

## Hemovigilance Module Annual Facility Survey

*Rec	quired for saving
*Fa	cility ID#: *Survey Year:
For	all questions, use information from last full calendar year.
Fac	cility Characteristics
*1.	Ownership: (check one)
	Government Military Not for profit, including church For profit
	Ueteran's Affairs Managed Care Organization Physician-owned
*2.	Is your hospital affiliated with a medical school?
	If Yes, check type of affiliation: Major Graduate Limited
3.	Community setting of facility: Urban Suburban Rural
*4.	How is your hospital accredited? (check one)
	National Integrated Accreditation for Healthcare Organizations (DNV)
	☐ The Joint Commission ☐ American Osteopathic Association (AOA)
	Other Accrediting Organization
*5.	Total beds served by Transfusion Services.
*6.	Number of surgeries performed per year: Inpatient: Outpatient:
*7.	At what trauma level is your facility certified?
Tra	nsfusion Services Characteristics
*8.	Primary classification of facility areas served by Transfusion Services: (check all that apply)
	General medical and surgical Obstetrics and gynecology Orthopedic Cancer center
	Chronic disease Children's general medical and surgical Children's orthopedic
	Children's cancer center Children's chronic disease Other (specify)
*9.	Does your healthcare facility provide all of its own transfusion services, including all laboratory functions?
	Yes No, we contract with a blood center for some transfusion service functions.
	$\hfill \square$ No, we contract with another healthcare facility for some transfusion service functions.
*10	. Is your Transfusion Services part of the facility's core laboratory?
*11.	. How many dedicated Transfusion Services staff members are there?
	Number of technical FTEs (including supervisors)
	Number of dedicated physician FTEs: Number of MLTs: Number of MTs:

Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that would permit identification of any individual or institution is collected with a guarantee that it will be held in strict confidence, will be used only for the purposes stated, and will not otherwise be disclosed or released without the consent of the individual, or the institution in accordance with Sections 304, 306 and 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 USC 242b, 242k, and 242m(d)).

Public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 2 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to CDC, Reports Clearance Officer, 1600 Clifton Rd., MS D-74, Atlanta, GA 30333 ATTN: PRA (0920-0666).



*12. Does your hospital have a dedicated position or FTE in a <u>quality or patient safety department/function</u> investigation of transfusion-related adverse reactions?	<u>on</u> for
☐ Yes ☐ No	
*13. Does your hospital have a dedicated position or FTE in a <u>quality or patient safety department/function</u> investigation of transfusion errors (i.e. incidents)?	<u>on</u> for
☐ Yes ☐ No	
*14. Is your Transfusion Services laboratory accredited?	
If Yes, select all that apply:   College of American Pathologists (CAP)  AABB	
*15. Do you have a committee that reviews blood utilization?	
*16. Total number of samples collected:	
*17. Products and total number of units/aliquots transfused: (check all that apply)	
Units: Alic	uots:
Whole blood derived red blood cells	•
Apheresis red blood cells	
<u> </u>	 N/A
What is your average pool size?	
Apheresis platelets	
Whole blood derived plasma (Incl. FFP, thawed, etc.)	
Apheresis plasma	
<u> </u>	——— الا
Granulocytes	
Lymphocytes	
*18. Are any of the following administered through Transfusion Services? (check all that apply)	
Albumin Factors (VIIa, VIII, IX, ATIII, etc) Immunoglobulin (IV)	
☐ Immunoglobulin (IM or subcutaneous) ☐ RhIg ☐ None	
*19. Does your facility attempt to transfuse only leukocyte-reduced cellular components?	
☐ Yes ☐ No	
*20. Are all units stored in the Transfusion Services area? Yes No	
If No, indicate the location(s) of satellite storage: (check all that apply)	
Operating Room Emergency Room	
Ambulatory Care Other: (specify)	
*21. To what extent does Transfusion Services modify products? (check all that apply)	
Aliquot Deglycerolizing Irradiation Leukoreduction	
Plasma reduction Pooling Washing None of these	
*22. Do you collect blood for transfusion at your facility?  Yes No	
If Yes, check all that apply: Allogeneic Autologous Directed	
*23. Does your facility perform viral testing on blood for transfusion?	



