Attachment C-2

Indicators for School Health Programs: HIV Prevention, State Education Agencies (FY2008-FY2010)

Indicators for School Health Programs: HIV Prevention State Education Agencies

Fiscal Year: March 1, 2008 – February 28, 2009 Division of Adolescent and School Health

Funding Opportunity Number: CDC-RFA-DP08-801: Improving Health and Education Outcomes of Young People

Instructions

This set of indicators describes the performance in seven areas of your HIV prevention project: (1) project planning; (2) policy; (3) curricula and instruction; (4) assessment of student performance; (5) external collaboration; (6) reducing disparities among populations of youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission; and (7) other information and activities.

A glossary of terms is included at the end of the *Indicators*.

Activities to be reported are those for which **any amount** of DASH funds were used, or in which staff time to develop, implement, or evaluate activities was funded in any amount by DASH. These questions apply only to priority health risk behaviors addressed in Funding Opportunity Announcement DP08-801. Do not include HIV prevention activities funded through supplements to DP08-801.

Please answer each question carefully and accurately. Not all items or activities may reflect the emphasis of your HIV Prevention Project for the current fiscal year, and therefore you may report that you have not performed activities in those areas by entering zeros. Additionally, you may not currently collect information about some activities. If so, please leave the answer blank. Please be sure to include materials for those items requesting attachments.

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 7.2 hours per response, including the time reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a current valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC/ATSDR Reports Clearance Officer; 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS-D-74, Atlanta, Georgia 30333; ATTN: PRA (0920-0672).

For further questions or assistance with completing this report please contact your CDC project officer.

Person completing the Indicators:				
Name:				
Title:				
State:	Phone:			
Email:				





I. PROJECT PLANNING

How	How many school districts do you have in your state? TOTAL				
How	How many schools do you have in your state? TOTAL				
How	many regional support units do you have in your state?	ТОТА	L		
In FY 2008, which of the following planning and evaluation activities did your project carry out? YES NO					
A.	Conduct or review Program Inventory	0	0		
B.	Develop or revise a five-year strategic plan	0	0		
C.	Conduct formative evaluation	0	0		
D.	Create or revise a logic model	0	0		
E.	Write SMART objectives	0	0		
F.	Conduct process evaluation	0	0		
G.	Conduct outcome evaluation	0	0		
H.	Select or review School-Level Impact Measures (SLIMs)	0	0		
I.	Develop success stories	0	0		
J.	Other	0	0		
	Please specify	_			
	Y 2008, did you integrate your HIV prevention activities into the program components?	any of the	e following	g school	
٨	Counciling/neverbale sign!/conicl compiees	O	O		
A. B.	Counseling/psychological/social services Health education	0	0		
Б .	Health services	0	0		
D.		0	0		
	Healthy school environment/policy Nutrition services				
E. F.		0	0		
	Parent/community involvement	=	0		
G.	Physical education	0	0		
H.	Staff health promotion	0	0		

II. POLICY

6. During FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project **DEVELOP** (or revise or assist in developing) model policies, policy guidance, or other policy materials for district or school staff on the following topics?

Policy topic (Choose one for each policy topic)		YES	NO—we have such policies but did not develop (or revise or assist in developing) them during FY 2008	NO—we do not have such policies
A.	HIV prevention education for students	0	0	0
В.	Infection control/universal precautions for all school staff	0	0	0
C.	Maintaining confidentiality of HIV-infected students and staff	0	0	0
D.	Professional development requirements for teachers of HIV prevention education	0	0	0
E.	Confidential counseling for HIV-infected students	0	0	0
F.	Procedures to protect HIV-infected students and staff from discrimination	0	0	0
G.	Attendance of students with HIV infection	0	0	0
H.	Other model policies, policy guidance, or other policy materials	0	0	0

- 7. During FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project **DISTRIBUTE** to district or school staff established or model policies, policy guidance, or other policy materials on the following topics? (Choose one for each topic.)
 - A. **HIV prevention education** for students. (Choose one.)
 - O YES
 - \bigcirc NO \rightarrow Skip to 7B

IF YES, provide the total:

- 1. Number of districts reached directly ____
- 2. Number of hits on web site
- 3. Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)

B.	Infection control/universal precautions for all school staff. (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 7C
	IF YES, provide the total: 1. Number of districts reached directly
	 Number of hits on web site Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)
C.	Maintaining confidentiality of HIV-infected students and staff. (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 7D
	IF YES, provide the total: 1. Number of districts reached directly
	2. Number of hits on web site
	3. Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)
D.	Professional development requirements for teachers of HIV prevention education. (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 7E
	IF YES, provide the total: 1. Number of districts reached directly
	2. Number of hits on web site
	3. Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)
E.	Confidential counseling for HIV-infected students. (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 7F
	IF YES, provide the total:
	Number of districts reached directly
	 Number of hits on web site Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list
	number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)

