**Attachment 3**

**Goals/Objectives Table**

**Hepatitis Testing and Linkage to Care (HEPTLC): “Early Identification and Linkage to Care for Persons with Chronic HBC and HCV infections”**

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| **Category A: Testing and Referral of Persons who are Chronically Infected with HBV** | | |
| **Goals** | | **Objectives** |
| Increase the proportion of persons among highly affected populations living with chronic HBV infection who are aware of their of their infection:   * Persons born in countries with intermediate or high rate of HBV infection | | * Within the project year, conduct approximately 1,000- 4,000 (depending on funding Tier) HBV tests per awardee, to identify chronic HBV-infected persons (Hepatitis B surface antigen and Hepatitis core antibody) who were previously not aware of their infection * A minimum of 85% of persons who test positive for hepatitis B receive their test results * At least 85% of persons tested for hepatitis B have their risk factors documented including country of birth * At least 85% of cases identified during the project period are reported to surveillance within 6 months of diagnosis date |
| Increase the proportion of persons who tested positive for hepatitis B receive prevention counseling and are linked to care treatment and prevention services | | * A minimum of 75% of persons who test positive for hepatitis B receive post-test counseling * A minimum of 75% of persons who test positive for hepatitis B are linked to care, treatment, and preventive services |
| **Category B: Testing for HCV Infection and Enhancing Linkage to Care for Persons HCV** | | |
| **Goals** | **Objectives** | |
| Increase the proportion of persons among highly-affected populations living with chronic HCV infection who are aware of their of their infection:   * Persons Who Inject Drugs (PWIDs) and persons who use non-injection opiates * Persons born from 1945 through 1965 | * Within the project year, conduct 1,000 to 4,000 HCV tests per awardee (depending on funding Tier) to identify HCV-infected persons (Hepatitis C antibody and Hepatitis RNA) who were previously not aware of their infection * A minimum of 85% of persons who are found to be HCV antibody positive are tested for HCV RNA * A minimum of 85% of persons who test positive for HCV RNA receive their test results * Obtain risk factor data for at least of 85% of persons tested for hepatitis C antibody * At least 85% of cases identified during the project period are reported to surveillance within 6 months of diagnosis date | |
| Increase the proportion of persons who test RNA positive for hepatitis C who receive prevention counseling and are linked to care treatment and prevention services | * A minimum of 75% of persons who test positive for HCV RNA receive post-test counseling * A minimum of 75% of persons who test positive for hepatitis C RNA are linked to care, treatment, and preventive services * A minimum of 15% of persons who test positive for HCV RNA begin antiviral therapy (All CHC settings) | |
| Increase the proportion of newly diagnosed persons who receive antiviral therapy within CHC ECHO settings | * A minimum of 50% of physicians and other clinical staff providing care for persons with HCV will participate in training sessions and case presentations * At least 100 cases of HCV will be presented in training sessions over the project year * Based on the presentation and consultation, at least 75% of persons presented for case conference will have their care management updated including a decision to begin or defer HCV therapy * A minimum of 20% of persons presented for case conference will begin antiviral therapy | |