

## **APPENDIX A-2**

# **HIV Clinician Workforce Study**

**Practice Survey** 

**Draft Questionnaire** 

## POST-PRETEST VERSION

September 13, 2011

Submitted to
The HIV/AIDS Bureau
Health Resources and Services Administration
by
Mathematica Policy Research
and
The Lewin Group

#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this survey. The HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB) within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) is conducting a national study to better understand the size and characteristics of the health profession workforce currently providing medical care to people living with HIV or AIDS in the United States. HRSA will use the information to assess the capacity of HIV clinicians to meet the health care needs of individuals living with HIV or AIDS and to develop strategies to address potential workforce shortages in the future.

Why your participation is critical. From an initial review of medical and pharmacy claims data, as well as an administrative list of organizations funded under the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program, we identified your practice or clinic as one of a small number nationwide that provide direct outpatient medical care to a significant number of patients with HIV or AIDS. HRSA needs the information that only you can provide to better understand the factors influencing the capacity and productivity of the HIV clinician workforce and the implications of those factors for the capacity of the HIV clinician workforce in the future.

What is your "practice or clinic?" All questions in this survey are about your practice or clinic, that is, the place (it may be public or private, part of a hospital or health care system, a community health center or health department clinic, a solo or group practice, etc.) that provides outpatient medical services to patients with HIV or AIDS. For brevity, we refer to this place as "your practice."

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**Completing the questionnaire.** We estimate the survey will take you or your designee about 30 minutes to complete. Your best guess estimate on questions that ask for quantitative responses is fine. Several questions in the survey refer to the past 12-month period. Please feel free to use the most recent reporting period for which the information is readily available, including the 2010 Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Data Report (RDR), if applicable.

- If there is no "Go To" instruction, proceed to the next question.
- If there is a "Go To" instruction, go to the question indicated.
- There are notes to guide you in your responses. They appear in *italics*.

If you need help answering any questions, please call Katie Morrison at Mathematica's Washington, DC office toll-free at <a href="mailto:1-866-xxx-xxxx">1-866-xxx-xxxx</a> or email her at <a href="mailto:kmorrison@mathematica-mpr.com">kmorrison@mathematica-mpr.com</a>. Katie will be happy to help in any way. When you finish the survey, please put it in the pre-paid Federal Express envelope included with the questionnaire and return it to Mathematica Policy Research.

## **ELIGIBILITY SCREENER**

S1.	Does your practice currently provide outpatient medical care to patients with HIV or AIDS?
	1 □ Yes
	$_{\circ}$ $\square$ No $\longrightarrow$ GO TO S5
S2.	How would you describe your practice setting? (Mark only one.)
	□ Private clinic or office → GO TO S2a
	2 ☐ Hospital or university-based outpatient clinic → GO TO S2b
	₃ □ Publicly funded health center or clinic ———
	4 ☐ Other community-based health center  5 ☐ AIDS service organization  GO TO S3
	7 / NEC SCIVICE SIGNIFICATION
	6 □ Public health department clinic ——I  7 □ Other (Please specify) ————————————————————————————————————
	The other (Freuse speelity)
S2a.	Is the private clinic or office a? (Mark only one.)
	□ Solo practice
	2 ☐ Group practice, single-specialty → GO TO S3
	₃ ☐ Group practice, multi-specialty ——
S2b.	Is the hospital operated by? (Mark only one.)
	□ A federal, state, county, or city government
	2 A private nonprofit organization
	3 ☐ A private for-profit organization
S3.	Is your practice part of an integrated health care system composed of multiple provider organizations that share resources and offer a comprehensive continuum of care?
	ı □ Yes
	$_{0}$ $\square$ No $\longrightarrow$ GO TO S4
S3a.	Does this integrated health care system include any of the following? (Mark all that apply.)
	HIV/AIDS specialty ambulatory care clinic
	2 ☐ Multi-specialty ambulatory clinic(s)
	3 ☐ Hospital inpatient department(s)
	□ Substance abuse and/or mental health counseling and treatment centers
	5 ☐ Clinical pharmacy
S4.	Does your practice receive Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program funding?
	1 □ Yes
	o □ No

S5.	Because your practice is not currently providing medical care to patients with HIV or AIDS or your practice setting is outside the scope of the study, you are ineligible to participate in this survey. However, we still need to hear this from you! Please put this paper questionnaire in the pre-paid envelope we provided and mail it back to us so we will know to remove you from our respondent follow-up list. Thank you for your help.

