KEY:

Region 5 Autobody ERP - Survey Instrument for EPA Inspections

Boldface Font – Spoken question Normal Font – Site visit record/contacts and response options Italics – Instruction for inspector (not spoken)				
10065	a season for interpretation,			
	Facility Information			
Facility Unique project ID				
Facility Name				
Facility Address				
Name of Facility Contact Person				
Telephone number of Facility Contact				
Facility in EJ Area? [Y/N and why]				
	Survey Contact Info			
Date of Visit				
State/EPA				
Name of Inspector				
Phone				
Baseline Visit Script				
If you wish to call ahead to confirm shop is actively painting: Hi. My name is and I am from the USEPA Region 5. We areconfirming shops that are affected by a federal rule that is now effective. Are you the person I should talk to, or is there an owner or manager who could better answer my				
questions?				
[Reintroduce if transferred to another person.] Thank you for speaking to me. First, I would like to confirm whether you are the type of shop that may be impacted by the rules.				
Do the operations at your shop include	e spray painting vehicles or parts of vehicles with a spray gun?			
Yes → Ask next question No → No need to sched	n. ule a visit. Track as a "DROP" on the sample list. Read paragraph A.			
Do vou use ONLY spray guns (includir	g those spraying primer) with 3oz cup size or less?			

Yes \rightarrow Could DROP, or visit to confirm. If dropped, track as a "DROP" on the sample list and explain why. No \rightarrow Read the scheduling script in B:

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- A. Thank you, but it appears you are not affected by the air toxics rule that we are focusing on at this time. If you would like information on other environmental requirements, I can put you in contact with your state environmental assistance program.
- B. As a shop that does spray painting, you may be affected by a number of regulations and in particular the new EPA rule. [Anything else to say since not prearranging for a time?]

On site - Introduction

Hi, my name is [interviewer name]. Is (name of contact) available? [If not available...] Is there another person I should speak to about environmental issues, usually related to use of paints, solvents and disposing of wastes, in your shop? (The ideal respondent is the person from the shop who keeps up with environmental requirements, is familiar with shop set up and operations, and perhaps receives information through training or attending workshops or manages the operations of the shop.)

Hi (name of contact). I am from the USEPA Region 5 office. We are conducting an inspection to check whether you comply with the new rule on autobody refinishing shops. As part of that inspection, I will be going through a survey related to environmental practices at autobody shops.

It will take us about 1 – 2 hrs to talk about these environmental issues and walk through the shop. While we do that, I will be asking a series of questions to complete our survey. Is there an office, or a place where we can sit to go over some of the basic questions first?

It works best to go through all interview questions up front in a quiet office area and then ask to be shown through the shop for observations. Sections A through G = In office. Section I = In walk through questions. If time seems limited (shop owner seems rushed) you may prioritize the questions in order of (1) Basic Info and Air regulatory [A-C & In - In], (2) HW and WW Regs (D-E, In), (3) BMPs [F-G]. Section A is critical for categorizing the results of the project in the final analysis – DO NOT skip any of those questions unless prompted.

SECTION A: INTRODUCTION	Instructions and Tips
A1. Which of the following categories best describes your role at this shop? (read categories): Owner Manager Technician who applies spray coatings Another role (specify)	

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SECTION A: INTRODUCTION	Instructions and Tips
A2. What type of services does your shop provide? (mark all that apply)	
Auto mechanical repair Salvage YardAutobody shop Car dealershipMobile Paint Service Car washOther (explain):	
A3. Did your shop start coating vehicles or parts after September 17, 2007?	Defined as a new affected source, and compliance was due Jan 8, 2008.
Yes No	Mainly, brand new shops only ones affected by this definition. Adding a new booth doesn't make whole shop "new", but new booth must meet rule requirements when installed.
A4. How many employees and paint technicians (or anyone who may paint) do you have in your shop? # employees (total at shop) # paint technicians	# employees means total for shop, including owner/manager and office staff MAKE SURE AND INCLUDE "BODY" GUYS SPRAYING PRIMERS ON THE FLOOR AS PAINT TECHS.

