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U.S.C. 3717. SBA may waive or abate the collection of interest, charges and/ or penalties if circumstances warrant. In addition, a Lender's failure to pay any of the fee components described in this section, or to pay interest, charges and penalties that have been charged, may result in a decision to suspend or revoke a participant's eligibility or to limit a participant's delegated authority.

# PART 121—SMALL BUSINESS SIZE REGULATIONS

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Source:  $61\ FR\ 3286$ , Jan. 31, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to part 121 appear at 72 FR 50039 and 50040, Aug. 30, 2007.

# Subpart A—Size Eligibility Provisions and Standards

PROVISIONS OF GENERAL APPLICABILITY

#### §121.101 What are SBA size standards?

(a) SBA's size standards define whether a business entity is small and, thus, eligible for Government programs and preferences reserved for "small business" concerns. Size standards have been established for types of economic activity, or industry, generally under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

(b) NAICS is described in the North American Industry Classification Manual-United States, which is available from the National Technical Information Service, 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA 22161; by calling 1(800) 553-6847 or 1(703) 605-6000; or via the Internet at http://www.ntis.gov/yellowbk/ 1nty205.htm. The manual includes definitions for each industry, tables showing relationships between 1997 NAICS and 1987 SICs, and a comprehensive index. NAICS assigns codes to all economic activity within twenty broad sectors. Section 121.201 provides a full table of small business size standards matched to the U.S. NAICS industry codes. A full table matching a size standard with each NAICS Industry or U.S. Industry code is also published annually by SBA in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER.

[65 FR 30840, May 15, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 52602, Aug. 13, 2002]

# § 121.102 How does SBA establish size standards?

- (a) SBA considers economic characteristics comprising the structure of an industry, including degree of competition, average firm size, start-up costs and entry barriers, and distribution of firms by size. It also considers technological changes, competition from other industries, growth trends, historical activity within an industry, unique factors occurring in the industry which may distinguish small firms from other firms, and the objectives of its programs and the impact on those programs of different size standard levels.
- (b) As part of its review of a size standard, SBA will investigate if any concern at or below a particular standard would be dominant in the industry. SBA will take into consideration market share of a concern and other appropriate factors which may allow a concern to exercise a major controlling influence on a national basis in which a number of business concerns are engaged. Size standards seek to ensure that a concern that meets a specific size standard is not dominant in its field of operation.
- (c) As part of its review of size standards, SBA's Office of Size Standards will examine the impact of inflation on

monetary-based size standards (e.g., receipts, net income, assets) at least once every five years and submit a report to the Administrator or designee. If SBA finds that inflation has significantly eroded the value of the monetary-based size standards, it will issue a proposed rule to increase size standards.

(d) Please address any requests to change existing size standards or establish new ones for emerging industries to the Division Chief, Office of Size Standards, Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street, SW., Washington, DC 20416.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 67 FR 3045, Jan. 23, 2002]

# § 121.103 How does SBA determine affiliation?

- (a) General Principles of Affiliation. (1) Concerns and entities are affiliates of each other when one controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both. It does not matter whether control is exercised, so long as the power to control exists.
- (2) SBA considers factors such as ownership, management, previous relationships with or ties to another concern, and contractual relationships, in determining whether affiliation exists.
- (3) Control may be affirmative or negative. Negative control includes, but is not limited to, instances where a minority shareholder has the ability, under the concern's charter, by-laws, or shareholder's agreement, to prevent a quorum or otherwise block action by the board of directors or shareholders.
- (4) Affiliation may be found where an individual, concern, or entity exercises control indirectly through a third party.
- (5) In determining whether affiliation exists, SBA will consider the totality of the circumstances, and may find affiliation even though no single factor is sufficient to constitute affiliation.
- (6) In determining the concern's size, SBA counts the receipts, employees, or other measure of size of the concern whose size is at issue and all of its domestic and foreign affiliates, regardless of whether the affiliates are organized for profit.
- (b) Exceptions to affiliation coverage.
  (1) Business concerns owned in whole

or substantial part by investment companies licensed, or development companies qualifying, under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended, are not considered affiliates of such investment companies or development companies.

- (2)(i) Business concerns owned and controlled by Indian Tribes, Alaska Native Corporations (ANCs) organized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*), Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHOs), Community Development Corporations (CDCs) authorized by 42 U.S.C. 9805, or wholly-owned entities of Indian Tribes, ANCs, NHOs, or CDCs are not considered affiliates of such entities.
- (ii) Business concerns owned and controlled by Indian Tribes, ANCs, NHOs, CDCs, or wholly-owned entities of Indian Tribes, ANCs, NHOs, or CDCs are not considered to be affiliated with other concerns owned by these entities because of their common ownership or common management. In addition, affiliation will not be found based upon the performance of common administrative services, such as bookkeeping and payroll, so long as adequate payment is provided for those services. Affiliation may be found for other reasons.
- (3) Business concerns which are part of an SBA approved pool of concerns for a joint program of research and development as authorized by the Small Business Act are not affiliates of one another because of the pool.
- (4) Business concerns which lease employees from concerns primarily engaged in leasing employees to other businesses or which enter into a co-employer arrangement with a Professional Employer Organization (PEO) are not affiliated with the leasing company or PEO solely on the basis of a leasing agreement.
- (5) For financial, management or technical assistance under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended, (an applicant is not affiliated with the investors listed in paragraphs (b) (5) (i) through (vi) of this section.
- (i) Venture capital operating companies, as defined in the U.S. Department of Labor regulations found at 29 CFR 2510.3-101(d);

- (ii) Employee benefit or pension plans established and maintained by the Federal government or any state, or their political subdivisions, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, for the benefit of employees;
- (iii) Employee benefit or pension plans within the meaning of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (29 U.S.C. 1001, et seq.);
- (iv) Charitable trusts, foundations, endowments, or similar organizations exempt from Federal income taxation under section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (26 U.S.C. 501(c));
- (v) Investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (1940 Act) (15 U.S.C. 80a-1, et seq.); and
- (vi) Investment companies, as defined under the 1940 Act, which are not registered under the 1940 Act because they are beneficially owned by less than 100 persons, if the company's sales literature or organizational documents indicate that its principal purpose is investment in securities rather than the operation of commercial enterprises.
- (6) A protege firm is not an affiliate of a mentor firm solely because the protege firm receives assistance from the mentor firm under Federal Mentor-Protege programs. Affiliation may be found for other reasons.
- (7) The member shareholders of a small agricultural cooperative, as defined in the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141j), are not considered affiliated with the cooperative by virtue of their membership in the cooperative.
- (c) Affiliation based on stock ownership. (1) A person (including any individual, concern or other entity) that owns, or has the power to control, 50 percent or more of a concern's voting stock, or a block of voting stock which is large compared to other outstanding blocks of voting stock, controls or has the power to control the concern.
- (2) If two or more persons (including any individual, concern or other entity) each owns, controls, or has the power to control less than 50 percent of

a concern's voting stock, and such minority holdings are equal or approximately equal in size, and the aggregate of these minority holdings is large as compared with any other stock holding, SBA presumes that each such person controls or has the power to control the concern whose size is at issue. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing that such control or power to control does not in fact exist.

(3) If a concern's voting stock is widely held and no single block of stock is large as compared with all other stock holdings, the concern's Board of Directors and CEO or President will be deemed to have the power to control the concern in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

(d) Affiliation arising under stock options, convertible securities, and agreements to merge. (1) In determining size, SBA considers stock options, convertible securities, and agreements to merge (including agreements in principle) to have a present effect on the power to control a concern. SBA treats such options, convertible securities, and agreements as though the rights granted have been exercised.

(2) Agreements to open or continue negotiations towards the possibility of a merger or a sale of stock at some later date are not considered "agreements in principle" and are thus not given present effect.

(3) Options, convertible securities, and agreements that are subject to conditions precedent which are incapable of fulfillment, speculative, conjectural, or unenforceable under state or Federal law, or where the probability of the transaction (or exercise of the rights) occurring is shown to be extremely remote, are not given present effect.

(4) An individual, concern or other entity that controls one or more other concerns cannot use options, convertible securities, or agreements to appear to terminate such control before actually doing so. SBA will not give present effect to individuals', concerns' or other entities' ability to divest all or part of their ownership interest in order to avoid a finding of affiliation.

(e) Affiliation based on common management. Affiliation arises where one or more officers, directors, managing

members, or partners who control the board of directors and/or management of one concern also control the board of directors or management of one or more other concerns.

(f) Affiliation based on identity of interest. Affiliation may arise among two or more persons with an identity of interest. Individuals or firms that have identical or substantially identical business or economic interests (such as family members, individuals or firms with common investments, or firms that are economically dependent through contractual or other relationships) may be treated as one party with such interests aggregated. Where SBA determines that such interests should be aggregated, an individual or firm may rebut that determination with evidence showing that the interests deemed to be one are in fact separate.

(g) Affiliation based on the newly organized concern rule. Affiliation may arise where former officers, directors, principal stockholders, managing members, or key employees of one concern organize a new concern in the same or related industry or field of operation, and serve as the new concern's officers, directors, principal stockholders, managing members, or key employees, and the one concern is furnishing or will furnish the new concern with contracts, financial or technical assistance, indemnification on bid or performance bonds, and/or other facilities, whether for a fee or otherwise. A concern may rebut such an affiliation determination by demonstrating a clear line of fracture between the two concerns. A "key employee" is an employee who, because of his/her position in the concern, has a critical influence in or substantive control over the operations or management of the concern.

(h) Affiliation based on joint ventures. A joint venture is an association of individuals and/or concerns with interests in any degree or proportion by way of contract, express or implied, consorting to engage in and carry out no more than three specific or limited-purpose business ventures for joint profit over a two year period, for which purpose they combine their efforts, property, money, skill, or knowledge, but not on a continuing or permanent

basis for conducting business generally. This means that the joint venture entity cannot submit more than three offers over a two year period, starting from the date of the submission of the first offer. A joint venture may or may not be in the form of a separate legal entity. The joint venture is viewed as a business entity in determining power to control its management. SBA may also determine that the relationship between a prime contractor and its subcontractor is a joint venture, and that affiliation between the two exists, pursuant to paragraph (h)(4) of this section.

- (1) Parties to a joint venture are affiliates if any one of them seeks SBA financial assistance for use in connection with the joint venture.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (h)(3) of this section, concerns submitting offers on a particular procurement or property sale as joint venturers are affiliated with each other with regard to the performance of that contract.
- (3) Exception to affiliation for certain joint ventures. (i) A joint venture of two or more business concerns may submit an offer as a small business for a Federal procurement without regard to affiliation under paragraph (h) of this section so long as each concern is small under the size standard corresponding to the NAICS code assigned to the contract, provided:

  (A) The procurement qualifies as a
- (A) The procurement qualifies as a "bundled" requirement, at any dollar value, within the meaning of §125.2(d)(1)(i) of this chapter; or
- (B) The procurement is other than a "bundled" requirement within the meaning of §125.2(d)(1)(i) of this chapter, and:
- (1) For a procurement having a receipts based size standard, the dollar value of the procurement, including options, exceeds half the size standard corresponding to the NAICS code assigned to the contract; or
- (2) For a procurement having an employee-based size standard, the dollar value of the procurement, including options, exceeds \$10 million.
- (ii) A joint venture of at least one 8(a) Participant and one or more other business concerns may submit an offer for a competitive 8(a) procurement without regard to affiliation under

paragraph (h) of this section so long as the requirements of §124.513(b)(1) of this chapter are met.

- (iii) Two firms approved by SBA to be a mentor and protégé under 13 CFR 124.520 may joint venture as a small business for any Federal Government procurement, provided the protégé qualifies as small for the size standard corresponding to the NAICS code assigned to the procurement and, for purposes of 8(a) sole source requirements, has not reached the dollar limit set forth in 13 CFR 124.519.
- (4) A contractor and its ostensible subcontractor are treated as joint venturers, and therefore affiliates, for size determination purposes. An ostensible subcontractor is a subcontractor that performs primary and vital requirements of a contract, or of an order under a multiple award schedule contract, or a subcontractor upon which the prime contractor is unusually reliant. All aspects of the relationship between the prime and subcontractor are considered, including, but not limited to, the terms of the proposal (such as contract management, technical responsibilities, and the percentage of subcontracted work), agreements between the prime and subcontractor (such as bonding assistance or the teaming agreement), and whether the subcontractor is the incumbent contractor and is ineligible to submit a proposal because it exceeds the applicable size standard for that solicitation.
- (5) For size purposes, a concern must include in its receipts its proportionate share of joint venture receipts, and in its total number of employees its proportionate share of joint venture employees.
- (i) Affiliation based on franchise and license agreements. The restraints imposed on a franchisee or licensee by its franchise or license agreement relating to standardized quality, advertising, accounting format and other similar provisions, generally will not be considered in determining whether the franchiser or licensor is affiliated with the franchisee or licensee provided the franchisee or licensee has the right to profit from its efforts and bears the risk of loss commensurate with ownership. Affiliation may arise, however,

through other means, such as common ownership, common management or excessive restrictions upon the sale of the franchise interest.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 26381, May 14, 1997; 63 FR 35738, June 30, 1998; 64 FR 57370, Oct. 25, 1999; 65 FR 30840, May 15, 2000; 65 FR 35812, June 6, 2000; 65 FR 45833, July 26, 2000; 69 FR 29201, May 21, 2004; 70 FR 51248, Aug. 30, 2005]

# § 121.104 How does SBA calculate annual receipts?

- (a) Receipts means "total income" (or in the case of a sole proprietorship, "gross income") plus "cost of goods sold" as these terms are defined and reported on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tax return forms (such as Form 1120 for corporations; Form 1120S and Schedule K for S corporations; Form 1120, Form 1065 or Form 1040 for LLCs; Form 1065 and Schedule K for partnerships; Form 1040, Schedule F for farms; Form 1040, Schedule C for other sole proprietorships). Receipts do not include net capital gains or losses; taxes collected for and remitted to a taxing authority if included in gross or total income, such as sales or other taxes collected from customers and excluding taxes levied on the concern or its employees; proceeds from transactions between a concern and its domestic or foreign affiliates; and amounts collected for another by a travel agent, real estate agent, advertising agent, conference management service provider, freight forwarder or customs broker. For size determination purposes, the only exclusions from receipts are those specifically provided for in this paragraph. All other items, such as subcontractor costs, reimbursements for purchases a contractor makes at a customer's request, and employee-based costs such as payroll taxes, may not be excluded from receipts.
- (1) The Federal income tax return and any amendments filed with the IRS on or before the date of self-certification must be used to determine the size status of a concern. SBA will not use tax returns or amendments filed with the IRS after the initiation of a size determination.
- (2) When a concern has not filed a Federal income tax return with the

IRS for a fiscal year which must be included in the period of measurement, SBA will calculate the concern's annual receipts for that year using any other available information, such as the concern's regular books of account, audited financial statements, or information contained in an affidavit by a person with personal knowledge of the facts.

- (b) Completed fiscal year means a taxable year including any short year. "Taxable year" and "short year" have the meanings attributed to them by the IRS.
- (c) Period of measurement. (1) Annual receipts of a concern that has been in business for three or more completed fiscal years means the total receipts of the concern over its most recently completed three fiscal years divided by three.
- (2) Annual receipts of a concern which has been in business for less than three complete fiscal years means the total receipts for the period the concern has been in business divided by the number of weeks in business, multiplied by 52.
- (3) Where a concern has been in business three or more complete fiscal years but has a short year as one of the years within its period of measurement, annual receipts means the total receipts for the short year and the two full fiscal years divided by the total number of weeks in the short year and the two full fiscal years, multiplied by 52.
- (d) Annual receipts of affiliates. (1) The average annual receipts size of a business concern with affiliates is calculated by adding the average annual receipts of the business concern with the average annual receipts of each affiliate.
- (2) If a concern has acquired an affiliate or been acquired as an affiliate during the applicable period of measurement or before the date on which it self-certified as small, the annual receipts used in determining size status includes the receipts of the acquired or acquiring concern. Furthermore, this aggregation applies for the entire period of measurement, not just the period after the affiliation arose.
- (3) If the business concern or an affiliate has been in business for a period of

less than three years, the receipts for the fiscal year with less than a 12 month period are annualized in accordance with paragraph (c)(2) of this section. Receipts are determined for the concern and its affiliates in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section even though this may result in using a different period of measurement to calculate an affiliate's annual receipts.

- (4) The annual receipts of a former affiliate are not included if affiliation ceased before the date used for determining size. This exclusion of annual receipts of a former affiliate applies during the entire period of measurement, rather than only for the period after which affiliation ceased.
- (e) Unless otherwise defined in this section, all terms shall have the meaning attributed to them by the IRS.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 48604, Aug. 9, 2000; 69 FR 29203, May 21, 2004]

# § 121.105 How does SBA define "business concern or concern"?

- (a)(1) Except for small agricultural cooperatives, a business concern eligible for assistance from SBA as a small business is a business entity organized for profit, with a place of business located in the United States, and which operates primarily within the United States or which makes a significant contribution to the U.S. economy through payment of taxes or use of American products, materials or labor.
- (2) A small agricultural cooperative is an association (corporate or otherwise) acting pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C.A. 1141j) whose size does not exceed the size standard established by SBA for other similar agricultural small business concerns. A small agricultural cooperative's member shareholders are not considered to be affiliates of the cooperative by virtue of their membership in the cooperative. However, a business concern or cooperative that does not qualify as small under this part may not be a member of a small agricultural cooperative.
- (b) A business concern may be in the legal form of an individual proprietorship, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, joint venture, association, trust or cooperative, ex-

cept that where the form is a joint venture there can be no more than 49 percent participation by foreign business entities in the joint venture.

(c) A firm will not be treated as a separate business concern if a substantial portion of its assets and/or liabilities are the same as those of a predecessor entity. In such a case, the annual receipts and employees of the predecessor will be taken into account in determining size.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 70 FR 51248, Aug. 30, 2005]

# § 121.106 How does SBA calculate number of employees?

- (a) In determining a concern's number of employees, SBA counts all individuals employed on a full-time, parttime, or other basis. This includes employees obtained from a temporary employee agency, professional employee organization or leasing concern. SBA will consider the totality of the circumstances, including criteria used by the IRS for Federal income tax purposes, in determining whether individuals are employees of a concern. Volunteers (i.e., individuals who receive no compensation, including no in-kind compensation, for work performed) are not considered employees.
- (b) Where the size standard is number of employees, the method for determining a concern's size includes the following principles:
- (1) The average number of employees of the concern is used (including the employees of its domestic and foreign affiliates) based upon numbers of employees for each of the pay periods for the preceding completed 12 calendar months.
- (2) Part-time and temporary employees are counted the same as full-time employees.
- (3) If a concern has not been in business for 12 months, the average number of employees is used for each of the pay periods during which it has been in business.
- (4)(i) The average number of employees of a business concern with affiliates is calculated by adding the average number of employees of the business concern with the average number of employees of each affiliate. If a concern has acquired an affiliate or been

acquired as an affiliate during the applicable period of measurement or before the date on which it self-certified as small, the employees counted in determining size status include the employees of the acquired or acquiring concern. Furthermore, this aggregation applies for the entire period of measurement, not just the period after the affiliation arose.

(ii) The employees of a former affiliate are not counted if affiliation ceased before the date used for determining size. This exclusion of employees of a former affiliate applies during the entire period of measurement, rather than only for the period after which affiliation ceased.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29203, May 21, 2004]

# § 121.107 How does SBA determine a concern's "primary industry"?

In determining the primary industry in which a concern or a concern combined with its affiliates is engaged, SBA considers the distribution of receipts, employees and costs of doing business among the different industries in which business operations occurred for the most recently completed fiscal year. SBA may also consider other factors, such as the distribution of patents, contract awards, and assets.

# § 121.108 What are the penalties for misrepresentation of size status?

In addition to other laws which may be applicable, section 16(d) of the Small Business Act, 15 U.S.C. 645(d), provides severe criminal penalties for knowingly misrepresenting the small business size status of a concern in connection with procurement programs. Section 16(a) of the Act also provides, in part, for criminal penalties for knowingly making false statements or misrepresentations to SBA for the purpose of influencing in any way the actions of the Agency.

SIZE STANDARDS USED TO DEFINE SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS

# § 121.201 What size standards has SBA identified by North American Industry Classification System codes?

The size standards described in this section apply to all SBA programs unless otherwise specified in this part. The size standards themselves are expressed either in number of employees or annual receipts in millions of dollars, unless otherwise specified. The number of employees or annual receipts indicates the maximum allowed for a concern and its affiliates to be considered small.

