

Supporting Statement A for Paperwork Reduction Act Submission

OMB Control Number 1018-0022

Federal Fish and Wildlife Permit Applications and Reports-- Migratory Birds and Eagles 50 CFR 10, 13, 21, and 22

Note: This information collection includes four permit application and report forms that are currently approved under OMB Control Number 1018-0136. Once OMB takes action on this IC, we will discontinue OMB Control No. 1018-0136.

Terms of Clearance: None.

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary.

We collect information on application forms and in reports to determine if applicants for permits meet the requirements mandated by:

- Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA, 16 U.S.C 703-712; 50 CFR 21).
- Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (Eagle Act, 16 U.S.C. 668-668d; 50 CFR 22).

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (we, Service) regulations implementing these statutes are in Chapter I, Subchapter B of Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations. These regulations stipulate general and specific requirements that when met allow us to issue permits to authorize activities that are otherwise prohibited.

2. Indicate how, by whom, how frequently, and for what purpose the information is to be used. If the information collected will be disseminated to the public or used to support information that will be disseminated to the public, explain how the collection complies with all applicable Information Quality Guidelines.

All Service permit applications are in the 3-200 series of forms, each tailored to a specific activity based on the requirements for specific types of permits. We collect standard identifier information for all permits, such as the name of the applicant and the applicant's address, telephone and fax numbers, social security or tax identification number, and e-mail address. Standardizing general information common to the application forms will make filing of applications easier for the public as well as expedite our review of applications.

The information that we collect on applications and reports is the minimum necessary for us to determine if the applicant meets/continues to meet issuance requirements for the particular activity. Respondents submit application forms periodically, as necessary. Submission of reports is generally on an annual basis, although some are dependent on specific transactions. We examined applications in this collection, focusing on questions frequently misinterpreted or not addressed by applicants. This ICR includes modifications to the format and content of the currently approved applications so that they (a) are easier to understand and complete and (b) will accommodate future electronic permitting.

We developed two new application forms (3-200-81, 3-200-82) and one new report form (3-202-17) to simplify the application and reporting process for respondents:

FWS Form 3-200-81 (Special Purpose – Utility)

This application is specifically tailored for utilities (e.g., electric, communications, wind) to request permits to salvage migratory birds on their property and rights-of-way. Currently utility applicants apply for permits using either the Special Purpose – Miscellaneous application form (3-200-10f) or, improperly, the Special Purpose – Salvage application form (3-200-10a). The new form 3-200-81 requests essentially the same information as the 3-200-10f, but it is clearly tailored to apply to utilities. This form requests information about measures the utility has taken to avoid, reduce, or minimize migratory bird fatalities that may be caused by the facility. This relates to our policy to work with utilities to develop best management practices to reduce avoidable take.

FWS Form 3-200-82 (Eagle Transport into and out of the United States)

This application enables us to administer permits under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act to transport dead eagle specimens into and out of the country temporarily for scientific or exhibition purposes, such as for museum exhibits. Currently applicants wishing to transport eagles into and out of the United States submit FWS 3-200-69 (Eagles, International Transport for Scientific or Exhibition Purposes) (approved under OMB Control No. 1018-0093). Since the Bald Eagle was downlisted from Appendix I to Appendix II under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES), this form is no longer appropriate because only Eagle Act authorization (i.e., not a CITES import permit) is required to transport eagle specimens into the United States. The new form 3-200-82 requests much of the same information as the 3-200-69, but is clearly tailored only to the Eagle Act. Applicants will submit their applications to the Regional Migratory Bird Permit Offices instead of the Division of Management Authority in the Washington Office.

FWS Form 3-202-17 (Special Purpose – Utility Annual Report)

This is a standardized annual report form for Special Purpose – Utility permits to report salvage of specimens. This information may be submitted either electronically or in written form. This information will assist both the utilities and the Service to work together to identify problem or structures or vulnerable species and develop best management practices to avoid or reduce future bird mortalities. The report requests basic information such as:

- Species name.
- Date specimen was collected.
- Location where specimen was found including State, county, city/nearest town, and GPS coordinates in decimal degrees.
- Type of equipment or structure potentially causing the mortality of the migratory bird.
- Weather conditions when the mortality likely occurred.
- Final disposition of specimens (i.e., were they are buried or retained).
- Measures employed to reduce future mortality.