SECTION A: INTRODUCTION			Instructions and Tips
A6. a. Referring to point of sales rep supplier, how much of each of th used or purchased in the last few	e following mater	ials have you	VERY important to get accurate numbers for purposes of making emissions estimates or reduction estimates at the end of the project
Gallons # mo (i) Solvent-based (high VOC) coatings (ii) Water-based coatings (<2 lb/gal VOC) (iii) High-VOC cleaning solvents (iv) Low-VOC cleaning solvents (v) Liquid paint strippers – MeCl (vi) Liquid paint strippers – non-MeCl This information may be used to calculate the environmental improvement achieved in the next few years by you and your fellow auto body shops as a		Most shops use computerized mixing systems. If, upon inspection, person knows how to use computer, this information can be obtained easily. Option to just ask for print out from supplier/vendor of 6-12 months of purchase records and calculate at a later time.	
c. Were numbers provided in A6a records? (Answer NO if estimates Yes No		h accurate	

SECTION A: INTRODUCTION		Instructions and Tips
A7a.	What are your total paint hours from the past <u>few months</u> ? [12 months preferred; enter # months]	[More easily tracked by shops than jobs.] Take six months if that's all they can get, but 12 months will be a better average across the year.
	hours per# mo	
	b. Were numbers provided in A7a obtained through accurate records? (Answer NO if estimates.)	
	Yes No	
A8.	Do you do any paint work using a gun with 3ounce cup or less? Yes	Useful to capture for future training and providing information on when/where using 3 oz cup is acceptable – if any limitations exist.
	No	That's about ½ of a Styrofoam coffee cup
If yes	, please describe the types of job and frequency:	

SECTION	ON C: EPA NESHAP			Instructions and Tips
SPRAY BOOTH/PREP STATION QUESTIONS When we walk through the shop, it would be helpful if you could show me your spray booth and exhaust filter system.				
C1.	a. Does your shop have a spray booth Yes	?		Answer YES for anything they consider a "booth"—I1 will capture description.
	No → Skip to C2			
	b. How many spray booths do you hav			
C2.	a. Do you have a prep station/area who components?	ere coatings are applied on ve	hicle	Answer YES if any area besides booth used for painting. I3 will capture description.
	Yes No → Skip to C3, or if NO to bot	h C1 and C2 skip to C5		
b. How many prep stations/areas do you have?				
C3. a. What is the <u>estimated</u> percentage of spray coatings that are applied in each spray booth versus any prep stations or other areas in the shop?		Note: these are estimates and will be used for informational purposes		
	Booth or Prep Station Name/ID	% coatings/jobs in booth		
	i. Booth 1			
	ii. Booth 2			
	iii. Booth 3			
	iv. Booth 4			
	v. Prep 1			
	vi. Prep 2			
	vii. Prep 3			
	viii. Prep 4			
	Other: (describe)			

SECTION C: EPA NESHAP

- C3. b. Did your shop first begin using each enclosure to apply coatings on or before Sept 17, 2007?
 - c. If any enclosure (paint booth, walled prep area) was installed after September 17, 2007, was the installation due to the new area source NESHAP regulations?

C3	b.	C.
Booth/Prep	Enclosure used on or	Installed to
name/ID	before 9/17/2007?	meet rule?
i. Booth 1	Yes / No	Yes / No
ii. Booth 2	Yes / No	Yes / No
iii. Booth 3	Yes / No	Yes / No
iv. Booth 4	Yes / No	Yes / No
v. Prep 1	Yes / No	Yes / No
vi. Prep 2	Yes / No	Yes / No
vii. Prep 3	Yes / No	Yes / No
viii. Prep 4	Yes / No	Yes / No

Instructions and Tips

Any new booth added to existing source, booth must be in compliance with NESHAP – ONLY booth is treated as new source, not whole facility.

- b. Mark an X in the box that applies for each enclosure
- c. Please note if companies that purchase and install equipment to comply with the area source NESHAP, this would not make an existing source a new source per 63.11171(c)(1). If they just happened to install or start new operations, then needed to comply by Jan 8, 2008 or upon start up.

