Office of the Comptroller of the Currency Supporting Statement Release of Non-Public Information – 12 CFR 4, Subpart C OMB Control Number 1557-0200

A. Justification.

1. Circumstances that make the collection necessary:

The information requirements require individuals who are requesting non-public OCC information to provide the OCC with information regarding the requester's legal grounds for the request. Release of non-public OCC information when the requester did not have sufficient legal grounds to obtain the information would inhibit open consultation between a bank and the OCC, thereby impairing the OCC's supervisory and regulatory mission. The OCC is entitled, under statute and caselaw, to require requesters to demonstrate that they have sufficient legal grounds for the OCC to release non-public OCC information. The OCC needs to know the requester's legal grounds to determine if it should release the requested non-public OCC information.

The OCC maintains the non-public nature of certain OCC information pursuant to the bank examination exemption of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552(b)(8)), judicial interpretation of the bank examination privilege (see Schreiber v. Society for Savings Bancorp, Inc., 11 F.3d 217 (D.C. Cir. 1993); In Re: Subpoena Served Upon the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Secretary of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 967 F.2d 630, 634 (D.C. Cir. 1992) (discussing the bank examination privilege, which is analogous to the examination exemption under FOIA)), and other agency privileges, such as deliberative process and attorney-client privilege.

2. Use of the information:

The OCC uses the information to process requests for non-public OCC information and to determine if sufficient grounds exist for the OCC to release the requested information or provide testimony. This information collection makes more efficient the mechanism for processing requests, and facilitates and expedites the OCC's release of non-public information and testimony to the requester.

3. Consideration of the use of improved information technology:

The use of information technology would not reduce the burden of this submission. The OCC collects only the minimum information necessary to make a decision and an information collection is conducted only when a requestor asks for the release of OCC non-public information.

4. Efforts to identify duplication:

The required information is unique and is not duplicative of any other information already collected.

5. Methods used to minimize burden if the collection has a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities:

Not applicable. The collection does not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities.

6. Consequences to the Federal program if the collection were conducted less frequently:

The information collection is conducted infrequently, only when a requester asks OCC to release non-public information or testimony.

7. Special circumstances that would cause an information collection to be conducted in a manner inconsistent with 5 CFR Part 1320:

None. The information collection is conducted in accordance with the requirements of 5 CFR Part 1320.

8. Efforts to consult with persons outside the agency:

On November 3, 2008, the OCC published a Notice in the Federal Register soliciting comments on the proposed extension of OMB approval of this information collection (73 FR 65447). The OCC received no public comments.

9. Payment or gift to respondents:

None.

10. Any assurance of confidentiality:

None.

11. Justification for questions of a sensitive nature:

There are no questions of a sensitive nature.

12. Burden estimate:

The OCC expects the burden associated with a request for non-public information or testimony to range from 2 to 10 hours. The OCC estimates the burden as follows:

Cite and Burden Type	Information Collection Requirements in 12 CFR Part 4	Number of Respondents	Average Hours Per Response	Estimated Burden Hours
12 CFR 4.33(a) Reporting	Requirements for a request of records or testimony Generally – Form of request: A person seeking non-public OCC information must submit a request in writing to the OCC. The requester must explain the bases for the request and how the requested non-public information relates to the issues in the lawsuit or matter.	70	3	210
12 CFR 4.33(a)(3)(ii) and (iii) Reporting	Request arising from adversarial matters – Request must include: • A copy of the complaint or other pleading setting forth the assertions in the case • The caption and docket number of the case • The name, address, and phone number of counsel to each party in the case • A description of any prior judicial decisions or pending motions in the case that may bear on the asserted relevance of the requested information The request must also: • Show the relevance of the information to the purpose for which is sought • Show that other evidence reasonably suited to the requester's needs is not available from any other source • show that the need for the information outweighs the public interest considerations in maintaining the confidentiality of the OCC information and outweighs the burden on the OCC to produce the information • Explain how the issues in the case and the status of the case warrant that the OCC allow disclosure • Identify any other issue that may bear on the question of waiver of privilege by the OCC			