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
	Sector 11—Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting		
	Subsector 111—Crop Production		
111110	Soybean Farming	\$0.75	
111120	Oilseed (except Soybean) Farming	\$0.75	
111130	Dry Pea and Bean Farming	\$0.75	
111140	Wheat Farming	\$0.75	
111150	Corn Farming	\$0.75	
111160	Rice Farming	\$0.75	
111191	Oilseed and Grain Combination Farming	\$0.75	
111199	All Other Grain Farming	\$0.75	
111211	Potato Farming	\$0.75	
111219	Other Vegetable (except Potato) and Melon Farming	\$0.75	
111310	Orange Groves	\$0.75	
111320	Citrus (except Orange) Groves	\$0.75	
111331	Apple Orchards	\$0.75	
111332	Grape Vineyards	\$0.75	
111333	Strawberry Farming	\$0.75	
111334	Berry (except Strawberry) Farming	\$0.75	
111335	Tree Nut Farming	\$0.75	
111336	Fruit and Tree Nut Combination Farming	\$0.75	
111339	Other Noncitrus Fruit Farming	\$0.75	
111411	Mushroom Production	\$0.75	
111419	Other Food Crops Grown Under Cover	\$0.75	
111421	Nursery and Tree Production	\$0.75	

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

SM	IALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
111422	Floriculture Production	\$0.75	
111910	Tobacco Farming	\$0.75	
111920	Cotton Farming	\$0.75	
111930	Sugarcane Farming	\$0.75	
111940	Hay Farming	\$0.75	
111991	Sugar Beet Farming	\$0.75	
111992	Peanut Farming	\$0.75	
111998	All Other Miscellaneous Crop Farming	\$0.75	
	Subsector 112—Animal Production		
112111	Beef Cattle Ranching and Farming	\$0.75	
112112	Cattle Feedlots	\$2.00	
112120	Dairy Cattle and Milk Production	\$0.75	
112210	Hog and Pig Farming	\$0.75	
112310	Chicken Egg Production	\$11.5	
112320	Broilers and Other Meat Type Chicken Production	\$0.75	
112330	Turkey Production	\$0.75	
112340	Poultry Hatcheries	\$0.75	
112390	Other Poultry Production	\$0.75	
112410	Sheep Farming	\$0.75	
112420	Goat Farming	\$0.75	
112511	Finfish Farming and Fish Hatcheries	\$0.75	
112512	Shellfish Farming	\$0.75	
112519	Other Aquaculture	\$0.75	
112910	Apiculture	\$0.75	
112920	Horse and Other Equine Production	\$0.75	
112930	Fur-Bearing Animal and Rabbit Production	\$0.75	
112990	All Other Animal Production	\$0.75	
	Subsector 112 Forestry and Logging		
	Subsector 113—Forestry and Logging	1	,
113110	Timber Tract Operations	\$6.5	
113210	Forest Nurseries and Gathering of Forest Products	\$6.5	
113310	Logging	Ψ0.0	500
	Subsector 114—Fishing, Hunting and Trapping		
	- Cubbooks 114 Tishing, Hunting and Hupping	ı	
114111	Finfish Fishing	\$4.0	
114112	Shellfish Fishing	\$4.0	
114119	Other Marine Fishing	\$4.0	
114210	Hunting and Trapping	\$4.0	
	Subsector 115—Support Activities for Agriculture and Fores	tru	
	Subsector 113—Support Activities for Agriculture and Fores	li y	
115111	Cotton Ginning	\$6.5	
115112	Soil Preparation, Planting, and Cultivating	\$6.5	
115113	Crop Harvesting, Primarily by Machine	\$6.5	
115114	Postharvest Crop Activities (except Cotton Ginning)	\$6.5	
115115	Farm Labor Contractors and Crew Leaders	\$6.5	
115116	Farm Management Services	\$6.5	
115210	Support Activities for Animal Production	\$6.5	
115310	Support Activities for Forestry	\$6.5	
EXCEPT	Forest Fire Suppression 17	<sup>17</sup> 16.5	
EXCEPT	Fuels Management Services 17	<sup>17</sup> 16.5	
	Sector 21—Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction		
	Subsector 211—Oil and Gas Extraction		
211111	Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Extraction		500
211112	Natural Gas Liquid Extraction		500
	Subsector 212—Mining (except Oil and Gas)	•	•
212111	Bituminous Coal and Lignite Surface Mining		500
212112	Bituminous Coal Underground Mining		500
212112			
	Anthracite Mining		500
212210	Iron Ore Mining		500
212221	Gold Ore Mining		500
212222	Silver Ore Mining		500
	Silver Ore Mining		

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
212231	Lead Ore and Zinc Ore Mining		500
212234	Copper Ore and Nickel Ore Mining		500
212291	Uranium-Radium-Vanadium Ore Mining		500
212299	All Other Metal Ore Mining		500
212311	Dimension Stone Mining and Quarrying		500
212312	Crushed and Broken Limestone Mining and Quarrying		500
212313	Crushed and Broken Granite Mining and Quarrying		500
212319	Other Crushed and Broken Stone Mining and Quarrying		500
212321	Construction Sand and Gravel Mining		500
212322	Industrial Sand Mining		500
212324	Kaolin and Ball Clay Mining		500
212325	Clay and Ceramic and Refractory Minerals Mining		500
212391	Potash, Soda, and Borate Mineral Mining		500
212392	Phosphate Rock Mining		500
212393	Other Chemical and Fertilizer Mineral Mining		500
212399	All Other Nonmetallic Mineral Mining		500
	Subsector 213—Support Activities for Mining		
213111	Drilling Oil and Gas Wells		500
213112	Support Activities for Oil and Gas Operations	\$6.5	
213113	Support Activities for Coal Mining	\$6.5	
213114	Support Activities for Metal Mining	\$6.5	
213115	Support Activities for Nonmetallic Minerals (except Fuels)	\$6.5	
	Sector 22—Utilities		
	Subsector 221—Utilities		
221111	Hydroelectric Power Generation	See footnote 1	
221112	Fossil Fuel Electric Power Generation	See footnote 1	
221113	Nuclear Electric Power Generation	See footnote 1	
221119	Other Electric Power Generation	See footnote 1	
221121	Electric Bulk Power Transmission and Control	See footnote 1	
221122	Electric Power Distribution	See footnote 1	
221210	Natural Gas Distribution		500
221310	Water Supply and Irrigation Systems	\$6.5	
221320	Sewage Treatment Facilities	\$6.5	
221330	Steam and Air-Conditioning Supply	\$11.5	
	Sector 23—Construction		
	Subsector 236—Construction of Buildings	I	
236115	New Single-Family Housing Construction (except Operative Builders)	\$31.0	
236116	New Multifamily Housing Construction (except Operative Builders)	\$31.0	
236117	New Housing Operative Builders	\$31.0	
236118	Residential Remodelers	\$31.0	
236210	Industrial Building Construction	\$31.0	
236220	Commercial and Institutional Building Construction	\$31.0	
	Subsector 237—Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	<u> </u>	
007440			
237110	Water and Sewer Line and Related Structures Construction	\$31.0	
237120	Oil and Gas Pipeline and Related Structures Construction	\$31.0	
237130	Power and Communication Line and Related Structures Construction	\$31.0	
237210	Land Subdivision	\$6.5	
237310	Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	\$31.0	
237990	Other Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	\$31.0	
EXCEPT,	Dredging and Surface Cleanup Activities 2	²\$18.5	
	Subsector 238—Specialty Trade Contractors	T	T
238110	Poured Concrete Foundation and Structure Contractors	\$13.0	
238120	Structural Steel and Precast Concrete Contractors	\$13.0	
238130	Framing Contractors	\$13.0	
238140	Masonry Contractors	\$13.0	
238150	Glass and Glazing Contractors	\$13.0	
238160	Roofing Contractors	\$13.0	
238170	Siding Contractors	\$13.0	
238190	Other Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors		
200.00	. Sansa . Sansaaan, Gradiand, and Banding Extends Contractors	. ψ13.0	

#### SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
238210	Electrical Contractors and other Wiring Installation Contractors	\$13.0	
238220	Plumbing, Heating, and Air-Conditioning Contractors	\$13.0	
238290	Other Building Equipment Contractors	\$13.0	
238310	Drywall and Insulation Contractors	\$13.0	
238320	Painting and Wall Covering Contractors	\$13.0	
238330	Flooring Contractors	\$13.0	
238340	Tile and Terrazzo Contractors	\$13.0	
238350	Finish Carpentry Contractors	\$13.0	
238390	Other Building Finishing Contractors	\$13.0	
238910	Site Preparation Contractors	\$13.0	
238990	All Other Specialty Trade Contractors 13	<sup>13</sup> \$13.0	
238990	Building and Property Specialty Trade Services 13	<sup>13</sup> \$13.0	
EXCEPT,	Building and Property Specialty Trade Services 13	<sup>13</sup> \$12.0	
	Sectors 31–33—Manufacturing		
Subsector 311—Food Manufacturing			

311111	Dog and Cat Food Manufacturing	 500
311119	Other Animal Food Manufacturing	 500
311211	Flour Milling	 500
311212	Rice Milling	 500
311213	Malt Manufacturing	 500
311221	Wet Corn Milling	 750
311222	Soybean Processing	 500
311223	Other Oilseed Processing	 1,000
311225	Fats and Oils Refining and Blending	 1,000
311230	Breakfast Cereal Manufacturing	 1,000
311311	Sugarcane Mills	 500
311312	Cane Sugar Refining	 750
311313	Beet Sugar Manufacturing	 750
311320	Chocolate and Confectionery Manufacturing from Cacao Beans	 500
311330	Confectionery Manufacturing from Purchased Chocolate	 500
311340	Non-Chocolate Confectionery Manufacturing	 500
311411	Frozen Fruit, Juice and Vegetable Manufacturing	 500
311412	Frozen Specialty Food Manufacturing	 500
311421	Fruit and Vegetable Canning <sup>3</sup>	 <sup>3</sup> 500
311422	Specialty Canning	 1,000
311423	Dried and Dehydrated Food Manufacturing	 500
311511	Fluid Milk Manufacturing	 500
311512	Creamery Butter Manufacturing	 500
311513	Cheese Manufacturing	 500
311514	Dry, Condensed, and Evaporated Dairy Product Manufacturing	 500
311520	Ice Cream and Frozen Dessert Manufacturing	 500
311611	Animal (except Poultry) Slaughtering	 500
311612	Meat Processed from Carcasses	 500
311613	Rendering and Meat By-product Processing	 500
311615	Poultry Processing	 500
311711	Seafood Canning	 500
311712	Fresh and Frozen Seafood Processing	 500
311811	Retail Bakeries	 500
311812	Commercial Bakeries	 500
311813	Frozen Cakes, Pies, and Other Pastries Manufacturing	 500
311821	Cookie and Cracker Manufacturing	 750
311822	Flour Mixes and Dough Manufacturing from Purchased Flour	 500
311823	Dry Pasta Manufacturing	 500
311830	Tortilla Manufacturing	 500
311911	Roasted Nuts and Peanut Butter Manufacturing	 500
311919	Other Snack Food Manufacturing	 500
311920	Coffee and Tea Manufacturing	 500
311930	Flavoring Syrup and Concentrate Manufacturing	 500
311941	Mayonnaise, Dressing and Other Prepared Sauce Manufacturing	 500
311942	Spice and Extract Manufacturing	 500
311991	Perishable Prepared Food Manufacturing	 500
311999	All Other Miscellaneous Food Manufacturing	 500
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#### Subsector 312—Beverage and Tobacco Product Manufacturing

312111	Soft Drink Manufacturing	 500
312112	Bottled Water Manufacturing	 500
312113	Ice Manufacturing	 500

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
312120	Breweries		500
312130	Wineries		500
312140	Distilleries		750
312210	Tobacco Stemming and Redrying		500
312221	Cigarette Manufacturing		1,000
312229			500
	Other Tobacco Product Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 313—Textile Mills		
313111	Yarn Spinning Mills		500
313112	Yarn Texturizing, Throwing and Twisting Mills		500
313113	Thread Mills		500
313210	Broadwoven Fabric Mills		1,000
313221	Narrow Fabric Mills		500
313222	Schiffli Machine Embroidery		500
313230	Nonwoven Fabric Mills		500
313241	Weft Knit Fabric Mills		500
313249	Other Knit Fabric and Lace Mills		500
313311	Broadwoven Fabric Finishing Mills		1,000
313312	Textile and Fabric Finishing (except Broadwoven Fabric) Mills		500
313320	Fabric Coating Mills		1,000
	Subsector 314—Textile Product Mills		
314110	Carpet and Rug Mills		500
314121	Curtain and Drapery Mills		500
314129	Other Household Textile Product Mills		500
314911	Textile Bag Mills		500
314912	Canvas and Related Product Mills		500
314991	Rope, Cordage and Twine Mills		500
314992	Tire Cord and Tire Fabric Mills		1,000
314999	All Other Miscellaneous Textile Product Mills		500
	Subsector 315—Apparel Manufacturing		
045444	Observation Adults		500
315111	Sheer Hosiery Mills		500
315119	Other Hosiery and Sock Mills		500
315191	Outerwear Knitting Mills		500
315192	Underwear and Nightwear Knitting Mills		500
315211	Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Apparel Contractors		500
315212	Women's, Girls', and Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Contractors		500
315221	Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Underwear and Nightwear Manufac-		500
315222	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat and Overcoat Manufac-		
			500
	turing.		
315223			
	turing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufac-		500
315223 315224	turing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.		500 500
315223 315224 315225	turing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing		500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing		500 500 500 500
315223 315224 315225	turing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing. Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing		500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.		500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and		500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Skirt Manufacturing.		500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Oreas Manufacturing  Kirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Hat, Cap and Millinery Manufacturing  Glove and Mitten Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  Hat, Cap and Millinery Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Hat, Cap and Millinery Manufacturing  Glove and Mitten Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Neckwear Manufacturing		500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  All Other Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Glove and Millinery Manufacturing  Glove and Mitten Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Neckwear Manufacturing  Subsector 316—Leather and Allied Product Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500
315223	turing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Shirt (except Work Shirt) Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Trouser, Slack and Jean Manufacturing.  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Work Clothing Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Lingerie, Loungewear and Nightwear Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Blouse and Shirt Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Dress Manufacturing  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Suit, Coat, Tailored Jacket and Skirt Manufacturing.  Women's and Girls' Cut and Sew Other Outerwear Manufacturing  Infants' Cut and Sew Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Leather Apparel Manufacturing  Fur and Millinery Manufacturing  Glove and Mitten Manufacturing  Men's and Boys' Neckwear Manufacturing  Other Apparel Accessories and Other Apparel Manufacturing		500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500

SN	IALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
316213	Men's Footwear (except Athletic) Manufacturing		500
316214	Women's Footwear (except Athletic) Manufacturing		500
316219	Other Footwear Manufacturing		500
316991	Luggage Manufacturing		500
316992	Women's Handbag and Purse Manufacturing		500
316993	Personal Leather Good (except Women's Handbag and Purse) Man- ufacturing.		500
316999	All Other Leather Good and Allied Product Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 321—Wood Product Manufacturing		
321113	Sawmills		500
321114	Wood Preservation		500
321211	Hardwood Veneer and Plywood Manufacturing		500
321212	Softwood Veneer and Plywood Manufacturing		500
321213	Engineered Wood Member (except Truss) Manufacturing		500
321214	Truss Manufacturing		500
321219	Reconstituted Wood Product Manufacturing		500
321911	Wood Window and Door Manufacturing		500
321912	Cut Stock, Resawing Lumber, and Planing		500
321918	Other Millwork (including Flooring)		500
321920	Wood Container and Pallet Manufacturing		500
321991	Manufactured Home (Mobile Home) Manufacturing		500
321992	Prefabricated Wood Building Manufacturing		500
321999	All Other Miscellaneous Wood Product Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 322—Paper Manufacturing		
322110	Pulp Mills		750
322121	Paper (except Newsprint) Mills		750
322122	Newsprint Mills		750
322130	Paperboard Mills		750
322211	Corrugated and Solid Fiber Box Manufacturing		500
322212	Folding Paperboard Box Manufacturing		750
322213	Setup Paperboard Box Manufacturing		500
322214	Fiber Can, Tube, Drum, and Similar Products Manufacturing		500
322215	Non-Folding Sanitary Food Container Manufacturing		750
322221	Coated and Laminated Packaging Paper Manufacturing		500
322222	Coated and Laminated Paper Manufacturing		500
322223	Plastics, Foil, and Coated Paper Bag Manufacturing		500
322224	Uncoated Paper and Multiwall Bag Manufacturing		500
322225	Laminated Aluminum Foil Manufacturing for Flexible Packaging Uses		500
322226	Surface-Coated Paperboard Manufacturing		500
322231	Die-Cut Paper and Paperboard Office Supplies Manufacturing		500
322232	Envelope Manufacturing		500
322233	Stationery, Tablet, and Related Product Manufacturing		500
322291	Sanitary Paper Product Manufacturing		500
322299	All Other Converted Paper Product Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 323—Printing and Related Support Activities		
323110	Commercial Lithographia Brinting		500
323110	Commercial Lithographic Printing		500
323112	Commercial Flexographic Printing		500
323113	Commercial Screen Printing		500
323114	Quick Printing		500
323115	Digital Printing		500
323116	Manifold Business Forms Printing		500
323117	Books Printing		500
323118	Blankbook, Loose-leaf Binder and Device Manufacturing		500
323119	Other Commercial Printing		500
323121	Tradebinding and Related Work		500
323122	Prepress Services		500
	Subsector 324—Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturin	ıq	<u> </u>
		Ī	
324110	Petroleum Refineries <sup>4</sup>		41,500
324121	Asphalt Paving Mixture and Block Manufacturing		500
324122	Asphalt Shingle and Coating Materials Manufacturing		750
324191	Petroleum Lubricating Oil and Grease Manufacturing		500
324199	All Other Petroleum and Coal Products Manufacturing		500

	MALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Size standards	Size standards
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	in millions of dollars	in number of employees
	Subsector 325—Chemical Manufacturing		
325110	Petrochemical Manufacturing		1,000
325120	Industrial Gas Manufacturing		1,000
325131	Inorganic Dye and Pigment Manufacturing		1,000
325132	Synthetic Organic Dye and Pigment Manufacturing		750
325181	Alkalies and Chlorine Manufacturing		1,000
325182 325188	Carbon Black Manufacturing		500 1,000
325191	Gum and Wood Chemical Manufacturing		500
325192	Cyclic Crude and Intermediate Manufacturing		750
325193	Ethyl Alcohol Manufacturing		1,000
325199	All Other Basic Organic Chemical Manufacturing		1,000
325211	Plastics Material and Resin Manufacturing		750
325212	Synthetic Rubber Manufacturing		1,000
325221	Cellulosic Organic Fiber Manufacturing		1,000
325222	Noncellulosic Organic Fiber Manufacturing		1,000
325311 325312	Nitrogenous Fertilizer Manufacturing		1,000 500
325314	Fertilizer (Mixing Only) Manufacturing		500
325320	Pesticide and Other Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing		500
325411	Medicinal and Botanical Manufacturing		750
325412	Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing		750
325413	In-Vitro Diagnostic Substance Manufacturing		500
325414	Biological Product (except Diagnostic) Manufacturing		500
325510	Paint and Coating Manufacturing		500
325520	Adhesive Manufacturing		500
325611 325612	Soap and Other Detergent Manufacturing		750
325613	Polish and Other Sanitation Good Manufacturing		500 500
325620	Toilet Preparation Manufacturing		500
325910	Printing Ink Manufacturing		500
325920	Explosives Manufacturing		750
325991	Custom Compounding of Purchased Resins		500
325992	Photographic Film, Paper, Plate and Chemical Manufacturing		500
325998	All Other Miscellaneous Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing.		500
	Subsector 326—Plastics and Rubber Products Manufacturin	ı ng	
326111	Plantice Reg and Daugh Manufacturing		500
326112	Plastics Bag and Pouch Manufacturing		500 500
326113	Unsupported Plastics Film and Sheet (except Packaging) Manufac-		500
020110	turing.		000
326121	Unsupported Plastics Profile Shapes Manufacturing		500
326122	Plastics Pipe and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing		500
326130	Laminated Plastics Plate, Sheet and Shape Manufacturing		500
326140	Polystyrene Foam Product Manufacturing		500
326150	Urethane and Other Foam Product (except Polystyrene) Manufacturing.		500
326160	Plastics Bottle Manufacturing		500
326191	Plastics Plumbing Fixture Manufacturing		500
326192	Resilient Floor Covering Manufacturing		750
326199	All Other Plastics Product Manufacturing		500
326211	Tire Manufacturing (except Retreading) <sup>5</sup>		51,000
326212 326220	Tire Retreading		500 500
326291	Rubber and Plastics Hoses and Belting Manufacturing		500
326299	All Other Rubber Product Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 327—Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturin	g	
327111	Vitreous China Plumbing Fixture and China and Earthenware Bath-		750
327112	room Accessories Manufacturing. Vitreous China, Fine Earthenware and Other Pottery Product Manu-		500
	facturing.		
327113	Porcelain Electrical Supply Manufacturing		500
327121	Brick and Structural Clay Tile Manufacturing		500
327122 327123	Ceramic Wall and Floor Tile Manufacturing  Other Structural Clay Product Manufacturing		500 500
327124	Clay Refractory Manufacturing		500
JZ1 124	Clay Indiaciony Indiacionny	·	500

