Clinician Post-Intervention Survey

Clinical Care and Health Survey: Colorectal Cancer Screening Clinician Opinion and Practice Questionnaire

Clinician Colorectal Cancer Screening Survey

Funded by The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Atlanta, GA

Battelle logo

MCO logo

[MCO Research Arm Name] and Battelle Centers for Public Health Research are inviting you to participate in this study of elinicians colorectal cancer screening at [MCO Name]. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is collaborating with Battelle and [MCO Research Arm Name], to study ways to improve colorectal cancer screening in primary care.

We are interested in your opinions and experiences when talking with your patients over the age of 50 about colon cancer and colon cancer screening. We know that primary care clinicians use a variety of approaches to discuss colorectal cancer screening with patients over age 50. We are interested in **your** training, practice approaches, and opinions about screening for colorectal cancer. We are also interested in the institutional systems you use to facilitate routine screening.

All providers in your clinic as well as several other clinics at [MCO] are being askled to complete this survey. You are being paid \$50 to compensate you for your time and effort. You will be contacted one more time in the future so that we may learn more about your training, practice approaches, and opinions about screening for colorectal cancer.

Clinicians who reviewed this questionnaire estimated that it took between 15 and 45 approximately 30 minutes to complete.

We appreciate your help in improving patient care at MCO Name.

- Your answers are strictly private.
- Please do not put your name on the survey.
- Answers from other providers like you will be combined into one final summary.
- Some questions are personal, but those questions provide important information for this study.
- It is your choices to skip any questions that you do not want to answer
- Management at [MCO name] will not see your answers.

We thank you **very** much for taking your time to fill in this survey for us. When you are done, please mail it back to us in the enclosed envelope.

Thank you!

CLINICIAN QUESTIONNAIRE

Part I: Clinician Characteristics

THIS FIRST SECTION ASKS A FEW QUESTIONS ABOUT YOUR PERSONAL BACKGROUND AND YOUR CURRENT PRACTICE.

1.	What is your age?
2.	What is your sex?
	☐ Male ☐ Female
3.	What is your primary specialty?
4.	What is your secondary specialty?(PLEASE SPECIFY) Plant
	Two secondary specialty
4.	Since completing your training, how long have you been practicing? Years
5.	How long have you practiced at(name of study clinic site)your clinic?
	YearsMonths
	Note: "Your clinic" = (fill with study clinic name) Please complete remainder of survey with respect to your practice at (study clinic name)
6.	On average, how many hours per week total do you spend in direct patient care in your clinic ?
	Average number of hours
7.	Approximately, how many patients are in your panel at your clinic?
8.	On average, how many patients do you see in a typical week in your clinic?
9.—	On average, approximately how many patients do you see in a typical week for health-maintenance visits/exams in your clinic?

10. On average, **approximately** what *percent* of the patients you see in **your clinic** are 50-years of age or older? _______%

Part II: Preventive Services Opinions

1.	How worthwhile do you consider each of the following preventive services for
	asymptomatic patients, age 50 and over, during health maintenance exams a routine non-
	acute care visit? (CHECK ONE BOX FOR EACH TEST)

Test and interval	Not at all worthwhile	Slightly worthwhile	Somewhat worthwhile	Quite worthwhile	Very worthwhile
a. Pap smear (every 3 years)					
b. Mammogram (annual)					
 Digital rectal exam with hemoccult (annual) 					
d. Fecal occult blood test (FC or hemoccult) (annual)	DBT				
e. Flexible sigmoidoscopy (every 5 years)					
f. Colonoscopy (every 10 years)					
g. Cholesterol test (annual)					
h. Prostate specific antigen (annual)					
 i. Digital rectal exam to chec prostate (annual) 	k 🗖				

2. **How often do you discuss** the following issues with patients age 50 and over during a health maintenance exam routine non-acute care visit? (CHECK ONE BOX FOR EACH TEST)