Cite and Burden Type	Information Collection Requirements in 12 CFR Part 4	Number of Respondents	Average Hours Per	Estimated Burden Hours
Buruen Type	12 CFR Pdft 4	Respondents	Response	Hours
12 CFR 4.33(b) Reporting	Request for records — The requester must adequately describe the record or records sought by type and date.		response	
12 CFR 4.33(c) Reporting	 Request for testimony – A requester seeking testimony Must show a compelling need for the requested information Should request testimony with sufficient time to obtain in deposition form Must show, if testimony at a trial 			
	or hearing is sought, that a deposition would not suffice			
12 CFR 4.35(b)(3) Reporting	Consideration of requests – Testimony – Third parties requesting testimony — Once a request for testimony has been submitted, and before the requested testimony occurs, a party to the relevant case, who did not join in the request and who wishes to question the witness beyond the scope of testimony sought by the request, shall timely submit the party's own request for OCC information.	5	3	15
12 CFR 4.37(a)(2) Reporting	Persons and entities with access to OCC information; prohibition on dissemination — Current and former OCC employees or agents — Duty of person served — Any current or former OCC employee or agent subpoenaed or otherwise requested to provide information covered by this subpart must immediately notify the OCC.	5	2	10
12 CFR 4.37(b)(1)(i) Reporting	Persons and entities with access to OCC information; prohibition on dissemination – Non-OCC employees or entities – Generally – Without OCC approval, no person, national bank, or other entity, including one in lawful possession of non-public OCC information may disclose information except under certain circumstances, which are provided in the regulation.	10	3	30
12 CFR 4.37(b)(3)(i) Reporting	Persons and entities with access to OCC information; prohibition on dissemination — Non-OCC employees or entities Duty of person or entity served — Any person, national bank, or other entity served with a request, subpoena, order, motion to compel, or other judicial or administrative process to provide non-public OCC information shall immediately notify the Director of OCC's Litigation Division and inform the Director	20	2	40

Cite and Burden Type	Information Collection Requirements in 12 CFR Part 4	Number of Respondents	Average Hours Per Response	Estimated Burden Hours
	of all relevant facts, including the documents and information requested.		Kesponse	
12 CFR 4.38(a) and (b) Reporting	Restrictions on dissemination of released information — Records — The OCC may condition a decision to release non-public OCC information on a written agreement of confidentiality. Restrictions on dissemination of released information — Testimony — The OCC may condition its authorization of deposition testimony on an agreement of the parties to appropriate limitations.	40	4	160
12 CFR 4.39(d) Reporting	Notification of parties and procedures for sharing and using OCC records in litigation — Authentication for use as evidence — Requesters who require authenticated records or certificates should request certificates from the OCC.	20	.1	2
Totals		170		467 hours

Cost of Hour Burden to Respondents:

The OCC estimates the cost of the hour burden to respondents (by wage rate categories) as follows:

Clerical (\$20/hour): 20% x 467 hours = 93 hours @ \$20 = \$1,860

Managerial/technical (\$40/hour): Not applicable

Senior Management (\$80/hour): 80% x 467 hours = 374 hours @ \$80 = \$29,920

Legal Counsel (\$100/hour): Not applicable

Total cost of hour burden: \$31,780

13. Estimate of total annual costs to respondents (excluding cost of hour burden in Item #12):

No capital outlay is required. This is a renewal, without change, of an existing requirement.

14. Estimate of annualized costs to the Federal government:

None.

15. Change in burden:

This submission involves no change in burden.

16. Information regarding collections whose results are to be published for statistical use:

The OCC has no plans to publish the information for statistical purposes.

17. Reasons for not displaying OMB approval expiration date:

Not applicable. This submission involves a regulation.

18. Exceptions to the certification statement in Item 19 of OMB Form 83-I:

None.

B. Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods.

Not applicable.