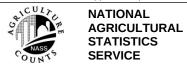


## WEEKLY CROP-WEATHER REPORT



Minnesota Field Office

Please Report as of Sunday, August 7th

P.O. Box 7068 St. Paul, MN 55107 Phone 1-800-453-7502, Fax 1-800-839-2186 nass-mn@nass.usda.gov

Under Title 7 of the U.S. Code and CIPSEA (Public Law 107-347), data you report are kept **confidential** and used only for statistical purposes in combination with similar reports from other respondents. Response is **voluntary**. We appreciate your assistance.

August 1, 2011

Dear Reporter:

Please supply your best appraisal of current farm activities and field conditions in your county as of **Sunday**, **August 7**<sup>th</sup> and submit your response before 10am **Monday**, **August 8**<sup>th</sup>.

**HOW TO SUBMIT** 

Web: http://cpcsweb.nass.usda.gov

**Fax:** 800-839-2186

## Tips:

Enter a number for each stage of development. If the entire corn acreage has reached the silking stage or beyond, enter "100%".

MILK Stage – Begins 18 to 22 days after silking and kernels have blistered. Kernels are filled with milky fluid. Kernel moisture content is approximately 80 to 85 percent.

## **Small Grains:**

**RIPENING** 

The question for ripening should be interpreted as follows:

What percent of the crop has reached the Ripening stage or "beyond"? The "beyond" is intended to include the harvested portion of all ripened grain.

For assistance contact Emily Jerve at 1-800-453-7502.

Thank you for your participation!

Sincerely,

Douglas a. Hartwg
Douglas Hartwig, Director

CO	М	M	Εľ	V	S

(Include	observa	itions	on	mo	isture
supplies,	field	cond	ditions	s,	work
activities,					
,					,

1. NUMBER OF DAYS SUITABLE FOR FIELDWORK: (010) Days								
2. SOIL MOISTURE SUPPLIES: The sum for topsoil must = 100%								
	Very Short	Short	Adeq	uate	Surplus			
Topsoil (	011)%	(012)	_% (013)	%	(014)%			
3. GENERAL	CONDITIONS	S (Each cron in	this section mu	ıst = 100%)				
J. OLNLINAL	Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent			
Pasture	(300)	(301)	(302)	(303)	(304)			
Soybeans	(130)	(131)	(132)	(133)	(134)			
Field Corn	(100)	(101)	(102)	(103)	(104)			
Oats	(360)	(361)	(362)	(363)	(364)			
Barley	(330)	(331)	(332)	(333)	(334)			
Spring Wheat	(280)	(281)	(282)	(283)	(284)			
Sugarbeets	(200)	(201)	(202)	(203)	(204)			
Potatoes	(490)	(491)	(492)	(493)	(494)			
Canola	(850)	(851)	(852)	(853)	(854)			
Dry Beans	(450)	(451)	(452)	(453)	(454)			
Sunflowers	(430)	(431)	(432)	(433)	(434)			
NOTE: If the crop is not grown in your area, LEAVE THE ITEM BLANK, or enter "NG". If								
the crop has no					chief NO. II			
4. SMALL GRAINS Rip		pening	Harvested					
Spring Wheat	(290)	%	(288)	%				
Oats	(370)	%	(368)	%				
Barley	(340)	%	(338)	%				
5. ROW CROI	PS S	ilking	Milk		Dough			
Field Corn	(106)	%	(114)	% (	107)%			
	Blo	ooming	Setting Po	ods				
Soybeans	(136) _	%	(137)	%				
6. OTHER CROPS Blooming Setting Pods Fully Podded								
Dry Edible Be	ans (438) _	%	(439)	% (44	40)%			
Harvested								
Sweet Corn	(516)	%						
Potatoes	(496) _	%						

Canola

(861) \_\_\_\_\_

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB number is 0535-0002. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.