Supporting Statement for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions

Title:

OMB Control Number: 1670-NEW

Telecommunications Service Priority System

Supporting Statement A

A. Justification

1. Explain the circumstances that make the collection of information necessary. Identify any legal or administrative requirements that necessitate the collection. Attach a copy of the appropriate section of each statute and regulation mandating or authorizing the collection of information.

The Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) Program was proposed to the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) by the National Communications System (NCS) in 1987 and adopted by the FCC through a Report and Order on November 17, 1989. TSP replaced the earlier Restoration Priority System and improves on that program by fully addressing the Government's need for priority treatment of national security/emergency preparedness (NS/EP) telecommunications services.

The legal authority, 47 CFR Part 64, Appendix A, "Telecommunications Service Priority System for National Security Emergency Preparedness," and NCS 3-1 are attached as appendices A and B.

2. Indicate how, by whom, and for what purpose the information is to be used. Except for a new collection, indicate the actual use the agency has made of the information received from the current collection.

Information to request a priority, to obtain a sponsor for requesting a priority, and for other administrative requirements of the program is required from any person or organization having an NS/EP service for which they wish priority restoration from the vendor providing the service. Information is also required to allow immediate installation of a new service to support NS/EP requirements. Information is required from vendors to allow the Office of the Manager, NCS (OMNCS) to track and identify the telecommunications services that are being provided priority treatment. The forms used are the SF314 (Revalidation for Service Users), SF315 (TSP Request for Service Users), SF317 (TSP Action Appeal for Service Users), SF318 (TSP Service Confirmation for Service Vendors), and the SF319 (TSP Service Reconciliation for Service Vendors). All of the forms request information about the organization and the point of contact requesting a TSP code or submitting information to the TSP Program Office. The SF314 is for users to request that their existing TSP codes be revalidated for three more years. The SF315 is used to request restoration and/or provisioning for an organization's critical circuits. The SF317 is for organizations to appeal the denial of TSP restoration and/or provisioning. The SF318 is for service vendors to provide circuit ID information associated with TSP codes they've been given by their customers. The SF319 is for service vendors to provide data to the program office in order to reconcile their TSP data with the TSP database.

3. Describe whether, and to what extent, the collection of information involves the use of automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses, and the basis for the decision for adopting this means of collection. Also describe any consideration of using information technology to reduce burden.

We encourage all participants to request TSP priorities via the TSP e-forms application, available via the TSP home page (http://tsp.ncs.gov). The use of the TSP e-forms application will significantly decrease the burden hours placed on the user and increase the efficiency of the TSP Program. The paper forms will also be available for download via the TSP home page.

4. Describe efforts to identify duplication. Show specifically why any similar information already available cannot be used or modified for use for the purposes described in Item 2 above.

We reviewed the requirements of the TSP Program extensively both before it was instituted and during the years of its use and believe that the information requested is the minimum necessary to manage the TSP Program. Additionally, all requirements will be periodically reviewed to ensure that they remain correct and that we have continued need for the data requested.

5. If the collection of information impacts small businesses or other small entities (Item 5 of OMB Form 83-I), describe any methods used to minimize.

The organizations that complete this form are those that have circuits that support an NS/EP mission and require priority restoration for those circuits. The private sector organizations that request TSP are from the healthcare, financial, utilities, transportation, and telecommunications sectors.

6. Describe the consequence to Federal/DHS program or policy activities if the collection of information is not conducted, or is conducted less frequently, as well as any technical or legal obstacles to reducing burden.

We have identified the minimum frequency necessary to ensure the viability of the program. Additionally, the OMNCS actively worked with both the TSP System Oversight Committee and the NCS Committee of Principals to reduce the amount of information required whenever possible. Any further reduction in the amount of information collected would provide the OMNCS with insufficient information with which to manage the TSP System. One of the major reasons the prior Restoration Priority System was replaced was that the records of that system were inadequate, and there was no review process to ensure that only those users with a continued need for priority service held a priority rating. Without this information collection, the NCS would not be able to manage the TSP System.

7. Explain any special circumstances that would cause an information collection to be conducted in a manner:

(a) Requiring respondents to report information to the agency more often than quarterly.

Information is required on particular occasions when an organization decides it wants TSP priority on its critical circuits. It is occasional/situational – the program office is not able to determine when this will occur. Those conditions may be more than quarterly in some years.

(b) Requiring respondents to prepare a written response to a collection of information in fewer than 30 days after receipt of it.

There is no requirement to respond in a written manner once the forms have been submitted.

(c) Requiring respondents to submit more than an original and two copies of any document.

Respondents are only required to submit the original document; copies are not required.

