

Screening for Specific Population Groups in Mail Surveys

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The views presented in this paper are those of the authors and do not represent the official views of the United States Department of Education.

Introduction

Screening for Specific Population Groups

- In cross-sectional surveys generally conducted through RDD
 - Inexpensive method of screening large number of households
 - May need to sample from within households
 - Attractiveness of completing the topical survey during the screening contact



Introduction (Cont.)

- Problems with RDD screening approaches
 - Declining response rates: (Steeh et al. 2001; Curtin, Presser and Singer 2005; Battaglia et al. 2008)
 - Declining coverage rates for landline RDD
 - January-June 2009: 22.7% of households were cellonly, and another 1.9% were phoneless (Blumberg and Luke 2009)
 - Exclusion of about 20% of landline telephone households (Fahimi, Kulp, and Brick, POQ 2009)



Introduction (Cont.)

- Using mail as an alternative: single-phase
 - Use Address Based Sample increasing population coverage relative to landline RDD (Fahimi; *Presented at* 2010 FedCASIC workshop)
 - Much of the questionnaire is irrelevant to most sampled addresses
 - Uncontrolled sampling



Two-phase Mail Approach

- Mail screener to all households
- Use returned screeners to determine eligibility and perform sampling
- Mail topical survey only to sampled persons (in eligible households)
- Nonresponse bias is a concern
 - Education/Income biases with mail mode
 - Potential for differential response between target and nontarget population

Introduction (Cont.)

The National Household Education Surveys Program

- Sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics
- Targets households with children
- Surveys roughly every 2 years 1991-2007
- All surveys through 2007: RDD/CATI
- Declining response rates
 - Screener response: Low 80's in early years 53% in 2007
 - Topical rates: 90% in early years 75% in 2007
- 2009 Pilot Study of address-based sample

Overview of Design

- NHES targets households with children
- Key elements of screener experiment screener versions tested
 - Screen-out: 1 page 11x17; only asked about children
 - Core: 4 pages 8½x11; asked about children and 9 household questions
 - Engaging: 6 pages 8½x11; same as core with additional 16 questions on education



- Purpose of screener versions
 - Does a child-focused survey request (screen-out) result in different response propensities for households with children?
 - Does increasing content of the survey (engaging) to engage the respondent result in different response propensities for all households?
 - Does screener version result in different response propensities to the topical survey?
 - Does screener version affect the composition of respondents?



Overview of Design (Cont.)

- Key elements of screener experiment
 - Two-phase data collection
 - Screener
 - Topical survey (personalized)
 - Test in a national sample (n = 10,200)
 - Mail contacts based on general procedures outlined by Dillman et al. (2009)



Key Findings

• Response rates: National Sample

| National sample rates | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|
| Overall Screener response rate | 63.6%* | 58.3% | 60.1% |

* Significantly different from core and engaging versions p < 0.05



Response rates: National Sample

| National sample rates | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|---|-----------|-------|----------|
| Overall Screener response rate | 63.6%* | 58.3% | 60.1% |
| Initial Mailing only | 28.3%* | 23.2% | 23.2% |
| 1 st follow-up mailing | 25.8% | 23.6% | 23.6% |
| 2 nd follow-up mailing (FedEx) | 31.8% | 29.4% | 32.5% |

* Significantly different from core and engaging versions p < 0.05



- Proportion of households identified with eligible children: National Sample
 - Estimates from ACS suggest this should be ~35%

| National sample rates | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------|----------|
| Overall Proportion w/children | 30.6 | 31.5 | 32.7 |



 Proportion of households identified with eligible children: National Sample

| National sample rates | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|---|-----------|-------|----------|
| Overall Proportion w/children | 30.6 | 31.5 | 32.7 |
| Initial Mailing only | 25.8 | 26.2 | 31.4 |
| 1 st follow-up mailing | 33.1* | 34.8* | 31.2 |
| 2 nd follow-up mailing (FedEx) | 37.0* | 35.2* | 35.6 |

*significantly different from initial mailing of same version p < 0.05



 Response rates: Targeted Sample (n = 800) of households identified by sample vendor to included children.

| Targeted sample rates | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|
| Overall Screener response rate | 80.7%* | 70.3% | 71.9% |

