

MANDATORY — CONFIDENTIAL 2007 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES (MINI FORM)

DUE DATE: MAY 31, 2008

ELECTRONIC Go to www.bea.gov/efile for details

FILING:

OR

MAIL REPORTS TO: U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

BE-49(A)

Washington, DC 20230

OR

DELIVER REPORTS TO:

U.S. Department of Commerce
Bureau of Economic Analysis, BE-49(A)
Shipping and Receiving Section, M100
1441 I. Street NW

1441 L Street, NW Washington, DC 20005

OR

FAX REPORTS TO: (202) 606-1905*

*See the **NOTE** at the bottom of this page if you plan to fax your report to BEA.

ASSISTANCE

Email: be12/15@bea.gov

Telephone: (202) 606-5577 **FAX:** (202) 606-5319

Copies of

blank forms: www.bea.gov/fdi

Definitions of key terms – See pages 6 and 7.

Α.	Name and address of U.S. business enterprise – If a label has been
	affixed, make any changes directly on the label. If a label has not been
	affixed, enter the BEA Identification Number of this U.S. affiliate, if
	available, in the box at the upper right hand corner of this page.

	Name of U.S. affiliate			
1002	0			
	c/o (care of)			
1010	0			
	Street or P.O. Box			
1003	0			
	City			State
1004	0			0998 0
	ZIP Code		Foreign Postal Cod	le
1005	0	OR	0	

B. Location of U.S. affiliate – If the mailing address in item A is in care of someone other than the U.S. affiliate, give the name and location of the primary U.S. headquarters of the affiliate. If the U.S. affiliate is a real estate investment with no U.S. headquarters, give the name (if any) and location of the real estate. If the real estate is in more than one location, give the name and location of the real estate with the largest gross book value.

	Name of U.S. affiliate		
1300	0		
	Street or P.O. Box		
1301	0		
	City		State
1302	0	1304	0
	ZIP Code		
1303	0		

IMPORTANT

Please review the **Instructions** starting on page 6 before completing this form. **Insurance and real estate companies** see instructions I.C. and D. on page 6.

- Who must file Form BE-12 Mini Complete Form BE-12 Mini if (1) you are NOT a bank, bank holding company, or financial holding company and (2) none of the following three items total assets (do not net out liabilities), sales or gross operating revenues (excluding sales taxes), and net income (after provision for U.S. income taxes) for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceeded \$40 million (positive or negative) at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007. If you do not meet these filing criteria see instruction I.A. starting on page 6 to determine which form to file.
- Accounting principles If feasible use U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles to complete Form BE-12
 Mini unless you are requested to do otherwise by a specific instruction. References in the instructions to Financial
 Accounting Standards Board statements are referred to as "FAS."
- U.S. affiliate's 2007 fiscal year The affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2007.
- Consolidated reporting A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including in the consolidation ALL non-bank U.S. affiliates in which it directly or indirectly owns more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting interest. The consolidation rules are found in instruction III.13 starting on page 7.
- Rounding Report currency amounts in U.S. dollars rounded to thousands (omitting 000).
 Do not enter amounts in the shaded portions of each line.
 Example If amount is \$1,334,891.00 report as:

	Bil.	Mil.	Thous.	Dols.
_		1	33 <i>5</i>	

MANDATORY CONFIDENTIALITY PENALTIES



2 No

This survey is being conducted under the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended). The filing of reports is mandatory and the Act provides that your report to this Bureau is confidential. Whoever fails to report may be subject to penalties. See page 6 for more details.

REPORT — Enter name and address						CERTIFICATION — The undersigned official certifies that this report has been prepared in accordance with the applicable instructions, is complete, and is substantially accurate except that estimates may have					
Name 1000 0											
Address 1029	0				been provided where data are not available from customary accounting records or precise data could not be obtained without undue burden.						
1030 0						Authorized official's signature Date					
1031	0										
TELEPHONE NUMBER	NE 1001 1 Area code Number 2 Extension					0990 0 Print or type name 0991 0 Print or type title					
FAX NUMBER 0999 1 Area code Number				0992	1 Telephone number	2 Exte	Extension 3 FAX number				
May FAX and/or email be used in correspondence between your enterprise and BEA, including FAX'ed reports, and/or to discuss questions relating to this survey that may contain information about your company that you may consider confidential? NOTE: The Internet and telephone systems are not secure means of transmitting confidential information unless it is encrypted. If you choose to communicate with BEA via FAX or electronic mail, BEA cannot guarantee the security of the information during transmission, but will treat information we receive as confidential in accordance with Section 5(c) of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act.											

Email: 1 Yes (If yes, please print your email address.)