In addition to the new forms, we made substantive changes to two currently approved forms:

FWS Form 3-202-4 (Rehabilitation Annual Report)

We eliminated a section that requests information on birds held over at the facility from the prior calendar year. We no longer track this information. We reduced another section that requests information on birds held over at the end of the calendar year to only request information on birds held over at the end of the calendar year that the permittee has held for longer than 180 days. We added a new section to the form to collect information on the results of birds admitted to rehabilitation centers that the permittee had tested for contaminants and disease and that were confirmed victims of infectious disease or contaminants. Providing this information is optional on the part of the permittee. We are expanding our avian disease monitoring programs and will use this information to aid in identifying trends in avian infectious disease, such as West Nile virus and Avian Influenza, and contaminants such as lead and carbofuran.

FWS Form 3-200-77 (Native American Eagle Take)

We revised this form because we have received applications where the applicant has provided no information to support or legitimize the religious need to take (kill) eagles from the wild. We have a statutory obligation under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act to weigh the religious needs of practitioners with the need to protect eagles, so a requirement that applicants demonstrate this need is warranted.

We removed the following from the currently approved form:

- Name the religious ceremony for which the eagle(s) is required, if doing so will not violate your religious beliefs.
- Does the religious ceremony proposed require the take of an eagle(s) from the wild?

Those questions were replaced with the following:

- The name of your religion (item E6).
- Please explain why take of a live eagle(s) from the wild is necessary and why an eagle carcass, parts, or feathers from another source will not suffice (item E7).

Answers to these questions will not be voluntary. The name of the tribal religion may provide information on the types of ceremonies the applicant's tribe traditionally practices. The explanation of why take of a live eagle from the wild is necessary is intended to not be overly intrusive by avoiding any requirement that the applicant disclose details about the actual ceremonial activities. However, it is important that an applicant justify a legitimate religious need to kill eagles.

In order to continue to try to limit take of live eagles to situations where it is truly a religious necessity, we need some information on which to base that decision. Under the current application process, an individual is able to certify that take of a wild eagle is necessary and the inquiry ends there. Because we found that applicants' responses to the questions often did not yield accurate information as to the actual necessity of taking eagles from the wild, we revised the form as noted above to ensure that any take we authorize is necessary, in keeping with our mandate to preserve eagles.

We also revised the application to require co-signature or other written approval by a tribal government official when individuals, as opposed to a tribe, are requesting a permit. This is to ensure that the request is consistent with tribal interests. This will assist with situations where tribal members apply to take eagles when, tribal laws prohibit the killing of eagles. why an eagle carcass, parts, or feathers from another source will not suffice.

3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology; e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden [and specifically how this collection meets GPEA requirements].

Forms in this collection will be available to applicants in a fillable format on our forms and permits websites, by mail, or by fax. Applicants may complete the fillable application online, but must send the application form with an original signature and the applicable processing fee by mail. Applicants may send supporting information by e-mail or fax, if we already have their application and they are able to reference an application number. At this time, we do not have a system for electronic submission of permit application forms or reports; however, we are actively developing the system and are pilot testing two Service application forms that have current OMB approval.

4. Describe efforts to identify duplication.

The information that we collect is unique to the applicant and is not available from any other source. Other than the general identifying information standard for each application, collection of duplicate information is minimal.

Many permittees renew permits for ongoing activities. We retain information from their original application so they do not have to duplicate information that is unchanged for the new permit. If an existing permittee requests a new type of permit (such as a rehabilitator who applies for an education permit), applicants may reference existing permit files for information relevant to the new application. This allows the applicant to submit only the additional information necessary to meet the requirements of a new type of permit.

We developed an electronic permit issuance and tracking system that greatly improves retrieval of file information, further reducing duplicate information requests for use in renewals, extensions, and repeat applications. Ongoing development of our permit issuance and tracking system will ensure that no duplication arises among Service offices.

5. If the collection of information impacts small businesses or other small entities, describe the methods used to minimize burden.

This collection will not have a significant impact on small entities. Small businesses or small entities must provide the same information required of individual applicants. We collect only the minimum information necessary to establish eligibility and to assess the effect of the permit program.

6. Describe the consequence to Federal program or policy activities if the collection is not conducted or is conducted less frequently, as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.