(d) Requiring respondents to retain records, other than health, medical, government contract, grant-inaid, or tax records for more than three years.

Respondents are not required to keep any of the documentation.

(e) In connection with a statistical survey, that is not designed to produce valid and reliable results that can be generalized to the universe of study.

This collection does not employ statistical analysis.

(f) Requiring the use of a statistical data classification that has not been reviewed and approved by OMB.

This collection does not employ statistical analysis.

(g) That includes a pledge of confidentiality that is not supported by authority established in statute or regulation, that is not supported by disclosure and data security policies that are consistent with the pledge, or which unnecessarily impedes sharing of data with other agencies for compatible confidential use.

There is no confidential information collected; however, the data is kept in a sensitive but unclassified environment.

(h) Requiring respondents to submit proprietary trade secret, or other confidential information unless the agency can demonstrate that it has instituted procedures to protect the information's confidentiality to the extent permitted by law.

It is not necessary to submit any trade secrets or other types of confidential data.

8. Federal Register Notice:

(a) Provide a copy and identify the date and page number of publication in the Federal Register of the agency's notice soliciting comments on the information collection prior to submission to OMB. Summarize public comments received in response to that notice and describe actions taken by the agency in response to these comments. Specifically address comments received on cost and hour burden.

	Date of Publication	Volume #	Number #	Page #	Comments Addressed
60Day Federal Register Notice:	06/7/2011	76	109	32980	0

30-Day Federal	08/31/2011	76	169	54244	0
Register Notice					

(b) Describe efforts to consult with persons outside the agency to obtain their views on the availability of data, frequency of collection, the clarity of instructions and recordkeeping, disclosure, or reporting format (if any), and on the data elements to be recorded, disclosed, or reported.

The OMNCS worked with the TSP Oversight Committee to confirm that this collection of data was adequate and necessary.

(c) Describe consultations with representatives of those from whom information is to be obtained or those who must compile records. Consultation should occur at least once every three years, even if the collection of information activities is the same as in prior periods. There may be circumstances that may preclude consultation in a specific situation. These circumstances should be explained.

The OMNCS worked with the TSP Oversight Committee to confirm that this collection of data was adequate and necessary.

9. Explain any decision to provide any payment or gift to respondents, other than remuneration of contractors or grantees.

No gifts or payments of any kind were provided to those associated with the program.

10. Describe any assurance of confidentiality provided to respondents and the basis for the assurance in statute, regulation, or agency policy.

The TSP Program database is maintained at the "Sensitive Information" level. Access to the database will be limited to U.S. Government employees and U.S. citizen contractor employees with a need to access the database to perform their work. Individual respondents may access their data within the database. Password and privacy techniques are used to limit access to the database and the data within the database. The TSP database has been issued an Authority to Operate from the Department of Homeland Security's National Protection and Programs Directorate Chief Information Officer. The System of Record Number associated with this collection is: DHS/ALL 002 Contact Lists.

11. Provide additional justification for any questions of a sensitive nature, such as sexual behavior and attitudes, religious beliefs, and other matters that are commonly considered private. This justification should include the reasons why the agency considers the questions necessary, the specific uses to be made of the information, the explanation to be given to persons from whom the information is requested, and any steps to be taken to obtain their consent.

No information that is commonly considered sensitive is required in this collection.

12. Provide estimates of the hour burden of the collection of information. The statement should:

(a) Indicate the number of respondents, frequency of response, annual hour burden, and an explanation of how the burden was estimated. Unless directed to do so, agencies should not conduct special surveys to obtain information on which to base hour burden estimates. Consultation with a sample (fewer than 10) of potential respondents is desired. If the hour burden

on respondents is expected to vary widely because of differences in activity, size, or complexity, show the range of estimated hour burden, and explain the reasons for the variance. Generally, estimates should not include burden hours for customary and usual business practices.

b. If this request for approval covers more than one form, provide separate hour burden estimates for each form and aggregate the hour burdens in Item 13 of OMB Form 83-I.

c. Provide estimates of annualized cost to respondents for the hour burdens for collections of information, identifying and using appropriate wage rate categories. The cost of contracting out or paying outside parties for information collection activities should not be included here. Instead, this cost should be included in Item 14.

