OMB Approved No. 2900-0776 Respondent Burden: 45 minutes

Department of Veterans Affairs

BACK (THORACOLUMBAR SPINE) CONDITIONS DISABILITY BENEFITS QUESTIONNAIRE

IMPORTANT - THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS (VA) WILL NOT PAY OR REIMBURSE ANY EXPENSES OR COST INCURRED IN THE PROCESS OF

COMPLETING AND/OR SUBMITTING THIS FORM. PLEASE READ I		BURDEN INFORMATION BEFORE COMPLETING FORM.		
NAME OF PATIENT/VETERAN		PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER		
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - Your patient is applying to the U. S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) for disability benefits. VA will consider the information you provide on this questionnaire as part of their evaluation in processing the Veteran's claim.				
-	SECTION I - DIAGNOSIS			
1A. DOES THE VETERAN NOW HAVE OR HAS HE/SHE EVER BEE YES NO (If "Yes," complete Item 1B)	N DIAGNOSED WITH A THORACOLUME	3AR SPINE (back) CONDITION?		
1B. PROVIDE ONLY DIAGNOSES THAT PERTAIN TO THORACOLU	MBAR SPINE (back) CONDITIONS:			
Diagnosis # 1 -	ICD code -	Date of diagnosis -		
Diagnosis # 2 -	ICD code -	Date of diagnosis -		
Diagnosis # 3 -	ICD code-	Date of diagnosis -		
1C. THERE ARE ADDITIONAL DIAGNOSES THAT PERTAIN TO THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITIONS, LIST USING ABOVE FORMAT:				
2. DESCRIBE THE HISTORY (including onset and course) OF THE	ECTION II - MEDICAL HISTORY			
SECTION III - FLARE-UPS				
YES NO IF YES, DOCUMENT THE VETERAN'S DESCRIPTION OF THE IMPACT OF FLARE-UPS IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS:				
SECTION IV - INITIAL RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) MEASUREMENT 4. MEASURE ROM WITH A GONIOMETER, ROUNDING EACH MEASUREMENT TO THE NEAREST 5 DEGREES. DURING THE MEASUREMENTS, OBSERVE THE POINT AT WHICH PAINFUL MOTION BEGINS, EVIDENCED BY VISIBLE BEHAVIOR SUCH AS FACIAL EXPRESSION, WINCING, ETC. REPORT INITIAL MEASUREMENTS BELOW. NOTE: Following the initial assessment of ROM, perform repetitive-use testing. For VA purposes, repetitive-use testing must be included in all exams. The VA has determined that 3 repetitions of ROM (at minimum) can serve as a representative test of the effect of repetitive use. After the initial measurement, reassess ROM after 3 repetitions. Report post-test measurements in section 5.				
A. SELECT WHERE FORWARD FLEXION ENDS (normal endpoint is 90): 0				
B. SELECT WHERE EXTENSION ENDS (normal endpoint is 30): 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater SELECT WHERE OBJECTIVE EVIDENCE OF PAINFUL MOTION BEGINS: No objective evidence of painful motion 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater				
C. SELECT WHERE RIGHT LATERAL FLEXION ENDS (normal endpoint is 30): O D 5 D 10 D 15 D 20 D 25 D 30 or greater SELECT WHERE OBJECTIVE EVIDENCE OF PAINFUL MOTION BEGINS: No objective evidence of painful motion O D 5 D 10 D 15 D 20 D 25 D 30 or greater				