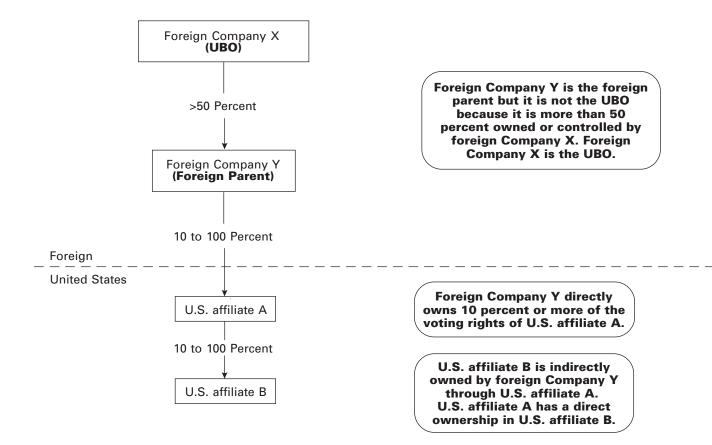
FAX: 1 1 Yes

FAX: 1 1 Yes

	PAI	RT I									
	Report all amounts in th	ousa	nds of	U.S. dollars.							
	Additional Instructions by line item are at the instructions			form starting v	with S	Sectio	n III	of the			
1.	Enter Employer Identification Number(s) used by the U.S. affiliate to file income and payroll taxes. Primary Other 2 -										
2.	2. Did the ownership (both direct and indirect) by ALL foreign parents in the voting securities (or an equivalent interest) of this U.S. affiliate EXCEED 50 percent as of the end of the U.S. affiliate's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007? "Voting interest" is defined in instruction 16a.(1) on page 8.										
	¹¹⁰¹ ¹ 1 ☐ Yes										
			Bil.	Amount Mil. Thous.	Dols						
3.	Total assets at the close of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007 – Do not net out liabilities.	2109	1	111000.	5010.						
4.	Sales or gross operating revenues for the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007, excluding sales taxes – Do not give gross margin.	2149	1								
5.	Net income (loss) for the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007, after provision for U.S. Federal, State, and local income taxes.	2159	1								
6.	Total liabilities at the close of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007.	2114	1		1	3	if to	ase check box otal liabilities zero.			
7.	Number of employees at close of fiscal year that See instruction 7 on page 7 on how to report employr employment is subject to unusual variations).	ende	d in c					Number 3			
8.	Major product(s) or service(s) of the fully consoli product(s) and/or service(s) of the U.S. affiliate. If a primined, manufactured, sold at wholesale, transported,	oduct,	also s	tate what is do	ne to	it, i.e.	., wh	ether it is			
	1163										
9.	Industry code of the fully consolidated U.S. affile Surveys Industry (ISI) code of the industry with the lar revenues. For a full explanation of each code, see the	gest s	ales or	r gross operatir	ng		ſ	ISI Code			
	International Surveys, 2007. A copy of this guide can be www.bea.gov/naics2007.	pe fou	nd on	our web site at:			1164	1			
10.	Did any ONE of the following three items – total (excluding sales taxes), or net income (loss) – excaffiliate's fiscal year that ended in calendar year	ceed S	315 m	es or gross op illion at the ei	erati	ng re , or f	ven or, t	ues he U.S.			
	1100 ¹ 1 \square Yes – Skip to item 13 on page 4 but review t answering items 16 through 26.	he dia	gram (on page 3 to as	sist y	ou in					
	¹ 2 \square No – On the remainder of this form, comple DO NOT complete items 13 through 33	te ONI 3.	_Y iten	ns 11 and 12.							
11.	Please enter the country of the foreign parent in person or entity outside the U.S. in a chain of owners U.S. affiliate. See diagram on page 3 for an illustration	hip tha	at has a	a 10 percent or	n pai more	rent is voti	s the ng ii	FIRST nterest in this			
	Country of foreign parent					_	Г	BEA USE ONLY			
							3016	'			
12.	Please enter the country of the ultimate benefici person or entity, proceeding up the ownership chain is not more than 50 percent owned or controlled by and illustration of UBO.	peginn	ing wi	th and including	g the	foreig	gn pa	arent, that is			
	Country of UBO					\neg	Г	BEA USE ONLY			
							3022	'			
	BEA USE O	ONLY					2598	1			
Rem	arks										
	BEA USE (ONLY									
1200	2 3			4		5					
1201				4		5					
1201						-					
1202				4		5					

PART I - Continued

ILLUSTRATION OF ULTIMATE BENEFICIAL OWNER (UBO), FOREIGN PARENT, DIRECT FOREIGN OWNERSHIP, AND INDIRECT FOREIGN OWNERSHIP



NOTE: Arrows connecting boxes represent direction of ownership. In the illustration above, if foreign company Y does not have at least a 10 percent indirect voting interest in U.S. affiliate B, then U.S. affiliate B is exempt from filing Form BE-12. In addition, if U.S. affiliate A owns more than 50 percent of U.S. affiliate B, then the data for U.S. affiliate B should be consolidated on the BE-12 report filed for U.S. affiliate A.

