cause of the damage from the pressure or weight of water:
- 7. Power, heating, or cooling failure unless the failure results from direct physical loss by or from flood to power, heating, or cooling equipment situated on the described location;
- 8. Theft, fire, explosion, wind, or windstorm:
- 9. Anything that you or your agents do or conspire to do to cause loss by flood deliberately; or
- 10. Alteration of the insured property that significantly increases the risk of flooding.
- E. We do not insure for loss to any building or personal property located on land leased from the Federal Government, arising from or incident to the flooding of the land by the Federal Government, where the lease expressly holds the Federal Government harmless under flood insurance issued under any Federal Government program.

VI. DEDUCTIBLES

A. When a loss is covered under this policy, we will pay only that part of the loss that exceeds the applicable deductible amount, subject to the limit of liability that applies. The deductible amount is shown on the Declarations Page.

However, when a building under construction, alteration, or repair does not have at least two rigid exterior walls and a fully secured roof at the time of loss, your deductible amount will be two times the deductible that would otherwise apply to a completed building.

- B. In each loss from flood, separate deductibles apply to the building and personal property insured by this policy.
- C. No deductible applies to:
- 1. III.C.2. Loss Avoidance Measures; or
- 2. III.D. Increased Cost of Compliance.

VII. GENERAL CONDITIONS

A. Pair and Set Clause

In case of loss to an article that is part of a pair or set, we will have the option of paying you:

- 1. An amount equal to the cost of replacing the lost, damaged, or destroyed article, less depreciation, or
- 2. An amount which represents the fair proportion of the total value of the pair or set that the lost, damaged, or destroyed article bears to the pair or set.
- B. Concealment or Fraud and Policy Voidance
- 1. With respect to all insureds under this policy, this policy:
- a. Is void,
- b. Has no legal force or effect,
- c. Cannot be renewed, and
- d. Cannot be replaced by a new NFIP policy, if, before or after a loss, you or any other insured or your agent have at any time.
- (1) Intentionally concealed or misrepresented any material fact or circumstance,
- (2) Engaged in fraudulent conduct, or
- (3) Made false statements relating to this policy or any other NFIP insurance.
- 2. This policy will be void as of the date wrongful acts described in B.1. above were committed.
- 3. Fines, civil penalties, and imprisonment under applicable Federal laws may also apply to the acts of fraud or concealment described above.
- 4. This policy is also void for reasons other than fraud, misrepresentation, or wrongful act. This policy is void from its inception and has no legal force under the following conditions:
- a. If the property is located in a community that was not participating in the NFIP on the policy's inception date and did not join or re-enter the program during the policy term and before the loss occurred; or
- b. If the property listed on the application is otherwise not eligible for coverage under the NFIP.

C. Other Insurance

- 1. If a loss covered by this policy is also covered by other insurance that includes flood coverage not issued under the Act, we will not pay more than the amount of insurance that you are entitled to for lost, damaged, or destroyed property insured under this policy subject to the following:
- a. We will pay only the proportion of the loss that the amount of insurance that applies under this policy bears to the total amount of insurance covering the loss, unless C.1.b. or c. below applies.
- b. If the other policy has a provision stating that it is excess insurance, this policy will be primary.
- c. This policy will be primary (but subject to its own deductible) up to the deductible in the other flood policy (except another policy as described in C.1.b. above). When the other deductible amount is reached, this policy will participate in the same proportion that

the amount of insurance under this policy bears to the total amount of both policies, for the remainder of the loss.

2. Where this policy covers a condominium association and there is a flood insurance policy in the name of a unit owner that covers the same loss as this policy, then this policy will be primary.

D. Amendments, Waivers, Assignment

This policy cannot be changed nor can any of its provisions be waived without the express written consent of the Federal Insurance Administrator. No action that we take under the terms of this policy can constitute a waiver of any of our rights. You may assign this policy in writing when you transfer title of your property to someone else except under these conditions:

- 1. When this policy covers only personal property: or
- 2. When this policy covers a structure during the course of construction.

E. Cancellation of Policy by You

- 1. You may cancel this policy in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations of the NFIP.
- 2. If you cancel this policy, you may be entitled to a full or partial refund of premium also under the applicable rules and regulations of the NFIP.

F. Non-Renewal of the Policy by Us

Your policy will not be renewed:

- 1. If the community where your covered property is located stops participating in the NFIP or
- 2. If your building has been declared ineligible under section 1316 of the Act.

G. Reduction and Reformation of Coverage

- 1. If the premium we received from you was not enough to buy the kind and amount of coverage that you requested, we will provide only the amount of coverage that can be purchased for the premium payment we received.
- 2. The policy can be reformed to increase the amount of coverage resulting from the reduction described in G.1. above to the amount you requested as follows:
- a. Discovery of Insufficient Premium or Incomplete Rating Information Before a Loss.
- (1) If we discover before you have a flood loss that your premium payment was not enough to buy the requested amount of coverage, we will send you and any mortgagee or trustee known to us a bill for the required additional premium for the current policy term (or that portion of the current policy term following any endorsement changing the amount of coverage). If you or the mortgagee or trustee pay the additional premium within 30 days from the date of our bill, we will reform the policy to increase the

amount of coverage to the originally requested amount effective to the beginning of the current policy term (or subsequent date of any endorsement changing the amount of coverage).

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- (2) If we determine before you have a flood loss that the rating information we have is incomplete and prevents us from calculating the additional premium, we will ask you to send the required information. You must submit the information within 60 days of our request. Once we determine the amount of additional premium for the current policy term, we will follow the procedure in G.2.a.(1) above.
- (3) If we do not receive the additional premium (or additional information) by the date it is due, the amount of coverage can only be increased by endorsement subject to any appropriate waiting period.
- b. Discovery of Insufficient Premium or Incomplete Rating Information After a Loss.
- (1) If we discover after you have a flood loss that your premium payment was not enough to buy the requested amount of coverage, we will send you and any mortgagee or trustee known to us a bill for the required additional premium for the current and the prior policy terms. If you or the mortgagee or trustee pay the additional premium within 30 days of the date of our bill, we will reform the policy to increase the amount of coverage to the originally requested amount effective to the beginning of the prior policy term.
- (2) If we discover after you have a flood loss that the rating information we have is incomplete and prevents us from calculating the additional premium, we will ask you to send the required information. You must submit the information before your claim can be paid. Once we determine the amount of additional premium for the current and prior policy terms, we will follow the procedure in G.2.b.(1) above.
- (3) If we do not receive the additional premium by the date it is due, your flood insurance claim will be settled based on the reduced amount of coverage. The amount of coverage can only be increased by endorsement subject to any appropriate waiting period.
- 3. However, if we find that you or your agent intentionally did not tell us, or falsified, any important fact or circumstance or did anything fraudulent relating to this insurance, the provisions of Condition B. above apply.

H. Policy Renewal

- l. This policy will expire at 12:01 a.m. on the last day of the policy term.
- 2. We must receive the payment of the appropriate renewal premium within 30 days of the expiration date.
- 3. If we find, however, that we did not place your renewal notice into the U.S. Postal

Service, or if we did mail it, we made a mistake, e.g., we used an incorrect, incomplete, or illegible address, which delayed its delivery to you before the due date for the renewal premium, then we will follow these procedures:

- a. If you or your agent notified us, not later than one year after the date on which the payment of the renewal premium was due, of nonreceipt of a renewal notice before the due date for the renewal premium, and we determine that the circumstances in the preceding paragraph apply, we will mail a second bill providing a revised due date, which will be 30 days after the date on which the bill is mailed.
- b. If we do not receive the premium requested in the second bill by the revised due date, then we will not renew the policy. In that case, the policy will remain as an expired policy as of the expiration date shown on the Declarations Page.
- 4. In connection with the renewal of this policy, we may ask you during the policy term to re-certify, on a Recertification Questionnaire that we will provide to you, the rating information used to rate your most recent application for or renewal of insurance.

I. Conditions Suspending or Restricting Insurance

We are not liable for loss that occurs while there is a hazard that is increased by any means within your control or knowledge.

J. Requirements in Case of Loss

In case of a flood loss to insured property, you must:

- 1. Give prompt written notice to us;
- . 2. As soon as reasonably possible, separate the damaged and undamaged property, putting it in the best possible order so that we may examine it;
- 3. Prepare an inventory of damaged property showing the quantity, description, actual cash value, and amount of loss. Attach all bills, receipts, and related documents;
- 4. Within 60 days after the loss, send us a proof of loss, which is your statement of the amount you are claiming under the policy signed and sworn to by you, and which furnishes us with the following information:
- a. The date and time of loss;
- b. A brief explanation of how the loss happened;
- c. Your interest (for example, "owner") and the interest, if any, of others in the damaged property;
- d. Details of any other insurance that may cover the loss;
- e. Changes in title or occupancy of the insured property during the term of the policy;
- f. Specifications of damaged buildings and detailed repair estimates;

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- g. Names of mortgagees or anyone else having a lien, charge, or claim against the insured property;
- h. Details about who occupied any insured building at the time of loss and for what purpose; and
- i. The inventory of damaged property described in J.3. above.
- 5. In completing the proof of loss, you must use your own judgment concerning the amount of loss and justify that amount.
- 6. You must cooperate with the adjuster or representative in the investigation of the
- 7. The insurance adjuster whom we hire to investigate your claim may furnish you with a proof of loss form, and she or he may help you complete it. However, this is a matter of courtesy only, and you must still send us a proof of loss within sixty days after the loss even if the adjuster does not furnish the form or help you complete it.
- 8. We have not authorized the adjuster to approve or disapprove claims or to tell you whether we will approve your claim.
- 9. At our option, we may accept the adjuster's report of the loss instead of your proof of loss. The adjuster's report will include information about your loss and the damages you sustained. You must sign the adjuster's report. At our option, we may require you to swear to the report.

K. Our Options After a Loss

Options we may, in our sole discretion, exercise after loss include the following:

- 1. At such reasonable times and places that we may designate, you must:
- a. Show us or our representative the damaged property;
- b. Submit to examination under oath, while not in the presence of another insured, and sign the same; and
- c. Permit us to examine and make extracts and copies of:
- (1) Any policies of property insurance insuring you against loss and the deed establishing your ownership of the insured real property;
- (2) Condominium association documents including the Declarations of the condominium, its Articles of Association or Incorporation, Bylaws, and rules and regulations; and
- (3) All books of accounts, bills, invoices, and other vouchers, or certified copies pertaining to the damaged property if the originals are lost.
- 2. We may request, in writing, that you furnish us with a complete inventory of the lost, damaged, or destroyed property, includ-
- a. Quantities and costs;
- b. Actual cash values;
- c. Amounts of loss claimed;

- d. Any written plans and specifications for repair of the damaged property that you can reasonably make available to us; and
- e. Evidence that prior flood damage has been repaired.
- 3. If we give you written notice within 30 days after we receive your signed, sworn proof of loss, we may:
- a. Repair, rebuild, or replace any part of the lost, damaged, or destroyed property with material or property of like kind and quality or its functional equivalent; and
- b. Take all or any part of the damaged property at the value that we agree upon or its appraised value.

