

2008 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL

BE-11C (Report for Minority-Owned Nonbank Foreign Affiliate of Nonbank U.S. Reporter)								
DUE DATE — A complete BE-11 report is due May 29, 2009								
MAIL REPORTS TO: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis BE-69(A) Washington, DC 20230 OR BEA USE ONLY Affiliate ID Number 1. Name of U.S. Reporter of foreign affiliate — Same as item 1, Form BE-11.							С	
DELIVER REPORTS TO: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis BE-69(A) Shipping and Receiving, Section M-100 1441 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20005	2. Name of foreign this affiliate with	affiliate being reported — the Bureau of Economic	- Use the same name o Analysis, e.g., BE-577.	n all repo	orts filed	subseq	quently for	
Please read the <i>Instruction Booklet</i> , which contains definitions and reporting requirements, before completing this form. "Additional" Instructions specific to line items and "Special" Instructions for dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies are provided at the back of this form. • Who must report — The nonbank U.S. Reporter must file Form BE-11C for each minority-owned nonbank foreign affiliate owned directly and/or indirectly, at least 20 percent, but not more than 50 percent, by all U.S. Reporters of the affiliate combined, for which total assets; sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes; OR net income (loss) after provision for foreign taxes was greater than \$60 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, the affiliate's 2008 fiscal year. See <i>Instruction Booklet</i> , Part I for detailed reporting requirements.								
 Translation of foreign current Principles (FAS 52). See Instruct. Currency amounts — Report if enter amounts in the shaded pool of the shad	ion Booklet, Part IV.B. in U.S. dollars round ortions of each line. EX 500.00, enter "0." Use p	led to thousands (omit (AMPLE – If amount is \$ parenthesis () to indicate	ting 000). Do not 1,334,891.00, report as negative numbers.	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.		
Part I	— IDENTIFICATIO	ON OF MINORITY-OV tions for Part I on page	WNED FOREIGN AF	FILIAT	E			
3. Country of location — Count carried out — Mark (X) one. 1007	ry in which this fore France Germany Hong Kong	ign affiliate's physical Japan Mexico	assets are located or	where	its prim	ary ac	tivity is	
					Month	Day	Year	
4. The ending date of this foreign	gn affiliate's 2008 fi	iscal year.		1009	<u> </u>		2008	
5. Did the foreign business enterprise become a foreign affiliate of the U.S. Reporter during the fiscal year? 1010 1 Yes, and this is its initial report — Affiliate was not previously owned by the U.S. Reporter If "Yes," did the U.S. Reporter — Mark (X) one 2 1 Establish the foreign affiliate? 2 Acquire a voting interest of 10 percent or more in an existing foreign company? Enter date No								
				J				
Ownership interest in this For Percent of voting stock for an in affiliate.		•		J			Percent of ownership at close of fiscal year 2008	
Percent of voting stock for an in	corporated affiliate, or	an equivalent interest fo		J		2 1012	ownership at close of fiscal	
Percent of voting stock for an in affiliate.	corporated affiliate, or Id by U.S. Reporter I	named in item 1	r an unincorporated affiliates — See			2	ownership at close of fiscal year 2008	

Part I — IDENTIFICATION OF MINORITY-OWNED FOREIGN AFFILIATE — Continu			

of ownership of of ownership of oreign affiliat	of each foreign affilia e. Also, for each fore	e parent(s) — If there is a te of the U.S. Reporter na ign affiliate in column (a) t affiliate that holds a direc	med in item 1 hold that is below the fir	ing a direct ownership st tier in its ownership	interest in t	his	s)		
For	reign affiliate(s) hold	ng direct ownership intere	est in this foreign a	ffiliate	Name	of fo	roian a	affiliate, i	if
	Name and ID Num ame and BEA ID Nun) holding a direct ow in this foreign affil (a)	nber of foreign vnership interest	BEA USE ONLY	Percent direct ownership in this foreign affiliate Close FY 2008 (b)	any, that h	in ow olds o gn aff	vnershi direct ir	ip chain nterest ir amed in	n
a.		1191	1	. %					
b.		1192		. %					
TOTAL ——			1021	. %					
10. What is the N	/IAJOR product or s	service involved in this esale, packaged, transport	activity? If a produced etc. (For example	uct, briefly state what is	s done to it,	i.e., v	vhethe	r it is	
1029									
for the largest Guide to Indi	amount of the affilia	SI) code — Give the 4-dig te's sales. A list, and a full as for International Surv	explanation of, the reys, 2002. A sum	e ISI codes are given in mary list of ISI codes is	the	2			
		(SF). For an inactive affilia ditional Instructions on		e based on its last activ	1039				
P	art II — FINANCI	AL AND OPERATING	DATA OF MINO	PRITY-OWNED FOR	REIGN AF	FILIA	TE		
See Additiona	I Instructions for Part	t II, on page 4 at the back o	of this form.				Am	nount	
	ncial instruments an	d finances, insurance, and o ns , page 4.	real estate			Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	. Dols
12. Total assets	— Balance at close	of fiscal year			2090	\$			
13. Annual sales	or gross operating	revenues, excluding sa	iles taxes		2041	1			
14. Net income (loss)				2051	1			
and contract e given provided FY 2008 (or wh employees tha variations, rep on the payroll EMPLOYEE C connection wit expenditures f compensation an expense on	mployees not included it is a reasonable es ten the count was tall treflects normal opeort the average number at the end of each part the end of each part the employment or or employee benefit which relates to actitude income stateme	ployees on the payroll at ted on your payroll records timate of employees on the cen) was unusually high or trations. If the number of ever of employees on the pay period, month or quarter Sum of wages and salar f workers, including cash plans including those requivities that occurred during nt, charged to inventories, charged to inventories in	A count taken at some payroll at the en row due to tempo employees fluctuate ayroll during FY 20 er. If precise figures ries and employee payments, stock baured by statute. Bather eporting perict or capitalized. DO	come other date during d of FY 2008. If the nun rary factors (e.g., a stril is widely during the ye 08. Base such an avera are not available, give benefit plans. Expensed compensation, pay se compensation data and regardless of whether	the reportinue reportinue reportinue to se ge on the nyour best editures made reportinue	ng per ployee ie nun easona umbe estima de by nd, an ecords ties w	riod mass at the ober of all busing of emotion to the contract of emotion and empty of the contract of the con	ay be e end of f ness nployees ployer in ployer ort arged as	s n
						1		nber of oloyees	
15. Total numbe	r of employees*				2065				
							Am	nount	
						Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	. Dols
16. Total employ	ee compensation*				2070				
"Note – If total nun	iber of employees, it	em 15, or total employee	compensation, item	ı ıo, ıs zero — <i>Explai</i> n					
17. BEA USE 1 ONLY		2	3	4		5			