Issues Discussed			Half the		
	Never	Sometimes	Time	Usually	Always
a. Smoking					
b. Alcohol use					
c. Exercise or physical activity					
d. Dietary practices					
e. Stress					
f. Depression					
g. Breast cancer screening					
h. Cervical cancer screening with Pap test (for women)					

i.	Prostate cancer screening					
j.	(for men) Colorectal cancer screening					
J.	i. Fecal occult blood test					
	ii. Flexible sigmoidoscopy					
	iii. Colonoscopy					
	iv. Barium enema					
	How often do your patients (as health maintenance exam routing	_		_	_	Е)
Is	sues brought up			Half the		
2	Cholesterol or heart disease	Never	Sometimes	Time	Usually	Always
a.	risk and screening					
b.	High blood pressure risk and screening					
c.	Diabetes risk and screening					
d.	Breast cancer risk and screening (for women)					
e.	Cervical cancer risk and					
f.	screening (for women) Prostate cancer screening					
g.	(for men) Colorectal cancer screening					
NTER OVER ROUTI	REMAINDER OF THIS SURVEY IS A LESTED IN YOUR OPINIONS AND PARE ASYMPTOMATIC AND INE NON-ACUTE CARE VISIT. III: Colorectal Cancer Section 1.	RACTICES AI ARE PRESEI	BOUT SCREENING Y NTING FOR A HEA I	YOUR Pati e Lth Main	ents age 50 am f enance exa	
	QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION A RIENCES RELATED TO COLORE			TRAINING	AND	
1.	—In the past year, have you retopics?	eceived spe	ecific training on	any of the	following	
			-	Yes	No	
	a. How to discuss colorect with your patients	al cancer sc	reening options	₽		
	b. Provision of fecal occul	t blood test ((FOBT) (home-	-		

	test kit) to patients					
	c. Recommending Flexible Sigmoidoscopy to	o patients	₽ €	}		
	d. Recommending Colonoscopy to patients		₽ €	}		
	e. Recommending Double contrast barium en patients	nema to	- -	}		
1.	In the past year did you attend CE/CME training the rate of colon cancer screening?	offered at you	ır clinic on ho	ow to improv	ve	
	 ☐ Yes, I attended the first meeting ☐ Yes, I attended the second meeting ☐ Yes, I attended both meetings ☐ No, I didn't attend any meetings at my clinic 	on this topic				
2.	In the past year, did you receive specific train	ning on any o	f the follow	ing topics?		
	Current colorectal cancer (CRC) screening guidelines Colorectal cancer screening rates at ABQ/Health Par			Yes	5	No □ □
	Colorectal cancer screening rates at my clinic				1	
	How to discuss colorectal cancer screening options w	ith vour patien	ts		•	
e. [The difference between motivation and persuasion whe cancer screening with your patients					
f. F	How to modify clinic processes to increase the rate and cancer screening Continuing Medical Education Regarding Cl				1	
	☐ I did not attend any CME/CE about colorectal cancer screening in the past year					_
	IF CHECKED (\checkmark) PLEASE SKIP TO NEXT SECTION	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neither	Agree	Strongl Agree
a.	The CME/CE prepared me to use motivational interviewing techniques to encourage my patients to get CRC screening					
b.	The CME/CE prepared me to use open-ended questions with my patients to hear their CRC screening issues					
с.	The CME/CE prepared me to use reflective listening with my patients to hear their CRC screening issues					
d.	I think other clinicians in the clinic are using the techniques we learned to motivate patients to get their CRC screenina					