L. No Benefit to Bailee

No person or organization, other than you, having custody of covered property will benefit from this insurance.

M. Loss Payment

- 1. We will adjust all losses with you. We will pay you unless some other person or entity is named in the policy or is legally entitled to receive payment. Loss will be payable 60 days after we receive your proof of loss (or within 90 days after the insurance adjuster files an adjuster's report signed and sworn to by you in lieu of a proof of loss) and:
- a. We reach an agreement with you;
- b. There is an entry of a final judgment; or c. There is a filing of an appraisal award
- with us, as provided in VII. P. 2. If we reject your proof of loss in whole or in part you may:
- a. Accept such denial of your claim;
- b. Exercise your rights under this policy;
- c. File an amended proof of loss as long as it is filed within 60 days of the date of the loss

N. Abandonment

You may not abandon damaged or undamaged insured property to us.

O. Salvage

We may permit you to keep damaged insured property after a loss, and we will reduce the amount of the loss proceeds payable to you under the policy by the value of the salvage.

P. Appraisal

If you and we fail to agree on the actual cash value of the damaged property so as to determine the amount of loss, either may demand an appraisal of the loss. In this event, you and we will each choose a competent and impartial appraiser within 20 days after receiving a written request from the other. The two appraisers will choose an umpire. If they cannot agree upon an umpire within 15 days, you or we may request that the choice was located at the time of loss. This requirebe made by a judge of a court of record in the ment applies to any claim that you may

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state where the insured property is located. The appraisers will separately state the actual cash value and the amount of loss to each item. If the appraisers submit a written report of an agreement to us, the amount agreed upon will be the amount of loss. If they fail to agree, they will submit their differences to the umpire. A decision agreed to by any two will set the amount of actual cash value and loss.

Each party will:

- 1. Pay its own appraiser; and
- 2. Bear the other expenses of the appraisal and umpire equally,

Q. Mortgage Clause

The word "mortgagee" includes trustee. Any loss payable under Coverage A-Building Property will be paid to any mortgagee

of whom we have actual notice, as well as any other mortgagee or loss payee determined to exist at the time of loss, and you, as interests appear. If more than one mortgagee is named, the order of payment will be the same as the order of precedence of the mortgages. If we deny your claim, that denial will not apply to a valid claim of the mortgagee, if the mortgagee:

- 1. Notifies us of any change in the ownership or occupancy, or substantial change in risk of which the mortgagee is aware;
- 2. Pays any premium due under this policy on demand if you have neglected to pay the premium; and
- 3. Submits a signed, sworn proof of loss within 60 days after receiving notice from us of your failure to do so.

All terms of this policy apply to the mortgagee.

The mortgagee has the right to receive loss payment even if the mortgages has started foreclosure or similar action on the building.

If we decide to cancel or not renew this policy, it will continue in effect for the benefit of the mortgagee only for 30 days after we notify the mortgagee of the cancellation or non-renewal.

If we pay the mortgagee for any loss and deny payment to you, we are subrogated to all the rights of the mortgagee granted under the mortgage on the property. Subrogation will not impair the right of the mortgagee to recover the full amount of the mortgagee's claim.

R. Suit Against Us

You may not sue us to recover money under this policy unless you have complied with all the requirements of the policy. If you do sue, you must start the suit within one year of the date of the written denial of all or part of the claim, and you must file the suit in the United States District Court of the district in which the insured property

have under this policy and to any dispute that you may have arising out of the handling of any claim under the policy.

S. Subrogation

Whenever we make a payment for a loss under this policy, we are subrogated to your right to recover for that loss from any other person. That means that your right to recover for a loss that was partly or totally caused by someone else is automatically transferred to us, to the extent that we have paid you for the loss. We may require you to acknowledge this transfer in writing. After the loss, you may not give up our right to recover this money or do anything that would prevent us from recovering it. If you make any claim against any person who caused your loss and recover any money, you must pay us back first before you may keep any of that money.

T. Continuous Lake Flooding

- 1. If an insured building has been flooded by rising lake waters continuously for 90 days or more and it appears reasonably certain that a continuation of this flooding will result in a covered loss to the insured building equal to or greater than the building policy limits plus the deductible or the maximum payable under the policy for any one building loss, we will pay you the lesser of these two amounts without waiting for the further damage to occur if you sign a release agreeing:
- a. To make no further claim under this
- b. Not to seek renewal of this policy;
- c. Not to apply for any flood insurance under the Act for property at the described location; and
- d. Not to seek a premium refund for current or prior terms.
- If the policy term ends before the insured building has been flooded continuously for 90 days, the provisions of this paragraph T.1. will apply when as the insured building suffers a covered loss before the policy term ends.
- 2. If your insured building is subject to continuous lake flooding from a closed basin lake, you may elect to file a claim under either paragraph T.1. above or this paragraph T.2. (A "closed basin lake" is a natural lake from which water leaves primarily through evaporation and whose surface area now exceeds or has exceeded one square mile at any time in the recorded past. Most of the nation's closed basin lakes are in the western half of the United States, where annual evaporation exceeds annual precipitation and where lake levels and surface areas are subject to considerable fluctuation due to wide variations in the climate. These lakes may overtop their basins on rare occasions.) Under this paragraph T.2 we will pay your

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The second secon

claim as if the building is a total loss even though it has not been continuously inunconditions: dated for 90 days, subject to the following

minently threaten to damage your building b. Before approval of your claim, you must: Lake flood waters must damage or im-Agree to a claim payment that reflects

tiated basis; and your buying back the salvage on a

amend the ASC to remove areas protected by those projects. The restrictions of the ease-ment will then no longer apply to any por-tion of the property removed from the ASC; and are insured under the NFIP, they will not be eligible for the benefits of this para-graph T.2. If a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers The only structures that it will allow on any portion of the property within the ASC are erty in the ASC. It will allow certain agri map an area or areas of special consideration consultation with the community in which scribed in FEMA's "Policy Guidance for Closed Basin Lakes," to be recorded in the office of the local recorder of deeds. FEMA, in certified flood control project later protects the property, FEMA will, upon request, structures. If any of these allowable struccertain, simple agricultural and recreational cultural and recreational uses of the land will only apply to that portion of the propupon map showing the ASC. This easement FEMA will give the community the agreeddamage (ASC) in which there is a potential for flood the property is located, will identify on a certified flood control project or otherwise tures are insurable buildings under the NFIP (2) Grant the conservation easement defrom continuous lake flooding

(3) Comply with paragraphs T.1.a. through

T.1.d. above.

you must move your building to a new location outside the ASC. FEMA will give you an there is sufficient reason to extend the time. additional 30 days to move if you show that c. Within 90 days of approval of your claim. d. Before the final payment of your claim,

and you must acquire an elevation certificate new location of your building. the local floodplain administrator for e. Before the approval of your claim, the floodplain development permit from

building must: community having jurisdiction over your

or a temporary moratorium for a period not to exceed 6 months to be followed immediately by a permanent land use ordinance T.2.b. above. fied in the easement required in paragraph that is consistent with the provisions speci-(1) Adopt a permanent land use ordinance,

tions of this ordinance to to the building can be denied; and ance Act of 1968, as amended, flood insurance under Sec. 1316 of the National Flood Insur-(2) Agree to declare and report any viola-ons of this ordinance to FEMA so that

> sistance Program. If a non-profit land trust restrictions continue to apply if the property was acquired under the Hazard Mitigation project protects the property, the land use consistent with the provisions of paragraph T.2.b above except that even if a certified fected property the community acquires an interest in. These deed restrictions must be agricultural or recreational use only, any affor purposes compatible with open space or property as deed-restricted, consistent with the provisions of paragraph T.2.b. above. organization receives the property as a dona-Grant Program or the Flood Mitigation Astion, that organization must maintain the (3) Agree to maintain as deed-restricted

nego-

Lakes." FEMA's "Policy Guidance for Closed Basin fected State must take all action set forth in

established by FEMA until you file a claim under this paragraph T.2. If a subsequent owner buys NFIP insurance that goes into effect within 60 days of the date of transfer coverage continuously in effect from a date graph T.2, we will not consider to be in effect tinuous coverage requirement. For the purof title, any gap in coverage during that 60ception to this is any increased coverage after the date established by FEMA. The exany increased coverage that became effective pose of honoring a claim under this paraday period will not be a violation of this coninflation adjustment. the amount suggested by your insurer as an g. You must have NFIP flood insurance

community, in writing, the following: h. This paragraph T.2. will be in effect for a community when the FEMA Regional Director for the affected region provides to the

the State are in compliance with the conditions in paragraphs T.2.e. and T.2.f. above, (1) Confirmation that the community and

insurance in effect. (2) The date by which you must have flood

U. Duplicate Policies Not Allowed

than one NFIP policy.
If we find that the Property may not be insured under more

following procedures: may choose one of several options under the notice. knowingly created, we will give you written we find that the duplication was not The notice will advise you that you

tive date of the later policy. choose to add the coverage limits of the later change will become effective as of the effecpolicy to the limits of the earlier policy. The with the earlier effective date, you may also a. If you choose to keep in effect the policy

The change will be effective as of the effecchoose to add the coverage limits of the earwith the later effective date; you may also tive date of the later policy lier policy to the limits of the later policy b. If you choose to keep in effect the policy

f. Before the approval of your claim, the af-

VIII. LIBERALIZATION CLAUSE

tion date falls within 60 days before or durthe change, provided that this implementayour insurance as of the date we implement then that change will automatically apply to does not require any additional premium, coverage under this edition of our policy, but

ed (42 U.S.C. 4001, et seq.), and Federal comtional Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amendance regulations issued by FEMA, the Naare governed exclusively by the flood insurthe handling of any claim under the policy

loy below and hereby enter into this Insur-

JO ANN HOWARD,

[65 FR 60778, Oct. 12, FR 9897, Mar. 3, 2003] , 2000, as amended at 68

for the policy not being kept in effect. ing to applicable NFIP rules, of the premium is less. We will make a refund to you, accordthe Act or your insurable interest, whichever ceed the permissible limits of coverage under event will the resulting coverage limits exwithin 30 days of the written notice. In In either case, you must pay the pro rata for the increased coverage limits

The policy with the later effective date must cumstances will be adjusted according to the terms and conditions of the earlier policy. ated. Losses occurring under such when duplicates have been knowingly cre-NFIP policy to keep in effect does not apply plicate Policies Not Allowed to elect which 2. Your option under this Condition U. Du-

V. Loss Settlement

under this policy; amounts after application of the deductible: We will pay the least of the following 1. The applicable amount of insurance

The actual cash value; or

and quality within a reasonable time after place the property with material of like kind 3. The amount it would cost to repair or re-

ing the policy term stated on the Declara-If we make a change that broadens your

This policy and all disputes arising from IX. WHAT LAW GOVERNS

ance Agreement. In Witness Whereof, we have signed this pol-

Administrator, Federal Insurance Administration.