Part III — U.S. EXPORTS TO AND U.S. IMPORTS FROM MINORITY-OWNED FOREIGN AFFILIATE

Goods only valued f.a.s. at port of exportation; do not include services — See Instruction Booklet, Part V.

IMPORTANT NOTES

Report U.S. exports of goods to and U.S. imports of goods from the foreign affiliate in FY 2008. Report all goods that physically left or entered the U.S. customs area. Report data on a "shipped" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were shipped. This is the same basis as official U.S. trade statistics to which these data will be compared. Do **not** record a U.S. import or export if the goods did not physically enter or leave (i.e., were not physically shipped to or from) the United States, even if they were charged to the foreign affiliate by, or charged by the foreign affiliate to, a U.S. person.

Foreign affiliates normally keep their accounting records on a "charged" basis, i.e., on the basis of when and to (or by) whom the goods were charged. The "charged" basis may be used if there is no material difference between it and the "shipped" basis. If there is a material difference, the "shipped" basis must be used or adjustments made to the data on a "charged" basis to approximate a "shipped" basis. The data should include goods only; they should exclude services.

Capital goods — Include capital goods but exclude the value of ships, planes, railroad rolling stock, and trucks that were temporarily outside the United States transporting people or goods

Consigned goods — Include consigned goods in the trade figures when shipped or received, even though they are not normally recorded as sales or purchases, or entered into intercompany accounts when initially consigned.

In-transit goods — Exclude from exports and imports the value of goods that are in-transit. In-transit goods are goods that are not processed or consumed by residents in the intermediate country(ies) through which they transit; the in-transit goods enter that country(ies) only because that country(ies) is along the shipping lines between the exporting and importing countries. In-transit goods are goods en route from one foreign country to another via the United States (such as from Canada to Mexico via the United States), and in-transit exports are goods en route from one part of the United States to another part via a foreign country (such as from Alaska to Washington State via Canada).

Packaged general use computer software — Include exports and imports of packaged general use computer software. Value such exports and imports at the full transaction value, i.e., the market value of the media on which the software is recorded and the value of the information contained on the media. Do not include exports and imports of customized software designed to meet the needs of a specific user. This type of software is considered a service and should not be included as trade in goods. Also do not include negotiated leasing fees for software that is to be used on networks.

Natural gas, electricity, and water — Report ONLY the product value of natural gas, electricity, and water that you produce or sell at wholesale as exports and imports of goods. DO NOT report the service value (transmission and distribution).

U.S. EXPORTS OF GOODS TO THIS FOREIGN AFFILIATE								An	nount	
(Valued f.a.s. U.S. port)						Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.	
18. Total goods shipped in FY 2008 from the U.S. (by the U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate and by							1			
		rsons) to this affiliate	ii tile 0.3. (by tile 0.3.	neporter(s) or this arm	late and by	4173	\$			l
U.S. IMPO (Valued f.a.		OF GOODS FROM THIS FO	OREIGN AFFILIATE				1			
·			hall C /ta thall C Par	nartaria) of this offiliat	and to other					
19. Total goods shipped in FY 2008 to the U.S. (to the U.S. Reporter(s) of this affiliate and to other U.S. persons) by this affiliate 417						4178				i
20. BEA US	E	1	2	3	4		5			
ONLY										
	4179									

Remarks

2008 ANNUAL SURVEY OF U.S. DIRECT INVESTMENT ABROAD FORM BE-11C ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS BY LINE ITEM

Part I — IDENTIFICATION OF MINORITY-OWNED FOREIGN AFFILIATE

- 3. Country of location If the affiliate is engaged in petroleum shipping, other water transportation, or oil and gas drilling, and has operations spanning more than one country, use country of incorporation for country of location. For example, classify in country of incorporation an oil drilling rig that moves from country to country during the year.
- 6. Ownership interest held by U.S. Reporter named in item 1.

