FAPIIS Public Screen Shots

Reporting and Use of Information
Concerning Integrity and Performance of
Recipients of Grants and Cooperative
Agreements (ICR 3090-0293)

Access to FAPIIS

- Government Users: FAPIIS is a distinct application that federal acquisition professionals accessed through the Past Performance Information System (PPIRS) for their use in award and responsibility determinations. Access to FAPIIS is granted when approved for access to PPIRS.
- Government Awardees: Access to FAPIIS is part of your current PPIRS access.
- Public Access: In accordance with the passing of the Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2010 (Pub. L. 111-112) public access to the data within FAPIIS was made publicly available for records entered into FAPIIS on or after April 15th 2011.

FAPIIS Public Access

https://www.fapiis.gov/fapiis/index.jsp



THE FEDERAL AWARDEE PERFORMANCE AND INTEGRITY INFORMATION SYSTEM (FAPIIS)

SECURITY WARNING

You are accessing a U.S. Government (USG) Information System (IS)

By using this IS (which includes any device attached to this IS), you consent to the following conditions:

- The USG routinely intercepts and monitors communications on this IS for purposes including, but not limited to, penetration testing, COMSEC monitoring, network operations and defense, personnel misconduct (PM), law enforcement (LE), and counterintelligence (CI) investigations.
- . At any time, the USG may inspect and seize data stored on this IS.
- Communications using, or data stored on, this IS are not private, are subject to routine monitoring, interception, and search, and may be disclosed or used for any USG-authorized purpose.
- This IS includes security measures (e.g., authentication and access controls) to protect USG interests--not for your personal benefit or privacy. Users will not share account passwords with anyone, including Personal Identification Numbers for Common Access Cards associated with Public Key Infrastructure.
- Notwithstanding the above, using this IS does not constitute consent to PM, LE or CI investigative searching
 or monitoring of the content of privileged communications, or work product, related to personal
 representation or services by attorneys, psychotherapists, or clergy, and their assistants. Such
 communications and work product are private and confidential. See User Agreement for details.

FAPIIS Public Access Website

FAPIIS Public Access

https://www.fapiis.gov/fapiis/govt/fapiispubaccessmain.jsp

FEDERAL AWARDEE PERFORMANCE AND INTEGRITY INFORMATION SYSTEM (FAPIIS)

Main

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FAPIIS ACCESS MAIN PAGE

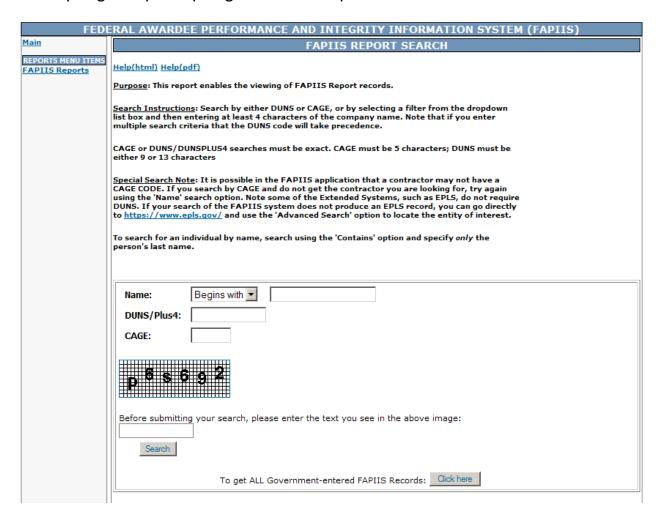
The Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act of 2009 (Public Law 110-417) was enacted on October 14, 2008. Section 872 of this Act required the development and maintenance of an information system that contains specific information on the integrity and performance of covered Federal agency contractors and grantees.

The Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) was developed to address these requirements. FAPIIS Public Access will only display integrity, performance, and proceeding information entered on or after April 15 2011 as required by section 3010 of Pub. L. 111-212.

FAPIIS provides users access to integrity and performance information from the FAPIIS reporting module in the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS), proceedings information from the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database, and suspension/debarment information from the Excluded Parties List system (EPLS).

FAPIIS Public Report Search

https://www.fapiis.gov/fapiis/fapiis/govt/adversereportsearch.do?action=initScreen



FAPIIS Help (html)

• https://www.fapiis.gov/fapiis/help/fapiis.html

FAPIIS Terms and Definitions

Administrative Agreement - An agreement between a private entity (e.g., contractor, grantee) and the Government in order to resolve a suspension or debarment proceeding.

Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) Code – A unique 5-digit identifier assigned to entities registering to do business in terms of contracts or grants and assistance awards with the Government. For entities located in the United States, the CAGE code is assigned by the Department of Defense; for entities located outside the United States, the CAGE code is assigned in accordance with NATO procedures (and is sometimes referred to as a NATO-CAGE code, or NCAGE code). An entity's Central Contractor Registration (CCR) record includes its CAGE code.

Central Contractor Registration (CCR) – A federal government database of entity information used by all government agencies in its contracting and grants awarding and payment processes. Entities must be registered in CCR prior to being awarded a contract or grant from any federal government agency. This registration collects, among other items, general information about a company, information required to perform Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), and criminal/civil/administrative proceedings data used in FAPIIS.

Defective Pricing - After contract award, certified cost or pricing data are found to be inaccurate, incomplete, or noncurrent as of the date of final agreement on price or an earlier date agreed upon by the parties given on the contractor's or subcontractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data. The Government is entitled to a price adjustment, including profit or fee, of any significant amount by which the price was increased because of the defective data. See Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) subpart 15.407 for more information.

Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number – Is a unique 9-digit identifier used for entities registering to do business in terms of contracts or grants and assistance awards with the government, or being excluded from government awards. DUNS numbers are issued by the commercial company Dun & Bradstreet (D&B), and are a part of an entity's Central Contractor Registration (CCR) record.

Excluded Parties List System (EPLS) – A federal government database that includes information regarding entities debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, excluded or disqualified under the non-procurement common rule, or otherwise declared ineligible from receiving federal contracts, certain subcontracts, and certain federal assistance and benefits.

Non-Responsibility Determination – A written determination made by a government contracting officer that a potential awardee is found to be non-responsible for that procurement. See the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) subpart 9.1 for more information.

Recipient Not-Qualified Determination — A written determination made by a government grants official that a potential awardee is found to be non-qualified for that assistance award.

Termination for Cause – The exercise of the Government's right by a contracting officer to completely or partially terminate a contract if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. Terminations for Cause are similar to Terminations for Default, but are applicable to contracts awarded using commercial procedures.

Termination for Default – The exercise of the Government's right by a contracting officer to completely or partially terminate a contract because of the contractor's actual or anticipated failure to perform its contractual obligations.

Termination for Material Failure to comply – The exercise of the Government's right by a grants official to completely or partially terminate a grant or assistance action for the awardee's failure to comply with the requirements of the grant or assistance action.

Pop-up Message

