Sec. 204. [8 U.S.C. 1154]

(a) (1) (A) (i) [**4a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1697) Except as provided in clause (viii), any citizen of the United States claiming that an alien is entitled to classification by reason of a relationship described in paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of section [**203(a)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1339) or to an immediate relative status under section [**201(b)(2)(A)(i)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-913.html#0-0-0-699) may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

(ii) An alien spouse described in the second sentence of section [**201(b)(2)(A)(i)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-913.html#0-0-0-699) also may file a petition with the Attorney General under this subparagraph for classification of the alien (and the alien's children) under such section.

(iii) [**4/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1699) (I) An alien who is described in subclause (II) may file a petition with the Attorney General under this clause for classification of the alien (and any child of the alien) if the alien demonstrates to the Attorney General that--

(aa) the marriage or the intent to marry the United States citizen was entered into in good faith by the alien; and

(bb) during the marriage or relationship intended by the alien to be legally a marriage, the alien or a child of the alien has been battered or has been the subject of extreme cruelty perpetrated by the alien's spouse or intended spouse.

(II) For purposes of subclause (I), an alien described in this subclause is an alien--

(aa)(AA) who is the spouse of a citizen of the United States;

(BB) who believed that he or she had married a citizen of the United States and with whom a marriage ceremony was actually performed and who otherwise meets any applicable requirements under this Act to establish the existence of and bona fides of a marriage, but whose marriage is not legitimate solely because of the bigamy of such citizen of the United States; or

(CC) who was a bona fide spouse of a United States citizen within the past 2 years and--

(aaa) whose spouse died within the past 2 years;

(bbb) whose spouse lost or renounced citizenship status within the past 2 years related to an incident of domestic violence; or

(ccc) who demonstrates a connection between the legal termination of the marriage within the past 2 years and battering or extreme cruelty by the United States citizen spouse;

(bb) who is a person of good moral character;

(cc) who is eligible to be classified as an immediate relative under section [**201(b)(2)(A)(i)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-913.html#0-0-0-699) or who would have been so classified but for the bigamy of the citizen of the United States that the alien intended to marry; and

(dd) who has resided with the alien's spouse or intended spouse.

(iv) [**5/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1713) An alien who is the child of a citizen of the United States, or who was a child of a United States citizen parent who within the past 2 years lost or renounced citizenship status related to an incident of domestic violence, and who is a person of good moral character, who is eligible to be classified as an immediate relative under section [**201(b)(2)(A)(i)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-913.html#0-0-0-699) , and who resides, or has resided in the past, with the citizen parent may file a petition with the Attorney General under this subparagraph for classification of the alien (and any child of the alien) under such section if the alien demonstrates to the Attorney General that the alien has been battered by or has been the subject of extreme cruelty perpetrated by the alien's citizen parent. For purposes of this clause, residence includes any period of visitation.

(v) [**6/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1717) An alien who--

(I) is the spouse, intended spouse, or child living abroad of a citizen who--

(aa) is an employee of the United States Government;

(bb) is a member of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code); or

(cc) has subjected the alien or the alien's child to battery or extreme cruelty in the United States; and

(II) is eligible to file a petition under clause (iii) or (iv), shall file such petition with the Attorney General under the procedures that apply to self-petitioners under clause (iii) or (iv), as applicable.

(vi) [**6a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1719) For the purposes of any petition filed under clause (iii) or (iv), the denaturalization, loss or renunciation of citizenship, death of the abuser, divorce, or changes to the abuser's citizenship status after filing of the petition shall not adversely affect the approval of the petition, and for approved petitions shall not preclude the classification of the eligible self- petitioning spouse or child as an immediate relative or affect the alien's ability to adjust status under subsections (a) and (c) of sec tion [**245**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-7417.html#0-0-0-274) or obtain status as a lawful permanent resident based on the approved self-petition under such clauses.

(vii) [**6ab/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1723) An alien may file a petition with the Secretary of Homeland Security under this subparagraph for classification of the alien under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) if the alien--

(I) is the parent of a citizen of the United States or was a parent of a citizen of the United States who, within the past 2 years, lost or renounced citizenship status related to an incident of domestic violence or died;

(II) is a person of good moral character;

(III) is eligible to be classified as an immediate relative under section [**201(b)(2)(A)(i)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-913.html#0-0-0-699) ;

(IV) resides, or has resided, with the citizen daughter or son; and

(V) demonstrates that the alien has been battered or subject to extreme cruelty by the citizen daughter or son.