## A. PRACTICE MANAGEMENT

1.	Does your practice use a computerized or electronic medical record (EMR) system?)  □ Yes  □ No ———————————————————————————————————
	d □ Don't know — → GO TO Q.2
1a.	Does your practice use the EMR system for any of the following? (Mark all that apply.)
	□ To review patient records
	2 □ To increase adherence to clinical guidelines
	$_3\square$ To share clinical information with providers internal to your practice
	□ To share clinical information with providers <u>external</u> to your practice
	6 □ To write and order prescriptions (also called e-prescribing)
	¬ □ To order laboratory, radiology, or other diagnostic tests
	$_8\square$ To receive laboratory, radiology, or other diagnostic test results
	□ To make referrals for specialty care
	10 □ To track patient enrollment, appointments, and/or referrals?
	11 □ To monitor quality of care?
2.	Has your practice implemented any appointment scheduling procedures or policies intended to increase the number of patients you can see or expedite the flow of patients through your clinic?
	1 ☐ Yes
	o □ No → GO TO Q.3 d □ Don't know → GO TO Q.3
2a.	Do these scheduling procedures or policies include any of the following? (Mark all that apply.)
	□ Expediting intake and eligibility and medical screening appointments
	2 □ Contacting patients to remind them of their appointments
	<ul><li>3 □ Double-booking appointments</li><li>4 □ Maintaining open appointments for walk-ins</li></ul>
	<b>V</b> • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	6 ☐ Offering group appointments
	¬□ Providing medical case managers to help patients navigate health care system
	8 ☐ Providing peer counselors to help patients understand and adhere to treatment
	$_9\square$ Coordinating appointments so that patients see multiple clinicians during one visit
3.	Does your practice delegate clinical tasks and responsibilities from health professionals with more advanced degrees to those with less training (such as from physicians to nurse practitioners or from nurse practitioners to registered nurses)?
	1 □ Yes
	∘□ No →GO TO Q.4
	d □ Don't know — □
3a.	To whom are these clinical tasks and responsibilities delegated? (Mark all that apply.)
	₁ □ Nurse practitioners
	₂ ☐ Physician assistants
	3 ☐ Other advanced practice nurses
	₄ □ Registered nurses
	₅ ☐ Licensed practical nurses
	6 ☐ Medical assistants
	7 ☐ Medical case managers
	<sup>8</sup> □ Pharmacists
4.	Does your practice share the clinical management of your HIV patients with non-HIV physicians or other clinicians, some of whom may be outside your practice? Sharing management of HIV patients may involve providing telephone consultation or using other forms of telemedicine.
	₁ □ Yes
	∘□ No →GO TO Q.5
	□ Don't know — GO TO Q.5
4a.	With which type of clinicians does your practice share the management of HIV patients?
	□ General practitioners
	2 ☐ Infectious disease specialists
	₃ ☐ Clinical Pharmacists
	₄ □ Nurse practitioners
	₅ □ Physician assistants

5.	Does your practice offer services specifically designed to promote the long-term management of HIV disease, including medication therapy management, patient education, and peer counseling?
	₁□ Yes
	o□ No
	d □ Don't know
6	Does your practice use an integrated team approach where multiple clinicians (such as physicians, nurses, and medical assistants) work together to augment and enhance the physician visit by providing previsit, postvisit, and between-visit contact with the patient?
	ı □ Yes
	o □ <b>No</b>
	d □ Don't know

#### **B. PRACTICE STAFFING**

For this section, 40 hours per week in your clinic = 1 full-time equivalent (FTE). For example, if you have one physician working 40 hours per week in your clinic and another physician working 20 hours per week in your clinic, you should report them as 1.50 FTEs.

