

DIRECT TRANSACTIONS OF U.S. REPORTER WITH FOREIGN AFFILIATE

Purpose – Reports on this form are required in order to provide reliable and up-to-date information on U.S. direct investment abroad for inclusion in the U.S. international transactions and the national income and product accounts.

Authority – This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L.94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108 as amended) – hereinafter "the Act", and the filing of reports is mandatory under Section 5(b) (2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104). The implementing regulations are contained in Title 15, CFR, Part 806.

This report has been approved by the Office of Management and Budget under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.).

Penalties – Whoever fails to report may be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$2,500, and not more than \$25,000, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment, or both. (22 U.S.C. 3105.) Civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 CFR 6.4.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number; such a control number (0608-0004) is displayed at the top of the first page of this form.

Confidentiality – The Act provides that your report is CONFIDENTIAL and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report CANNOT be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

Assistance – For assistance, telephone 202-606-5557 between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., eastern time, fax 202-606-5305, or e-mail be577@bea.gov.

DEFINITIONS

United States, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.

Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.

Person means any individual, branch, partnership, associated group, association, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the United States Government, a State or local government), and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government-sponsored agency.

U.S. person means any person resident in the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

Direct investment means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise, including a branch.

Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting securities for an incorporated business or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business enterprise, including a branch.

Foreign affiliate means an affiliate located outside the United States in which a U.S. person has direct investment.

U.S. Reporter means the U.S. person that has direct investment in a foreign business enterprise, including a branch. If the U.S. person is an incorporated business enterprise, the U.S. Reporter is the fully consolidated U.S. domestic enterprise, which is defined as: (1) the U.S. corporation whose voting securities are not owned more than 50 percent by another U.S. corporation, and (2) proceeding down each ownership chain from that U.S. corporation, any U.S. corporation whose voting securities are more than 50 percent owned by the U.S. corporation above it. This consolidation excludes foreign branches and all other foreign affiliates.

Banking covers business enterprises engaged in deposit banking or closely related functions, including commercial banks, Edge Act corporations, foreign branches and agencies of U.S. banks whether or not they accept deposits abroad, savings and loans, savings banks, bank holding companies, and financial holding companies.

Lease is an arrangement conveying the right to use property, plant, or equipment (i.e., land and/or depreciable assets), usually for a stated period of time.

1. Capital lease – A long-term lease under which transfer of ownership is recognized at the inception of the lease. These may be shown as lease contracts or accounts receivable on the lessor's books. The asset would not be considered to be owned by the lessor.

2. Operating lease – Generally a lease with a term which is less than the useful life of the asset and in which a transfer of ownership is not contemplated.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Report currency amounts in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands. If an amount is between + or – \$500.00, enter "0". Use parentheses to indicate negative numbers.

Base data on the books of the U.S. Reporter except for items 11-14 and 30-38, which should be based on the books of the foreign affiliate.

Estimates – Reasonable estimates may be used in order to file a timely report when data are not available from customary accounting records or precise data could not be obtained without undue burden. Estimates should be labeled as such.

Revisions – File revisions to any prior period data either by letter if the revisions are minimal, by noting changes on a file copy of the previously completed form, or by completing a revised form in its entirety and refiling it.

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Who must report – A Form BE-577 is required from every U.S. person that had direct transactions or positions with a foreign business enterprise in which it had a direct and/or indirect ownership interest of at least 10 percent of the voting stock if an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest if an unincorporated business enterprise at any time during the reporting period, except as exempted below. Reports are required even though a foreign affiliate may have been established, acquired, seized, liquidated, expropriated, sold, or inactivated during the reporting period.

Coverage – All transactions or positions with the foreign affiliate by all U.S. domestic subsidiaries, divisions, etc., which constitute the U.S. Reporter, as defined, must be combined on one Form BE-577.

Basic requirement – A Form BE-577 must be filed for each foreign affiliate for which any one of the following three items was greater than \$40 million (positive or negative) at any time during the affiliate's fiscal year:

1. Total assets,
2. Annual sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes, or
3. Annual net income after provision for foreign income taxes.