e.	I think clinic support staff are using the techniques we learned to motivate patients to get their CRC screening					L
4.	In the past year, approximately how many new case detected or diagnosed among your asymptomatic pascreening tests?					
	Test	Num	ber of Asym	ptomatic (Cases	
	Fecal occult blood test (FOBT) (Hemoccult cards) (home test kit)					
	Flexible sigmoidoscopy					
	Colonoscopy					
	Double contrast barium enema					
	Other, specify					
	stages) have you detected or diagnosed among your the following screening tests? Test		atic patients,	_		
	Fecal occult blood test (FOBT) (Hemoccult cards) (home test kit)					
	Flexible sigmoidoscopy					
	Colonoscopy					
	Double contrast barium enema					
	Other, specify					
D	The Colombial Control Control Control	- T - C - · · ·	(* 1 ·	D		
<u> Pa</u>	<u>rt IV: Colorectal Cancer Screening Practice</u>	s Inform	ation and I	Resource	<u>2S</u>	
	SWER THE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION THINKING ABOUT ER WHO ARE ASYMPTOMATIC, AND ARE PRESENTING FOR For each statement below, please check how often y when you see patients for health maintenance exam	A HEALTH	MAINTENANC	EE EXAM.		
1.	Information, Training and Reminders	- and Re Strongly Disagree	esources Disagree	: Neither	Agree	Strongl Agree
a.	I have adequate the latest information about colorectal cancer screening					
b.	I have the latest information about colorectal cancer screening guidelines					

Half the

time

Usually

Always

			Expiration	Date. 03/31/2	.011	
c.	I have the skills I need to address colorectal cancer screening with my patients					
d.	I feel prepared to answer patient questions about CRC screening					
	e. Patients with flagged charts are more likely to receive an FOBT kit at their annual visit					
e. f.	I feel prepared to discuss CR screening with patients My clinic has seen an increased volume of consulting nurse phone calls about CRC screening					
g.	I feel confident that I can increase my patients' motivation to screen for colorectal cancer					
h.	My patients feel comfortable asking me questions about CRC screening					
i.	I feel confident that I can help patients decide which screening test to use					
j.	I can understand and address my patients' barriers to CRC screening					
2.	CRC Screening Materials: The materials that I currently use in my practice	Strongly				Strongly
	The materials that I currently use in my practice	Disagree	Disagree	Neither	Agree	Agree
a.	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice		Disagree	Neither	Agree	
	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice are easy for patients to understand have been well received by patients	Disagree				Agree
a. b.	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice are easy for patients to understand have been well received by patients helped me gain new skills for addressing CRC screening in my practice	Disagree				Agree
a. b. c.	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice are easy for patients to understand have been well received by patients helped me gain new skills for addressing CRC	Disagree				Agree
a. b. c. d.	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice are easy for patients to understand have been well received by patients helped me gain new skills for addressing CRC screening in my practice helped me feel more able to answer patient questions about CRC screening	Disagree				Agree
a. b. c. d.	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice are easy for patients to understand have been well received by patients helped me gain new skills for addressing CRC screening in my practice helped me feel more able to answer patient questions	Disagree				Agree
a. b. c. d. e.	The materials that I currently use in my practice are helpful tools for my practice are easy for patients to understand have been well received by patients helped me gain new skills for addressing CRC screening in my practice helped me feel more able to answer patient questions about CRC screening	Disagree Ces YOUR PATIE	NTS AGE 50	YEARS AN		Agree

9

when you see patients for health maintenance exam routine non-acute care visits.

a. I discuss colorectal cancer (CRC)

screening when patients present with questions or concerns *about colon cancer*b. I discuss CRC screening with patients who