7. In your practice, how many FTEs of the following types of clinicians are spent providing medical services to your patients? In **Column A**, record the number of FTEs spent providing **total patient care**. In **Column B**, record the number of FTEs spent providing **HIV patient care**.

(The number of FTEs reported in Column B should not be greater than the number of FTEs reported in Column A. If all of the clinicians in your practice treat only patients with HIV or AIDS, the number of FTEs in Columns A and B will be the same. If no FTEs to report for a given type of clinician, please record as zero.)

	Column A  Number of FTEs in Total Patient Care	Column B  Number of FTEs in HIV Patient Care
□ Infectious disease specialist		
<sup>2</sup> □ Physician (other than infectious disease specialist)	-	_ -
3 ☐ Nurse practitioner		-
₄ □ Physician assistant	_ -	_ -

8. On average, how many HIV patient visits per week is a full-time HIV clinician of the following types expected to provide in your practice? (If no visits to report for a given type of clinician, please record as zero.)

	Average Number of HIV Patient Visits Per Week Per Full-Time HIV Clinician
□ Infectious disease specialist	
<sup>2</sup> □ Physician (other than infectious disease specialist)	
₃ ☐ Nurse practitioner	
₄ □ Physician assistant	

9. On average, how many HIV patients is a full-time HIV clinician of the following types expected to manage on an ongoing basis at your clinic? (By "manage," we mean the clinician is responsible for independently overseeing or coordinating a medical care for a panel of patients at your clinic. By "ongoing basis" we mean active patients seen in the practice within the past year. For clinician types that do not manage patient care at your clinic, please record as zero.)

	Average Number of HIV Patients Per One FTE Clinician
□ Infectious disease specialist	

3 ☐ Nurse practitioner		
₄ □ Physician assistant		

#### C. RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION

10. In <b>Column A</b> , record the number of HIV-related clinical vacancies (by FTE) filled in your practice in the past 12 months. In <b>Column B</b> , record the average length of time (in months) it took to fill each type of position. (Include only positions for clinicians who treat patients with HIV or AIDS. If no filled vacancies to report for a given type of clinician, please record as zero in Columns A and B.)		
	Column A  Number of HIV- Related Vacancies Filled in Past 12  Months (in FTEs)	Column B  Average Length of Time HIV-Related Position was Vacant (in Months)
□ Infectious disease specialist		III
<sup>2</sup> □ Physician (other than infectious disease speciali	st)   <u>   .   </u>	
3 ☐ Nurse practitioner	_ -	_
₄ □ Physician assistant		
11. In <b>Column A</b> , record the number of <b>funded but currently vacant</b> HIV-related clinical positions (by FTE) in your practice. In <b>Column B</b> , record the average length of time (in months) these positions have been vacant. (Include only positions for clinicians who treat patients with HIV or AIDS, and only those positions with funding support. If no vacancies to report for a given type of clinician, please record as zero in Columns A and B.)		
	Column A	Column B
	Currently Funded HIV-Related	Average Length of Time HIV-Related Position Has

12.	In your practice, how difficult is it to <b>recruit</b> the following types of clinicians to provide HIV-related
	medical care? (Mark only one in each row. If you do not use a given type of clinician in your
	practice, please check Not Applicable.)

