

MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL

BENCHMARK SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES – 2007 (MINI FORM)

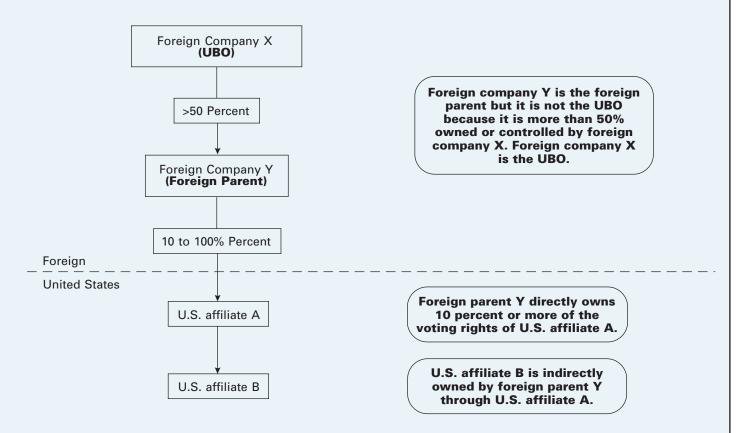
DUE DATE: MAY 31, 2008			beer	ne and address of U.S. business enterprise – If a label has n affixed, make any changes directly on the label. If a label has not
ELECTRONIC	Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details		beer if av	n affixed, enter the BEA Identification Number of this U.S. affiliate, railable, in the box at the upper right hand corner of this page.
FILING:	OR		1002	Name of U.S. affiliate
MAIL	U.S. Department of Commerce		1002	
REPORTS	Bureau of Economic Analysis			c/o (care of)
TO:	BE-49(A)		1010	0
	Washington, DC 20230	l		Street or P.O. Box
	OR	l	1003	0
DELIVER REPORTS	U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis, BE-49(A)	l		City and State
TO:	Shipping and Receiving Section, M100		1004	0
	1441 L Street, NW			ZIP Code Foreign Postal Code
	Washington, DC 20005		1005	OR 0
	OR	B.	Loca	ation of U.S. affiliate – If the mailing address in item A is in care omeone other than the U.S. affiliate, give the name and location of
FAX REPORTS	(202) 606-5319		the r	primary U.S. headquarters of the affiliate. If the U.S. affiliate is a estate investment with no U.S. headquarters, give the name (if
TO:			any)	and location of the real estate. If the real estate is in more than
		ł	large	location, give the name and location of the real estate with the est gross book value.
	ASSISTANCE	l	1300	Name of U.S. affiliate
Email:	be12/15@bea.gov	l		
Telephone:	(202) 606-5577	l	1301	Street or P.O. Box
FAX:	(202) 606-5319	l	1001	
Copies of			1302	City and State
blank forms:	www.bea.gov/surveys/fdiusurv.htm	l	1302	
Definitions of	key terms - See pages 6 and 7.		1303	ZIP Code
			1000	
Please read the Instructions starting on page 6 before completing this form. Insurance and real estate companies see instructions on page 6. • Who may file Form BE-12 Mini – Complete Form BE-12 Mini if (1) you are NOT a bank, bank holding company, or financial holding company and (2) none of the following three items – total assets (do not net out liabilities), sales or gross operating revenues (excluding sales taxes), and net income (after provision for U.S. income taxes) – for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceeded \$40 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007. If you do not meet these filing criteria see instruction I.A. starting on page 6 to				
BE-12 Mini unless otherwise specified by a specific				s "FAS." DO NOT use International Financial Reporting
	•			reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2007.
consolic	lation all non-bank U.S. affiliates in whi	ch it	t dire	fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including in the ectly or indirectly owns more than 50 percent of the bund in instruction III.13 starting on page 7.
Roundi Do not	ng – Report currency amounts in U.S. dol enter amounts in the shaded portions	lars	rour	h line
Exampl	e – If amount is \$1,334,891.00 report as: -			1 335
MANDATORY CONFIDENTIAL PENALTIES	(P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U	I.S.C rt to	C. 310 this	ne International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act 01-3108, as amended). The filing of reports is mandatory and Bureau is confidential. Whoever fails to report may be re details.
	DNSULT CONCERNING QUESTIONS ABOU' er name and address	ТТН	IIS	CERTIFICATION — The undersigned official certifies that this report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable instructions, is
Name 1000 0				complete, and is substantially accurate except that estimates may have been provided where data are not available from customary accounting
Address 1029 0 1030 0				records or precise data could not be obtained without undue burden.
1031 0				Authorized official's signature Date
TELEPHONE 1001				7 dation 250 of motion of signature
NUMBER	0 Area code Number Exte	ensio	n	Print or type name and title
FAX NUMBER 0999		ensio	n	
FAX NUMBER 0999 May we use e-minformation abo	O Area code Number aail to correspond with you to discuss questing the company that you may consider cons	ons ifide	relati	Print or type name and title Telephone number FAX number ing to this Form BE-12 Mini, including questions that may contain (Note that electronic mail is not inherently confidential; we will treat
FAX NUMBER 0999 May we use e-minformation aboinformation we	O Area code Number aail to correspond with you to discuss questing the company that you may consider cons	ons ifide	relati ntial? cessa	Print or type name and title Telephone number FAX number ing to this Form BE-12 Mini, including questions that may contain (Note that electronic mail is not inherently confidential; we will treat arily secure against interception by a third party.)