SECTION IV - INITIAL RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS (continued)			
D. SELECT WHERE LEFT LATERAL FLEXION ENDS (normal endpoint is 30): D. SELECT WHERE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT			
E. SELECT WHERE RIGHT LATERAL ROTATION ENDS (normal endpoint is 30): 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater SELECT WHERE OBJECTIVE EVIDENCE OF PAINFUL MOTION BEGINS: No objective evidence of painful motion			
0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater			
F. SELECT WHERE LEFT LATERAL ROTATION ENDS (normal endpoint is 30): O 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater SELECT WHERE OBJECTIVE EVIDENCE OF PAINFUL MOTION BEGINS: No objective evidence of painful motion 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater G. IF ROM FOR THIS VETERAN DOES NOT CONFORM TO THE NORMAL RANGE OF MOTION IDENTIFIED ABOVE BUT IS NORMAL FOR THIS VETERAN (for reasons other than a back condition, such as age, body habitus, neurologic disease), EXPLAIN:			
SECTION V - ROM MEASUREMENT AFTER REPETITIVE-USE-TESTING 5A. IS THE VETERAN ABLE TO PERFORM REPETITIVE-USE TESTING WITH 3 REPETITIONS?			
YES NO IF UNABLE, PROVIDE REASON:			
IF VETERAN IS UNABLE TO PERFORM REPETITIVE-USE TESTING, SKIP TO SECTION 6. IF VETERAN IS ABLE TO PERFORM REPETITIVE-USE TESTING, MEASURE AND REPORT ROM AFTER A MINIMUM OF 3 REPETITIONS.			
B. SELECT WHERE POST-TEST FORWARD FLEXION ENDS: ☐ 0 ☐ 5 ☐ 10 ☐ 15 ☐ 20 ☐ 25 ☐ 30 ☐ 35 ☐ 40 ☐ 45			
 □ 50 □ 55 □ 60 □ 65 □ 70 □ 75 □ 80 □ 85 □ 90 or greater C. SELECT WHERE POST-TEST EXTENSION ENDS: □ 0 □ 5 □ 10 □ 15 □ 20 □ 25 □ 30 or greater 			
D. SELECT WHERE POST-TEST RIGHT LATERAL FLEXION ENDS: 0 5 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater			
E. SELECT WHERE POST-TEST LEFT LATERAL FLEXION ENDS: 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater			
F. SELECT WHERE POST-TEST RIGHT LATERAL ROTATION ENDS: 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater			
G. SELECT WHERE POST-TEST LEFT LATERAL ROTATION ENDS: 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 or greater			
SECTION VI - FUNCTIONAL LOSS AND ADDITIONAL LIMITATION IN ROM			
NOTE: The following section addresses reasons for functional loss, if present, and additional loss of ROM after repetitive-use testing, if present. The VA defines functional loss as the inability to perform normal working movements of the body with normal excursion, strength, speed, coordination and/or endurance.			
6A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ADDITIONAL LIMITATION IN ROM OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) FOLLOWING REPETITIVE-USE TESTING? YES NO			
6B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY FUNCTIONAL LOSS AND/OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)? YES NO			
6C. IF THE VETERAN HAS FUNCTIONAL LOSS, FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT AND/OR ADDITIONAL LIMITATION OF ROM OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) AFTER REPETITIVE USE, INDICATE THE CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY BELOW:			
Less movement than normal More movement than normal			
Weakened movement Excess fatigability Incoordination, impaired ability to execute skilled movements smoothly			
Pain on movement Swelling			
Deformity Atrophy of disuse			
Instability of station Disturbance of locomotion			
Interference with sitting, standing and/or weight-bearing Other, describe:			