APPENDIX A(3) TO PART 61

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION

RESIDENTIAL CONDOMINIUM BUILDING STANDARD FLOOD INSURANCE POLICY ASSOCIATION POLICY

restrictions, and exclusions. insurance provided is subject to limivacious. Please read the policy carefully. The flood

cannot be renewed. community at time of renewal, this policy term and remains as an emergency program emergency program status during the policy community. If the community reverts dominium building The Federal This policy covers only a residential conin a regular program community reverts to

or from flood to your insured property if Agency (FEMA) provides flood insurance under the terms of the National Flood insur-Title 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations. ance Act of 1968 and its Amendments, and We will pay you for direct physical loss by Emergency

this policy; and 2. Comply with all terms and conditions of Have paid the correct premium:

statements. 3. Have furnished accurate information and

your policy based on our review. tion you give us at any time and to revise We have the right to review the informa-

II. DEFINITIONS

any other mortgagee or loss payee determined to exist at the time of loss in the order of precedence. "We," "us," and "our" refer to the insurer. plication and Declarations Page, as well mortgagee and loss payee named in the Ap-Page of this policy. Insured(s) includes: any the insured(s) shown on the Declarations A. In this policy, "you" and "your" refer to

precise definitions are intended to protect are provided as they appear in the law or regulations, or result from court cases. The Some definitions are complex because they

lcy, means: "Flood", as used in this flood insurance poi-

property) from: two or more properties (one of which is your more acres of normally dry land area or of partial or complete inundation A general and temporary condition of

a. Overflow of inland or tidal waters;b. Unusual and rapid accumulation or run-

shore of a lake or similar body of water as a off of surface waters from any source; 2. Collapse or subsidence of land along the c. Mudflow. erosion or undermining caused by

pated cyclical levels which result in as defined in A.l.a above. waves or currents of water exceeding anticia flood

tions we use in this policy B. The following are the other key .. Act. The National Flood Insurance Act of defini-

less the value of its physical depreciation. insured item of property at the time of loss, 1968 and any amendments to it. 2. Actual Cash Value. The cost to replace an

signed by you or your agent in applying for this policy. The application gives information. mium payment must accompany the application is part of this flood insurance policy. For us to issue you a policy, the correct prethe correct premium payment. The applicathe risk, tion we Application. The statement made and use to determine the eligibility of the kind of policy to be issued, and

given year. chance of being equaled or exceeded in 4. Base Flood. A flood having a one percent any

cluding any sunken room or sunken portion of a room, having its floor below ground level (subgrade) on all sides. Basement. Any area of the building, in-

Building

affixed to a permanent site; rigid walls and a fully secured roof, that is a. A structure with two or more outside

structure: home," also known as a mobile home, is tions, and affixed to a transported to its site in one or more sec- b. A manufactured home ("a manufactured built on a permanent chassis, permanent founda-

tion, that is regulated under the community's floodplain management and building a chassis and affixed to a permanent foundaordinances or laws. c. A travel trailer without wheels, built on

scribed in B.6.c., above.
7. Cancellation. The ending of the insurance trailer or other similar vehicle, except as deage tank or a recreational vehicle, Building does not mean a gas or liquid storpark

coverage provided by this policy before expiration date. thе

real property in which each unit owner has an undivided interest in common elements. Condominium. That form of ownership of

the maintenance and operation of: formed by the unit owners, responsible for Condominium Association. The entity,

shares by unit owners; and a. Common elements owned in undivided

ownersnip the entity is a required condition owners have use rights; where membership in b. Other real property in which the unit of unit

erated summary of information you provided in the application for insurance. The Decpolicy, limits of coverage, and displays the larations Page also describes the term of the Declarations Page. Α computer-gen-

> premium and our name. The Declarations Page is a part of this flood insurance policy. 11. Described Location. The location where found. The described location is shown the insured building or personal property is 20

caused by a flood. There must be evidence of physical changes to the property the Declarations Page Loss or damage to insured property, directly Direct Physical Loss By or From Flood.

no basement and that has its lowest elevated columns. walls, shear walls, posts, piers, floor raised above ground level by foundation Elevated Building. A building that has pilings, or

14. Emergency Program. The initial phase of a community's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. During this phase, only limited amounts of insurance are available under the Act.

ment related to flood insurance. defray the expenses of the Federal Governmust pay on each new or renewal policy to Constant. A flat charge you

not covered by the expense constant. surance Program. This fee covers expenses curred in carrying out the National Flood Indefray certain administrative expenses must pay on each new or renewal policy to 16. Federal Policy Fee. A flat charge you į.

17. Improvements. Fixtures, alterations, installations, or additions comprising a part of the residential condominium building, including improvements in the units.

not mudflows. of water. Other earth movements, such areas, as when earth is carried by a current mud on the surfaces of normally dry land mass moving by liquidity down a slope, are landslide, slope failure, or a saturated soil Mudflow. A river of ltquid and flowing 25

Regulations, Subchapter B.

20. Policy. The entire written contract betered under the Act and applicable erage and floodplain management adminis-(NFIP). The program of flood insurance covregulations in Title 44 of the Code of Federal National Flood Insurance Program Federal

tween you and us. It includes:

This printed form;

c. b. The application and Declarations Page; Any endorsement(s) that may be issued;

and

 d. Any renewal certificate indicating that coverage has been instituted for a new policy and new policy term.

described in the application, may be insured under this policy. one building, which you specifically

are not limited to, any solid, liquid, gaseous, or thermal irritant or contaminant, includconditioned, or reclaimed not limited to, materials to ing smoke, vapor, soot, fumes, acids, alkalis, chemicals, and waste. Waste includes, but is or thermal irritant or contaminant, Pollutants. Substances that include, but be recycled,

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ment occurred after December 31, 1974, or on or after the effective date of an initial Flood which construction or substantial improve-Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), whichever is Post-FIRM Building. A building for

the provisions of 44 CFR 59.24.
24. Regular Program. The final phase of that the NFIP has placed on probation under must pay on each new or renewal policy issued covering property in a community Premium. A flat charge you

community's participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. In this phase, a Flood Insurance Rate Map is in effect and full limits of coverage are available under

minium, containing one or more family units and in which at least 75% of the floor area is residential building, owned and administered as a condo-Residential Condominium Building.

AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/AO, A1-A30, V1-V30, VE, or V. ing special flood or mudflow, and/or flood-re-lated erosion hazards, and shown on a Flood Rate Map as Zone A, AO, A1-A30, AE, Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance 26. Special Flood Hazard Area. An area hav-AR/ A99

tial condominium building. 27. Unit. A single-family unit in a residen-

sured and the insurer agree on the value of the property insured, that value being pay-able in the event of a total loss. The Standard Flood Insurance Policy is not a valued 28. Valued Policy. A policy in which the in-

III. PROPERTY COVERED

A. Coverage A—Building Property

or from flood to: We insure against direct physical loss

the building and scribed location, including all units within described on the Declarations Page at the dethe units. The residential condominium building the improvements within

a period of 45 days at another location, as set forth in III.C.2.b., Property Removed to Safe-2. We also insure such building property for

not be separately insured. ways considered part of the building and canor a roof. At your option, additions and extensions connected by any of these methods that is not a solid load-bearing wall are building by means of a common interior wall tensions attached to and in contact with the may be separately insured. Additions and exterior wall, a stairway, an elevated walkway, a rigid exterior wall, a solid load-bearing inand in contact with the building by means of Additions and extensions attached

covered under Coverage A only: equipment, 4. The following fixtures, machinery including its units,

> Ģ Awnings and canopies; Blinds;

ished flooring c. Carpet permanently installed over unfin

e. Elevator equipment; f. Fire extinguishing a Central air conditioners;

g. Fire sprinkler systems; Fire extinguishing apparatus;

. Walk-in freezers;

Furnaces;

Light fixtures;

to buildings; 1. Permanently installed cupboards, book Outdoor antennas and aerials fastened

pumps; cases, paneling, and wallpaper Ħ Pumps and machinery for operating

ņ. Ventilating equipment;

stalled:
(1) Built-in dishwashers;
(2) Built-in microwave ovens; o. Wall mirrors, permanently installed; and p. In the units within the building, in-

<u>4</u> (3) Garbage disposal units; Hot water heaters,

water heaters; (5) Kitchen cabinets; including solar

(6) Plumbing fixtures;

 Ξ Radiators;

(8) Ranges;(9) Refrigerators; and (10) Stoves.

at the described location or on an adjacent sured building while the materials and supproperty. plies are stored in a fully enclosed building construction, alteration property of the insured building while the material. 5. Materials and supplies to be used

ation or repair at the described location. roofed as described in the definition a. If the structure is not yet walled or A building under construction, alter-

(1) Only while such work is in progress; or (2) If such work is halted, only for a period of up to 90 continuous days thereafter. building (see II.B.6.a.), then coverage applies:

non-elevated building or the lowest elevated floor of an elevated building is:

(1) Below the base flood elevation in Zones the building is walled and roofed if the lowest floor, including the basement floor, of a b. However, coverage does not apply until

30, AR/A, AR/AO; or AH, AE, A1-30, AR, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-

to include the effect of wave action in VE or V1-30. (2) Below the base flood elevation adjusted Zones

and the top of the floor in Zones AH, AE, bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the floor in Zones VE or VI-V30 AR/AO A30, AR, The lowest floor levels are based on the AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, A1-

as described in II.B.b. and c.). 7. A manufactured home or a travel trailer the Definitions Section

over-the-top or frame ties to ground

specifications; or b. In accordance with the manufacturer's

it has been NFIP at the September 30, 1982. floodplain management requirements unless in compliance with the community's same described location since continuously insured by the

A1-A30, AE, AH, AR, ARVA, ARVAE, ARVAE, ARVAE, ARVAI-A30, V1-V30, or VE, or in a basement, regardless of the zone. Coverage is limited to the following: vated post-FIRM building located in zones below the lowest elevated floor of an ele-8. Items of property in a building enclosure

essary for operation, connected to a power in their functioning locations and, if neca. Any of the following items, if installed