	PART I								
	Additional Instruction	s by line item are at the instructions			Section III	of the			
1.	Enter Employer Identification I Primary 1006 1 -	Number(s) used by the U	J.S. affiliate	e to file income and	payroll taxe	25.			
2.	2. Did the ownership (both direct and indirect) by ALL foreign parents in the voting securities (or an equivalent interest) of this U.S. affiliate EXCEED 50 percent as of the end of the U.S. affiliate's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007? "Voting interest" is defined in instruction 16a.(1) on page 8. 101 1 Yes								
3.	Total assets at the close of the in calendar year 2007 – Do not		Bil. 1	Amount Mil. Thous. Dols.					
4.	Sales or gross operating rever that ended in calendar year 20 taxes – Do not give gross marg	nues for the fiscal year 07, excluding sales	2109 \$						
	Net income (loss) for the fiscal calendar year 2007, after provi State, and local income taxes.	sion for U.S. Federal,	2159		, Plea	ase check box			
6.	Total liabilities at the close of tended in calendar year 2007.	the fiscal year that	2114 \$			otal liabilities zero.			
7.	Number of employees at close instruction 9 on page 7 on employment is subject to unus	how to report employm				Number 1			
8.	Major product(s) or service product(s) and/or service(s) of mined, manufactured, sold at the service of the ser	the U.S. affiliate. If a pro	duct, also	state what is done t	o it, i.e., wh	ether it is			
	1163		-4- Fut-	v dla a di aid lada va adi					
9.	Industry code of the fully code of revenues. For a full explanatio <i>Trade Classifications for Intern</i> on our web site at: www.bea.g	the industry with the lar n of each code, see the national Surveys, 2007. A	gest sales (<i>Guide to In</i> Copy of th	or gross operating dustry and Foreign iis guide can be foui	nd	ISI Code			
10.	Did any ONE of the following (excluding sales taxes), or raffiliate's fiscal year that en	ng three items – total a net income (loss) – exc	assets, sa eed \$15 r	les or gross opera					
	1100 1 1 Yes – Skip to item 13	•		on page 3 to assist	you in				
	¹ 2 No – On the remainder of this form, complete ONLY items 11 and 12. DO NOT complete items 13 through 33.								
11.	 Please enter the country of the foreign parent in the box below. The foreign parent is the FIRST person or entity outside the U.S. in a chain of ownership that has a 10 percent or more voting interest in this U.S. affiliate. See diagram on page 3. 								
	Country of foreign parent					BEA USE ONLY			
					3016				
12.	Please enter the country of person or entity, proceeding u not more than 50 percent own Country of UBO	p the ownership chain b	eginning v	vith and including th	e foreign p	arent, that is			
	Country of OBO					1			
		BEA USE O	NLY		3022	1			
Rem	arks				XXXX				
		BEA USE O	NLY						
1200	1 2	3		4	5				
1201	1 2	3		4	5				
1202	-	3		4	5				
1203	1 2	3		4	5				

FORM BE-12 Mini (REV. 7/2007)

PART I – Continued

ILLUSTRATION OF FOREIGN PARENT, ULTIMATE BENEFICIAL OWNER (UBO), DIRECT FOREIGN OWNERSHIP, AND INDIRECT FOREIGN OWNERSHIP



