Mainten	ance Wage Ra	ate
Survey	- Summary S	heet

Previous editions are obsolete.

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Labor Relations

HUD FORM 4752

OMB Approval Number XXXX-XXXX (Exp. XX/XX/XXXX)

Form HUD-4752 (Draft 11/2006)

Public Housing Agency/Indian Housing Agency: Work Classification:								
3 3 3		3 3 3						
Colum	n 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4		ed Rates		
Employer		No. Employed	Basic Hourly Wage Rate	Fringe Benefits	Column 5 Basic Hourly	Column 6 Fringe		
Limpio	, С1	Limpioyea	Wage Rate	(Hourly	Wage Rate	Benefits		
				Rate)	-	(Hourly Rate)		
			\$	\$	\$	\$		
			\$	\$	\$	\$		
			\$	\$	\$	\$		
					·			
			\$	\$	\$	\$		
			<u> </u>	—	Ψ	Ψ		
			\$	\$	\$	\$		
			Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	— •		
			\$	\$	\$	\$		
TOTAL	S.		Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ		
(Use additional sh								
needed.)			\$	\$	\$	\$		
Instructions:			Ф	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ		
<u>instructions:</u>								
Enter the data received on survey responses (e.g., HUD-4751). Use a separate Summary Sheet for								
each maintenance job classification to calculate the prevailing wage rate for that classification.								
ous								
Prevailing Wage Rate Calculations:								
4) Mainrith Data								
1) Majority Rate:	ajority Rate: Where a majority of workers in the same work classification earn the same basic wage rate or fring benefit rate, the basic rate or fringe rate (or both, if applicable) paid to the majority is the <i>prevailing</i>							
	rate(s). List any prevailing rate(s) based on the majority in the appropriate spaces, below. Or,							
2) Weighted Average: Where there is no majority for the basic rate or fringe benefit rate, the <i>prevailing wage rate(s)</i> is the								
2) Weighted Average.	weighted average of all wage rates (basic or fringe benefit, as applicable) paid to workers in the							
	classification. Calculate the <i>weighted average</i> of the basic or fringe benefit wage rate(s), as follows:							
	Multiply <u>each different wage rate</u> (Column 3 and/or Column 4) by the number of workers <u>receiving</u> that wage rate (Column 2). Enter the products in Columns 5 and 6. Compute the <i>total</i> number of all							
		rkers (Column 2) and the total weighted basic and fringe benefit rates. Divide the total weighted						
	basic rate or total weighted fringe benefit rate by the total number of workers to determine the							
weighted average. Enter the prevailing wage rate(s) based on weighted averaging in the appropriate spaces below.								
appropriate spaces below.								
Prevailing Wage I	Rates Basic	Hourly Rate	e: \$	Fringe B	enefits (Hourly	y): \$		