ATTACHMENT 5E

MYRX PARTICIPANT POST-INTERVENTION DIABETES/HYPERTENSION/DIABETES AND HYPERTENSION

POST INTERVENTION FOLLOW-UP FORM: HYPERTENSION

TSU PATIENT CENTERED CARE COLLABORATION TO IMPROVE MINORITY HEALTH (PCCC) INITIATIVE

Date	:	
Partio	cipant name (Last name, First initial):	
Clien	nt ID #:	
	macist Conducting Post-Intervention Home Visit:	
Post-	Intervention Home Visit Date:	_
Sect	ion I. Participant Demographics	
Phar	rmacist Step #1: Introduction and collect baseline information.	
1.	Blood pressure screening:	
2.	Wt: _	
3.	Ht: _ - _ feet inches	
4.	How long have you been diagnosed with high blood pressure?	
5.	What is your current household income per year?	
	\$0 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 or more	

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0990- . The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 20 minutes per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources,

gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, OS/OCIO/PRA, 200 Independence Ave., S.W., Suite 336-E, Washington D.C. 20201, Attention: PRA Reports Clearance Officer

Section II. Hypertension Knowledge

Pharmacist Step #2: Ask the participant the following questions and mark their answers.

1.	If someone's blood pressure is 120/80, it is
	High Low Normal Don't know
2.	If someone's blood pressure is 160/100, it is
	High Low Normal Don't know
3.	Once someone has high blood pressure, it usually lasts for
	A few years 5-10 years The rest of their life Don't know
4.	People with high blood pressure should take their medicine
	EverydayAt least a few times a weekOnly when they feel sick
5.	Losing weight usually makes blood pressure
	Go up Go down Stay the same
6.	Eating less salt usually makes blood pressure
	Go up Go down Stay the same

7.	High blo	ood pressure can cause heart attacks.	
		Yes No Don't know	
8.	High blo	ood pressure can cause cancer.	
		Yes No Don't know	
9.	High blo	ood pressure can cause kidney problems.	
		Yes No Don't know	
10.	High blo	ood pressure can cause strokes.	
		Yes No Don't know	
Sect	ion III. I	Medication Use and Adherence	
OR parti	has be	Step #3: Review the medications that the participant has een prescribed. Create a medication chart with the Fill out attached Appendix A Medication List with the	
Ques	tions to	ask:	
	•	What medication are you taking including OTC and dietary supplement?	
	•	Why are you taking the medication?	
	•	When do you take this medication?	
	■ When was your last dose?		

Do you have any special instructions for this medication?

11. Medication History:

Medication (Name/Strength)	Purpose	Schedule	Date of Last Dose	Special Instructions
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
13.				
14.				
15.				
16.				

Hypertension

12.	How often have you forgotten to take your medicine for blood pressure in the past week?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never

l3.	How often do you stop taking your medicine for high blood pressure because you were careless?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never
L4.	How often do you stop taking your blood pressure medicine because you feel better?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never
L5.	How often do you stop taking your medicine for blood pressure when you experience side effects?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never
L6.	Please find the statement that best describes the way you feel right now about taking your high blood pressure medication as directed.
	 A. No, I do not take and right now am not considering taking my high blood pressure medication as directed. (Precontemplation) B. No, I do not take but right now am considering taking my high blood pressure medication as directed. (Contemplation) C. No, I do not take but am planning to start taking my high blood pressure medication as directed. (Preparation) D. Yes, right now I consistently take my high blood pressure medication as directed.

- 17. If the answer to question 16 is D, then ask: How long have you been taking your high blood pressure medication as directed?
 - A. ≤3 months
 - B. >3 months to 6 months
 - C. >6 months to 12 months
 - D. >12 months

Section IV. Pharmacist Step #4: Pharmacist Assessment

If the answer to question 16 is D and the answer to question 17 is A or B, then the stage of change is action. If the answer to question 16 is D and the answer to question 17 is C or D, then the stage of change is maintenance.

Check the most appropriate stage according to readiness to change.

Area/Stage	<u>Prec</u>	<u>ontemplati</u>	Con ⁻	<u>templati</u>	<u>Prepar</u>	<u>Actio</u>	<u>Mai</u>	<u>ntenan</u>
Adhere to medication	<u>on</u>		<u>on</u>		<u>e</u>	<u>n</u>	<u>ce</u>	
Blood pressure goal is: _		_ /	_					
Today blood pressure is /	is not	t (circle one	e) at	goal.				
Assessment Notes:								

Section V. Pharmacist Step #5: Participant Satisfactory Survey

Pharmacist Step #5: Ask the participant the following survey questions and mark their answers.