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F.	Procedures to protect HIV-infected students and staff from discrimination . (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 7G
	IF YES, provide the total:1. Number of districts reached directly2. Number of hits on web site
	 Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)
G.	Attendance of students with HIV infection. (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 7H
	IF YES, provide the total: 1. Number of districts reached directly
	 Number of hits on web site Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)
H.	Other established or model policies, policy standards, or other policy materials related to HIV prevention. (Choose one.)
0	YES NO → Skip to 8
	IF YES, 1. Specify policy topic
	Number of districts reached directly
	3. Number of hits on web site
	4. Number of listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards used (do not list number of e-mails posted but the number of electronic distribution lists used)

8.	DEV	During FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project provide PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (not to include presentations) to district or school staff that included information on established or model policies, policy guidance, or other policy materials?				
	0	YES				
	0	NO→ Skip to 9				
		ES, provide the total:				
	A.	Number of professional development <u>events</u> focusing <u>only</u> on HIV policy				
	В.	Number of <u>participants</u> in professional development events focusing <u>only</u> on HIV policy				
	C.	Number of professional development events focusing <u>only</u> on HIV policy for which you conducted <u>follow-up support</u>				
	D.	Number of professional development <u>events</u> that <u>combined</u> HIV policy with other topic(s) (include only professional development in which activities or a portion of the event focused specifically on HIV policy)				
	E.	Number of <u>participants</u> in professional development events that <u>combined</u> HIV policy with other topics				
	F.	Number of professional development events that <u>combined</u> HIV policy with other topic(s) for which you conducted <u>follow-up support</u>				
	G.	Number of schools reached directly				
	H.	Number of districts reached directly				
	I.	Number of regional support units reached directly				
	J.	Number of external agency partners reached directly				
9.	distri	ng FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project provide TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE to act or school staff on established or model policies, policy guidance, or other policy rials?				
	0	YES				
	0	NO→ Skip to 10				
		ES, provide the total:				
	A.	Number of schools reached directly				
	В.	Number of districts reached directly				
	C.	Number of regional support units reached directly				
	D.	Number of external agency partners reached directly				

ASS	bu directly reached external agency partners, to what types of external agency partners did DISTRIBUTE, provide PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT on, or provide TECHNICAL SISTANCE on established or model policies, policy guidance, or other policy materials? rk all that apply.)
0	Not Applicable – We did not reach external agency partners
0	CDC-sponsored community planning group (CPG) for HIV prevention
0	Faith-based organizations
0	Health care providers/physicians
0	Legislators/lawmakers
0	Local- or county-level health agencies/departments of health
0	National non-governmental organizations (NGOs) (including local affiliates)
0	Parents/guardians/caregivers (including those reached through PTAs/PTOs)
0	Professional associations/organizations (e.g., NEA, AAHPERD, ASHA)
0	Social service agencies
\circ	State-level health agencies/departments of health
0	Universities/colleges/institutions of higher education
0	Youth-serving organizations
0	Other – Please specify type
of tl	
edu	ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DEVELOP (or revise or assist in developing) any ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance?
edu	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health
O O Dur	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008.
O O Dur	re following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks,
O O Dur the insti	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13
O O O Dur the sinsts	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13 ES, provide the total:
O O O Dur the instriction of the Y A.	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13 ES, provide the total: Number of schools reached directly
O O O Dur the instruction of the	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13 ES, provide the total: Number of schools reached directly Number of districts reached directly Number of districts reached directly
O O Dur the insti	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13 ES, provide the total: Number of schools reached directly Number of districts reached directly Number of regional support units reached directly
O O O Dur the instruction of the	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13 ES, provide the total: Number of schools reached directly Number of regional support units reached directly Number of external agency partners reached directly Number of external agency partners reached directly
O O O Dur the instruction of the A. B. C. D.	ne following on HIV prevention for district or school staff: exemplary curricula, health cation standards, frameworks, instructional strategies, or other guidance? YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them during FY 2008. NO—we do not have such materials. Ing FY08, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff any of following on HIV prevention: exemplary curricula, health education standards, frameworks, ructional strategies, or other guidance? (Choose one.) YES NO → Skip to 13 ES, provide the total: Number of schools reached directly Number of districts reached directly Number of regional support units reached directly