Central air conditioners;

(2) Cisterns and the water in them;

ment and the cost of labor to nail it, unfinished and unfloated and not taped, to the (3) Drywall for walls and ceilings in a base-

(4) Electrical junction and circuit breaker

(5) Electrical outlets and switches;

September 30, 1987; stalled below the base flood elevation equipment, except for related equipment in-6 Elevators, dumbwaiters, and related after

(8) Furnaces and hot water heaters; (7) Fuel tanks and the fuel in them;

(9) Heat pumps;

(10) Nonflammable insulation in a base-

systems; (11) Pumps and tanks used in solar energy

vated walkways; the building, not separated from it by ele-(12) Stairways and staircases attached to

(13) Sump pumps;

them, water filters and faucets installed as an integral part of the plumbing system; (14) Water softeners and the chemicals in

(15) Well water tanks and pumps; Required utility connections for any

piers, or other foundation walls and anchoritem in this list; and age systems required to support a building b. Clean-up. Footings, foundations, posts, pilings,

Coverage B—Personal Property

1. If you have purchased personal property coverage, we insure, subject to B.2. and B.3. below, against direct physical loss by or from flood to personal property that is inside the fully enclosed insured building and is:

a. Owned by the unit owners of the condoassociation ii common, meaning

> divided ownership interest; or b. Owned solely by the condominium property in which each unit owner has an un-

ciation and used exclusively in the conduct of the business affairs of the condominium

to Safety as set forth in III.C.2.b., Property Removed 45 days while stored at a temporary location. We also insure such personal property for

the following property, subject to B.1. above, which is covered under Coverage B only: Air conditioning units—portable or win-Coverage for personal property includes

dow type; Carpet, not permanently installed, over

unfinished flooring; Ď.

<u>д</u> с Carpets over finished flooring; Clothes washers and dryers;

.t e "Cook-out" grills;

the food in any freezer; Food freezers, other than walk-in, and

inside the insured building; Outdoor equipment and furniture stored

Ovens and the like; and

dishwashers.
3. Coverag Portable microwave ovens and portable

cated in zones A1-A30, AE, AH, AR, AR/A, AR/AE, AR/AH, AR/A1-A30, V1-V30, or VE, or floor of an elevated post-FIRM building lobuilding enclosure below the lowest elevated their functioning locations and, if necessary in a basement, regardless of the zone, is limfor operation, connected to a power source: ited to the following items, Coverage for items of property in if installed in

dow type; Air conditioning units—portable or win-

ç, þ Food freezers, other Clothes washers and dryers; and

food in any freezer.

4. Special Limits. We will pay no more than walk-in, and

the following kinds of personal property: than \$2,500 for any one loss to one or more of 8 Artwork, photographs, collectibles, or

memorabilia, including but not limited to, porcelain or other figures, and sports cards; Rare books or autographed items;

platinum; cious stones, or articles of gold, silver, c. Jewelry, watches, precious and semi-preor

represents its principal value.
5. We will pay only for the f d. Furs or any article containing fur which We will pay only for the functional value

of antiques

C. Coverage C-Other Coverages

Debris Removal

erty and debris owned debris that is on or in insured ą We will pay the expense to remove nonof insured property propany-

wage work will be based on the Federal minimum perform the removal work, b. If you or a member of your household the value of your

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erage A or Coverage B limit of liability
2. Loss Avoidance Measures This coverage does not increase the Cov-Loss Avoidance Measures

(1) We will pay up to \$1,000 for the costs on incur to protect the insured building Sandbags, Supplies, and Labor

you incur to protect the insured the following from a flood or imminent danger of flood, for (a) Your reasonable expenses to buy:

(iv) Plastic sheeting and lumber used (iii) Pumps; and

(ii) Fill for temporary levees;

(i) Sandbags, including sand to fill them;

connection with these items; and (b) The value of work, at the Federal minij

to anticipate flood damage. One of the folenough to lead a person of common prudence property by or from flood is imminent and the threat of flood damage is apparent and Labor applies only if damage to insured imum wage, that you perform.

(2) This coverage for Sandbags, Supplies, lowing must also occur:

reach the insured building; or (b) A legally authorized official must issue flooding in the area near the described location must occur, even if the flood does not (a) A general and temporary condition of

b. Property Removed to Safety coverage does not increase the Coverage A or the community in which the insured building is located calling for measures to preserve life and property from the peril of flood. This an evacuation order or other civil order for

able expenses you incur to move insured property to a place other than the described location that contains the property in order to protect it from flood or the imminent dan-We will pay up to \$1,000 for the reason-

you perform. work, at the Reasonable expenses include the value of Federal minimum wage, that

ments. placed in a fully enclosed building, or otherfrom the date you begin to move it there. cation for a period of 45 we will cover such property while at that lofrom flood or the imminent danger of flood, contains the property, in order to protect it The personal property that is moved must be tion other than the described location that (2) If you move insured property to a locareasonably protected from consecutive days the

able home described in II.6.b. and c., must be placed above ground level or outside of the special flood hazard area. Any property removed, including a move-

erage A or Coverage B limit of liability. This coverage does not increase the Cov-

D. Coverage D—Increased Cost of Compliance

This policy pays you to comply with a State or local floodplain management law or

ordinance affecting repair or reconstruction

of a structure suffering flood damage. Conpliance activities eligible for payment are: ties) of your structure. Eligible floodproofing olition (or any combination of these activelevation, floodproofing, relocation, or deniactivities are limited to:

Non-residential structures

(b) or (c)].2. Limit of Liability. that satisfy FEMA's standards published the Code of Federal Regulations [44 CFR 60.1] Residential structures with basement; Ë

claim under Coverage D. We do not charge a separate deductible for a ceed the maximum permitted under the Act. erage A—Building Property and Coverage D—Increased Cost of Compliance cannot ex-Declarations Page. But the maximum you can collect under this policy for both Covwhich only applies to policies with building coverage (Coverage A).Our payment of claims under Coverage D is in addition to the amount of coverage which you selected on the application and which appears on the Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance. Eligibility. We will pay you up to \$30,000 under this

by a flood as defined by this policy must: Building Property sustaining a loss a. A structure covered under Coverage Acaused

following conditions: petitive loss structure" (1) Be a "repetitive loss structure," is one that meets the A "re-

of flood insurance issued under the NFIP. (b) The structure has suffered flood damage (a) The structure is covered by a contract

(c) The cost to repair the flood damage, on average, equaled or exceeded 25% of the marends on the date of the second loss. on 2 occasions during a 10-year period which

ket value of the structure at the time each flood loss. of

being enforced against the structure; or NFIP must have paid the previous qualifying claim, and the State or community must vision or have a cumulative, substantial damage floodplain management law or ordinance (d) In addition to the current claim, the repetitive loss provision Ħ pro-

age in which the cost to repair equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the structure at the time of the flood. The State or ture at the time of the flood. The State or community must have a substantial damage or ordinance being enforced against structure. provision in its floodplain management (2) Be a structure that has had flood dam-This Coverage

activities that exceed those standards under standards of the National Flood Insurance these conditions: lations at 44 CFR 60.3. We pay for compliance Program found in the Code of Federal Regulaws or ordinances that meet the minimum with State or local D pays you to comply floodplain management

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increased, and a flood-damaged such areas. (This includes compliance activirived solely by the community flood-damaged structures to elevations deelevation or floodproofing requirements for derived its own elevations and is enforcing ance coverage does not apply to situations in flood elevation.) Increased Cost of Complimust comply with the higher advisory base zones where base flood elevations are being This also includes compliance activities in changed to zones with base flood elevations. enforcing for flood-damaged structures in State or local government has adopted and is elevations provided by FEMA which zone to preliminary or advisory base flood (2) Elevation or floodproofing in any risk B, C, X, or D zones which are being or D zones where the community has structure the

elevation. base flood elevation to meet State or local "freeboard" requirements, i.e., that a structure must be elevated above the base flood 3 Elevation or floodproofing above the

structures in unnumbered A zones to the base flood elevation where elevation data is obtained from a Federal, State, or other CFR 60.3(b)(4), States and communities must require the elevation or floodproofing of source. Such compliance activities are also c. Under the minimum NFIP criteria at 44 floodproofing of A zones to the

eligible for Coverage D.
d. This coverage will also pay for the incremental cost, after demolition or relocation. sion D.5.g. below relating to improvements. of elevating or floodproofing a structure durment laws or ordinances, subject to Excluto meet State or local floodplain manageing its rebuilding at the same or another site

received a variance before the present loss with State or local floodplain management flood-damaged structure into requirements. from the applicable floodplain management laws or ordinances even if the structure had e. This coverage will also pay to bring a compliance

debris or a portion thereof caused by the enforcement of current State or local floodor demolish (or any combination of these activities) caused by the enforcement of curcreased cost to elevate, floodproof, relocate, under this Coverage D will be for the incaused by a flood, our payment for the loss erage A-Building Property sustains a loss demolish and clear the site of the building demolition activities will be for the cost to ordinances or laws. Our payment for eligible rent State or local floodplain management utility service to the site and ensure proper will include those necessary to discontinue ble activities for the cost of clearing the site plain management ordinances or laws. Eligia. When a structure covered under Cov-

abandonment of on-site utilities.
b. When the building is repaired or rebuilt, the same occupancy

as the present building unless otherwise re-quired by current floodplain management or-

Compliance, we will not pay for: Under this Coverage D-Increased Cost of

gramnities participating in the Emergency Promanagement law or ordinance in commua. The cost to comply with any floodplain

sured or others to test for, monitor, clean up, remove, contain, treat, detoxify or neuany ordinance or law that requires any inthe effects of pollutants. tralize, or in any way respond to, or assess The cost associated with enforcement of

or other structure due to the requirements of any ordinance or law. The loss in value to any insured building

undamaged portion of a building demolished as a consequence of enforcement of any ordinance State or local floodplain management law or The loss in residual value of the

this Coverage D: e. Any Increased Cost of Compliance under

same or to another premises; and floodproofed, demolished, or relocated on 9 Until the building is elevated

the

floodproofed, demolished, or relocated as not to exceed two years. 3 as reasonably possible after the loss, Unless the building is elevated,

cally related to the State or local floodplain plumbing or electrical wiring, not specifimanagement law or ordinance. Any code upgrade requirements, e.g.

nances. or local floodplain management laws or ordibring additions or improvements made after the loss occurred into compliance with State compliance activities needed ξō

current loss. you were required to comply with before the h. Loss due to any ordinance or law that

State or community a variance in connection with the current flood loss to rebuild quirements. that do not meet the NFIP's minimum reflood elevation. the property to an elevation below the base where the insured has received Any rebuilding activity to standards This includes any situation from the

rage or carport. j. Increased Cost of Compliance for a ga-

Group Flood Insurance Policy. k. Any structure insured under an NFIP

compliance with State or local floodplain management ordinances or laws.