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	SECTION VII - PAIN AND MUSCLE SPASM (pain on palpation, effect of muscle spasm on gait)			
7A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE LOCALIZED TENDERNESS OR PAIN TO PALPATION FOR JOINTS AND/OR SOFT TISSUE OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)?				
YES NO I	F YES, DESCRIBE:			
	HAVE GUARDING OR MUSCLE SPASM OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)?			
<u> </u>	F YES, IS IT SEVERE ENOUGH TO RESULT IN: (check all that apply)			
Abnormal gait	contour, such as scoliosis, reversed lordosis, or abnormal kyphosis			
	cle spasm does not result in abnormal gait or spinal contour			
	SECTION VIII - MUSCLE STRENGTH TESTING			
8A. RATE STRENGTH AC	CORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:			
0/5 No muscle move	ment			
· ·	e muscle contraction, but no joint movement			
3/5 Active movement	t with gravity eliminated			
	t against some resistance			
5/5 Normal strength				
All normal				
Hip flexion:	Right 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
	Left 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
Knee extension:	Right 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
	Left 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
Ankle plantar flexion:	Right 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
·	Left 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
Ankle dorsiflexion:	Right 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5 Left 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
Great toe extension:	Right 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5 Left 5/5 4/5 3/5 2/5 1/5 0/5			
	HAVE MUSCLE ATROPHY?			
YES NO				
IF MUSCLE ATROPHY IS	S PRESENT, INDICATE LOCATION:			
PROVIDE MEASUREMEN	NTS IN CENTIMETERS OF NORMAL SIDE AND ATROPHIED SIDE, MEASURED AT MAXIMUM MUSCLE BULK:			
NORMAL SIDE:	CM ATROPHIED SIDE: CM			
SECTION IX - REFLEX EXAM				
9. RATE DEEP TENDON F	REFLEXES (DTRs) ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE:			
1+ Hypoactive				
2+ Normal				
3+ Hyperactive without clonus				
4+ Hyperactive with o	onus			
All normal				
Knee: Right:	0 1+ 2+ 3+ 4+			
Left:	0 1+ 2+ 3+ 4+			
Ankle: Right:	0 1+ 2+ 3+ 4+			
Left:	0 1+ 2+ 3+ 4+			

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	SECTION X - SENSORY EXAM			
10. PROVIDE RESULTS FOR SENSATION TO LIGHT TOUCH (dermatomes) TESTING:				
All normal				
Upper anterior thigh $(L2)$:	Right Normal Decreased Absent Left Normal Decreased Absent			
Thigh/knee (L3/4):	Right Normal Decreased Absent Left Normal Decreased Absent			
Lower leg/ankle (L4/L5/S1):	Right Normal Decreased Absent			
Foot/toes (L5):	Left Normal Decreased Absent Right Normal Decreased Absent			
Other sensory findings, if any	Left Normal Decreased Absent			
	SECTION XI - STRAIGHT LEG RAISING TEST			
	he Veteran seated or supine. Raise each straightened leg until pain begins, typically at 30-70 degrees of elevation. The test is positive e, not merely in the back or hamstrings. Pain is often increased on dorsiflexion of the foot, and relieved by knee flexion. A positive test to disc herniation).			
11. PROVIDE STRAIGHT LEG RA	ISING TEST RESULTS:			
	Positive Unable to perform Unable to perform			
	SECTION XII - RADICULOPATHY			
l <u> </u>	RADICULAR PAIN OR ANY OTHER SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS DUE TO RADICULOPATHY? OMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SECTION:			
12B. INDICATE SYMPTOMS' LOC	ATION AND SEVERITY (check all that apply):			
Constant pain (may be excruciating	g at times)			
Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe				
Intermittent pain (usually dull)				
Right lower extremity:	None Mild Moderate Severe None Mild Moderate Severe			
Paresthesias and/or dysesthesias				
Right lower extremity:	None Mild Moderate Severe None Mild Moderate Severe			
Numbness				
Right lower extremity: Left lower extremity:	None Mild Moderate Severe None Mild Moderate Severe			
l <u> </u>	ANY OTHER SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS OF RADICULOPATHY?			
L YES NO				
IF YES, DESCRIBE:				
12D. INDICATE NERVE ROOTS IN	NVOLVED: (check all that apply)			
INVOLVEMENT OF L2/L3/L4 NERVE ROOTS (femoral nerve)				
If checked, indicate: Right Left Both				
INVOLVEMENT OF L4/L5/S1/S2/S3 NERVE ROOTS (sciatic nerve) If checked, indicate: Right Both)				
OTHER NERVES (specify nerve and side(s) affected):				
12E. INDICATE SEVERITY OF RADICULOPATHY AND SIDE AFFECTED:				
Right: Not affected Left: Not affected	Mild Moderate Severe Mild Moderate Severe			