Other requirements – An indirectly owned foreign affiliate must be reported if the basic requirement above is met and an intercompany debt balance with the U.S. Reporter (item 19 or 20) exceeds \$1 million.

Quarterly reports for a year may be required retroactively when it is determined that the exemption level has been exceeded. If a foreign affiliate's total assets, sales, or net income (loss) exceed the exemption level in a given year, it is deemed that the exemption level will also be exceeded in the following year. A U.S. Reporter claiming exemption from filing a given report must complete the Certification of Exemption, giving the levels of these three items.

Rules for consolidation of foreign affiliate – The following rules should be used in determining which foreign business enterprises may be consolidated into one foreign affiliate:

1. FOREIGN BUSINESS ENTERPRISES LOCATED IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES MAY NOT, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, BE CONSOLIDATED;

2. Foreign business enterprises located in the same country that are integral parts of the same business operation **may** be consolidated into one affiliate (example: German enterprise A manufactures automobile engines and a majority of its sales are to German enterprise B which produces complete automobiles);
3. Foreign business enterprises located in the same country and in the same 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) classification, shown in the Summary of Industry Classifications on pages 4–5 of these instructions, **may** be consolidated; and
4. Foreign bank branches of the U.S. Reporter that are located in the same country **must** be consolidated on one Form BE-577, even if it is the U.S. Reporter's practice to report data for these branches separately to the Federal Reserve (on Form FFIEC 030) or to the Comptroller of the Currency. Incorporated foreign bank affiliates of the U.S. Reporter located in the same country **may** be consolidated.

NOTE – An affiliate's level of consolidation, name, country of operation, or industry may be changed on Form BE-577 provided that this is done **consistently** thereafter on all of BEA's direct investment surveys (BE-577, BE-10, and BE-11), and provided the change is consistent with BEA's reporting rules.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Derivatives Contracts – Do **not** report either the value of outstanding financial derivatives contracts or any payments or receipts resulting from the settlement of those contracts. For example, the settlements of interest rate derivatives should not be reported as interest or as another type of transaction on this form. Derivatives contracts are covered by the Treasury International Capital (TIC) Form D–Report of Holdings of, and Transactions in, Financial Derivatives Contracts with Foreign Residents.

U.S. Reporters that cannot distinguish between equity and debt investment in their unincorporated foreign affiliates: if your accounting records do not distinguish between intercompany debt (items 19 and 20) and equity (item 38), then:

1. Compute the net change in the home office account. (This equals: End-of-quarter home office account minus beginning-of-quarter home office account.)
2. Subtract net income (item 11), certain realized and unrealized gains (losses) taken directly to other comprehensive income or owner's equity (item 13), and the quarterly translation adjustment (item 14).
3. If the amount computed above is positive, show it as an increase in equity (item 22). If the amount computed in 2. is negative, show it as a remittance of earnings (items 15 and 17) to the extent that there is quarterly net income; show the residual, if any, as a decrease in equity (item 25). Items 19 and 20 should be blank.

Foreign banking affiliates of U.S. Reporters that are also banks – For foreign banking affiliates of U.S. Reporters that are also banks, include in item 19 debt that is considered to be BOTH (a) permanently invested by the U.S. Reporter, and (b) positively identified as being used for nonbanking-type activities (e.g., debt used to acquire buildings, equipment, and other fixed assets). Exclude non-permanent debt such as ordinary bank loans or deposits. Also exclude demand and overnight accounts, debt used to fund investment activities, and debt for which the proceeds are used to meet regulatory and/or capital requirements.

Any interest receipts entered in item 18 should relate only to this debt.

Item 20 should be blank.

ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS

Item 1 – Mark with an "X" if a prior report was filed and this is a replacement for that report. A revised report must be completed in its entirety.

Item 3 – Reflects the name of the U.S. company not owned to the extent of more than 50% of its voting stock by another U.S. corporation. Use the same name on all reports filed subsequently by this U.S. Reporter with the Bureau of Economic Analysis, i.e., Forms BE-577, BE-10, and BE-11.