If we do not collect the information or if we collect the information less frequently, we could not implement many wildlife protection programs that are mandated by law. Further, we could not issue applicants a permit since the collected information is either required on the permit or authorization itself or is needed to make the necessary biological and legal findings under applicable statutes and treaties. If we were not able to satisfy the information requirements necessary to issue a permit, the public would not be able to conduct otherwise prohibited activities, such as possession of migratory birds and eagles.

7. Explain any special circumstances that would cause an information collection to be conducted in a manner:

- * **requiring respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly;**
- * **requiring respondents to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it;**
- * **requiring respondents to submit more than an original and two copies of any document;**
- * **requiring respondents to retain records, other than health, medical, government contract, grant-in-aid, or tax records, for more than three years;**
- * **in connection with a statistical survey, that is not designed to produce valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study;**
- * **requiring the use of a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB;**
- * **that includes a pledge of confidentiality that is not supported by authority established in statute or regulation, that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use; or**
- * **requiring respondents to submit proprietary trade secrets, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.**

Permit regulations (50 CFR 21.27(c)(5), 21.28(d)(4), and 21.30(d)(6)) require that Special Purpose Game Bird, Falconry, and Raptor Propagation permit holders file an FWS Form 3-186A (Migratory Bird Acquisition and Disposition Report) with the Service within 5 days of a transaction (take from the wild, buy, sell, or transfer). Permit regulations (50 CFR 21.25(c)(5)) require that Waterfowl Sale and Disposal permit holders file an FWS Form 3-186 with the Service by the end of the month during which a waterfowl sale is conducted. The MBTA, which was enacted to protect migratory birds from market hunting, strictly regulates commerce. These are the only four permits that authorize sale and purchase. Current information regarding commercial activity under the permits is necessary to enforce the regulations.

Permit regulations (50 CFR 13.46) require that records of any taking, possession, transportation, sale, purchase, barter, export or import of wildlife pursuant to a permit be maintained for 5 years from the expiration date of the permit. The statute of limitations for enforcement is 5 years.

8. Provide the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice, required by 5 CFR 1320.8(d), soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize public comments received in response to that notice (or in response to a PRA statement) and describe actions taken by the agency in response to these comments.

Describe efforts to consult with persons outside the agency to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting format (if any), and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or reported. [Please list the names, titles, addresses, and phone numbers of persons contacted.]

On April 7, 2010, we published in the Federal Register (75 FR 17757) a notice of our intent to request that OMB approve this information collection. In that notice, we solicited comments for 60 days, ending on June 7, 2010. We did not receive any comments.

We contacted the individuals and groups listed below that consistently use our forms and solicited comments on the applications and report forms. We targeted two applications and one annual report form for comments. FWS Forms 3-200-15A and 3-200-15B are applications for first and second order, respectively, for Native Americans to obtain a permit and receive parts for Indian Religious Purposes. We did not receive any comments on those forms. The comments received pertained to revisions we proposed to FWS Form 3-202-4 (Rehabilitation Annual Report). We deleted one section of the report form, reduced another section, and added one new section to gather information on the results of birds tested for contaminants and disease. Thousands of migratory birds are admitted each year into wildlife rehabilitation centers, which represent an untapped source of information on disease and contaminants demographics. We are only requesting data on birds that the centers voluntarily chose to have tested by a professional diagnostics laboratory. This represents a small fraction of birds admitted, but the data are reliable.

Peggy Whitford of Blackfeet keno_pan@hotmail.com Phone: 406-338-7207.	Dody Wyman, President International Wildlife Rehabilitation Council dody@mindspring.com
Monica Terkildsen Member of federally recognized tribe monica_terk@hotmail.com	Wendy Fox, President National Wildlife Rehabilitators Association pelicanharborsea@bellsouth.net
Steven Emery Member of federally recognized tribe steve_emery1989@hotmail.com	Edward E. Clark, Jr., President Wildlife Center of Virginia www.wildlifecenter.org
Scott Aiken Bureau of Indian Affairs Portland, OR via Tami TateHall/RO/R1/FWS/DOI@FWS	

We received three comments, all pertaining to FWS Form 3-202-4. None of the comments pertained to the burden estimates.

Necessity of Collection.

- Two commenters generally supported collecting the disease and contaminants information, but recommended several clarifications to the instructions (see below).
- One commenter did not support the proposed new section on disease and contaminants. He felt that the Service does not use the rehabilitation annual report information it already collects and that collecting additional information on disease and contaminants will have limited value.