NOTE: Arrows connecting boxes represent direction of ownership

PART II

	NOTE: Complete items 13 through 33 ONLY if	the answer to iten	10 on pag	e 2 is "Yes.	"			
13.	Consolidated reporting by the U.S. affiliate – The consolidation rules are found in instruction 13 on page 7 ls more than 50 percent of the voting interest in this U.S. affiliate owned by another U.S. affiliate of your foreign parent?							
	1400 1 Yes – If "Yes" – Do not complete this report unless exception e described in the consolidation rules on page 7 applies. If this exception does not apply, please forward this BE-12 survey packet to the U.S. business enterprise owning your company more than 50 percent, and notify BEA of the action taken by filing Form BE-12(X) with item (e) completed on page 2 of that form. The BE-12(X) can be downloaded from our web site at: www.bea.gov/surveys/fdiusurv.htm							
	¹ 2 No – If "No" – Complete this report in accord instruction 13 on page 7.	ance with the consol	idation rules	in				
14.	REPORTING PERIOD – Reporting period instructions a instruction 14 on page 7.	are found in	1007 ·	Month Day	Year			
	This U.S. affiliate's financial reporting year ended in cal	•						
	Example – If the financial reporting year ended on March	31, report for the 12-n	nonth period	ended March	31, 2007 .			
15.	Did the U.S. business enterprise become a U.S. afduring its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2		1009	Month Day	Year			
	1008 1 Yes – If "Yes" – Enter date U.S. business enter a U.S. affiliate and see instruction 15 or		→					
vot	nership – Enter percent of ownership in this U.S. at ing interest if an incorporated affiliate or an equivalent ting interest" is defined in instruction 16a.(1) on page 8.							
For has	reign parent – A foreign parent is the FIRST person or e a a 10 percent or more voting interest (direct or indirect)	entity outside the U.S in this U.S. affiliate. S	. in a chain c See diagram	of ownership on page 3.	that			
of tore	this U.S. affiliate – Give name of each eign parent with direct ownership. (If more no 2, continue on a separate sheet.) See	Country of incorporation or organization (if a business enterprise) or residence (if an individual). For individuals, see	REPORTIN		BEA USE ONLY			
dia	gram on page 3.	instruction 16b. on page 8.	(1)	(2)	(3)			
16.		1017	. %	. %	3			
17.		1018	. %	. %	3			
of t aff il affil (If n	mership held indirectly by foreign parents this U.S. affiliate through another U.S. illiate – Give name of each higher tier U.S. liate with direct ownership in this U.S. affiliate. more than 2, continue on a separate sheet.) See gram on page 3.	Country of foreign parent of U.S. affiliate						
18.		1063	. %	2 . %	3			
		1000	1	2	3			
<u>19.</u> 20.	Ownership held directly by all other persons	1064	. %	. %				
	(do not list names)	1061	. %	. %				
	TOTAL of ownership interests — Sum of items 16 through 20 —————		100.0%	100.0%				
Ent list	ter the name and industry code of the foreign pare each and its industry code on a separate sheet.	nt. If there is more th	nan one fore	ign parent,				
21.	Enter name of foreign parent. If the foreign parent is	an individual enter '	'individual."					
	3011 0							
22.	Enter the foreign parent industry code, from the list describes the PRIMARY activity of the SINGLE entity nation the world-wide sales of all consolidated subsidiaries	med as the foreign p	arent. DO No	5, which besi OT base the o	t code			
Rem	arks							

PART II - Continued

Furnish the name, country, location, and industry code of the UBO for each foreign parent. If there is more than one foreign parent, list each on a separate sheet and give the name of its UBO and the UBO's country of location and industry code.

The UBO is that person or entity, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person or entity. See instruction II.L. on page 7 for the complete definition of UBO. Also see the diagram on page 3.

23.	is the foreign parent also the UB	U? If the foreign parent is owned or controlled more than 50 percent by another
	person or entity, then the foreign pa	rent is NOT the UBO. See diagram on page 3.
	3019 1 Yes - Skip to 26	¹ 2 No – Continue with 24

	as "bearer shares" is not an acceptable response.
3021	0

4 IC (L. LIBO :

25.	Enter country of UBO. For individuals, see instruction 16b on page 8.		BEA USE ONLY
		3022	1
	For the first of the LIDO from the list of and a state between of this case. NOT		LIDO I I I I I

Enter the industry code of the UBO from the list of codes at the bottom of this page. **NOTE** – The UBO industry code is based on the consolidated world-wide activities of all majority-owned subsidiaries of the UBO. Select the industry code 26. that best reflects the consolidated world-wide sales of all majority-owned subsidiaries of the UBO.

3023	1	DO NOT USE CODE 14 UNLESS YOU GET PERMISSION FROM BEA. Code "14" (holding company) is normally NOT a valid UBO industry code.
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LIDO CAL

27 .	Dividends or earnings distributed – Enter amount of (a) dividends declared, excluding stock		Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols
	and liquidating dividends, on common and preferred stock (if incorporated) or (b) earnings	2215	\$			
28.	Total employee compensation for FY 2007 – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 28 on page 8.	2253	1			
29.	year 2007 – INCLUDE all purchases by, or transfers (at net book value) to, the U.S. affiliate of land, mineral and timber rights, and other property, plant and equipment. Also INCLUDE capitalized and expensed exploration and development expenditures. EXCLUDE expenditures made in prior years that are reclassified in the current year. Also EXCLUDE land and other property, plant and equipment obtained through the acquisition of or merger with another company during the year. DO NOT net out sales and other dispositions of property, plant, and equipment from the expenditures reported on this line.	2390	1			
20	Cross healt value (at historical cost) of all land and other property, plant and		5			

- cost) of all land and other property, plan equipment, at the close of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007. 2799 \$
- 31. Copy your answer from item 2 on page 2 of this report to the appropriate box below and follow the applicable instructions.