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standard in number of employees
327125	Nonclay Refractory Manufacturing		75
327211	Flat Glass Manufacturing		1,00
27212	Other Pressed and Blown Glass and Glassware Manufacturing		75
327213	Glass Container Manufacturing		75
327215	Glass Product Manufacturing Made of Purchased Glass		50
327310	Cement Manufacturing		75
327320	Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturing		50
327331	Concrete Block and Brick Manufacturing		50
327332	Concrete Pipe Manufacturing		50
27390	Other Concrete Product Manufacturing		50
27410	Lime Manufacturing		50
27420	Gypsum Product Manufacturing		1,00
27910	Abrasive Product Manufacturing		50
27991	Cut Stone and Stone Product Manufacturing		50
27992	Ground or Treated Mineral and Earth Manufacturing		50
27993	Mineral Wool Manufacturing		7:
27999	All Other Miscellaneous Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing		50
27333	All Other Miscellaneous North etailic Millerar Froduct Manufacturing		3.0
	Subsector 331—Primary Metal Manufacturing		
31111	Iron and Steel Mills		1,00
31112	Electrometallurgical Ferroalloy Product Manufacturing		7:
31210	Iron and Steel Pipe and Tube Manufacturing from Purchased Steel		1,0
31221	Cold-Rolled Steel Shape Manufacturing		1,0
31222	Steel Wire Drawing		1,0
31311	Alumina Refining		1,0
31312	Primary Aluminum Production		1,0
31314	Secondary Smelting and Alloying of Aluminum		7:
31315	Aluminum Sheet, Plate and Foil Manufacturing		7:
31316	Aluminum Extruded Product Manufacturing		7:
31319	Other Aluminum Rolling and Drawing		7:
31411	Primary Smelting and Refining of Copper		1,0
31419			
	Primary Smelting and Refining of Nonferrous Metal (except Copper and Aluminum).		7:
31421	Copper Rolling, Drawing and Extruding		7:
31422	Copper Wire (except Mechanical) Drawing		1,00
31423	Secondary Smelting, Refining, and Alloying of Copper		7:
31491	Nonferrous Metal (except Copper and Aluminum) Rolling, Drawing and Extruding.		7:
31492	Secondary Smelting, Refining, and Alloying of Nonferrous Metal (except Copper and Aluminum).		7:
31511	Iron Foundries		50
31512	Steel Investment Foundries		5
31513	Steel Foundries (except Investment)		5
31521	Aluminum Die-Casting Foundries		5
31522	Nonferrous (except Aluminum) Die-Casting Foundries		5
31524	Aluminum Foundries (except Die-Casting)		5
31525	Copper Foundries (except Die-Casting)		5
31528	Other Nonferrous Foundries (except Die-Casting)		5
	Subsector 332—Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing		
32111	Iron and Steel Forging		50
	IIOII aliu Steel Folgilig		5
32112	Nonferrous Forging		5
32112 32114	Nonferrous Forging  Custom Roll Forming		
32112 32114 32115	Nonferrous Forging  Custom Roll Forming  Crown and Closure Manufacturing		5
32112 32114 32115 32116	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping		5 5
32112 32114 32115 32116	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5
32112 32114 32115 32116 32117	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing		5 5 5 5
32112 32114 32115 32116 32117 32211	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5
32112	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112 32114 32115 32116 32117 32117 32211 32212 32213 32213 32214 32214 32213 32214 32311	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing Fabricated Structural Metal Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing Fabricated Structural Metal Manufacturing Plate Work Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing Fabricated Structural Metal Manufacturing Plate Work Manufacturing Metal Window and Door Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112 32114 32115 32116 32117 32117 32211 32212 32213 32214 32214 32311 32311 32312 32313 32312 32313 32322	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing Fabricated Structural Metal Manufacturing Plate Work Manufacturing Metal Window and Door Manufacturing Sheet Metal Work Manufacturing Sheet Metal Work Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing Pabricated Structural Metal Manufacturing Plate Work Manufacturing Metal Window and Door Manufacturing Sheet Metal Work Manufacturing Ornamental and Architectural Metal Work Manufacturing		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
32112 32114 32115 32116 32117 32117 32211 32212 32213 32214 32214 32311 32312 32313 32312 32313 32312 32313 32312 32313 32322	Nonferrous Forging Custom Roll Forming Crown and Closure Manufacturing Metal Stamping Powder Metallurgy Part Manufacturing Cutlery and Flatware (except Precious) Manufacturing Hand and Edge Tool Manufacturing Saw Blade and Handsaw Manufacturing Kitchen Utensil, Pot and Pan Manufacturing Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing Fabricated Structural Metal Manufacturing Plate Work Manufacturing Metal Window and Door Manufacturing Sheet Metal Work Manufacturing Sheet Metal Work Manufacturing		555555555555555555555555555555555555555

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

	TALL BUSINESS SIZE STAINDARDS BY MAICS INDUSTRY—	Torninged	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
332439	Other Metal Container Manufacturing		500
332510	Hardware Manufacturing		500
332611	Spring (Heavy Gauge) Manufacturing		500
332612	Spring (Light Gauge) Manufacturing		500
332618	Other Fabricated Wire Product Manufacturing		500
332710	Machine Shops		500
332721	Precision Turned Product Manufacturing		500
332722	Bolt, Nut, Screw, Rivet and Washer Manufacturing		500
332811	Metal Heat Treating		750
332812	Metal Coating, Engraving (except Jewelry and Silverware), and Allied Services to Manufacturers.		500
332813	Electroplating, Plating, Polishing, Anodizing and Coloring		500
332911	Industrial Valve Manufacturing		500
332912	Fluid Power Valve and Hose Fitting Manufacturing		500
332913	Plumbing Fixture Fitting and Trim Manufacturing		500
332919	Other Metal Valve and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing		500
332991	Ball and Roller Bearing Manufacturing		750
332992	Small Arms Ammunition Manufacturing		1,000
332993	Ammunition (except Small Arms) Manufacturing		1,500
332994	Small Arms Manufacturing		1,000
332995	Other Ordnance and Accessories Manufacturing		500
332996	Fabricated Pipe and Pipe Fitting Manufacturing		500
332997	Industrial Pattern Manufacturing		500
332998	Enameled Iron and Metal Sanitary Ware Manufacturing		750
332999	All Other Miscellaneous Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 333—Machinery Manufacturing <sup>6</sup>		
333111	Farm Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing		500
333112	Lawn and Garden Tractor and Home Lawn and Garden Equipment		500
000112	Manufacturing.		000
333120	Construction Machinery Manufacturing		750
333131	Mining Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing		500
333132	Oil and Gas Field Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing		500
333210	Sawmill and Woodworking Machinery Manufacturing		500
333220	Plastics and Rubber Industry Machinery Manufacturing		500
333291	Paper Industry Machinery Manufacturing		500
333292	Textile Machinery Manufacturing		500
333293	Printing Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing		500
333294	Food Product Machinery Manufacturing		500
333295	Semiconductor Machinery Manufacturing		500
333298	All Other Industrial Machinery Manufacturing		500
333311	Automatic Vending Machine Manufacturing		500
333312	Commercial Laundry, Drycleaning and Pressing Machine Manufacturing.		500
333313	Office Machinery Manufacturing		1,000
333314	Optical Instrument and Lens Manufacturing		500
333315	Photographic and Photocopying Equipment Manufacturing		500
333319	Other Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing		500
333411	Air Purification Equipment Manufacturing		500
333412	Industrial and Commercial Fan and Blower Manufacturing		500
333414	Heating Equipment (except Warm Air Furnaces) Manufacturing		500
333415	Air-Conditioning and Warm Air Heating Equipment and Commercial and Industrial Refrigeration Equipment Manufacturing.		750
333511	Industrial Mold Manufacturing		500
333512	Machine Tool (Metal Cutting Types) Manufacturing		500
333513	Machine Tool (Metal Forming Types) Manufacturing		500
333514	Special Die and Tool, Die Set, Jig and Fixture Manufacturing		500
333515	Cutting Tool and Machine Tool Accessory Manufacturing		500
333516	Rolling Mill Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing		500
333518	Other Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing		500
333611	Turbine and Turbine Generator Set Unit Manufacturing		1,000
333612	Speed Changer, Industrial High- Speed Drive and Gear Manufacturing.		500
333613	Mechanical Power Transmission Equipment Manufacturing		500
333618	Other Engine Equipment Manufacturing		1,000
333911	Pump and Pumping Equipment Manufacturing		500
333912	Air and Gas Compressor Manufacturing		500
333913	Measuring and Dispensing Pump Manufacturing		500
333921	Elevator and Moving Stairway Manufacturing	l	500

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
333922	Conveyor and Conveying Equipment Manufacturing		500
333923	Overhead Traveling Crane, Hoist and Monorail System Manufacturing.		500
333924	Industrial Truck, Tractor, Trailer and Stacker Machinery Manufac-		750
333991	turing. Power-Driven Hand Tool Manufacturing		500
333992	Welding and Soldering Equipment Manufacturing		500
333993	Packaging Machinery Manufacturing		50
333994	Industrial Process Furnace and Oven Manufacturing		50
333995	Fluid Power Cylinder and Actuator Manufacturing		50
333996	Fluid Power Pump and Motor Manufacturing		50
333997 333999	Scale and Balance Manufacturing		50 50
333333			300
	Subsector 334—Computer and Electronic Product Manufactur	ing <sup>6</sup>	I
334111	Electronic Computer Manufacturing		1,000
334112	Computer Storage Device Manufacturing		1,00
334113	Computer Terminal Manufacturing		1,00
334119 334210	Other Computer Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing		1,000 1,000
334220	Radio and Television Broadcasting and Wireless Communications		75
50-1220	Equipment Manufacturing.		700
334290	Other Communications Equipment Manufacturing		750
334310	Audio and Video Equipment Manufacturing		75
334411	Electron Tube Manufacturing		750
334412	Bare Printed Circuit Board Manufacturing		50
334413	Semiconductor and Related Device Manufacturing		50
334414	Electronic Capacitor Manufacturing		50
334415	Electronic Resistor Manufacturing		50
334416 334417	Electronic Coil, Transformer, and Other Inductor Manufacturing  Electronic Connector Manufacturing		500 500
334418	Printed Circuit Assembly (Electronic Assembly) Manufacturing		500
334419	Other Electronic Component Manufacturing		500
334510	Electromedical and Electrotherapeutic Apparatus Manufacturing		500
334511	Search, Detection, Navigation, Guidance, Aeronautical, and Nautical System and Instrument Manufacturing.		750
334512	Automatic Environmental Control Manufacturing for Residential,		500
334513	Commercial and Appliance Use. Instruments and Related Products Manufacturing for Measuring, Displaying, and Controlling Industrial Process Variables.		500
334514	Totalizing Fluid Meter and Counting Device Manufacturing		500
334515	Instrument Manufacturing for Measuring and Testing Electricity and Electrical Signals.		500
334516	Analytical Laboratory Instrument Manufacturing		500
334517	Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing		500
334518	Watch, Clock, and Part Manufacturing		50
334519	Other Measuring and Controlling Device Manufacturing		500
334611	Software Reproducing		500
334612	Prerecorded Compact Disc (except Software), Tape, and Record Reproducing.		750
334613	Magnetic and Optical Recording Media Manufacturing		1,000
Su	bsector 335—Electrical Equipment, Appliance and Component Mar	nufacturing 6	ı
335110	Electric Lamp Bulb and Part Manufacturing		1,000
335121	Residential Electric Lighting Fixture Manufacturing		50
335122	Commercial, Industrial and Institutional Electric Lighting Fixture Manufacturing.		500
335129	Other Lighting Equipment Manufacturing		500
335211	Electric Housewares and Household Fan Manufacturing		750
335212	Household Cooking Appliance Manufacturing		750
335221 335222	Household Cooking Appliance Manufacturing  Household Refrigerator and Home Freezer Manufacturing		750 1,000
335224	Household Laundry Equipment Manufacturing		1,00
335228	Other Major Household Appliance Manufacturing		50
335311	Power, Distribution and Specialty Transformer Manufacturing		75
335312	Motor and Generator Manufacturing		1,000
335313	Switchgear and Switchboard Apparatus Manufacturing		75
335314	Relay and Industrial Control Manufacturing		750
335911			50

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

51/	IALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
335912	Primary Battery Manufacturing		1,000
335921	Fiber Optic Cable Manufacturing		1,000
335929	Other Communication and Energy Wire Manufacturing		1,000
335931	Current-Carrying Wiring Device Manufacturing		500
335932	Noncurrent-Carrying Wiring Device Manufacturing		500
335991	Carbon and Graphite Product Manufacturing		750
335999	All Other Miscellaneous Electrical Equipment and Component Manu-		500
	facturing.		
	Subsector 336—Transportation Equipment Manufacturing	6	
336111	Automobile Manufacturing		1,000
336112	Light Truck and Utility Vehicle Manufacturing		1,000
336120	Heavy Duty Truck Manufacturing		1,000
336211	Motor Vehicle Body Manufacturing		1,000
336212	Truck Trailer Manufacturing		500
336213	Motor Home Manufacturing		1,000
336214	Travel Trailer and Camper Manufacturing		500
336311	Carburetor, Piston, Piston Ring and Valve Manufacturing		500
336312			750
336321	Gasoline Engine and Engine Parts Manufacturing		500
336322	Other Motor Vehicle Electrical and Electronic Equipment Manufacturing.		750
336330	Motor Vehicle Steering and Suspension Components (except Spring) Manufacturing.		750
336340	Motor Vehicle Brake System Manufacturing		750
336350	Motor Vehicle Transmission and Power Train Parts Manufacturing		750
336360	Motor Vehicle Seating and Interior Trim Manufacturing		500
336370	Motor Vehicle Metal Stamping		500
336391	Motor Vehicle Air-Conditioning Manufacturing		750
336399	All Other Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing		750
336411	Aircraft Manufacturing		1,500
336412	Aircraft Engine and Engine Parts Manufacturing		1,000
336413			71.000
	Other Aircraft Part and Auxiliary Equipment Manufacturing 7		,
336414	Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Manufacturing		1,000
336415	Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Propulsion Unit and Propulsion Unit Parts Manufacturing.		1,000
336419	Other Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Parts and Auxiliary Equipment Manufacturing.  Railroad Rolling Stock Manufacturing		1,000
			1,000
336611	Ship Building and Repairing		1,000
336612	Boat Building		500
336991	Motorcycle, Bicycle and Parts Manufacturing		500
336992 336999	Military Armored Vehicle, Tank and Tank Component Manufacturing All Other Transportation Equipment Manufacturing		1,000 500
	, , ,		
	Subsector 337—Furniture and Related Product Manufacturi	ng ·	
337110	Wood Kitchen Cabinet and Counter Top Manufacturing		500
337121	Upholstered Household Furniture Manufacturing		500
337122	Nonupholstered Wood Household Furniture Manufacturing		500
337124	Metal Household Furniture Manufacturing		500
337125	Household Furniture (except Wood and Metal) Manufacturing		500
337127	Institutional Furniture Manufacturing		500
337129	Wood Television, Radio, and Sewing Machine Cabinet Manufacturing.		500
337211	Wood Office Furniture Manufacturing		500
337212	Custom Architectural Woodwork and Millwork Manufacturing		500
337214	Office Furniture (Except Wood) Manufacturing		500
337215	Showcase, Partition, Shelving, and Locker Manufacturing		500
337910	Mattress Manufacturing		500
337920	Blind and Shade Manufacturing		500
	Subsector 339—Miscellaneous Manufacturing	I	1
339112	Surgical and Medical Instrument Manufacturing		500
339113	Surgical Appliance and Supplies Manufacturing		500
339114	Dental Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing		
			500
339115	Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturing		500
339116	Dental Laboratories		500
339911	Jewelry (except Costume) Manufacturing	l	500

#### SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
339912	Silverware and Hollowware Manufacturing		500
339913	Jewelers' Material and Lapidary Work Manufacturing		500
339914	Costume Jewelry and Novelty Manufacturing		500
339920	Sporting and Athletic Goods Manufacturing		500
339931	Doll and Stuffed Toy Manufacturing		500
339932	Game, Toy, and Children's Vehicle Manufacturing		500
339941	Pen and Mechanical Pencil Manufacturing		500
339942	Lead Pencil and Art Good Manufacturing		500
339943	Marking Device Manufacturing		500
339944	Carbon Paper and Inked Ribbon Manufacturing		500
339950	Sign Manufacturing		500
339991	Gasket, Packing, and Sealing Device Manufacturing		500
339992	Musical Instrument Manufacturing		500
339993	Fastener, Button, Needle and Pin Manufacturing		500
339994	Broom, Brush and Mop Manufacturing		500
339995	Burial Casket Manufacturing		500
339999	All Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing		500

Sector 42—Wholesale Trade
(Not applicable to Government procurement of supplies. The nonmanufacturer size standard of 500 employees shall be used for purposes of Government procurement of supplies.)

P. P			
	Subsector 423—Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods		
423110	Automobile and Other Motor Vehicle Merchant Wholesalers		100
423120	Motor Vehicle Supplies and New Parts Merchant Wholesalers		100
423130	Tire and Tube Merchant Wholesalers		100
423140	Motor Vehicle Parts (Used) Merchant Wholesalers		100
423210	Furniture Merchant Wholesalers		100
423220	Home Furnishing Merchant Wholesalers		100
423310	Lumber, Plywood, Millwork, and Wood Panel Merchant Wholesalers		100
423320	Brick, Stone, and Related Construction Material Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423330	Roofing, Siding, and Insulation Material Merchant Wholesalers		100
423390	Other Construction Material Merchant Wholesalers		100
423410	Photographic Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
423420	Office Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		100
423430	Computer and Computer Peripheral Equipment and Software Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423440	Other Commercial Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		100
423450	Medical, Dental, and Hospital Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423460	Ophthalmic Goods Merchant Wholesalers		100
423490	Other Professional Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
423510	Metal Service Centers and Other Metal Merchant Wholesalers		100
423520	Coal and Other Mineral and Ore Merchant Wholesalers		100
423610	Electrical Apparatus and Equipment, Wiring Supplies, and Related Equipment Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423620	Electrical and Electronic Appliance, Television, and Radio Set Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423690	Other Electronic Parts and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		100
423710	Hardware Merchant Wholesalers		100
423720	Plumbing and Heating Equipment and Supplies (Hydronics) Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423730	Warm Air Heating and Air-Conditioning Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423740	Refrigeration Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
423810	Construction and Mining (except Oil Well) Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423820	Farm and Garden Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		100
423830	Industrial Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		100
423840	Industrial Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
423850	Service Establishment Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423860	Transportation Equipment and Supplies (except Motor Vehicle) Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423910	Sporting and Recreational Goods and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423920 423930	Toy and Hobby Goods and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100 100

#### SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
423940	Jewelry, Watch, Precious Stone, and Precious Metal Merchant Wholesalers.		100
423990	Other Miscellaneous Durable Goods Merchant Wholesalers		100
	Subsector 424—Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	3	
424110	Printing and Writing Paper Merchant Wholesalers		100
424120	Stationary and Office Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
424130	Industrial and Personal Service Paper Merchant Wholesalers		100
424210	Drugs and Druggists' Sundries Merchant Wholesalers		100
424310	Piece Goods, Notions, and Other Dry Goods Merchant Wholesalers		100
424320	Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishings Merchant Wholesalers		100
424330	Women's, Children's, and Infants' Clothing and Accessories Mer- chant Wholesalers.		100
424340	Footwear Merchant Wholesalers		100
424410	General Line Grocery Merchant Wholesalers	l	100
424420	Packaged Frozen Food Merchant Wholesalers		100
424430	Dairy Product (except Dried or Canned) Merchant Wholesalers		100
424440	Poultry and Poultry Product Merchant Wholesalers		100
424450	Confectionery Merchant Wholesalers		100
424460	Fish and Seafood Merchant Wholesalers		100
424470	Meat and Meat Product Merchant Wholesalers		100
424480	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Merchant Wholesalers		100
424490	Other Grocery and Related Products Merchant Wholesalers		100
424510	Grain and Field Bean Merchant Wholesalers		100
424520	Livestock Merchant Wholesalers		100
424590	Other Farm Product Raw Material Merchant Wholesalers		100
424610	Plastics Materials and Basic Forms and Shapes Merchant Wholesalers.		100
424690	Other Chemical and Allied Products Merchant Wholesalers		100
424710	Petroleum Bulk Stations and Terminals		100
424720	Petroleum and Petroleum Products Merchant Wholesalers (except Bulk Stations and Terminals).		100
424810	Beer and Ale Merchant Wholesalers		100
424820	Wine and Distilled Alcoholic Beverage Merchant Wholesalers		100
424910	Farm Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
424920	Book, Periodical, and Newspaper Merchant Wholesalers		100
424930	Flower, Nursery Stock, and Florists' Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
424940	Tobacco and Tobacco Product Merchant Wholesalers		100
424950	Paint, Varnish, and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		100
424990	Other Miscellaneous Nondurable Goods Merchant Wholesalers		100
	Subsector 425—Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and B	rokers	
425110	Business to Business Electronic Markets		100
425120	Wholesale Trade Agents and Brokers		100

Sectors 44–45—Retail Trade
(Not applicable to Government procurement of supplies. The nonmanufacturer size standard of 500 employees shall be used for purposes of Government procurement of supplies.)