Very Easv	Somewhat Easv	Somewhat Difficult	•	Not Applicable
⊨asy	∟asy	Difficult	Difficult	Applicable

Vacancies (in FTEs)

**Been Vacant** 

(in Months)

|\_\_||\_\_|

|\_\_||\_\_|

 $_{1}\,\square\,$  Infectious disease specialist

 $_3\,\square\,$  Nurse practitioner

<sup>4</sup> □ Physician assistant

 $_2\,\square\,$  Physician (other than infectious disease specialist)

□ Infectious disease specialist	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	0 🗆
2 ☐ Physician (other than infectious disease specialist)	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	0 □
₃ □ Nurse practitioner	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	o 🗆
₄ □ Physician assistant	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	о 🗆

12a. In your practice, how big a challenge is each of the following factors to **recruiting** HIV clinicians generally? (*Please indicate if each factor is a big challenge, a small challenge, or not a challenge at all. Mark only one in each row.*)

	BIG CHALLENGE	SMALL CHALLENGE	NOT A CHALLENGE
□ Low pay scale or lack of reimbursement for HIV care	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 □
$_2\square$ Lack of clinicians in the geographic area	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
3 ☐ Lack of clinicians with HIV experience	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
4 ☐ Lack of clinicians willing to work with HIV patients	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
5 ☐ Lack of interest in HIV clinical specialty	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
6 ☐ Lack of funds to hire new staff	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
¬ □ Lack of J1 visas or other immigration problems	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
8 ☐ Workload is perceived as being too heavy or burdensome	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
9 ☐ Other (Please specify)	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆

13. In your practice, how difficult is it to **retain** each of the following types of clinicians who provide HIV care? (Mark only one in each row. If you do not use a given type of clinician in your practice, please check Not Applicable.)

	Very Easy	Somewhat Easy	Somewhat Difficult	Very Difficult	Not Applicable
□ Infectious disease specialist	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	0 □
2 D Physician (other than infectious disease specialist)	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	0 🗆
₃ ☐ Nurse practitioner	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	o 🗆
₄ □ Physician assistant	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	o 🗆

13a.	In your practice, how big a challenge is each of the following factors to <b>retaining</b> HIV clinicians
	generally? (Please indicate if each factor is a big challenge, a small challenge, or not a challenge at
	all. Mark only one in each row.)

	BIG CHALLENGE	SMALL CHALLENGE	NOT A CHALLENGE
□ Low pay scale or lack of reimbursement for HIV care	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
2 ☐ Lack of clinicians in the geographic area	CHALLENGE CHALLENGE CHALLENGE eimbursement for HIV  1	з 🗆	
3 ☐ Lack of qualified HIV clinicians (i.e., lack of HIV experience)		3 □	
<sup>4</sup> □ Lack of clinicians willing to work with HIV patients	1 □	2 🗆	з 🗆
$_{5}\square$ Lack of interest in HIV clinical specialty	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆
$_{6}\square$ Lack of funds to hire new staff	CHALLENGE         CHALLENGE         CHALLENGE         CHALLENGE           rsement for HIV         1	з 🗆	
7 ☐ Lack of J1 visas or other immigration problems	reimbursement for HIV  1	3 🗆	
8 ☐ Workload is perceived as being too heavy or burdensome	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆
9 ☐ Other (Please specify)	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆

14. In your practice, what is the <u>average</u> annual salary offered for the following full-time positions? In **Column A**, please provide average annual salaries for full-time newly hired clinicians **with experience** treating patients with HIV. In **Column B**, please provide average annual salaries for full-time newly hired clinicians **without experience** treating patients with HIV. (If you do not use a given type of clinician in your practice, please record as zero in Columns A and B.)

	Column A	Column B
	Average Annual Salary With Experience Treating HIV Patients	Average Annual Salary Without Experience Treating HIV Patients
□ Infectious disease specialist	\$	\$
2 ☐ Physician (other than infectious disease specialist)	\$	\$   <u> </u> ,, <u> </u>
3 ☐ Nurse practitioner	\$    ,	\$
4 ☐ Physician assistant	\$	\$