The statements below describe attitudes and beliefs you may have about the health program you participated in and about your health condition(s): diabetes, hypertension, or being overweight. Please rate how much you agree or disagree with each one by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

StronglySomewhat Somewhat Strongly disagreedisagreeNeutral agree agree

	·	
1.	I learned new information that helped me to better manage my health condition	
2.	I received useful information from this program	
3.	I am putting what I learned from this program into practice	
4.	I see positive changes in myself already from being in this program	
5.	I am doing something to improve my health condition	
6.	It is very important to take care of your health	
7.	I'm ready to improve my health	
8.	What was important to you about this program? a. Information was easy to understand	

b.	Materials were easy to use	
C.	Materials were written in my language	
d.	The classes were taught by a trained professional (community health worker, health educator, pharmacist)	
e.	The person who talked with me spoke in my language	
f.	The curriculum took my cultural practices into consideration	
g.	Someone called me to follow- up on what I learned and reminded me of what I should do to manage my health	
h.	Group classes	
i.	One-on-one sessions at my home	

The statements below describe attitudes and beliefs you may have about the best ways for you to learn about your health condition(s): diabetes, hypertension, or being overweight. Please rate how much you agree or disagree with each one by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

9. The best way for me to learn about my health condition is from a:

		StronglySomewhat S Strongly	omewhat	
		<u>disagreedisagreeNeutral</u>	<u>agree</u> <u>a</u>	<u>igree</u>
a.	Brochure or pamphlet	. 🗍		
b.	Direct mail			
C.	Toolkit of materials with a CD			
d.	Email			
e.	Telephone text message	i -		
f.	Facebook posting			
g.	Webinar			
h.	Group classes			
i.	One-on-one sessions at my home			

Please rate how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with these statements about this program by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

		Very dissatisfiedDissatisfied Satisfied satisfied	<u>Neutral</u>	Very
10.	How satisfied are you that what you learned helps you to make good decisions about improving your health?	🔲		
11.	Overall, how satisfied are you with the program?			

SERVICE DELIVERY FORM TSU PATIENT CENTERED CARE COLLABORATION TO IMPROVE MINORITY HEALTH (PCCC) INITIATIVE

Directions: Complete this form at the end of post-intervention home visit. Pharmacist will send the completed form to the program coordinator.

Participant Name:	
Pharmacist Name:	
Post-Intervention Visit Date:	
Participant Signature	Date
Pharmacist Signature	 Date

Form Approved OMB No. 0990-Exp. Date XX/XX/20XX

POST INTERVENTION FOLLOW-UP FORM: DIABETES

TSU PATIENT CENTERED CARE COLLABORATION TO IMPROVE MINORITY HEALTH (PCCC) INITIATIVE

Date	:	
Parti	cipant na	ame (Last name, First initial):
Clien	t ID #:_	
Phari	macist C	Conducting Post-Intervention Home Visit:
Post-	Interven	ition Home Visit Date:
Sect	ion I. P	articipant Demographics
Phar	macist	Step #1: Introduction and collect baseline information.
1.	Hemog	lobin A1C screening:
	_	
2.	Wt: <u></u>	 lbs.
3.	Ht: <u> </u>	_ - _ eet inches
4.	How lo	ng have you had diabetes?
5.	What is	\$ your current household income per year? \$ \$0 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 or more

Section II. Diabetes Knowledge

Pharmacist Step #2: Ask the participant the following questions and mark their answers.

1.	People with diabetes have a higher risk for heart disease and stroke, compared with people who do not have diabetes.
	True False
2.	Warning signs of eye problems include which of the following:
	Having double vision Seeing floating spots Having trouble seeing All of the above
3.	You can help lower your risk for kidney problems by making the efforts to reach your targeted blood glucose level and blood pressure level.
	True False
4.	Exercise can lower your blood glucose levels.
	True False
5.	Carbohydrate counting is a method that helps you know what to eat and how much to eat.
	True False
6.	These foods are high in carbohydrates
	Bread, biscuits, cornbread, tortillas, and crackersCorn, peas, potatoes, and sweet potatoesAll of the above are correct

7.	The A1C check:
	 Tells you what your blood glucose has been over the last two to three months Tells you how well your diabetes treatment plan is working All of the above are correct
8.	If your A1C is 7 or higher:
	You may need a change in your treatment plan Your diabetes plan is working well All of the above are correct
9.	Blood glucose is too high when it is:
	Higher than 130 before meals 180 and higher 2 hours after meals All of the above are correct
10.	Blood glucose is too low when it's below 70.
	True False
Secti	on III. Medication Use and Adherence
OR parti	nacist Step #3: Review the medications that the participant has nas been prescribed. Create a medication chart with the sipant. Fill out attached Appendix A Medication List with the sipant.
Quest	ons to ask:
	What medication are you taking including OTC and dietary supplement?
	Why are you taking the medication?