	purposes of Government procurement of supplies.)		
	Subsector 441—Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers		
441110	New Car Dealers Used Car Dealers Recreational Vehicle Dealers Motorcycle, ATV, and Personal WatercraftDealers Boat Dealers All Other Motor Vehicle Dealers Aircraft Dealers, Retail Automotive Parts and Accessories Stores Tire Dealers	\$26.5 \$21.0 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$9.0 \$6.5 \$6.5	
	Subsector 442—Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores		
442110 442210 442291 442299	Furniture Stores Floor Covering Stores Window Treatment Stores All Other Home Furnishings Stores	\$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
	Subsector 443—Electronics and Appliance Stores	1	I
443111	Household Appliance Stores	\$8.0	
443112	Radio, Television and Other Electronics Stores	\$8.0	
443120	Computer and Software Stores	\$8.0	
443130	Camera and Photographic Supplies Stores	\$6.5	
S	ubsector 444—Building Material and Garden Equipment and Suppl	ies Dealers	
444110	Home Centers	\$6.5	
444120	Paint and Wallpaper Stores	\$6.5	
444130	Hardware Stores	\$6.5	
444190	Other Building Material Dealers	\$6.5	
444210	Outdoor Power Equipment Stores	\$6.5	
444220	Nursery and Garden Centers	\$6.5	
	Subsector 445—Food and Beverage Stores		
		<b>***</b>	
445110	Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience) Stores	\$25.0	
445120	Convenience Stores	\$25.0	
445210	Meat Markets	\$6.5	
445220	Fish and Seafood Markets	\$6.5	
445230	Fruit and Vegetable Markets	\$6.5	
445291	Baked Goods Stores	\$6.5	
445292	Confectionery and Nut Stores	\$6.5	
445299 445310	All Other Specialty Food Stores	\$6.5 \$6.5	
440010	Beer, Wine and Liquor Stores	\$0.5	
	Subsector 446—Health and Personal Care Stores		
446110	Pharmacies and Drug Stores	\$6.5	
446120	Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies and Perfume Stores	\$6.5	
446130	Optical Goods Stores	\$6.5	
446191	Food (Health) Supplement Stores	\$6.5	
446199	All Other Health and Personal Care Stores	\$6.5	
	Subsector 447—Gasoline Stations		
447110	Gasoline Stations with Convenience Stores	\$25.0	
447190	Other Gasoline Stations	\$8.0	
	Subsector 448—Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	5	
448110	Man's Clothing Stores	\$8.0	
448120	Men's Clothing Stores	\$8.0	
448130	Children's and Infants' Clothing Stores	\$6.5	
448140	Family Clothing Stores	\$8.0	
448150	Clothing Accessories Stores	\$6.5	
448190	Other Clothing Stores	\$6.5	
448210	Shoe Stores	\$8.0	
448310	Jewelry Stores	\$6.5	
448320	Luggage and Leather Goods Stores	\$6.5	
	Subsector 451—Sporting Good, Hobby, Book and Music Sto	res	Г
451110	Sporting Goods Stores	\$6.5	
451120	Hobby, Toy and Game Stores	\$6.5	
451130	Sewing, Needlework and Piece Goods Stores	\$6.5	
451140	Musical Instrument and Supplies Stores	\$6.5	
451211	Book Stores	\$6.5	
451212	News Dealers and Newsstands	\$6.5	
451220	Prerecorded Tape, Compact Disc and Record Stores	\$6.5	
	Subsector 452—General Merchandise Stores		
452111	Department Stores (except Discount Department Stores)	\$25.0	
452112	Discount Department Stores	\$25.0	
452910	Warehouse Clubs and Superstores	\$25.0	
452990	All Other General Merchandise Stores	\$10.5	
4JZJJU	All Other General Merchandise Stores	\$10.5	

	MALE BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BT NAICS INDUSTRI	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
	Subsector 453—Miscellaneous Store Retailers		
453110	Florists	\$6.5	
453210	Office Supplies and Stationery Stores	\$6.5	
453220	Gift, Novelty and Souvenir Stores	\$6.5	
453310	Used Merchandise Stores	\$6.5	
453910	Pet and Pet Supplies Stores	\$6.5	
453920	Art Dealers	\$6.5	
453930	Manufactured (Mobile) Home Dealers	\$12.0	
453991	Tobacco Stores	\$6.5	
453998	All Other Miscellaneous Store Retailers (except Tobacco Stores)	\$6.5	
	Subsector 454—Nonstore Retailers		
454111	Electronic Shopping	\$23.0	
454112	Electronic Auctions	\$23.0	
454113	Mail-Order Houses	\$23.0	
454210	Vending Machine Operators	\$6.5	
454311	Heating Oil Dealers	\$11.5	
454312	Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Bottled Gas) Dealers	\$6.5	
454319	Other Fuel Dealers	\$6.5	
454390	Other Direct Selling Establishments	\$6.5	
	Sectors 48–49—Transportation and Warehousing	•	
	Subsector 481—Air Transportation		
481111	Scheduled Passenger Air Transportation		1 500
481112			1,500
481211	Scheduled Freight Air Transportation		1,500
Except,	Offshore Marine Air Transportation Services	\$25.5	1,500
481212	Nonscheduled Chartered Freight Air Transportation	Ψ23.3	1,500
Except,	Offshore Marine Air Transportation Services	\$25.5	1,300
481219	Other Nonscheduled Air Transportation	\$6.5	
	Subsector 482—Rail Transportation		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
482111 482112	Line-Haul Railroads		1,500 500
	Subsector 483—Water Transportation 15		
100111	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		500
483111	Deep Sea Freight Transportation		500
483112	Deep Sea Passenger Transportation		500
483113	Coastal and Great Lakes Freight Transportation		500
483114 483211	Coastal and Great Lakes Passenger Transportation		500
483212	Inland Water Freight Transportation		500 500
403212	Illiand Water Fassenger Transportation		500
	Subsector 484—Truck Transportation	1	ı
484110	General Freight Trucking, Local	\$23.5	
484121	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload	\$23.5	
484122	General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Less Than Truckload	\$23.5	
484210	Used Household and Office Goods Moving	\$23.5	
484220	Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Local	\$23.5	
484230	Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance	\$23.5	
	Subsector 485—Transit and Ground Passenger Transportati	ion	
485111	Mixed Mode Transit Systems	\$6.5	
485112	Commuter Rail Systems	\$6.5	
485113	Bus and Motor Vehicle Transit Systems	\$6.5	
485119	Other Urban Transit Systems	\$6.5	
485210	Interurban and Rural Bus Transportation	\$6.5	
485310	Taxi Service	\$6.5	
485320	Limousine Service	\$6.5	
485410	School and Employee Bus Transportation	\$6.5	
485510	Charter Bus Industry	\$6.5	
485991	Special Needs Transportation	\$6.5	
485999	All Other Transit and Ground Passenger Transportation	\$6.5	
		1 75.0	

	MALE BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BT NAICS INDUSTRI	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
	Subsector 486—Pipeline Transportation		
486110	Pipeline Transportation of Crude Oil		1,500
486210	Pipeline Transportation of Natural Gas	\$6.5	
486910	Pipeline Transportation of Refined Petroleum Products		1,500
486990	All Other Pipeline Transportation	\$31.5	
	Subsector 487—Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation		
487110	Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation, Land	\$6.5	
487210	Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation, Water	\$6.5	
487990	Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation, Other	\$6.5	
	Subsector 488—Support Activities for Transportation		
488111	Air Traffic Control	\$6.5	
488119	Other Airport Operations	\$6.5	
488190	Other Support Activities for Air Transportation	\$6.5	
488210	Support Activities for Rail Transportation	\$6.5	
488310	Port and Harbor Operations	\$23.5	
488320	Marine Cargo Handling	\$23.5 \$6.5	
488330 488390	Navigational Services to Shipping  Other Support Activities for Water Transportation	\$6.5 \$6.5	
488410	Motor Vehicle Towing	\$6.5	
488490	Other Support Activities for Road Transportation	\$6.5	
488510	Freight Transportation Arrangement 10	10 \$6.5	
Except,	Non-Vessel Owning Common Carriers and Household Goods For-	\$23.5	
2,000,	warders.	Ψ20.0	
488991	Packing and Crating	\$23.5	
488999	All Other Support Activities for Transportation	\$6.5	
		***	
	Subsector 491—Postal Service		<del>,</del>
491110	Postal Service	\$6.5	
	Subsector 492—Couriers and Messengers		
400440	Occident and Francis Bullium Occident		4.500
492110 492210	Couriers and Express Delivery Services	\$23.5	1,500
102210	·	<b>\$20.0</b>	
	Subsector 493—Warehousing and Storage	I	
493110	General Warehousing and Storage	\$23.5	
493120	Refrigerated Warehousing and Storage	\$23.5	
493130	Farm Product Warehousing and Storage	\$23.5	
493190	Other Warehousing and Storage	\$23.5	
	Sector 51—Information		
	Subsector 511—Publishing Industries (except Internet)		
511110	Newspaper Publishers		500
511120	Periodical Publishers		500
511130	Book Publishers		500
511140	Directory and Mailing List Publishers		500
511191	Greeting Card Publishers		500
511199	All Other Publishers		500
511210	Software Publishers	\$23.0	
	Subsector 512—Motion Picture and Sound Recording Indust	ries	
512110	Motion Picture and Video Production		
512110 512120	Motion Picture and Video Production	\$27.0 \$27.0	
512131	Motion Picture and Video Distribution	\$6.5	
512132	Drive-In Motion Picture Theaters (except Drive-Ins)	\$6.5	
512191	Teleproduction and Other Postproduction Services	\$27.0	
512199	Other Motion Picture and Video Industries	\$6.5	
512210	Record Production	\$6.5	
512220	Integrated Record Production/Distribution	Ψ0.5	750
512230	Music Publishers		500
512240	Sound Recording Studios	\$6.5	

Subsector 515—Broadcasting (except Internet)	NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
Radio Networks   Se.5   Se	512290	Other Sound Recording Industries	\$6.5	
State		Subsector 515—Broadcasting (except Internet)		
Radio Stations	515111		\$6.5	
Television Broadcasting				
Subsector 519—Other Information Services   \$1.55				
Subsector 517—Telecommunications				
	E17110			1.50
Satellite Telecommunications   \$13.5   1.50				
Telecommunications Resellers				
Subsector 518—Data Processing, Hosting, and Related Services   \$23.5				
Subsector 518—Data Processing, Hosting, and Related Services   \$23.0				
Data Processing, Hosting, and Related Services   \$23.0	017010			
Subsector 519—Other Information Services	510010			
News Syndicates   \$6.5	518210	Data Processing, Hosting, and Related Services	\$23.0	
Distraction   Libraries and Archives   \$6.5   Internet Publishing and Broadcasting and Web Search Portals   \$6.5		Subsector 519—Other Information Services		
Internet Publishing and Broadcasting and Web Search Portals				
Sector 52—Finance and Insurance   Sector 52—Credit Intermediation and Related Activities				
Sector 52—Finance and Insurance   Subsector 522—Credit Intermediation and Related Activities				
Subsector 522—Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	519190	All Other Information Services	\$6.5	
Secondary Market Financing   Secondary Credit Intermediation   Secondary Secondary Credit Intermediation   Secondary Market Financing   Secondary   Secondary Market Financing   Secondary   Secondary Market Financing   Secondary   Secon		Sector 52—Finance and Insurance		
		Subsector 522—Credit Intermediation and Related Activitie	s	
522120         Savings Institutions 8         8 \$165 million in assets           522130         Credit Unions 8         8 \$165 million in assets           522190         Other Depository Credit Intermediation 8         8 \$165 million in assets           522100         Credit Card Issuing 8         8 \$165 million in assets           522210         Sales Financing         \$6.5           522220         Sales Financing         \$6.5           5222291         Consumer Lending         \$6.5           5222292         Real Estate Credit         \$6.5           5222293         International Trade Financing 8         8 \$165 million in assets           5222294         Secondary Market Financing         \$6.5           5222398         All Other Non-Depository Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           522310         Mortgage and Nonmortgage Loan Brokers         \$6.5           522320         Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and Clearing House Activities         \$6.5           522390         Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           523110         Investment Banking and Securities Dealing         \$6.5           523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5	522110	Commercial Banking 8	8 \$165 million	
1	522120	·		
Secondary Market Financing   Sec.	322120	Odvings institutions -		
State	522130	Credit Unions <sup>8</sup>		
Sample   Securities   Securit	E22400	Other Denocitors Credit Intermediation 8		
Credit Card Issuing 8	522190	Other Depository Credit Intermediation		
Sales Financing   Sales Financing   Sales Financing   Sales Financing   Sales Financing   Sales   Sales Financing   Sales	522210	Credit Card Issuing <sup>8</sup>		
Consumer Lending   \$6.5   522292   Real Estate Credit   \$6.5   522293   International Trade Financing   \$6.5   522293   International Trade Financing   \$6.5   522294   Secondary Market Financing   \$6.5   522294   Secondary Market Financing   \$6.5   522298   All Other Non-Depository Credit Intermediation   \$6.5   522310   Mortgage and Nonmortgage Loan Brokers   \$6.5   522320   Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and Clearing House Activities   \$6.5   522390   Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation   \$6.5   522390   Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation   \$6.5   523110   Investment Banking and Securities Dealing   \$6.5   523110   Securities Brokerage   \$6.5   523120   Securities Brokerage   \$6.5   523140   Commodity Contracts Dealing   \$6.5   523140   Commodity Contracts Dealing   \$6.5   523140   Securities and Commodity Exchanges   \$6.5   523210   Securities and Commodity Exchanges   \$6.5   523220   Portfolio Management   \$6.5   523220   Portfo		<b>3</b>		
Consumer Lending   \$6.5	522220	Sales Financing	\$6.5	
Real Estate Credit	522291	Consumer Lending	\$6.5	
International Trade Financing 8	522292		\$6.5	
In assets   Secondary Market Financing   \$6.5   \$	522293	International Trade Financing 8	8 \$165 million	
522298         All Other Non-Depository Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           522310         Mortgage and Nonmortgage Loan Brokers         \$6.5           522320         Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and Clearing House Activities.         \$6.5           522390         Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           Subsector 523—Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities           523110         Investment Banking and Securities Dealing         \$6.5           523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           5232140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities		·	in assets	
522298         All Other Non-Depository Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           522310         Mortgage and Nonmortgage Loan Brokers         \$6.5           522320         Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and Clearing House Activities.         \$6.5           522390         Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           Subsector 523—Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities           523110         Investment Banking and Securities Dealing         \$6.5           523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           5232140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	522294	Secondary Market Financing	\$6.5	
522310         Mortgage and Nonmortgage Loan Brokers         \$6.5           522320         Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and Clearing House Activities         \$6.5           522390         Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation         \$6.5           Subsector 523—Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities           523110         Investment Banking and Securities Dealing         \$6.5           523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           5232140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523210         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	522298		\$6.5	
Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and Clearing House Activities.				
Subsector 523—Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities				
Subsector 523—Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investments and Related Activities           523110         Investment Banking and Securities Dealing         \$6.5           523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           523140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5		tivities.		
523110         Investment Banking and Securities Dealing         \$6.5           523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           523140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           5239303         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5		Other Activities Related to Credit Intermediation	\$6.5	
523120         Securities Brokerage         \$6.5           523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           523140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5    Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	522390		-	
523130         Commodity Contracts Dealing         \$6.5           523140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	522390Subsector 523-	-Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment	s and Related A	ctivities
523140         Commodity Contracts Brokerage         \$6.5           523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	522390Subsector 523-	Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing	s and Related A	ctivities
523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	Subsector 523- 523110 523120	Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage	s and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
523210         Securities and Commodity Exchanges         \$6.5           523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	Subsector 523- 523110 523120	Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment  Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing	s and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
523910         Miscellaneous Intermediation         \$6.5           523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	Subsector 523- 523110523120523130	-Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
523920         Portfolio Management         \$6.5           523930         Investment Advice         \$6.5           523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	Subsector 523- 523110	-Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing	\$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
Investment Advice	Subsector 523- 523110	-Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
523991         Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities         \$6.5           523999         Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities         \$6.5           Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	Subsector 523-  523110	-Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Brokerage Securities and Commodity Exchanges Miscellaneous Intermediation	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities           524113         Direct Life Insurance Carriers         \$6.5	Subsector 523-  Subsector 523-  523110	-Securities, Commodity Contracts, and Other Financial Investment Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Brokerage Securities and Commodity Exchanges Miscellaneous Intermediation Portfolio Management	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities  524113	Subsector 523- 523110 523120 523130 5233140 523210 523210 523210 523920 523930	Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Dealing Securities Brokerage Securities and Commodity Exchanges Miscellaneous Intermediation Portfolio Management Investment Advice	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
524113 Direct Life Insurance Carriers	Subsector 523-  Subsector 523-  523110  523120  523130  523140  523210  523910  523920  523930  523991	Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Brokerage Securities and Commodity Exchanges Miscellaneous Intermediation Portfolio Management Investment Advice Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities	\$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
	Subsector 523-  Subsector 523-  523110  523120  523130  523140  523210  523910  523920  523930  523991	Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Brokerage Securities and Commodity Exchanges Miscellaneous Intermediation Portfolio Management Investment Advice Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities
524114 Direct Health and Medical Insurance Carriers	Subsector 523- 523110	Investment Banking and Securities Dealing Securities Brokerage Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Dealing Commodity Contracts Brokerage Securities and Commodity Exchanges Miscellaneous Intermediation Portfolio Management Investment Advice Trust, Fiduciary and Custody Activities Miscellaneous Financial Investment Activities Subsector 524—Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	\$ and Related A \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5 \$6.5	ctivities

Oli	MALL DUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
524126	Direct Property and Casualty Insurance Carriers		1,500
524127	Direct Title Insurance Carriers	\$6.5	
524128	Other Direct Insurance (except Life, Health and Medical) Carriers	\$6.5	
524130	Reinsurance Carriers	\$6.5	
524210	Insurance Agencies and Brokerages	\$6.5	
524291	Claims Adjusting	\$6.5	
524292	Third Party Administration of Insurance and Pension Funds		l .
524298	All Other Insurance Related Activities	\$6.5 \$6.5	
	Subsector 525—Funds, Trusts and Other Financial Vehicle	s	
525110	Pension Funds	\$6.5	
525120	Health and Welfare Funds	\$6.5	
525190	Other Insurance Funds	\$6.5	
525910	Open-End Investment Funds		
		\$6.5	
525920	Trusts, Estates, and Agency Accounts	\$6.5	
525930	Real Estate Investment Trusts	\$6.5	
525990	Other Financial Vehicles	\$6.5	
	Sector 53—Real Estate and Rental and Leasing		
-	Subsector 531—Real Estate		
531110	Lessors of Residential Buildings and Dwellings	\$6.5	
531120	Lessors of Nonresidential Buildings (except Miniwarehouses)	\$6.5	
531130	Lessors of Miniwarehouses and Self Storage Units	\$23.5	
531190			
	Lessors of Other Real Estate Property	\$6.5	
Except,	Leasing of Building Space to Federal Government by Owners 9	<sup>9</sup> \$19.0	
531210	Offices of Real Estate Agents and Brokers 10	10 \$2.0	
531311	Residential Property Managers	\$2.0	
531312	Nonresidential Property Managers	\$2.0	
531320	Offices of Real Estate Appraisers	\$2.0	
531390	Other Activities Related to Real Estate	\$2.0	
	Subsector 532—Rental and Leasing Services		
532111	Passenger Car Rental	\$23.5	
532112	Passenger Car Leasing	\$23.5	
532120	Truck, Utility Trailer, and RV (Recreational Vehicle) Rental and Leasing.	\$23.5	
532210	Consumer Electronics and Appliances Rental	\$6.5	
532220	Formal Wear and Costume Rental	\$6.5	
532230	Video Tape and Disc Rental	\$6.5	
532291	Home Health Equipment Rental	\$6.5	
532292	Recreational Goods Rental	\$6.5	
532299	All Other Consumer Goods Rental	\$6.5	
532310	General Rental Centers	\$6.5	
532411	Commercial Air, Rail, and Water Transportation Equipment Rental and Leasing.	\$6.5	
532412	Construction, Mining and Forestry Machinery and Equipment Rental and Leasing.	\$6.5	
532420	Office Machinery and Equipment Rental and Leasing	\$23.0	
532490	Other Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment Rental	\$6.5	
	and Leasing.		
Subs	ector 533—Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets (except Copy	righted Works)	
533110	Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets (except Copyrighted Works).	\$6.5	
	Sector 54—Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	5	
	Subsector 541—Professional, Scientific and Technical Service	ces	
541110	Offices of Laurence	<b>60</b> F	
	Offices of Lawyers	\$6.5	
541191	Title Abstract and Settlement Offices	\$6.5	
541199	All Other Legal Services	\$6.5	
541211	Offices of Certified Public Accountants	\$7.5	
541213	Tax Preparation Services	\$6.5	
541214	Payroll Services	\$7.5	
541219	Other Accounting Services	\$7.5	
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SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

