Supporting Statement for Paperwork Reduction Act Submission

Application for Procurement Quota for Controlled Substances and Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, and Phenylpropanolamine

OMB Approval Number 1117-0008

(DEA- Form 250)

Part A. Justification

1. Necessity of Information:

Title 21, United States Code (U.S.C.), Section 826, and Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), §§ 1303.12(b) and 1315.32 require that United States companies who desire to use any basic class of controlled substances listed in Schedule I or II or the List I chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine for purposes of manufacturing during the next calendar year shall apply on DEA Form 250 for a procurement quota for such class. DEA is required by statute (21 U.S.C. 826(c)) to limit the production of Schedule I and II controlled substances and ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine to the amounts necessary to meet "the estimated legitimate medical, scientific, research and industrial needs of the United States, for lawful export requirements, and for the establishment and maintenance of reserve stocks."

2. Needs and Uses:

DEA uses DEA Form 250, Application for Procurement Quota for Controlled Substances and ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine, to determine the estimated legitimate need for Schedule I and II controlled substances and ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine and to establish quotas for United States companies manufacturing these products. United States companies involved in manufacturing Schedule I and II controlled substance products and ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine must apply on DEA Form 250 each year for assignment of their individual quota.

3. Use of Technology:

Respondents are assumed to submit their Form 250 to DEA via the online web application on the DEA Diversion website: <http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov>.

4. Efforts to Identify Duplication:

Quotas are unique to DEA, therefore there is no duplication of information requested as part of DEA Form 250, Application for Procurement Quota for Controlled Substances and ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine.

5. Methods to Minimize Burden on Small Businesses:

This collection does not have a significant economic impact upon small entities within the meaning and intent of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, et seq.

6. Consequences of Less Frequent Collection:

If the collection is not conducted or conducted less frequently, DEA would not have sufficient data to set production quotas and would be unable to determine the amounts necessary to meet the estimated medical, scientific, research, and industrial needs of the United States, for lawful export requirements, and for the establishment and maintenance of reserve stocks. The Controlled Substances Act requires DEA to set annual production limits for controlled substances and for ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine, a requirement which must be satisfied through the use of quotas.

7. Special Circumstances Influencing Collection:

None of the circumstances in Item 7 apply to this collection.

8. Reasons for Inconsistencies with 5 CFR 1320.6:

DEA establishes and participates in training seminars, industry meetings, and conferences, with the regulated industry (manufacturers of controlled substances and listed chemicals). These meetings are held regularly and provide an open forum to discuss matters of mutual concern, including quota application procedures, with industry representatives. DEA also provides consultation with industry respondents on an individual basis if needed.

DEA did not receive any comments concerning this collection.

9. Payment or Gift to Claimants:

There are no such gifts or payments to respondents.

10. Assurance of Confidentiality:

Information requested in this collection may be considered confidential business information. DEA has procedures in place to protect this information, including secure storage, limited access, and protection against release pursuant to laws, regulations and agency procedures.

11. Justification for Sensitive Questions:

This collection does not include questions of a sensitive nature.

12. Estimate of Hour Burden:

Respondents complete DEA Form 250, Application for Procurement Quota for Controlled Substances and Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, and Phenylpropanolamine, annually. A respondent may submit multiple responses.

DEA Form 250:

***Schedule I and II controlled substances:***

Number of Respondents: 263

Frequency of Response: Annually

Total annual responses: 2,373

Average time per response: 30 minutes

Total annual burden: 1,186.5 hours

***List I chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine:***

Number of respondents: 156

Frequency of Response: Annually

Total annual responses: 343

Average time per response: 30 minutes

Total annual burden: 171.5 hours

**Total number of respondents: 419**

**Total number of responses: 2,716**

**Combined Annual Public Burden: 1,358 hours**

Cost to respondents:

Number of Responses x Time per Response x $68.36 per hour = Total Industry Labor Costs

2,716 x 1/2 hour x $68.36 = $92,833

All wage rates are based on the BLS OES Industry-Specific Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for the Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing Industry, May 2011. The wages are adjusted for fringe at 44 percent of wages based on Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, BLS March 2010 and overhead rate of 56 percent

13. Estimate of Cost Burden:

Respondents are assumed to submit their Form 189 to DEA via the online web application on the DEA Diversion website: <http://www.deadiversion.usdoj.gov>, therefore there are no shipping costs associated with this information collection.

14. Estimated Annualized Costs to Federal Government:

Personnel Salaries:

***Analysis of quota information (Schedule I and II controlled substances):***

4 Drug Science Specialists – GS-601-12/14 (69% of time)  $ 356,474

1 Supervisory Physical Scientist - GS-1301-14 (42% of time) $64,102

1 Diversion Investigators/Staff Coordinators – GS-1801 (50% of time)$ 76,312

1 Supervisory Physical Scientist - GS-1301-15 (5% of time) $8,977

2 Secretaries - GS-318 (55% of time) $ 67,356

1 Diversion Investigator/Unit Chief – GS-1801-14 (38% of time)$ 57,997

1 Diversion Investigator/Executive Assistant – GS-1801-15  (5% of time)$ 8,977

Total: $640,195

***Analysis of quota information (List I chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine):***

4 Drug Science Specialists – GS-601-12/14 (10% of time)  $ 51,663

1 Supervisory Physical Scientist - GS-1301-14 (6% of time) $9,157

4 Diversion Investigator/Staff Coordinator – GS-1801 (14% of time)$ 85,470

1 Supervisory Physical Scientist - GS-1301-15 (5% of time) $8,977

2 Secretaries - GS-318 (9% of time)  $ 11,022

1 Diversion Investigator/Unit Chief – GS-1801-14 (11% of time)$16,789

1 Diversion Investigator/Executive Assistant – GS-1801-15  (1% of time)$ 1,795

Total: $184,873

**Grand total: $825,068**

There is no actual cost to the Government for this activity as all costs are recovered from registrants through registration fees, as required by the Department of Justice and Related Agencies Appropriations Act of 1991.

15. Reasons for Change in Burden:

There have been no program changes. There was actually an increase in responses, but a decrease in burden due to the information being submitted on-line rather than filled out and mailed.

16. Plans for Publication:

There are no plans to publish the information collected.

17. Expiration Date Approval:

As an administrative burden would be created if DEA was required to replace expired forms when no substantive information regarding the form had changed, DEA is seeking approval to not display the expiration date for OMB approval of the information collected.

18. Exceptions to the Certification Statement:

There are no exceptions to the certification statement.

Part B. Statistical Methods

The Drug Enforcement Administration does not employ statistical methods in this information collection.