■ Do you have any special instructions for this medication?

When do you take this medication?

When was your last dose?

11. Medication History:

Medication (Name/Strength)	Purpose	Schedule	Date of Last Dose	Special Instructions
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
13.				
14.				
15.				
16.				

Diabetes

12.	How often have you forgotten to take your medicine for diabetes in the past week?				
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never				

13.	How often do you stop taking your medicine for diabetes because you were careless?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never
14.	How often do you stop taking/injecting your medicine for diabetes because you feel better?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never
15.	How often do you stop taking your medicine for diabetes when you experience side effects?
	Always Very Often Sometimes Rarely Never
16.	Please find the statement that best describes the way you feel right now about taking your diabetes medication as directed.
	 A. No, I do not take and right now am not considering taking my diabetes medication as directed. (Precontemplation) B. No, I do not take but right now am considering taking my diabetes medication as directed. (Contemplation) C. No, I do not take but am planning to start taking my diabetes medication as directed. (Preparation) D. Yes, right now I consistently take my diabetes medication as
	directed.

17. If the answer to question 16 is D, then ask: How long have you been taking your diabetes medication as directed? A. ≤3 months B. >3 months to 6 months C. >6 months to 12 months D. >12 months Section IV. Pharmacist Step #4: Pharmacist Assessment If the answer to question 16 is D and the answer to question 17 is A or B, then the stage of change is action. If the answer to question 16 is D and the answer to question 17 is C or D, then the stage of change is maintenance. Check the most appropriate stage according to the readiness to change: Precontemplati Contemplati Prepar Actio Maintenan Area/Stage on on <u>e</u> n ce Adhere to medication..... Hemoglobin A1C goal is: | // | Today hemoglobin A1C is / is not (circle one) at goal. Assessment Notes:

Section V. Pharmacist Step #5: Participant Satisfactory Survey

Pharmacist Step #5: Ask the participant the following survey questions and mark their answers.

The statements below describe attitudes and beliefs you may have about the health program you participated in and about your health condition(s): diabetes, hypertension, or being overweight. Please rate how much you agree or disagree with each one by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

StronglySomewhat Somewhat Strongly disagreedisagreeNeutral agree agree

	·	
1.	I learned new information that helped me to better manage my health condition	
2.	I received useful information from this program	
3.	I am putting what I learned from this program into practice	
4.	I see positive changes in myself already from being in this program	
5.	I am doing something to improve my health condition	
6.	It is very important to take care of your health	
7.	I'm ready to improve my health	
8.	What was important to you about this program? a. Information was easy to understand	

b.	Materials were easy to use	
C.	Materials were written in my language	
d.	The classes were taught by a trained professional (community health worker, health educator, pharmacist)	
e.	The person who talked with me spoke in my language	
f.	The curriculum took my cultural practices into consideration	
g.	Someone called me to follow- up on what I learned and reminded me of what I should do to manage my	
	health	
h.	Group classes	
i.	One-on-one sessions at my home	

The statements below describe attitudes and beliefs you may have about the best ways for you to learn about your health condition(s): diabetes, hypertension, or being overweight. Please rate how much you agree or disagree with each one by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

9. The best way for me to learn about my health condition is from a:

		StronglySomewhat Strongly	Somewha	t
		<u>disagreedisagreeNeut</u>	<u>ral</u> <u>agree</u>	<u>agree</u>
a.	Brochure or pamphlet	🔲		
b.	Direct mail			
C.	Toolkit of materials			
	with a CD			
d.	Email			
e.	Telephone text			
	message	🔲		
f.	Facebook posting			
g.	Webinar			
h.	Group classes	🔲		
i.	One-on-one sessions at			
	my home			

Please rate how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with these statements about this program by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

		Very dissatisfiedDissatisfied Satisfied satisfied	<u>Neutral</u>	Very
10.	How satisfied are you that what you learned helps you to make good decisions about improving your health?	🔲		
11.	Overall, how satisfied are you with the program?			

SERVICE DELIVERY FORM TSU PATIENT CENTERED CARE COLLABORATION TO IMPROVE MINORITY HEALTH (PCCC) INITIATIVE

Directions: Complete this form at the end of post-intervention home visit. Pharmacist will send the completed form to the program coordinator.