13.	(not to instru infor	During FY08, did your HIV prevention project provide PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (not to include presentations) to district or school staff on exemplary HIV curricula or instruction? (e.g., training on selected curricula; the importance of scientifically accurate information; characteristics of effective HIV prevention programs; effective instructional strategies; or aligning HIV prevention programs to meet health education standards.)				
	0	YES NO→ Skip to 14				
		ES, provide the total:				
	A.	Number of professional development <u>events</u> focusing <u>only</u> on HIV curricula or instruction				
	В.	Number of <u>participants</u> in professional development events focusing <u>only</u> on HIV curricula or instruction				
	C.	Number of professional development events focusing <u>only</u> on HIV curricula or instruction for which you conducted <u>follow-up support</u>				
	D.	Number of professional development <u>events</u> that <u>combined</u> HIV curricula or instruction with other topic(s) (include only professional development in which activities or a portion of the event focused specifically on exemplary HIV curricula or instruction)				
	E.	Number of <u>participants</u> in professional development events that <u>combined</u> HIV curricula or instruction with other topics				
	F.	Number of professional development events that <u>combined</u> HIV curricula or instruction with other topic(s) for which you conducted <u>follow-up support</u>				
	G.	Number of schools reached directly				
	H.	Number of districts reached directly				
	I.	Number of regional support units reached directly				
	J.	Number of external agency partners reached directly				
14.	to dis	ng FY08, did your HIV prevention project conduct PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT strict or school staff on any specific HIV prevention education curricula and/or rams to deliver to youth ? (Do not include textbook titles or programs on general actional strategies.)				
	0	YES NO→ Skip to 15				
	O	NO 7 Skip to 13				
	If YE A.	ES, please provide the name of the curricula or programs:				
	B.					
	C.					
	D.					
	E					

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.5.	or scl	During FY08, did your HIV prevention project provide TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE to district or school staff on HIV curricula or instruction? (e.g., help in reviewing, revising, developing, selecting, or implementing instructional materials for HIV prevention)			
	0	YES NO→ Skip to 16			
	If YE	S, provide the total:			
	A.	Number of schools reached directly			
	B.	Number of districts reached directly			
	C.	Number of regional support units reached directly			
	D.	Number of external agency partners reached directly			
16.	you I ASSI	DISTRIBUTE, provide PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT on, or provide TECHNICAL STANCE on HIV curricula or instruction? (Mark all that apply.)			
	0	Not Applicable – We did not reach external agency partners			
	0	CDC-sponsored community planning group (CPG) for HIV prevention			
	0	Faith-based organizations			
	0	Health care providers/physicians			
	0	Legislators/lawmakers			
	0	Local- or county-level health agencies/departments of health			
	0	National non-governmental organizations (NGOs) (including local affiliates)			
	0	Parents/guardians/caregivers (including those reached through PTAs/PTOs)			
	0	Professional associations/organizations (e.g., NEA, AAHPERD, ASHA)			
	0	Social service agencies			
	0	State-level health agencies/departments of health			
	0	Universities/colleges/institutions of higher education			
	0	Youth-serving organizations			
	0	Other – Please specify type			

17.	During FY 2008, which of the following topics were emphasized by your HIV prevention project
	in curricula or instruction?

	YES	NO	
A.	\circ	\circ	Abstinence from sexual intercourse to prevent HIV transmission
B.	0	0	Abstinence from IV drug use to prevent HIV transmission
C.	0	0	Proper and consistent use of condoms among sexually active youth to reduce the risk of HIV transmission
D.	0	0	Influencing social norms to prevent HIV infection
E.	0	0	Reducing number of partners
F.	0	0	Developing individual and interpersonal skills to prevent HIV infection (e.g., goal setting, decision making, refusal, negotiation, communication, advocacy)
G.	0	0	The relationship between HIV prevention and other STD prevention or pregnancy prevention
H.	0	0	The relationship between HIV prevention and prevention of alcohol or other drug use
I.	0	\circ	How to implement universal precautions

IV. ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE

18.	In FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project DEVELOP (or revise or assist in developing) for district or school staff frameworks or guidance that focused on how to assess or measure, at the classroom level, students' knowledge and skills regarding HIV prevention?			
	0 0	YES NO—we have such materials but did not develop them this fiscal year. NO—we do not have such materials.		
19.	In FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project DISTRIBUTE to district or school staff frameworks or guidance that focused on how to assess or measure, at the classroom level, students' knowledge and skills regarding HIV prevention? This does <u>not</u> include materials on how to conduct the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) or the School Health Profiles (Profiles)			
	0	YES NO		