Response: We generally disagree with the commenter. We use annual report information to monitor permit compliance. These reports are reviewed as they come in and when a permittee requests renewal. We also use species-specific information submitted in the course of assessing species population status. However, until these reports can be submitted online by permittees, we have to enter reported data into the permits database. With the exception of data on eagles and certain other high priority species, staff do not always have time to enter this data into the system. However, recent programming changes facilitate that data entry and we are working on a system that will allow permittees to submit reports online.

- This commenter also questioned whether the Service has the authority to require permittees to provide the information on disease diagnoses because (1) this information may be considered proprietary without permission of the permittee and (2) the rehabilitation permits do not *require* advanced diagnostic testing—it is optional.

Response: We believe the commenter has raised two valid points. As a result, we will retain the disease and contaminants section on the annual report, but make the section voluntary.

Clarity

- One commenter suggested revisions to column heading and the instructions to clarify the data being requested. For instance, it needed to be clarified and emphasized that the Service is not asking rehabilitators to test birds—which is very expensive—but only to report those that the rehabilitator chose to test and for which they obtained a confirmed cause of death. Another suggested that we clarify which infectious diseases and contaminants we want information on. For instance clarify whether we want information on internal parasites and external contaminants, such as oil.

Response: We agree with the commenters and have made the recommended clarifications.

9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.

We do not provide payments or gifts to respondents.

10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.

We do not provide any assurance of confidentiality. The information collected is subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and the Freedom of Information Act as explained in the notices portion of all applications.

11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private.

FWS Form 3-200-77 (Native American Eagle Take) is the application for a permit for Native Americans to take bald or golden eagles from the wild for Indian religious purposes. Typically the eagles are killed. The form includes a question asking the applicant to explain why the take of live eagle(s) from the wild is necessary. We ask that they describe the aspect of the religious

ceremony or other religious practice that makes the take of a live eagle(s) from the wild necessary as a central part of the religious ceremony and belief system, and why an eagle carcass, parts, or feathers from another source, such as the National Eagle Repository, will not suffice. We only ask for as much information as we need to evaluate in order to weigh the religious need against our statutory obligation under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act to conserve eagles.

12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information.

We estimate that there will be approximately 57,260 non-Federal respondents annually for the applications and reports included in this ICR. We anticipate receiving approximately 57,260 responses annually, totaling 93,402 burden hours. The completion times vary substantially (from 15 minutes to 40 hours) depending on the activity. See Attachment A for a breakdown of burden hours for each information collection.

We estimate the total dollar value of the annual burden hours for this collection to be \$2,858,354 (see Attachment A). We used the Bureau of Labor Statistics news release USDL 10-1241, September 8, 2010, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation—June 2010 (<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/ecec.pdf>), to estimate average hourly wages and calculate benefits for:

- Individuals - We used the wage and salary costs for all workers from Table 1 (\$20.55) and multiplied by 1.4 to calculate benefits, resulting in an hourly rate of \$28.77.
- Private Sector - We used the wage and salary costs for all workers from Table 5 (\$19.53) and multiplied by 1.4 to calculate benefits, resulting in an hourly rate of \$27.34.
- State/local/tribal Government - We used the wage and salary costs for all State workers from Table 3 (\$26.13) and multiplied by 1.5 to calculate benefits, resulting in an hourly rate of \$39.20.

13. Provide an estimate of the total annual [non-hour] cost burden to respondents or record keepers resulting from the collection of information.

We estimate the nonhour cost burden to respondents for this information collection to be \$1,049,925 (see Attachment A). These costs are primarily for application processing fees, which range from \$0 to \$1,000. Substantive amendments to certain permit types cost from \$50 for rehabilitation permits to \$500 for amendments to programmatic eagle take permits. There are no processing fees for reports. Federal, tribal, State, and local government agencies and those acting on their behalf are exempt from processing fees. When there is more than one applicable fee, such as for an original permit or an amendment, we have used the higher fee to calculate costs.

14. Provide estimates of annualized costs to the Federal Government.

We estimate the total cost to the Federal Government to administer this information collection will be \$2,618,429 (see Attachment A).

Service biologists (GS-11/13) and permit examiners (GS-9/12), with support of GS-7 staff, will:

- Review and determine the adequacy of the information an applicant provides.
- Conduct any internal research necessary to verify information in the application or

evaluate the biological impact of the proposed activity.