SECTION C: EPA NESHAP				Instructions and Tips
Yes	Yes No →			CA note: Define that general building with multiple prep areas and wall fan may not be enough for compliance. A small room designed to meet same booth specifications could be OK depending on the exact circumstances.
(i) out o	of booths/prep areas h	nave an exhaust far	n	Depending on what EPA says about determination of room as a booth, we may tweak this instruction.
b. Does you	ır exhaust system have a f	ilter system?		Regardless of issue above, capture what exists without evaluating compliance in a and b.
	→ Skip to C5			
Enter answe	rs in table below.			Enter responses for c-e in Table at bottom of question.
 c. Is the filter capture efficiency rating of your exhaust/filter system at least 98 percent? d. Is the documentation related to the capture efficiency of your exhaust and filter system present and available for review? e. When was the filter system first used at your shop? 			If respondent is unsure of answers, note that this information would typically be found on the filter package or provided by the distributor. If not purchased directly, but through a subcontractor they may need to get in touch with them to make sure what they have. Must show % efficiency. Acceptable proof of eff% = reference to EPA rule or list basic test criteria, even if Method not written down:	
Booth ID/Name	c. Capture >=98%	d. Docs?	e. Date first used	 uses a high solids bake enamel delivered at a rate of at least 135 grams per minute from a
i. Booth 1	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		conventional (non-HVLP) air-atomized spray gun
ii. Booth 2	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		 operating at 40 pounds per square inch (psi) air pressure, and the air flow rate across the filter shall be 150 feet per minute
iii. Booth 3	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		the air now rate across the litter shall be 150 feet per militure
iv. Booth 4	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		We'll consider documentation complete if it includes: test
v. Prep 1	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		parameters OR references the 6H rule OR the ASHRAE method.
vi. Prep 2	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		
vii. Prep 3	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		Watch out to be sure documents match brand of filters in use, if
viii. Prep 4	Yes / No / Don't Know	Yes / No		possible.
f. Do ALL o time?	f the booths meet the exha	ust/filter requiren	nents in C4 at this	
No				

SECTION	ON C: EPA NESHAP	Instructions and Tips
SPRAY	GUN CLEANING When we walk through the shop, it would be helpful if you could show me the gun cleaning area and operations.	
C5.	a. Is all paint spray gun cleaning done with a fully enclosed spray gun washer or in a manner that avoids creating a mist of solvent?	Using air compressor to quick dry guns after cleaning not relevant to rule, but may increase VOCs
	Yes No	
	 b. If you answer YES to C5a, identify which method(s) are used: Fully enclosed spray gun washer Fully enclosed spray gun washer and occasionally disassemble and clean by hand Flush with solvent (but don't spray) Clean disassembled gun by hand or through mechanical methods 	
	c. If you answer YES to C5a, when was this spray gun cleaning approach first used at your shop?	
	(specific date)	
	d. If you answered No to C5a, how do you clean your guns? Spray coatings and/or solvent through the gun Other (specify)	

SECTION C: EPA NESHAP	Instructions and Tips
PAINT STRIPPING When we walk through the shop, it would be helpful if you could show me the paint stripping operation.	
C6. a. Do you use chemical products for paint stripping tasks? Yes	Some likely brands: StripRDry, Booth Floor Stripper (both made by CMA Philadelphia); Airplane stripper;
$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$	Might be used in restoring old cars to take off layers, otherwise unlikely to need solvents – just sanding.
b. Do any of the chemical products you use for paint stripping contain Methylene Chloride?	Also known as di-chloromethane (DCM) or methylene dichloride – CAS # is 75-09-2
Yes No, based on shop knowledge/review → Skip to C9 No, after reviewing materials (MSDS or can) at visit → Skip to C9	What if shop uses MeCl to clean tables? Does rule apply to cleaning? YES, since no exemptions are mentioned in the rule – only whether MeCl is used.
C7. a. Do you have records related to your shop's use of paint stripping products containing MeCl?	Material usage or purchase records. How many gallons of product do you use?
Yes No	
b. If there is documentation, how much product containing MeCl is used annually?	
Gallons per year (as supported by documentation)	
C8. a. Does your shop have a minimization plan for use of MeCI?	If yes, Field Staff examines documentation.
Yes No b. If you use more than 2000 pounds (~150 gallons of MeCl) per year, do you have the minimization plan written and posted where paint stripping is conducted?	Plan should include: Evaluate need to remove paint Evaluate each application for alternatives: (non- or low-; blasting; mechanical; thermo) Reduce MeCl stripper exposure to air Optimize to reduce evaporation during use Proper storage and disposal techniques
Yes No	If below 150 gallons, considering options for how they are using it and if they can eliminate it.