(viii) [**4a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1697) (I) Clause (i) shall not apply to a citizen of the United States who has been convicted of a specified offense against a minor, unless the Secretary of Homeland Security, in the Secretary's sole and unreviewable discretion, determines that the citizen poses no risk to the alien with respect to whom a petition described in clause (i) is filed.

(II) For purposes of subclause (I), the term “specified offense against a minor” is defined as in section 111 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006.

(B) (i) (I) Except as provided in subclause (II), any alien [**7a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1729) lawfully admitted for permanent residence claiming that an alien is entitled to a classification by reason of the relationship described in section [**203(a)(2)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1479) may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

(I) [**7a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1729) Subclause (I) shall not apply in the case of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence who has been convicted of a specified offense against a minor (as defined in subparagraph (A)(viii)(II)), unless the Secretary of Homeland Security, in the Secretary's sole and unreviewable discretion, determines that such person poses no risk to the alien with respect to whom a petition described in subclause (I) is filed.

(ii) [**7/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1733) (I) An alien who is described in subclause (II) may file a petition with the Attorney General under this clause for classification of the alien (and any child of the alien) if such a child has not been classified under clause (iii) of section [**203(a)(2)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-811) and if the alien demonstrates to the Attorney General that--

(aa) the marriage or the intent to marry the lawful permanent resident was entered into in good faith by the alien; and

(bb) during the marriage or relationship intended by the alien to be legally a marriage, the alien or a child of the alien has been battered or has been the subject of extreme cruelty perpetrated by the alien's spouse or intended spouse.

(II) For purposes of subclause (I), an alien described in this paragraph is an alien--

(aa)(AA) who is the spouse of a lawful permanent resident of the United States; or

(BB) who believed that he or she had married a lawful permanent resident of the United States and with whom a marriage ceremony was actually performed and who otherwise meets any applicable requirements under this Act to establish the existence of and bona fides of a marriage, but whose marriage is not legitimate solely because of the bigamy of such lawful permanent resident of the United States; or

(CC) who was a bona fide spouse of a lawful permanent resident within the past 2 years and--

(aaa) whose spouse lost status within the past 2 years due to an incident of domestic violence; or

(bbb) who demonstrates a connection between the legal termination of the marriage within the past 2 years and battering or extreme cruelty by the lawful permanent resident spouse;

(bb) who is a person of good moral character;

(cc) who is eligible to be classified as a spouse of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence under section [**203(a)(2)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-811) or who would have been so classified but for the bigamy of the lawful permanent resident of the United States that the alien intended to marry; and

(dd) who has resided with the alien's spouse or intended spouse.

(iii) [**8/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1743) An alien who is the child of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or who was the child of a lawful permanent resident who within the past 2 years lost lawful permanent resident status due to an incident of domestic violence, and who is a person of good moral character, who is eligible for classification under section [**203(a)(2)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-811) , and who resides, or has resided in the past, with the alien's permanent resident alien parent may file a petition with the Attorney General under this subparagraph for classification of the alien (and any child of the alien) under such section if the alien demonstrates to the Attorney General that the alien has been battered by or has been the subject of extreme cruelty perpetrated by the alien's permanent resident parent.

(iv) [**9/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1747) An alien who--

(I) is the spouse, intended spouse, or child living abroad of a lawful permanent resident who-

(aa) is an employee of the United States Government;

(bb) is a member of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code); or

(cc) has subjected the alien or the alien's child to battery or extreme cruelty in the United States; and

(II) is eligible to file a petition under clause (ii) or (iii), shall file such petition with the Attorney General under the procedures that apply to self-petitioners under clause (ii) or (iii), as applicable.

(v) [**9a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1751) (I) For the purposes of any petition filed or approved under clause (ii) or (iii), divorce, or the loss of lawful permanent resident status by a spouse or parent after the filing of a petition under that clause shall not adversely affect approval of the petition, and, for an approved petition, shall not affect the alien’s ability to adjust status under subsections (a) and (c) of section [**245**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-7417.html#0-0-0-274) or obtain status as a lawful permanent resident based on an approved self-petition under clause (ii) or (iii).

