TABLE OF CHANGES FORM I-129 03-06-09

Location	Current Form I-129	Changes or Description
Page 4, Form I-129	Completing Part A of the	Completing Part A of the Supplement
Instructions	Supplement Form	Form
	All U.S. employers seeking to classify an alien as an H-1B or H-1B1 Free	All U.S. employers seeking to classify an alien as an H-1B or H-1B1 Free
	Trade Nonimmigrant worker must	Trade Nonimmigrant worker must
	complete Part A of the supplement	complete Part A of the supplement
	form. An employer must answer all of the questions in the "Employer	form. An employer must answer all of the questions in the "Employer
	Information" Section.	Information" Section.
	1. H-1B Dependent employer. An	
	"H-1B dependent employer" means an employer that:	1. H-1B Dependent employer. An "H-1B dependent employer" means an employer that:
	A. Has 25 or fewer full-time-	employer that:
	equivalent employees who are	A. Has 25 or fewer full-time-
	employed in the United States and	equivalent employees who are
	employs more than seven H-1B	employed in the United States and
	nonimmigrants.	employs more than seven H-1B nonimmigrants.
	B. Has at least 26 but not more	nominingrants.
	than 50 full-time-equivalent	B. Has at least 26 but not more than
	employees who are employed in the	50 full-time-equivalent employees
	United States and employs more	who are employed in the United
	than 12 H-1B nonimmigrants; or	States and employs more than 12 H- 1B nonimmigrants; or
	C. Has at least 51 full-time-	1D hommingtants, of
	equivalent employees who are	C. Has at least 51 full-time-
	employed in the United States and	equivalent employees who are
	employs H-1B nonimmigrant in a	employed in the United States and
	number tat is equal to al least 15	employs H-1B nonimmigrant in a
	percent of the number of such full-	number that is equal to al least 15
	time-equivalent employees.	percent of the number of such full- time-equivalent employees.
	2. Willful Violators. A willful	and equivalent employees.
	violator is an employer whom the U.S.	NOTE: As of February 17, 2009, U.S.
	Secretary of Labor has found, after	employers who receive funding under
	notice and opportunity for a hearing, to	the Troubled Assets Relief Program
	have willfully failed to meet a	(TARP), as described in the Employ
	condition in section 212(n) of the	American Workers Act (sec. 1611 of Div. A. Title XVI of Public Law 111 E)
	Immigration and nationality Act.	Div. A, Title XVI of Public Law 111-5) and seek to hire an H-1B nonimmigrant
	3. Exempt H-1B nonimmigrant. An	must comply with the H-1B Dependent
	5. Zachipe II ID nominingrund All	made comply what are if iD Dependent

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Dece 12 From L	 "exempt H-1B nonimmigrant" means an H-1B who: A. Receives wages (including cash bonuses and similar compensation) at an annual rate equal to at least \$60,000: or B. Has attained a master's degree or higher (or its equivalent) in a specialty related to the intended employment. 	 Employer provisions. The H-1B Dependent Employer provisions apply regardless whether such U.S. employers are seeking exempt H-1B nonimmigrants. 2. Willful Violators. A willful violator is an employer whom the U.S. Secretary of Labor has found, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, to have willfully failed to meet a condition in section 212(n) of the Immigration and nationality Act. 3. Exempt H-1B nonimmigrant. An "exempt H-1B nonimmigrant" means an H-1B who: A. Receives wages (including cash bonuses and similar compensation) at an annual rate equal to at least \$60,000: or B. Has attained a master's degree or higher (or its equivalent) in a specialty related to the intended employment. 4. TARP funding. TARP funding refers to receipt of funds described in the Employ American Workers Act (sec. 1611 of Div. A, Title XVI of Public Law 111-5).
Page 13, Form I- 129, H-1B Data Collection	 Employer Information – (Check all items that apply) 	1. Employer Information – (Check all items that apply)
Supplement, Part A, Question 1	a. Is the petitioner a dependent employer? No Yes	a. Is the petitioner a dependent employer? No Yes
	b. Has the petitioner even been found to be a willful violator? No Yes	 b. Has the petitioner even been found to be a willful violator? No Yes

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c. Is the beneficiary an exempt H-1B nonimmigrant? No Yes	c. Is the beneficiary an exempt H- 1B nonimmigrant? No Yes
 If yes, is it because the beneficiary's annual rate of pay is equal to at least \$60,000? No Yes Or is it because the beneficiary has a master's or higher degree in a specialty related to the employment? No Yes 	 If yes, is it because the beneficiary's annual rate of pay is equal to at least \$60,000? No Yes Or is it because the beneficiary has a master's or higher degree in a specialty related to the employment? No Yes Has the petitioner received TARP funding? No Yes