Organizational Conflicts of Interest in Major Defense Acquisition Programs DFARS Case 2009-D015 Draft Final Rule

PART 209-CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS

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SUBPART 209.5-ORGANIZATIONAL AND CONSULTANT CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

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[209.571 Organizational conflicts of interest in major defense acquisition programs.

209.571-0 Scope of subpart.

This subpart implements section 207 of the Weapons System Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-23).

209.571-1 Definitions.

As used in this section-

"Lead system integrator" is defined in the clause at 252.209-7007, Prohibited Financial Interests for Lead System Integrators.

"Major Defense Acquisition Program" is defined in 10 U.S.C. 2430.

"Major subcontractor" is defined in the clause at 252.209-7009, Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program.

"Pre-Major Defense Acquisition Program" means a program that is in the Materiel Solution Analysis or Technology Development Phases preceding Milestone B of the Defense Acquisition System and has been identified to have the potential to become a major defense acquisition program.

"Systems engineering and technical assistance."

(1) "Systems engineering" means an interdisciplinary technical effort to evolve and verify an integrated and total life cycle balanced set of system, people, and process solutions that satisfy customer needs.

- (2) "Technical assistance" means the acquisition support, program management support, analyses, and other activities involved in the management and execution of an acquisition program.
 - (3) "Systems engineering and technical assistance"—
- (i) Means a combination of activities related to the development of technical information to support various acquisition processes. Examples of systems engineering and technical assistance activities include, but are not limited to, supporting acquisition efforts such as—
 - (A) Deriving requirements;
 - (B) Performing technology assessments;
 - (C) Developing acquisition strategies;
 - (D) Conducting risk assessments;
 - (E) Developing cost estimates;
 - (F) Determining specifications;
 - (G) Evaluating contractor performance and conducting independent verification and validation;
 - (H) Directing other contractors' (other than subcontractors) operations;
 - (I) Developing test requirements and evaluating test data;
 - (J) Developing work statements (but see paragraph (ii)(B) of this definition).
 - (ii) Does not include—
- (A) Design and development work of design and development contractors, in accordance with FAR 9.505-2(a)(3) or FAR 9.505-2(b)(3), and the guidance at PGI 209.571-7 (Pop-up Window or PGI Viewer Mode); or
- (B) Preparation of work statements by contractors, acting as industry representatives, under the supervision and control of

Government representatives, in accordance with FAR 9.505-2(b)(1)(ii).

209.571-2 Applicability.

- (a) This subsection applies to major defense acquisition programs.
- (b) To the extent that this section is inconsistent with FAR subpart 9.5, this section takes precedence.

209.571-3 Policy.

It is DoD policy that—

- (a) Agencies shall obtain advice on major defense acquisition programs and pre-major defense acquisition programs from sources that are objective and unbiased; and
- (b) Contracting officers generally should seek to resolve organizational conflicts of interest in a manner that will promote competition and preserve DoD access to the expertise and experience of qualified contractors. Accordingly, contracting officers should, to the extent feasible, employ organizational conflict of interest resolution strategies that do not unnecessarily restrict the pool of potential offerors in current or future acquisitions. Further, contracting activities shall not impose per se restrictions or limitations on the use of particular resolution methods, except as may be required under 209.571-7 or as may be appropriate in particular acquisitions.

209.571-4 Mitigation.

- (a) Mitigation is any action taken to minimize an organizational conflict of interest. Mitigation may require Government action, contractor action, or a combination of both.
- (b) If the contracting officer and the contractor have agreed to mitigation of an organizational conflict of interest, a Government-approved Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan, reflecting the actions a contractor has agreed to take to mitigate a conflict, shall be incorporated into the contract.
- (c) If the contracting officer determines, after consultation with agency legal counsel, that the otherwise successful offeror is unable to effectively mitigate an organizational conflict of interest, then the contracting officer, taking into account both

the instant contract and longer term Government needs, shall use another approach to resolve the organizational conflict of interest, select another offeror, or request a waiver in accordance with FAR 9.503 (but see statutory prohibition in 209.571-7, which cannot be waived).

- (d) For any acquisition that exceeds \$1 billion, the contracting officer shall brief the senior procurement executive before determining that an offeror's mitigation plan is unacceptable.
- 209.571-5 Lead system integrators.

For limitations on contractors acting as lead systems integrators, see 209.570.

209.571-6 Identification of organizational conflicts of interest.