Participant Name:

Pharmacist Name:		
Post-Intervention Visit Date:		
Participant Signature	Date	
Pharmacist Signature	Date	

POST INTERVENTION FOLLOW-UP FORM: HYPERTENSION AND DIABETES

TSU PATIENT CENTERED CARE COLLABORATION TO IMPROVE MINORITY HEALTH (PCCC) INITIATIVE

Date:		
Partic	ipant ı	name (Last name, First initial):
Client	: ID #:	
Pharn	nacist	Conducting Post-Intervention Home Visit:
Post-I	nterve	ention Home Visit Date:
		Participant Demographics
		t Step #1: Introduction and collect baseline information.
1.	нето	globin A1C screening:
2.	Blood	pressure screening:
3.	Wt:	_ _ Ibs.
4.	Ht:	- _ feet inches
5.	How I	ong have you been diagnosed with high blood pressure?
6.	How I	ong have you had diabetes?

7.	What is your current household income per year?
	\$0 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 or more
Sect	tion II. Knowledge Survey
	rmacist Step #2: Ask the participant the following questions and k their answers.
Нур	ertension
1.	If someone's blood pressure is 120/80, it is
	High Low Normal Don't know
2.	If someone's blood pressure is 160/100, it is
	High Low Normal Don't know
3.	Once someone has high blood pressure, it usually lasts for
	A few years 5-10 years The rest of their life Don't know
4.	People with high blood pressure should take their medicine
	EverydayAt least a few times a weekOnly when they feel sick

5.	Losing weight usually makes blood pressure
	Go up Go down Stay the same
6.	Eating less salt usually makes blood pressure
	Go up Go down Stay the same
7.	High blood pressure can cause heart attacks.
	Yes No Don't know
8.	High blood pressure can cause cancer.
	Yes No Don't know
9.	High blood pressure can cause kidney problems.
	Yes No Don't know
10.	High blood pressure can cause strokes.
	Yes No Don't know

Diak	petes
11.	People with diabetes have a higher risk for heart disease and stroke compared with people who do not have diabetes.
	True False

12.	Warning signs of eye problems include which of the following:
	Having double vision Seeing floating spots Having trouble seeing All of the above
13.	You can help lower your risk for kidney problems by making the efforts to reach your targeted blood glucose level and blood pressure level. True
	False
14.	Exercise can lower your blood glucose levels.
	☐ True ☐ False
15.	Carbohydrate counting is a method that helps you know what to eat and how much to eat.
	True False
16.	These foods are high in carbohydrates
	Bread, biscuits, cornbread, tortillas, and crackersCorn, peas, potatoes, and sweet potatoesAll of the above are correct
17.	The A1C check:
	 Tells you what your blood glucose has been over the last two to three months Tells you how well your diabetes treatment plan is working All of the above are correct

18.	If your A1C is 7 or higher:
	You may need a change in your treatment plan Your diabetes plan is working well All of the above are correct
19.	Blood glucose is too high when it is:
	Higher than 130 before meals 180 and higher 2 hours after meals All of the above are correct
20.	Blood glucose is too low when it's below 70.
	True False

Section III. Medication Use and Adherence

Pharmacist Step #3: Review the medications that the participant has OR has been prescribed. Create a medication chart with the participant. Fill out attached Appendix A Medication List with the participant.

Questions to ask:

- What medication are you taking including OTC and dietary supplement?
- Why are you taking the medication?
- When do you take this medication?
- When was your last dose?
- Do you have any special instructions for this medication?

21. Medication History:

Purpose		Special Instructions

22. Medication Adherence

Ну	pertension	<u>Always</u>	Very <u>OftenSometimesRarely</u>	<u>Never</u>
	How often have you forgotten to take your medicine for blood pressure in the past week?			
D.	How often do you stop taking your medicine for high blood pressure because you were careless?			
C.	How often do you stop taking your blood pressure medicine because you feel better?			
d.	How often do you stop taking your medicine for blood pressure when you experience side effects?			
Di	abetes			
a.	How often have you forgotten to take your medicine for diabetes in the past week?	· 🔲		

	b.	taking your medicine for diabetes because you were careless?	
		How often do you stop taking/injecting your medicine for diabetes because you feel better?	
Нуре	ertensior	1	
23.		nd the statement that best king your high blood pressur	describes the way you feel right now re medication as directed.
		high blood pressure medica No, I do not take but right in blood pressure medication	now am not considering taking my ation as directed. (Precontemplation) now am considering taking my high as directed. (Contemplation) anning to start taking my high blood

24. If the answer to question 13 is D, then ask: How long have you been taking your high blood pressure medication as directed?

pressure medication as directed. (Preparation)

D. Yes, right now I consistently take my high blood pressure

A. ≤3 months

- B. >3 months to 6 months
- C. >6 months to 12 months

medication as directed.