SN	MALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Continued	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
541310	Architectural Services	\$4.5	
541320	Landscape Architectural Services	\$6.5	
541330	Engineering Services	\$4.5	
Except,	Military and Aerospace Equipment and Military Weapons	\$25.0	
Except,	Contracts and Subcontracts for Engineering Services Awarded Under the National Energy Policy Act of 1992.	\$25.0	
Except,	Marine Engineering and Naval Architecture	\$17.0	
541340	Drafting Services	\$6.5	
Except,	Map Drafting	\$4.5	
541350	Building Inspection Services	\$6.5	
541360	Geophysical Surveying and Mapping Services	\$4.5	
541370	Surveying and Mapping (except Geophysical) Services	\$4.5 \$11.0	
541380 541410	Interior Design Services	\$6.5	
541420	Industrial Design Services	\$6.5	
541430	Graphic Design Services	\$6.5	
541490	Other Specialized Design Services	\$6.5	
541511	Custom Computer Programming Services	\$23.0	
541512	Computer Systems Design Services	\$23.0	
541513	Computer Facilities Management Services	\$23.0	
541519	Other Computer Related Services	\$23.0	
Except,	Information Technology Value Added Resellers 18		<sup>18</sup> 150
541611	Administrative Management and General Management Consulting Services.	\$6.5	
541612	Human Resources Consulting Services	\$6.5	
541613	Marketing Consulting Services	\$6.5	
541614	Process, Physical Distribution and Logistics Consulting Services	\$6.5	
541618	Other Management Consulting Services	\$6.5	
541620	Environmental Consulting Services	\$6.5	
541690	Other Scientific and Technical Consulting Services	\$6.5	
541711	Research and Development in Biotechnology. <sup>11</sup>		11500
541712	Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering, and Life Sciences (except Biotechnology).11		11500
Except,	Aircraft		1,500
Except,	Aircraft Parts, and Auxiliary Equipment, and Aircraft Engine Parts		1,000
Except,	Space Vehicles and Guided Missiles, their Propulsion Units, their Propulsion Units Parts, and their Auxiliary Equipment and Parts.		1,000
EXCEPT, EXCEPT,	Aircraft Aircraft Parts, and Auxiliary Equipment, and Aircraft Engine Parts		1,500 1,000
EXCEPT,	Space Vehicles and Guided Missiles, their Propulsion Units, their		1,000
LXOLI I,	Propulsion Units Parts, and their Auxiliary Equipment and Parts.		1,000
541720	Research and Development in the Social Sciences and Humanities	\$6.5	
541810	Advertising Agencies 10	10 \$6.5	
541820	Public Relations Agencies	\$6.5	
541830	Media Buying Agencies	\$6.5	
541840	Media Representatives	\$6.5	
541850	Display Advertising	\$6.5	
541860	Direct Mail Advertising	\$6.5	
541870	Advertising Material Distribution Services	\$6.5	
541890	Other Services Related to Advertising	\$6.5	
541910	Marketing Research and Public Opinion Polling	\$6.5	
541921	Photography Studios, Portrait	\$6.5	
541922	Commercial Photography	\$6.5	
541930 541940	Translation and Interpretation Services	\$6.5 \$6.5	
541990		\$6.5 \$6.5	
541990	All Other Professional, Scientific and Technical Services  Sector 55—Management of Companies and Enterprises	\$0.5	
	Subsector 551—Management of Companies and Enterprises	ie.	
551111	Offices of Bank Holding Companies	\$6.5	
551112	Offices of Other Holding Companies	\$6.5	
Secto	or 56—Administrative and Support, Waste Management and Remed	iation Services	
	Subsector 561—Administrative and Support Services		
561110	Office Administrative Services	\$6.5	
561210	Facilities Support Services 12	<sup>12</sup> \$32.5	
561311	Employment Placement Agencies	\$6.5	I

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

	IALE BOSINESS SIZE STANDANDS BY NAISS INDOSTRY	Continuca	
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
561312	Executive Search Services	\$6.5	
561320	Temporary Help Services	\$12.5	
561330	Employee Leasing Services	\$12.5	
561410	Document Preparation Services	\$6.5	
561421	Telephone Answering Services	\$6.5	
561422	Telemarketing Bureaus and Other Contact Centers	\$6.5	
561431	Private Mail Centers	\$6.5	
561439	Other Business Service Centers (including Copy Shops)	\$6.5	
561440	Collection Agencies	\$6.5	
561450	Credit Bureaus	\$6.5	
561491	Repossession Services	\$6.5	
561492 561499	Court Reporting and Stenotype Services	\$6.5 \$6.5	
561510	Travel Agencies 10	<sup>10</sup> \$3.5	
561520	Tour Operators 10	10 \$6.5	
561591	Convention and Visitors Bureaus	\$6.5	
561599	All Other Travel Arrangement and Reservation Services	\$6.5	
561611	Investigation Services	\$11.5	
561612	Security Guards and Patrol Services	\$17.0	
561613	Armored Car Services	\$11.5	
561621	Security Systems Services (except Locksmiths)	\$11.5	
561622	Locksmiths	\$6.5	
561710	Exterminating and Pest Control Services	\$6.5	
561720	Janitorial Services	\$15.0	
561730	Landscaping Services	\$6.5	
561740	Carpet and Upholstery Cleaning Services	\$4.5	
561790	Other Services to Buildings and Dwellings	\$6.5	
561910 561920	Packaging and Labeling Services  Convention and Trade Show Organizers 10	\$6.5 10 \$6.5	
561990	All Other Support Services	\$6.5	
	Subsector 562—Waste Management and Remediation Service	es	
E00444	Calid Wests Callection	\$11.5	
562111 562112	Solid Waste Collection	\$11.5	
562119	Other Waste Collection	\$11.5	
562211	Hazardous Waste Treatment and Disposal	\$11.5	
562212	Solid Waste Landfill	\$11.5	
562213	Solid Waste Combustors and Incinerators	\$11.5	
562219	Other Nonhazardous Waste Treatment and Disposal	\$11.5	
562910	Remediation Services	\$13.0	
Except,	Environmental Remediation Services 14		<sup>14</sup> 500
562920	Materials Recovery Facilities	\$11.5	
562991	Septic Tank and Related Services	\$6.5	
562998	All Other Miscellaneous Waste Management Services	\$6.5	
	Sector 61—Educational Services		
	Subsector 611—Educational Services		
611110	Elementary and Secondary Schools	\$6.5	
611210	Junior Colleges	\$6.5	
611310	Colleges, Universities and Professional Schools	\$6.5	
611410	Business and Secretarial Schools	\$6.5	
611420	Computer Training	\$6.5	
611430	Professional and Management Development Training	\$6.5	
611511 611512	Flight Training	\$6.5 \$23.5	
611513	Apprenticeship Training	\$6.5	
611519	Other Technical and Trade Schools	\$6.5	
Except,	Job Corps Centers 16	16 \$32.5	
611610	Fine Arts Schools	\$6.5	
611620	Sports and Recreation Instruction	\$6.5	
611630	Language Schools	\$6.5	
611691	Exam Preparation and Tutoring	\$6.5	
611692	Automobile Driving Schools	\$6.5	
611699	All Other Miscellaneous Schools and Instruction	\$6.5	
611710	Educational Support Services	\$6.5	

NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees
	Sector 62—Health Care and Social Assistance	<u> </u>	
	Subsector 621—Ambulatory Health Care Services		
621111	Offices of Physicians (except Mental Health Specialists)	\$9.0	
621112	Offices of Physicians, Mental Health Specialists	\$9.0	
621210	Offices of Dentists	\$6.5	
621310	Offices of Chiropractors	\$6.5	
621320	Offices of Optometrists	\$6.5	
621330	Offices of Mental Health Practitioners (except Physicians)	\$6.5	
621340	Offices of Physical, Occupational and Speech Therapists and Audiol-	\$6.5	
	ogists.		
621391	Offices of Podiatrists	\$6.5	
621399	Offices of All Other Miscellaneous Health Practitioners	\$6.5	
621410 621420	Family Planning Centers  Outpatient Mental Health and Substance Abuse Centers	\$9.0 \$9.0	
621491	HMO Medical Centers	\$9.0	
621492	Kidney Dialysis Centers	\$31.5	
621493	Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical and Emergency Centers	\$9.0	
621498	All Other Outpatient Care Centers	\$9.0	
621511	Medical Laboratories	\$12.5	
621512	Diagnostic Imaging Centers	\$12.5	
621610	Home Health Care Services	\$12.5	
621910	Ambulance Services	\$6.5	
621991	Blood and Organ Banks	\$9.0	
621999	All Other Miscellaneous Ambulatory Health Care Services	\$9.0	
	Subsector 622—Hospitals		
622110	General Medical and Surgical Hospitals	\$31.5	
622210	Psychiatric and Substance Abuse Hospitals	\$31.5	
622310	Specialty (except Psychiatric and Substance Abuse) Hospitals	\$31.5	
	Subsector 623—Nursing and Residential Care Facilities		
623110	Nursing Care Facilities	\$12.5	
623210	Residential Mental Retardation Facilities	\$9.0	
623220	Residential Mental Health and Substance Abuse Facilities	\$6.5	
623311	Continuing Care Retirement Communities	\$12.5	
623312	Homes for the Elderly	\$6.5	
623990	Other Residential Care Facilities	\$6.5	
	Subsector 624—Social Assistance		
624110	Child and Youth Services	\$6.5	
624120	Services for the Elderly and Persons with Disabilities	\$6.5	
624190	Other Individual and Family Services	\$6.5	
624210	Community Food Services	\$6.5	
624221	Temporary Shelters	\$6.5	
624229	Other Community Housing Services	\$6.5	
624230	Emergency and Other Relief Services	\$6.5	
624310	Vocational Rehabilitation Services	\$6.5	
624410	Child Day Care Services	\$6.5	
	Sector 71—Arts, Entertainment and Recreation		
	Sector 71—Arts, Entertainment and Recreation		
Subsec	ctor 711—Performing Arts, Spectator Sports and Related Industries	i .	
711110	Theater Companies and Dinner Theaters	\$6.5	
711120	Dance Companies	\$6.5	
711130	Musical Groups and Artists	\$6.5	
711190	Other Performing Arts Companies	\$6.5	
711211	Sports Teams and Clubs	\$6.5	
711212	Race Tracks	\$6.5	
711219	Other Spectator Sports	\$6.5	
/ I I 3 I U	Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports and Similar Events with Facilities.	\$6.5	
711320	Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports and Similar Events without Facilities.	\$6.5	

SM	IALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—	Continued		
NAICS codes	NAICS U.S. industry title	Size standards in millions of dollars	Size standards in number of employees	
711410	Agents and Managers for Artists, Athletes, Entertainers and Other Public Figures.	\$6.5		
711510	Independent Artists, Writers, and Performers	\$6.5		
Subsector 712—Museums, Historical Sites and Similar Institutions				
712110	Museums	\$6.5		
712120	Historical Sites	\$6.5		
712130	Zoos and Botanical Gardens	\$6.5		
712190	Nature Parks and Other Similar Institutions	\$6.5		
	bsector 713—Amusement, Gambling and Recreation Industries	20.5		
713110 713120	Amusement and Theme Parks	\$6.5 \$6.5		
713210	Casinos (except Casino Hotels)	\$6.5		
713290	Other Gambling Industries	\$6.5		
713910	Golf Courses and Country Clubs	\$6.5		
713920	Skiing Facilities	\$6.5		
713930	Marinas	\$6.5		
713940	Fitness and Recreational Sports Centers	\$6.5		
713950	Bowling Centers	\$6.5		
713990	All Other Amusement and Recreation Industries	\$6.5		
Sector 72—Accommodation and Food Services				
	Subsector 721—Accommodation			
721110	Hotels (except Casino Hotels) and Motels	\$6.5		
721120	Casino Hotels	\$6.5		
721191	Bed and Breakfast Inns	\$6.5		
721199	All Other Traveler Accommodation	\$6.5		
721211	RV (Recreational Vehicle) Parks and Campgrounds	\$6.5		
721214	Recreational and Vacation Camps (except Campgrounds)	\$6.5 \$6.5		
721310	Rooming and Boarding Houses	Ф.5		
	Subsector 722—Food Services and Drinking Places	T		
722110	Full-Service Restaurants	\$6.5		
722211	Limited-Service Restaurants	\$6.5		
722212	Cafeterias, Grill Buffets, and Buffets	\$6.5		
722213	Snack and Nonalcoholic Beverage Bars	\$6.5		
722310	Food Service Contractors	\$19.0		
722320	Caterers	\$6.5		
722330 722410	Mobile Food Services	\$6.5 \$6.5		
722410		\$0.5		
	Sector 81—Other Services (except Public Administration)			
	Subsector 811—Repair and Maintenance			
811111	General Automotive Repair	\$6.5		
811112	Automotive Exhaust System Repair	\$6.5		
811113	Automotive Transmission Repair  Other Automotive Mechanical and Electrical Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811118 811121	Automotive Body, Paint and Interior Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5 \$6.5		
811122	Automotive Glass Replacement Shops	\$6.5		
811191	Automotive Oil Change and Lubrication Shops	\$6.5		
811192	Car Washes	\$6.5		
811198	All Other Automotive Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811211	Consumer Electronics Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811212	Computer and Office Machine Repair and Maintenance	\$23.0		
811213	Communication Equipment Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811219	Other Electronic and Precision Equipment Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811310	Commercial and Industrial Machinery and Equipment (except Automotive and Electronic) Repair and Maintenance.	\$6.5		
811411	Home and Garden Equipment Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811412	Appliance Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		
811420	Reupholstery and Furniture Repair	\$6.5		
811430	Footwear and Leather Goods Repair	\$6.5		
811490	Other Personal and Household Goods Repair and Maintenance	\$6.5		

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS BY NAICS INDUSTRY—Continued

·	in millions of dollars	in number of employees
Subsector 812—Personal and Laundry Services		
Barber Shops	\$6.5	
Beauty Salons	\$6.5	
Nail Salons	\$6.5	
Diet and Weight Reducing Centers	\$6.5	
Other Personal Care Services	\$6.5	
Funeral Homes and Funeral Services	\$6.5	
Cemeteries and Crematories	\$6.5	
Coin-Operated Laundries and Drycleaners	\$6.5	
	\$4.5	
	\$13.0	
Industrial Launderers	\$13.0	
Pet Care (except Veterinary) Services	\$6.5	
	\$6.5	
	\$6.5	
	\$6.5	
All Other Personal Services	\$6.5	
ctor 813—Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional and Similar	Organizations	
Delinique Organizations	¢c ∈	
Other Similar Organizations (except Business, Professional, Labor, and Political Organizations).	\$6.5	
	Barber Shops Beauty Salons Nail Salons Diet and Weight Reducing Centers Other Personal Care Services Funeral Homes and Funeral Services Coin-Operated Laundries and Drycleaners Drycleaning and Laundry Services (except Coin-Operated) Linen Supply Industrial Launderers Pet Care (except Veterinary) Services Photo Finishing Laboratories (except One-Hour) One-Hour Photo Finishing Parking Lots and Garages All Other Personal Services  ctor 813—Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional and Similar Religious Organizations Grantmaking Foundations Voluntary Health Organizations Other Grantmaking and Giving Services Human Rights Organizations Environment, Conservation and Wildlife Organizations Other Social Advocacy Organizations Business Associations Professional Organizations Labor Unions and Similar Labor Organizations Other Similar Organizations Other Similar Organizations District Advocacy Organizations Labor Unions and Similar Labor Organizations Other Similar Organizations District Similar Similar District Similar District Similar Similar District Similar District Similar District Similar District Simil	Searber Shops

(Small business size standards are not established for this sector. Establishments in the Public Administration sector are Federal, state, and local government agencies which administer and oversee government programs and activities that are not performed by private establishments.)

#### Footnotes

- 1. NAICS codes 221111, 221112, 221113, 221119, 221121, and 221122—A firm is small if, including its affiliates, it is primarily engaged in the generation, transmission, and/or distribution of electric energy for sale and its total electric output for the preceding fiscal year did not exceed 4 million megawatt hours.
- 2. NAICS code 237990—Dredging: To be considered small for purposes of Government procurement, a firm must perform at least 40 percent of the volume dredged with its own equipment or equipment owned by another small dredging concern.
- 3. NAICS code 311421—For purposes of Government procurement for food canning and preserving, the standard of 500 employees excludes agricultural labor as defined in 3306(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 3306(k).
- 4. NAICS code 324110—For purposes of Government procurement, the petroleum refiner must be a concern that has no more than 1,500 employees nor more than 125,000 barrels per calendar day total Operable Atmospheric Crude Oil Distillation capacity. Capacity includes owned or leased facilities as well as facilities under a processing agreement or an arrangement such as an exchange agreement or a throughput. The total product to be delivered under the contract must be at least 90 percent refined by the successful bidder from either crude oil or bona fide feedstocks.
- 5. NAICS code 326211—For Government procurement, a firm is small for bidding on a contract for pneumatic tires within Census Classification codes 30111 and 30112, provided that:
- (a) The value of tires within Census Classification codes 30111 and 30112 which it manufactured in the United States during the previous calendar year is more than 50 percent

of the value of its total worldwide manufacture,

- (b) The value of pneumatic tires within Census Classification codes 30111 and 30112 comprising its total worldwide manufacture during the preceding calendar year was less than 5 percent of the value of all such tires manufactured in the United States during that period, and
- (c) The value of the principal product which it manufactured or otherwise produced, or sold worldwide during the preceding calendar year is less than 10 percent of the total value of such products manufactured or otherwise produced or sold in the United States during that period.
- 6. NAICS Subsectors 333, 334, 335 and 336—For rebuilding machinery or equipment on a factory basis, or equivalent, use the NAICS code for a newly manufactured product. Concerns performing major rebuilding or overhaul activities do not necessarily have to meet the criteria for being a "manufacturer" although the activities may be classified under a manufacturing NAICS code. Ordinary repair services or preservation are not considered rebuilding.
- 7. NAICS code 336413—Contracts for the rebuilding or overhaul of aircraft ground support equipment on a contract basis are classified under NAICS code 336413.
- 8. NAICS Codes 522110, 522120, 522130, 522190, 522210 and 522293—A financial institution's assets are determined by averaging the assets reported on its four quarterly financial statements for the preceding year. "Assets" for the purposes of this size standard means the assets defined according to the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council 034 call report form.
- 9. NAICS code 531190—Leasing of building space to the Federal Government by Owners: For Government procurement, a size standard of \$19.0 million in gross receipts applies to the owners of building space leased to the Federal Government. The standard does not apply to an agent.
- 10. NAICS codes 488510 (part) 531210, 541810, 561510, 561520, and 561920—As measured by total revenues, but excluding funds received in trust for an unaffiliated third party, such as bookings or sales subject to commissions. The commissions received are included as revenues.
- 11. NAICS codes 541711 and 541712—For research and development contracts requiring the delivery of a manufactured product, the appropriate size standard is that of the manufacturing industry.
- (a) "Research and Development" means laboratory or other physical research and development. It does not include economic, educational, engineering, operations, systems, or other nonphysical research; or computer programming, data processing, commercial and/or medical laboratory testing.

- (b) For purposes of the Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program only, a different definition has been established by law. See §121.701 of these regulations.
- (c) "Research and Development" for guided missiles and space vehicles includes evaluations and simulation, and other services requiring thorough knowledge of complete missiles and spacecraft.
- 12. NAICS code 561210—Facilities Support Services:
- (a) If one or more activities of Facilities Support Services as defined in paragraph (b) (below in this footnote) can be identified with a specific industry and that industry accounts for 50% or more of the value of an entire procurement, then the proper classification of the procurement is that of the specific industry, not Facilities Support Services.
- (b) "Facilities Support Services" requires the performance of three or more separate activities in the areas of services or specialty trade contractors industries. If services are performed, these service activities must each be in a separate NAICS industry. If the procurement requires the use of specialty trade contractors (plumbing, painting, plastering, carpentry, etc.), all such specialty trade contractors activities are considered a single activity and classified as Building and Property Specialty Trade Services. Since "Building and Property Specialty Trade Services' is only one activity, two additional activities of separate NAICS industries are required for a procurement to be classified as "Facilities Support
- 13. NAICS code 238990—Building and Property Specialty Trade Services: If a procurement requires the use of multiple specialty trade contractors (i.e., plumbing, painting, plastering, carpentry, etc.), and no specialty trade accounts for 50% or more of the value of the procurement, all such specialty trade contractors activities are considered a single activity and classified as Building and Property Specialty Trade Services.
- 14. NAICS 562910—Environmental Remediation Services:
- (a) For SBA assistance as a small business concern in the industry of Environmental Remediation Services, other than for Government procurement, a concern must be engaged primarily in furnishing a range of services for the remediation of a contaminated environment to an acceptable condition including, but not limited to, preliminary assessment, site inspection, testing, remedial investigation, feasibility studies, remedial design, containment, remedial action, removal of contaminated materials, storage of contaminated materials and security and site closeouts. If one of such activities accounts for 50 percent or more of a concern's total revenues, employees, or other related factors, the concern's primary industry

is that of the particular industry and not the Environmental Remediation Services Indus-

(b) For purposes of classifying a Government procurement as Environmental Remediation Services, the general purpose of the procurement must be to restore or directly support the restoration of a contaminated environment (such as, preliminary assessment, site inspection, testing, remedial investigation, feasibility studies, remedial design, remediation services, containment, removal of contaminated materials, storage of contaminated materials or security and site closeouts), although the general purpose of the procurement need not necessarily include remedial actions. Also, the procurement must be composed of activities in three or more separate industries with separate NAICS codes or, in some instances (e.g., engineering), smaller sub-components NAICS codes with separate, distinct size standards. These activities may include, but are not limited to, separate activities in industries such as: Heavy Construction; Specialty Trade Contractors; Engineering Services; Architectural Services; Management Consulting Services; Hazardous and Other Waste Collection; Remediation Services, Testing Laboratories; and Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering and Life Sciences. If any activity in the procurement can be identified with a separate NAICS code, or component of a code with a separate distinct size standard, and that industry accounts for 50 percent or more of the value of the entire procurement, then the proper size standard is the one for that particular industry, and not the Environmental Remediation Service size standard.