When evaluating organizational conflicts of interest for major defense acquisition programs or pre-major defense acquisition programs, contracting officers shall consider—

- (a) The ownership of business units performing systems engineering and technical assistance, professional services, or management support services to a major defense acquisition program or a pre-major defense acquisition program by a contractor who simultaneously owns a business unit competing (or potentially competing) to perform as—
- (1) The prime contractor for the same major defense acquisition program; or
- (2) The supplier of a major subsystem or component for the same major defense acquisition program.
- (b) The proposed award of a major subsystem by a prime contractor to business units or other affiliates of the same parent corporate entity, particularly the award of a subcontract for software integration or the development of a proprietary software system architecture; and
- (c) The performance by, or assistance of, contractors in technical evaluation.
- 209.571-7 Systems engineering and technical assistance contracts.
- (a) Agencies shall obtain advice on systems architecture and systems engineering matters with respect to major defense

acquisition programs or pre-major defense acquisition programs from Federally Funded Research and Development Centers or other sources independent of the major defense acquisition program contractor.

- (b) Limitation on Future Contracting. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection, a contract for the performance of systems engineering and technical assistance for a major defense acquisition program or a pre-major defense acquisition program shall prohibit the contractor or any affiliate of the contractor from participating as a contractor or major subcontractor in the development or production of a weapon system under such program.
- (2) The requirement in paragraph (b)(1) of this subsection cannot be waived.
- (c) Exception. (1) The requirement in paragraph (b)(1) of this subsection does not apply if the head of the contracting activity determines that—
- (i) An exception is necessary because DoD needs the domain experience and expertise of the highly qualified, apparently successful offeror; and
- (ii) Based on the agreed-to resolution strategy, the apparently successful offeror will be able to provide objective and unbiased advice, as required by 209.571-3(a), without a limitation on future participation in development and production.
- (2) The authority to make this determination cannot be delegated.
- 209.571-8 Solicitation provision and contract clause.
- (a) Use the provision at 252.209-7008, Notice of Prohibition Relating to Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program, if the solicitation includes the clause at 252.209-7009, Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program; and
- (b) Use the clause at 252.209-7009, Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program, in solicitations and contracts for systems engineering and technical assistance for major defense acquisition programs or pre-major defense acquisition programs.]

PART 252-SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

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[252.209-7008, Notice of Prohibition Relating to Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program. As prescribed in 209.571-8(a), use the following provision:

NOTICE OF PROHIBITION RELATING TO ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST—MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAM (NOV 2010)

- (a) *Definitions*. "Major subcontractor" is defined in the clause at 252.209-7009, Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program.
- (b) This solicitation is for the performance of systems engineering and technical assistance for a major defense acquisition program or a pre-major defense acquisition program.
- (c) Prohibition. As required by paragraph (b)(3) of section 207 of the Weapons System Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-23), if awarded the contract, the contractor or any affiliate of the contractor is prohibited from participating as a prime contractor or a major subcontractor in the development or production of a weapon system under the major defense acquisition program or pre-major defense acquisition program, unless the offeror submits, and the Government approves, an Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan.
- (d) Request for an exception. If the offeror requests an exception to the prohibition of paragraph (c) of this provision, then the offeror shall submit an Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan with its offer for evaluation.
- (e) Incorporation of Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan in contract. If the apparently successful offeror submitted an acceptable Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan, and the head of the contracting activity determines that DoD needs the domain experience and expertise of the highly qualified, apparently successful offeror in accordance with FAR 209.571-7(c), then the Contracting Officer will incorporate the Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan into the resultant contract, and paragraph (d) of the clause at 252.209-7009 will become applicable.

(End of provision)

252.209-7009, Organizational Conflict of Interest—Major Defense Acquisition Program.

As prescribed in 209.571-8(b), use the following clause:

ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST— MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAM (NOV 2010)

(a) Definition.

"Major subcontractor," as used in this clause, means a subcontractor that is awarded a subcontract that equals or exceeds—

- (1) Both the cost or pricing data threshold and 10 percent of the value of the contract under which the subcontracts are awarded; or
 - (2) \$50 million.
- (b) This contract is for the performance of systems engineering and technical assistance for a major defense acquisition program or a pre-major defense acquisition program.
- (c) Prohibition. Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, as required by paragraph (b)(3) of section 207 of the Weapons System Acquisition Reform Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-23), the Contractor or any affiliate of the Contractor is prohibited from participating as a prime contractor or major subcontractor in the development or production of a weapon system under the major defense acquisition program or pre-major defense acquisition program.
- (d) Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan. If the Contractor submitted an acceptable Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan that has been incorporated into this contract, then the prohibition in paragraph (c) of this clause does not apply. The Contractor shall comply with the Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan. Compliance with the Organizational Conflict of Interest Mitigation Plan is a material requirement of the contract. Failure to comply may result in the Contractor or any affiliate of the Contractor being prohibited from participating as a contractor or major subcontractor in the development or production of a weapon system under the program, in addition to any other remedies available to the Government for noncompliance with a material requirement of a contract.

(End of clause)]