- Number 32. Number of acres of U.S. land owned. Exclude acres of mineral rights if you do not own the land. Amount (1) Thous. Dols. Mil. Bil.
- Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate - R&D is defined in instruction 33 on page 8.

\$ 2403 **BEA USE ONLY**

FOREIGN PARENT AND UBO INDUSTRY CODES

Note: "ISI codes" are International Surveys Industry codes, as given in the *Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys, 2007.*

- Government and government-owned or -sponsored enterprise, or quasi-government organization or agency 01
- 02 Pension fund Government run
- 03 Pension fund Privately run
- Estate, trust, or nonprofit organization (that part of ISI code 5252 that is estates and trusts)
- Individual

Private business enterprise, investment organization, or group engaged in:

- 06 Insurance (ISI codes 5242, 5243, 5249)
- **07** Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (ISI codes 1110–1140)
- 08 Mining (ISI codes 2111-2127)
- **09** Construction (ISI codes 2360–2380)
- 10 Transportation and warehousing (ISI codes 4810–4939)
- 11 Utilities (ISI codes 2211-2213)
- 12 Wholesale and retail trade (ISI codes 4231–4251 and 4410–4540)
- Banking, including bank holding companies (ISI codes 13 5221 and 5229)
- 14 Holding companies, excluding bank holding companies (ISI codes 5512 and 5513)
- Other finance (ISI codes 5223, 5224, 5231, 5238, that part of ISI code 5252 that is not estates and trusts, and ISI code 5331)

- 16 Real estate (ISI code 5310)
- **17** Information (ISI codes 5111–5191)
- 18 Professional, scientific, and technical services (ISI codes 5411–5419)
- **19** Other services (ISI codes 1150, 2132, 2133, 5321, 5329, and 5611–8130)

Amount (1)

Mil

Thous. Dols.

Bil

Manufacturing, including fabricating, assembling, and processing of goods:

- **20** Food (ISI codes 3111–3119)
- Beverages and tobacco products (ISI codes 3121 and 3122)
- 22 Pharmaceuticals and medicine (ISI code 3254)
- 23 Other chemicals (ISI codes 3251–3259, except 3254)
- 24 Nonmetallic mineral products (ISI codes 3271-3279)
- Primary and fabricated metal products (ISI codes 3311-3329)
- 26 Computer and electronic products (ISI codes 3341–3346)
- 27 Machinery manufacturing (ISI codes 3331–3339)
- Electrical equipment, appliances and components (ISI codes 3351–3359) 28
- 29 Motor vehicles and parts (ISI codes 3361-3363)
- 30 Other transportation equipment (ISI codes 3364-3369)
- **31** Other manufacturing (ISI codes 3130–3231, 3261, 3262, 3370–3399)
- 32 Petroleum manufacturing, including integrated petroleum and petroleum refining without extraction (ISI codes 3242–3244)

BENCHMARK SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES - 2007 **BE-12 MINI INSTRUCTIONS**

NOTE: Instructions in section III are cross referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 5 of this form.

Authority – This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

The publication in the Federal Register of the notice implementing this survey is considered legal notice to covered U.S. business enterprises of their obligation to report. Therefore, a response is required from persons subject to the reporting requirements of the required from persons subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-12 survey, whether or not they are contacted by BEA. Also, a person contacted by BEA concerning their being subject to reporting, either by sending them a report form or by written inquiry, must respond in writing pursuant to section 806.4 of 15 CFR, Chapter VIII, or must respond electronically using BEA's E-File system. This may be accomplished by completing and submitting Form BE-12(LF), BE-12(SF), BE-12 Mini, BE-12 BANK, or BE-12(X) by May 31, 2008, whichever is applicable.

PENALTIES — Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$2,500, and not more than \$25,000, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. These civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 CFR 6.4. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both (22 U.S.C. 3105).

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The control number for this survey is at the top of page 1 of this form.

Respondent Burden – Public reporting burden for this Mini form is estimated to vary from 25 minutes to 3 hours per response, with an average of 50 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0042, Washington, DC 20503.