SECT	ION C: EPA NESHAP	Instructions and Tips
PAIN'	T FORMULATION/DOCUMENTATION	
C9.	a. Does your shop have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) and coating formulation data supplied by the manufacturer for ALL the solvents and coatings that you use?	Electronic versions will be acceptable if they are easily available to employees.
	Yes No	
C10.	 a. Do the coatings used by your shop contain any of the following hazardous air pollutants: chromium, lead, cadmium, nickel, or manganese (includes compounds of these metals)? Yes No Don't know b. If you answered No or Don't Know, have you asked your supplier whether you have the HAPs in the paint? Yes No 	Example of MSDS sheet that shows formulation data. If they answer No or Don't know, you could review a few MSDS: red/orange/yellow – lead, chromate blue/green – cadmium primer – chromates for corrosion resistance Capture whether they've attempted to determine if HAPs are present by discussion with supplier, in place of field staff going through to determine.
EPA I	RULE FOLLOW UP	
C11.	affects autobody shops and other small paint shops? This standard applies to businesses that coat parts and vehicles and use coatings that contain chromium (Cr), lead (Pb), manganese (Mn), nickel (Ni), or cadmium (Cd) or use paint stripping materials that contain methylene chloride. Yes	This is not meant to make a determination, but to gauge their understanding at this point in time. Some may still be completely in the dark about the rule
	No Don't Know	

SECTION C: EPA NESHAP	Instructions and Tips
C12. a. Are you aware that autobody shops may be able to petition out of new requirements by changing the paints they use?	You can you petition out of coatings requirements but still have to comply with MeCl
Yes, I am aware Yes, I have submitted the petition or received my exemption No	
I would like more information on how to petition out.	
b. To petition out you must certify that you do not spray apply any coatings containing chromium (Cr), lead (Pb), manganese (Mn), nickel (Ni), or cadmium (Cd)) or compounds containing these metals. Given this information, do you intend to:	
 Definitely stop using coatings containing these materials and petition out. Explore alternate coatings from your supplier and decide at a later time. Continue using coatings containing these metals and comply with the rule. Not sure 	
C13. a. Have you submitted an <u>initial notification form</u> (due Jan 10, 2010) to USEPA and the state, where required?	[Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio required; Indiana is requesting copies]
Yes No	
 b. Have you submitted a <u>notification of compliance status</u> form (due Jan 10, 2011) to USEPA and the state, where required? 	
Yes No	

[I1 – I8]

SECTION B.i: EPA Rule TRAINING	Instructions and Tips
B2. a. Have ALL your paint technicians been trained in proper selection, use, maintenance of spray equipment, and the requirements of the rule, within the proper time frames? Yes	Add proper time frames tips to answer accurately. MAKE SURE AND INCLUDE "BODY" GUYS SPRAYING PRIMERS ON THE FLOOR. Baseline timelines:
No → (i) If no, How many? out of paint techs have been trained	 Existing – 1/10/11. New – within 180 days of hire or shop start up, whichever is later; may go back 5 years for equivalent training
b. Has the training addressed and/or included the following regarding spray equipment? (read responses; check all that apply)	Hands on training resources vary: paint suppliers (Dupont, PPG), jobbers, associations, tech colleges, etc.
(i) Hands on and Classroom: Spray Gun Selection and Set Up (including measuring viscosity, selecting proper fluid nozzle or tip, achieving proper spray pattern, air	BRING A LIST of resources? [But no official approval of training.]
pressure and volume, and fluid delivery rate) Spray gun use – (spray technique for different types of coatings to improve transfer efficiency and minimize coating usage and overspray, including maintaining the correct spray gun distance and	"Hands on" will mean some amount of actual practice with a gun, for selection, setup and use, but we will not judge the time spent on hands on.
angle to the part, using proper banding and overlap, and reducing lead and lag spraying at the beginning and end of each stroke) Maintenance (booth and filter - including filter selection and	OECA is making a determination of extent of "hands on" definition.
installation)	Owner or painter can watch DVD online and certify that they watched it/been trained for that piece. May want to
(ii) Classroom: Environmental requirements in federal NESHAP-	have alternate video available. Michigan has video training online.