6. Other Provisions. commonly owned buildings after a flood owners to pay increased costs of repairing sociation on individual condominium l. Assessments made by a condominium as-

Loss Settlement. erage under VIII. General Conditions, ance requirement for replacement cost covtermine whether coverage meets the coinsur- Increased Cost of Compliance coverage will not be included in the calculation to de-Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

this policy apply. All other conditions and provisions of

IV. PROPERTY NOT COVERED

enclosed building; We do not cover any of the following: I. Personal property not inside the fully

located entirely in, on, or over water or seaward of mean high tide, if constructed or substantially improved after September 30, A building, and personal property in it,

personal property located in, on, or over building into which boats are floated, and used as Open structures, including a building a boathouse or any structure or

foundation or on wheels;
5. Self-propelled vehicles or machines, in-4. Recreational vehicles other than travel trailers described in the Definitions Section (see II.B.6.c.) whether affixed to a permanent

cluding their parts and equipment However, we do cover self-propelled vehi-

cles or machines, provided they are not li-censed for use on public roads and are: cation, or a. Used mainly to service the described lo-

inside a building at the described location; 6. Land, land values, lawns, trees, shrubs, plants, growing crops, or animals; persons, while the vehicles or machines are b. Designed and used to assist handicapped

evidences of debt, medals, money scrip, stored value cards, postage stamps, securities, bullion, manuscripts, or other valuable Accounts, bills, coins, currency, deeds,

including wells, septic tanks, and septic sys-Underground structures and equipment,

decks, driveways, patios, and other surfaces, all whether protected by a roof or not, lothe insured building; cated outside the perimeter, exterior walls of Those portions of walks, walkways,

taining gases or liquids; ment, such as, but not limited to, tanks con-Containers, including related equip-

junction with energy efficient building teching been used as insulation material in conand is below ground by reason of earth havlevel is at or above the base flood elevation building is below ground, unless the lowest than 49% of the actual cash value of the 11. Buildings and all their contents if more

nishings and equipment; heads, wharves, piers, bridges, and docks; Aircraft or watercraft, 12. Fences, retaining walls, seawalls, bulkor their fur-

> room fixtures, and swimming pools, and their equipment such as, but not limited to. heaters, filters, pumps, and pipes, 14. Hot tubs and spas that are not buth wherever

amendments to these Acts; Barrier Improvements ance pursuant to the provisions of the Coustal Barrier Resources Act and the Property not eligible for flood incur-Act of Coastal

with any incidental commercial occupancy or use of the building. Personal property used in connection

V. EXCLUSIONS

pay you for:

1. Loss of revenue or profits;

2. Loss of access to the insured property or or from flood, Α We only pay for direct physical loss by which means that we do not

scribed location; 3. Loss of use of the insured property or $d \mapsto$

production; Loss from interruption of business (r

or is unable to be occupied for any reason; while the insured building is being repaired 6. The cost of complying with any ordi-Any additional living expenses incurred

not apply to any eligible activities that we describe in Coverage D-Increased Cost of Compliance; or tion, or repair of property, including remova-of any resulting debris. This exclusion does nance or law requiring or regulating the construction, demolition, remodeling, renova-

rectly caused by a flood that B. We do not insure a loss directly or indi-Any other economic loss. is already in

progress at the time and date: 2. Coverage is added at your request.

C. We do not insure for The policy term begins; or

examples of earth movement that we do not the earth movement is caused by flood. Some caused directly by earth movement even We do not insure for loss to property

Earthquake;

Landslide;

Land subsidence;

that results from accumulation Sinkholes; Destabilization or movement of land

of water in

flow and land subsidence as a result of erosion that are specifically covered under our definition of flood (see II.A.1.c. and II.A.2.) subsurface land areas; or D. We do not insure for direct physical loss We do, Gradual erosion however, pay for losses from mud-

caused directly or indirectly by: The pressure or weight of ice;

2. Freezing or thawing: 3. Rain, snow, sleet, half 4. Water, moisture, mil age that results primarily from any condi-Rain, snow, sleet, hail, or water spray; Water, moisture, mildew, or mold dam-

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of a buildlng:

D. In calculating the full replacement cost

building; or That is within your Substantially confined to control including, the insured

but not limited to: (1) Design, structural, or mechanical de-

(2) Failures, stoppages, or breakage of water or sewer lines, drains, pumps, fixtures, (3) Failure to inspect and maintain the

property after a flood recedes; Water or water-borne material that:

sump pump, or related equipment; or c. Seeps or leaks on or through insured a. Backs up through sewers or drains;b. Discharges or overflows from a sump;

unless there is a flood in the area and the flood is the proximate cause of the sewer, drain, or sump pump discharge or overflow, or the seepage of water; property;

pressure or weight of water. the proximate cause of the damage from the there is a flood in the area and the flood The pressure or weight of water unless is

equipment by or from flood to power, heating or cooling the failure results from direct physical loss 7. Power, heating, or cooling failure unless situated on the described loca-

storm; Theft, fire, explosion, wind, or wind-

erately; or spire to do to cause Anything you or your agents do or conloss by flood delib-

10. Alteration of the insured property that significantly increases the risk of flooding.

or incident to the flooding of the land by the Federal Government, where the lease exor personal property located on land leased pressly holds the Federal Government harmfrom the Federal Government, arising from Federal Government program. less under flood insurance issued under any E. We do not insure for loss to any building

monitoring of pollutants unless required We do not pay for the testing for or βğ

VI. DEDUCTIBLES

we will pay only that part of the loss that exceeds the applicable deductible amount, subject to the limit of insurance that ap-Declarations Page. plies. The deductible amount is shown on the A. When a loss is covered under this policy,

tion, alteration, or repair does not have at least two rigid exterior walls and a fully sethat would otherwise apply to a completed cured roof at the time of loss, your deductble amount will be two times the deductible However, when a building under construc-

sonal property insured by this policy C. No deductible applies to: deductibles apply to the building and building. each loss flood, separate

> 21 III.C.2. Loss Avoidance Measures; or III.D. Increased Cost of Compliance.

VII. COINSURANCE

A. This Coinsurance Sector coverage on the building. Section applies only

We will impose a penalty on loss pay

cable to the damaged building is: ment unless the amount of insurance appli-В. 2. At least 80% of its replacement cost; or maximum amount of insurance

whichever is less. C. If the actual available for that building under the NFIP building is less than the required amount in If the actual amount of insurance on the

then loss payment is determined as follows (subject to all other relevant conditions in this policy, including those pertaining to ment of loss): accordance with the terms of VII. valuation, adjustment, settlement, and B. above, рау-

carried Divide the actual amount of insurance on the building by the required

amount of insurance.

2. Multiply the amount of loss, before aptermined in C.1. above. plication of the deductible, by the figure de

Subtract the deductible from the figure determined in C.2. above.

carried, if in excess of the applicable maxthe NFIP, is reduced accordingly. imum amount of insurance available under whichever is less. The amount of insurance above, or the amount of insurance carried We will pay the amount determined in C.3

Example #1 (Inadequate Insurance)

Required amount of insurance— Replacement value of the building—\$250,000 -\$200,000

Deductible—\$500 Amount of the loss—\$150,000 Actual amount of insurance carried-\$180,000 (80% of replacement value of \$250,000)

(90% of what should be carried.) Step 2: $150,000 \times .90 = 135,000$ Step $1:180,000 \div 200,000 = .90$

We will pay no more than \$134,500. The remaining \$15,500 is not covered due to the co-Step 3: 135,000 - 500 = 134,500insurance penalty (\$15,000) and application

Example #2 (Adequate Insurance)

the deductible (\$500).

Required amount of insurance—\$400,000 Replacement value of the building—\$500,000

Amount of the loss—\$200,000Actual amount of insurance carried—\$400,000 (80% of replacement value of \$500,000)

penalty, because the actual amount of insurance carried meets the required amount. will pay no more than \$199,500 (\$200 amount of loss minus the \$500 deductible). Ħ this example there is no coinsurance (\$200,000

> The replacement cost value of any covered building property will be included; ing property not covered under this 2. The replacement cost value of any buildnot be included; and policy

association will be included provements installed by 3. Only the replacement cost value of imthe condominium

VIII. GENERAL CONDITIONS

Pair and Set Clause.

ing you: a pair or set, we will have the option of paycase of loss to an article that is part of

depreciation; or the lost, damaged, or destroyed article, less An amount equal to the cost of replacing

cle bears to the pair or set set that the lost, damaged, or destroyed artiproportion of the total value of the pair or 2. An amount which represents the fair

Concealment or Fraud and Policy Void-

policy, this policy: With respect to all insureds under this Is void

. Б

Has no legal force or effect,

c. Cannot be renewed, and d. Cannot be replaced by a new NFIP policy, if, before or after a loss, you or any other insured or your agent have at any

sented any material fact or circumstance, (2) Engaged in fraudulent conduct, or (3) Made false statements, (1) Intentionally concealed or misrepre-

the wrongful acts described in surance relating to this policy or any other NFIP in-2. This policy will be void as of the date in B.1. above

apply to the acts of fraud or concealment deunder applicable Federal laws were committed.

3. Fines, civil penalties, and imprisonment scribed above. may also

than fraud, misrepresentation, act. This policy is void from i and has no legal force under t conditions: 4. This policy is also void for reasons other the following its inception or wrongful

e,

nity that was not participating in the NFIP on the policy's inception date and did not on the policy's inception date and did join or re-enter the program during the loy term and before the loss occurred; or b. If the property listed on the area in the control of the property listed on the area in the control of the property listed on the area in the control of the property listed on the area in the control of the property listed on the area in the control of the property listed on the control of the control of the property listed on the control of a. If the property is located in a commupol-

is not otherwise eligible the NFIP. If the property listed on the application not otherwise eligible for coverage under

Other Insurance.

will not pay more than the amount of insurcovered by other insurance that includes flood coverage not issued under the Act, we ance that you are entitled 1. If a loss covered by this policy is also to for lost, dam-

aged or destroyed property insured under

amount of insurance covering the loss, unplies under this policy bears to the total less C.1.b. or c. immediately below applies. loss that the amount of insurance that this policy subject to the following:

a. We will pay only the proportion of the

ing that it is excess insurance, this policy will be primary If the other policy has a provision stat-

for the remainder of the loss.