CONFIDENTIALITY — The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is CONFIDENTIAL and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report CANNOT be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

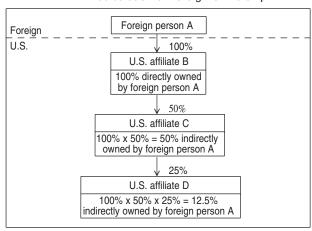
- A. Which form to file Please review the questions below to determine which form to file. Were at least 10 percent of the voting rights in your business directly or indirectly owned by a foreign person or entity at the end of your fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007? Yes - Continue with question 2. NOTE: Your business is hereinafter referred to as a "U.S. affiliate."

 - □ No File Form BE-12(X) by May 31, 2008.
 - 2. Is this U.S. affiliate a bank, bank holding company, or financial holding company?
 - Yes File Form BE-12 Bank by May 31, 2008. \square No – Continue with guestion 3.
 - 3. Were more than 50 percent of the voting rights in this U.S. affiliate owned by another U.S. affiliate before the end of this U.S. affiliate's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question 4.
 - □ No Skip to question 5.
 - **4.** Does exception e to the consolidation rules apply to you? (The consolidation rules are found in instruction III.13 on page 7.)
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question 5.
 - No This U.S. affiliate must be consolidated on the BE-12 report of the U.S. affiliate that owns it more than 50 percent. File Form BE-12(X) by May 31, 2008, forward this survey packet to the U.S. affiliate that owns this affiliate more than 50 percent, and have them consolidate your data into their
 - 5. Did any one of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$40 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?
 - \square Yes Continue with question 6.
 - ☐ No File a Form BE-12 Mini by May 31, 2008.
 - **6.** Was the U.S. affiliate majority-owned by its foreign parents at the end of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007? (A U.S. affiliate is "majority-owned" if the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceed 50 percent.)
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question 7.
 - ☐ No File Form BE-12(SF) by May 31, 2008.

- 7. Did any one of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$175 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?
 - Yes File Form BE-12(LF) by May 31, 2008.
 - ☐ No File Form BE-12(SF) by May 31, 2008.
- B. Indirect ownership interest in a U.S. business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage of the foreign parent in the first U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second U.S. business enterprise multiplied by each succeeding direct ownership percentage of each other intervening U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain between the foreign parent and the given U.S. business enterprise.

Example: In the diagram below, foreign person A owns 100% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate B; U.S. affiliate B owns 50% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate C; and U.S. affiliate C owns 25% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate D. Therefore, U.S. affiliate B is 100% directly owned by foreign person A; U.S. affiliate C is 50% indirectly owned by foreign person A; and U.S. affiliate D is 12.5% indirectly owned by foreign person A.

Calculation of Foreign Ownership



- C. Insurance companies Reporting should be in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles not Statutory Accounting Practices (SAP). For example, the BE-12 report should include the following assets even though they are not acceptable under SAP: 1. nontrusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets such as furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible.
- D. Real estate The ownership of real estate is defined to be a business enterprise, and if the real estate is foreign owned, it is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person. A BE-12 report is required unless the enterprise is otherwise exempt.

Residential real estate held exclusively for personal use and not for profit making purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements.

Aggregation of real estate investments - A foreign person Aggregation of real estate investments – A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-12 must aggregate all such holdings for the purpose of applying the reporting criteria. If the aggregate of such holdings exceeds one or more of the exemption levels, then the holdings must be reported even if individually they would be exempt. In such a case, file a single Form BE-12 to report the aggregated holdings. If permission has been received in writing from BEA to file on an non-aggregated basis, the reports should be filed as a group and you should inform BEA that they are all for one owner.

II. DEFINITIONS OF KEY TERMS

- **A. United States**, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the
- **B.** Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- C. Person, means any individual, branch, partnership, association, associated group, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the U.S. Government, a State or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof including a government energy agency.) thereof, including a government sponsored agency).
- **Foreign person** means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States.
- **Direct investment** means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated business enterprise.
- Foreign direct investment in the United States means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one foreign person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- **G. Business enterprise** means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profit making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.

II. DEFINITIONS OF KEY TERMS - Continued

- **H. Branch** means the operation or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
- Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting securities for an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business enterprise, including a branch.
- J. U.S. affiliate means an affiliate located in the United States in which a foreign person has a direct investment.
 - Majority-owned U.S. affiliate means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceeds 50 percent.
 - **Minority-owned U.S. affiliate** means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate is 50 percent or less.
- K. Foreign parent means the foreign person, or the first person outside the United States in a foreign chain of ownership, which has direct investment in a U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- L. Ultimate beneficial owner (UBO) is that person, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person. (A person who creates a trust, proxy, power of attorney, arrangement, or device with the purpose or effect of divesting such owner of the ownership of an equity interest as part of a plan or scheme to avoid reporting information, is deemed to be the owner of the equity interest.) Note: Stockholders of a closely or privately held corporation are normally considered to be an associated group and may be a UBO.

III. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM

NOTE: Instructions in section 10 are cross referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 5 of this form.

Number of employees at close of fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007 – Employment is the number of full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2007. EXCLUDE contract workers and other workers not carried on the payroll of the U.S. affiliate. A count taken during, rather than at the end of, FY 2007 may be used provided it is a reasonable estimate for the end of FY 2007 number. If employment at the end of FY 2007, or the count taken at some other time during FY 2007, was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), give the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, give the average number of employees for FY 2007. If given, the average should be the average for FY 2007 of the number of persons on the payroll at the end of each payroll period, month, or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

13. Consolidation Rules

Consolidated reporting by the U.S. affiliate – A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including in the full consolidation all nonbank U.S. business enterprises in which it directly or indirectly owns more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting interest. The fully consolidated entity is considered one U.S. affiliate.

A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-12 must aggregate all such holdings. See Instruction 1.D. on page 6 for details.

Do not prepare your BE-12 report using the proportionate consolidation method. Except as noted in b. through e. below, consolidate all majority-owned U.S. affiliates into your BE-12 report.

Unless the exceptions discussed in a, b, c, or e below apply, any deviation from these consolidation rules must be approved in writing each year by BEA.

Exceptions to consolidated reporting – Note: If a U.S. affiliate is not consolidated into its U.S. parent's BE-12 report, then it must be listed on the Supplement B of its parent's BE-12 report (unless the report is a BE-12 Mini which does not have a Supplement B) and each unconsolidated U.S. affiliate must file its own Form BE-12(LF), BE-12(SF), BE-12 Mini, or BE-12 BANK.

- DO NOT CONSOLIDATE FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES, BRANCHES, OPERATIONS, OR INVESTMENTS NO MATTER WHAT THE PERCENTAGE OWNERSHIP. Include foreign holdings owned 20 percent or more (including those that are majority-owned) using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for investments reported using the equity method.
- b. Do not consolidate banking activities. If the nonbank U.S. affiliate reporting on Form BE-12 Mini has a direct or indirect ownership interest in a U.S. bank, bank holding company (BHC), or any other banking activity, such as a U.S. wholesale or limited purpose bank, DO NOT consolidate those banking activities into the Form BE-12 Mini. Banks are required to file a separate BE-12 BANK report.

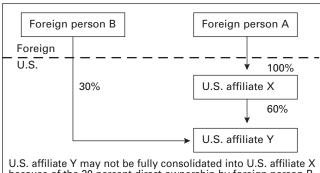
Include on Form BE-12 Mini any banking operations owned 20 percent or more (including those that are majority-owned) using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for banking operations reported using the equity method.

For BE-12 reporting purposes, treat Financial Holding Companies in the same manner as you would treat a BHC.

Special consolidation rules apply to U.S. affiliates that are limited partnerships or that have an ownership interest in a U.S. limited partnership.

These rules can be found on our web site at www.bea.gov/bea/surveys/fdiusfaq.htm#1. Scroll to the heading "BE-12 – Benchmark Survey Report" and click on the question "How do I report if I am a limited partnership or have an ownership interest in a limited partnership?"

- d. You must submit a request in writing EACH YEAR to BEA in order to receive permission to file separately for any U.S. affiliate that should otherwise be consolidated. any U.S. affiliate that should otherwise be consolidated If you file deconsolidated reports, you must file the same types of reports (i.e., BE-12(LF), BE-12(SF), or BE-12 Mini) that would have been required if a consolidated report was filed. In accordance with FAS 94, consolidation of majority-owned subsidiaries is required even if their operations are not homogeneous with those of the U.S. affiliate that owns them.
- A U.S. affiliate in which a direct ownership interest and an indirect ownership interest are held by **different** foreign persons should not be fully consolidated into another U.S. affiliate, but must complete and file its own Form BE-12 report. (See diagram below.)



U.S. affiliate Y may not be fully consolidated into U.S. affiliate X because of the 30 percent direct ownership by foreign person B.

If this exception applies, reflect the indirect ownership interest, even if more than 50 percent, on the owning U.S. affiliate's BE-12 report on an equity basis. For example, using the situation shown in the diagram above, U.S. affiliate X must treat its 60 percent ownership interest in U.S. affiliate Y as an equity investment.

Reporting period – The report covers the U.S. affiliate's 2007 fiscal year. The affiliate's 2007 fiscal year is defined as the affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2007.