Item 5 – Enter the name of the foreign affiliate. Use the same name on all reports filed subsequently for this affiliate with the Bureau of Economic Analysis, i.e., Forms BE-577, BE-10, and BE-11.

Item 7 – Country of location refers to the country named in item 6.

Item 8 – Industry classification refers to the 4-digit International Surveys Industry (ISI) codes shown on pages 4–5 of these instructions.

Item 10 – If this affiliate is not directly owned by the U.S. Reporter, enter the affiliate ID (or, if unavailable, the name) of the foreign affiliate in this affiliate's ownership chain that is directly owned by the U.S. Reporter. For example, if the U.S. Reporter directly owns foreign affiliate A, which, in turn, owns foreign affiliate B, which, in turn, owns foreign affiliate C, affiliate A's ID should appear in this item on the forms for both affiliate B and affiliate C. For affiliates that are both directly and indirectly owned by the U.S. Reporter, do not complete this item; for such affiliates, the amounts reported in Parts I, III, and IV must be based upon the U.S. Reporter's direct equity interest only. Amounts reported in Part II should reflect direct transactions, irrespective of direct or indirect ownership.

Item 11 – Net income in this item should be reported on a quarterly basis, **not** on a cumulative or year-to-date basis.

The amount entered should represent the U.S. Reporter's equity, based on its directly held equity interest in the foreign affiliate's net income (loss) for the quarter, before provision for common or preferred dividends and before any reduction for foreign withholding taxes on dividends, but after provision for other foreign income taxes. In calculating net income, do not eliminate intercompany transactions. Include certain foreign currency gains (losses) in net income in accordance with FAS 52 or other currently applicable standard of the Financial Accounting Standards Board. Do **not** include foreign currency translation adjustments in net income; report such amounts in item 14.

Net income should include, on an equity basis, the foreign affiliate's share in the net income of unconsolidated foreign enterprises owned by it.

If this report is for the U.S. Reporter's direct transactions or accounts with a foreign affiliate in which it does not hold a direct equity interest, the U.S. Reporter's share in net income should be zero. If the U.S. Reporter holds both a direct and indirect equity interest, only the share representing the direct equity interest should be given in this item.

Items 12 and 13 – In item 12, enter the U.S. Reporter's share of gains (losses) that **are included** in net income, item 11. Include gains (losses), after provision for foreign income taxes, resulting from:

- Sales or other dispositions of financial assets, including investment securities; FAS 115 holding gains (losses) on securities classified as trading securities; and FAS 115 impairment losses. (Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies, see instructions below.)
- Sales or other dispositions of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets (other than from the sale of inventory assets in the ordinary course of business), and FAS 144 impairment losses. (Real estate companies, see instructions below.)
- Goodwill impairment as defined by FAS 142.
- Restructuring costs that reflect write-downs or write-offs of assets and liabilities. (Exclude actual payments and charges to establish reserves for future expected payments, such as for severance pay, and fees to accountants, lawyers, consultants, or other contractors.)
- Disposals of discontinued operations. (Exclude income from the operations of a discontinued segment.)
- Re-measurement of foreign affiliate's foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to changes in foreign exchange rates during the quarter.
- Extraordinary, unusual, or infrequently occurring items that are material, including uninsured losses from accidental damage or disasters and other material items, including writeups, write-downs, and write-offs of tangible and intangible assets and gains (losses) from the sales or other dispositions of capital assets. (Exclude insured losses and legal judgments.)
- The cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle.
- Change in accounting estimate of provision for expected stock option forfeitures under the inception method as defined by FAS 123.

In item 13, enter the U.S. Reporter's share of gains (losses) **not included** in net income, item 11, of the foreign affiliate but, instead taken to other comprehensive income or to another equity account, such as certain changes in the valuation of financial instruments per FAS 115, after provision for foreign income taxes. Do not include foreign currency translation adjustments, which should be entered in item 14.

Certain realized and unrealized gains (losses) for dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies.

1. Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies –

Include in item 12 (1) impairment losses as defined by FAS 115, (2) realized gains or losses on trading or dealing, and (3) unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that flow through the income statement, and, goodwill impairment as defined by FAS 142. Include unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken directly to other comprehensive income in item 13. Include income from explicit fees and commissions in item 11.

2. Real estate companies

Report gains or losses from the sale, disposition, or revaluation of land, other property, plant and equipment, or other assets as follows:

Realized gains and losses

Include gains or losses from the sale of real estate in the ordinary course of trade or business in net income, item 11; DO NOT include these gains and losses in items 12 or 13.

Impairment of long-lived assets

Include impairment losses, as defined by FAS 121, and recognized during the period, in net income, item 11 and in item 12.

Unrealized gains

Include gains recognized due to the revaluation of real estate assets in item 12.

Item 14 – Report foreign currency translation adjustments resulting from the translation of the foreign affiliate’s financial statements from the affiliate’s functional currency into U.S. dollars. Such adjustments should be computed in accordance with FAS 52 or other currently applicable standards of the Financial Accounting Standards Board. Report translation adjustments on a quarterly basis, **not** on a cumulative or year-to-date basis.

Items 15–18 – Amounts should be entered as of the date they were either received from (paid to), or entered into intercompany accounts with, the foreign affiliate, whichever occurred first. Do not report a foreign affiliate’s receipt of dividend income in item 15. This should be included in item 11, Quarterly net income (loss) after provision for foreign income taxes. Include amounts for which payment was made in kind. For an item entered into intercompany account (item 19 or 20) in this or previous periods, in order to avoid duplication, any subsequent settlement of the account should not be reflected again in one of these items but should be reflected only as a reduction in intercompany account.

Items 19 and 20 – Include all intercompany accounts or indebtedness of the foreign affiliate with the U.S. Reporter whether current or long-term. The current quarter’s opening balance should be equal to the preceding quarter’s closing balance; therefore, if it is necessary to translate the balance into U.S. dollars, use the same exchange rate to translate the opening balance for the current quarter as was used to translate the closing balance of the preceding quarter. If the closing balance on the preceding quarter’s report was in error, **note the correction**. Entries in items 19 and 20 should be consistent with entries in items 17 and 18 insofar as they reflect the latter entries. (For example, dividends shown in item 17 and not received by the U.S. Reporter in the current quarter should be included in item 19.)

If leases between the U.S. Reporter and the foreign affiliate are capitalized in accordance with FAS 13, the outstanding capitalized value should be shown here as an intercompany balance. Lease payments should be disaggregated into the amount that is **a.** a reduction in the intercompany balance, which should be reflected in either item 19 or 20, and **b.** interest, which should be entered in item 18.

For operating leases of equipment for more than one year that have not been capitalized, include the net book value (original cost less accumulated depreciation). (Operating leases of one year or less should not be entered here.) Lease payments should be disaggregated into **a.** the return of capital, consisting of the depreciation component for long-term operating leases, which should be reflected as a reduction in one of these items, and **b.** rent or net rent, which is not covered by this survey.

Do not net items 19 and 20.

Items 21–26 – Report the consideration paid, received, or owed for increases or decreases in the U.S. Reporter’s equity capital investment during the quarter. For investments that are written off, enter zero in items 24–26 (include the amount written off in item 27 or 28 as appropriate); if an account receivable due to the U.S. Reporter from the affiliate is also written off, report the amount of the receivable in item 22 as a capital contribution (and include in the computation of item 27 or 28 as appropriate).

For an affiliate that is sold, report the sale price in item 24 or 26, as appropriate. Include foreign income taxes, if any, on gains (and tax refunds on losses) in the calculation of these items. Report the end-of-quarter intercompany debt position for the affiliate (column (2) of items 19 and 20) as zero; to the extent that debt positions still exist, they are between a U.S. person and an unaffiliated foreign person, and may be reportable on the Department of the Treasury International Capital report forms.