2. If there is a flood insurance policy in the bears to the total amount of both policies, the amount of insurance under this policy will participate in the same proportion that deductible amount is reached, this policy to its own deductible) up to the deductible in the other flood policy (except another policy as described in C.I.b. above). When the other This policy will be primary (but subject

name of a unit owner that covers the loss as this policy, then this policy will primary bе

D. Amendments, Waivers, Assignment

this policy in writing when you transfer title of your property to someone else except under these conditions: waiver of any of our rights. You may assign under the terms of this policy constitutes a ance Administrator. No action that we take press written consent of the Federal Insurof its provisions be waived without the This policy cannot be changed nor can any ex-

property; or 2. When this policy covers a structure dur-1. When this policy covers only personal

ing the course of construction.

E. Cancellation of Policy by V. . Cancellation of Policy by You.

tions of the NFIP.

2. If you cancel this policy, you may be en- You may cancel this policy in ance with the applicable rules and accord

tions of the NFIP.

F. Non-Renewal of the Policy by Us.

Your policy will not be renewed:

1. If the community where your covered also under the applicable rules and titled to a full or partial refund of premium

property is located stops participating in the NFIP, or 2. Your building has been declared ineli-

the amount of coverage that can not enough to buy the kind and amount of coverage you requested, we will provide only gible under section 1316 of the Act. G. Reduction and Reformation of Coverage. chased 1. If the premium we received from you was for the premium payment be purre-

2. The policy can be reformed to increase that you requested as follows: the amount of coverage resulting from the reduction described in G.1. above the amount

loss complete Rating Information Before a a. Discovery of Insufficient Premium or Inthat your we discover before you have a flood payment

enough to buy the requested amount of coverage, we will send you and any mortgagee or trustee known to us a bill for the required

additional premium for the current policy

(or that portion of the current policy following any endorsement changing

gagee or trustee pay the additional premium within 30 days from the date of our bill, we will reform the policy to increase the the amount of coverage). If you or the mort-

quested amount effective to the beginning of the current policy term (or subsequent date of any endorsement changing the amount of

of coverage to the originally re-

coverage).

loss that the rating information we have is incomplete and prevents us from calculating send the required information. You must the additional premium, we will ask you to

(2) If we determine before you have a flood

procedures:

or Fraud and Policy Voidance

above apply.

H. Policy Renewal.

1. This policy will expire at 12:01 a.m. on

the last day of the policy term.

2. We must receive the paym propriate renewal premium within 30 days of the expiration date We must receive the payment of the ap-

or illegible address, which delayed its dellvery to you before the due date for the reyour renewal notice into the U.S. Postal Service, or if we did mail it, we made a mistake, e.g., we used an incorrect, newal premium, then we will follow these If we find, however, that we did not place incomplete

later than one year after the date on which the payment of the renewal premium was due, of nonreceipt of a renewal notice before second bill providing a revised due date, which will be 30 days after the date on which preceding paragraph apply, we will mail a we determine that the circumstances in the the the bill is mailed. a. If you or your agent notified us, not due date for the renewal premium,

submit the information within 60 days of our request. Once we determine the amount of

additional premium for the current policy

we will follow the procedure

G.2.a.(1) above.

(3) If we do not receive the additional

prethe

(or additional information) by

that case, the policy will remain as an expired policy as of the expiration date shown quested in the second bill by the revised due date, then we will not renew the policy. In on the Declarations Page. Ò, If we do not receive the premium

date it is due, the amount of coverage can only be increased by endorsement subject to

complete Rating Information After a Loss. any appropriate waiting period. b. Discovery of Insufficient Premium or In-

(1) If we discover after you have a flood

ing information used to rate your most recent application for or renewal of insurance.

I. Conditions Suspending or Restricting Insurpolicy, we may ask you during the policy term to re-certify, on a Recertification Questionnaire that we will provide you, the rat-In connection with the renewal of this

there is a hazard that is increased by We are not liable for loss that occurs while means within your control or knowledge. any

additional premium for the current and the prior policy terms. If you or the mortgagee or trustee pay the additional premium within 30 days of the date of our bill, we will re-

coverage to the originally requested amount effective to the beginning of the prior policy form the policy to increase the amount of

incomplete and prevents us from calculating the additional premium, we will ask you to (2) If we discover after you have a flood loss that the rating information we have is erage, we will send you and any mortgagee or trustee known to us a bill for the required loss that your premium payment was not enough to buy the requested amount of cov-

J. Requirements in Case of Loss. In case of a flood loss to insured property.

you must: 1. Give p

may examine it; 3. Prepare an 2. As soon as reasonably possible, separate the damaged and undamaged property, put-ting it in the best possible order so that we Give prompt written notice to us; Prepare an inventory of damaged per-

sonal property showing the quantity, description, actual cash value, and amount of loss. Attach all bills, receipts and related proof of loss, which is your statement of the amount you are claiming under the policy signed and sworn to by you, and which furdocuments; 4. Within 60 days after the loss, send us a

prior policy terms, we will follow the procedure in G.2.b.(1) above. of additional premium for the current and can be paid. Once we determine the amount submit the information before your claim send the required information. You must

(3) If we do not receive the additional premium by the date it is due, your flood insur-

ment subject to any appropriate waiting pecoverage can only be increased by endorseduced amount of coverage. The amount of ance claim will be settled based on the re-

if we

find that you or your

nishes us with the following information: a. The date and time of loss;
 b. A brief explanation of how the loss hap-

property; the interest, if any, of others in the damaged pened Your interest (for example, "owner") and

sified, any important fact or circumstance or did anything fraudulent relating to this insurance, the provisions of Condition B. Consurance, the provisions of Condition B. agent intentionally did not tell us, or fal-

d. Details of any other insurance that may

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sured property during the term of the policy ings and detailed repair estimates; f. Specifications of damaged insured builde. Changes in title or occupancy of the in

insured property; having a lien, charge, or claim against the g. Names of mortgagees or anyone else

pose; and building at the time of loss and for what pur h. Details about who occupied any insured

erty described in J.3. above. i. The inventory of damaged personal prop-

5. In completing the proof of loss, you must use your own judgment concerning the amount of loss and justify that amount.

6. You must cooperate with the adjuster or

representative in the investigation of the

investigate your claim may furnish you with a proof of loss form, and she or he may help form or help you complete it.

8. We have not authorized the adjuster to courtesy only, and you must still send us a even if the adjuster does not furnish proof of loss within sixty days after the loss you complete it. However, this is a matter of 7. The insurance adjuster whom we hire the ŏ

approve or disapprove claims or to tell you whether we will approve your claim.

swear to the report port. At our option, we may require you sustained. You must sign mation about your loss and the damages you At our option, we may accept the adjust-er's report of the loss instead of your proof of loss. The adjuster's report will include inforthe adjuster's re-

K. Our Options After a Loss.

lowing: tion, exercise after loss include the Options that we may, in our sole discrefol

 At such reasonable times and places that we may designate, you must: aged property; a. Show us or our representative the dam-

while not in the presence of another insured and sign the same; and 0 Permit us to examine and make extracts Submit to examination under oath

and copies of:

(1) Any policies of property insurance insuring you against loss and the deed establishing your ownership of the insured real property; (2) Condominium association documents

including the Declarations of the condo-minium, its Articles of Association or Incorporation, Bylaws, and rules and regulations;

nals are lost.

2. We may request, in writing, that you and other vouchers, or certified copies per-taining to the damaged property if the origiand other vouchers, or certified copies (3) All books of accounts, bills, invoices

furnish us with a complete inventory of the

lost, damaged, or destroyed property, includ

(whichever is appropriate); Actual cash values or replacement cost

repair of the damaged property that you can make reasonably available to us; and c. Amounts of loss claimed;
 d. Any written plans and specifications for e. Evidence that prior flood damage has

days after we receive your signed, sworn been repaired. 3. If we give you written notice within 30

proof of loss, we may: a. Repair, rebuild, with material or property of like kind and the lost, damaged, or destroyed or replace any part of property

quality or its functional equivalent; and b. Take all or any part of the damaged appraised value. property at the value we agree upon or its

No Benefit to Bailee.

efit from this insurance.
M. Loss Payment. having custody of covered property will ben-No person or organization, other than you. 1. We will adjust all losses with you. We

by you in lieu of a proof of loss) and: files an adjuster's report signed and sworn to 60 days after we receive your proof of loss (or within 90 days after the insurance adjuster tled to receive payment. Loss will be payable will pay you unless some other person or ε ntity is named in the policy or is legally entition.

a. We reach an agreement with you;
b. There is an entry of a final judgment; or
c. There is a filing of an appraisal award
with us, as provided in VIII. P.
2. If we reject your proof of loss in whole or

in part you may:

a. Accept such denial of your claim;b. Exercise your rights under this policy; Accept such denial of your claim;

it is filed within 60 days of the date of c. File an amended proof of loss as long as N. Abandonment. the

undamaged insured property to us. O. Salvage. You may not abandon damaged 9

salvage.
P. Appraisal. to you under the policy by the value of the sured property after a loss, and we will reduce the amount of the loss proceeds payable We may permit you to keep damaged in-

you or we may cannot agree upon an umpire within 15 days and we will each choose a competent and im an appraisal of the loss. In this event, the amount of loss, then either may demand of the damaged property so as to determine cash value or, if applicable, replacement cost two appraisers will choose an umpire. If they partial appraiser within 20 days after receiv ing a written request from the other. If you and we fail to agree on the actual request that the

will submit their differences to the umpire. A decision agreed to by any two will set the amount of actual cash value and loss, or if it tual cash value, the replacement cost, and the amount of loss to each item. If the apstate where the insured property is located. applies, the replacement cost and loss. Each party will: the amount of loss. If they fail to agree, they ment to us, the amount agreed upon will praisers submit a written report of an agree-The appraisers will separately state the acmade by a judge of a court of record in the рe

and umpire equally.
Q. Mortgage Clause. Pay its own appraiser; and Pear the other expenses of the appraisal

Any loss payable under Coverage A-Build-The word "mortgagee" includes trustee.

order of precedence of the mortgages.