20.	In FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project conduct PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (not to include presentations) to district or school staff that focused on how to assess or measure, at the classroom level, students' knowledge and skills regarding HIV prevention? This does <u>not</u> include training on how to conduct the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) or the School Health Profiles (Profiles).				
	0	YES NO→ Skip to 21			
	If YES	, provide the total:			
	A.	Number of professional development <u>events</u> focusing on health education assessment, <u>including</u> HIV prevention (include only professional development in which activities or a portion of the event focused specifically on assessing student performance related to HIV prevention)			
	В.	Number of <u>participants</u> from professional development events focusing on health assessment <u>including</u> HIV prevention (include only professional development in which activities or a portion of the event focused specifically on assessing student performance related to HIV prevention)			
	C.	Number of professional development events focusing on health education assessment, including HIV prevention (include only professional development in which activities or a portion of the event focused specifically on assessing student performance related to HIV prevention) for which you conducted follow-up support			
	D.	Number of professional development events focusing on health education assessment			
	E.	Number of <u>participants</u> from all professional development events focusing on health education assessment			
	F.	Number of professional development events focusing on health education assessment for which you conducted <u>follow-up support</u>			
	G.	Number of schools reached directly			
	H.	Number of districts reached directly			
	I.	Number of regional support units reached directly			
	J.	Number of external agency partners reached directly			
21.	In FY 2008, did your HIV prevention project provide TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE to district or school staff that focused on how to assess or measure, at the classroom level, students' knowledge and skills regarding HIV prevention?				
	0	YES			
	0	NO→ Skip to 22			
		, provide the total:			
	A. B.	Number of schools reached directly Number of districts reached directly			
	C.	Number of regional support units reached directly			
	D.	Number of external agency partners reached directly			
	. .	1 tollioot of olitorial agono, paralloli foathou allocally			

Please continue on the next page →

- 22. If you directly reached external agency partners, to what **types of external agency partners** did you DISTRIBUTE frameworks or guidance, provide PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT on, or provide TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE on how to assess or measure, at the classroom level, students' knowledge and skills regarding HIV prevention? (Mark all that apply.)
 - O Not Applicable We did not reach external agency partners
 - O CDC-sponsored community planning group (CPG) for HIV prevention
 - O Faith-based organizations
 - O Health care providers/physicians
 - O Legislators/lawmakers
 - O Local- or county-level health agencies/departments of health
 - O National non-governmental organizations (NGOs) (including local affiliates)
 - O Parents/guardians/caregivers (including those reached through PTAs/PTOs)
 - O Professional associations/organizations (e.g., NEA, AAHPERD, ASHA)
 - O Social service agencies
 - O State-level health agencies/departments of health
 - O Universities/colleges/institutions of higher education
 - O Youth-serving organizations
 - Other Please specify type_

V. EXTERNAL COLLABORATION

0	YES		
0			
	NO→ Skip to 24		
If YES	S, choose YES or NO for each of the following external agency partners:		
II I L	s, choose 125 of 100 for each of the following external agency partners.	YES]
A.	Agencies serving primarily African-American youth	0	
B.	Agencies serving primarily Hispanic youth	0	
C.	Agencies serving primarily American Indian/Alaskan Native youth	0	
D.	Agencies serving primarily Asian/Pacific Islander youth	0	
E.	Agencies serving primarily sexual minority youth	0	
F.	AIDS service community organizations	0	
G.	Alcohol and drug rehabilitation facilities	0	
H.	CDC-funded local education agency HIV projects	0	
I.	Community organizations serving parents and families		
	(this does not include internal school parent groups such as the PTA)	0	
J.	Education organizations (e.g., advocacy, service, professional, or		
	membership associations)	0	
K.	Faith-based organizations	0	
L.	Health care providers/physicians	0	
M.	Health organizations (e.g., advocacy, service, professional,		
	or membership associations)	0	
N.	Juvenile corrections facilities	0	
0.	Legislators/lawmakers	0	
P.	Local- or county-level health agencies/departments of health	0	
Q.	National non-governmental organizations (NGOs)		
•	(including local affiliates)	0	
R.	Organizations that focus exclusively on abstinence	0	
S.	Parents/guardians/caregivers (including those reached through		
	PTAs/PTOs)	0	
T.	Professional associations/organizations (non-education)	0	
U.	Social service agencies	0	
V.	State-level health agencies/departments of health	0	
W.	State health coalitions or networks	0	
X.	Universities/colleges/institutions of higher education	0	
Y.	Youth (representing schools or communities)	0	
Z.	Youth-serving community organizations	0	
AA.	Other types of external agency partners not listed above	0	

(If additional space is needed to list "other types of external agency partners not listed above," please label them BB-EE.)