15. Subsector 483—Water Transportation—Offshore Marine Services: The applicable size standard shall be \$25.5 million for firms furnishing specific transportation services to concerns engaged in offshore oil and/or natural gas exploration, drilling production, or marine research; such services encompass passenger and freight transportation, anchor handling, and related logistical services to and from the work site or at sea.

16. NAICS codes 611519-Job Corps Centers. For classifying a Federal procurement, the purpose of the solicitation must be for the management and operation of a U.S. Department of Labor Job Corps Center. The activities involved include admissions activities, life skills training, educational activities, comprehensive career preparation activities, career development activities, career transition activities, as well as the management and support functions and services needed to operate and maintain the facility For SBA assistance as a small business concern, other than for Federal Government procurements. a concern must be primarily engaged in providing the services to operate and maintain Federal Job Corps Centers.

17. NAICS code 115310 (Support Activities for Forestry)-Forest Fire Suppression and Fuels Management Services are two components of Support Activities for Forestry. Forest Fire Suppression includes establishments which provide services to fight forest fires. These firms usually have fire-fighting crews and equipment. Fuels Management Services firms provide services to clear land of hazardous materials that would fuel forest fires. The treatments used by these firms may include prescribed fire, mechanical removal, establishing fuel breaks, thinning,

pruning, and piling.

18. NAICS code 541519—An Information Technology Value Added Reseller provides a total solution to information technology acquisitions by providing multi-vendor hardware and software along with significant services. Significant value added services consist of, but are not limited to, configuration consulting and design, systems integration, installation of multi-vendor computer equipment, customization of hardware or software, training, product technical support, maintenance, and end user support. For purposes of Government procurement, an information technology procurement classified under this industry category must consist of at least 15% and not more than 50% of value added services as measured by the total price less the cost of information technology hardware, computer software, and profit. If the contract consists of less than 15% of value added services, then it must be classified under a NAICS manufacturing industry. If the contract consists of more than 50% of value added services, then it must be classified under the NAICS industry that best describes the predominate service of the pro-curement. To qualify as an Information Technology Value Added Reseller for purposes of SBA assistance, other than for Government procurement, a concern must be primarily engaged in providing information technology equipment and computer software and provide value added services which account for at least 15% of its receipts but not more than 50% of its receipts.

19. NAICS Sector 92—Small business size standards are not established for this sector. Establishments in the Public Administration sector are Federal, State, and local government agencies which administer and oversee government programs and activities that are not performed by private establishments. Concerns performing operational services for the administration of a government program are classified under the NAICS private sector industry based on the activities performed. Similarly, procurements for these types of services are classified under the NAICS private sector industry that best describes the activities to be performed. For example, if a government agency issues a procurement for law enforcement services, the requirement would be classified using one of the NAICS

industry codes under 56161, Investigation, Guard, and Armored Car Services.

[65 FR 30840, May 15, 2000]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting § 121.201, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR SBA FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

# § 121.301 What size standards are applicable to financial assistance programs?

- (a) For Business Loans and Disaster Loans (other than physical disaster loans), an applicant business concern must satisfy two criteria:
- (1) The size of the applicant alone (without affiliates) must not exceed the size standard designated for the industry in which the applicant is primarily engaged; and
- (2) The size of the applicant combined with its affiliates must not exceed the size standard designated for either the primary industry of the applicant alone or the primary industry of the applicant and its affiliates, whichever is higher. These size standards are set forth in §121.201.
- (b) For Development Company programs, an applicant must meet one of the following standards:
- (1) The same standards applicable under paragraph (a) of this section; or
- (2) Including its affiliates, tangible net worth not in excess of \$7.5 million, and average net income after Federal income taxes (excluding any carry-over losses) for the preceding two completed fiscal years not in excess of \$2.5 million. If the applicant is not required by law to pay Federal income taxes at the enterprise level, but is required to pass income through to its shareholders, partners, beneficiaries, or other equitable owners, the applicant's "net income after Federal income taxes" will be its net income reduced by an amount computed as follows:
- (i) If the applicant is not required by law to pay State (and local, if any) income taxes at the enterprise level, multiply its net income by the marginal State income tax rate (or by the combined State and local income tax rates, as applicable) that would have

applied if it were a taxable corporation.

- (ii) Multiply the applicant's net income, less any deduction for State and local income taxes calculated under paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section, by the marginal Federal income tax rate that would have applied if the applicant were a taxable corporation.
- (iii) Sum the results obtained in paragraphs (b)(2)(i) and (b)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (c) For the Small Business Investment Company (SBIC) program, an applicant must meet one of the following standards:
- (1) The same standards applicable under paragraph (a) of this section; or
- (2) Including its affiliates, tangible net worth not in excess of \$18 million, and average net income after Federal income taxes (excluding any carry-over losses) for the preceding two completed fiscal years not in excess of \$6 million. If the applicant is not required by law to pay Federal income taxes at the enterprise level, but is required to pass income through to its shareholders, partners, beneficiaries, or other equitable owners, the applicant's "net income after Federal income taxes" will be its net income reduced by an amount computed as follows:
- (i) If the applicant is not required by law to pay State (and local, if any) income taxes at the enterprise level, multiply its net income by the marginal State income tax rate (or by the combined State and local income tax rates, as applicable) that would have applied if it were a taxable corporation.
- (ii) Multiply the applicant's net income, less any deduction for State and local income taxes calculated under paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section, by the marginal Federal income tax rate that would have applied if the applicant were a taxable corporation.
- (iii) Add the results obtained in paragraphs (c)(2)(i) and (c)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (d) For Surety Bond Guarantee assistance—
- (1) Any construction (general or special trade) concern or concern performing a contract for services is small if, together with its affiliates, its average annual receipts do not exceed \$6.5

million, except as provided in  $\S121.301(d)(3)$ .

- (2) Any concern not specified in paragraph (d)(1) of this section must meet the size standard for the primary industry in which it, combined with its affiliates, is engaged.
- (3) For any contract or subcontract, public or private, to be performed in the Presidentially-declared disaster areas resulting from the 2005 Hurricanes Katrina, Rita or Wilma, a construction (general or special trade) concern or concern performing a contract for services is small if, together with its affiliates, it meets the size standard for the primary industry in which it, together with its affiliates, is engaged, or if it meets the size standard set forth in paragraph (d)(1), whichever is higher.
- (e) The applicable size standards for purposes of SBA's financial assistance programs, excluding the Surety Bond Guarantee assistance program, are increased by 25% whenever the applicant agrees to use all of the financial assistance within a labor surplus area. Labor surplus areas are listed monthly in the Department of Labor publication "Area Trends in Employment and Unemployment."

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 66 FR 30648, June 7, 2001; 67 FR 3056, Jan. 23, 2002; 69 FR 29204, May 21, 2004; 70 FR 69047, 69052, Nov. 14, 2005; 70 FR 72594, Dec. 6, 2005; 71 FR 62208, Oct. 24, 2006]

# § 121.302 When does SBA determine the size status of an applicant?

- (a) The size status of an applicant for SBA financial assistance is determined as of the date the application for financial assistance is accepted for processing by SBA, except for applications under the Preferred Lenders Program (PLP), the Disaster Loan program, the SBIC program, and the New Markets Venture Capital (NMCV) program.
- (b) For the Preferred Lenders program, size is determined as of the date of approval of the loan by the Preferred Lender.
- (c) For disaster loan assistance (other than physical disaster loans), size status is determined as of the date the disaster commenced, as set forth in the Disaster Declaration. For economic injury disaster loan assistance under

disaster declarations for Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma, size status is determined as of the date SBA accepts the application for processing, and for applications submitted before December 6, 2005, whether denied because of size status or pending, such applications shall be deemed resubmitted on December 6, 2005. For pre-disaster mitigation loans, size status is determined as of the date SBA accepts a complete Pre-Disaster Mitigation Small Business Loan Application for processing. Refer to §123.408 of this chapter to find out what SBA considers to be a complete Pre-Disaster Mitigation Small Business Loan Application.

- (d) For financial assistance from an SBIC licensee or an NMVC company, size is determined as of the date a concern's application is accepted for processing by the SBIC or the NMVC company.
- (e) Changes in size after the applicable date when size is determined will not disqualify an applicant for assistance.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 48276, Sept. 3, 1999; 67 FR 11880, Mar. 15, 2002; 67 FR 62337, Oct. 7, 2002; 69 FR 29204, May 21, 2004; 70 FR 72594, Dec. 6, 2005]

# § 121.303 What size procedures are used by SBA before it makes a formal size determination?

- (a) A concern that submits an application for financial assistance is deemed to have certified that it is small under the applicable size standard. SBA may question the concern's status based on information supplied in the application or from any other source.
- (b) A small business investment company, a development company, a surety bond company, or a preferred lender may accept as true the size information provided by an applicant, unless credible evidence to the contrary is apparent.
- (c) Size is initially considered by the individual with final financial assistance authority. This is not a formal size determination. A formal determination may be requested prior to a denial of eligibility based on size.

- (d) An applicant may request a formal size determination when assistance has been denied for size ineligibility. Except for disaster loan eligibility, a request for a formal size determination must be made to the Government Contracting Area Director serving the area in which the headquarters of the applicant is located, regardless of the location of the parent company or affiliates. For disaster loan assistance, the request for a size determination must be made to the Area Director for the Disaster Area Office which denied the assistance.
- (e) There are no time limitations for making a formal size determination for purposes of financial assistance. The official making the formal size determination must provide a copy of the determination to the applicant, to the requesting SBA official, and to other interested SBA program officials.

#### § 121.304 What are the size requirements for refinancing an existing SBA loan?

- (a) A concern that applies to refinance an existing SBA loan or guarantee will be considered small for the refinancing even though its size has increased since the date of the original financing to exceed its applicable size standard, provided that:
- (1) The increase in size is due to natural growth (as distinguished from merger, acquisition or similar management action); and
- (2) SBA determines that refinancing is necessary to protect the Government's financial interest.
- (b) If a concern's size has increased other than by natural growth, the concern and its affiliates must be small at the time the application for refinancing is accepted for processing by SBA.

# § 121.305 What size eligibility requirements exist for obtaining financial assistance relating to particular procurements?

A concern qualified as small for a particular procurement, including an 8(a) subcontract, is small for financial assistance directly and primarily relating to the performance of the particular procurement.

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT

# § 121.401 What procurement programs are subject to size determinations?

The rules set forth in §§121.401 through 121.413 apply to all Federal procurement programs for which status as a small business is required or advantageous, including the small business set-aside program, SBA's Certificate of Competency program, SBA's 8(a) Business Development program, SBA's HUBZone program, SBA's Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business program, the Small Business Subcontracting program, and the Federal Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) program.

[70 FR 56814, Sept. 29, 2005]

# § 121.402 What size standards are applicable to Federal Government Contracting programs?

- (a) A concern must not exceed the size standard for the NAICS code specified in the solicitation. The contracting officer must specify the size standard in effect on the date the solicitation is issued. If SBA amends the size standard and it becomes effective before the date initial offers (including price) are due, the contracting officer may amend the solicitation and use the new size standard.
- (b) The procuring agency contracting officer, or authorized representative, designates the proper NAICS code and size standard in a solicitation, selecting the NAICS code which best describes the principal purpose of the product or service being acquired. Primary consideration is given to the industry descriptions in the NAICS United States Manual, the product or service description in the solicitation and any attachments to it, the relative value and importance of the components of the procurement making up the end item being procured, and the function of the goods or services being purchased. Other factors considered include previous Government procurement classifications of the same or similar products or services, and the classification which would best serve the purposes of the Small Business Act.

A procurement is usually classified according to the component which accounts for the greatest percentage of contract value. Procurements for supplies must be classified under the appropriate manufacturing NAICS code, not under the wholesale trade NAICS code.

- (c) The NAICS code assigned to a procurement and its corresponding size standard is final unless timely appealed to SBA's Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA), or unless SBA assigns an NAICS code or size standard as provided in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (d) An unclear, incomplete or missing NAICS code designation or size standard in the solicitation may be clarified, completed or supplied by SBA in connection with a formal size determination or size appeal.
- (e) Any offeror or other interested party adversely affected by an NAICS code designation or size standard designation may appeal the designations to OHA under part 134 of this chapter.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 30863, May 15, 2000; 69 FR 29205, May 21, 2004]

### §121.403 Are SBA size determinations and NAICS code designations binding on parties?

Formal size determinations and NAICS code designations made by authorized SBA officials are binding upon the parties. Opinions otherwise provided by SBA officials to contracting officers or others are advisory in nature, and are not binding or appealable.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 30863, May 15, 2000]

#### § 121.404 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

(a) SBA determines the size status of a concern, including its affiliates, as of the date the concern submits a written self-certification that it is small to the procuring activity as part of its initial offer (or other formal response to a solicitation) which includes price. Where an agency modifies a solicitation so that initial offers are no longer responsive to the solicitation, a concern must recertify that it is a small business at the time it submits a responsive offer,

which includes price, to the modified solicitation.

- (b) A concern applying to be certified as a Participant in SBA's 8(a) Business Development program (under part 124, subpart A, of this chapter), as a small disadvantaged business (under part 124, subpart B, of this chapter), or as a HUBZone small business (under part 126 of this chapter) must qualify as a small business for its primary industry classification as of the date of its application and the date of certification by SBA.
- (c) The size status of an applicant for a Certificate of Competency (COC) relating to an unrestricted procurement is determined as of the date of the concern's application for the COC.
- (d) Size status for purposes of compliance with the nonmanufacturer rule set forth in §121.406(b)(1) and the ostensible subcontractor rule set forth in §121.103(h)(4) is determined as of the date of the final proposal revision for negotiated acquisitions and final bid for sealed bidding.
- (e) For subcontracting purposes, a concern must qualify as small as of the date that it certifies that it is small for the subcontract. The applicable size standard is that which is set forth in \$121.410 and which is in effect at the time the concern self-certifies that it is small for the subcontract.
- (f) For purposes of two-step sealed bidding under subpart 14.5 of the FAR, 48 CFR, a concern must qualify as small as of the date that it certifies that it is small as part of its step one proposal.
- (g) A concern that qualified as a small business at the time it receives a contract is considered a small business throughout the life of that contract. Where a concern grows to be other than small, the procuring agency may exercise options and still count the award as an award to a small business. However, the following exceptions apply:
- (1) Within 30 days of an approved contract novation, a contractor must recertify its small business size status to the procuring agency, or inform the procuring agency that it is other than small. If the contractor is other than small, the agency can no longer count the options or orders issued pursuant

to the contract, from that point forward, towards its small business goals.

- (2) In the case of a merger or acquisition, where contract novation is not required, the contractor must, within 30 days of the transaction becoming final, recertify its small business size status to the procuring agency, or inform the procuring agency that it is other than small. If the contractor is other than small, the agency can no longer count the options or orders issued pursuant to the contract, from that point forward, towards its small business goals. The agency and the contractor must immediately revise all applicable Federal contract databases to reflect the new size status.
- (3) For the purposes of contracts with durations of more than five years (including options), including Multiple Award Schedule (MAS) Contracts, Multiple Agency Contracts (MACs) and Government-wide Acquisition Contracts (GWACs), a contracting officer must request that a business concern re-certify its small business size status no more than 120 days prior to the end of the fifth year of the contract, and no more than 120 days prior to exercising any option thereafter. If the contractor certifies that it is other than small, the agency can no longer count the options or orders issued pursuant to the contract towards its small business prime contracting goals. The agency and the contractor must immediately revise all applicable Federal contract databases to reflect the new size sta-
- (i) A business concern that certified itself as other than small, either initially or prior to an option being exercised, may recertify itself as small for a subsequent option period if it meets the applicable size standard.
- (ii) Re-certification does not change the terms and conditions of the contract. The limitations on subcontracting, non-manufacturer and subcontracting plan requirements in effect at the time of contract award remain in effect throughout the life of the contract.
- (iii) A request for a size re-certification shall include the size standard in effect at the time of re-certification that corresponds to the NAICS code

that that was initially assigned to the contract.

- (iv) A contracting officer must assign a NAICS code and size standard to each order under a long-term contract. The NAICS code and size standard assigned to an order must correspond to a NAICS code and size standard assigned to the underlying long-term contract. A concern will be considered small for that order only if it certified itself as small under the same or lower size standard.
- (v) Where the contracting officer explicitly requires concerns to recertify their size status in response to a solicitation for an order, SBA will determine size as of the date the concern submits its self-representation as part of its response to the solicitation for the order.
- (vi) A Blanket Purchase Agreement (BPA) is not a contract. Goods and services are acquired under a BPA when an order is issued. Thus, a concern's size may not be determined based on its size at the time of a response to a solicitation for a BPA.
- (h) A follow-on or renewal contract is a new contracting action. As such, size is determined as of the date the concern submits a written self-certification that it is small to the procuring agency as part of its initial offer including price for the follow-on or renewal contract.

[69 FR 29205, May 21, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 19813, Apr. 18, 2006; 71 FR 66443, Nov. 15, 2006]

## § 121.405 May a business concern selfcertify its small business size sta-

- (a) A concern must self-certify it is small under the size standard specified in the solicitation, or as clarified, completed or supplied by SBA pursuant to §121.402(d).
- (b) A contracting officer may accept a concern's self-certification as true for the particular procurement involved in the absence of a written protest by other offerors or other credible information which causes the contracting officer or SBA to question the size of the concern.
- (c) Procedures for protesting the self-certification of an offeror are set forth in §§ 121.1001 through 121.1009.

- § 121.406 How does a small business concern qualify to provide manufactured products under small business set-aside or 8(a) contracts?
- (a) *General.* In order to qualify as a small business concern for a small business set-aside or 8(a) contract to provide manufactured products, an offeror must either:
- (1) Be the manufacturer of the end item being procured (and the end item must be manufactured or produced in the United States); or
- (2) Comply with the requirements of paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of this section as a nonmanufacturer, a kit assembler or a supplier under Simplified Acquisition Procedures.
- (b) *Nonmanufacturers.* (1) A concern may qualify for a requirement to provide manufactured products as a nonmanufacturer if it:
  - (i) Does not exceed 500 employees;
- (ii) Is primarily engaged in the retail or wholesale trade and normally sells the type of item being supplied; and
- (iii) Will supply the end item of a small business manufacturer or processor made in the United States, or obtains a waiver of such requirement pursuant to paragraph (b)(3) of this section.
- (2) For size purposes, there can be only one manufacturer of the end item being acquired. The manufacturer is the concern which, with its own facilities, performs the primary activities in transforming inorganic or organic substances, including the assembly of parts and components, into the end item being acquired. The end item must possess characteristics which, as a result of mechanical, chemical or human action, it did not possess before the original substances, parts or components were assembled or transformed. The end item may be finished and ready for utilization or consumption, or it may be semifinished as a raw material to be used in further manufacturing. Firms which perform only minimal operations upon the item being procured do not qualify as manufacturers of the end item. Firms that add substances, parts, or components to an existing end item to modify its performance will not be considered the end item manufacturer where those identical modifications can be per-

- formed by and are available from the manufacturer of the existing end item:
- (i) SBA will evaluate the following factors in determining whether a concern is the manufacturer of the end item:
- (A) The proportion of total value in the end item added by the efforts of the concern, excluding costs of overhead, testing, quality control, and profit;
- (B) The importance of the elements added by the concern to the function of the end item, regardless of their relative value; and
- (C) The concern's technical capabilities; plant, facilities and equipment; production or assembly line processes; packaging and boxing operations; labeling of products; and product warranties
- (ii) Firms that provide computer and other information technology equipment primarily consisting of component parts (such as motherboards, video cards, network cards, memory, power supplies, storage devices, and similar items) who install components totaling less than 50% of the value of the end item are generally not considered the manufacturer of the end item.
- (3) The Administrator or designee may waive the requirement set forth in paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section under the following two circumstances:
- (i) The contracting officer has determined that no small business manufacturer or processor reasonably can be expected to offer a product meeting the specifications (including period for performance) required by a particular solicitation and SBA reviews and accepts that determination; or
- (ii) SBA determines that no small business manufacturer or processor of the product or class of products is available to participate in the Federal procurement market.
- (4) The two waiver possibilities identified in paragraph (b)(3) of this section are called "individual" and "class" waivers respectively, and the procedures for them are contained in §121.1204.
- (5) Any SBA waiver of the nonmanufacturer rule has no effect on requirements external to the Small Business Act which involve domestic sources of supply, such as the Buy American Act.

(c) Kit assemblers. (1) Where the manufactured item being acquired is a kit of supplies or other goods provided by an offeror for a special purpose, the offeror cannot exceed 500 employees, and 50 percent of the total value of the components of the kit must be manufactured by business concerns in the United States which are small under the size standards for the NAICS codes of the components being assembled. The offeror need not itself be the manufacturer of any of the items assembled.