## D. PRACTICE CAPACITY

		In a typical week, about how many total patient visits does your practice conduct? (Please count								
	visits for both HIV and non-HIV patients.)									
	VISITS									
16.	In a typical week, about how many of your total patient visits are for patients with HIV or AIDS?									
	VISITS									
17.	Assuming no change in current your resource levels, such as funding or staffing, how many additional visits (in addition to those you are currently providing) for patients with HIV or AIDS could your practice currently absorb without compromising the quality of care provided?									
	VISITS									
18.	For each type of patient, what is the average waiting time for a non-regularly scheduled appointment in your practice? ( <i>Mark only one in each row.</i> )									
			Δ	verage V	Vaiting T	ime	T			
		Less Than 1 Week	1 Week	2 Weeks	3 Weeks	4 Weeks	More Than 4 Weeks			
	□ Patients newly diagnosed with HIV	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆	6 🗆			
	2 ☐ HIV patients new to your practice, but not newly diagnosed	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆	6 🗆			
	₃ ☐ Existing HIV patients at your practice engaged in care	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆	6 🗆			
	For each of type of patient, what is the average length of a typical visit with a primary clinician in your practice? (If no patients to report in for a given type of patient, please record as zero.)									
9.	your practice? (If no patients to report in fo				ease reco	ord as zei	ro.)			
9.						ord as zei	ro.)			
9.	□ Patients newly diagnosed with HIV	or a given	type of p		ease reco	ord as zei	ro.)			
9.		or a given	type of p		ease reco	ord as zei	ro.)			

	<sup>2</sup> □ Yes, with some limitations on care provision										
20a.	How important were the following factors in the decision to limit or close your practice to new <b>Medicaid</b> patients with HIV? (Mark only one in each row.)										
		Very Important	Moderately Important	Not Very Important	Not Importar At All						
	₁ ☐ Administrative requirements	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆						
	2 ☐ Complex needs of HIV patients	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆						
	3 ☐ Overall HIV patient load	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆						
	<sup>4</sup> □ Inadequate reimbursement of funding for HIV care	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆						
21.	Is your clinic or practice currently accept patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)  1 □ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.2	ie, please cons									
21.	patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)	ie, please cons 2	ider their prima								
21. 21a.	patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)  1 □ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.2  2 □ Yes, some limitations	edicare patients	ider their prima with HIV  to limit or clos	ary payer sourd	ce only. Ma						
	patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)  1 □ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.2  2 □ Yes, some limitations  0 □ No, completely closed to all new Me.  How important were the following factors	edicare patients	ider their prima with HIV  to limit or clos	ary payer sourd	e to new						
	patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)  1 □ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.2  2 □ Yes, some limitations  0 □ No, completely closed to all new Me.  How important were the following factors	edicare patients in the decision one in each rou	with HIV  to limit or closw.)  Somewhat	e your practice	e to new  Not Importar						
	patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)  1 ☐ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.2  2 ☐ Yes, some limitations  0 ☐ No, completely closed to all new Me.  How important were the following factors Medicare patients with HIV? (Mark only)	edicare patients in the decision one in each row	with HIV  to limit or closw.)  Somewhat Important	e your practice  Not Very Important	e to new  Not Importar At All						
	patients with multiple sources of coverage only one.)  1 ☐ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.2  2 ☐ Yes, some limitations  0 ☐ No, completely closed to all new Me.  How important were the following factors Medicare patients with HIV? (Mark only)  1 ☐ Administrative requirements	very Important	with HIV  to limit or closw.)  Somewhat Important	e your practice  Not Very Important	e to new  Not Importar At All						

22.	medical care? (For patients with multiple sources of coverage, please consider their primary payer source only. Mark only one.)									
	1 ☐ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.23									
	<sup>2</sup> □ Yes, some limitations									
	$_{0}\square$ No, completely closed to all new con	nmercially insu	red patients wi	th HIV						
22a.	How important were the following factors commercially insured patients with HIV consider their primary payer source only.	? (For patients	with multiple s							
		Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not Very Important	Not Important At All					
	□ Administrative requirements	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆					
	<sup>2</sup> □ Complex needs of HIV patients	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆					
	3 ☐ Overall HIV patient load	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆					
	<sup>4</sup> □ Inadequate reimbursement of funding for HIV care	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆					
23. 23a.	Is your clinic or practice currently accepting primary medical care? (Mark only one.)  1 ☐ Yes, no limitations → GO TO Q.24  2 ☐ Yes, some limitations  0 ☐ No, completely closed to all new conditions.  How important were the following factors uninsured patients with HIV? (Mark only)	nmercially insu	red patients wi	th HIV						
		Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not Very Important	Not Important At All					
	□ Administrative requirements	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆					
	2 ☐ Complex needs of HIV patients	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆					
	3 ☐ Overall HIV patient load	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆					
	<sup>4</sup> □ Inadequate reimbursement of funding for HIV care	1 🗆	2 🗆	з 🗆	4 🗆					