24.		e following descriptions best describes your property of the Community Planning Ground Community Planning Com			agency's
	O No one from the SEA	A attends the meetings			
		er attends meetings to observe, but has no	o formal r	ole	
		er attends and serves as a content expert of			but
	O An SEA staff member	er attends meetings and has voting privile	eges		
	O Other				
	Please specify				
25.		ONATE RISK FOR HIV TRA project reviewed to identify youth at dis			for
	m v transmission:		YES	NO	
	A. Youth Risk Behavior	r Survey (YRBS) data	0	0	
		e and prevalence data for youth	0	0	
		e and prevalence data for adults	0	0	
		orevalence data (excluding HIV/AIDS)	0	0	
	E. Pregnancy and live b		0	0	
	F. Comprehensive HIV		0	0	
	G. Other		0	0	
	Please specify		_		
26.	transmission (including ident transmission, such as countie A	, 	rtionate ri	sk for HIV	

27.	school	FY 2008, what activities did your project conduct to increase the capacity of districts and s to reach the youth your project identified as being at disproportionate risk for HIV ission? (Mark all that apply.)
	0	Partnering with agencies to deliver programs within school settings to youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Partnering with agencies to deliver programs outside school settings to youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Partnering with health agencies to provide health services in or out of school settings to youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Promoting student organizations that reach youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Providing programs and services that reach youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Other Please specify
28.	reach t	e activities conducted during FY 2008 to increase the capacity of districts and schools to he youth your project identified as being at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission, opics were included? (Mark all that apply.) Identifying strategies to increase involvement of youth at disproportionate risk for HIV
		transmission in programs and services
	0	Providing culturally or linguistically competent educational programs or services for youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Understanding the HIV prevention needs of youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	Building the skill of school administrators, faculty, or staff to address youth at
		disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	0	

29.		ng FY 2008, describe the PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (not to include
		ntations) to district or school staff that your HIV prevention project provided that <u>focused</u> on
		oving the quality of HIV prevention for youth your project identified as being at
	dispr	oportionate risk for HIV transmission:
	A.	Number of professional development events that focused on improving the quality of
	А.	HIV prevention for youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	B.	Number of participants in professional development events that focused on improving the
	ъ.	quality of HIV prevention for youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission
	C.	Number of professional development events that focused on improving the quality of
	C.	HIV prevention for youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission for which you
		conducted follow-up support
	D.	Number of schools reached directly
	E.	Number of districts reached directly
	F.	Number of regional support units reached directly
	G.	Number of external agency partners reached directly
30.	Durir	ng FY 2008, describe the TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE to district or school staff that your
	HIV	prevention project provided to reach youth your project identified as being at
	dispr	oportionate risk for HIV transmission:
	A.	Number of schools reached directly
	B.	Number of districts reached directly
	C.	Number of regional support units reached directly
	D.	Number of external agency partners reached directly
31.	If was	directly reached automal agency northern to what typing of automal agency northern did
31.		a directly reached external agency partners, to what types of external agency partners did provide PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT or TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE on improving
		uality of HIV prevention for youth your project identified as being at disproportionate risk
	_	IV transmission? (Mark all that apply.)
	101 11	i v transmission: (wark an that appry.)
	0	Not Applicable – We did not reach external agency partners
	0	CDC-sponsored community planning group (CPG) for HIV prevention
	0	Faith-based organizations
	0	Health care providers/physicians
	0	Legislators/lawmakers
	0	Local- or county-level health agencies/departments of health
	0	National non-governmental organizations (NGOs) (including local affiliates)
	0	Parents/guardians/caregivers (including those reached through PTAs/PTOs)
	0	Professional associations/organizations (e.g., NEA, AAHPERD, ASHA)
	0	Social service agencies
	0	State-level health agencies/departments of health
	0	Universities/colleges/institutions of higher education
	0	Youth-serving organizations
	0	Other – Please specify type

VII. OTHER INFORMATION & ACTIVITIES

32.	In FY 2008, did you conduct INFORMATION SESSIONS (not to include professional development) that focused on policy, curriculum, or student assessment related to HIV prevention?				
	0	YES NO→ Skip to 33			
	If yes:				
	A.	How many information sessions did you conduct focused on policy, curriculum, or student assessment related to HIV prevention?			
	В.	How many information sessions did you conduct on HIV prevention in the context of coordinated school health programs?			
	C.	Please check all audiences for whom you conducted information sessions in FY 2008:			
		District-level staff or administrators			
		School-level staff or administrators			
		State school board members or superintendent			
		Staff or students at universities, colleges, or other institutions of higher education			
		Community-based organization staff			
		State health officer			
		State or local health agency staff State education agency staff			
		State education agency starr Legislators/lawmakers			
		Parents/parent groups			
		School-aged youth			
		Other			
		Please specify			
33.	In FY 2008, did you provide PRE-SERVICE LEARNING events that focused on policy, curriculum, or student assessment related to HIV prevention?				
	0	YES NO→ Skip to 34			
	If yes:				
	A.	How many pre-service learning events did you provide focused on policy, curriculum, or student assessment related to HIV prevention?			