(2) Where the Government has specified an item for the kit which is not produced by U.S. small business concerns, such item shall be excluded from the calculation of total value in para-

graph (c)(1) of this section.

- (d) Simplified Acquisition Procedures. Where the procurement of a manufactured item is processed under Simplified Acquisition Procedures, as defined in §13.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) (48 CFR 13.101), and where the anticipated cost of the procurement will not exceed \$25,000, the offeror need not supply the end product of a small business concern as long as the product acquired is manufactured or produced in the United States, and the offeror does not exceed 500 employees. The offeror need not itself be the manufacturer of any of the items acquired.
- (e) These requirements do not apply to small business concern subcontractors.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996; 61 FR 7986, Mar. 1, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 30863, May 15, 2000; 69 FR 29205, May 21, 2004]

## § 121.407 What are the size procedures for multiple item procurements?

If a procurement calls for two or more specific end items or types of services with different size standards and the offeror may submit an offer on any or all end items or types of services, the offeror must meet the size standard for each end item or service item for which it submits an offer. If the procurement calls for more than one specific end item or type of service and an offeror is required to submit an offer on all items, the offeror may qualify as a small business for the procurement if it meets the size standard

of the item which accounts for the greatest percentage of the total contract value.

# § 121.408 What are the size procedures for SBA's Certificate of Competency Program?

- (a) A firm which applies for a COC must file an "Application for Small Business Size Determination" (SBA Form 355). If the initial review of SBA Form 355 indicates the applicant, including its affiliates, is small for purposes of the COC program, SBA will process the application for COC. If the review indicates the applicant, including its affiliates, is other than small, SBA will initiate a formal size determination as set forth in §121.1009. In such a case, SBA will not further process the COC application until a formal size determination is made.
- (b) A concern is ineligible for a COC if a formal SBA size determination finds the concern other than small.

#### § 121.409 What size standard applies in an unrestricted procurement for Certificate of Competency purposes?

For the purpose of receiving a Certificate of Competency in an unrestricted procurement, the applicable size standard is that corresponding to the NAICS code set forth in the solicitation. For a manufactured product, a concern must also furnish a domestically produced or manufactured product, regardless of the size status of the product manufacturer. The offeror need not be the manufacturer of any of the items acquired.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 30863, May 15, 2000]

### § 121.410 What are the size standards for SBA's Section 8(d) Subcontracting Program?

For subcontracting purposes pursuant to sections 8(d) of the Small Business Act, a concern is small for subcontracts which relate to Government procurements if it does not exceed the size standard for the NAICS code that the prime contractor believes best describes the product or service being acquired by the subcontract. However, subcontracts for engineering services awarded under the National Energy

Policy Act of 1992 have the same size standard as Military and Aerospace Equipment and Military Weapons under NAICS 541213.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 30863, May 15, 2000; 69 FR 29205, May 21, 2004]

### § 121.411 What are the size procedures for SBA's Section 8(d) Subcontracting Program?

- (a) Prime contractors may rely on the information contained in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR), or equivalent data base maintained or sanctioned by SBA, as an accurate representation of a concern's size and ownership characteristics for purposes of maintaining a small business source list. Even though a concern is on a small business source list, it must still qualify and self-certify as a small business at the time it submits its offer as a section 8(d) subcontractor.
- (b) Upon determination of the successful subcontract offeror for a competitive subcontract, but prior to award, the prime contractor must inform each unsuccessful subcontract offeror in writing of the name and location of the apparent successful offeror.
- (c) The self-certification of a concern subcontracting or proposing to subcontract under section 8(d) of the Small Business Act may be protested by the contracting officer, the prime contractor, the appropriate SBA official or any other interested party.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29205, May 21, 2004]

# § 121.412 What are the size procedures for partial small business set-asides?

A firm is required to meet size standard requirements only for the small business set-aside portion of a procurement, and is not required to qualify as a small business for the unrestricted portion.

### §121.413 [Reserved]

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR SALES OR LEASE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

#### § 121.501 What programs for sales or leases of Government property are subject to size determinations?

Sections 121.501 through 121.512 apply to small business size determinations for the purpose of the sale or lease of Government property, including the Timber Sales Program, the Special Salvage Timber Sales Program, and the sale of Government petroleum, coal and uranium.

# § 121.502 What size standards are applicable to programs for sales or leases of Government property?

- (a) Unless otherwise specified in this part—
- (1) A concern primarily engaged in manufacturing is small for sales or leases of Government property if it does not exceed 500 employees;
- (2) A concern not primarily engaged in manufacturing is small for sales or leases of Government property if it has annual receipts not exceeding \$6.5 million
- (b) Size status for such sales and leases is determined by the primary industry of the applicant business concern

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 67 FR 3056, Jan. 23, 2002; 70 FR 72594, Dec. 6, 2005]

## § 121.503 Are SBA size determinations binding on parties?

Formal size determinations based upon a specific Government sale or lease, or made in response to a request from another Government agency under §121.901, are binding upon the parties. Other SBA opinions provided to contracting officers or others are only advisory, and are not binding or appealable.

#### § 121.504 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

SBA determines the size status of a concern (including its affiliates) as of the date the concern submits a written self-certification that it is small to the

Government as part of its initial offer including price where there is a specific sale or lease at issue, or as set forth in §121.903 if made in response to a request of another Government agency.

#### § 121.505 What is the effect of a selfcertification?

- (a) A contracting officer may accept a concern's self-certification as true for the particular sale or lease involved, in the absence of a written protest by other offerors or other credible information which would cause the contracting officer or SBA to question the size of the concern.
- (b) Procedures for protesting the self-certification of an offeror are set forth in §§ 121.1001 through 121.1009.

# § 121.506 What definitions are important for sales or leases of Government-owned timber?

- (a) Forest product industry means logging, wood preserving, and the manufacture of lumber and wood related products such as veneer, plywood, hardboard, particle board, or wood pulp, and of products of which lumber or wood related products are the principal raw materials.
- (b) Logging of timber means felling and bucking, yarding, and/or loading. It does not mean hauling.
- (c) *Manufacture of logs* means, at a minimum, breaking down logs into rough cuts of the finished product.
- (d) Sell means, in addition to its usual and customary meaning, the exchange of sawlogs for sawlogs on a product-for-product basis with or without monetary adjustment, and an indirect transfer, such as the sale of the assets of a concern after it has been awarded one or more set-aside sales of timber.
- (e) Significant logging of timber means that a concern uses its own employees to perform at least two of the following: felling and bucking, yarding, and loading.

#### § 121.507 What are the size standards and other requirements for the purchase of Government-owned timber (other than Special Salvage Timber)?

(a) To be small for purposes of the sale of Government-owned timber

(other than Special Salvage Timber) a concern must:

- (1) Be primarily engaged in the logging or forest products industry;
- (2) Not exceed 500 employees, taking into account its affiliates; and
- (3) If it does not intend at the time of the offer to resell the timber—
- (i) Agree that it will manufacture the logs with its own facilities or those of another business which meets the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section;
- (ii) Agree that if it eventually resells the timber, it will resell no more than 30% of the sawtimber volume to other businesses which do not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section; and
- (iii) Agree that if it becomes acquired or controlled by a business which does not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, it will require as a condition of the acquisition or change of control that the acquiring or controlling business resell at least 70% of the sawtimber volume to businesses which do meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section: or
- (4) If it intends at the time of offer to resell the timber—
- (i) Agree that it will not sell more than 30% of such timber (50% of such timber if the concern is an Alaskan business) to a business which does not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section; and
- (ii) Agree that if it becomes acquired or controlled by a business which does not meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, it will require as a condition of the acquisition or change of control that the acquiring or controlling business resell at least 70% of the sawtimber volume (or at least 50% of the sawtimber volume, if it is an Alaskan business) to businesses which meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section.
- (b) For a period of three years following the date upon which a concern purchases timber under a small business set-aside (other than through the Special Salvage Timber Sale program), it must maintain a record of:

(1) The name, address and size status of every concern to which it sells the timber or sawlogs; and

(2) The species, grades and volumes of

sawlogs sold.

(c) For a period of three years following the date upon which a concern purchases timber, it must by contract require all small business repurchasers of the sawlogs or timber it purchased under the small business set-aside to maintain the records described in paragraph (b) of this section.

#### § 121.508 What are the size standards and other requirements for the purchase of Government-owned Special Salvage Timber?

(a) In order to purchase Governmentowned Special Salvage Timber from the United States Forest Service or the Bureau of Land Management as a small business, a concern must:

(1) Be primarily engaged in the logging or forest product industry;

(2) Have, together with its affiliates, no more than twenty-five employees during any pay period for the last twelve months; and

(3) If it does not intend at the time of offer to resell the timber—

(i) Agree that it will manufacture a significant portion of the logs with its own employees; and

(ii) Agree that it will log the timber only with its own employees or with employees of another business which is

eligible for award of a Special Salvage Timber sales contract; or

(4) If it intends at the time of offer to resell the timber, agree that it will perform a significant portion of timber logging with its own employees and that it will subcontract the remainder of the timber logging to a concern which is eligible for award of a Special Salvage Timber sales contract.

# § 121.509 What is the size standard for leasing of Government land for coal mining?

A concern is small for this purpose if it:

- (a) Together with its affiliates, does not have more than 250 employees;
- (b) Maintains management and control of the actual mining operations of the tract; and
- (c) Agrees that if it subleases the Government land, it will be to another

small business, and that it will require its sublessors to agree to the same.

# § 121.510 What is the size standard for leasing of Government land for uranium mining?

A concern is small for this purpose if it, together with its affiliates, does not have more than 100 employees.

# § 121.511 What is the size standard for buying Government-owned petro-leum?

A concern is small for this purpose if it is primarily engaged in petroleum refining and meets the size standard for a petroleum refining business.

## § 121.512 What is the size standard for stockpile purchases?

A concern is small for this purpose if:
(a) It is primarily engaged in the purchase of materials which are not domestic products; and

(b) Its annual receipts, together with its affiliates, do not exceed \$51.5 million.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 67 FR 3056, Jan. 23, 2002; 70 FR 72594, Dec. 6, 2005]

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE 8(A) BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT PRO-GRAM

### § 121.601 What is a small business for purposes of admission to SBA's 8(a) Business Development program?

An applicant must not exceed the size standard corresponding to its primary industry classification in order to qualify for admission to SBA's 8(a) Business Development Program.

[69 FR 29205, May 21, 2004]

## § 121.602 At what point in time must a 8(a) BD applicant be small?

A 8(a) BD applicant must be small for its primary industry at the time SBA certifies it for admission into the program.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

### § 121.603 How does SBA determine whether a Participant is small for a particular 8(a) BD subcontract?

(a) Self certification by Participant. A 8(a) BD Participant must certify that

it qualifies as a small business under the NAICS code assigned to a particular 8(a) BD subcontract as part of its initial offer including price to the procuring agency. The Participant also must submit a copy of its offer, including its self-certification as to size, to the appropriate SBA district office at the same time it submits the offer to the procuring agency. See §121.404 for the time at which size is determined for, and §121.406 for the applicability of the nonmanufacturer rule to, 8(a) BD procurements.

- (b) Verification of size by SBA. Within 30 days of its receipt of a Participant's size self-certification for a particular 8(a) BD subcontract, the SBA district office serving the geographic area in which the Participant's principal office is located will review the Participant's self-certification and determine if it is small for purposes of that subcontract. The SBA district office will review the Participant's most recent financial statements and other relevant data and then notify the Participant of its decision.
- (c) Changes in size between date of self-certification and date of award. (1) Where SBA verifies that the selected Participant is small for a particular procurement, subsequent changes in size up to the date of award, except those due to merger with or acquisition by another business concern, will not affect the firm's size status for that procurement.
- (2) Where a Participant has merged with or been acquired by another business concern between the date of its self-certification and the date of award, the concern must recertify its size status, and SBA must verify the new certification before award can occur.
- (d) Finding Participant to be other than small. (1) A Participant may request a formal size determination (pursuant to §§ 121.1001 through 121.1009) with the SBA Government Contracting Area Office serving the geographic area in which the principal office of the Participant is located within 5 working days of its receipt of notice from the SBA district office that it is not small for a particular 8(a) BD subcontract.
- (2) Where the Participant does not timely request a formal size determination, SBA may accept the pro-

curement in support of another Participant, or may rescind its acceptance of the offer for the 8(a) BD program, as appropriate.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 65 FR 30863, May 15, 2000; 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

# § 121.604 Are 8(a) BD Participants considered small for purposes of other SBA assistance?

A concern which SBA determines to be a small business for the award of a 8(a) BD subcontract will be considered to have met applicable size eligibility requirements of other SBA programs where that assistance directly and primarily relates to the performance of the 8(a) BD subcontract in question.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RE-SEARCH (SBIR) PROGRAM

## § 121.701 What SBIR programs are subject to size determinations?

- (a) These sections apply to size status for award of a funding agreement pursuant to the Small Business Innovation Development Act of 1982 (Pub. L. 97–219, 15 U.S.C. 638(e) through (k)).
- (b) Funding agreement officer means a contracting officer, a grants officer, or a cooperative agreement officer.
- (c) Funding agreement means any contract, grant or cooperative agreement entered into between any Federal agency and any small business for the performance of experimental, developmental, or research work funded in whole or in part by the Federal Government. Such work includes:
- (1) A systematic, intensive study directed toward greater knowledge or understanding of the subject studied;
- (2) A systematic study directed specifically toward applying new knowledge to meet a recognized need; or
- (3) A systematic application of knowledge toward the production of useful materials, devices, and systems or methods, including design, development, and improvement of prototypes and new processes to meet specific requirements.

## §121.702 What size standards are applicable to the SBIR program?

To be eligible for award of funding agreements in the SBA's Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) program, a business concern must meet the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) below:

- (a) Ownership and control. (1) An SBIR awardee must (i) be a concern which is at least 51% owned and controlled by one or more individuals who are citizens of the United States, or permanent resident aliens in the United States; or
- (ii) Be a concern which is at least 51% owned and controlled by another business concern that is itself at least 51% owned and controlled by individuals who are citizens of, or permanent resident aliens in the United States; or
- (iii) Be a joint venture in which each entity to the venture must meet the requirements set forth in either paragraphs (a)(1)(i) or (a)(1)(ii) of this section.
- (2) If an Employee Stock Ownership Plan owns all or part of the concern, SBA considers each stock trustee and plan member to be an owner.
- (3) If a trust owns all or part of the concern, SBA considers each trustee and trust beneficiary to be an owner.
- (b) *Size.* An SBIR awardee, together with its affiliates, not have more than 500 employees.

[69 FR 70185, Dec. 3, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 69183, Nov. 30, 2006]

# § 121.703 Are formal size determinations binding on parties?

Size determinations by authorized SBA officials are formal actions based upon a specific funding agreement, and are binding upon the parties. Other SBA opinions provided to funding agreement officers or others, are only advisory, and are not binding or appealable.

#### § 121.704 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

The size status of a concern for the purpose of a funding agreement under the SBIR program is determined as of the date of the award for both Phase I and Phase II SBIR awards or on the

date of the request for a size determination, if an award is pending.

[69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

### § 121.705 Must a business concern selfcertify its size status?

- (a) A firm must self-certify that it currently meets the eligibility requirements set forth in § 121.702 of this title or will meet those eligibility requirements on the date of award of a funding agreement for a Phase I or Phase II SBIR award.
- (b) A funding agreement officer may accept a concern's self-certification as true for the particular funding agreement involved in the absence of a written protest by other offerors or other credible information which would cause the funding agreement officer or SBA to question the size of the concern.
- (c) Procedures for protesting an offeror's self-certification are set forth in §§ 121.1001 through 121.1009.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR PAYING REDUCED PATENT FEES

## § 121.801 May patent fees be reduced if a concern is small?

These sections apply to size status for the purpose of paying reduced patent fees authorized by Pub. L. 97-247, 96 Stat. 317. The eligibility requirements for independent inventors and non-profit organizations for the purpose of paying reduced patent fees are set forth in regulations of the Patent and Trademark Office of the Department of Commerce, 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28.

# § 121.802 What size standards are applicable to reduced patent fees programs?

A concern eligible for reduced patent fees is one:

- (a) Whose number of employees, including affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons; and
- (b) Which has not assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed (and is under no obligation to do so) any rights in the invention to any person who made it and could not be classified as an independent inventor, or to any concern which would not qualify as a non-profit

organization or a small business concern under this section.

## § 121.803 Are formal size determinations binding on parties?

Size determinations by authorized SBA officials are formal actions, based upon a specific patent application pursuant to the rules of the Patent and Trademark Office, Department of Commerce, and are binding upon the parties. Other SBA opinions provided to patent applicants or others are only advisory, and are not binding or appealable.

# § 121.804 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

Size status is determined as of the date of the patent applicant's written verification of size.

#### §121.805 May a business concern selfcertify its size status?

- (a) A concern verifies its size status with its submission of its patent application.
- (b) Any attempt to establish small size status improperly (fraudulently, through gross negligence, or otherwise) may result in remedial action by the Patent and Trademark Office.
- (c) In the absence of credible information indicating otherwise, the Patent and Trademark Office may accept the verification by the concern as a small business as true.
- (d) Questions concerning the size verification are resolved initially by the Patent and Trademark Office. If not verified as small, the applicant may request a formal SBA size determination.

SIZE ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH PROGRAMS OF OTHER AGENCIES

# § 121.901 Can other Government agencies obtain SBA size determinations?

Upon request by another Government agency, SBA will provide a size determination, under SBA rules, standards and procedures, for its use in determining compliance with small business requirements of its statutes, regulations or programs.

# § 121.902 What size standards are applicable to programs of other agencies?

SBA size standards. The size standards for compliance with programs of other agencies are those for SBA programs which are most comparable to the programs of such other agencies, unless the agency and SBA agree otherwise.

[67 FR 13716, Mar. 26, 2002]

#### § 121.903 How may an agency use size standards for its programs that are different than those established by SBA?

- (a) Federal agencies or departments promulgating regulations relating to small businesses usually use SBA size criteria. In limited circumstances, if they decide the SBA size standard is not suitable for their programs, then agency heads may establish a more appropriate small business definition for the exclusive use in such programs, but only when:
  - (1) The size standard will determine:
- (i) The size of a manufacturing concern by its average number of employees based on the preceding twelve calendar months, determined according to §121.106;
- (ii) The size of a services concern by its average annual receipts over a period of at least three years, determined according to §121.104;
- (iii) The size of other concerns on data over a period of at least three years; or,
  - (iv) Other factors approved by SBA;
- (2) The agency has consulted in writing with SBA's Division Chief, office of Size Standards at least fourteen (14) calendar days before publishing the proposed rule which is part of the rulemaking process. The written consultation will include:
- (i) What size standard the agency contemplates using;
- (ii) To what agency program it will apply;
- (iii) How the agency arrived at this particular size standard for this program; and,
- (iv) Why SBA's existing size standards do not satisfy the program requirements;
- (3) The agency proposes the size standard for public comment pursuant

to the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 553;

- (4) The agency provides a copy of the proposed rule, when it publishes it for public comment as part of the rule-making process, to SBA's Division Chief, Office of Size Standards; and
- (5) SBA's Administrator approves the size standard before the agency adopts a final rule or otherwise prescribes the size standard for its use. The agency's request for the SBA Administrator's approval must include:
- (i) Copies of all comments on the proposed size standard received in response to the proposed rule;
- (ii) A separate written justification for the intended size standard;
- (iii) A copy of the intended final rule if available at that time, or a copy of the intended final rule and preamble prior to its publication; and
- (iv) Other information SBA may request in connection with the request.
- (b) When approving any size standard established pursuant to this section, SBA's Administrator will ensure that the size standard varies from industry to industry to the extent necessary to reflect the differing characteristics of the various industries, and consider other relevant factors.
- (c) Where the agency head is developing a size standard for the sole purpose of performing a Regulatory Flexibility Analysis pursuant to section 601(3) of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, the department or agency may, after consultation with the SBA Office of Advocacy, establish a size standard different from SBA's which is more appropriate for such analysis.

[67 FR 13716, Mar. 26, 2002]

# § 121.904 When does SBA determine the size status of a business concern?

For compliance with programs of other agencies, SBA will base its size determination on the size of the concern as of the date set forth in the request of the other agency.