(II) Upon the lawful permanent resident spouse or parent becoming or establishing the existence of United States citizenship through naturalization, acquisition of citizenship, or other means, any petition filed with the Immigration and Naturalization Service and pending or approved under clause (ii) or (iii) on behalf of an alien who has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty shall be deemed reclassified as a petition filed under subparagraph (A) even if the acquisition of citizenship occurs after d ivorce or termination of parental rights.

(C) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) Notwithstanding section [**101(f)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-433.html#0-0-0-1191) , an act or conviction that is waivable with respect to the petitioner for purposes of a determination of the petitioner's admissibility under section [**212(a)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-2005.html#0-0-0-1201) or deportability under section [**237(a)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-5683.html#0-0-0-1759) shall not bar the Attorney General from finding the petitioner to be of good moral character under subparagraph (A)(iii),(A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) if the Attorney General finds that the act or conviction was connected to the alien's having been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty.

(D) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) (i)(I) Any child who attains 21 years of age who has filed a petition under clause (iv) of section [**204(a)(1)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271.html#0-0-0-1123) [**10a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1763) or section [**204(a)(1)(B)(iii)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271.html#0-0-0-1735) that was filed or approved before the date on which the child attained 21 years of age shall be considered (if the child has not been admitted or approved for lawful permanent residence by the date the child attained 21 years of age) a petitioner for preference status under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 203(a), whichever paragraph is applicable, with the same priority date assigned to the self-petition filed under clause (iv) of section [**204(a)(1)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271.html#0-0-0-1123) . No new petition shall be required to be filed.

(II) Any individual described in subclause (I) is eligible for deferred action and work authorization.

(III) Any derivative child who attains 21 years of age who is included in a petition described in clause (ii) that was filed or approved before the date on which the child attained 21 years of age shall be considered (if the child has not been admitted or approved for lawful permanent residence by the date the child attained 21 years of age) [**10a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1763) a VAWA self-petitioner with the same priority date as that assigned to the petitioner in any petition described in clause (ii). No new petition shall be required to be filed.

(IV) Any individual described in subclause (III) and any derivative child of a petition described in clause (ii) is eligible for deferred action and work authorization.

(ii) The petition referred to in clause (i)(III) is a petition filed by an alien under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii)or (B)(iii) in which the child is included as a derivative beneficiary.

[**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) (iii) Nothing in the amendments made by the Child Status Protection Act shall be construed to limit or deny any right or benefit provided under this subparagraph.

[**10a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1763) (iv) Any alien who benefits from this subparagraph may adjust status in accordance with subsections (a) and (c) of section [**245**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-7417.html#0-0-0-274) as an alien having an approved petition for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii).

[**10a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1763) (v) For purposes of this paragraph, an individual who is not less than 21 years of age, who qualified to file a petition under subparagraph (A)(iv) or (B)(iii) [**10a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1763) as of the day before the date on which the individual attained 21 years of age, and who did not file such a petition before such day, shall be treated as having filed a petition under such subparagraph as of such day if a petition is filed for the status described in such subparagraph before the individual attains 25 years of age and the individual shows that the abuse was at least one central reason for the filing delay. Clauses (i) through (iv) of this subparagraph shall apply to an individual described in this clause in the same manner as an individual filing a petition under subparagraph (A)(iv) or (B)(iii) [**10a/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1763) .

(E) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) Any alien desiring to be classified under section [**203(b)(1)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1521) , or any person on behalf of such an alien, may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

(F) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) Any employer desiring and intending to employ within the United States an alien entitled to classification under section [**203(b)(1)(B)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1529) , [**203(b)(1)(C)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1537) , [**203(b)(2)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1539) , or [**203(b)(3)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1561) may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

(G) (i) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) (i) Any alien (other than a special immigrant under section [**101(a)(27)(D)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-194.html#0-0-0-871) ) desiring to be classified under section [**203(b)(4)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-925) , or any person on behalf of such an alien, may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

(ii) Aliens claiming status as a special immigrant under section [**101(a)(27)(D)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-194.html#0-0-0-871) may file a petition only with the Secretary of State and only after notification by the Secretary that such status has been recommended and approved pursuant to such section.

(H) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) Any alien desiring to be classified under section [**203(b)(5)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1579) may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

(I) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) (i) Any alien desiring to be provided an immigrant visa under section [**203(c)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082/0-0-0-1158.html#0-0-0-1349) may file a petition at the place and time determined by the Secretary of State by regulation. Only one such petition may be filed by an alien with respect to any petitioning period established. If more than one petition is submitted all such petitions submitted for such period by the alien shall be voided.