34.	Is ther	Is there information that we asked for in this year's Indicators that you estimated or guessed at?			
	0	YES			
	0	$NO \rightarrow Skip \text{ to } 35$			
	A. W	hat kind of information did you estimate or guess at? (Mark all that apply.)			
		Distribution of print materials			
		Distribution of materials on web sites, listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion boards			
		Professional development events			
		Follow-up support for professional development events Technical assistance			
		Information sessions			
		Pre-service learning events			
		Tre-service learning events			
	B. O	n what topics did you estimate or guess at information? (Mark all that apply.)			
		Project Planning			
		Policies			
		Curricula and instruction			
		Assessment of student performance			
		Reducing disparities among youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission			
35.	Is ther	Is there information that we asked for in this year's Indicators that you did not collect at all?			
	0	YES			
	0	NO→ Skip to 36			
	A. Wh	at kind of information did you not collect at all? (Mark all that apply.)			
		Distribution of print materials			
		Distribution of materials on web sites, listservs, Internet mailing lists, or discussion			
		boards			
		Professional development events			
		Follow-up support for professional development events			
		Technical assistance Information sessions			
		Pre-service learning events			
		Tre-service rearring events			
	B. On	what topics did you not collect information at all? (Mark all that apply.)			
		Project Planning			
		Policies			
		Curricula and instruction			
		Assessment of student performance			
		Reducing disparities among youth at disproportionate risk for HIV transmission			
		Please continue on the next page ->			

HIV PREVENTION, STATE EDUCATION AGENCIES

36.	Please provide information about any additional activities not captured by the questions above. In particular, please report on any additional activities to improve HIV policies, curriculum, instruction, assessment, or collaborations and any activities for which you could not collect information on participants or recipients of materials.
37.	Please provide any additional general comments or information in the space below.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR RESPONSES. PLEASE RETURN THE INDICATORS.

Glossary

Please refer to the following definitions when answering the questions:

ABSTINENCE – Voluntarily refraining from a specified behavior.

ASSESSMENT – Measuring the learning and performance of students or teachers. Different types of assessment instruments include achievement tests, minimum competency tests, developmental screening tests, aptitude tests, observation instruments, performance tasks, and authentic assessments.

COLLABORATE – Two or more partners actively engage in planning, implementing, and evaluating programs, practices, and policy activities with defined roles and responsibilities.

COORDINATED SCHOOL HEALTH PROGRAM (CSHP) – A coordinated school health program is a planned and organized set of courses, services, policies, and interventions designed to meet the health and safety needs of K-12 students. Schools promote optimal physical, emotional, social, and educational development of students by providing health education; physical education; health services; nutrition services; counseling, psychological and social services; and a healthy and safe environment; and by promoting parent/community involvement and staff wellness. A successful and well-coordinated school health program is characterized by administrators, teachers, and school board members who view health protection and promotion as an essential part of the school's mission; a school health council comprised of school, family, and community representatives to ensure a planning process for continuous improvement; a school health coordinator responsible for organizing and managing the school health program; and school staff who help plan and implement a full array of school health courses, services, policies, and interventions.

CULTURAL COMPETENCE – Knowledge and skills that allow individuals to increase their understanding and appreciation of cultural differences and similarities within, among, and between groups.

CURRICULUM – An educational plan incorporating a structured, developmentally appropriate series of intended learning outcomes and associated learning experiences for students; generally organized as a related combination or series of school-based materials, content, and events.

DISTRIBUTE – Putting exemplary materials in the hands of appropriate personnel. Distribution may occur in response to requests for materials or through proactive sharing of information.

EMPHASIZED – Curricula, instruction, and instructional activities are tailored to specific, primary HIV prevention topics and are primary messages in policy, professional development, or technical assistance by an HIV project. Do not include topics that are only mentioned in passing and are not primary messages of curricula, instruction, or instructional activities.

EXEMPLARY – An evaluated curriculum or program with evidence of effectiveness, or a curriculum or program that has used research-based or science-based strategies. An exemplary curriculum or program is: (1) developmentally and culturally appropriate; (2) medically and scientifically accurate; (3) consistent with scientifically researched evidence of effectiveness; and (4) built on a theoretic approach based on proven principles for prevention.

EXTERNAL AGENCY PARTNERS – Agencies, organizations, and groups outside your own agency with which you collaborate or associate to further the goals of your HIV project.

FISCAL YEAR (FY) – March 1, 2008 to February 28, 2009, the budget period for the cooperative agreement.

FOLLOW-UP SUPPORT – Assistance provided to enhance participants' abilities to use skills, tools and techniques learned through professional development offerings. Follow-up support leads to a more significant outcome than training alone by addressing challenges and sharing successes through a variety of media (e.g., e-mail, conference calls, webcasts, site visits).