PART II

	NO	TE: Complete	items 13	through	33 ONLY	if the answer to	item	10 on page 2	is "Yes."	
13.						than 50 percent o oreign parent?	f the	voting inter	est in this	
		, and	Foreign F		. ,					
	Fausian		10 to 100	percent						
	Foreign — — — — United Stat	 es	+							
			U.S. affili	iate A						
			>50 perd	cent	th	ate B should be c e BE-12 report fo	r affi	liate A		
			U.S. affil	iate B ⊭		use U.S. affiliate rcent owned by l				
	NOTE: A	Arrows conn	ecting bo	xes rep	resent d	irection of own	ershi	ip		
1	¹ 1 ☐ Yes	page 7 applies business ente by filing BE-1 Filing can be	s. If this exc rprise owni 2 Claim Fo downloaded	ception doing your on Not Fi ld from ou	pes not ap company r ling with i or web site	s exception 13d de ply, please forward nore than 50 percei tem (e) completed at: www.bea.gov/f e with the consolida	this E nt, and on pa di	BE-12 survey p d notify BEA c ge 2. The BE-	packet to the of the action 12 Claim Fo	e U.S. taken r Not
14.			•	•		ound in instruction				page 7.
						ion 14.c. on page 7			Month Day	Year
						ar year 2007 on –		→	d March 21	2007
15.	Did the U.S.	business ente	rprise bec	ome a U.	S. affilia	1, report for the 12- te during its	·monti	n period ende	d March 31,	2007.
	-	at ended in ca = If "Ves" = Fi	•			rise became a U.S.		1009	Month Day	Year
	¹ 2 □ No	affiliate and	see instruc	ction 15 o	n page 7	100 500dillio d 0.0.				
inte	nership – Ente erest if an inco ned in instructi	rporated affiliat	e or an equ	in this U ivalent in	. S. affilia terest if ar	te , to a tenth of one n unincorporated af	e perc filiate	ent, based on . "Voting inter	voting est" is	
For or r	reign parent – more voting inte	A foreign parer erest (direct or i	nt is the FIR Indirect) in t	ST persor this U.S. a	n or entity affiliate. <i>Se</i>	outside the U.S. in se diagram on page	a cha e <i>3 for</i>	in of ownersh an illustration	iip that has n of foreign	a 10 percent parent.
	nership held					Country of incorpo		REPORTIN	IG PERIOD	BEA
owi	i liate – Give na nership. (If more gram on page 3	e than 2, contin	ue on a sep	parate she	et.) <i>See</i>	business enterpris residence (if a individual). Fo	n	Close FY 2007	Close FY 200	USE
	a foreign paren					individuals, se instruction 16b. on p		(1)	(2)	(3)
16.							1017	. %	. 2	% 3
17.							1018	. %		%
eac affil diag	nership held i 5. affiliate thro h higher tier U. liate. (If more th gram on page 3 irectly by a fore	bugh another of S. affiliate with an 2, continue of for an illustration	U.S. affilia direct owne on a separa	n te – Give ership in a ate sheet.	name of this U.S. See	Country of fore parent of U.S affiliate				
18.							1063	1 . %	2	%
19.							1064	1 . %	2 .	3
20.	Ownership h	eld directly by	all other	persons	(do		1061	1 . %	2	%
		of ownership		_				100.0%	100.0	
	ter the name a	nd industry c	ode of the	foreign	parent. If	there is more than	one f			
its 21.	industry code o Enter name o	•		oreign pa	rent is an i	ndividual enter "in	dividu	al."		
	3011 0	- -		- ·						
22.						codes at the bottom parent. DO NOT b				
		d subsidiaries o								

PART II - Continued

NAME, COUNTRY, AND INDUSTRY CODE OF ULTIMATE BENEFICIAL OWNER (UBO)

Furnish the name, country, and industry code of the UBO for each foreign parent. If there is more than one foreign parent, list each on a separate sheet and give the name of its UBO and the UBO's country of location and industry code.

The UBO is that person or entity, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person or entity. See instruction II.M. on

	page 7 for the complete definition of UBO. Also see the diagram on page 3.			
23.	Is the foreign parent also the UBO? If the foreign parent is owned or controlled more than person or entity, then the foreign parent is NOT the UBO. See diagram on page 3.	50 perc	ent by anot	her
	³⁰¹⁹ ¹ 1 \square Yes – Skip to 26			
24.	Enter the name of the UBO of the foreign parent. If the UBO is an individual, enter "indiv UBO as "bearer shares" is not an acceptable response.	idual." I	dentifying t	he
	3021 0			
25.	Enter country of UBO. For individuals, see instruction 16b on page 8.		BEA USE	ONLY
		3022	1	
26.	Enter the industry code of the UBO from the list of codes at the bottom of this page. NOT is based on the consolidated world-wide activities of all majority-owned subsidiaries of the UB that best reflects the consolidated world-wide sales of the UBO, including all of its majority-ov	30. Sele	ct the indus	ry code stry code
	DO NOT USE CODE 14 UNLESS YOU RECEIVE PERMISSION FROM BEA. Code "14" (holding company) is normally NOT a valid UBO industry code.			
	Report all amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars.		Amo	ount 1)
27.	Dividends or earnings distributed – Enter amount of (a) dividends declared, excluding storand liquidating dividends, on common and preferred stock (if incorporated) or (b) earnings distributed (if unincorporated). Report amounts before deduction of withholding taxes.	ck 2215	Bil. Mil.	Thous. Dols.
28.	Total employee compensation for FY 2007 – Employee compensation is defined in instruction 28 on page 8.	2253	\$	
29.	Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment for fiscal year that ended in calenda year 2007 – INCLUDE all purchases by, or transfers (at net book value) to, the U.S. affiliate of land, mineral and timber rights, and other property, plant and equipment. Also INCLUDE capitalized and expensed exploration and development expenditures. EXCLUDE expenditures made in prior years that are reclassified in the current year. Also EXCLUDE land and other property, plant, and equipment obtained through the acquisition of or merger with another company during the year. DO NOT net out sales and other dispositions of property, plant, and equipment from the expenditures reported on this line.	r 2390	1	
30.	Gross book value (at historical cost) of all land and other property, plant, and equipment, at the close of the fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007.	2799	5	
31.	Copy your answer from item 2 on page 2 of this report to the appropriate box below a follow the applicable instructions.			
	¹ 1 Yes – Continue with item 32.			
22	Number of cores of H.C. land cores of Fusings cores of mineral simble if you do not		Num 1	nber
32.	Number of acres of U.S. land owned. Exclude acres of mineral rights if you do not own the land.	2354		
			1	ount
			Bil. Mil.	Thous. Dols.
33.	Research and development (R&D) expenditures for R&D performed BY the U.S. affiliate – R&D is defined in instruction 33 on page 8.	2403	1 \$	
	BEA USE ONLY	2599	1	
	FOREIGN PARENT AND UBO INDUSTRY CODES			
	Note: "ISI codes" are International Surveys Industry codes, as given in the <i>Guide to In Classifications for International Surveys, 2007.</i>	dustry		
01	Government and government-owned or -sponsored 16 Real estate (ISI code 5310)			