24. Units/Aliquots Transfused by Department or Service: (optional)

	Samples Collected		Units/Aliquots Transfused									
			Platelets		Red Blood Cells		Plasma		ate	S	S	
Department/ Service			Whole Blood	Apheresis	Whole	Apheresis	Whole Blood	Apheresis	Cryoprecipitate	Granulocytes	Lymphocytes	
Emergency Room/		Units										
Trauma		Aliquots										
Hematology/ Oncology		Units										
(BMT/Aph)		Aliquots										
		Units										
ICU/NICU		Aliquots										
Nephrology/		Units										
Dialysis		Aliquots										
Obstetrics/		Units										
Gynecology		Aliquots										
Pediatrics/		Units										
Neonatology*		Aliquots										
Surgery,		Units										
Cardiac		Aliquots										
Surgery,		Units										
General		Aliquots										
Surgery,		Units										
Orthopedic		Aliquots										
		Units										
Surgery, Other		Aliquots										
Solid Organ		Units										
Transplant		Aliquots										
General		Units										
Medical, Other		Aliquots										

<sup>\*</sup>Non-Pediatric Facilities Only

## **Transfusion Services Computerization**



*25. Is Transfusion Services computerized?
If Yes, select system(s) used: (check all that apply)
☐ Cerner Classic <sup>®</sup> ☐ Cerner Millennium <sup>®</sup> ☐ HCLL <sup>®</sup> ☐ Horizon BB <sup>®</sup> ☐ Hemocare <sup>®</sup>
☐ Lifeline <sup>®</sup> ☐ Meditech <sup>®</sup> ☐ Misys <sup>®</sup> ☐ Wyndgate <sup>®</sup> (Safetrace TX) ☐ Softbank <sup>®</sup>
Western Star® Other (specify)
*26. Is your system ISBT-128 compliant?
*27. Does the Transfusion Services system interface with the patient registration system?
*28. Are Transfusion Services adverse events entered into a hospital-wide electronic reporting system?
Yes No If Yes, specify system used:
*29. Do you use positive patient ID technology for transfusion services?
Yes, hospital wide Yes, certain areas Not used
If Yes, select purpose(s): (check all that apply)
If Yes, select system(s) used: (check all that apply)
☐ Mechanical barrier system (e.g., Bloodloc®)
Separate transfusion ID wristband system (e.g., Typenex®)
Radio frequency identification (RFID) Bedside ID band barcode scanning
Other (specify)
*30. Do you have physician online order entry for test requesting?
*31. Do you have physician online order entry for product requesting?
31. Do you have physician online order entry for product requesting:
Transfusion Services Specimen Handling and Testing
Transfusion Services Specimen Handling and Testing
Transfusion Services Specimen Handling and Testing *32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?
Transfusion Services Specimen Handling and Testing  *32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  □ Always □ Sometimes, approximately% of the time □ Never
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately% of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately% of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately More Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request  Computer generated by bedside device Other (specify)  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately % of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request  Computer generated by bedside device Other (specify)  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen labels?
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately % of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request  Computer generated by bedside device Other (specify)  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen labels?  Yes No  *35. What items can be used to verify patient identification during specimen collection and prior to product administration at your facility? (check all that apply)
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?    Always   Sometimes, approximately% of the time   Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)    Handwritten   Addressograph   Computer generated from laboratory test request   Computer generated by bedside device   Other (specify)  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen labels?   Yes   No  *35. What items can be used to verify patient identification during specimen collection and prior to product administration at your facility? (check all that apply)   Medical record (or other unique patient ID) number   Date of birth   Gender
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately% of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request  Computer generated by bedside device Other (specify)  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen labels?  Yes No  *35. What items can be used to verify patient identification during specimen collection and prior to product administration at your facility? (check all that apply)  Medical record (or other unique patient ID) number Date of birth Gender  Patient first name Patient last name Transfusion specimen ID system (e.g., Typenex*)
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately % of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request  Computer generated by bedside device Other (specify) **  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen labels?  Yes No  *35. What items can be used to verify patient identification during specimen collection and prior to product administration at your facility? (check all that apply)  Medical record (or other unique patient ID) number Date of birth Gender  Patient first name Patient last name Transfusion specimen ID system (e.g., Typenex*)  Patient verbal confirmation of name or date of birth Other (specify)
*32. Are Transfusion Services specimens drawn by a dedicated phlebotomy team?  Always Sometimes, approximately % of the time Never  *33. What specimen labels are used at your facility? (check all that apply)  Handwritten Addressograph Computer generated from laboratory test request  Computer generated by bedside device Other (specify)  *34. Are phlebotomy staff members allowed to correct patient identification errors on pre-transfusion specimen labels?  Yes No  *35. What items can be used to verify patient identification during specimen collection and prior to product administration at your facility? (check all that apply)  Medical record (or other unique patient ID) number Date of birth Gender  Patient first name Patient last name Transfusion specimen ID system (e.g., Typenex*)  Patient verbal confirmation of name or date of birth Other (specify)  *36. How are routine type and screen done? (check all that apply and estimate frequency of each)



If Yes, check one:
All samples
If there is no laboratory record of previous determination of patient's ABO group
If there is no laboratory record of previous determination of patient's ABO group AND the patient is a candidate for electronic crossmatching
If Yes, is the confirmation required on a separately-collected specimen before a unit of Group A, B, or AB red blood cells is issued for transfusion?
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
RBC type and screen: RBC crossmatch
Estimate the % of crossmatch procedures done by each method: (check all that apply)
☐ Electronically% ☐ Serologically% ☐ Don't know <i>Total may be &gt;100%</i>