FORMATIVE EVALUATION – Gathering information during the early stages of your project or program, with a focus on finding out whether your efforts are unfolding as planned, uncovering any obstacles or unexpected opportunities that may have emerged, and identifying adjustments and corrections to your program.

FRAMEWORK – An outline or plan that presents both the content (e.g., important concepts, skills, and generalizations) and the process for developing curricula, instruction, and assessment.

GUIDANCE – A set of strategies to apply frameworks to develop curricula, instruction, and assessment.

HEALTH EDUCATION – Includes planned sequential materials, instructions, and educational experiences delivered in the classroom setting that provide students with opportunities to acquire the knowledge and skills necessary for making health promoting decisions and achieving health literacy. Quality health education is based on sound theories of development and behavior change or empirically supportive practices that result in increased knowledge and positive behavior change.

HIV PREVENTION PROJECT – Any activities or personnel that are funded, in part or whole, through DASH cooperative agreement funds for the HIV prevention project. It is the work of contract and regional staff on DASH Funding Opportunity Announcement DP08-801, Priority #2.

INFORMATION SESSION – Workshop, presentation or other instructional activities delivered in a short period of time taking at least 30 minutes and no more than 3 hours that focuses on a specific public health, curricular or coordinated school health program topic. Information sessions are tailored to specific audiences such as school administration, faculty, education and health professionals, adolescents, parents, college students, legislators or community groups.

LINGUISTIC COMPETENCE – Knowledge and skills that allow individuals to increase their understanding and appreciation of verbal and non-verbal communication differences and similarities within, among, and between groups.

LOGIC MODEL – A logic model is a pictorial diagram that shows the relationship between your program components and activities and desired health outcomes. A logic model is a planning tool that might describe your entire program or a particular program objective or initiative.

MATERIALS – Resources approved by an HIV materials review committee, including written materials (e.g., curricula, training materials, and pamphlets); audio visual materials (e.g., motion pictures and video tapes); pictorials (e.g., posters and similar educational materials using photographs, slides, drawings, or paintings); and electronic resources (e.g., web sites, PDF files, and PowerPoint files).

MODEL POLICY – Model policies provide a framework to assist school officials in developing their own state or local policies. They are written as statements of best practice which can be adapted to fit local circumstances. Model policies reflect state-of-the-art, scientifically reliable information on what constitutes effective school health programs and the expert opinions of many reviewers. Included in model policies are excerpts or references to actual national, state, and local policies; a purpose or goals; rationale; and definitions.

MODEL PROGRAM – A packaged, promising, evidence-based or science-based program that results in positive outcomes.

NUMBER OF DISTRICTS REACHED DIRECTLY – A district is reached directly when one or more district level staff receives materials, training, or assistance from personnel funded by your HIV prevention project. Each district reached is counted only once as being reached for a particular topic regardless of the number of district staff from that district are reached or the number of times district staff are reached.

NUMBER OF EXTERNAL AGENCY PARTNERS REACHED DIRECTLY – An external partner is reached directly when one or more external partner's staff receives materials, training, or assistance from personnel funded by your HIV prevention project. Each external partner reached is counted only once as being reached for a particular topic regardless of the number of external partner staff from that external partner are reached or the number of times external partner staff are reached.

NUMBER OF REGIONAL SUPPORT UNITS REACHED DIRECTLY – A regional support unit is reached directly when one or more regional support unit staff receives materials, training, or assistance from personnel funded by your HIV prevention project. If you specifically fund a CBO or NGO to provide regional support, report their activities ONLY under regional support units and not under external agency partners. Each regional support unit reached is counted only once as being reached for a particular topic regardless of the number of regional support unit staff from that regional support unit are reached or the number of times regional support unit staff are reached.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS REACHED DIRECTLY – A school is reached directly when one or more school staff receives materials, training, or assistance from personnel funded by your HIV prevention project. Each school reached is counted only once as being reached for a particular topic regardless of the number of school staff from that school are reached or the number of times school staff are reached.

OUTCOME EVALUATION – Evaluation undertaken to determine if the changes ascribed to a program (e.g., changes in systems, collaborations, policies, or knowledge, attitudes, or behavior among administrators, teachers, school staff, community members, or youth) are associated with program activities.

POLICY – Any mandate issued or policies adopted by school district boards of education, the state school board, state legislature, or other district or state agencies that affect the environment in school districts or throughout the state. These include policies developed by your state or those based on model policies developed elsewhere. Sample model policies are available in *Fit, Healthy, and Ready to Learn: A School Health Policy Guide* (March, 2000), developed by the National Association of State Boards of Education (NASBE). Sample polices can be viewed at NASBE's web site: http://www.nasbe.org/healthy_schools/policy.htm.