For a newly established or acquired affiliate, report what the U.S. Reporter paid to establish or acquire the affiliate in item 21 or 23, as appropriate; do **not** report the book value of the equity interest in the affiliate, if different in these items. (For directly owned affiliates only, report book value in items 33–38.)

For affiliates that are entirely indirectly owned, items 21–26 should be blank; equity transactions between a directly owned foreign affiliate and foreign affiliates that it, in turn, owns, are not reportable on this form.

Items 27 and 28 – If the book value of the U.S. Reporter’s equity investment changed by more or less than the value of the consideration paid, received, or owed, enter the amount of the difference in the appropriate box. For example, if the book value of an affiliate was \$10 million and the affiliate was sold for \$11 million, enter \$1 million in column (2) of item 27. Report the amount gross of U.S. income taxes, if any.

Items 30–38 – **For directly owned affiliates only**, report these items once a year, but no later than the second report following the end of the fiscal year. Also, complete these items on the initial report for a directly owned affiliate. In item 32, report annual net income calculated on the same basis used for calculating quarterly net income, item 11. Include the cumulative translation adjustment in item 36 or 38 as appropriate. Retained earnings of unconsolidated indirectly owned affiliates should be included on the report of the directly owned foreign affiliate parent in item 35 or 38 as appropriate, on an equity basis.

FILING FORM BE-577

Due date – Form BE-577 is a quarterly report. A single copy of each report should be filed within 30 days after the close of each fiscal quarter, except for the final quarter of the fiscal year, when reports should be filed within 45 days. Requests for extension of the filing date, additional forms, or clarification of the reporting requirements should be directed to the appropriate address below.

Electronic Filing – BEA offers an electronic filing option, its Automated Survey Transmission and Retrieval (ASTAR) system, for use in reporting on Form BE-577 as an alternative to using paper forms. See our web site at www.bea.gov/astar.

Where to send the report – For filing by mail through the U.S. Postal Service, send reports to: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, BE-69(Q), Washington, DC 20230.

For filing by overnight delivery, send reports to: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, BE-69(Q), Shipping and Receiving Section M-100, 1441 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20005.

For filing by fax: 202–606–5305

Number of copies – File a single copy of the report with BEA. You should retain a copy of your report to facilitate resolution of problems. These copies should be retained for at least 3 years beyond the report’s original due date.

WORKSHEET FOR DETERMINING ISI CODE OF FOREIGN AFFILIATE

For purposes of determining an affiliate's 4-digit ISI code, use the following worksheet and Summary of Industry Classifications.

1. Identify major activity of foreign affiliate. Mark (X) one item below:

Select the one activity below that best describes the major activity of the foreign affiliate. For an inactive affiliate, select the activity based on its last active period; for "start-ups," select the intended activity.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Producer of goods | <input type="checkbox"/> Provider of services |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Seller of goods the foreign affiliate does not produce | <input type="checkbox"/> Other – <i>Specify</i> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Producer or distributor of information | |

2. Based on the major activity identified in item 1, select the appropriate 4-digit ISI code and enter on Form BE-577, item 8. If the foreign affiliate has sales in more than one ISI code, select the single ISI code representing the highest percentage of annual sales and enter on Form BE-577, item 8.

For "startups" with no sales, show the intended activity(ies). Holding companies should compute percent of total income. A holding company's equity in the net income of affiliates that it holds must constitute a majority of its total income and, in general, it must have a sizeable portion (usually, at least 50%) of its total assets invested in affiliates that it holds. ISI code 5512, holding companies, is an invalid classification when the foreign affiliate being reported generates, or is expected to generate, more than 50 percent of its total income from other activities.

3. For additional information on industry classifications, see BE-799, Guide to Industry and Foreign Trade Classifications for International Surveys, 2002.