* Significantly different from core version p < 0.05



Proportion of households identified with eligible children: Targeted Sample

| Targeted sample rates | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|
| Overall Proportion w/children | 80.7% | 83.5% | 82.5% |



• Response to topical survey (2nd phase response)

| National sample | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|------------------|-----------|------|----------|
| Topical Response | 73.1 | 74.8 | 76.3 |
| | | | |
| Targeted sample | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
| Topical Response | 86.4 | 85.2 | 85.3 |



 Sensitive Questions – Phone number & Child's First Name

| National sample | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------|----------|
| Percent providing phone number | N/A | 69.9* | 56.7 |

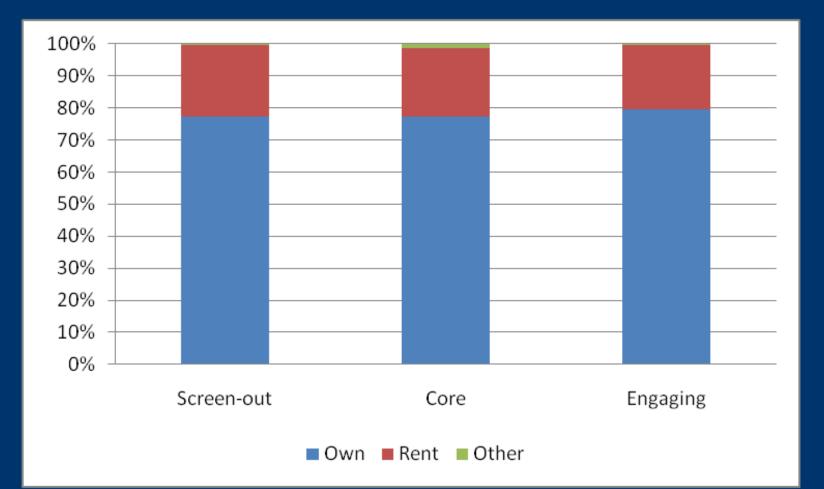
* Significantly different from engaging version p < 0.05

| National sample | Screenout | Core | Engaging |
|-------------------|-----------|-------|----------|
| First Name | 77.5* | 75.1* | 61.5 |
| Initials/Nickname | 20.4 | 20.7 | 30.8 |
| No Name | 2.1 | 4.2 | 7.7 |

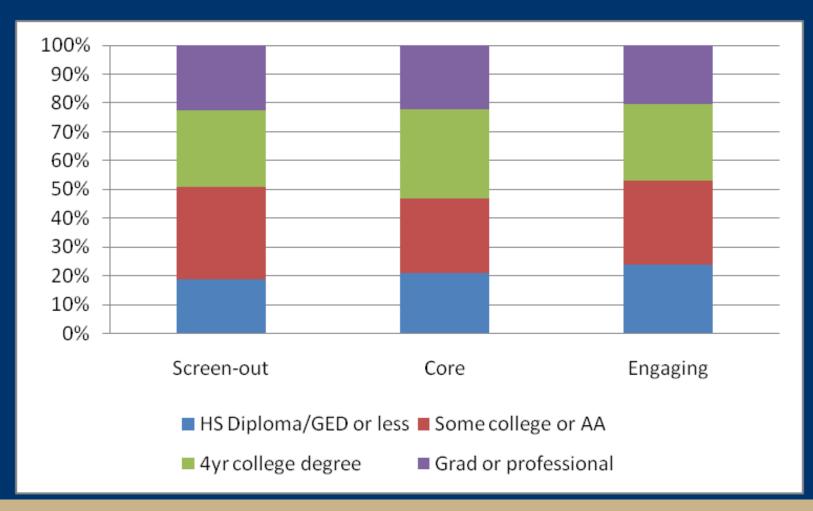
* Screen-out and core significantly different from engaging version p < 0.05