PRE-SERVICE LEARNING – Pre-service learning provides pre-professionals serving youth (e.g., educators, nurses, counselors) with an understanding of the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of relevant disciplines.

PROCESS EVALUATION – Collecting and analyzing data to determine <u>who</u>, <u>what</u>, <u>when</u>, and <u>where</u>, and how much of program activities have been conducted. Process evaluation allows staff to assess how well the program has been implemented.

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT – The systematic process used to strengthen the professional knowledge, skills and attitudes of those who serve youth to improve the health, education, and well-being of youth. Professional development is consciously designed to actively engage learners and includes the planning, design, marketing, delivery, evaluation, and follow-up of professional development offerings (events, information sessions, and technical assistance).

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EVENT – A set of skill-building processes and activities designed to assist targeted groups of participants in mastering specific learning objectives. Such events are delivered in an adequate time span (at least 3 hours) and may include curriculum and other training, workshops, conferences, and on-line or distance learning courses.

PROGRAM – A multi-faceted approach to decrease health risk behaviors that may include a combination of strategies such as one-on-one interventions, policy and climate changes, advocacy, peer interventions, mentoring programs, youth asset development, and outreach.

PROGRAM INVENTORY – A document that funded partners are required to fill out in the first and fifth year of the 801 Cooperative Agreement that provides a snapshot of what their program currently is doing or plans to do.

REGIONAL SUPPORT UNITS – A state-recognized agency or organization (e.g., universities, regional education support agencies, regional offices of education, regional training centers, teacher centers, county superintendent's offices, etc.) that provides professional development, technical assistance, and educational materials to school districts and schools within the state.

SCHOOL – A division of the public school system consisting of students in one or more grades or other identifiable groups organized to give instruction of a defined type. One school may share a building with another school or one school may be housed in several buildings. Each school usually has an identification number assigned by the state department of education for tracking purposes. Public schools include charter schools, magnet schools, vocational schools, and alternative schools.

SCHOOL DISTRICT – An education agency at the local level that exists primarily to operate public schools or to contract for public school services. Synonyms include local basic administrative unit, local education agency, parish, independent school districts, etc.

SERVING PRIMARILY – Agencies whose main focus is on providing services tailored to a specific, identifiable population (e.g., by race, sexual orientation, etc.) or increasing the ability of others to provide services to that population.

SEXUAL MINORITY YOUTH – Youth who identify as gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, or questioning; or youth who engage in same gender sexual activity.

SMART OBJECTIVES – Objectives are statements that describe program results to be achieved and how they will be achieved. **Specific** objectives include *who* will be targeted and *what* will be accomplished. **Measurable** objectives include *how much* change is expected, specifically enough that achievement of the objective can be measured through counting or documenting change. **Achievable** objectives can be realistically accomplished given your program's existing resources and constraints. **Realistic** objectives address the scope of the health problem and propose reasonable programmatic steps. **Time-phased** objectives provide a timeline indicating when the objective will be met.

SOCIAL NORMS – Behavioral patterns that are typical of specific groups.

STANDARDS – An established set of written expectations that describe what a student should know (knowledge) and be able to do (skills) as a result of the instruction provided for a particular subject (content area). Standards provide a framework for curriculum development and selection, instruction, and assessment.

• **Health Education Standards** are written expectations for what students should know and be able to do by grades 2, 5, 8, and 12 to promote personal, family, and community health. An abbreviated version of the National Health Education Standards, Second Edition and Performance Indicators for specific grade level groupings can be found at http://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/sher/standards.

STRATEGIC PLAN – A program planning tool that provides a blueprint to strengthen program activities, address areas for improvement, and move the program forward to new accomplishments.

SUCCESS STORIES – A narrative highlighting the achievements and progress of a program or activity.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE – Tailored guidance to meet the specific needs of a site or sites through collaborative communication between a specialist and the site(s). Assistance takes into account site-specific circumstances and culture and can be provided through phone, mail, e-mail, Internet, or in-person meetings.

UNIVERSAL PRECAUTIONS – A set of precautions designed to prevent transmission of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), hepatitis B virus (HBV), and other bloodborne pathogens when providing first aid or health care. Under universal precautions, blood and certain body fluids of all patients are considered potentially infections for HIV, HBV, and other bloodborne pathogens.

YOUTH AT DISPROPORTIONATE RISK FOR HIV TRANSMISSION – Populations of youth for whom the incidence, prevalence, mortality, and burden of HIV and prevalence of risky sexual behaviors and IV drug use are greater than in a comparison population. Populations can be defined by race or ethnicity, gender, education or income, disability, geographic location (i.e., rural or urban), or sexual orientation.