### E. YOUR PERCEPTION ABOUT HIV CLINICIAN CAPACITY

	ur opinion, the supply of clinicians p community is currently…? (Mark or		t medical ca	are to patie	nts with HI\	or AIDS in		
1 🗆 (	Greater than demand (clinician surp	olus)						
2 □	₂ □ Balanced with demand							
3 □	ess than demand (clinician shorta	ge)						
stron clinic	g a scale of 1 – 5, where 1 means y gly agree with it, please rate this sta ans providing direct medical care to ars. (Mark only one in each row.)	atement: I am o patients with	concerned	about a sho	ortage in the	e number of ver the next		
		Strongly Disagree				Strongly Agree		
₁ □ Infection	ous disease specialists	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🔲	4 🗆	5 🗆		
<sup>2</sup> □ Physic specia	ians (other than infectious disease lists)	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆		
₃ □ Nurse	practitioners	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🔲	4 🗆	5 🗆		
₄ □ Physic	ian assistants	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🔲	5 🗆		
of the	scale of 1 to 5 where 1 is least effet following strategies for meeting a sces without compromising the quality	future increase	e in the dem					
7	g more medical and other health ion students to go into HIV/AIDS	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 □	4 🗆	5 🗆		
	ing professional opportunities for as currently providing HIV/AIDS	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 □	4 🗆	5 🗆		
and phy	ing the use of nurse practitioners vsician assistants in managing patients with HIV or AIDS	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 □	4 🗆	5 □		
counse improve	ing the use of social workers, lors, and patient educators to e linkages with and engagement, nce, and retention in HIV/AIDS	1 🗆	2 □	3 □	4 🗆	5 □		
	ng the amount of time spent ting paperwork and meeting other	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆		

regulatory requirements					
Increasing the adoption of health information technology, including sharing medical records, ordering prescriptions, and ordering and receiving lab tests	1 □	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
¬□ Increasing the use of telemedicine for treating patients in care settings without adequate HIV expertise	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
□ Increasing the use of non-HIV primary care physicians for the treatment of patients with HIV or AIDS	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 □
10 ☐ Increasing the use of advanced primary care practice models intended to promote the management of HIV disease, including medication therapy management	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 □	4 🗆	5 □
Increasing public funding and/or reimbursement rates for HIV-related health care services	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
12 ☐ Implementing appointment scheduling changes intended to increase the number of patients who can be seen	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆
□ Creating incentives for currently practicing clinicians to delay retirement or prevent them from shifting out of HIV-related medical care	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 □	4 🗆	5 □
14 □ Other (Please specify)	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗆

#### F. PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS

Questions in this section refer to your practice's most recent 12-month reporting period. If you submitted a 2010 RDR to HRSA, please feel free to use the information presented in that report. Please count each patient once only, regardless of how many times he or she was seen during the reporting period. Your best estimate of patient and visit counts is fine.

27.	During your most recent 12-month reporting period, how many total patients in each of the
	following HIV status categories did your practice serve? (If no patients in a give category to report,
	please record as zero.)