report risk factors in a medical history

Never

Sometimes

3.		☐ I do not recommend routine colorectal can ☐ Digital rectal exam alone ☐ Digital rectal exam and in-office hemoccul ☐ Fecal occult blood (hemoccult) test alone (☐ Flexible sigmoidoscopy alone ☐ Colonoscopy alone ☐ Double contrast barium enema alone ☐ Either fecal occult blood test or flexible sigmoidoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test or colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and flexible sigmoidoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and flexible sigmoidoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone ☐ Both fecal occult blood test and colonoscopy alone	gmoidoscopy gmoidoscopy er recommo	ome kit) opy opy endations fo	or colorectal ver. If you	ı do not
		 □ Digital rectal exam alone □ Digital rectal exam and in-office hemoccul. □ Fecal occult blood (hemoccult) test alone (□ Flexible sigmoidoscopy alone □ Colonoscopy alone □ Double contrast barium enema alone □ Either fecal occult blood test or flexible si □ Either fecal occult blood test or colonosco □ Both fecal occult blood test and flexible si □ Both fecal occult blood test and colonosco 	gmoidosco gmoidosco py gmoidosco py	ome kit)	me	
۷٠		Which test or test combination do you most o average-risk patients age 50 and over, as a col ONE BOX)				
YO MA	UR :	QUESTIONS THAT FOLLOW, WE ASK YOU ABOUT PATIENTS. EVEN IF YOUR STRATEGY IS TO ENC. G, ANSWER THE QUESTIONS IN TERMS OF WHAT YOU DIRECTLY WHAT YOU RECOMMEND.	OURAGE F YOU WOU	PATIENTS TO ULD TELL PA	SHARE IN I	DECISION- HEY-
		vii.I accept their decisions with regard to being screened				
		vi. we come to a joint decision as to which screening method to use				
		screening v. I reflect back to each patient his/her own reasons for being screened				
		techniques with them about colon cancer screening iv. I ask them open-ended questions about their perceptions of colon cancer and				
		have iii. I use motivational interviewing				
		method to use ii. I recommend a specific test they should				
		i. I let them decide which screening				
		available for all patients When discussing CRC screening with my pati	ents:		u	u
e.		appropriate patients I have brochures on CRC screening		П	П	
e.	d.	I discuss CRC screening with all age-				

answer in terms of patients ages 50 and over who do not have any abnormal findings on previous tests.

-	I do not	Recommended starting age	Recommended frequency of testing	Is there an age at which you no longer recommend testing?	If yes, what age?
a. Digital rectal examwithout hemoccult	₽	<u>yrs</u>	Everyyrs →	□Yes →	y
 b. Digital rectal exam in conjunction with hemoccult 		<u>yrs</u> →	Everyyrs →	□Yes → □ No	y
c. Fecal occult blood test (FOBT) (Home kit)	₽	<u>yrs</u>	Everyyrs →	□Yes → □ No	y
d. Flexible sigmoidoscopy		<u>yrs</u>	Everyyrs →	□Yes →	<u>у</u>
e. Colonoscopy		<u>yrs</u>	Everyyrs →	□Yes → □ No	<u>т</u> у
f. Double contrast barium enema		<u></u> yrs	Everyyrs →	⊕Yes → □ No	<u>т</u> у
3. For the last 10 patient routine non-acute car please estimate how colorectal cancer screen	re visit and wer many of each o	re asymptomatic of the following te	and due for routine (sts you performed or	CRC screening,	
Please write "0" if	YOU DID NOT	ORDER THE TEST F	OR ANY OF THESE 10	PATIENTS.	
Performed di	gital rectal exa	m with hemoccult	<u> </u>		
Handed out f	ecal occult blo	od test (FOBT)			
Flexible sigm	oidoscopy				
Ordered doub	ole contrast bai	rium enema			
Ordered colo	noscopy				
4. Among all patients ag non-acute acre visit, i screening, for approx colorectal cancer scre	n the past year cimately what	r, who were asymt percentage did yo	optomatic <i>and due fo</i> ou perform or order	or routine CRC	
Performed di	gital rectal exa	m with hemoccult	%		
Handed out f	eccal occult blo	ood test (FOBT)		%	
Ordered flexi	ble sigmoidos	сору	%		
Double contro	ast barium ene	ma	%		
Ordered colo	noscopy		%		

Part VI: Opinions about CRC Screening

For each statement below, please check the box that best represents your opinion.

