

## **2007 Form 5695 Residential Energy Credits**

- Purpose:** This is the first circulated proof of the 2007 Form 5695, Residential Energy Credits. Major changes are discussed below.
- TPCC Meeting:** None scheduled, but will be if requested.
- Prior Revision:** The 2006 Form 5695 can be viewed by clicking on the following link:  
<http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f5695.pdf>.
- Other Products:** Circulations of draft tax forms and instructions are posted at [http://taxforms.web.irs.gov/draft\\_products.html](http://taxforms.web.irs.gov/draft_products.html). Draft publications are not available.
- Comments:** Please call, mail, e-mail or fax comments by July 31, 2007.

### **Major Changes**

- Updated years as needed.
- Part I:
  - ▶ New lines 2e through 2h were added (and 2b through 2e reordered) to reflect the lifetime limitation for windows of \$2,000 (IRC 25C(b)(2); PL 109-58, sec 1333(a)). The instructions were revised as needed.
  - ▶ New lines 8 through 11 were added to reflect the lifetime limitation for the credit of \$500 (IRC 25C(b)(1); PL 109-58, sec 1333(a)). Subsequent line numbers have been renumbered.
  - ▶ New lines 14 and 15 were added (and lines 12 and 13 were revised) to reflect that not all nonrefundable personal credits are allowed to offset AMT (IRC 26(a)(1); PL 109-222, sec 302; IP 65.00081).
- Part II:
  - ▶ New line 30 was added to reflect the carryover of any unused credit from 2006 (IRC 25D(c); PL 109-58, sec 1333(a)).
  - ▶ New lines 34 and 35 were added (and lines 32 and 33 were revised) to reflect that not all nonrefundable personal credits are allowed to offset AMT (IRC

26(a)(1); PL 109-222, sec 302; IP 65.00081).

- Instructions:

- ▶ Line references were revised as needed throughout to reflect the new line numbering.

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Name(s) shown on return

Your social security number

**Part I Nonbusiness Energy Property Credit** (See instructions before completing this part.)

		1	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
1	Were the qualified energy efficiency improvements or residential energy property costs for your main home located in the United States? (see instructions)			
<b>Caution:</b> If you checked the "No" box, you cannot claim the nonbusiness energy property credit. Do not complete Part I.				
2	Qualified energy efficiency improvements (see instructions).			
a	Insulation material or system specifically and primarily designed to reduce heat loss or gain in your home	2a		
b	Exterior doors	2b		
c	Metal roof with appropriate pigmented coatings that meet the Energy Star program requirements and is specifically and primarily designed to reduce heat gain in your home	2c		
d	Exterior windows (including skylights)	2d		
e	Maximum amount of cost on which the credit can be figured	2e	2,000	
f	Enter the amount, if any, from your 2006 Form 5695, line 2b. Otherwise, enter -0-	2f		
g	Subtract line 2f from line 2e	2g		
h	Enter the smaller of line 2d or line 2g	2h		
3	Add lines 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2h	3		
4	Multiply line 3 by 10% (.10)	4		
5	Residential energy property costs (see instructions).			
a	Energy-efficient building property. Do not enter more than \$300	5a		
b	Qualified natural gas, propane, or oil furnace or hot water boiler. Do not enter more than \$150	5b		
c	Advanced main air circulating fan used in a natural gas, propane, or oil furnace. Do not enter more than \$50	5c		
6	Add lines 5a through 5c	6		
7	Add lines 4 and 6	7		
8	Maximum credit amount. (If you jointly occupied the home, see instructions)	8	500	
9	Enter the amount, if any, from your 2006 Form 5695, line 8. Otherwise, enter -0-	9		
10	Subtract line 9 from line 8	10		
11	Enter the smaller of line 7 or line 10	11		
12	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 44, or Form 1040NR, line 41	12		
13	Enter the total, if any, of your credits from Form 1040, lines 47 through 49, or Form 1040NR, line 44	13		
14	Enter the amount from Form 6251, line 31 (see instructions)	14		
15	Add lines 13 and 14	15		
16	Subtract line 15 from line 12. If zero or less, <b>stop</b> . You cannot take the nonbusiness energy property credit	16		
17	<b>Nonbusiness energy property credit.</b> Enter the smaller of line 11 or line 16	17		

**Before you begin:** Figure the amount of any mortgage interest credit or District of Columbia first-time homebuyer credit you are claiming.