(ii)(I) The Secretary of State shall designate a period for the filing of petitions with respect to visas which may be issued under section [**203(c)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082/0-0-0-1158.html#0-0-0-1349) for the fiscal year beginning after the end of the period.

(II) Aliens who qualify, through random selection, for a visa under section [**203(c)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082/0-0-0-1158.html#0-0-0-1349) shall remain eligible to receive such visa only through the end of the specific fiscal year for which they were selected.

(III) The Secretary of State shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out this clause.

(iii) A petition under this subparagraph shall be in such form as the Secretary of State may by regulation prescribe and shall contain such information and be supported by such documentary evidence as the Secretary of State may require.

(J) [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) In acting on petitions filed under clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph (A) or clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (B), [**10/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1757) or in making determinations under subparagraphs (C) and (D), the Attorney General shall consider any credible evidence relevant to the petition. The determination of what evidence is credible and the weight to be given that evidence shall be within the sole discretion of the Attorney General.

(K) [**10ab/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1779) Upon the approval of a petition as a VAWA self-petitioner, the alien --

(i) is eligible for work authorization; and

(ii) may be provided an ‘employment authorized’ endorsement or appropriate work permit incidental to such approval.

(L) [**10ac/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1783) Notwithstanding the previous provisions of this

paragraph, an individual who was a VAWA petitioner or who had the status of a nonimmigrant under subparagraph (T) or (U) of section [**101(a)(15)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100.html#0-0-0-583) may not file a petition for classification under this section or section [**214**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-3421.html#0-0-0-208) to classify any person who committed the battery or extreme cruelty or trafficking against the individual (or the individual’s child) which established the individual’s (or individual's child) eligibility as a VAWA petitioner or for such nonimmigrant status.

(2) (A) The Attorney General may not approve a spousal second preference petition for the classification of the spouse of an alien if the alien, by virtue of a prior marriage, has been accorded the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence as the spouse of a citizen of the United States or as the spouse of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, unless-

(i) a period of 5 years has elapsed after the date the alien acquired the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or

(ii) the alien establishes to the satisfaction of the Attorney General by clear and convincing evidence that the prior marriage (on the basis of which the alien obtained the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence) was not entered into for the purpose of evading any provision of the immigration laws.

In this subparagraph, the term "spousal second preference petition" refers to a petition, seeking preference status under section [**203(a)(2)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1479) , for an alien as a spouse of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

(B) Subparagraph (A) shall not apply to a petition filed for the classification of the spouse of an alien if the prior marriage of the alien was terminated by the death of his or her spouse.

(b) After an investigation of the facts in each case, and after consultation with the Secretary of Labor with respect to petitions to accord a status under section [**203(b)(2)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1539) or [**203(b)(3)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1561) , the Attorney General shall, if he determines that the facts stated in the petition are true and that the alien in behalf of whom the petition is made is an immediate relative specified in section 201(b) or is eligible for preference under subsection (a) or (b) of section 203, approve the petition and forward one copy thereof to the Department of State. The Secretary of State shall then authorize the consular officer concerned to grant the preference status.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) no petition shall be approved if (1) the alien has previously been accorded, or has sought to be accorded, an immediate relative or preference status as the spouse of a citizen of the United States or the spouse of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, by reason of a marriage determined by the Attorney General to have been entered into for the purpose of evading the immigration laws or (2) the Attorney General has determined that the alien has attempted or conspired to enter into a marriage for the purpose of evading the immigration laws.

(d) (1) [**1/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1803) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) no petition may be approved on behalf of a child defined in section subparagraph (F) or (G) of section [**101(b)(1)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-433.html#0-0-0-1131) [**1/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1803) unless a valid home-study has been favorably recommended by an agency of the State of the child's proposed residence, or by an agency authorized by that State to conduct such a study, or, in the case of a child adopted abroad, by an appropriate public or private adoption agency which is licensed in the United States.

(2) [**1/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1803) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b), no petition may be approved on behalf of a child defined in section [**101(b)(1)(G)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-433.html#0-0-0-1161) unless the Secretary of State has certified that the central authority of the child's country of origin has notified the United States central authority under the convention referred to in such section [**101(b)(1)(G)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-433.html#0-0-0-1161) that a United States citizen habitually resident in the United States has effected final adoption of the child, or has been granted custody of the child for the purpose of emigration and adoption, in accordance with such convention and the Intercountry Adoption Act of 2000.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to entitle an immigrant, in behalf of whom a petition under this section is approved, to be admitted the United States as an immigrant under subsection (a), (b), or (c) of section 203 or as an immediate relative under section 201(b) if upon his arrival at a port of entry in the United States he is found not to be entitled to such classification.