- enterprise, or quasi-government organization or agency
- **02** Pension fund Government run
- 03 Pension fund Privately run
- **04** Estate, trust, or nonprofit organization (that part of ISI code 5252 that is estates and trusts)

Private business enterprise, investment organization, or group engaged in:

- 06 Insurance (ISI codes 5242, 5243, 5249)
- **07** Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (ISI codes 1110–1140)
- 08 Mining (ISI codes 2111-2127)
- 09 Construction (ISI codes 2360-2380)
- 10 Transportation and warehousing (ISI codes 4810-4939)
- **11** Utilities (ISI codes 2211–2213)
- **12** Wholesale and retail trade (ISI codes 4231–4251 and 4410–4540)
- **13** Banking, including bank holding companies (ISI codes 5221 and 5229)
- 14 Holding companies, excluding bank holding companies (ISI codes 5512 and 5513)
- Other finance (ISI codes 5223, 5224, 5231, 5238, that part of ISI code 5252 that is not estates and trusts, and ISI code 5331)

- **17** Information (ISI codes 5111–5191)
- 18 Professional, scientific, and technical services (ISI codes 5411–5419)
- **19** Other services (ISI codes 1150, 2132, 2133, 5321, 5329, and 5611–8130)

Manufacturing, including fabricating, assembling, and processing of goods:

- 20 Food (ISI codes 3111-3119)
- 21 Beverages and tobacco products (ISI codes 3121 and 3122)
- 22 Pharmaceuticals and medicine (ISI code 3254)
- 23 Other chemicals (ISI codes 3251-3259, except 3254)
- 24 Nonmetallic mineral products (ISI codes 3271–3279)
- 25 Primary and fabricated metal products (ISI codes 3311–3329)
- 26 Computer and electronic products (ISI codes 3341–3346)
- 27 Machinery manufacturing (ISI codes 3331–3339)
- Electrical equipment, appliances and components (ISI codes 3351–3359) 28
- 29 Motor vehicles and parts (ISI codes 3361-3363)
- 30 Other transportation equipment (ISI codes 3364–3369)
- **31** Other manufacturing (ISI codes 3130–3231, 3261, 3262, 3370–3399)
- **32** Petroleum manufacturing, including integrated petroleum and petroleum refining without extraction (ISI codes 3242–3244)

2007 BENCHMARK SURVEY OF FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES BE-12 MINI INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE: Instructions in section III are cross referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 5 of this form.

Authority – This survey is being conducted pursuant to the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act (P.L. 94-472., 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, hereinafter "the Act"), and the filing of reports is MANDATORY pursuant to Section 5(b)(2) of the Act (22 U.S.C. 3104).

A response is required from persons subject to the reporting requirements of the BE-12 survey, whether or not they are contacted by BEA. Also, persons contacted by BEA concerning their being subject to reporting, either by sending them a report form or by written inquiry, must respond pursuant to section 806.4 of 15 CFR, Chapter VIII. This may be accomplished by completing and submitting Form BE-12(LF), BE-12(SF), BE-12 Mini, BE-12 Bank, or the BE-12 Claim For Not Filing, whichever is applicable, by May 31, 2008.

PENALTIES – Whoever fails to report shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$2,500, and not more than \$25,000, and to injunctive relief commanding such person to comply, or both. These civil penalties are subject to inflationary adjustments. Those adjustments are found in 15 CFR 6.4. Whoever willfully fails to report shall be fined not more than \$10,000 and, if an individual, may be imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. Any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violations, upon conviction, may be punished by a like fine, imprisonment or both (22 U.S.C. 3105).

Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, unless that collection of information displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. The control number for this survey is at the top of page 1 of this form.

Respondent Burden – Public reporting burden for this Mini form is estimated to vary from 25 minutes to 3 hours per response, with an average of 50 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-1), U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project 0608-0042, Washington, DC 20503.