1.		sing colorectal cancer screening with ients aged 50 and older would:	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree
	a.	make me feel <i>that</i> I am providing comprehensive care					
	b.	takes too much of my time and effort					
	c.	be is a higher priority with my male patients					
	d.	be is a low priority in my average health maintenance exam-non-acute					
	e.	reassures patients					
	f.	gives me an opportunity to provide reliable information and educate					
	g.	be <i>is</i> a topic that patients do not want to talk about					
	h.	causes my patients to feel uncomfortable or embarrassed					
	i.	be <i>is</i> something that I feel prepared to discuss.					
	j.	distracts from other patient needs.					
2.		uting Providing screening fecal occult tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 ler is:	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree
2.	blood	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50		Disagree	Agree nor	Agree	
2.	blood of	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 der is:	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	and old	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 der is: is a practice standard	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	and old a. b.	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 ler is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	and old a. b. c.	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 der is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language barriers is an opportunity for education about	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	blood (a. b. c. d.	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 ler is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language barriers	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	blood (a. b. c. d. e.	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 der is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language barriers is an opportunity for education about CRC screening is a method to increase a patient's role	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	blood (a. b. c. d. e. f.	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 der is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language barriers is an opportunity for education about CRC screening is a method to increase a patient's role in their own health care	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	blood (and old old old old old old old old old ol	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 der is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language barriers is an opportunity for education about CRC screening is a method to increase a patient's role in their own health care is cost effective	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree
2.	blood (and old old old old old old old old old ol	tests (FOBT) to my patients aged 50 ler is: is a practice standard is easy to do is a low risk test for my patients is difficult due to cultural or language barriers is an opportunity for education about CRC screening is a method to increase a patient's role in their own health care is cost effective is difficult due to time constraints	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree		Agree

		d older complete screening fecal occult ood test (FOBT) kits at home would:	Disagree		Agree nor Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree
	k.	be is convenient for patients					
	l.	be is effective in finding CRC at an early stage					
	m.	be is effective in decreasing mortality					
	n.	result s in patients doing it wrong					
	0	results in patients not returning cards					
	p	be is distasteful for patients					
	q.	worry my patients because of false positive results					
	r.	be is difficult for patients					
	s.	produce inaccurate results					
	j.	other, (SPECIFY)	\Box	₽	₽	\Box	\Box
3.	pat scr	ving Encouraging my asymptomaticients aged 50 and older complete accening flexible sigmoidoscopy would:	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree nor Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree
	a.	find most colorectal cancer at early stage	\Box	₽	₽	\Box	₽
	b. -	be cost-effective	₽	₽	₽		₽
	c.	reassure patients	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
	d.	take too much of my time and effort to discuss and refer	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
	e.	take too much time for patients	\Box	₽	₽	\Box	\Box
	f.	miss a large part of the colon	\Box	₽	₽	\Box	\Box
	g.	be effective in decreasing mortality	\Box	₽	₽		₽
	h.	be difficult/unpleasant for patients to prepare for	₽				₽
	i.	be inconvenient for patients	\Box	₽	₽	\Box	\Box
	j.	expose patients to significant risk of complications	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
	k.	be something that patients would refuse to do	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
		be something that I feel prepared to discuss	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
	m.	result in a long wait time for an appointment	₽	₽	₽	₽	₽
	n.	other, (SPECIFY)	\Box	\Box	\Box	\Box	\Box

3.	age	couraging my asymptomatic patients ed 50 and older complete a screening onoscopy would:	Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Agree	Strongly Agree	
	a.	be is appropriate only for high risk patients					
	b.	be is appropriate only as follow-up to other tests					
	C. 1	s easy to do					
	d.	would .find colorectal cancer at an early stage					
	e.	reassures patients					
	f.	is an opportunity to educate patients about CRC screening					
	g.	be is preferred by most patients					
	h.	be is the best test we can provide					
	i.	allows a view the entire colon					
	j.	be is effective in decreasing mortality					
	k.	takes too much time for patients					
	l.	be <i>is</i> unpleasant for patients to prepare for					
	m.	be is inconvenient for patients					
	n.	exposes patients to significant risk of complications					
	0.	be is expensive for the patient					
	p.	be is cost-effective					
	q.	takes too much of my time and effort to discuss and refer					
	r.	be is something that patients would refuse to do					
	s.	be <i>is</i> something that I feel prepared to discuss					
	t.	results in a long wait time for an appointment					

Part VII. Facilitators and Barriers to CRC Screening

1.