- Assess the biological impact of the proposed activity on the bald or golden eagle.
- Evaluate whether the proposed activity meets the issuance criteria.
- Prepare or review NEPA documentation.
- Prepare either a permit or a denial letter for the applicant.
- When necessary to evaluate the impact of the proposed activity, visit the location to examine site-specific conditions.
- Monitor reports.

Permits are processed in our eight Regional Offices, which are located in major cities across the United States. Therefore, we used Office of Personnel Management Salary Table 2010-DCB http://www.opm.gov/oca/10tables/html/dcb_h.asp to determine average hourly wages. We multiplied the hourly rate by 1.5 to account for benefits in accordance with BLS news release USDL 10-1241, September 8, 2010.

The table below shows Federal staff and grade levels performing various tasks associated with this information collection.

POSITION/GRADE	HOURLY RATE	HOURLY RATE INCLUDING BENEFITS	TIME SPENT ON INFORMATION COLLECTION	WEIGHTED AVERAGE \$/HOUR
Clerical - GS-7/step 5 (Receptionist, Office Asst.)	\$22.92	\$34.38	5%	\$ 1.72
Legal documents examiner-GS-9/step 5 (Permit examiner)	28.04	42.06	30%	12.62
Legal documents examiner-GS-11/step 5 (Permit examiner)	33.92	50.88	30%	15.27
Biologist - GS-11/step 5	33.92	55.88	10%	5.59
Supervisor – GS-12/step 5 (Permit Chief)	40.66	60.99	20%	12.20
Management - GS-13/step 5 (Branch/Division Chief, Solicitor)	48.35	72.53	5%	3.63
Weighted Average (\$/hr)				\$51.03

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments.

We are requesting 57,260 annual responses, 93,402 burden hours, and \$1,049,925 nonhour burden costs. This is a net increase of 1,586 responses, 46,071 annual burden hours, and \$343,625 in nonhour costs from our previous request.

We are reporting as a program change an increase of 1,921 responses, 44,771 burden hours, and \$241,625 nonhour costs associated with the applications and reports currently approved under OMB Control No. 1018-0136 and the two new applications and one new report proposed in this ICR.

The remaining net decrease of 335 responses and net increases of 1,300 burden hours and \$102,000 nonhour burden costs are the result of adjustments to our estimated number of responses and/or burden hours. We made these adjustments based on our experience in administering this collection over the past years.

16. For collections of information whose results will be published, outline plans for tabulation and publication.

There are no plans for publication of the results of these information collections.

17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain the reasons that display would be inappropriate.

We will display the OMB control number and expiration date.

18. Explain each exception to the certification statement.

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.

BURDEN HOURS, NONHOUR COSTS, AND FEDERAL COSTS

Regulation/ Activity	Annual Responses	Completion Time per Response (hours)	Annual Burden Hours	Hourly Labor Costs	Hourly Labor Costs including Benefits	Dollar Value of Annual Burden hours	Average Nonhour Burden Cost Per Response	Total Annual Nonhour Burden Cost	Avg Time (hrs) per response for Govt review	Cost to Govt (\$51/hr)
3-200-6 - application Import/Export										
Individuals/Households	36	1	36	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$1,036	\$75	\$2,700		\$0
Private Sector	20	1	20	19.53	\$27.34	\$547	\$75	\$1,500		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	20	1	20	26.13	\$39.20	\$784	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	76		76						1	\$3,876
3-200-7 - application Scientific Collecting										
Individuals/Households	50	5	250	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$7,193	\$100	\$5,000		\$0
Private Sector	60	5	300	19.53	\$27.34	\$8,202	\$100	\$6,000		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	100	5	500	26.13	\$39.20	\$19,600	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	210		1050						2.5	\$26,775
3-200- 8 - application Taxidermy										
Individuals/Households	0		0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$100	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	690	2	1380	19.53	\$27.34	\$37,729	\$100	\$69,000		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	690		1380						1	\$35,190
3-200- 9- application Waterfowl Sale/Disposal										
			0							
Individuals/Households	70	1.5	105	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$3,021	\$75	\$5,250		\$0
Private Sector	300	1.5	450	19.53	\$27.34	\$12,303	\$75	\$22,500		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	370		555						1	\$18,870
3-200- 10a - application Special Purpose Salvage										
Individuals/Households	110	1.5	165	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$4,747	\$75	\$8,250		\$0
Private Sector	150	1.5	225	19.53	\$27.34	\$6,152	\$75	\$11,250		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	40	1.5	60	26.13	\$39.20	\$2,352	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	300		450						1.5	\$22,950
3-200-10b - application Rehabilitation										
Individuals/Households	20	12	240	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$6,905	\$50	\$1,000		\$0
Private Sector	150	12	1800	19.53	\$27.34	\$49,212	\$50	\$7,500		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	5	12	60	26.13	\$39.20	\$2,352	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	175		2100						4	\$35,700
3-200- 10c - application SP Education - Live										
Individuals/Households	75	4.5	338	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$9,724	\$75	\$5,625		\$0
Private Sector	175	4.5	788	19.53	\$27.34	\$21,544	\$75	\$13,125		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0			\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	250		1126						4	\$51,000
3-200- 10d - application SP Education - Dead										
Individuals/Households	35	2.5	88	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$2,532	\$75	\$2,625		\$0
Private Sector	30	2.5	75	19.53	\$27.34	\$2,051	\$75	\$2,250		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	65		163						3	\$9,945
3-200-10e - application SP Game Bird Propagation										
Individuals/Households	5	1.5	8	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$230	\$75	\$375		\$0
Private Sector	10	1.5	15	19.53	\$27.34	\$410	\$75	\$750		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0	0	0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	15		23						1	\$765

