### PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT SUBMISSION

Rules 17a-3(a)(16) and 17a-4(b)(11)

### Supporting Statement

## A. Justification

## 1. <u>Necessity of Information Collection</u>

The Commission is statutorily authorized by Sections 17(a) and 23(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")<sup>1</sup> to promulgate rules and regulations regarding the maintenance and preservation of books and records of brokers and dealers. Section 17(a)(1) provides in pertinent part:

"[all members of a national securities exchange and registered brokers and dealers] shall make and keep for prescribed periods such records ... as the Commission, by rule, prescribes as necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protections of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the [Act]."

Virtually all brokers and dealers in the ordinary course of their businesses maintain certain books and records reflecting, among other things, income and expenses, assets and liabilities, daily trading activity and the status of customer and firm accounts. These books and records are, for the most part, standard and would be kept by any prudent broker-dealer engaging in a securities business.

In an attempt to standardize bookkeeping practices throughout the industry, in 1940 the Commission adopted Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4, which codified and specified minimum standards with respect to business records made by brokers and dealers. Rule 17a-3, in effect, requires exchange members, brokers and dealers to make and keep current certain records relating to the broker-dealers' financial condition as well as records reflecting certain employee and principal information. Rule 17a-4 requires exchange members, brokers and dealers to preserve for prescribed periods of time certain records required to be made by Rule 17a-3. In addition, Rule 17a-4 requires the preservation of records required to be made by other Commission rules and other kinds of records which firms make or receive in the ordinary course of business. These include, but are not limited to, bank statements, canceled checks, bills receivable and payable, originals of communications, and descriptions of various transactions.

<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78 <u>et seq</u>.

In December 1998, the Commission eliminated Rule 17a-23 and transferred the recordkeeping and preservation requirements to Rules 17a-3(a)(16) and 17a-4(b)(10). Rule 17a-4(b)(10) was subsequently renumbered 17a-4(b)(11). The amendment to Rule 17a-3 requires certain records to be kept in conjunction with the operation of an internal broker-dealer system. Certain internal broker-dealer systems are not included within the definition of an exchange, as set forth in proposed Rule 3b-12. These systems would continue to be regulated under the broker-dealer regulatory scheme and the amendments to Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 are substantially similar to the requirements under Rule 17a-23 that were eliminated. The Commission believes that these recordkeeping requirements continue to be valuable for the oversight and inspections of internal broker-dealer systems by the Commission and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") (f/k/a the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD")).

To a significant degree, Rules 17a-3(a)(16) and 17a-4(b)(11) represent a codification of standard recordkeeping practices of broker-dealers. Rule 17a-3(a)(16) identifies the records that broker-dealers operating internal broker-dealer systems are required to make. Rule 17a-4(b)(11) describes the record preservation requirements for those records, including how such records must be kept and for how long.

2. <u>Purpose of, and Consequences of Not Requiring, the Information</u> <u>Collection</u>

The information contained in the records required to be preserved by the proposed amendments would be used by examiners and other representatives of the Commission, state securities regulatory authorities and the self-regulatory organizations ("SROs") to enable the Commission to carry out its statutory obligations by ensuring that broker-dealers are in compliance with the Commission's requirements for operation of trading systems and to improve the protection of investors.

3. <u>Role of Improved Information Technology and Obstacles to</u> <u>Reducing Burden</u>

The Commission believes that improvements in automation and data processing technology may reduce any burdens that result from the proposed amendments. The Commission is not aware of any technical or legal obstacles to reducing the burden through the use of improved information technology.

4. <u>Efforts to Identify Duplication</u>

Because Rule 17a-23 was eliminated and the recordkeeping and record preservation requirements of that rule were transferred to Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 there is no duplication.

## 5. Effects on Small Entities

The recordkeeping and preservation requirements of the proposed amendments to Rule 17a-3 and 17a-4 would apply equally to all registered broker-dealers operating internal broker-dealer systems. Therefore, the Rules could apply to small businesses. Pursuant to 17 CFR 240.0-10(c), the term "small business" or "small organization" when used in reference to a brokerdealer means a broker-dealer that has total capital (net worth plus subordinated liabilities) of less than \$500,000 on the date in the prior fiscal year as of which its audited financial statements were prepared pursuant to 17 CFR 240.17a-5(d) or, if not required to file such statements, a brokerdealer that had total capital of less than \$500,000 on the last business day of the preceding fiscal year (or in the time that it has been in business, if shorter); and is not affiliated with any person (other than a natural person) that is not a small business or small organization as defined in 17 CFR 240.0-10. The Commission staff has estimated that nine broker-dealers are small entities as defined by the Act.