ITEM)

WE ARE INTERESTED IN HOW VARIOUS FACTORS AFFECT THE EASE OR DIFFICULT OF COLORECTAL CANCER (CRC) SCREENING.

Do you use any of the following systems at your clinic to remind you or your patients

when they are due to be screened for colorectal cancer? (CHECK ONE BOX FOR EACH

						Y es	No	
		a.	Flow charts, "tickler files," or prompts to staff if patients are due for a CRC screening					
		b.	Flow charts, "tickler files," or prompts to staff if patients are due for a CRC screening sigmoidoscopy					
		с.	Flow charts, "tickler files," or prompts to staff if patients are due for a CRC screening					
		d.	Computerized printouts of my patients' st	atus on scree	ning tests			
		e.	Reminder phone calls to patient					
		f.	Reminder cards by mail to patient					
		g.	Materials (e.g., handouts) or programs to	educate patie	ents			
		h.	Other (PLEASE SPECIFY)					
3.		Hov	Get a Flexible sigmoidoscopy appointment Get a Colonoscopy appointment Get a Double contrast barium enema appoi	ntment ng at your fac		ort CRC		
				Not available	Not at all adequate			Very adequate
	a.		ummary record of the patient's screening					
	b		s (e.g., stable events summary) omputer-generated prompt or flag to					
	٥.		ind you when a patient is due for a					
		scre	ening test					

		Not available	Not at all adequate		Very adequate
C.	A medical assistant generated prompt or flag to remind you when a patient is due for a screening test				
d.	Tracking system to follow-up patients after referral to a colonoscopy appointment				
e.	A patient reminder or recall system				
f.	Materials (e.g., handouts) to educate patients about CRC screening				
g.	Materials about CRC screening in languages other than English				
h.	Staff trained to do patient education about FOBT (hemoccult) cards				
i.	Availability of FOBT kits (Hemoccult cards)				
j.	Staff/system to remind patients to return FOBT cards				
k.	A convenient ordering, appointment, or referral system for colonoscopy				
l.	Staff to make patient appointments for flexible colonoscopy				
m.	Reminder system for patient appointments for colonoscopy				
n.	Staff trained to do patient education about colonoscopy preparation				
0.	Facilities to perform colonoscopy in your health system				
p.	Availability of timely colonoscopy appointments				

<u>Part VIII. Support for CRC Screening</u>

1.	My discussing colorectal cancer screening options and methods with asymptomatic patients over 50 years of
	age who see me for a general health maintenance exam routine health maintenance exam is something
	that:

				Neither Encourage		
		Strongly Encourage	Encourage	nor Discourage	Discourage	Strongly Discourage
a.	Patients generally					
b.	My colleagues generally					
c.	My primary professional medical organizations (SPECIFY)	-	₽	₽	₽	-
C.	Governmental health organizations (e.g., CDC, NIH, State and Local Health Departments)					
e.	Voluntary and non-profit health organizations (e.g., ACS)	₽	₽	₽	₽	-
d.	US Preventive Services Task Force, and other independent working groups					
g.	Health insurance policies	\Box	\Box	\Box	\Box	\Box
h.	Medicare coverage policies			\Box	\Box	
i.	The popular media (TV, radio, magazines)	₽	₽	₽	₽	
j.	My group practice policies		\Box		\Box	
e.	Clinicians in my clinic generally					
Please I	let us know if you have any addi	tional com	ments:			

Thank you very much for completing your survey

Please place it in the enclosed, stamped, envelope and drop it in the mail for us!