CONFIDENTIALITY – The Act provides that your report to this Bureau is CONFIDENTIAL and may be used only for analytical or statistical purposes. Without your prior written permission, the information filed in your report CANNOT be presented in a manner that allows it to be individually identified. Your report CANNOT be used for purposes of taxation, investigation, or regulation. Copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

I. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

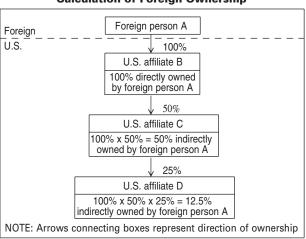
- A. Which form to file Please review the questions below to determine which form to file. Blank forms can be found at: www.bea.gov/fdi
 - Were at least 10 percent of the voting rights in your business directly or indirectly owned by a foreign person or entity at the end of your fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?
 - Yes Continue with question 2. NOTE: Your business is hereinafter referred to as a "U.S. affiliate."
 - \square No File the BE-12 Claim For Not Filing by May 31, 2008.
 - 2. Is this U.S. affiliate a bank, bank holding company, or financial holding company?
 - Yes File Form BE-12 Bank by May 31, 2008.
 - \square No Continue with question 3.
 - 3. Were more than 50 percent of the voting rights in this U.S. affiliate owned by another U.S. affiliate before the end of this U.S. affiliate's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?
 - Yes Continue with question 4.
 - ☐ No Skip to question 5.
 - 4. Do different foreign persons hold a direct and an indirect ownership interest in this U.S. affiliate (exception d to the consolidation rules)? (The consolidation rules are found in instruction III.13 on page 7.)
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question 5.
 - No This U.S. affiliate must be consolidated on the BE-12 report of the U.S. affiliate that owns it more than 50 percent. File the BE-12 Claim For Not Filing with page 1 and item (e) on page 2 completed by May 31, 2008, forward this survey packet to the U.S. affiliate that owns this affiliate more than 50 percent, and have them consolidate your data into their report.
 - 5. Did **any one** of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$40 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question 6.
 - □ No File Form BE-12 Mini by May 31, 2008.
 - **6.** Was the U.S. affiliate majority-owned by its foreign parent(s) at the end of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007? (A U.S. affiliate is "majority-owned" if the combined direct and indirect ownership interests of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceed 50 percent.)
 - ☐ Yes Continue with question 7.
 - ☐ No File Form BE-12(SF) by May 31, 2008.

- 7. Did **any one** of the items Total assets, Sales or gross operating revenues, or Net income (loss) for the U.S. affiliate (not just the foreign parent's share) exceed \$175 million at the end of, or for, its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007?

 Yes File Form BF-12(LF) by May 31, 2008
 - ☐ Yes File Form BE-12(LF) by May 31, 2008. ☐ No – File Form BE-12(SF) by May 31, 2008.
- B. Indirect ownership interest in a U.S. business enterprise is the product of the direct ownership percentage of the foreign parent in the first U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain multiplied by that first enterprise's direct ownership percentage in the second U.S. business enterprise, multiplied by each succeeding direct ownership percentage of each other intervening U.S. business enterprise in the ownership chain between the foreign parent and the given U.S. business enterprise.

Example: In the diagram below, foreign person A owns 100% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate B; U.S. affiliate B owns 50% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate C; and U.S. affiliate C owns 25% of the voting stock of U.S. affiliate D. Therefore, U.S. affiliate B is 100% directly owned by foreign person A; U.S. affiliate C is 50% indirectly owned by foreign person A; and U.S. affiliate D is 12.5% indirectly owned by foreign person A.

Calculation of Foreign Ownership



- C. Insurance companies Reporting should be in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles not Statutory Accounting Practices (SAP). For example, the BE-12 report should include the following assets even though they are not acceptable under SAP: 1. nontrusteed or free account assets, and 2. nonadmitted assets such as furniture and equipment, agents' debit balances, and all receivables deemed to be collectible.
- D. Real estate The ownership of real estate is defined to be a business enterprise, and if the real estate is foreign owned, it is a U.S. affiliate of a foreign person.

Residential real estate held exclusively for personal use and not for profit making purposes is not subject to the reporting requirements.

Aggregation of real estate investments – A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-12 must aggregate all such holdings for the purpose of applying the reporting criteria. File a single Form BE-12 to report the aggregated holdings. If permission has been received in writing from BEA to file on an non-aggregated basis, the reports should be filed as a group and you should inform BEA that they are all for one owner. Each non-aggregated report must be filed on the same type of report (i.e., BE-12 Mini, BE-12(SF), or BE-12(LF)) that would have been required if an aggregated report was filed.

II. DEFINITIONS OF KEY TERMS

- **A. United States**, when used in a geographic sense, means the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and all territories and possessions of the United States.
- **B.** Foreign, when used in a geographic sense, means that which is situated outside the United States or which belongs to or is characteristic of a country other than the United States.
- C. Person, means any individual, branch, partnership, association, associated group, estate, trust, corporation, or other organization (whether or not organized under the laws of any State), and any government (including a foreign government, the U.S. Government, a State or local government, and any agency, corporation, financial institution, or other entity or instrumentality thereof, including a government sponsored agency).
- **D. Foreign person** means any person resident outside the United States or subject to the jurisdiction of a country other than the United States.
- **E. Direct investment** means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated business enterprise.
- F. Foreign direct investment in the United States means the ownership or control, directly or indirectly, by one foreign person of 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated U.S. business enterprise or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- G. Business enterprise means any organization, association, branch, or venture which exists for profit making purposes or to otherwise secure economic advantage, and any ownership of any real estate.