BURDEN HOURS, NONHOUR COSTS, AND FEDERAL COSTS

Regulation/ Activity	Annual Responses	Completion Time per Response (hours)	Annual Burden Hours	Hourly Labor Costs	Hourly Labor Costs including Benefits	Dollar Value of Annual Burden hours	Average Nonhour Burden Cost Per Response	Total Annual Nonhour Burden Cost	Avg Time (hrs) per response for Govt review	Cost to Govt (\$51/hr)
3-200- 10f - application SP Miscellaneous										
Individuals/Households	20	2.5	50	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$1,439	\$100	\$2,000		\$0
Private Sector	25	2.5	63	19.53	\$27.34	\$1,722	\$100	\$2,500		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	5	2.5	13	26.13	\$39.20	\$510	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	50		126						2	\$5,100
3-200- 11 - application Falconry										
Individuals/Households	700	1.25	875	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$25,174	\$100	\$70,000		\$0
Private Sector	0		0	19.53	\$27.34	\$0	\$100	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	700		875						2	\$71,400
3-200- 12 - application Raptor Propagation										
Individuals/Households	5	4	20	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$575	\$100	\$500		\$0
Private Sector	50	4	200	19.53	\$27.34	\$5,468	\$100	\$5,000		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	55		220						2	\$5,610
3-200-13 - application Depredation										
Individuals/Households	850	1.75	1488	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$42,795	\$50	\$42,500		\$0
Private Sector	1050	3.5	3675	19.53	\$27.34	\$100,475	\$100	\$105,000		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	800	3.5	2800	26.13	\$39.20	\$109,760	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	2700		7963						2.5	\$344,250
3-200-14 - application Eagle Exhibition										
Individuals/Households	0	5.5	0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$75	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	100	5.5	550	19.53	\$27.34	\$15,037	\$75	\$7,500		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	20	5.5	110	26.13	\$39.20	\$4,312	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	120		660						4	\$24,480
3-200-15a - application Eagle Indian Religious Application & First Order										
Individuals/Households	1345	1	1345	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$38,696	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	0		0	19.53	\$27.34	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	1345		1345						2	\$137,190
3-200-15b - application Eagle Indian Religious Reorder										
Individuals/Households	895	0.5	448	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$12,889	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	0		0	19.53	\$27.34	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	895		448						0.5	\$22,823
3-200- 16 - application Take of Depredating Eagles										
Individuals/Households	0	3.5	0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$100	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	3	3.5	11	19.53	\$27.34	\$287	\$100	\$300		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	3	3.5	11	26.13	\$39.20	\$412	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	6		22						2	\$612
3-200-17 - application Eagle Falconry										
Individuals/Households	4	3.25	13	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$374	\$100	\$400		\$0
Private Sector	0		0	19.53	\$27.34	\$0	\$100	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	4		13						2	\$408

