

Supporting Statement

STOCKS REPORTS

OMB No. 0535-0007

B. COLLECTION OF INFORMATION EMPLOYING STATISTICAL METHODS

- 1. Describe (including a numerical estimate) the potential respondent universe and any sampling or other respondent selection method to be used. Data on the number of entities (e.g., establishments, State and local government units, households, or persons) in the universe covered by the collection and in the corresponding sample are to be provided in tabular form for the universe as a whole and for each of the strata in the proposed sample. Indicate expected response rates for the collection as a whole. If the collection has been conducted previously, include the actual response rate achieved during the last collection.**

The following tables show change in universe sizes and response rates for each of the stock surveys. These are censuses, so universe count equals sample size.

Change in Universe Counts						
Stocks Survey		Freq.	Universe = Sample Size			
			Estimated Sample Size for 2006 - 2008	Estimated Sample Size for 2009 - 2011		
Voluntary Surveys						
Off-farm Grain and Oilseeds		4	9,600	9,300		
Hops	Brewers	Mar & Sept	2	57	50	
	Dealers	Mar	1	5	5	
		Sept	1	5	5	
	Growers	Mar	1	41	40	
		Sept	1	41	40	
Potatoes	Stocks and Prices	Seasonal	7	2,237	350	
		Annual	1		650	
	Stocks Only	Seasonal	7		350	
		Annual	1		1,000	
	Processors	Monthly	12		55	61
		Annual	1		236	230
Rice	Mills, Port Facilities & Warehouses		5	139	140	
Subtotal for Vountary Surveys				12,416	12,221	
Mandatory Surveys						
Peanuts	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report A (Shellers)		12	34	30	
	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report CB (Blanchers)		12	7	7	
	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report CP (Processors)		12	171	126	
	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report B (Warehousers)		12	22	16	
Subtotal for Mandatory Surveys				234	179	
Total				12,650	12,400	

Response Rates for Stocks Surveys 2008							
Survey			Sample Size	Freq.	Total Contacts	Total Responses	Response Rates
Voluntary Surveys							
Off-farm Grain and Oilseeds			9,289	4	37,156	32,549	87.6%
Hops	Brewers	Mar & Sept	50	2	100	93	93.0%
		Dealers	Mar	5	1	5	4
	Sept		5	1	5	5	100.0%
	Growers	Mar	40	1	40	36	90.0%
Sept		40	1	40	40	100.0%	
Potatoes	Stocks and Prices	Seasonal	345	7	2,415	2,099	86.9%
		Annual	648	1	648	562	86.7%
	Stocks Only	Seasonal	347	7	2,429	1,703	70.1%
		Annual	1,003	1	1,003	673	67.1%
	Processors	Monthly	59	12	708	661	93.4%
Annual		234	1	234	218	93.2%	
Rice	Mills, Port Facilities &		139	5	695	642	92.4%
Subtotal for Voluntary Surveys			12,204		45,478	39,285	86.4%
Mandatory Surveys							
Peanuts	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report A (Shellers)		30	12	360	360	100.0%
	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report CB (Blanchers)		7	12	84	84	100.0%
	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report CP (Processors)		126	12	1,512	1,512	100.0%
	Peanut Stocks & Processing - Report B (Warehousers)		16	12	192	192	100.0%
Subtotal for Mandatory Surveys			179		2,148	2,148	100.0%
Total			12,383		47,626	41,433	87.0%

2. **Describe the procedures for the collection of information including:**
- **statistical methodology for stratification and sample selection,**
 - **estimation procedure,**
 - **degree of accuracy needed for the purpose described in the justification,**
 - **unusual problems requiring specialized sampling procedures**

The off-farm stocks survey for grains is an enumeration of all known commercial grain storage facilities, approximately 9,300 facilities with about 9.4 billion bushels of storage capacity. An effort is made to obtain a report from all facilities. Reports of stock holdings are normally received from operations covering about 90 percent of the capacity. Estimates are made for missing facilities to make the survey complete. Off-farm survey data are reviewed at the State and national levels for reasonableness, consistency with historical estimates, and current crop size. After estimates are made for on-farm and off-farm, the two are combined and evaluated using a balance sheet approach. This method utilizes other sources of data to check the reasonableness of the stocks estimates. Estimates of production, imports, exports, crushings, milling, and all other recorded uses of grain and oilseeds are reviewed to make sure beginning stocks, production, utilization, and ending stocks are within reasonable balance and present the best possible estimate of all stocks.

Stocks for the other commodities except peanuts are enumerated in the same manner. Peanut stocks and processing survey data are collected from shellers, blanchers, processors, and warehouses directly by Headquarters through mail questionnaires and electronic data reporting (EDR). The Peanut Stocks survey is a mandatory survey. Respondent businesses are accustomed to the survey and Headquarters receives complete cooperation. With the exception of potatoes the stocks universes are very small and the response rates are virtually 100 percent.

Potatoes are grown in every State in the U.S. with NASS making production estimates in 31 States. Potatoes are harvested throughout the year somewhere in the country. USDA covers annual production in four seasonal groupings: winter, spring, summer, and fall. Most of the large fall crop is stored in temperature- and humidity-controlled cellars to be held for sale through the late fall, winter, and spring months. The Potato Stocks Survey uses information gathered each June from the Agricultural Surveys Program (OMB No. 0535-0213) area frame survey to measure the completeness of the list frame. The names of off-farm storage operators are obtained from potato processors in each State.

Samples of the stocks questionnaires are attached in the ROCIS system.

Survey indications are subject to non-sampling errors such as omissions, duplication, imputation for missing data, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. These errors are not measured directly but they are minimized through rigid quality controls in the data collection process and a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

3. **Describe methods to maximize response rates and to deal with issues of non-response. The accuracy and reliability of information collected must be shown to be adequate for intended uses. For collections based on sampling a special justification must be provided for any collection that will not yield "reliable" data that can be generalized to the universe studied.**

Reports from central accounting offices of large off-farm grain companies account for about two-thirds of total U.S. capacity. Combining the on-farm and off-farm data provides very reliable indications.

4. **Describe any tests of procedures or methods to be undertaken.**

Testing of questionnaires is conducted periodically in small focus groups.

5. **Provide the name and telephone number of individuals consulted on statistical aspects of the design and the name of the agency unit, contractor(s), or other person(s) who will actually collect and/or analyze the information for the agency.**

The survey design for each State is determined by the Sampling Branch, Census and Survey Division (Sampling Branch Chief is William Iwig (202)720-3895) in conjunction with the Statistical Methods Branch, Statistics Division (Methods Branch Chief is Dave Aune (202)720-4008). Data collection is carried out by NASS Field Offices; Deputy Administrator for Field Operations is Marshall Dantzler, (202)720-3638.

There are several NASS commodity statisticians in Headquarters Crops Branch, Statistics Division, who work on the stocks surveys. They are responsible for survey administration, support for FO activities, national summary data, and publication (Crops Branch Chief is Lance Honig (202)720-2127).

March 2009