Key Findings Topical Respondents

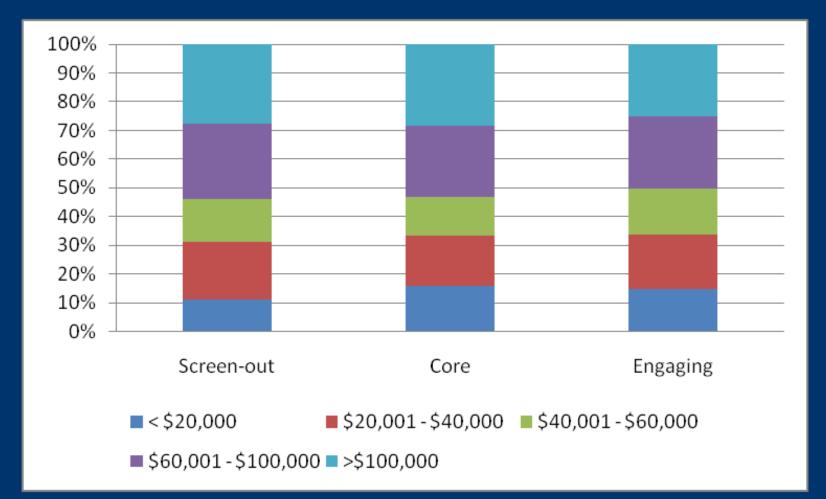
• Homeownership



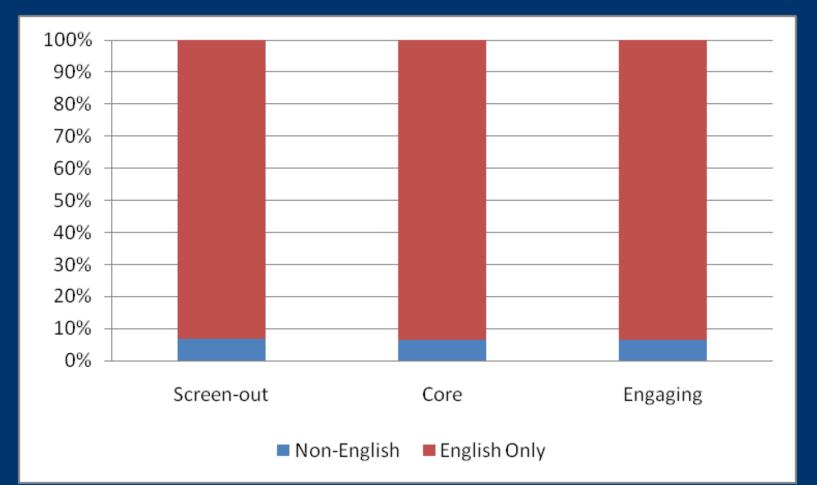
Education



• Income



 Presence of non-English Speaking household members



Summary

- Overall, screening for households with children by mail in a two-phase approach was successful
- Pilot was too small to detect some potential differences
- 2011 larger methodological Field Test
 - Screenout & Engaging version
 - Test request for child's name vs. no name



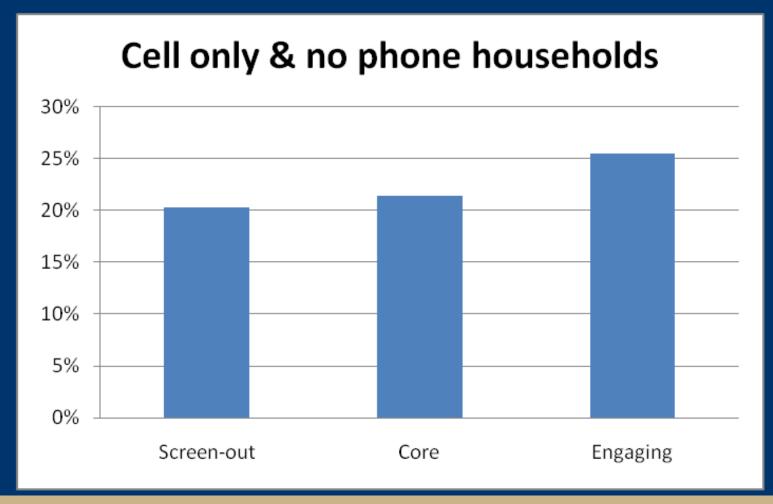
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• Cell only and no-phone households



Key Findings

- Pilot study response compared to NHES:2007
 - Screener response rate: 59% vs. 53% in NHES:2007
 - Topical response rate: 74% vs. 75% in NHES:2007
 - Process worked, people gave information on their children