**Part II Residential Energy Efficient Property Credit** (See instructions before completing this part.)

<b>18</b>	Qualified solar electric property costs . . . . .	<b>18</b>			
<b>19</b>	Multiply line 13 by 30% (.30) . . . . .	<b>19</b>			
<b>20</b>	Maximum credit amount . . . . .	<b>20</b>	2,000		
<b>21</b>	Enter the smaller of line 19 or line 20 . . . . .	<b>21</b>			
<b>22</b>	Qualified solar water heating property costs . . . . .	<b>22</b>			
<b>23</b>	Multiply line 22 by 30% (.30) . . . . .	<b>23</b>			
<b>24</b>	Maximum credit amount . . . . .	<b>24</b>	2,000		
<b>25</b>	Enter the smaller of line 23 or line 24 . . . . .	<b>25</b>			
<b>26</b>	Qualified fuel cell property costs . . . . .	<b>26</b>			
<b>27</b>	Multiply line 26 by 30% (.30) . . . . .	<b>27</b>			
<b>28</b>	Kilowatt capacity of property on line 26 above $\blacktriangleright$ . . . . . X \$1,000	<b>28</b>			
<b>29</b>	Enter the smaller of line 27 or line 28 . . . . .	<b>29</b>			
<b>30</b>	Credit carryforward from 2006. Enter the amount, if any, from your 2006 Form 5695, line 30 . . . . .	<b>30</b>			
<b>31</b>	Add lines 21, 25, 29, and 30 . . . . .	<b>31</b>			
<b>32</b>	Enter the amount from Form 1040, line 44, or Form 1040NR, line 41 . . . . .	<b>32</b>			
<b>33</b>	<b>1040 filers:</b> Enter the total, if any, of your credits from Form 1040, lines 47 through 49, plus the amounts, if any, from line 17 of this form, line 13 of Form 8396, and line 13 of Form 8859. <b>1040NR filers:</b> Enter the amount, if any, from Form 1040NR, line 44, plus the amount, if any, from line 17 of this form, line 13 of Form 8396, and line 13 of Form 8859.	<b>33</b>			
<b>34</b>	Enter the amount from Form 6251, line 31 (see instructions) . . . . .	<b>34</b>			
<b>35</b>	Add lines 33 and 34 . . . . .	<b>35</b>			
<b>36</b>	Subtract line 35 from line 32. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 37 . . . . .	<b>36</b>			
<b>37</b>	<b>Residential energy efficient property credit.</b> Enter the smaller of line 31 or line 36 . . . . .	<b>37</b>			
<b>38</b>	Credit carryforward to 2008. If line 37 is less than line 31, subtract line 37 from line 31 . . . . .	<b>38</b>			

**Part III Current Year Residential Energy Credits**

<b>39</b>	Add lines 17 and 37. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 50, or Form 1040NR, line 45 . . . . .	<b>39</b>			
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## General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code.

### Purpose of Form

Use Form 5695 to figure and take your residential energy credits. The residential energy credits are:

- The nonbusiness energy property credit, and
- The residential energy efficient property credit.

### Who Can Take the Credits

You may be able to take these credits if you made energy saving improvements to your home located in the United States in 2007. For credit purposes, costs are treated as being paid when the original installation of the item is completed, or in the case of costs connected with the construction or reconstruction of your home, when your original use of the constructed or reconstructed home begins. If less than 80% of the use of an item is for nonbusiness purposes, only that portion of the costs that are allocable to the nonbusiness use can be used to determine the credit.

**Home.** A home is one that you lived in during 2007 and includes a house, houseboat, mobile home, cooperative apartment, condominium, and a manufactured home that conforms to Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards.

You must reduce the basis of your home by the amount of any credits allowed.

**Main home.** Your main home is generally the home where you live most of the time. A temporary absence due to special circumstances, such as illness, education, business, military service, or vacation, will not change your main home.