Voting interest is the U.S. Reporter's direct ownership in just the voting equity of the affiliate. Examples of voting equity include voting stock and a general partner's interest in a partnership. Thus, a U.S. Reporter could have a 100 percent direct voting interest in an affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity.

11. To be considered a holding company (ISI code 5512), a company's equity in net income of affiliates that it holds must constitute a majority of its total income. In addition, normally at least 50 percent of total assets must consist of investments in affiliates. ISI 5512 (holding company) is an invalid classification if more than 50 percent of income generated, or expected to be generated, by an affiliate is from non-holding company activities.

Part II — FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA OF FOREIGN AFFILIATE

13. Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes — Report gross operating revenues or gross sales minus returns, allowances, and discounts. Exclude sales or consumption taxes levied directly on the consumer. Exclude net value-added and excise taxes levied on manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers. Affiliates classified in ISI codes 5223, 5224, 5231, 5238, 5252 and 5331 report interest income on this line. Insurance companies with ISI codes 5243 and 5249 should include gross investment income on this line. (Dealers in financial instruments and finance, insurance, and real estate companies see Special Instructions below.)

- **14. Net income (loss)** Net income for the year, after provision for foreign income taxes, but before provision for common and preferred dividends. Include income from equity investments and realized and unrealized gains (losses) (net of income tax effects) included in the determination of net income.
- **16. Employee compensation** Consists of wages and salaries of employees and employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans.

Wages and salaries — Consists of gross earnings of all employees before deduction of employees' payroll withholding taxes, social insurance contributions, group insurance premiums, union dues, etc. Include time and piece rate payments, cost of living adjustments, overtime pay and shift differentials, bonuses, profit sharing amounts, stock based compensation, and commissions. Exclude commissions paid to independent personnel who are not employees.

Include direct payments by employers for vacations, sick leave, severance (redundancy) pay, etc. Exclude payments made by, or on behalf of, benefit funds rather than by the employer. (Include employer contributions to benefit funds in "employee benefit plans" as discussed below.)

Include in-kind payments, valued at their costs, that are clearly and primarily of benefit to the employees as consumers. Do not include expenditures that benefit employers as well as employees, such as expenditures for plant facilities, employee training programs, and reimbursement of business expenses.

Employee benefit plans — Consists of employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans, including those mandated by government statute, resulting from collective bargaining contracts and those that are voluntary. Include Social Security and other retirement plans, life and disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay programs, workers' compensation insurance, medical insurance, family allowances, unemployment insurance, severance pay funds, etc. Also, include deferred post employment and post retirement expenses per FAS 106. If plans are financed jointly by the employer and the employee, include only the contributions of the employer.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR DEALERS IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCE COMPANIES, INSURANCE COMPANIES AND REAL ESTATE COMPANIES

- A. Certain realized and unrealized gains (losses) for (1) dealers in financial instruments and finance and insurance companies, and (2) real estate companies.
 - Dealers in financial instruments (including securities, currencies, derivatives, and other financial instruments) and finance and insurance companies — Include in the calculation of net income (item 14):
 - impairment losses as defined by FAS 115,
 - realized gains and losses on trading or dealing,
 - unrealized gains or losses, due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments, that flow through the income statement, and
 - goodwill impairment as defined by FAS 142.

EXCLUDE from item 13 and 14, unrealized gains or losses due to changes in the valuation of financial instruments that are taken to other comprehensive income.

Include income from explicit fees and commissions as operating income in item 13.

- 2. Real estate companies Include in item 14:
 - impairment losses, as defined by FAS 144 and
 - goodwill impairment as defined by FAS 142.

Include revenues earned from the sale of real estate you own as operating income in item 13.

- **B.** Special Instructions for insurance companies
 - 1. When there is a difference between the financial and operating data reported to the stockholders and the data reported in the annual statement to an insurance department, prepare the BE-11 on the same basis as the annual report to the stockholders. Valuation should be according to normal commercial accounting procedures, not at rates promulgated by national insurance departments, e.g., include assets not acceptable for inclusion in the annual statement to an insurance department, such as:

 1. non-trusteed or free account assets and 2. nonadmitted assets, including furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible. Include mandatory securities valuation reserves that are appropriations of retained earnings in the owners' equity section of the balance sheet not in the liability section.
 - 2. Do not include assets of the U.S. Reporter held in the country of location of the affiliate that are for the benefit of the U.S. Reporter's policyholders in the data reported for the affiliate.
 - 3. Instructions for reporting specific items

Sales or gross operating revenues, excluding sales taxes (item 13) — Include items such as earned premiums, annuity considerations, gross investment income, and items of a similar nature.