

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying a Blackboard Learn course page. The browser's address bar shows the URL: https://classes.uaa.alaska.edu/webapps/portal/frameset.jsp?tab_tab_group_id=2_1&url=%2Fwebapps%2Fblackboard%2Fexecute%2Fflaun. The page title is "Preview Survey: Course 2 FASD Knowledge Test".

The course navigation menu on the left includes: Sp 2012, PSY_A690_252_40149, Start Here, Announcements, Syllabus, Weekly Course Materials, Assignments, Discussion Board, Grades, FASD Resources, UAA Resources, Instructor Info, Course Evaluation, Tools, Help, COURSE MANAGEMENT, and Control Panel. The Control Panel includes: Files, Course Tools, Evaluation, Grade Center, Users and Groups, Customization, Packages and Utilities, and Help.

The main content area is titled "Preview Survey: Course 2 FASD Knowledge Test". It contains the following information:

- Description:** For each item, please choose the response that best completes the sentence or answers the question.
- Instructions:** For each item, please choose the response that best completes the sentence or answers the question.
- Multiple Attempts:** Not allowed. This Survey can only be taken once.
- Force Completion:** This Survey can be saved and resumed later.
- Question Completion Status:** (Collapsed)
- Save All Answers** and **Save and Submit** buttons.

Question 1: Scientific studies of the effects of alcohol on the fetus have shown that:

- a. Alcohol has no effect on the development of the fetus in the third trimester.
- b. Alcohol can only affect fetal development in the first trimester.
- c. A small to moderate amount of alcohol is safest during the second trimester.
- d. Of all different types of alcohol, wine is the safest for a pregnant woman to consume.
- e. None of the above is correct.

Question 2: Although specific deficits experienced by individuals with an FASD vary widely, behavioral deficits are likely to include which of the following:

- a. memory problems, underactivity, and self-injurious behavior
- b. inattention, memory problems, and hyperactivity
- c. particular mannerisms, hoarding, and memory problems.
- d. emotion regulation, weight loss, fatigue, and irritability
- e. auditory hallucinations, disorganized speech, and flat affect

Question 3: (Title visible, content not fully shown)

The Windows taskbar at the bottom shows the time as 2:51 PM on 2/28/2012.

The public reporting burden of this collection of information is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to - CDC/ATSDR Reports Clearance Officer; 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS D-74, Atlanta, Georgia 30333 ATTN: PRA (XXXX-XXXX)

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Question Completion Status:

- e. auditory hallucinations, disorganized speech, and flat affect

Question 3 Save Answer

Which of the following include all three facial abnormalities associated with fetal alcohol syndrome?

- a. Low set ears, large palpebral fissures, large forehead
- b. Small palpebral fissures, smooth philtrum, thin upper lip
- c. Large palpebral fissures, smooth philtrum, thin upper lip
- d. Large forehead, flattened cheeks, small palpebral fissures
- e. Thin upper lip, distinct philtrum, ectropion

Question 4 Save Answer

Which of the following is NOT required to confirm a diagnosis of fetal alcohol syndrome (FAS)?

- a. Facial dysmorphia
- b. Growth retardation
- c. Central nervous system abnormalities
- d. Documentation of prenatal alcohol exposure
- e. All of the above are required for a diagnosis of FAS

Question 5 Save Answer

A variety of strategies have been found to be effective when working with individuals with an FASD. Which one of the following may not be as effective?

- a. Concise, explicit instructions
- b. Stable routines
- c. Social cues
- d. Visual aids
- e. Repetition

Question 6 Save Answer

Which of the following cellular responses are affected by alcohol exposure during fetal development?

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Question Completion Status:

Question 6 Save Answer

Which of the following cellular responses are affected by alcohol exposure during fetal development?

- a. Cytokinesis, binary fission, mitosis, telophase, deletion
- b. Interphase, prophase, prometaphase, telophase
- c. Neurogenesis, differentiation, migration, synaptogenesis, apoptosis
- d. Protein synthesis, mitosis, transcription, translation
- e. All of the above

Question 7 Save Answer

How is the University of Washington 4-Digit Diagnostic Code System used to identify an FASD?

- a. A physician diagnoses based on medical history and anthropomorphic measurements.
- b. A multidisciplinary team diagnoses based on the individual's dysmorphic features, growth parameters, and neurodevelopmental functioning.
- c. A neurologist diagnoses based on MRI results.
- d. Either a physician or psychologist diagnosis based on evidence of prenatal alcohol exposure.
- e. A psychologist diagnoses based on results from a battery of neuropsychological tests.

Question 8 Save Answer

Growth deficit, central nervous system abnormalities, and a specific set of craniofacial features are all necessary for a diagnosis of which of the following conditions:

- a. Fetal alcohol syndrome
- b. Fetal alcohol spectrum disorder
- c. Alcohol-related neurodevelopmental disorder
- d. Fetal alcohol effects
- e. Static encephalopathy/alcohol exposed

Question 9 Save Answer

Which of the following best describes common impairments of the central nervous system among individuals who experience FASDs?

- a. Abstract reasoning, eye-to-eye gaze, body postures, repetitive motor mannerisms

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growth activity, central nervous system abnormalities, and a specific set of biomolecular features are all necessary for a diagnosis of which of the following conditions?

Question Completion Status:

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- c. Alcohol-related neurodevelopmental disorder
- d. Fetal alcohol effects
- e. Static encephalopathy/alcohol exposed

Question 9 Save Answer

Which of the following best describes common impairments of the central nervous system among individuals who experience FASDs?

- a. Abstract reasoning, eye-to-eye gaze, body postures, repetitive motor mannerisms
- b. Poor organization, trouble with transitions, visual-spatial deficits, clumsiness
- c. Hypervigilance, concentration, smooth handwriting, developmental milestone achievement
- d. Verbal ability, underactivity, capacity to self-monitor, appreciation of nonverbal cues
- e. All of the above

Question 10 Save Answer

When caring for an individual with a known FASD, it is helpful to consider _____ rather than _____ in order to understand ability and behavior.

- a. Developmental age; chronological age
- b. Strengths; weaknesses
- c. Protective factors; risk factors
- d. Environment; mood
- e. Chronological; adaptive

Question 11 Save Answer

Which of the following is NOT correct?
Persons with an FASD....

- a. May experience problems in school and getting along with other children.
- b. Do not typically need support and services to live and work independently.
- c. Can benefit from obtaining an early diagnosis.
- d. May need support and services throughout their lives.
- e. May be an increased risk for victimization and high risk behaviors.

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Question Completion Status:

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- d. May need support and services throughout their lives.
- e. May be an an increased risk for victimization and high risk behaviors.

Question 12 Save Answer

Which of the following are considered protective factors against secondary disabilities associated with FASDs?

- a. Living in a stable and nurturing home environment.
- b. Early diagnosis (before 6 years of age)
- c. Consistency in caregivers
- d. Eligibility for social and educational services
- e. All of the above

Save and Submit

Save All Answers Save and Submit

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