	Number of Patients Served in 12-Month Reporting Period
1 ☐ HIV negative	_  PATIENTS
2 ☐ HIV positive, without an AIDS diagnosis	_  PATIENTS
3 ☐ HIV positive, with an AIDS diagnosis	_  PATIENTS
4 ☐ HIV status unknown	_  PATIENTS
TOTAL	_  PATIENTS

28. **Of those with HIV or AIDS**, what percentage is in each of the following patient categories? (*The total percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients to report in a given category, please record as zero.*)

	Percent of HIV/AIDS Patients
□ Patients newly diagnosed with HIV	_ %
2 ☐ HIV patients new to your practice, but not newly diagnosed	%
3 ☐ Existing HIV patients at your practice engaged in care	%
TOTAL	100%

29. **Of those with HIV or AIDS,** what percentage also had each of the following **comorbidities**? (*Percentages do <u>not</u> need to add up to 100 percent. If no patients in a given category to report, please record as zero.*)

	Percent of HIV/AIDS Patients
□ Serious mental illness	%
2 ☐ Substance abuse disorder	%
₃ ☐ Hepatitis B or C	_ _  %

	4 ☐ Other significant comorbidities	_ %
30.	Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of categories? (The total percentage must add up to 100 percentage report, please record as zero.)	
		Percent of HIV/AIDS Patients
	ı □ None	_   %
	2 ☐ HAART	_   %
	3 ☐ Other (mono or dual therapy)	_ %
	₄ □ Unknown	%
	TOTAL	100 %
31.	Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients in a given as zero.)	ren category to report, please record
		Percent of HIV/AIDS Patients
	□ Under 2 years	%
	<ul><li>□ Under 2 years</li><li>□ 2-12 years</li></ul>	%
	·	·—··
	2 □ 2-12 years	
	2 □ 2-12 years 3 □ 13-24 years	%
	2 □ 2-12 years 3 □ 13-24 years 4 □ 25-44 years	_  %   _  %
	2 □ 2-12 years 3 □ 13-24 years 4 □ 25-44 years 5 □ 45-64 years	_  %   _  %   _  %
	2 □ 2-12 years  3 □ 13-24 years  4 □ 25-44 years  5 □ 45-64 years  6 □ 65 and older	%   _  %   _  %   _  %   _  %
32.	2 □ 2-12 years  3 □ 13-24 years  4 □ 25-44 years  5 □ 45-64 years  6 □ 65 and older  7 □ Unknown	
32.	2 □ 2-12 years  3 □ 13-24 years  4 □ 25-44 years  5 □ 45-64 years  6 □ 65 and older  7 □ Unknown  TOTAL  Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of total percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients in	
32.	2 □ 2-12 years  3 □ 13-24 years  4 □ 25-44 years  5 □ 45-64 years  6 □ 65 and older  7 □ Unknown  TOTAL  Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of total percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients in	%
32.	2 □ 2-12 years  3 □ 13-24 years  4 □ 25-44 years  6 □ 65 and older  7 □ Unknown  TOTAL  Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of total percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients in record as zero.)	%           %

4 □ Unknown	_  %		
TOTAL	100 %		
Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage were Hispanic	or Latino/a?		
_  PERCENT			
Of those with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of the following race categories? (The total percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients in a given category to report, please record as zero.)			
	Percent of HIV/AIDS Patients		
□ American Indian or Alaskan Native	%		
2 □ Asian	%		
3 ☐ Black or African American	%		
4 □ Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	%		
5 ☐ White	%		
6 ☐ More than one race	%		
7 □. Unknown	_  %		
TOTAL	100 %		
Of those diagnosed with HIV or AIDS, what percentage was in each of the follow health insurance categories? (The total percentage must add up to 100 percent. If no patients in a give category to report, please record as zero.)			
	Percent of HIV/AIDS Patients		
□ Privately insured	%		
2 ☐ Medicaid only	%		
3 ☐ Medicare only	%		
4 □ Both Medicaid and Medicare	_  %		
<ul> <li>4 ☐ Both Medicaid and Medicare</li> <li>5 ☐ Other public insurance (VA or Indian Health)</li> </ul>	%		
	<u> </u>		
5 ☐ Other public insurance (VA or Indian Health)	%		
<ul> <li>5 □ Other public insurance (VA or Indian Health)</li> <li>6 □ Self pay or uninsured</li> </ul>	_  %		

Name:			
	er: (  <u> </u>  ) Area Code		