II. DEFINITIONS OF KEY TERMS - Continued

- **H. Branch** means the operations or activities conducted by a person in a different location in its own name rather than through an incorporated entity.
- I. Affiliate means a business enterprise located in one country which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by a person of another country to the extent of 10 percent or more of its voting securities for an incorporated business enterprise or an equivalent interest for an unincorporated business enterprise, including a branch.
- J. U.S. affiliate means an affiliate located in the United States in which a foreign person has a direct investment.
 - Majority-owned U.S. affiliate means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate exceeds 50 percent.
 - Minority-owned U.S. affiliate means a U.S. affiliate in which the combined direct and indirect voting interest of all foreign parents of the U.S. affiliate is 50 percent or less.
- **K. Foreign parent** means the foreign person, or the first person outside the United States in a foreign chain of ownership, which has direct investment in a U.S. business enterprise, including a branch.
- L. Foreign parent group means (i) the foreign parent, (ii) any foreign person, proceeding up the foreign parent's ownership chain, which owns more than 50 percent of the person below it up to and including that person which is not owned more than 50 percent by another foreign person, and (iii) any foreign person, proceeding down the ownership chain(s) of each of these members, which is owned more than 50 percent by the person above it.
- M. Ultimate beneficial owner (UBO) is that person, proceeding up the ownership chain beginning with and including the foreign parent, that is not more than 50 percent owned or controlled by another person. Note: Stockholders of a closely or privately held corporation are normally considered to be an associated group and may be a UBO.

III. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM

NOTE: Instructions in section III are cross referenced by number to the items located on pages 2 to 5 of this form.

7. Number of employees at close of fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007 – Employment is the number of full-time and part-time employees on the payroll at the end of FY 2007. EXCLUDE contract workers and other workers not carried on the payroll of the U.S. affiliate. A count taken during, rather than at the end of, FY 2007 may be used provided it is a reasonable estimate for the end of FY 2007 number. If employment at the end of FY 2007, or the count taken at some other time during FY 2007, was unusually high or low because of temporary factors (e.g., a strike), give the number of employees that reflects normal operations. If the business enterprise's activity involves large seasonal variations, give the average number of employees for FY 2007. If given, the average should be the average for FY 2007 of the number of persons on the payroll at the end of each payroll period, month, or quarter. If precise figures are not available, give your best estimate.

13. Consolidation Rules

Consolidated reporting by the U.S. affiliate – A U.S. affiliate must file on a fully consolidated domestic U.S. basis, including in the full consolidation all nonbank U.S. business enterprises in which it directly or indirectly owns more than 50 percent of the outstanding voting interest. The fully consolidated entity is considered one U.S. affiliate.

A foreign person holding real estate investments that are reportable on the BE-12 must aggregate all such holdings. See Instruction 1.D. on page 6 for details.

Do not prepare your BE-12 report using the proportionate consolidation method. Except as noted in b. through d. below, consolidate all majority-owned U.S. affiliates into your BE-12 report.

Unless the exceptions discussed below apply, any deviation from these consolidation rules must be approved in writing each year by BEA. In accordance with FAS 94 (Consolidation of all Majority-Owned Subsidiaries), consolidation of majority-owned subsidiaries is required even if their operations are not homogeneous with those of the U.S. affiliate that owns them. If you file deconsolidated reports, you must file the same type of reports (i.e., BE-12(LF), BE-12(SF), or BE-12 Mini) that would have been required if a consolidated report was filed. Report majority-owned subsidiaries, if not consolidated, on the BE-12 Mini using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for affiliates not consolidated.

Exceptions to consolidated reporting – Note: If a U.S. affiliate is not consolidated into its U.S. parent's BE-12 report, then it **must** be listed on the Supplement B of its parent's BE-12 report (unless the report is a BE-12 Mini which does not have a Supplement B) and each unconsolidated U.S. affiliate **must** file its own Form BE-12(LF), BE-12(SF), BE-12 Mini, or BE-12 Bank.

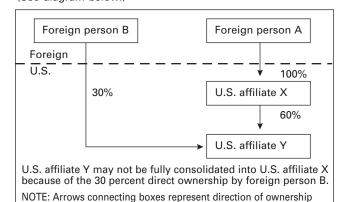
a. DO NOT CONSOLIDATE FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES, BRANCHES, OPERATIONS, OR INVESTMENTS NO MATTER WHAT THE PERCENTAGE OWNERSHIP. Include foreign holdings owned 20 percent or more (including those that are majority-owned) using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for investments reported using the equity method.

b. Do not consolidate banking activities. If the nonbank U.S. affiliate reporting on Form BE-12 Mini has a direct or indirect ownership interest in a U.S. bank, bank holding company (BHC), or any other banking activity, such as a U.S. wholesale or limited purpose bank, DO NOT consolidate those banking activities into the Form BE-12 Mini. Banks are required to file a separate BE-12 Bank report.

Include on Form BE-12 Mini any banking operations owned 20 percent or more (including those that are majority-owned) using the equity method of accounting. DO NOT eliminate intercompany accounts (e.g., receivables or liabilities) for banking operations reported using the equity method.

For BE-12 reporting purposes, treat Financial Holding Companies in the same manner as you would treat a BHC.