(f) (1) Any alien claiming to be an alien described in paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection (or any person on behalf of such an alien) may file a petition with the Attorney General for classification under section 201(b), 203(a)(1), or [**203(a)(3)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1441) , as appropriate. After an investigation of the facts of each case the Attorney General shall, if the conditions described in paragraph (2) are met, approve the petition and forward one copy to the Secretary of State.

(2) The Attorney General may approve a petition for an alien under paragraph (1) if-

(A) he has reason to believe that the alien (i) was born in Korea, Vietnam, Laos, Kampuchea, or Thailand after 1950 and before the date of the enactment of this subsection, and (ii) was fathered by a United States citizen;

(B) he has received an acceptable guarantee of legal custody and financial responsibility described in paragraph (4); and

(C) in the case of an alien under eighteen years of age, (i) the alien's placement with a sponsor in the United States has been arranged by an appropriate public, private, or State child welfare agency licensed in the United States and actively involved in the intercountry placement of children and (ii) the alien's mother or guardian has in writing irrevocably released the alien for emigration.

(3) In considering petitions filed under paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall-

(A) consult with appropriate governmental officials and officials of private voluntary organizations in the country of the alien's birth in order to make the determinations described in subparagraphs (A) and (C)(ii) of paragraph (2); and

(B) consider the physical appearance of the alien and any evidence provided by the petitioner, including birth and baptismal certificates, local civil records, photographs of, and letters or proof of financial support from, a putative father who is a citizen of the United States, and the testimony of witnesses, to the extent it is relevant or probative.

(4) (A) A guarantee of legal custody and financial responsibility for an alien described in paragraph (2) must-

(i) be signed in the presence of an immigration officer or consular officer by an individual (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the "sponsor") who is twenty- one years of age or older, is of good moral character, and is a citizen of the United States or alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, and

(ii) provide that the sponsor agrees

(I) in the case of an alien under eighteen years of age, to assume legal custody for the alien after the alien's departure to the United States and until the alien becomes eighteen years of age, in accordance with the laws of the State where the alien and the sponsor will reside, and

(II) to furnish, during the five- year period beginning on the date of the alien's acquiring the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, or during the period beginning on the date of the alien's acquiring the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence and ending on the date on which the alien becomes twenty-one years of age, whichever period is longer, such financial support as is necessary to maintain the family in the United States of which the alien is a member at a level equal to at least 125 per centum of the current official poverty line (as established by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, under section 673(2) of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 and as revised by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under the second and third sentences of such section) for a family of the same size as the size of the alien's family.

(B) A guarantee of legal custody and financial responsibility described in subparagraph (A) may be enforced with respect to an alien against his sponsor in a civil suit brought by the Attorney General in the United States district court for the district in which the sponsor resides, except that a sponsor or his estate shall not be liable under such a guarantee if the sponsor dies or is adjudicated a bankrupt under title 11, United States Code.

(g) Notwithstanding subsection (a), except as provided in section [**245(e)(3)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-7417.html#0-0-0-1839) , a petition may not be approved to grant an alien immediate relative status or preference status by reason of a marriage which was entered into during the period described in section [**245(e)(2)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-7417.html#0-0-0-1841) , until the alien has resided outside the United States for a 2-year period beginning after the date of the marriage.

(h) The legal termination of a marriage may not be the sole basis for revocation under section [**205**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1609.html#0-0-0-186) of a petition filed under subsection (a)(1)(B)(ii) pursuant to conditions described in subsection (a)(1)(A)(iii)(I). [**11/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1845) Remarriage of an alien whose petition was approved under section [**204(a)(1)(B)(ii)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271.html#0-0-0-1731) or [**204(a)(1)(A)(iii)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271.html#0-0-0-1331) or marriage of an alien described in clause (iv) or (vi) of section [**204(a)(1)(A)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271.html#0-0-0-1123) or in section 204(a)(1)(B)(iii) shall not be the basis for revocation of a petition approval under section [**205**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1609.html#0-0-0-186) .

