Subtitle D—Other Provisions

SEC. 641. PROGRAM TO COLLECT INFORMATION RELATING TO NONIMMIGRANT FOREIGN STUDENTS AND OTHER EXCHANGE PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS.

- (a) In General.—
- (1) PROGRAM.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Education, shall develop and conduct a program to collect from approved institutions of higher education and designated exchange visitor programs in the United States the information described in subsection
- (c) with respect to aliens who-
- (A) have the status, or are applying for the status, of nonimmigrants under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
- (B) are nationals of the countries designated under subsection (b).
- (2) DEADLINE.—The program shall commence not later than January 1, 1998.

8 USC 1372.

8 USC 1153 note.

- 110 STAT. 3009-705 PUBLIC LAW 104-208—SEPT. 30, 1996
- (b) COVERED COUNTRIES.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall designate countries for purposes of subsection (a)(1)(B). The Attorney General shall initially designate not less than 5 countries and may designate additional countries at any time while the program is being conducted.
- (c) Information To Be Collected.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The information for collection under subsection
- (a) with respect to an alien consists of—
- (A) the identity and current address in the United States of the alien;
- (B) the nonimmigrant classification of the alien and the date on which a visa under the classification was issued or extended or the date on which a change to such classification was approved by the Attorney General; (C) in the case of a student at an approved institution
- of higher education, the current academic status of the alien, including whether the alien is maintaining status as a full-time student or, in the case of a participant in a designated exchange visitor program, whether the alien is satisfying the terms and conditions of such program; and
- (D) in the case of a student at an approved institution of higher education, any disciplinary action taken by the institution against the alien as a result of the alien's being convicted of a crime or, in the case of a participant in a designated exchange visitor program, any change in the alien's participation as a result of the alien's being convicted of a crime.
- (2) FERPA.—The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 shall not apply to aliens described in subsection
- (a) to the extent that the Attorney General determines necessary to carry out the program under subsection (a).
- (3) ELECTRONIC COLLECTION.—The information described in paragraph (1) shall be collected electronically, where practicable.

- (4) COMPUTER SOFTWARE.—
- (A) COLLECTING INSTITUTIONS.—To the extent practicable, the Attorney General shall design the program in a manner that permits approved institutions of higher education and designated exchange visitor programs to use existing software for the collection, storage, and data processing of information described in paragraph (1).
- (B) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—To the extent practicable, the Attorney General shall use or enhance existing software for the collection, storage, and data processing of information described in paragraph (1).
- (d) Participation by Institutions of Higher Education and Exchange Visitor Programs.—
- (1) CONDITION.—The information described in subsection
- (c) shall be provided by as a condition of—
- (A) in the case of an approved institution of higher education, the continued approval of the institution under subparagraph (F) or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
- (B) in the case of an approved institution of higher education or a designated exchange visitor program, the PUBLIC LAW 104–208—SEPT. 30, 1996 110 STAT. 3009–706 granting of authority to issue documents to an alien demonstrating the alien's eligibility for a visa under subparagraph
- (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of such Act.
- (2) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO PROVIDE INFORMATION.—If an approved institution of higher education or a designated exchange visitor program fails to provide the specified information, such approvals and such issuance of visas shall be revoked or denied.
- (e) Funding.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Beginning on April 1, 1997, an approved institution of higher education and a designated exchange visitor program shall impose on, and collect from, each alien described in paragraph (3), with respect to whom the institution or program is required by subsection (a) to collect information, a fee established by the Attorney General under paragraph (4) at the time—
- (A) when the alien first registers with the institution or program after entering the United States; or
- (B) in a case where a registration under subparagraph
- (A) does not exist, when the alien first commences activities in the United States with the institution or program.
- (2) Remittance.—An approved institution of higher education and a designated exchange visitor program shall remit the fees collected under paragraph (1) to the Attorney General pursuant to a schedule established by the Attorney General.
- (3) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—An alien referred to in paragraph
- (1) is an alien who has nonimmigrant status under subparagraph
- (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (other than a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15)(J) of such Act who has come to the United States as a participant in a program sponsored by the Federal Government).
- (4) AMOUNT AND USE OF FEES.—
- (A) ESTABLISHMENT OF AMOUNT.—The Attorney General

shall establish the amount of the fee to be imposed on, and collected from, an alien under paragraph (1). Except as provided in subsection (g)(2), the fee imposed on any individual may not exceed \$100. The amount of the fee shall be based on the Attorney General's estimate of the cost per alien of conducting the information collection program described in this section.

- (B) USE.—Fees collected under paragraph (1) shall be deposited as offsetting receipts into the Immigration Examinations Fee Account (established under section 286(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act) and shall remain available until expended for the Attorney General to reimburse any appropriation the amount paid out of which is for expenses in carrying out this section.
- (f) JOINT REPORT.—Not later than 4 years after the commencement of the program established under subsection (a), the Attorney General, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Education shall jointly submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the operations of the program and the feasibility of expanding the program to cover the nationals of all countries.
- (g) Worldwide Applicability of the Program.—
- (1) EXPANSION OF PROGRAM.—
- 110 STAT. 3009-707 PUBLIC LAW 104-208—SEPT. 30, 1996
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after the submission of the report required by subsection (f), the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Education, shall commence expansion of the program to cover the nationals of all countries.
- (B) DEADLINE.—Such expansion shall be completed not later than 1 year after the date of the submission of the report referred to in subsection (f).
- (2) REVISION OF FEE.—After the program has been expanded, as provided in paragraph (1), the Attorney General may, on a periodic basis, revise the amount of the fee imposed and collected under subsection (e) in order to take into account changes in the cost of carrying out the program.
- (h) Definitions.—As used in this section:
- (1) APPROVED INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term "approved institution of higher education" means a college or university approved by the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, under subparagraph (F), (J), or (M) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
- (2) Designated exchange visitor program.—The term 'designated exchange visitor program' means a program that has been—
- (A) designated by the Director of the United States Information Agency for purposes of section 101(a)(15)(J) of the Immigration and Nationality Act; and
- (B) selected by the Attorney General for purposes of the program under this section.

SEC. 642. COMMUNICATION BETWEEN GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND THE IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE.

- (a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of Federal, State, or local law, a Federal, State, or local government entity or official may not prohibit, or in any way restrict, any government entity or official from sending to, or receiving from, the Immigration and Naturalization Service information regarding the citizenship or immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual.
- (b) Additional Authority of Government Entities.—Notwithstanding any other provision of Federal, State, or local law, no person or agency may prohibit, or in any way restrict, a Federal, State, or local government entity from doing any of the following with respect to information regarding the immigration status, lawful or unlawful, of any individual:
- (1) Sending such information to, or requesting or receiving such information from, the Immigration and Naturalization Service.
- (2) Maintaining such information.
- (3) Exchanging such information with any other Federal, State, or local government entity.
- (c) Obligation to Respond to Inquiries.—The Immigration and Naturalization Service shall respond to an inquiry by a Federal, State, or local government agency, seeking to verify or ascertain the citizenship or immigration status of any individual within the jurisdiction of the agency for any purpose authorized by law, by providing the requested verification or status information.

PUBLIC LAW 104-208—SEPT. 30, 1996 110 STAT. 3009-708 SEC. 643. REGULATIONS REGARDING HABITUAL RESIDENCE.

Not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization shall issue regulations governing rights of "habitual residence" in the United States under the terms of the following:

- (1) The Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia (48 U.S.C. 1901 note).
- (2) The Compact of Free Association between the Government of the United States and the Government of Palau (48 U.S.C. 1931 note).