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SECTION XIII - OTHER NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES			
13. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES OR FINDINGS RELATED TO A THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION (such as bowel or bladder problems/pathologic reflexes)?			
YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE CONDITION AND HOW IT IS RELATED:			
IF THERE ARE NEUROLOGICAL ABNORMALITIES OTHER THAN RADICULOPATHY, ALSO COMPLETE APPROPRIATE QUESTIONNAIRE FOR EACH CONDITION IDENTIFIED.			
SECTION XIV - INTERVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES			
14A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE IVDS OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE?			
L YES NO 14B. IF YES, HAS THE VETERAN HAD ANY INCAPACITATING EPISODES OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS DUE TO IVDS?			
YES NO			
NOTE: For VA purposes, an incapacitating episode is a period of acute symptoms severe enough to require prescribed bed rest and treatment by a physician.			
IF YES, PROVIDE THE TOTAL DURATION OF THE INCAPACITATING EPISODES OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS:			
Less than 1 week			
At least 1 week but less than 2 weeks At least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks			
At least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks			
At least 6 weeks			
SECTION XV - ASSISTIVE DEVICES			
15A. DOES THE VETERAN USE ANY ASSISTIVE DEVICE(S) AS A NORMAL MODE OF LOCOMOTION, ALTHOUGH OCCASIONAL LOCOMOTION BY OTHER METHODS			
MAY BE POSSIBLE? YES NO			
IF YES, IDENTIFY ASSISTIVE DEVICE(S) USED (check all that apply and indicate frequency):			
Wheelchair Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant			
Brace(s) Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant			
Crutch(es) Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant			
Cane(s) Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant			
Walker Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant			
Other:			
Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant			
15B. IF THE VETERAN USES ANY ASSISTIVE DEVICES, SPECIFY THE CONDITION AND IDENTIFY THE ASSISTIVE DEVICE USED FOR EACH CONDITION:			
SECTION XVI - REMAINING EFFECTIVE FUNCTION OF THE EXTREMITIES			
16. DUE TO THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION, IS THERE FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF AN EXTREMITY SUCH THAT NO EFFECTIVE FUNCTION REMAINS OTHER THAN THAT WHICH WOULD BE EQUALLY WELL SERVED BY AN AMPUTATION WITH PROSTHESIS? (Functions of the upper extremity include grasping, manipulation, etc.; functions of the lower extremity include balance and propulsion, etc.)			
YES, FUNCTIONING IS SO DIMINISHED THAT AMPUTATION WITH PROSTHESIS WOULD EQUALLY SERVE THE VETERAN.			
□ NO			
IF YES, INDICATE EXTREMITY(IES) (check all extremities for which this applies):			
Right lower Left lower			
SECTION XVII - OTHER PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS AND/OR SYMPTOMS			
17A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY SCARS (surgical or otherwise) RELATED TO ANY CONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN SECTION I, DIAGNOSIS?			
YES NO			
IF YES, ARE ANY OF THE SCARS PAINFUL/OR UNSTABLE, OR IS THE TOTAL AREA OF ALL RELATED SCARS GREATER THAN 39 SQUARE cm (6 square inches)?			
YES NO			
(If "Yes," ALSO complete VA Form 21-0960F-1, Scars/Disfigurement Disability Benefits Questionnaire)			
17B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS?			
YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE (brief summary):			