**Special rules.** If you are a member of a condominium management association for a condominium you own or a tenant-stockholder in a cooperative housing corporation, you are treated as having paid your proportionate share of any costs of such association or corporation.

**Subsidized energy financing.** Any amounts provided for by subsidized energy financing cannot be used to take the credits. This is financing provided under a federal, state, or local program, the principal purpose of which is to provide subsidized financing for projects designed to conserve or produce energy.

### Nonbusiness Energy Property Credit

You may be able to take a credit equal to the sum of:

1. 10% of the amount paid or incurred for qualified energy efficiency improvements installed during 2007, and
2. Any residential energy property costs paid or incurred in 2007.

However, this credit is limited as follows.

- A total combined credit limit of \$500 for all tax years after 2005.
- A combined credit limit of \$200 for windows for all tax years after 2005.

- A credit limit for residential energy property costs for all tax years after 2005 of \$50 for any advanced main air circulating fan; \$150 for any qualified natural gas, propane, or oil furnace or hot water boiler; and \$300 for any item of energy efficient building property.



*If you took the nonbusiness energy property credit in 2006 and the amount on your 2006 Form 5695, line 8, is \$500, you cannot take the credit in 2007.*

**Qualified energy efficiency improvements.** Qualified energy efficiency improvements are the following building envelope components installed on or in your main home that you owned during 2007 located in the United States if these components are new and can be expected to remain in use for at least 5 years.

- Any insulation material or system that is specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat loss or gain of a home when installed in or on such home.
- Exterior windows (including certain storm windows and skylights).
- Exterior doors (including certain storm doors).
- Any metal roof installed on a home, but only if this roof has appropriate pigmented coatings that are specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain of the home.

For purposes of figuring the credit, do not include amounts paid for the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the property.



*To qualify for the credit, qualified energy efficiency improvements must meet certain energy efficiency requirements. See Lines 2a Through 2h on page 5 for details.*

**Residential energy property costs.** Residential energy property costs are costs of new qualified energy property that is installed on or in connection with your main home that you owned during 2007 located in the United States. This includes labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the property. Qualified residential energy property is any of the following.

- Certain electric heat pump water heaters; electric heat pumps; geothermal heat pumps; central air conditioners; and natural gas, propane, or oil water heaters.
- Qualified natural gas, propane, or oil furnaces or hot water boilers.
- Certain advanced main air circulating fans used in natural gas, propane, or oil furnaces.



*To qualify for the credit, qualified residential energy property must meet certain performance and quality standards. See Lines 5a Through 5c on page 5 for details.*

**Joint ownership of qualifying property.** If you and a neighbor shared the cost of qualifying property to benefit each of your main homes, both of you may take the nonbusiness energy property credit. You figure your credit on the part of the cost you paid. The limits on the amount of the credit apply to each of you separately.

**Married taxpayers with more than one main home.**

If both you and your spouse owned and lived apart in separate main homes, the credit limits would apply to each of you separately. If you are filing separate returns, both of you would complete a separate Form 5695. If you are filing a joint return, figure your nonbusiness energy property credit as follows.

1. Complete Part I of a separate Form 5695 for each main home through line 7.
2. Figure the amount to be entered on line 7 of both forms (not more than \$500 for each form) and enter the combined amount on line 7 of one of the forms.
3. On line 8 of the form with the combined amount on line 7, cross out the preprinted \$500 and enter \$1,000.
4. On the dotted line to the left of line 8, enter "More than one main home". Then, complete the rest of this form.
5. Attach both forms to your return.

**Joint occupancy.** If you owned your home jointly, each owner must complete his or her own Form 5695. To figure the credit, there are no maximum qualifying costs for insulation, exterior doors, and a metal roof. Enter the amounts you paid for these items on the appropriate lines of Form 5695. For windows and residential energy property costs, the amount allocable to you is the smaller of:

1. The amount you paid, or
2. The maximum qualifying cost\* of the property multiplied by a fraction. The numerator is the amount you paid and the denominator is the total amount paid by you and all other owners.

\*\$2,000 for windows; \$300 for energy-efficient building property; \$150 for a qualified natural gas, propane, or oil furnace or hot water boiler; or \$50 for an advanced main air circulating fan.

