Form (Rev. February 2009

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

Release/Revocation of Release of Claim to Exemption for Child by Custodial Parent

► Attach a separate form for each child.

OMB No. 1545-0074

Attachment

Sequence No. 115

Name of noncustodial parent		Noncustodial parent's	
	·	social security number (SSN) ▶	
Part I	Release of Claim to Exemption for Current Year		1 1
	·		
I agree no	ot to claim an exemption for		
		Name of child	
for the tax	year 20		
	Signature of custodial parent releasing claim to exemption	Custodial parent's SSN	Date
Note. If yo	ou choose not to claim an exemption for this child for future tax	years, also complete Part II.	
Part II	Release of Claim to Exemption for Future Years (If c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	arent on page 2.)
	p		<u> </u>
	A to plains an averantion for		
i agree no	t to claim an exemption for	Name of child	
for the tor			
for the tax	(Specify. See instructions.)		
	(Opcony. Occ manualions.)	! !	
	Signature of custodial parent releasing claim to exemption	Custodial parent's SSN	Date
Part III	Revocation of Release of Claim to Exemption for Fu	<u>'</u>	
r ar t iii	nevocation of neicase of Olaim to Exemption for ra	tare rear(s)	
I revoke th	he release of claim to an exemption for	Name of child	
		Name of Child	
for the tax			
	(Specify. See instructions.)		
9	Signature of custodial parent revoking the release of claim to exemption	Custodial parent's SSN	Date

General Instructions

What's New

New rules apply to allow the custodial parent to revoke a previous release of claim to exemption. For details, see Revocation of release of claim to exemption on this page.

Purpose of Form

If you are the custodial parent, you can use this form to do the following.

- Release a claim to exemption for your child so that the noncustodial parent can claim an exemption for the child.
- Revoke a previous release of claim to exemption for your child.

Release of claim to exemption. This release of the exemption will also allow the noncustodial parent to claim the child tax credit and the additional child tax credit (if either applies). Complete this form (or sign a similar statement containing the same information required by this form) and give it to the noncustodial parent. The noncustodial parent must attach this form or similar

statement to his or her tax return each year the exemption is claimed. Use Part I to release a claim to the exemption for the current year. Use Part II if you choose to release a claim to exemption for any future year(s).

Revocation of release of claim to exemption. Use Part III to revoke a previous release of claim to an exemption. The revocation will be effective no earlier than the tax year following the year in which you provide the noncustodial parent with a copy of the revocation or make a reasonable effort to provide the noncustodial parent with a copy of the revocation. Therefore, if you revoke a release on Form 8332 and provide a copy of the form to the noncustodial parent in 2009, the earliest tax year the revocation can be effective is 2010. You must attach a copy of the revocation to your tax return each year the exemption is claimed as a result of the revocation. You must also keep for your records a copy of the revocation and evidence of delivery of the notice to the noncustodial parent, or of reasonable efforts to provide actual notice.

Custodial Parent and Noncustodial Parent

The custodial parent is the parent with whom the child lived for the greater part of the year. The other parent is the noncustodial parent.

If the parents divorced or separated during the year and the child lived with both parents before the separation, the custodial parent is the one with whom the child lived for the greater part of the rest of the year.

See Regulations section 1.152-4 for more details on determining custody.

Exemption for a Dependent Child

A dependent is either a qualifying child or a qualifying relative. See your tax return instruction booklet for the definition of these terms. Generally, a child of divorced or separated parents will be a qualifying child of the custodial parent. However, if the special rule on page 2 applies, then the child will be treated as the qualifying child or qualifying relative of the noncustodial parent for purposes of the dependency exemption, the child tax credit, and the additional child tax credit.

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Special Rule for Children of Divorced or Separated Parents

A child is treated as a qualifying child or a qualifying relative of the noncustodial parent if all of the following apply.

- 1. The child received over half of his or her support for the year from one or both of the parents (see the *Exception* below). Public assistance payments, such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), are not support provided by the parents.
- 2. The child was in the custody of one or both of the parents for more than half of the year.
 - 3. Either of the following applies.
- a. The custodial parent agrees not to claim an exemption for the child by signing this form or a similar statement. If the decree or agreement went into effect after 1984, see *Post-1984 decree or agreement* below.
- b. A pre-1985 decree of divorce or separate maintenance or written separation agreement states that the noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent. But the noncustodial parent must provide at least \$600 for the child's support during the year. This rule does not apply if the decree or agreement was changed after 1984 to say that the noncustodial parent cannot claim the child as a dependent.

For this rule to apply, the parents must be one of the following.

- Divorced or legally separated under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance.
- Separated under a written separation agreement.
- Living apart at all times during the last 6 months of the year.

If this rule applies, and the other dependency tests in your tax return instruction booklet are also met, the noncustodial parent can claim the exemption for the child.

Exception. If the support of the child is determined under a multiple support agreement, this special rule does not apply and this form should not be used.

Post-1984 decree or agreement. If the divorce decree or separation agreement went into effect after 1984 and before 2009, the noncustodial parent can attach certain pages from the decree or agreement instead of Form 8332. To be able to do this, the decree or agreement must state all three of the following.

- 1. The noncustodial parent can claim the child as a dependent without regard to any condition (such as payment of support).
- 2. The other parent will not claim the child as a dependent.
- 3. The years for which the claim is released.

The noncustodial parent must attach all of the following pages from the decree or agreement.

- Cover page (include the other parent's SSN on that page).
- The pages that include all of the information identified in (1) through (3) above.
- Signature page with the other parent's signature and date of agreement.



The noncustodial parent must attach the required information even if it was filed with a return in an earlier year.

The noncustodial parent can no longer attach certain pages from a divorce decree or separation agreement instead of Form 8332 if the decree or agreement was executed after 2008. If the decree or separation agreement was executed before 2009, the noncustodial parent can continue to attach certain pages from the decree or agreement as discussed above.

Specific Instructions Custodial Parent

Part I. Complete Part I to release a claim to exemption for your child for the current tax year.

Part II. Complete Part II to release a claim to exemption for your child for one or more future years. Write the specific future year(s) or "all future years" in the space provided in Part II.



To help ensure future support, you may not want to release your claim to the exemption for the child for future years.

Part III. Complete Part III if you are revoking a previous release of claim to exemption for your child. Write the specific future year(s) or "all future years" in the space provided in Part III.

The revocation will be effective no earlier than the tax year following the year you provide the noncustodial parent with a copy of the revocation or make a reasonable effort to provide the noncustodial parent with a copy of the revocation. Also, you must attach a copy of the revocation to your tax return for

each year you are claiming the exemption as a result of the revocation. You must also keep for your records a copy of the revocation and evidence of delivery of the notice to the noncustodial parent, or of reasonable efforts to provide actual notice.

Example. In 2007, you released a claim to exemption for your child on Form 8332 for the years 2008 through 2010. You would now like to revoke the previous release of exemption. If you complete Part III of Form 8332 and provide a copy of the form to the noncustodial parent in 2009, the revocation will be effective for 2010.

Noncustodial Parent

Attach this form or similar statement to your tax return for each year you claim the exemption for your child. You can claim the exemption only if the other dependency tests in your tax return instruction booklet are met.



If the custodial parent released his or her claim to the exemption for the child for any future year, you must attach a

copy of this form or similar statement to your tax return for each future year that you claim the exemption. Keep a copy for your records.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Internal Revenue Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For the estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.