SECTION B.i: EPA Rule TRAINING	Instructions and Tips
c. Do you have records on technicians trained on the use of spray equipment? Yes No	Field Staff may examine documentation (certificates, dates, places) to determine whether or not the spray technicians have been properly trained (meaning they have been trained in all areas listed in question B2b. above).
c.(i) Capture who is trained, and whether equivalent work experience is being used, based on records:	MAKE SURE AND INCLUDE "BODY" GUYS SPRAYING PRIMERS ON THE FLOOR.
All technicians have been properly trained. Some (but not all) technicians have been properly trained or trained on all but environmental requirements None of the technicians has been properly trained Some technicians using equivalent work experience #: of d. Are there any specific reasons paint technicians have not been trained on ALL of the topics? Yes No - Skip to Section C. e. If yes to B2d, what are some of the reasons technicians have not been trained?	30 year expert still has to provide proof of experience. "Owners and operators who can show by documentation or certification that a painter's work experience and/or training has resulted in training equivalent to the training required in paragraph (f)(2) of this section are not required to provide the initial training required by that paragraph to these painters." Document how training has met each of the elements.
no locations close by costs timing was bad (describe:) unaware of training requirements other:	

END EPA REGULATIONS...MOVE ON TO STATE REGULATIONS.

SECTION H: COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE	Instructions and Tips
H4. a. Have you already received some information on this rule? Yes No → Skip to H5	
Don't know \rightarrow Skip to H5 If yes, then how and from whom?	
b. How: Mailing/written materials	

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SECTI	ON H: COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE	Instructions and Tips
H5.	a. Has your shop been inspected or visited by a government environmental or health and safety official? Yes No → Skip to H6 Don't know → Skip to H6	
	b. What type of government official inspected or visited your shop? (check all that apply)	
	EPA State Local government (environmental, health or fire department) OSHA Other (specify) Don't know/Cannot recall	
Н6.	Is there any other information about your shop's operations that you'd like to share before we walk through the shop together?	
Comm	ent:	

Now, I would like to walk through the shop.

(The order of these questions may have to be rearranged based on the set up of the shop.)

SECTION I: WALK THROUGH					Instructions and Tips
[I1 – I8 confirm compliance	with NESH/	\D1			
I1. a. May I see your sp	oray booth(s	5)?			Check off booth description and mark whether exhaust present for each booth.
Check all that apply					Rule requires booth to have four complete side walls or curtains
Booth ID (separate column for each booth)	(i) Booth1	(ii) Booth2	(iii) Booth3	(iv) Booth4	and a complete roof if large enough to fit a whole vehicle. Only new operations (after 9/17/07, and not done to meet rule) must comply at baseline.
Fully enclosed - roof, 4 sides (down draft or similar)					Nothing in rule that says exhaust has to be outdoors, but it
Not fully enclosed, but has: no roof, 4 sides roof, 3 sides no roof, 3 sides roof, 2 sides					does need to be outside the booth (space where painting is taking place, however defined). For now, a space (garage, shed, or other) can be considered a "booth" if doors are kept closed during painting and:
no roof, 2 sides no roof or sides (open space)					Negative pressure is maintained with sufficient make-up air, proper filtration, and venting
Booth has exhaust fan					Positive pressure if space has downdraft, proper
Other notes:					filtration, and venting to outdoors No evidence of paint particulates outside openings
b. Is there evidence that spray booth? Yes No Not sure (Fieler	eld Staff desc	cribe:)	If parts are not removed, then full vehicle has to be painted in full booth (four walls/fully enclosed) OECA is making determination on whether small building is "booth" enclosure.
No					
Comments:					