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SECTION XVIII - DIAGNOSTIC TESTING				
NOTE: The diagnosis of arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once arthritis has been documented, no further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened.				
maging studies are not required to make the diagnosis of IVDS; Electromyography (EMG) studies are rarely required to diagnose radiculopathy in the appropriate linical setting.				
For purposes of this examination, the diagnosis of IVDS and/or radiculopathy can be made by a history of characteristic radiating pain and/or sensory changes in the legs, and objective clinical findings, which may include the asymmetrical loss or decrease of reflexes, decreased strength and/or abnormal sensation.				
18A. HAVE THE IMAGING STUDIES OF THE THOP	RACOLUMBAR SPINE BEEN PERFORMED AND ARE THE	RESULTS AVAILABLE?		
☐ YES ☐ NO IF YES, IS ARTHRITIS DOCUMENTED? ☐ YES ☐ NO				
18B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE A VERTEBRAL F	RACTURE?			
YES NO IF YES, PROVIDE PERCENT OF LOSS OF VI				
18C. ARE THERE ANY OTHER SIGNIFICANT DIAG	NOSTIC TEST FINDINGS AND/OR RESULTS?			
YES NO IF YES, PROVIDE TYPE OF TEST OF PROCEDURE, DATE AND RESULTS (brief summary):				
	SECTION XIX - FUNCTIONAL IMPACT			
19. DOES THE VETERAN'S THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION IMPACT HIS OR HER ABILITY TO WORK? YES NO IF YES DESCRIBE THE IMPACT OF EACH OF THE VETERAN'S THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITIONS PROVIDING ONE OR MORE EXAMPLES				
	SECTION XX - REMARKS			
20. REMARKS (If any)				
SE	CTION XXI - PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION AND	SIGNATURE		
CERTIFICATION - To the best of my	knowledge, the information contained herein	is accurate, complete and current.		
21A. PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE	21B. PHYSICIAN'S PRINTED NAME	21C. DATE SIGNED		
21D. PHYSICIAN'S PHONE AND FAX NUMBER 2	21E. PHYSICIAN'S MEDICAL LICENSE NUMBER	21F. PHYSICIAN'S ADDRESS		
NOTE - VA may request additional medical information, including additional examinations, if necessary to complete VA's review of the veteran's application.				
IMPORTANT - Physician please fax the completed form to				
NOTE - A list of VA Regional Office FAX Numbers can be found at www.vba.va.gov/disabilityexams or obtained by calling 1-800-827-1000.				

PRIVACY ACT NOTICE: VA will not disclose information collected on this form to any source other than what has been authorized under the Privacy Act of 1974 or Title 38, Code of Federal Regulations 1.576 for routine uses (i.e., civil or criminal law enforcement, congressional communications, epidemiological or research studies, the collection of money owed to the United States, litigation in which the United States is a party or has an interest, the administration of VA programs and delivery of VA benefits, verification of identity and status, and personnel administration) as identified in the VA system of records, 58VA21/22/28, Compensation, Pension, Education and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records - VA, published in the Federal Register. Your obligation to respond is required to obtain or retain benefits. VA uses your SSN to identify your claim file. Providing your SSN will help ensure that your records are properly associated with your claim file. Giving us your SSN account information is voluntary. Refusal to provide your SSN by itself will not result in the denial of benefits. VA will not deny an individual benefits for refusing to provide his or her SSN unless the disclosure of the SSN is required by a Federal Statute of law in effect prior to January 1, 1975, and still in effect. The requested information is considered relevant and necessary to determine maximum benefits under the law. The responses you submit are considered confidential (38 U.S.C. 5701). Information submitted is subject to verification through computer matching programs with other agencies.

RESPONDENT BURDEN: We need this information to determine entitlement to benefits (38 U.S.C. 501). Title 38, United States Code, allows us to ask for this information. We estimate that you will need an average of 45 minutes to review the instructions, find the information, and complete a form. VA cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed. You are not required to respond to a collection of information if this number is not displayed. Valid OMB control numbers can be located on the OMB Internet Page at www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. If desired, you can call 1-800-827-1000 to get information on where to send comments or suggestions about this form.

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