These rules do not apply to married individuals filing a joint return.

**Residential Energy Efficient Property Credit**

You may be able to take a credit of 30% of your costs of qualified solar electric property, solar water heating property, and fuel cell property. This includes labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the property and for piping or wiring to interconnect such property to the home. This credit is limited to:

- \$2,000 for qualified solar electric property costs,
- \$2,000 for qualified solar water heating property costs, and
- \$500 for each half kilowatt of capacity of qualified fuel cell property for which qualified fuel cell property costs are paid.

**Qualified solar electric property costs.** Qualified solar electric property costs are costs for property that uses solar energy to generate electricity for use in a home located in the United States and used as your home. This includes costs relating to a solar panel or other property installed as a roof or a portion of a roof. The home does not have to be your main home.

**Qualified solar water heating property costs.**

Qualified solar water heating property costs are costs for property to heat water for use in a home located in the United States and used as your home if at least half of the energy used by the property for such purpose is derived from the sun. This includes costs relating to a solar panel or other property installed as a roof or a portion of a roof. To qualify for the credit, the property must be certified for performance by the nonprofit Solar Rating Certification Corporation or a comparable entity endorsed by the government of the state in which the property is installed. The home does not have to be your main home.

**Qualified fuel cell property costs.** Qualified fuel cell property costs are costs for qualified fuel cell property installed on or in connection with your main home located in the United States. Qualified fuel cell property is an integrated system comprised of a fuel cell stack assembly and associated balance of plant components that converts a fuel into electricity using electrochemical means. To qualify for the credit, the fuel cell property must have a nameplate capacity of at least one-half kilowatt of electricity using an electrochemical process and an electricity-only generation efficiency greater than 30%.



*Costs allocable to a swimming pool, hot tub, or any other energy storage medium which has a function other than the function of such storage do not qualify for the residential energy efficiency credit.*

**Married taxpayers with more than one home.** If you or your spouse lived in more than one home that you used as a home, the credit limits apply separately to each home. For qualified fuel cell property, the homes must be your main homes. If you are filing separate returns, both of you must complete a separate Form 5695. If you are filing a joint return, figure your nonbusiness energy property credit as follows.

1. Complete Part II of a separate Form 5695 for each home through line 29.
2. On one of the forms, complete line 30. Then, figure the amount to be entered on line 31 of both forms and enter the combined amount on line 31 of this form.
3. On the dotted line to the left of the entry space for line 31, enter "More than one home". Then, complete the rest of this form.
4. Attach both forms to your return.

**Joint occupancy.** If you occupied your home jointly, each occupant must complete his or her own Form 5695. To figure the credit, the maximum qualifying costs that can be taken into account by all occupants for figuring the credit is \$6,667 for qualified solar electric or solar water heating property, and \$1,667 for each half kilowatt of capacity of qualified fuel cell property. The amount allocable to you is the lesser of:

1. The amount you paid, or
2. The maximum qualifying cost of the property multiplied by a fraction. The numerator is the amount you paid and the denominator is the total amount paid by you and all other occupants.

These rules do not apply to married individuals filing a joint return.

## Specific Instructions

### Part I

#### Nonbusiness Energy Property Credit

##### Line 1

To qualify for the credit, any qualified energy efficiency improvements or residential energy property costs must have been for your main home located in the United States. See *Main home* on page 3. If you check the "No" box, you cannot take the nonbusiness energy property credit.

##### Lines 2a Through 2h

**Note.** Any references to the International Energy Conservation Code (IECC) are treated as references to either the 2001 Supplement of the 2000 International Energy Code or the 2004 Supplement of the 2003 International Energy Conservation Code.



*Do not include on lines 2a through 2d any amounts paid for the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the components.*

**Line 2a.** Enter the amounts you paid for any insulation material or system (including any vapor retarder or seal to limit infiltration) that is specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat loss or gain of a home when installed in or on such home and may be taken into account in determining whether the building thermal envelope requirements established by the IECC are satisfied.