D. >12 months

Diabetes

- 25. Please find the statement that best describes the way you feel right now about taking your diabetes medication as directed.
 - A. No, I do not take and right now am not considering taking my diabetes medication as directed. (Precontemplation)
 - B. No, I do not take but right now am considering taking my diabetes medication as directed. (Contemplation)
 - C. No, I do not take but am planning to start taking my diabetes medication as directed. (Preparation)
 - D. Yes, right now I consistently take my diabetes medication as directed.
- 26. If the answer to question 15 is D, then ask: How long have you been taking your diabetes medication as directed?
 - A. ≤ 3 months
 - B. >3 months to 6 months
 - C. >6 months to 12 months
 - D. >12 months

Pharmacist will complete.

Section IV. Pharmacist Step #4: Pharmacist Assessment

Hypertension

If the answer to question 23 is D and the answer to question 24 is A or B, then the stage of change is action. If the answer to question 23 is D and the answer to question 24 is C or D, then the stage of change is maintenance.

Diabetes

If the answer to question 25 is D and the answer to question 26 is A or B, then the stage of change is action. If the answer to question 25 is D and the answer to question 26 is C or D, then the stage of change is maintenance.

Check the most appropriate stage according to the readiness to change:

Area/Stage	<u>Precontemplati</u>		_		
Hypertension	<u>on</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>e</u>	<u>n</u>	<u>ce</u>
Adhere to hypertension medication					
Diabetes					
Adhere to diabetes medication					
Blood pressure goal is:	/	_l			
Today blood pressure is /	is not (circle one	e) at goal.			
Hemoglobin A1C goal is:	/				
Today hemoglobin A1C is	/ is not (circle o	ne) at goal.			
Assessment Notes:					

Section V. Pharmacist Step #5: Participant Satisfactory Survey

Pharmacist Step #5: Ask the participant the following survey questions and mark their answers in the appropriate column.

The statements below describe attitudes and beliefs you may have about the health program you participated in and about your health condition(s): diabetes, hypertension, or being overweight. Please rate how much you agree or disagree with each one by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

StronglySomewhat Somewhat Strongly disagreedisagreeNeutral agree agree

1.	I learned new information that helped me to better manage my health condition	
2.	I received useful information from this program	
3.	I am putting what I learned from this program into practice	
4.	I see positive changes in myself already from being in this program	
5.	I am doing something to improve my health condition	
6.	It is very important to take care of your health	
7.	I'm ready to improve my health	
8.	What was important to you about this program?	

a.	Information was easy to understand	
b.		
C.	Materials were written in my language	
d.	The classes were taught by a trained professional (community health worker, health educator, pharmacist)	
e.	The person who talked with me spoke in my language	
f.	The curriculum took my cultural practices into consideration	
g.	Someone called me to follow- up on what I learned and reminded me of what I should do to manage my health	
h.	Group classes	
i.	One-on-one sessions at my home	

The statements below describe attitudes and beliefs you may have about the best ways for you to learn about your health condition(s): diabetes, hypertension, or being overweight. Please rate how much you agree or disagree with each one by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

StronglySomewhat

Somewhat

9. The best way for me to learn about my health condition is from a:

		Strongly <u>disagreedisagreeNeutral</u> <u>agree</u>	<u>agree</u>
a.	Brochure or pamphlet	🔲	
b.	Direct mail		
C.	Toolkit of materials with a CD.		
d.	Email	🗎	
e.	Telephone text message		
f.	Facebook posting		
g.	Webinar		
h.	Group classes		
i.	One-on-one sessions at my home		

Please rate how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with these statements about this program by placing a check mark in the appropriate box.

		Very <u>dissatisfiedDissatisfied</u> <u>Satisfied</u> <u>satisfied</u>	<u>Neutral</u>	Very
10.	How satisfied are you that what you learned helps you to make good decisions about improving your health?			
11.	Overall, how satisfied are you with the program?			

SERVICE DELIVERY FORM TSU PATIENT CENTERED CARE COLLABORATION TO IMPROVE MINORITY HEALTH (PCCC) INITIATIVE

Directions: Complete this form at the end of post-intervention home visit. Pharmacist will send the completed form to the program coordinator.

Participant Name:	
Pharmacist Name:	
Post-Intervention Visit Date:	
Participant Signature	Date
Pharmacist Signature	Date