Type of	Form	No. of	No. of Re-	Average	Total	Average	Total
Respondent	Name	Respondents	sponses per	Burden	Annual	Hourly	Annual Re-
				per	Burden (in	Wage	spondent
			Respondent	Response	hours)	Rate	Cost
				(in hours)			
Telecommunications	SF314	304	1	.75	228	32.50	7,410.00
Specialist		504	1	(45 min)	220	52.50	7,410.00
Telecommunications	SF315	27,000	1	.25	6,750	32.50	219,375.00
Specialist		27,000	1	(15 min)	0,750	52.50	219,575.00
Telecommunications	SF317	1	1	.42	.42	32.50	13.65
Specialist			L	(25 min)	.42	32.50	13.05
Telecommunications	SF318	428	1	.75	321	32.50	10,432.50
Specialist		420	L	(45 min)	521	52.50	10,452.50
Telecommunications	SF319	428	1	1.0	428	32.50	12 010 00
Specialist		420		(60 min)	420	52.50	13,910.00
		28,161	5	3.17	7,727.42	32.50	251,141.15
Total		20,101	5	5.17	/,/2/.42	52.50	231,141.13

Table A.12: Estimated Annu	alized Burden Hours	and Costs
Table 1.12. Loundace Innu	anzeu Duruen mours	

13. Provide an estimate of the total annual cost burden to respondents or record keepers resulting from the collection of information. (Do not include the cost of any hour burden shown in Items 12 and 14.)

The cost estimate should be split into two components: (1) a total capital and start-up cost component (annualized over its expected useful life); and (b) a total operation and maintenance and purchase of services component. The estimates should take into account costs associated with generating, maintaining, and disclosing or providing the information. Include descriptions of methods used to estimate major cost factors including system and technology acquisition, expected useful life of capital equipment, the discount rate(s), and the time period over which costs will be incurred. Capital and start-up costs include, among other items, preparations for collecting information such as purchasing computers and software; monitoring, sampling, drilling and testing equipment; and record storage facilities.

If cost estimates are expected to vary widely, agencies should present ranges of cost burdens and explain the reasons for the variance. The cost of purchasing or contracting out information collection services should be a part of this cost burden estimate. In developing cost burden estimates, agencies may consult with a sample of respondents (fewer than 10), utilize the 60-day

pre-OMB submission public comment process and use existing economic or regulatory impact analysis associated with the rulemaking containing the information collection as appropriate.

Generally, estimates should not include purchases of equipment or services, or portions thereof, made: (1) prior to October 1, 1995, (2) to achieve regulatory compliance with requirements not associated with the information collection, (3) for reasons other than to provide information to keep records for the government, or (4) as part of customary and usual business or private practices.

There is no additional cost to the respondents due to this collection of information.

14. Provide estimates of annualized cost to the Federal Government. Also, provide a description of the method used to estimate cost, which should include quantification of hours, operational expenses (such as equipment, overhead, printing and support staff), and any other expense that would have been incurred without this collection of information. You may also aggregate cost estimates for Items 12, 13, and 14 in a single table.

We would expect a mid-level manager and/or his or her staff or contractors to manage the data collection process. It is expected that the minimum requirement for Federal Government support would be four full time (FTE) and one partial time employees (one Fed FTE and 3.5 Contractor FTE). There are also costs associated with the database used to hold the information collected.

Based on the Federal Government General Schedule Salary Table, the annual salary of a GS-13 employee is \$82,165. The annual salary for an Emergency Communications Specialist under the NCS SETA Contract is \$83,200. Estimated average maintenance cost for the database is \$10,000 per year.

To arrive at a total, we added 1 Fed FTE Salary at \$82,165 plus the 3.5 Contractor FTE salaries of \$373,365 (3.5 x \$83,200), plus the \$10,000 maintenance costs.

Thus the all-inclusive total annualized cost to the Federal Government is \$383,365.00

15. Explain the reasons for any program changes or adjustments reported in Items 13 or 14 of the OMB Form 83-I. Changes in hour burden, i.e., program changes or adjustments made to annual reporting and recordkeeping **hour** and **cost** burden. A program change is the result of deliberate Federal government action. All new collections and any subsequent revisions of existing collections (e.g., the addition or deletion of questions) are recorded as program changes. An adjustment is a change that is not the result of a deliberate Federal government action. These changes that result from new estimates or actions not controllable by the Federal government are recorded as adjustments.

There have been no changes in burden and no changes to the information being collected.

16. For collections of information whose results will be published, outline plans for tabulation and publication. Address any complex analytical techniques that will be used. Provide the time schedule for the entire project, including beginning and ending dates of the collection of information, completion of report, publication dates, and other actions.

The TSP collection of information will not be published.

17. If seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collection, explain reasons that display would be inappropriate.

We are not seeking that approval.

18. Explain each exception to the certification statement identified in Item 19 "Certification for Paperwork Reduction Act Submissions," of OMB Form 83-I.

There are no exceptions listed in Item 19.