BURDEN HOURS, NONHOUR COSTS, AND FEDERAL COSTS

Regulation/ Activity	Annual Responses	Completion Time per Response (hours)	Annual Burden Hours	Hourly Labor Costs	Hourly Labor Costs including Benefits	Dollar Value of Annual Burden hours	Average Nonhour Burden Cost Per Response	Total Annual Nonhour Burden Cost	Avg Time (hrs) per response for Govt review	Cost to Govt (\$51/hr)
Individuals/Households	0	5	0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	0	5	0	19.53	\$27.34	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	5	5	25	26.13	\$39.20	\$980	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	5		25						6	\$1,530
3-200-79 - application Special Purpose Abatement										
Individuals/Households	0	2.5	0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$100	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	25	2.5	63	19.53	\$27.34	\$1,722	\$100	\$2,500		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0	2.5	0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	25		63						2	\$2,550
3-200-81 - application Special Purpose Utility										
Individuals/Households	0		0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$100	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	30	4.5	135	19.53	\$27.34	\$3,691	\$100	\$3,000		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	30		135						2	\$3,060
3-200-82 - application Eagle Transport										
Individuals/Households	0		0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$75	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	5	1	5	19.53	\$27.34	\$137	\$75	\$375		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	5	1	5	26.13	\$39.20	\$196	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	10		10						1	\$510
REPORTS										
3-202-1 - report - Scientific collecting										
Individuals/Households	100	1	100	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$2,877	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	130	1	130	19.53	\$27.34	\$3,554	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	350	1	350	26.13	\$39.20	\$13,720	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	580		580						1	\$29,580
3-202-2 - report Waterfowl Sale and Disposal										
Individuals/Households	100	0.5	50	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$1,439	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	900	0.5	450	19.53	\$27.34	\$12,303	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0	0.5	0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	1000		500						0.25	\$12,750
3-202-3 - report - Special Purpose Salvage										
Individuals/Households	450	1	450	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$12,947	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	1200	1	1200	19.53	\$27.34	\$32,808	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	200	1	200	26.13	\$39.20	\$7,840	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	1850		1850						0.25	\$23,588
3-202-4 - report - Rehabilitation										
Individuals/Households	350	3	1050	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$30,209	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	1250	3	3750	19.53	\$27.34	\$102,525	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	50	3	150	26.13	\$39.20	\$5,880	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	1650		4950						0.5	\$42,075
3-202-5 - report - Possession for Education										
Individuals/Households	160	1.5	240	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$6,905	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	1000	1.5	1500	19.53	\$27.34	\$41,010	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	1160		1740						0.5	\$29,580
3-202-6 - report - Special Purpose Game Bird										
Individuals/Households	35	0.5	18	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$518	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	60	0.5	30	19.53	\$27.34	\$820	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0	0.5	0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0

BURDEN HOURS, NONHOUR COSTS, AND FEDERAL COSTS

Regulation/ Activity	Annual Responses	Completion Time per Response (hours)	Annual Burden Hours	Hourly Labor Costs	Hourly Labor Costs including Benefits	Dollar Value of Annual Burden hours	Average Nonhour Burden Cost Per Response	Total Annual Nonhour Burden Cost	Avg Time (hrs) per response for Govt review	Cost to Govt (\$51/hr)
Individuals/Households	6	16	96	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$2,762	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	17	16	272	19.53	\$27.34	\$7,436	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	17	16	272	26.13	\$39.20	\$10,662	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	40		640						0.5	\$1,020
3-202- 17 - report - Special Purpose Utility										
Individuals/Households	0	2	0	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	100	2	200	19.53	\$27.34	\$5,468	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0	2	0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	100		200						0.5	\$2,550
3-186 - report - Notice of Transfer & Sale of Migratory Waterfowl										
Individuals/Households	300	0.25	75	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$2,158	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	12600	0.25	3150	19.53	\$27.34	\$86,121	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0		0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	12900		3225						0.17	\$111,843
3-186a - report - Migratory Bird Acquisition & Disposition										
Individuals/Households	18640	0.25	4660	\$20.55	\$28.77	\$134,068	\$0	\$0		\$0
Private Sector	0	0.25	0	19.53	\$27.34	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
State/Local/Tribal	0	0.25	0	26.13	\$39.20	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
Total	18640		4660			\$2,858,354			0.25	\$237,660
Grand Total	57,260		93402			\$2,858,354		\$1,049,925		\$2,618,429