If we deny your claim, that denial will not at the time of loss, and you, as interests aping will be paid to any mortgagee of whom we have actual notice, as well as any other mortgagee or loss payee determined to exist the order of payment will be the same as the If more than one mortgagee is named

apply to a valid claim of the mortgagee, the mortgagee:

ship or occupancy, or substantial change in 1. Notifies us of any change in the owner-

risk, of which the mortgagee is aware; 2. Pays any premium due under this policy premium; and on demand if you have neglected to pay the

of your failure to do so within 60 days after receiving notice from us All of the terms of this policy apply to the Submits a signed, sworn proof of loss

The mortgagee has the right to receive loss

If we decide to cancel or not renew this policy, it will continue in effect for the benforeclosure or similar action on the building payment even if the mortgagee has started we notify the mortgagee of the cancellation efit of the mortgagee only for 30 days after

under the mortgage on the property. If we pay the mortgagee for any loss and deny payment to you, we are subrogated to or non-renewal. mortgagee's claim. mortgagee to recover the full amount of the rogation will not impair the right of the all the rights of the mortgagee granted Sub-

Suit Against Us.

under this policy unless you have complied with all the requirements of the policy. If ment applies to any claim have under this policy and the district in which the insured property was located at the time of loss. This requiresuit in the United States District Court of you do sue, you must start the suit within all or part of the claim and you must file the one year of the date of the written denial of You may not sue us to recover money to any that you may

> dling of any claim under the policy. that you may have arising out of the han-S. Subrogation.

pay us back first before you may keep any of that money. cover this money or do anything that would prevent us from recovering it. If you make caused by someone else is automatically transferred to us, to the extent that we have paid you for the loss. We may require you to cover for a loss that was partly or totally right to recover for that loss from any other under this policy, we are subrogated to your the loss, you may not give up our right to reacknowledge this transfer in writing. your loss and recover any money, you must Whenever we make a payment for a loss claim against any person who caused That means that your right to After

Continuous Lake Flooding

1. If an insured building has been flooded by rising lake waters continuously for 90 icy limits plus the deductible or the maximum payable under the policy for any one result in a covered loss to the insured builddays or more and it appears reasonably ceragreeing: further damage to occur if you sign a release building loss, we will pay you the lesser of tain that a continuation of this flooding will these two amounts without waiting for the ing equal to or greater than the building pol-

policy; a. To make no further claim under this

under the Act for property at the described c. Ò, Not to seek renewal of this policy; Not to apply for any flood insurance

location; and d. Not to seek a premium refund for cur-

rent or prior terms.

ends. will building has been flooded continuously for suffers a covered loss before the policy term days, the provisions of this paragraph If the policy term ends before the insured apply as long as the insured building

lake, you may elect to file a claim under either paragraph T.1. above or this paragraph T.2. (A "closed basin lake" is a natural lake claim as if the building is a total loss even Under this paragraph T.2, we will pay your overtop their basins on variations in the climate. These lakes may oration exceeds annual precipitation half of the United States where annual evaption's closed basin lakes are in the western time in the recorded past. Most of the ceeds or has exceeded one square mile at any evaporation and whose surface area now exfrom which water leaves primarily through continuous lake flooding from a closed basin dated for 90 days, subject though it has not been continuously inunwhere lake levels and surface areas are subject to considerable fluctuation due to wide 2. If your insured building is subject to the following rare occasions.) and

Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

your buying back the minently threaten to damage your building. (1) Agree to a claim payment that reflects a. Lake flood waters must damage or imb. Before approval of your claim, you must: salvage on a nego-

tiated basis; and (2) Grant t the conservation easement con-FEMA's "Policy Guidance for for

tion of the property removed from the ASC; those projects. The restrictions of the easement will then no longer apply to any porcertified flood control project later-the property, FEMA will, upon and are insured under the NFIP, they will not be eligible for the benefits of this paragraph T.2. If a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers amend the ASC to remove areas protected by certified flood control project or otherwise structures. If any of these allowable struc-tures are insurable buildings under the NFIP certain simple agricultural and recreational The only structures that it will allow on any portion of the property within the ASC are cultural and recreational uses of the land upon map showing the ASC. This easement will only apply to that portion of the property in the ASC. It will allow certain agri-FEMA will give the community the agreed damage (ASC) in which there is a potential for flood map an area or areas of special consideration the property is located, will identify on consultation with the community in which fice of the local recorder of deeds. FEMA, in Closed Basin Lakes," to be recorded in the offromcontinuous lake flooding protects

(3) Comply with paragraphs T.1.a. through above

c. Within 90 days of approval of your claim, you must move your building to a new location outside the ASC. FEMA will give you an is sufficient reason to extend the time. additional 30 days to move if you show there

and a floodplain development permit from the local floodplain administrator for the new location of your building. you must acquire an elevation certificate d. Before the final payment of your claim,

community having jurisdiction over your e. Before the approval of your claim, the

fied in the easement required in paragraph that is consistent with the provisions specidiately by a permanent land use ordinance to exceed 6 months to be followed immeor a temporary moratorium for a period not T.2.b. above; (1) Adopt a permanent land use ordinance

(2) Agree to declare and report any violations of this ordinance to FEMA so that under Sec. 1316 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, flood insurance to the building can be denied; and

agricultural or recreational use only, any affor purposes compatible with open space or fected property (3) Agree to maintain as deed-restricted, the community acquires an

> restrictions continue to apply if the property was acquired under the Hazard Mitigation consistent with the provisions of paragraph T.2.b. above, except that even if a certified project protects the property, the land use organization receives the property as a donasistance Program. If a non-profit land tion, that organization must maintain Grant Program or the Flood Mitigation Asinterest in. These deed restrictions must be trust

property as deed-restricted, consistent with the provisions of paragraph T.2.b, above f. Before the approval of your claim, the af-fected State must take all action set forth in FEMA's "Policy Guidance for Closed Basin Lakes

surer as an inflation adjustment.

h. This paragraph T.2. will be in effect erage in the amount suggested by your The exception to this is any increased covestablished by FEMA until you file a claim under this paragraph T.2. If a subsequent owner buys NFIP insurance that goes into fective after the date established by FEMA graph T.2., we will not consider to be in efpose of honoring a claim under this raratinuous coverage requirement. For the of title, any gap in coverage during that 60-day period will not be a violation of this coneffect within 60 days of the date of transfer fect any increased coverage that became coverage continuously in effect from a date g. You must have NFIP flood insurance B

a community when the FEMA Regional Director for the affected region provides to the community in writing the community with the community with the community with the community with the community writing the community with the community when the FEMA Regional Director for the affected region provides to the community with the community when the provides to the community with the community community, in writing, the following:

the State are in compliance with the condi-tions in paragraphs T.2.e. and T.2.f. above. (1) Confirmation that the community and

insurance in effect (2) The date by which you must have flood

Duplicate Policies Not Allowed

more than one NFIP policy 1. We will not insure your property under

may choose one of several options under the notice. The notice will advise you that knowingly created, we will give you written following procedures: If we find that the duplication was not

tive date of the later policy. change will become effective as of the effecpolicy to the limits of the earlier policy. The choose to add the coverage limits of the later with the earlier effective date, you may also a. If you choose to keep in effect the policy

tive date of the later policy. choose to add the coverage limits of the earwith the later effective date, you may also The change will be effective as of the effeclier policy to the limits of the later policy b. If you choose to keep in effect the policy

ceed the permissible limits of coverage under event will the resulting coverage limits exwithin 30 days of the written notice. premium for the increased In either case, you must pay the pro rata coverage limits 110

vales Tarch

for the policy not being kept in effect ing to applicable NFIP rules, of the premium the Act or your insurable interest, whichever is less. We will make a refund to you, accord-

V. Loss Settlement. elect which NFIP policy to keep in effect such circumstances will be adjusted accorddoes not apply when duplicates have been ing to the terms and conditions of the earlier knowingly created. Losses occurring under policy. The insured's option under this condi-The policy with the later effective Duplicate Policies Not Allowed to

Introduction

This policy provides three methods of set-tling losses: Replacement Cost, Special Loss Settlement, and Actual Cash Value. Each erty, as explained in a.-c. below. method is used for a different type of prop-

a. Replacement Cost Loss Settlement described in V.2. below applies to buildings other than manufactured homes or travel trailers

V.3. below applies to a residential condominium building that is a travel trailer or a Special Loss Settlement described in

manufactured home.
c. Actual Cash Value loss settlement applies to all other property covered under this policy, as outlined in V.4. below.

Replacement Cost Loss Settlement

aged or destroyed building, after application of the deductible and without deduction for the following amounts: depreciation, but not more than the least of a. We will pay to repair or replace a dam-

that applies to the building; (1) The amount of insurance in this policy

building. kind and quality, and for like occupancy and (2) The replacement cost of that part of the damaged, with materials of like

repair or replace the damaged part of the building for like occupancy and use. (3) The necessary amount actually spent to

Replacement Cost Coverage basis unless and until actual repair or replacement of the pleted damaged building or parts thereof, is com-We will not be liable for any loss on a

pair or rebuild at the described location, subpay no more than it would have cost to reother than the Loss Settlement. ect to all other terms of Replacement Cost c. If a building is rebuilt at a location described location, we will

Special Loss Settlement

that is: (1) a manufactured home or travel apply to a residential condominium building at least 16 feet wide when fully assembled trailer, as defined in II.B.6.b. and c., and (2) a. The following loss settlement conditions

rimeter walls when fully assembled and has at least 600 square feet within its pe

the following amounts: we will, at our discretion, pay the least of pair, at least to its pre-damaged condition. ment, it is not economically feasible to redamaged to such an extent that, in our judg-b. If such a building is totally destroyed or

1.5 times the actual cash value; or the manufactured home or travel trailer (1) The lesser of the replacement cost or or

on your Declarations Page. (2) The Building Limit of liability shown

trailer is partially damaged and, in our judgto its pre-damaged condition, we will settle ment, it is economically feasible to repair it the loss according to the Replacement Cost Loss Settlement conditions in V.2. above. If such a manufactured home or travel

4. Actual Cash Value Loss Settlement

subject to actual cash value loss settlement: a. (1) Personal property; The types of property noted below are

and that remains as debris at the described (2) Insured property abandoned after a loss

and other outdoor equipment; (3) Outside antennas and aerials, awning

(5) Appliances; and (4) Carpeting and pads;

loss settlement in V.3. above. that does not meet the conditions for special A manufactured home or mobile home travel trailer as defined in II.B.6.b. or c.

amounts: ō, We will pay the least of the following

The applicable amount of insurance

under this policy; II.B.2.); or $\widehat{\mathfrak{D}}$ The actual cash value (as defined in

kind replace the property with material (3) The amount it would cost to repair and quality within a reasonable time of like or

IX. LIBERALIZATION CLAUSE

does tions Page. tion date falls within 60 days before or durthen that change will automatically apply to coverage under this edition of our policy, but ing the policy term stated on the Declarathe change, provided that this implementayour insurance as of the date we implement If we make a change that broadens your require any additional premium,

X. WHAT LAW GOVERNS

mon law. ance regulations issued by FEMA, the Naare governed exclusively by This policy and all disputes arising from the handling of any claim under the policy ed (42 U.S.C. 4001, et seq.), and Federal com tional Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amend the flood insur-

Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

ance Agreement. icy below and hereby enter into this Insur-In Witness Whereof, we have signed this pol-

Administrator, Federal Insurance JO ANN HOWARD, Administration

[65 FR 60785, Oct. 12, 2000, as amended at 68 FR 9897, Mar. 3, 2003]

APPENDIX A(4) TO PART 61

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY. FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION

Standard Flood Insurance Policy Endorsement Dwelling Form

the sale of flood insurance. spection procedure, and become eligible ty, Florida that incorporate on or after January 1, 1999, agree to participate in the inof VII.B.4 and VII.H.2, and also adds a new applies to communities within Monroe Counin Monroe County and the Village of Islamorada, Florida, This endorsement also paragraph, VII.H.5. This endorsement applies This endorsement replaces the provisions ioi

wrongful act. This policy is void from its inception and has no legal force under the folother than lowing conditions: VII.B.4. This policy is also void for reasons fraud, misrepresentation,

icy term and before the loss occurred. on the policy's inception date and did not nity that was not participating in the NFIP join or re-enter the program during the pol-If the property is located in a commu-

community inspection procedure established inspection report, referred to in "H. Policy Renewal" below, that was required in a no-tice sent to you in conjunction with the under 44 CFR 59.30 b. If you have not submitted a community

is not otherwise eligible for coverage under c. If the property listed on the application

referred to in H.5 below within 30 days of the expiration date. applicable, the community inspection report the appropriate renewal premium and when VII.H.2. We must receive the payment of

your policy. You will be notified in writing of this requirement approximately 6 months agement ordinance before you can renew ance with the community's floodplain maner or not your insured property is in compliport from your community certifying whethprocedure will be in place, you may be required to obtain and submit an inspection re-During the several years that this inspection ance Program Regulations (44 CFR 59.30). ment Agency to participate in an inspection procedure set forth in National Flood Insurproved by the Federal Emergency Manage-VII.H.5. Your community has been ap-

> before a renewal date and again at the time your renewal bill is sent.

[65 FR 60793, Oct. 12, 2000, as amender at 67 FR 10634, Mar. 8, 2002]

APPENDIX A(5) TO PART 6J

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION

Standard Flood Insurance Policy Endorsement to General Property Form

ty, Florida that incorporate on or after January 1, 1999, agree to participate in the inspection procedure, and become eligible for paragraph, VII.H.5. This endorsement applies in Monroe County and the Village of Islamorada, Florida. This endorsement also the sale of flood insurance. applies to communities within Monroe Counof VII.B.4 and VII.H.2, and also adds a new This endorsement replaces the provisions

other than fraud, misrepresentation, crwrongful act. This policy is void from its inception and has no legal force under the following conditions: VII.B.4. This policy is also void for reasons

on the policy's inception date and did join or re-enter the program during the icy term and before the loss occurred. a. If the property is located in a community that was not participating in the NFIP lod 110

community inspection procedure established tice sent to you in conjunction with under 44 CFR 59.30. Renewal" below, that was required in a no Inspection report, referred to in "H. Polics b. If you have not submitted a community the

is not otherwise eligible for coverage under the NFIP c. If the property listed on the application

expiration date. referred to in H.5 below within 30 days of applicable, the community inspection report the appropriate renewal premium and when VII.H.5. VII.H.2. We must receive the payment 2

of this requirement approximately 6 months before a renewal date and again at the time your renewal bill is sent. your policy. You will be notified in writing agement ordinance before you can renew ance with the community's floodplain maner or not your insured property is in compliport from your community certifying whethquired to obtain and submit an inspection reprocedure will be in place, you may be re-During the several years that this inspection ance Program Regulations (44 CFR 59.30) procedure set forth in National Flood Insurment Agency to participate in an inspection proved by the Federal Emergency Manage-Your community has been

[65 FR 60793, Oct. 12, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 10634, Mar. 8, 2002]

APPENDIX A(6) TO PART 61

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY. FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION

Standard Flood Insurance Policy Endorsement to Residential Condominium Building Associa-

Islamorada, Florida. This endorsement also This endorsement replaces the provisions of VIII.B.4 and VIII.H.2, and also adds a new sale of flood insurance. ary 1, 1999, agree to participate in the inspecty, Florida and incorporate on or after Januapplies to communities within Monroe Counplies in Monroe County and the Village of paragraph, VIII.H.5. This endorsement aption procedure, and become eligible for the

sons other than fraud, misrepresentation, or wrongful act. This policy is void from its inlowing conditions: ception and has no legal force under the fol-VIII.B.4. This policy is also void for rea-

icy term and before the loss occurred join or re-enter the program during the polon the policy's inception date and did not nity that was not participating in the NFIP a. If the property is located in a commub. If you have not submitted a community

Renewal" below, that was required in a notice sent to you in conjunction with the under 44 CFR 59.30. community inspection procedure established inspection report, referred to in "H. Policy

is not otherwise eligible for coverage under c. If the property listed on the application

expiration date. referred to in H.5 below within 30 days of the the appropriate renewal premium and when applicable, the community inspection report VIII.H.2. We must receive the payment of

your renewal bill is sent. of this requirement approximately 6 months before a renewal date and again at the time your policy. You will be notified in writing agement ordinance before you can renew ance with the community's floodplain maner or not your insured property is in compli-During the several years that this inspection procedure will be in place, you may be required to obtain and submit an inspection report from your community certifying whethprocedure set forth in National Flood Insurance Program Regulations (44 CFR 59.30) ment Agency to participate in an inspection proved by the Federal Emergency Manage-Your community has been ap-

[65 FR 60794, Oct. 12, 2000, as amended at 67

PART 62—SALE OF INSURANCE AND ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS

Subpart A—Issuance of Policies

Sec. 62.1 62.2 62.3 62.4 62.5

Definitions. Purpose of part

Servicing agent.

Limitations on sale of policies.

Premium refund

Minimum commissions

Subpart B—Claims Adjustment and Judicial Review

62.2262.21Judicial review. Claims adjustment.

Subpart C—Write-Your-Own (WYO) Companies

62.23 WYO Companies authorized. 62.24 WYO participation criteria.

APPENDIX B TO PART 62-NATIONAL FLOOD IN APPENDIX A TO PART 62-FEDERAL EMER-GENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, FEDERAL INSURANCE ADMINISTRATION, FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE/SUBSIDY ARRANGEMENT

nization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 43 FR 41943, 3 1979, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp., p. 376. CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 329; E.O. 12127 of Mar. 31 AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.; Reorga-

SURANCE PROGRAM

otherwise noted. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177 Source: 43 FR 2573, Jan. 17, 1978, unless

Subpart A—Issuance of Policies

§ 62.1 Purpose of part.

regarding the manner in which claims trator exercises his/her responsibility for losses are paid eral method by which the Adminissubchapter, and to prescribe the gensale of insurance under part 64 of this munities designated as eligible for the able to the general public in those comance under the Program is made availforth the manner in which flood insur-The purpose of this part is to set

§62.2 Definitions.

part. this subchapter are applicable to this The definitions set forth in part 59 of

\$62.3 Servicing agent.

Federal Emergency Management Agency, DHS

cretion of the Administrator. accept responsibility for delivery of losses as prescribed by and at the dispolicies and payment of claims ignated by the Administrator and the Program issuing flood insurance policies under icing agent to authorize it to assist in tered into the Agreement with a servof the Act, the Administrator has en-(a) Pursuant to sections 1345 and 1346 in communities des-

eral Insurance Administration. (b) National Con-Serv, Inc., whose offices are located in Rockville, Maryland, is the servicing agent for the Fed-

any person qualifying for such coverage under parts 61 and 64 of this subtract between the Agency and the servthe terms and conditions of the conthe servicing agent in accordance with chapter who submits an application to (c) The servicing agent will arrange for the issuance of flood insurance to icing agent.

58 FR 62447, Nov. 26, 1993] [43 FR 2573, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 48 FR 44544, Sept. 29, 1983; 49 FR 4751, Feb. 8, 1984;

§62.4 Limitations on sale of policies.

sale of flood insurance under the Program, other than in accordance with this part, and the Standard Flood Insurance Policy. of this subchapter as eligible for the the Administrator designates in part 64 maximum limits of coverage specified auspices in any amount within the flood insurance under any authority or in §61.6 of this subchapter, in any area of its contract that it shall not offer deemed to have agreed, as a condition (a) The servicing agent shall be

crimination in any matter within the existence of any such unlawful plaint or information concerning sex, creed or national origin. Any com-Program, on the ground of race, color, subjected to discrimination under the thereunder are subject to title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. pation in, denied the benefits of, or person shall be excluded from particifrom time to time pursuant thereto. No regulations and requirements issued 2000d, and to the applicable Federal (b) The agreement and all activities

> to the Administrator. purview of this part should be referred

[43 FR 2573, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44 FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 48 JPR 44544, Sept. 29, 1983, 49 FR 4751, Feb. 8, 1944]

§62.5 Premium refund.

NFIP obtains a written concurrence in the cancellation from any mortgage of which the NFIP has actual notice; or retention of the expense constant. mium refund shall be pro rata but with the coverage. In such event, the prerequired by the mortgagee to maintain policy during the period when a revised map was being reprinted. A Standard Flood Insurance Policyholder may can-cel a policy having a term of three (3) insured mortgage debt and is no longer the policyholder has extinguishing the tution for the NFIP policy and the a policy of flood insurance has been obtained or is being obtained in substithe reason for the cancellation is that years, on an anniversary date, where insured had been required to renew the pending, the full premium shall be reunder the policy has been paid or is sistance was provided. If no claim area as represented on an effective FHBM or FIRM when the financial as funded for the current policy year, and for an additional policy year where the sistance, and (b) his property was 10cated in an identified special hazard both, as a condition for financial asmaintain flood insurance coverage, or (a) he was required to purchase or to within the current policy year provided this subchapter may cancel the policy of Map Amendment under part 70 $_{
m Of}$ area after the map revision or a Lett $\epsilon_{\mathbf{r}}$ mined not to be in a special hazard holder whose property has been deter-A Standard Flood Insurance Policy-

[43 FR 2573, Jan. 17, 1978. Redesignated at 44FR 31177, May 31, 1979, as amended at 49 FR 33658, Aug. 24, 1984; 53 FR 16279, May 6, 1988]

§62.6Minimum commissions.

placed nection with policies of flood insurance cures on behalf of the insured, in conshall be paid to any property or caspolicy or renewal the agent duly ualty insurance agent or broker duly latory authority, with respect to each licensed by a state insurance regu-The earned commission which with the NFIP at the offices