(i) [**2/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1849) PROFESSIONAL ATHLETES. -

(1) In General.- A petition under subsection (a)(4)(D) for classification of a professional athlete shall remain valid for the athlete after the athlete changes employers, if the new employer is a team in the same sport as the team which was the employer who filed the petition.

(2) Definition. - For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "professional athlete" means an individual who is employed as an athlete by -

(A) a team that is a member of an association of 6 or more professional sports teams whose total combined revenues exceed $10,000,000 per year, if the association governs the conduct of its members and regulates the contests and exhibitions in which its member teams regularly engage; or

(B) any minor league team that is affiliated with such an association.

(j) [**3/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1861) JOB FLEXIBILITY FOR LONG DELAYED APPLICANTS FOR ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS TO PERMANENT RESIDENCE-

A petition under subsection (a)(1)(D)for an individual whose application for adjustment of status pursuant to section [**245**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-7417.html#0-0-0-274) has been filed and remained unadjudicated for 180 days or more shall remain valid with respect to a new job if the individual changes jobs or employers if the new job is in the same or a similar occupational classification as the job for which the petition was filed.

[**12/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1863) (k) PROCEDURES FOR UNMARRIED SONS AND DAUGHTERS OF CITIZENS-

(1) IN GENERAL- Except as provided in paragraph (2), in the case of a petition under this section initially filed for an alien unmarried son or daughter's classification as a family-sponsored immigrant under section [**203(a)(2)(B)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1483) ,based on a parent of the son or daughter being an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence, if such parent subsequently becomes a naturalized citizen of the United States, such petition shall be converted to a petition to classify the unmarried son or daughter as a family-sponsored immigrant under section [**203(a)(1)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1443) .

(2) EXCEPTION- Paragraph (1) does not apply if the son or daughter files with the Attorney General a written statement that he or she elects not to have such conversion occur (or if it has occurred, to have such conversion revoked). Where such an election has been made, any determination with respect to the son or daughter's eligibility for admission as a family-sponsored immigrant shall be made as if such naturalization had not taken place.

(3) PRIORITY DATE- Regardless of whether a petition is converted under this subsection or not, if an unmarried son or daughter described in this subsection was assigned a priority date with respect to such petition before such naturalization, he or she may maintain that priority date.

(4) CLARIFICATION- This subsection shall apply to a petition if it is properly filed, regardless of whether it was approved or not before such naturalization.

(l) [**13/**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1271/0-0-0-1496.html#0-0-0-1871) SURVIVING RELATIVE CONSIDERATION FOR CERTAIN PETITIONS AND APPLICATIONS-

(1) IN GENERAL- An alien described in paragraph (2) who resided in the United States at the time of the death of the qualifying relative and who continues to reside in the United States shall have such petition described in paragraph (2), or an application for adjustment of status to that of a person admitted for lawful permanent residence based upon the family relationship described in paragraph (2), and any related applications, adjudicated notwithstanding the death of the qualifying relative, unless the Secretary of Homeland Security determines, in the unreviewable discretion of the Secretary, that approval would not be in the public interest.

(2) ALIEN DESCRIBED- An alien described in this paragraph is an alien who, immediately prior to the death of his or her qualifying relative, was--

(A) the beneficiary of a pending or approved petition for classification as an immediate relative (as described in section [**201(b)(2)(A)(i)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-913.html#0-0-0-1365) );

(B) the beneficiary of a pending or approved petition for classification under section [**203 (a)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1339) or [**(d)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082/0-0-0-1158.html#0-0-0-809) ;

(C) a derivative beneficiary of a pending or approved petition for classification under section [**203(b)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082.html#0-0-0-1345) (as described in section [**203(d)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1082/0-0-0-1158.html#0-0-0-809) );

(D) the beneficiary of a pending or approved refugee/asylee relative petition under section [**207**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1624.html#0-0-0-190) or [**208**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1686.html#0-0-0-192) ;

(E) an alien admitted in `T' nonimmigrant status as described in section [**101(a)(15)(T)(ii)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-194.html#0-0-0-795) or in `U' nonimmigrant status as described in section [**101(a)(15)(U)(ii)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-100/0-0-0-194.html#0-0-0-803) ; or

(F) an asylee (as described in section [**208(b)(3)**](http://connect.uscis.dhs.gov/workingresources/Source/docView/SLB/HTML/SLB/0-0-0-1/0-0-0-28/0-0-0-1686.html#0-0-0-1873) ).