Special Circumstances:

- a. 52/53 week fiscal year Affiliates having a "52/53 week" fiscal year that ends within the first week of January 2008 are considered to have a 2007 fiscal year and should report December 31, 2007 as their 2007 fiscal year end.
- U.S. affiliates without a financial reporting year If a U.S. affiliate does not have a financial reporting year, its fiscal year is deemed to be the same as calendar year 2007.
- c. Change in fiscal year
 - (1) New fiscal year ends in calendar year 2007 A U.S. affiliate that changed the ending date of its financial reporting year should file a 2007 BE-12 report that covers the 12 month period prior to the new fiscal year end date. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 1: U.S. affiliate A had a June 30, 2006 fiscal year end date but changed its 2007 fiscal year end date to March 31. Affiliate A should file a 2007 BE-12 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007.

(2) No fiscal year ending in calendar year 2007 – If a change in fiscal year results in a U.S. affiliate not having a fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007, the affiliate should file a 2007 BE-12 report that covers 12 months. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 2: U.S. affiliate B had a December 31, 2006 fiscal year end date but changed its next fiscal year end date to March 31. Instead of having a short fiscal year ending in 2007, affiliate B decides to have a 15 month fiscal year running from January 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008. Affiliate B should file a 2007 BE-12 report covering a 12 month period ending in calendar year 2007, such as the period from April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007.

For 2008, assuming no further changes in the fiscal year end date occur, affiliate B should file a BE-12 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008.

- Reporting for a U.S. business that became a U.S. affiliate during it's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007
 - A U.S. business enterprise that was newly established in fiscal year 2007 should file a report for the period starting with the establishment date up to, and ending on, the last day of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007. DO NOT estimate amounts for a full year of operations if the first fiscal year is less than 12 months.
 - b. A U.S. business enterprise existing before fiscal year 2007 that became a U.S. affiliate in fiscal year 2007 should file a report covering a full 12 months of operations.

17a. Voting interest and Equity interest

- (1) Voting interest— is the percent of ownership in the voting equity of the U.S. affiliate. Voting equity consists of ownership interests that have a say in the management of the company. Examples of voting equity include capital stock that has voting rights, and a general partner's interest in a partnership. in a partnership.
- (2) Equity interest— is the percent of ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the U.S. affiliate.

 Nonvoting equity consists of ownership interests that do not have a say in the management of the company. An example of nonvoting equity is preferred stock that has no voting rights.

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III. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM — Continued

Voting interest and equity interest are not always equal. For example, an owner can have a 100 percent voting interest in a U.S. affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity. This situation is illustrated in the following example.

Example: U.S. affiliate A has two classes of stock, common and preferred. There are 50 shares of common stock outstanding. Each common share is entitled to one vote and has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount. There are 50 shares of preferred stock outstanding. Each preferred share has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount but has no voting rights. Foreign parent B owns all 50 shares of the common stock. U.S. investors own all 50 shares of the preferred stock. Because foreign parent B owns all of the voting stock, foreign parent B has a 100 percent voting interest in U.S. affiliate A. However, because all 50 of the nonvoting preferred shares are owned by U.S. investors, foreign parent B has only a 50 percent interest in the owners' equity amount of U.S. affiliate A.

- 16b. Determining place of residence and country of jurisdiction of individuals An individual is considered a resident of, and subject to the jurisdiction of, the country in which he or she is physically located. The following guidelines apply to individuals who do not reside in their country of citizenship.
 - (1) Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for less than one year are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.
 - (2) Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for one year or more are considered to be residents of the country in which they are residing, except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4) below.
 - (3) If an owner or employee of a business enterprise resides outside the country of location of the enterprise for one year or more for the purpose of furthering the business of the enterprise, and the country of the business enterprise is the country of citizenship of the owner or employee, then the owner or employee is considered a resident of the country of citizenship, provided there is the intent to return to the country of citizenship within a reasonable period of time.
 - (4) Individuals and members of their immediate family who are residing outside their country of citizenship as a result of employment by the government of that country - diplomats, consular officials, members of the armed forces, etc. - are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.
- 28. Total employee compensation Base compensation on payroll records. Employee compensation must cover compensation charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized during the reporting period. Exclude employee compensation related to activities of a prior period, such as compensation capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. Employee compensation consists of:
 - a. Wages and salaries are the gross earnings of all employees before deduction of employees' payroll withholding taxes, social insurance contributions, group insurance premiums, union dues, etc. Include time and piece rate payments, cost of living adjustments, overtime pay and shift differentials, bonuses, profit sharing amounts, and commissions. Exclude commissions paid to persons who are not employees.

Wages and salaries include direct payments by employers for vacations, sick leave, severance (redundancy) pay, etc. Include employer contributions to benefit funds. Exclude payments made by, or on behalf of, benefit funds rather than by the employer.