- c. Special consolidation rules apply to U.S. affiliates that are limited partnerships or that have an ownership interest in a U.S. limited partnership. These rules can be found on our web site at www.bea.gov/ltdpartner12.
- **d.** A U.S. affiliate in which a direct ownership interest and an indirect ownership interest are held by **different** foreign persons should not be fully consolidated into another U.S. affiliate, but must complete and file its own Form BE-12 report. (See diagram below.)



If this exception applies, reflect the indirect ownership interest, even if more than 50 percent, on the owning U.S. affiliate's BE-12 report on an equity basis. For example, using the situation shown in the diagram above, U.S. affiliate X must treat its 60 percent ownership interest in U.S. affiliate Y as an equity investment.

14. Reporting period – The report covers the U.S. affiliate's 2007 fiscal year. The affiliate's 2007 fiscal year is defined as the affiliate's financial reporting year that had an ending date in calendar year 2007.

Special Circumstances:

- a. 52/53 week fiscal year Affiliates having a "52/53 week" fiscal year that ends within the first week of January 2008 are considered to have a 2007 fiscal year and should report December 31, 2007 as their 2007 fiscal year end.
- b. U.S. affiliates without a financial reporting year If a U.S. affiliate does not have a financial reporting year, its fiscal year is deemed to be the same as calendar year 2007.
- c. Change in fiscal year
 - (1) New fiscal year ends in calendar year 2007 A U.S. affiliate that changed the ending date of its financial reporting year should file a 2007 BE-12 report that covers the 12 month period prior to the new fiscal year end date. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 1: U.S. affiliate A had a June 30, 2006 fiscal year end date but changed its 2007 fiscal year end date to March 31. Affiliate A should file a 2007 BE-12 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007.

(2) No fiscal year ending in calendar year 2007 – If a change in fiscal year results in a U.S. affiliate not having a fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007, the affiliate should file a 2007 BE-12 report that covers 12 months. The following example illustrates the reporting requirements.

Example 2: U.S. affiliate B had a December 31, 2006 fiscal year end date but changed its next fiscal year end date to March 31. Instead of having a short fiscal year ending in 2007, affiliate B decides to have a 15 month fiscal year running from January 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008. Affiliate B should file a 2007 BE-12 report covering a 12 month period ending in calendar year 2007, such as the period from April 1, 2006 to March 31, 2007.

For 2008, assuming no further changes in the fiscal year end date occur, affiliate B should file a BE-12 report covering the 12 month period from April 1, 2007 to March 31, 2008.

- Reporting for a U.S. business that became a U.S. affiliate during it's fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007 –
 - a. A U.S. business enterprise that was <u>newly established</u> in fiscal year 2007 should file a report for the period starting with the establishment date up to, and ending on, the last day of its fiscal year that ended in calendar year 2007. DO NOT estimate amounts for a full year of operations if the first fiscal year is less than 12 months.
 - b. A U.S. business enterprise existing before fiscal year 2007 that became a U.S. affiliate in fiscal year 2007 should file a report covering a full 12 months of operations.

III. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF THE REPORT FORM — Continued

16a. Voting interest and Equity interest

- (1) Voting interest is the percent of ownership in the voting equity of the U.S. affiliate. Voting equity consists of ownership interests that have a say in the management of the company. Examples of voting equity include capital stock that has voting rights, and a general partner's interest in a partnership.
- (2) Equity interest is the percent of ownership in the total equity (voting and nonvoting) of the U.S. affiliate.

 Nonvoting equity consists of ownership interests that do not have a say in the management of the company. An example of nonvoting equity is preferred stock that has no voting rights.

Voting interest and equity interest are not always equal. For example, an owner can have a 100 percent voting interest in a U.S. affiliate but own less than 100 percent of the affiliate's total equity. This situation is illustrated in the following example.

Example: U.S. affiliate A has two classes of stock, common and preferred. There are 50 shares of common stock outstanding. Each common share is entitled to one vote and has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount. There are 50 shares of preferred stock outstanding. Each preferred share has an ownership interest in 1 percent of the total owners' equity amount but has no voting rights. Foreign parent B owns all 50 shares of the common stock. U.S. investors own all 50 shares of the preferred stock. Because foreign parent B owns all of the voting stock, foreign parent B has a 100 percent voting interest in U.S. affiliate A. However, because all 50 of the nonvoting preferred shares are owned by U.S. investors, foreign parent B has only a 50 percent interest in the owners' equity amount of U.S. affiliate A.

- **16b.** Determining place of residence and country of jurisdiction of individuals An individual is considered a resident of, and subject to the jurisdiction of, the country in which he or she is physically located. The following guidelines apply to individuals who do not reside in their country of citizenship.
 - (1) Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for less than one year are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.
 - (2) Individuals who reside, or expect to reside, outside their country of citizenship for one year or more are considered to be residents of the country in which they are residing, except as provided in paragraphs (3) and (4) below.
 - (3) If an owner or employee of a business enterprise resides outside the country of location of the enterprise for one year or more for the purpose of furthering the business of the enterprise, and the country of the business enterprise is the country of citizenship of the owner or employee, then the owner or employee is considered a resident of the country of citizenship, provided there is the intent to return to the country of citizenship within a reasonable period of time.
 - (4) Individuals and members of their immediate family who are residing outside their country of citizenship as a result of employment by the government of that country - diplomats, consular officials, members of the armed forces, etc. - are considered to be residents of their country of citizenship.
- 28. Total employee compensation Base compensation on payroll records. Employee compensation must cover compensation charged as an expense on the income statement, charged to inventories, or capitalized during the reporting period. Exclude employee compensation related to activities of a prior period, such as compensation capitalized or charged to inventories in prior periods. Employee compensation consists of:
 - a. Wages and salaries are the gross earnings of all employees before deduction of employees' payroll withholding taxes, social insurance contributions, group insurance premiums, union dues, etc. Include time and piece rate payments, cost of living adjustments, overtime pay and shift differentials, bonuses, profit sharing amounts, and commissions. Exclude commissions paid to persons who are not employees.