*A component is not specifically and primarily designed to reduce heat loss or gain of a home if it provides structural support or a finished surface (such as drywall or siding) or its principal purpose is to serve any function unrelated to the reduction of heat loss or heat gain.*

**Line 2b.** Enter the amounts you paid for exterior doors that meet or exceed the criteria established by the IECC for the climate zone in which such doors were installed. Also, enter the amounts you paid for any storm door that, in combination with a wood door assigned a default U-factor by the IECC, does not exceed the default U-factor requirement assigned to such combination by the IECC.

**Line 2c.** Enter the amounts you paid for a metal roof, but only if this roof has appropriate pigmented coatings which are specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain of the home and such roof meets or exceeds the Energy Star program requirements (as in effect at the time of installation).

**Line 2d.** Enter the amounts you paid for exterior windows (including any storm windows installed with such exterior windows) and skylights that meet or exceed the criteria established by the IECC for the climate zone in which these components were installed.



*If you took the credit for windows in 2006 and the amount on your 2006 Form 5695, line 2b, is \$2,000, you cannot take the credit for windows in 2007.*

**Manufacturer's certification.** For purposes of taking the credit, you may rely upon a manufacturer's certification in writing that a building envelope component is an eligible building envelope component. Do not attach the certification to your return. Keep it for your records.

**Special rule for Energy Star windows and skylights.** You may rely upon the Energy Star label that identifies any window or skylight as an eligible building envelope component rather than the manufacturer's certification.

##### Lines 5a Through 5c



*Also include on lines 5a through 5c any labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the property.*

**Line 5a.** Enter the amounts you paid for energy-efficient building property. Energy-efficient building property is any of the following.

- An electric heat pump water heater that yields an energy factor of at least 2.0 in the standard Department of Energy test procedure.
- An electric heat pump that has a heating seasonal performance factor (HSPF) of at least 9, a seasonal energy efficiency rating (SEER) of at least 15, and an energy efficiency rating (EER) of at least 13.
- A closed loop geothermal heat pump that has an EER of at least 14.1 and a heating coefficient of performance (COP) of at least 3.3.
- An open loop geothermal heat pump that has an EER of at least 16.2 and a heating COP of at least 3.6.
- A direct expansion geothermal heat pump that has an EER of at least 15 and a heating COP of at least 3.5.
- A central air conditioner that achieves the highest efficiency tier that has been established by the Consortium of Energy Efficiency and is in effect on January 1, 2006.
- A natural gas, propane, or oil water heater that has an energy factor of at least 0.80.

Do not enter more than \$300 on line 5a.

**Line 5b.** Enter the amounts you paid for a natural gas, propane, or oil furnace or hot water boiler that achieves an annual fuel utilization efficiency rate of at least 95. Do not enter more than \$150 on line 5b.

**Line 5c.** Enter the amounts you paid for an advanced main air circulating fan used in a natural gas, propane, or oil furnace that has an annual electricity use of no more than 2% of the total annual site energy use of the furnace (as determined in the standard Department of Energy test procedure). Do not enter more than \$50 on line 5c.

**Manufacturer's certification.** For purposes of taking the credit, you may rely upon a manufacturer's certification in writing that a product is qualified residential energy property. Do not attach the certification to your return. Keep it for your records.

**Line 8**

If the rules on page 4 for joint occupancy apply, cross out the preprinted \$500 on line 8 and enter on line 8 the smaller of:

1. The amount on line 7, or
2. \$500 multiplied by a fraction. The numerator is the amount on line 7, and the denominator is the total amount from line 7, for all owners.

For more details, see *Joint occupancy* in the first column on page 4.

**Part II****Residential Energy Efficient Property Credit**

*Also include on lines 18, 22, or 26, any labor costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, assembly, or original installation of the property and for piping or wiring to interconnect such property to the home.*

**Line 18**

Enter the amounts you paid for qualified solar electric property. See *Qualified solar electric property costs* on page 4.

**Line 22**

Enter the amounts you paid for qualified solar water heating property. See *Qualified solar water heating property costs* on page 4.

**Line 26**

Enter the amounts you paid for qualified fuel cell property. See *Qualified fuel cell property costs* on page 4.

**Line 38**

If you cannot use all of the credit because of the tax liability limit (line 36 is less than line 31), you can carry the unused portion of the credit to 2008.

**Paperwork Reduction Act Notice.** We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For the estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