[67 FR 13716, Mar. 26, 2002]

PROCEDURES FOR SIZE PROTESTS AND REQUESTS FOR FORMAL SIZE DETERMINATIONS

# § 121.1001 Who may initiate a size protest or request a formal size determination?

- (a) Size Status Protests. (1) For SBA's Small Business Set-Aside Program, including the Property Sales Program, or any instance in which a procurement or order has been restricted to or reserved for small business or a particular group of small business, the following entities may file a size protest in connection with a particular procurement, sale or order:
- (i) Any offeror whom the contracting officer has not eliminated for reasons unrelated to size;
  - (ii) The contracting officer;
- (iii) The SBA Government Contracting Area Director having responsibility for the area in which the head-quarters of the protested offeror is located, regardless of the location of a parent company or affiliates, or the Director, Office of Government Contracting; and
- (iv) Other interested parties. Other interested parties include large businesses where only one concern submitted an offer for the specific procurement in question. A concern found to be other than small in connection with the procurement is not an interested party unless there is only one remaining offeror after the concern is found to be other than small.
- (2) For competitive 8(a) contracts, the following entities may protest:
- (i) Any offeror whom the contracting officer has not eliminated for reasons unrelated to size;
  - (ii) The contracting officer; or
- (iii) The SBA District Director, or designee, in either the district office serving the geographical area in which the procuring activity is located or the district office that services the apparent successful offeror, or the Director, office of Business Development.
- (3) For SBA's Subcontracting Program, the following entities may protest:
  - (i) The prime contractor;
  - (ii) The contracting officer;
  - (iii) Other potential subcontractors;

- (iv) The responsible SBA Government Contracting Area Director or the Director, Office of Government Contracting; and
  - (v) Other interested parties.
- (4) For SBA's Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program, the following entities may protest:
  - (i) A prospective offeror;
- (ii) The funding agreement officer;
- (iii) The responsible SBA Government Contracting Area Director or the Division Chief, Office of Technology; and
  - (iv) Other interested parties.
- (5) For the Department of Defense's Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) Program, and any other similar program of another Federal agency, the following entities may file a protest in connection with a particular SDB procurement:
- (i) Any offeror for the specific SDB requirement whom the contracting officer has not eliminated for reasons unrelated to size;
  - (ii) The contracting officer; and
- (iii) The responsible SBA Area Director for Government Contracting, the SBA Director, Office of Government Contracting, or the SBA Director, Office of Business Development;
- (6) For SBA's HUBZone program, the following entities may protest in connection with a particular HUBZone procurement:
- (i) Any concern that submits an offer for a specific HUBZone set-aside procurement that the contracting officer has not eliminated for reasons unrelated to size:
- (ii) Any concern that submitted an offer in full and open competition and its opportunity for award will be affected by a price evaluation preference given a qualified HUBZone SBC;
  - (iii) The contracting officer; and
- (iv) The SBA Director, Office of HUBZone, or designee.
- (7) For any unrestricted Government procurement in which a business concern has represented itself as a small business concern, the following entities may protest in connection with a particular procurement:
  - (i) Any offeror;
  - (ii) The contracting officer; and
- (iii) The responsible SBA Government Contracting Area Director, the

- Director, Office of Government Contracting, or the Director, Office of Business Development.
- (8) For SBA's Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Concern program, the following entities may protest in connection with a particular service-disabled veteran-owned procurement:
- (i) Any concern that submits an offer for a specific service-disabled veteranowned small business set-aside contract:
  - (ii) The contracting officer;
- (iii) The SBA Government Contracting Area Director; and
- (iv) The Director, Office of Government Contracting, or designee.
- (b) Request for Size Determinations. (1) For SBA's Financial Assistance Programs, the following entities may request a formal size determination:
  - (i) The applicant for assistance; and
- (ii) The SBA official with authority to take final action on the assistance requested. That official may also request the appropriate Government Contracting Area Office to determine whether affiliation exists between an applicant for financial assistance and one or more other entities for purposes of determining whether the applicant would exceed the loan limit amount imposed by §120.151 of this chapter.
- (iii) The SBA Associate Administrator for Investment or designee may request a formal size determination for any purpose relating to the SBIC program (see part 107 of this chapter) or the NMVC program (see part 108 of this chapter). A formal size determination includes a request to determine whether or not affiliation exists between two or more entities for any purpose relating to the SBIC program.
  - (2) For SBA's 8(a) BD program:
- (i) Concerning initial or continued 8(a) BD eligibility, the following entities may request a formal size determination:
- (A) The 8(a) BD applicant concern or Participant; or
- (B) The Assistant Administrator of the Division of Program Certification and Eligibility or the Director, Office of Business Development.

- (ii) Concerning individual sole source 8(a) contract awards, the following entities may request a formal size determination:
- (A) The Participant nominated for award of the particular sole source contract:
- (B) The SBA program official with authority to execute the 8(a) contract or, where applicable, the procuring activity contracting officer who has been delegated SBA's 8(a) contract execution functions; or
- (C) The SBA District Director in the district office that services the Participant, or the Director, Office of Business Development.
- (3) For SBA's Certificate of Competency Program, the following entities may request a formal size determination:
- (i) The offeror who has applied for a COC; and
- (ii) The responsible SBA Government Contracting Area Director or the Director, Office of Government Contracting.
- (4) For SBA's sale or lease of government property, the following entities may request a formal size determination:
- (i) The responsible SBA Government Contracting Area Director or the Director, Office of Government Contracting; and
- (ii) Authorized officials of other Federal agencies administering a property sales program.
- (5) For eligibility to pay reduced patent fees, the following entities may request a formal size determination:
- (i) The applicant for the reduced patent fees: and
- (ii) The Patent and Trademark Office.
- (6) For purposes of determining compliance with small business requirements of another Government agency program not otherwise specified in this section, an official with authority to administer the program involved may request a formal size determination.
- (7) In connection with initial or continued eligibility for the Small Disadvantaged Business (SDB) program, the following may request a formal size determination:
  - (i) The applicant or SDB concern; or

- (ii) The Assistant Administrator of the Division of Program Certification and Eligibility or the Director, Office of Business Development.
- (8) In connection with initial or continued eligibility for the HUBZone program, the following may request a formal size determination:
- (i) The applicant or qualified HUBZone business concern; or
- (ii) The Director, Office of HUBZone, or designee.
- (9) For purposes of validating that firms listed in the Central Contractor Registration database are small, the Government Contracting Area Director or the Director, Office of Government Contracting may initiate a formal size determination when sufficient information exists that calls into question a firm's small business status. The current date will be used to determine size, and SBA will initiate the process to remove from the database the small business designation of any firm found to be other than small.
- [61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 31907, June 11, 1998; 63 FR 35739, June 30, 1998; 69 FR 25266, May 5, 2004; 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004; 69 FR 29420, May 24, 2004; 69 FR 44461, July 26, 2004]

## § 121.1002 Who makes a formal size determination?

The responsible Government Contracting Area Director or designee makes all formal size determinations in response to either a size protest or a request for a formal size determination, with the exception of size determinations for purposes of the Disaster Loan Program, which will be made by the Disaster Area Office Director or designee responsible for the area in which the disaster occurred.

## § 121.1003 Where should a size protest be filed?

A protest involving a government procurement or sale must be filed with the contracting officer for the procurement or sale, who must forward the protest to the SBA Government Contracting Area Office serving the area in which the headquarters of the protested concern is located, regardless of the location of any parent company or affiliates.

## § 121.1004 What time limits apply to size protests?

(a) Protests by entities other than contracting officers or SBA—(1) Non-negotiated procurement or sale. A protest must be received by the contracting officer prior to the close of business on the 5th day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after bid or proposal opening.

(2) Negotiated procurement. A protest must be received by the contracting officer prior to the close of business on the 5th day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the contracting officer has notified the protestor of the identity of the pro-

spective awardee.

- (3) Long-term contracts. For contracts with durations greater than five years (including options), including all existing long-term contracts, Multiple Award Schedule (MAS) Contracts, Multiple Agency Contracts (MACs), and Government-wide Acquisition Contracts (GWACs):
- (i) Protests regarding size certifications made for contracts must be received by the contracting officer prior to the close of business on the 5th day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of notice (including notice received in writing, orally, or via electronic posting) of the identity of the prospective awardee or award.
- (ii) Protests regarding size certifications made for an option period must be received by the contracting officer prior to the close of business on the 5th day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of notice (including notice received in writing, orally, or via electronic posting) of the size certification made by the protested concern
- (A) A contracting officer is not required to terminate a contract where a concern is found to be other than small pursuant to a size protest concerning a size certification made for an option period.
  - (B) [Reserved]
- (iii) Protests relating to size certifications made in response to a contracting officer's request for size certifications in connection with an individual order must be received by the contracting officer prior to the close of

- business on the 5th day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of notice (including notice received in writing, orally, or via electronic posting) of the identity of the prospective awardee or award.
- (4) Electronic notification of award. Where notification of award is made electronically, such as posting on the Internet under Simplified Acquisition Procedures, a protest must be received by the contracting officer before close of business on the fifth day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the electronic posting.
- (5) No notice of award. Where there is no requirement for written pre-award notice or notice of award, or where the contracting officer has failed to provide written notification of award, the 5-day protest period will commence upon oral notification by the contracting officer or authorized representative or another means (such as public announcements or other oral communications) of the identity of the apparent successful offeror.
- (b) Protests by contracting officers or SBA. The time limitations in paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to contracting officers or SBA, and they may file protests before or after awards, except to the extent set forth in paragraph (e) of this section. Notwithstanding paragraph (e), for purposes of the SBIR program the contracting officer and SBA may file a protest in anticipation of award.
- (c) Effect of contract award. A timely filed protest applies to the procurement in question even though a contracting officer awarded the contract prior to receipt of the protest.
- (d) *Untimely protests.* A protest received after the allotted time limits must still be forwarded to SBA. SBA will dismiss untimely protests.
- (e) *Premature protests.* A protest filed by any party, including the contracting officer, before bid opening or notification to offerors of the selection of the apparent successful offer will be dismissed as premature.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004; 71 FR 66444, Nov. 15, 2006]

## § 121,1005 How must a protest be filed with the contracting officer?

A protest must be delivered to the contracting officer by hand, telegram, mail, facsimile, Federal Express or other overnight delivery service, email, or telephone. If a protest is made by telephone, the contracting officer must later receive a confirming letter either within the 5-day period in §121.1004(a)(1) or postmarked no later than one day after the date of the telephone protest.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

### § 121.1006 When will a size protest be referred to an SBA Government Contracting Area Office?

- (a) A contracting officer who receives a protest (other than from SBA) must forward the protest promptly to the SBA Government Contracting Area Office serving the area in which the head-quarters of the offeror is located.
- (b) A contracting officer's referral must contain the following information:
- (1) The protest and any accompanying materials;
- panying materials;
  (2) A copy of the self-certification as to size:
- (3) Identification of the applicable size standard;
- (4) A copy of the solicitation;
- (5) Identification of the date of bid opening or notification provided to unsuccessful offerors;
- (6) The date on which the protest was received: and
- (7) A complete address and point of contact for the protested concern.

# § 121.1007 Must a protest of size status relate to a particular procurement and be specific?

- (a) Particular procurement. A protest challenging the size of a concern which does not pertain to a particular procurement or sale will not be acted on by SBA.
- (b) A protest must include specific facts. A protest must be sufficiently specific to provide reasonable notice as to the grounds upon which the protested concern's size is questioned. Some basis for the belief or allegation stated in the protest must be given. A protest merely alleging that the protested con-

cern is not small or is affiliated with unnamed other concerns does not specify adequate grounds for the protest. No particular form is prescribed for a protest. Where materials supporting the protest are available, they should be submitted with the protest.

(c) Non-specific protests will be dismissed. Protests which do not contain sufficient specificity will be dismissed by SBA. The following are examples of allegation specificity:

Example 1: An allegation that concern X is large because it employs more than 500 employees (where 500 employees is the applicable size standard) without setting forth a basis for the allegation is non-specific.

Example 2: An allegation that concern X is large because it exceeds the 500 employee size standard (where 500 employees is the applicable size standard) because a higher employment figure was published in publication Y is sufficiently specific.

Example 3: An allegation that concern X is affiliated with concern Y without setting forth any basis for the allegation is non-specific.

Example 4: An allegation that concern X is affiliated with concern Y because Mr. A is the majority shareholder in both concerns is sufficiently specific.

Example 5: An allegation that concern X has revenues in excess of \$5 million (where \$5 million is the applicable size standard) without setting forth a basis for the allegation is non-specific.

Example 6: An allegation that concern X exceeds the size standard (where the applicable size standard is \$5 million) because it received Government contracts in excess of \$5 million last year is sufficiently specific.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 69 FR 29206, May 21, 2004]

# § 121.1008 What occurs after SBA receives a size protest or request for a formal size determination?

(a) When SBA receives a size protest, the SBA Area Director for Government Contracting, or designee, will notify the contracting officer, the protested concern, and the protestor that the protest has been received. If the protest pertains to a requirement involving SBA's HUBZone program, the Area Director will also notify the D/HUB of the protest. If the protest pertains to a requirement involving SBA's SBIR Program, the Area Director will also notify the Division Chief, Office of Technology. If the protest involves the size status of a concern that SBA has

certified as a small disadvantaged business (SDB) (see part 124, subpart B of this chapter) the Area Director will notify SBA's Director, Office of Business Development. If the protest pertains to a requirement that has been reserved for competition among eligible 8(a) BD program participants, the Area Director will notify the SBA district office servicing the 8(a) concern whose size status has been protested. SBA will provide a copy of the protest to the protested concern together with SBA Form 355, Application for Small Business Size Determination, by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any overnight delivery service that provides proof of receipt. SBA will ask the protested concern to complete the form and respond to the allegations in the protest.

- (b) When SBA receives a request for a formal size determination in accord with §121.1001(b), SBA will provide a blank copy of SBA Form 355 to the concern whose size is at issue.
- (c) The protested concern or concern whose size is at issue must return the completed SBA Form 355 and all other requested information to SBA within 3 working days from the date of receipt of the blank form from SBA. SBA has discretion to grant an extension of time to file the form. The firm must attach to the completed SBA Form 355 its answers to the allegations contained in the protest, where applicable, together with any supporting material.
- (d) If a concern whose size status is at issue fails to submit a completed SBA Form 355, responses to the allegations of the protest, or other requested information within the time allowed by SBA, or if it submits incomplete information, SBA may presume that disclosure of the information required by the form or other missing information would demonstrate that the concern is other than a small business. A concern whose size status is at issue must furnish information about its alleged affiliates to SBA, despite any third party claims of privacy or confidentiality, because SBA will not disclose information obtained in the course of a size de-

termination except as permitted by Federal law.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 63 FR 31908, June 11, 1998; 69 FR 29207, May 21, 2004]

## § 121.1009 What are the procedures for making the size determination?

- (a) Time frame for making size determination. After receipt of a protest or a request for a formal size determination, SBA will make a formal size determination within 10 working days, if possible.
- (b) Basis for determination. The size determination will be based primarily on the information supplied by the protestor or the entity requesting the size determination and that provided by the concern whose size status is at issue. The determination, however, may also be based on grounds not raised in the protest or request for size determination. SBA may use other information and may make requests for additional information to protestor, the concern whose size status is at issue and any alleged affiliates, or other parties.
- (c) *Burden of persuasion.* The concern whose size is under consideration has the burden of establishing its small business size.
- (d) Weight of evidence. SBA will give greater weight to specific, signed, factual evidence than to general, unsupported allegations or opinions. In the case of refusal or failure to furnish requested information within a required time period, SBA may assume that disclosure would be contrary to the interests of the party failing to make disclosure.
- (e) Formal size determination. The SBA will base its formal size determination upon the record, including reasonable inferences from the record, and will state in writing the basis for its findings and conclusions.
- (f) Notification of determination. SBA will promptly notify the contracting officer, the protestor, and the protested offeror, as well as each affiliate or alleged affiliate, of the size determination. The notification will be by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by any overnight delivery service that provides proof of receipt.

- (g) Results of an SBA Size Determination. (1) A formal size determination becomes effective immediately and remains in full force and effect unless and until reversed by OHA.
- (2) A contracting officer may award a contract based on SBA's formal size determination.
- (3) If the formal size determination is appealed to OHA, the OHA decision on appeal will apply to the pending procurement or sale if the decision is received before award. OHA decisions received after contract award will not apply to that procurement or sale, but will have future effect, unless the contracting officer agrees to apply the OHA decision to the procurement or sale.
- (4) Once SBA has determined that a concern is other than small for purposes of a particular procurement, the concern cannot later become eligible for the procurement by reducing its size.
- (5) A concern determined to be other than small under a particular size standard is ineligible for any procurement or any assistance authorized by the Small Business Act or the Small Business Investment Act of 1958 which requires the same or a lower size standard, unless SBA recertifies the concern to be small pursuant to §121.1010 or OHA reverses the adverse size determination. After an adverse size determination, a concern cannot self-certify as small under the same or lower size standard unless it is first recertified as small by SBA. If a concern does so, it may be in violation of criminal laws, including section 16(d) of the Small Business Act, 15 U.S.C. 645(d). If the concern has already certified itself as small on a pending procurement or on an application for SBA assistance, the concern must immediately inform the officials responsible for the pending procurement or requested assistance of the adverse size determination.
- (h) Limited reopening of size determinations. In cases where the size determination contains clear administrative error or a clear mistake of fact, SBA may, in its sole discretion, reopen the size determination to correct the

error or mistake, provided no appeal has been filed with OHA.

[61 FR 3286, Jan. 31, 1996, as amended at 67 FR 47245, July 18, 2002; 69 FR 29207, May 21, 2004]

## § 121.1010 How does a concern become recertified as a small business?

- (a) A concern may request SBA to recertify it as small at any time by filing an application for recertification with the Government Contracting Area Office responsible for the area in which the headquarters of the applicant is located, regardless of the location of parent companies or affiliates. No particular form is prescribed for the application; however, the request for recertification must be accompanied by a current completed SBA Form 355 and any other information sufficient to show a significant change in its ownership, management, or other factors bearing on its status as a small concern.
- (b) Recertification will not be required nor will the prohibition against future self-certification apply if the adverse SBA size determination is based solely on a finding of affiliation due to a joint venture (e.g., ostensible subcontracting) limited to a particular Government procurement or property sale, or is based on an ineligible manufacturer where the eligible small business bidder or offeror is a nonmanufacturer on a particular Government procurement.
- (c) A denial of an application for recertification is a formal size determination and may be reviewed by OHA at the discretion of that office.
- (d) The granting of an application for recertification has future effect only. While it is a formal size determination, notice of recertification is required to be given only to the applicant.

APPEALS OF SIZE DETERMINATIONS AND NAICS CODE DESIGNATIONS

## §121.1101 Are formal size determinations subject to appeal?

(a) Appeals from formal size determinations may be made to OHA. Unless an appeal is made to OHA, the size determination made by a SBA Government Contracting Area Office or Disaster Area Office is the final decision

of the agency. The procedures for appealing a formal size determination to OHA are set forth in part 134 of this chapter. The OHA appeal is an administrative remedy that must be exhausted before judicial review of a formal size determination may be sought in a court.

(b) OHA will not review a formal size determination where the contract has been awarded and the issue(s) raised in a petition for review are contract specific, such as compliance with the nonmanufacturer rule (see §121.406(b)), or joint venture or ostensible subcontractor rule (see §121.103(h)).

[69 FR 29207, May 21, 2004]

### § 121.1102 Are NAICS code designations subject to appeal?

A NAICS code designation made by a procuring activity contracting officer may be appealed to OHA. The procedures governing OHA appeals are set forth in part 134 of this chapter. The OHA appeal is an administrative remedy that must be exhausted before judicial review of a NAICS code designation may be sought in a court.

[67 FR 47245, July 18, 2002]

# § 121.1103 What are the procedures for appealing a NAICS code designation?

(a) Any interested party adversely affected by a NAICS code designation may appeal the designation to OHA. The only exception is that, for a sole source contract reserved under SBA's 8(a) Business Development program (see part 124 of this chapter), only SBA's Director, Office of Business Development may appeal the NAICS code designation.

(b) The contracting officer's determination of the applicable NAICS code is final unless appealed as follows:

(1) An appeal from a contracting officer's NAICS code designation and applicable size standard must be served and filed within 10 calendar days after the issuance of the initial solicitation. OHA will summarily dismiss an untimely NAICS code appeal.

(2)(i) The appeal petition must be in writing and must be sent to the Office of Hearings & Appeals, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd

Street, SW., Suite 5900, Washington, DC 20416.

(ii) There is no required format for a NAICS code appeal, but an appeal must include the following information: the solicitation or contract number; the name, address, and telephone number of the contracting officer; a full and specific statement as to why the NAICS code designation is erroneous, and argument in support thereof; and the name, address and telephone number of the appellant or its attorney.

(3) The appellant must serve the appeal petition upon the contracting officer who assigned the NAICS code to the acquisition and SBA's Office of General Counsel, Associate General Counsel for Procurement Law, 409 3rd Street, SW., Washington, DC 20416.

(4) Upon receipt of a NAICS code appeal, OHA will notify the contracting officer by notice and order of the date OHA received the appeal, the docket number, and the Judge assigned to the case. The contracting officer's response to the appeal must include argument and supporting evidence (see part 134, subpart C, of this chapter) and must be received by OHA within 10 calendar days from the date of the docketing notice and order, unless otherwise specified by the Judge. Upon receipt of OHA's docketing notice and order, the contracting officer must immediately send to OHA a copy of the solicitation relating to the NAICS code appeal.

(5) After close of the record, OHA will issue a decision and inform all interested parties, including the appellant and contracting officer. If OHA's decision is received by the contracting officer before the date offers are due, the solicitation must be amended if the contracting officer's designation of the NAICS code is reversed. If OHA's decision is received by the contracting officer after the due date of initial offers, the decision will not apply to the pending procurement, but will apply to future solicitations for the same products or services.

[69 FR 29207, May 21, 2004]