SECTION I: WALK THROUGH

[I1 – I8 confirm compliance with NESHAP]

12. May I see the filter on the spray booth exhaust? Is the filter in good condition? Look for rips or gaps in the filters; check to see if the filters appear to be clogged with paint residue or dust.

Answer YES if booth has waterwash system in place of dry filters. May not be able to see filter within waterwash system to answer "condition" question. May be installed on enclosed, positive pressure downdraft booths.

Booth ID	a. Has Filter?	b. Condition? (write in good or poor; NA if no filter present)	c. Exhaust pressure (positive or negative to room)
i. Booth 1	Yes / No		
ii. Booth 2	Yes / No		
iii. Booth 3	Yes / No		
iv. Booth 4	Yes / No		

d.	Do the spray booth exhaust/filter systems ALL meet the requirements in
	I2 at this time?

___ Yes No

Comments:

Instructions and Tips

Field Staff performs visual inspection of booth and filter and determines whether or not there is a particle filter on the exhaust.

Note to Field Staff: you may see a wall fan and small box with filter. Waterwash booths will not have the same type of filters to observe.

If the filters are not in good condition, Field Staff should ask the shop to revisit manufacturer's recommendation.

Good = not Poor. Poor will be pretty bad, e.g. holes, rips, gaps, no air movement at all.

Power up booth to evaluate pressure.

Positive only allowed for "downdraft" designed booth – fully enclosed, hard walls, and exhaust in floor.

Anything else must have negative, even 4 curtains and roof with air inflow above and exhaust at floor level. Negative should be "felt" standing at openings.

Mobile operation/enclosure should be observed as well. Try to see it, even if not in operation.

When looking at filters, look for evidence of painters clearing guns into the filters. This would look different than any patterns left on the filters by protective grates.

SECTION I: WALK THROUGH					Instructions and Tips
[I1 – I8 confirm compliance wi	th NESHAP	1			
I3. a. May I see your prep If no prep station/area(s	station(s)/	area(s) where	painting is d	lone?	Field Staff performs visual inspection to confirm that prep station/area(s) is enclosed and ventilated.
Check all that apply to	each area	ID'd:			Rule requires for motor vehicle and mobile equipment subassemblies, any coatings must be spray applied in a booth
Prep Area ID (separate column for each area/station)	(i) Prep 1	(ii) Prep 2	(iii) Prep 3	(iv) Prep 4	with a full roof and at least three walls or side curtains. Only new operations (after 9/17/07, and not done to meet rule) must comply
Fully enclosed - roof, 3 sides					at baseline.
Not fully enclosed, but has:					Remember that painting part(s) of a car without
no roof, 3 sides					disassembling from the whole car requires the whole car to
roof, 2 sides					be painted inside a 4-walled booth.
no roof, 2 sides					
no roof or sides (open space)					"Spot" painting with an encircling ring which draws spray
Prep area has exhaust fan					into the ring and then directs it through proper filtration is
Other:					permitted by the rule.
					J
h Da tha muan atationala	All		wannanta in 12	at this time?	
b. Do the prep stations/a	reas ALL m	leet the requi	rements in i3	at this time?	
Yes					
No Commonto					
Comments:					