# 6. <u>Consequences of Less Frequent Collection</u>

If the required collections of information were to be conducted less frequently, the Commission would be unable to comply with its statutory obligations and protections afforded to the public would be lessened through the decreased ability of the Commission, state securities authorities and the SROs to examine such broker-dealers.

## 7. Inconsistencies with Guidelines in 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2)

The collection would not be inconsistent with 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2).

# 8. <u>Consultations Outside the Agency</u>

Not applicable. The proposed amendments were published for notice and comment by members of the public.

# 9. <u>Payment or Gift to Respondents</u>

Not applicable.

# 10. Assurances of Confidentiality

The records required by the proposed amendments would be available only to the examination of the Commission staff, state securities authorities and the SROs. Subject to the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. § 522 ("FOIA"), and the Commission's rules thereunder (17 CFR 200.80(b)(4)(iii)), the Commission does not generally publish or make available information contained in any reports, summaries, analyses, letters, or memoranda arising out of, in anticipation of, or in connection with an examination or inspection of the books and records of any person or any other investigation.

#### 11. Sensitive Questions

Not applicable. No issues of a sensitive nature are involved.

### 12. Estimate of Respondent Reporting Burden

By using past data to determine the proportional relationship between record making and record preservation, the Commission estimates that thirty hours need be allotted to recordkeeping under Rules 17a-3(a)(16) and 17a-4(b) (11) and should be distributed as follows: 27 hours for Rule 17a-3(a)(16) and 3 hours for Rule 17a-4(b)(11). The Commission estimates that each respondent would spend an average of approximately 27 hours complying with Rule 17a-3(a) (16) making the required records. The Commission also estimates that each respondent would spend an average of approximately 3 hours to comply with Rule 17a-4(b)(11) to preserve the required records.

The Commission estimates that an employee of a broker-dealer charged to ensure compliance with Commission regulations receives annual compensation of \$180,000. This compensation is the equivalent of \$90 per hour (\$180,000 divided by 2,000 payroll hours per year). The Commission estimates that the average estimated cost for each respondent would be \$2,700. This estimated average cost is broken down as follows:

Rule 17a-3(a)(16) Recordkeeping requirements 27 hours at \$90/hr = \$2,430

Rule 17a-4(b)(11) Record preservation requirements 3 hours at \$90/hr = \$270

The total annual obligations for each broker-dealer required to comply with proposed Rules 17a-3(a)(16) and 17a-4(b)(11) would be \$2,700.00 (\$2,430 for recordkeeping under Rule 17a-3(a)(16) and \$270 for record preservation under Rule 17a-4(b)(11)).

## 13. Estimate of Total Annualized Cost Burden

The Commission estimates that approximately 105 respondents will have to keep the records described in the proposed amendments. The estimated aggregate burden for all broker-dealers operating internal broker-dealer systems to comply with the recordkeeping requirements under proposed Rule 17a-3(a)(16) would be 2,835 hours (105 broker-dealers at 27 hours each) for a total estimated cost of \$255,150 (2,835 hours at \$90 per hour). The Commission also estimates that the aggregate burden for all broker-dealers operating internal broker-dealer systems to comply with the record preservation requirements under proposed Rule 17a-4(b)(11) would be 315 hours (105 broker-dealers at 3 hours each) for a total estimated cost of \$28,350 (315 hours at \$90 per hour). Thus, the Commission estimates that the total burden for recordkeeping and record preservation under the proposed amendments to Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 would be 3,150 hours (105 broker-dealers at 30 hours each). The estimated aggregate cost would be \$283,500 (3,150 hours at \$90 per hour).

### 14. Estimate of Cost to the Federal Government

There will be no additional costs to the Federal Government.

## 15. Explanation of Changes in Burden

Not applicable.

## 16. Information Collections Planned for Statistical Purposes

Not applicable. The information is not published for statistical use.

## 17. Explanation as to Why Expiration Date Will Not be Displayed

Not applicable. The Commission is not seeking approval not to display the expiration date for OMB approval.

## 18. Exceptions to Certification

Not applicable. The Commission is not seeking an exception to the certification statement.

## B. <u>Collection of Information Employing Statistical Methods</u>

Not applicable. The collection of information does not employ statistical methods.