Wages and salaries include direct payments by employers for vacations, sick leave, severance (redundancy) pay, etc. Include employer contributions to benefit funds. Exclude payments made by, or on behalf of, benefit funds rather than by the employer.

Wages and salaries include in-kind payments, valued at their cost, that are **clearly and primarily of benefit to the employees as consumers.** Exclude expenditures that benefit employers as well as employees, such as expenditures for plant facilities, employee training programs, and reimbursement for business expenses.

b. Employee benefit plans – are employer expenditures for all employee benefit plans, including those required by government statute, those resulting from a collective-bargaining contract, or those that are voluntary. Employee benefit plans include Social Security and other retirement plans, life and disability insurance, guaranteed sick pay programs, workers' compensation insurance, medical insurance, family allowances, unemployment insurance, severance pay funds, etc. If plans are financed jointly by the employer and the employee, include only the contributions of the employer.

33. Research and development expenditures – Report all research and development (R&D) performed BY the U.S. affiliate for its own account or for others, including the foreign parent group and affiliates owned by the U.S. affiliate. Include all costs incurred in performing R&D, including depreciation, amortization, wages and salaries, taxes, materials and supplies, allocated overhead, and indirect costs. Exclude the cost of all R&D funded by the U.S. affiliate but performed by others.

R&D includes basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering. It also includes design and development of new products and processes, and enhancement of existing products and processes.

R&D includes activities carried on by persons trained, either formally or by experience, in engineering, the physical sciences such as chemistry and physics, the biological sciences such as medicine, the mathematical and statistical sciences, and computer science. R&D includes these activities if the purpose is to do one or more of the following:

- a. The planned, systematic pursuit of new knowledge or understanding toward general application (basic research);
- **b.** The acquisition of knowledge or understanding to meet a specific, recognized need (applied research); and
- **c.** The application of knowledge or understanding toward the production or improvement of a product, service, process, or method (**development**).

Basic research is the pursuit of new scientific knowledge or understanding that does not have specific immediate commercial objectives, although it may be in fields of present or potential commercial interest.

Applied research applies the findings of basic research or other existing knowledge toward discovering new scientific knowledge that has specific commercial objectives with respect to new products, services, processes, or methods.

Development is the systematic use of the knowledge or understanding gained from research or practical experience directed toward the production or significant improvement of useful products, services, processes, or methods, including the design and development of prototypes, materials, devices, and systems.

R&D includes the activities described above whether assigned to separate R&D organizational units of the company or carried out by company laboratories and technical groups not a part of an R&D organization.

IV. FILING THE BE-12

- A. Due date File a fully completed and certified Form BE-12 Mini no later than May 31, 2008. If the U.S. affiliate is exempt from filing Form BE-12 Mini, complete and file the BE-12 Claim For Not Filing by May 31, 2008.
- B. Mailing report forms to a foreign address BEA will accommodate foreign owners that wish to have forms sent directly to them. However, the extra time consumed in mailing to and from a foreign place may make meeting filing deadlines difficult. In such cases, please consider using BEA's electronic filing option. Go to our web site at www.bea.gov/efile for details about this option. To obtain forms online go to: www.bea.gov/fdi
- C. Extensions For the efficient processing of the survey and timely dissemination of the results, it is important that your report be filed by the due date. Nevertheless, reasonable requests for extension of the filing deadline will normally be granted. Requests for extensions of more than 30 days MUST be in writing and should explain the basis for the request. You may request an extension via email at be12/15@bea.gov. For extension requests of 30 days or less, you may call BEA at (202) 606-5577. All requests for extensions must be received NO LATER THAN the due date of the report.
- D. Annual stockholders' report or other financial statements Please furnish a copy of your FY 2007 annual report or Form 10K when filing the BE-12 report. If you do not publish an annual stockholders' report or Form 10K, please provide any financial statements that may be prepared, including the accompanying notes. Information contained in these statements is useful in reviewing your report and may reduce the need for further contact. Section 5(c) of the International Investment and Trade in Services Survey Act, Public Law 94-472, 90 Stat. 2059, 22 U.S.C. 3101-3108, as amended, provides that this information can be used for analytical and statistical purposes only and that it must be held strictly confidential.
- File a single original copy of the form. If you are not filing electronically, this should be the copy with the address label on page 1, if such a labeled copy has been provided by BEA. (Make corrections to the address on the label, if necessary.) You should also retain a file copy of each report for three years to facilitate resolution of any questions that BEA may have concerning your report. (Both copies are protected by law; see the statement on Confidentiality on page 6.)

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