Wages and salaries include in-kind payments, valued at their cost, that are **clearly and primarily of benefit to the employees as consumers.** Exclude expenditures that benefit employers as well as employees, such as expenditures for plant facilities, employee training programs, and reimbursement for business expenses.

- b. Employee benefit plans are employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans, including those required by government statute, those resulting from a collective-bargaining contract, or those that are voluntary. Employee benefit plans include Social Security and other retirement plans, life and disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay programs, workers' compensation insurance, medical insurance, family allowances, unemployment insurance, severance pay funds, etc. If plans are financed jointly by the employer and the employee, include only the contributions of the employer.
- **33.** Research and development expenditures Report all research and development (R&D) performed BY the U.S. affiliate for its own account or for others, including the foreign parent and foreign affiliates of the foreign parents. Exclude the cost of all R&D funded by the U.S. affiliate but performed by others.

R&D includes basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering. It also includes design and development of new products and processes, and enhancement of existing products and processes.

R&D includes activities carried on by persons trained, either formally or by experience, in the physical sciences such as chemistry and physics, the biological sciences such as medicine, and engineering and computer science. R&D includes these activities if the purpose is to do one or more of the following things:

 a. Pursue a planned search for new knowledge, whether or not the search has reference to a specific application. (Basic Research);

- b. Apply existing knowledge to problems involved in the creation of a new product or process, including work required to evaluate possible uses. (Applied research); or
- c. Apply existing knowledge to problems involved in the improvement of a present product or process. (Development)

R&D includes the activities described above whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups not a part of an R&D organization.

IV. FILING THE BE-12

- A. Due date File a fully completed and certified Form BE-12 Mini no later than May 31, 2008. If the U.S. affiliate is exempt from filing Form BE-12 Mini, complete and file Form BE-12(X) by May 31, 2008.
- B. Mailing report forms to a foreign address BEA will accommodate foreign owners that wish to have forms sent directly to them. However, the extra time consumed in mailing to and from a foreign place may make meeting filing deadlines difficult. In such cases, please consider using BEA's electronic filing option. Go to our web site at www.bea.gov/efile for details about this option. To obtain forms online go to www.bea.gov/surveys/fdiusurv.htm.
- C. Extensions For the efficient processing of the survey and timely dissemination of the results, it is important that your report be filed by the due date. Nevertheless, reasonable requests for extension of the filing deadline will normally be granted. Requests for extensions of more than 30 days MUST be in writing and should explain the basis for the request. You may request an extension via email at be 12/15@bea.gov. For extension requests of 30 days or less, you may call BEA at (202)606-5577. All requests for extensions must be received ON OR BEFORE the due date of the report.
- D. Assistance For assistance, telephone (202) 606-5577, FAX (202) 606-5319, or send email to be12/15@bea.gov. Forms can be obtained from BEA's web site at: www.bea.gov/surveys/fdiusurv.htm
- E. Annual stockholders' report or other financial statements Please furnish a copy of your FY 2007 annual report or Form 10K when filing the BE-12 report. If you do not publish an annual stockholders' report or Form 10K, please provide any financial statements that may be prepared, including the accompanying notes. Information contained in these statements is useful in reviewing your report and may reduce the need for further contact. Section 5(c) of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act, Public Law 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, provides that this information can be used for analytical and statistical purposes only and that it must be held strictly confidential.
- F. Number of copies File a single original copy of the form. If you are not filing electronically, this should be the copy with the address label on page 1, if such a labeled copy has been provided by BEA. (Make corrections to the address on the label, if necessary.) You should also retain a file copy of each report for three years to facilitate resolution of any questions that BEA may have concerning your report. (Both copies are protected by law; see the statement on Confidentiality in paragraph IV.H., below.)
- **G. Where to send the report** Send reports filed by mail through the U.S. Postal service to:

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis BE-49(A) Washington, DC 20230

Direct reports filed by private delivery service to:

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis BE-49(A) Shipping and Receiving Section, M100 1441 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20005

H. Confidentiality – The information filed in this report may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes and access to the information shall be available only to officials and employees (including consultants and contractors and their employees) of agencies designated by the President to perform functions under the Act. The President may authorize the exchange of the information between agencies or officials designated to perform functions under the Act, but only for analytical and statistical purposes. No official or employee (including consultants and contractors and their employees) shall publish or make available any information collected under the Act in such a manner that the person to whom the information relates can be specifically identified. Reports and copies of reports prepared pursuant to the Act are confidential and their submission or disclosure shall not be compelled by any person without the prior written permission of the person filing the report and the customer of such person where the information supplied is identifiable as being derived from the records of such customer (22 U.S.C. 3104).