SUMMARY OF INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATIONS

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING

- 1110 Crop production
- 1120 Animal production
- 1130 Forestry and logging
- 1140 Fishing, hunting, and trapping
- 1150 Support activities for agriculture and forestry

MINING

- 2111 Oil and gas extraction
- 2121 Coal
- 2123 Nonmetallic minerals
- 2124 Iron ores
- 2125 Gold and silver ores
- 2126 Copper, nickel, lead, and zinc ores
- 2127 Other metal ores
- 2132 Support activities for oil and gas operations
- 2133 Support activities for mining, except for oil and gas operations

UTILITIES

- 2211 Electric power generation, transmission, and distribution
- 2212 Natural gas distribution
- 2213 Water, sewage, and other systems

CONSTRUCTION

- 2360 Construction of buildings
- 2370 Heavy and civil engineering construction
- 2380 Specialty trade contractors

MANUFACTURING

- 3111 Animal foods
- 3112 Grain and oilseed milling
- 3113 Sugar and confectionery products
- 3114 Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty foods
- 3115 Dairy products
- 3116 Meat products
- 3117 Seafood product preparation and packaging
- 3118 Bakeries and tortillas
- 3119 Other food products
- 3121 Beverages
- 3122 Tobacco
- 3130 Textile mills
- 3140 Textile product mills
- 3150 Apparel
- 3160 Leather and allied products
- 3210 Wood products
- 3221 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills
- 3222 Converted paper products
- 3231 Printing and related support activities
- 3242 Integrated petroleum refining and extraction
- 3243 Petroleum refining without extraction

- 3244 Asphalt and other petroleum and coal products
- 3251 Basic chemicals
- 3252 Resins, synthetic rubbers, and artificial and synthetic fibers and filaments
- 3253 Pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural chemicals
- 3254 Pharmaceuticals and medicines
- 3255 Paints, coatings, and adhesives
- 3256 Soap, cleaning compounds, and toilet preparations
- 3259 Other chemical products and preparations
- 3261 Plastics products
- 3262 Rubber products
- 3271 Clay products and refractories
- 3272 Glass and glass products
- 3273 Cement and concrete products
- 3274 Lime and gypsum products
- 3279 Other nonmetallic mineral products
- 3311 Iron and steel mills and ferroalloys
- 3312 Steel products from purchased steel
- 3313 Alumina and aluminum production and processing
- 3314 Nonferrous metal (except aluminum) production and processing
- 3315 Foundries
- 3321 Forging and stamping
- 3322 Cutlery and handtools
- 3323 Architectural and structural metals
- 3324 Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers
- 3325 Hardware
- 3326 Spring and wire products
- 3327 Machine shops; turned products; and screws, nuts, and bolts
- 3328 Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities
- 3329 Other fabricated metal products
- 3331 Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery
- 3332 Industrial machinery
- 3333 Commercial and service industry machinery
- 3334 Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning, and commercial refrigeration equipment
- 3335 Metalworking machinery
- 3336 Engines, turbines, and power transmission equipment
- 3339 Other general purpose machinery
- 3341 Computer and peripheral equipment
- 3342 Communications equipment
- 3343 Audio and video equipment
- 3344 Semiconductors and other electronic components
- 3345 Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments

- 3346 Manufacturing and reproducing magnetic and optical media
- 3351 Electric lighting equipment
- 3352 Household appliances
- 3353 Electrical equipment
- 3359 Other electrical equipment and components
- 3361 Motor vehicles
- 3362 Motor vehicle bodies and trailers
- 3363 Motor vehicle parts
- 3364 Aerospace products and parts
- 3365 Railroad rolling stock
- 3366 Ship and boat building
- 3369 Other transportation equipment
- 3370 Furniture and related products
- 3391 Medical equipment and supplies
- 3399 Other miscellaneous manufacturing

WHOLESALE TRADE

- MERCHANT WHOLESALERS, DURABLE GOODS**
- 4231 Motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts and supplies merchant wholesalers
 - 4232 Furniture and home furnishing merchant wholesalers
 - 4233 Lumber and other construction materials merchant wholesalers
 - 4234 Professional and commercial equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers
 - 4235 Metal and mineral (except petroleum) merchant wholesalers
 - 4236 Electrical and electronic goods merchant wholesalers
 - 4237 Hardware, and plumbing and heating equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers
 - 4238 Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers
 - 4239 Miscellaneous durable goods merchant wholesalers