SECTION I: WALK THROUGH					Instructions and Tips	
F14 10		anlianaa with NIC	CHADI			
14. good co	May I see thondition? Loc		ep station(s)/area(s) e	exhaust? Is the filter in see if the filters appear to	Field Staff performs visual inspection of pipe and filter and determines whether or not there is a particle filter on the exhaust Note to Field Staff: you may see a wall fan and small box with filter.	
Prep Stat	ion/Area ID	a. Has Filter?	b. Condition? (write in good or poor, or NA if no filter)	c. Exhaust pressure (positive or negative to room)	If the filters are not in good condition, Field Staff should ask the shop to revisit manufacturer's recommendation.	
(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)		ts in I4 at this tim	aust/filter systems A	LL meet the	Doesn't have to be exhausted outdoors, but it does need to be outside the booth (space where painting is taking place, however defined). Negative should be "felt" standing at openings – even at 3 wall booth, should feel breeze, papers flap toward back of booth, something. May be good to have hand out for facilities to what to do.	
15.		Is lighting in the be present from the	•	n of paint residue, besides	Based on own observations. Overspray may be indication of poor ventilation.	

Updated 3/2011				
SECTION I: WALK THRO	UGH			Instructions and Tips
[I1 – I8 confirm complian	ce with NESHAP1			
if multiple of same available)	spray guns you have gun, fill in separate lind	es; include guns no		Field Staffs: Look for "HVLP" stamped on the body of the spray gun. If no stamp is visible, air flow of 15-26 cubic feet per minute and PSI at orifice of less than 10 lbs, or at inlet of less than 40 lbs is likely to be an HVLP spray gun. You can also look at purchase records or manuals for indicators of whether a gun is HVLP or not.
Spray Gun	Manufacturer/ Model (X = if gun	Have Docs? Y/N		May want to take HVLP list along with us.
HVLP (High Volume	is stamped HVLP) 1.			DO NOT EVALUATE HVLP GUN STATUS BASED ON USE OR TECHNIQUE. Not in the scope of the project.
Low Pressure)	2. 3. 4. 5.			Look at all guns, even if not used. RECOMMEND removing any non-approved guns. Rule preamble does indicate CA approved guns are OK for HVLP-
HVLP Equivalent	6. 1. 2.			equivalent. We will use those, and anything else would need separate EPA approval to qualify.
	3. 4. 5. 6.			 Conventional: >40 psi and spray 10-12 inches away from vehicle. HVLP: <40 psi and spray 8-10 inches from vehicle.
Electrostatic				Strong recommendation that any non-compliant guns should be removed from shop by next year compliance
Airless spray gun				deadline.
Air assisted airless				
Conventional (non-compliant)				Manufacturer/Model: only enter info if unsure of HVLP/equivalent status – if shop say it is but not on list or
Other:				stamped. Just check box if HVLP is obvious.
Don't know				Documentation: <u>answer yes or no</u> if document was presented for an HVLP equivalent gun. (List of guns provided separately.)
b. Do they have onl 6H, available for Yes No	y compliant spray gu use at this time?	ns, based on the	requirements for	

Comments:

SECTION I: WALK THROUGH	Instructions and Tips
[I1 – I8 confirm compliance with NESHAP]	
17. May I see the gun cleaning area, operations? Explain to me what you do here.	Look for any evidence of painters clearing paint from guns into the ventilation hoods or other areas with or without filters.
Field Staff observes cleaning procedures and categorizes cleaning technique: Uses a fully enclosed spray gun washer Uses a fully enclosed spray gun washer and occasionally disassembles and cleans by hand Flush with solvent (but don't spray) Spray coatings and/or solvent through the gun Clean disassembled gun by hand or through mechanical methods Other (specify)	Not required by rule (possibly by OSHA?), but we can suggest that air flow from above and behind the cleaning station/technician to below and in front of the station/technician (drawing fumes away from the technician's face).
 a. Does chemical paint stripping occur in the shop? Yes No → Skip to 19 b. If yes, ask: May I see the products you use for paint stripping? Examine products for ingredients with methylene chloride. Do they contain MeCl? 	 Look at MSDS sheets and/or cans. May want to note whether response matches office visit response. Also known as di-chloromethane (DCM) or methylene dichloride Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry Number is 75-09-2
Yes, products with methylene chloride are used No, products with methylene chloride are not used Thank you for your time.	Advice for you and shops: read the label or MSDS and don't trust your sense of smell (you may only start smelling MeCl at 200 ppm) Close inspection as appropriate.