MERCHANT WHOLESALERS NONDURABLE GOODS

- 4241 Paper and paper product merchant wholesalers
- 4242 Drugs and druggists' sundries merchant wholesalers
- 4243 Apparel, piece goods, and notions merchant wholesalers
- 4244 Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers
- 4245 Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers
- 4246 Chemical and allied products merchant wholesalers
- 4247 Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers
- 4248 Beer, wine, and distilled alcoholic beverage merchant wholesalers

SUMMARY OF INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATIONS — Continued

4249 Miscellaneous nondurable goods merchant wholesalers

ELECTRONIC MARKETS AND AGENTS AND BROKERS

4251 Wholesale electronic markets and agents and brokers

RETAIL TRADE

4410 Motor vehicle and parts dealers
4420 Furniture and home furnishings stores
4431 Electronics and appliance stores
4440 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers
4450 Food and beverage stores
4461 Health and personal care stores
4471 Gasoline stations
4480 Clothing and clothing accessories stores
4510 Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores
4520 General merchandise stores
4530 Miscellaneous store retailers
4540 Nonstore retailers

TRANSPORTATION AND WAREHOUSING

4810 Air transportation
4821 Rail transportation
4833 Petroleum tanker operations
4839 Other water transportation
4840 Truck transportation
4850 Transit and ground passenger transportation
4863 Pipeline transportation of crude oil, refined petroleum products, and natural gas
4868 Other pipeline transportation
4870 Scenic and sightseeing transportation
4880 Support activities for transportation
4920 Couriers and messengers
4932 Petroleum storage for hire
4939 Other warehousing and storage

INFORMATION

5111 Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers
5112 Software publishers
5121 Motion picture and video industries
5122 Sound recording industries
5151 Radio and television broadcasting
5152 Cable and other subscription programming
5161 Internet publishing and broadcasting
5171 Wired telecommunications carriers
5172 Wireless telecommunications carriers (except satellite)
5173 Telecommunications resellers
5174 Satellite telecommunications
5175 Cable and other program distribution
5179 Other telecommunications
5181 Internet service providers and web search portals
5182 Data processing, hosting, and related services
5191 Other information services

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

5221 Depository credit intermediation (Banking)
5223 Activities related to credit intermediation
5224 Nondepository credit intermediation
5229 Nondepository branches and agencies
5231 Securities and commodity contracts intermediation and brokerage
5238 Other financial investment activities and exchanges
5242 Agencies, brokerages, and other insurance related activities
5243 Insurance carriers, except life insurance carriers
5249 Life insurance carriers
5252 Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles

REAL ESTATE AND RENTAL AND LEASING

5310 Real estate
5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing
5329 Other rental and leasing services
5331 Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)

PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

5411 Legal services
5412 Accounting, tax preparation, bookkeeping, and payroll services
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services
5414 Specialized design services
5415 Computer systems design and related services
5416 Management, scientific, and technical consulting services
5417 Scientific research and development services
5418 Advertising and related services
5419 Other professional, scientific, and technical services

MANAGEMENT OF COMPANIES AND ENTERPRISES

5512 Holding companies, except bank holding companies
5513 Corporate, subsidiary, and regional management offices

ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT AND WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION SERVICES

5611 Office administrative services
5612 Facilities support services
5613 Employment services
5614 Business support services
5615 Travel arrangement and reservation services
5616 Investigation and security services
5617 Services to buildings and dwellings
5619 Other support services
5620 Waste management and remediation services

EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

6110 Educational services

HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE

6210 Ambulatory health care services
6220 Hospitals
6230 Nursing and residential care facilities
6240 Social assistance

ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT, AND RECREATION

7110 Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries
7121 Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions
7130 Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries

ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICES

7210 Accommodation
7220 Food services and drinking places

OTHER SERVICES

8110 Repair and maintenance
8120 Personal and laundry services
8130 Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

9200 Public administration