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#### **Implementation Drivers Assessment Survey**

Introduction: The Implementation Driver Assessment survey is designed to track the processes that sites use to implement PII interventions. While the intervention and size/scope of implementation varies across sites, despite these differences there are implementation processes and strategies that are common across projects. Grounded in the NIRN (National Implementation Research Network) framework of organizational and systemic factors that facilitate successful implementation, the measure tracks progress building implementation infrastructure capacity. The driver assessment survey is comprised of eight sections that correspond to implementation driver domains that have been the focus of training and technical assistance provided to grantees to strengthen implementation capacity. These domains are as follows: practitioner selection, training, supervision/coaching, performance assessment, decision support data systems, facilitative administration, systems intervention, and leadership. In sections A-H of the survey, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the occurrence of events related to the specific implementation driver domains.

## **Competency Driver: Staff Recruitment and Selection**

In Section A, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to staff recruitment and selection have occurred.

Staff recruitment and selection is the beginning point for building a competent workforce that has the knowledge, skills, and abilities to carry out new practices as part of the [insert grantee specific intervention]. In addition to academic qualifications and experience, it is important to determine the skills that are needed for practitioners and supervisors to do their jobs effectively. Because certain individual characteristics are difficult to teach in training it is important to include them as a part of the selection criteria (i.e.: social skills, common sense, empathy personal ethics, and willingness to learn). To effectively recruit and select staff it is important to: Specify required skills and abilities for the position; Determine methods for recruiting likely candidates that possess these skills and abilities; Develop protocols for interviewing candidates; and Establish criteria for selecting practitioners with those skills and abilities.

Please answer questions A1-A19 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff recruitment and selection? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions A18 and A19 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

A1. A lead person or persons has/have been designated as responsible for the development
and monitoring of the recruitment and selection process.
<ul> <li>In place, Indicate the name(s) of the person(s) responsible.</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A2. A job description has been developed for the supervisor position that defines academic
qualifications, experience factors, essential skills and characteristics, and responsibilities.
<ul> <li>In Place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A3. The interview process for the supervisor includes a case scenario relevant to the new
position to which job candidates must articulate a response.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in Place</li> <li>Not in Place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A4. The interview process for the supervisor includes asking applicants to engage in
interactions that would be typical for the position for which they are applying.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

A5. The interview process for the supervisor includes an assessment of the job
candidate's ability to change their behavior based on feedback from the interviewer.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A6. The interview process for the supervisor includes an assessment of the job candidate's
ability to accept feedback from the interviewer.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A7. A job description has been developed for the front-line practitioner position that defines academic qualifications, experience, characteristics, skills, and responsibilities.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A8. The interview process for the front-line practitioner includes a case scenario relevant to
the new position to which job candidates must articulate a response.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

A9. The interview process for the front-line practitioner includes asking applicants to
engage in interactions that would be typical for the position for which they are applying.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>
A10. The interview process for the front-line practitioner includes an assessment of the job
candidate's ability to accept feedback from the interviewer.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
A11. The interview process for the front-line practitioner includes an assessment of the job
candidate's ability to change behavior based on feedback from the interviewer.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>
A12. Interviewers who understand the [insert grantee specific intervention] have been
chosen to conduct interviews and select staff.
O In place

	A13. Findings from interviews with job candidates are shared with training staff.
O	In place
$\mathbf{O}$	Partially in place
$\mathbf{C}$	Not in place
O	Don't Know
	A14. Findings from interviews with job candidates are shared with administrative staff.
0	In place
	Partially in place
	Not in place
$\mathbf{C}$	Don't Know
	A15. Findings from interviews with job candidates are shared with coaching staff.
$\mathbf{C}$	In place
$\mathbf{O}$	Partially in place
$\mathbf{C}$	Not in place
0	Don't Know
	A16. A process is in place to to use data (e.g. pre-post training, performance assessment,
COa	aching) to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of the the recruitment and selection process.
O	In place
	Partially in place
	Not in place
$\mathbf{C}$	Don't Know

A17. Recruitment and selection data has been collectively reviewed and used to improve
other implementation drivers (e.g. training, coaching, performance assessment, administrative
supports).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>
A18. Given your understanding of the recruitment and selection process, how do you rate
the likelihood of selecting qualified staff members for the [ insert grantee specific intervention]
who will be able and willing to learn the new intervention?
<ul> <li>Very Unlikely</li> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> </ul>
A19. To what extent is staff recruitment and selection important to the desired outcome of
the [ insert grantee specific intervention]?
<ul> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Extremely Important</li> </ul>

## **Competency Driver: Training**

In Section B, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to training have occurred.

The training of staff is important because implementing [insert grantee specific interventions] represents a new way of providing services to [insert grantee specific population i.e. children and families]. Training helps front-line practitioners and other key personnel in your agency learn when, how, and with whom to use the new service approach. Training is an efficient way to:

- Provide information related to the history, theory, philosophy, and values of the intervention;
- Introduce the components and rationales of key practices; and
- Provide opportunities to practice new skills and receive feedback.

Training for professionals is typically most effective when the trainers and the curriculum support the use of adult learning principles. Research shows that adults learn best when training:

- is practical and problem centered;
- promotes positive self-esteem;
- integrates new innovations with the participants existing experiences and knowledge;
- demonstrates a respect for the participants existing skill and knowledge set; and
- utilizes the experiences of the participants.

Please answer questions B1-B12 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate training? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions B11and B12 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

	B1. A lead person or persons has/have been designated as responsible for the development
and	l monitoring of the training process.
<b>O</b>	In place, Indicate the name(s) of the person(s) responsible  Partially in place  Not in place  Don't Know
	B2. Training has been provided to front-line practitioners before they are required to use
spe	ecific components of the [insert the grantee specific intervention].
<b>O</b>	In place Partially in place Not in place Don't Know
	B3. Trainers have been trained in the [insert grantee specific intervention].
	In place Partially in place Not in place Don't Know
	B4. Trainers have been provided with feedback on their training skills and on their
kno	owledge of the intervention by qualified persons who know the [insert grantee specific
int	ervention].
o o o	In place Partially in place Not in place Don't Know

B5. Training serves to develop the skills of the participant through the use of behavioral
rehearsals (e.g. role plays) that require the participant to practice skills that will be used in the
field.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
B6. Training serves to develop the skills of the participant through trainers or facilitators
who are content experts in [inert the grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
B7. Training outcome data (pre and post testing) has been collected, analyzed, and used to
improve training content and process.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
B8. Training process data such as schedule, content, process, and qualifications of
trainers has been collected, analyzed and used to improve training content and processes.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

B9. A process is in place to use data (e.g. selection and recruitment, performance
assessment, coaching) to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of training.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
B10. Training data (e.g. pre-post test, video tapes) has been collectively reviewed and used
to improve other implementation drivers (e.g. recruitment and selection, training, coaching,
administrative supports).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
B11. Given your understanding of the training process, how do you rate the likelihood
of training facilitating the development of the new skills that front-line practitioners need to use [
insert grantee specific intervention] as intended.
<ul> <li>Very Unlikely</li> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> </ul>

	B12. To what extent is training important to achieving the desired outcome of the [ insert
gra	ntee specific intervention]?
O	Not at all Important
O	Very Unimportant
$\mathbf{C}$	Somewhat Unimportant
$\mathbf{C}$	Neither Important nor Unimportant
$\mathbf{C}$	Somewhat Important
$\mathbf{C}$	Very Important
$\mathbf{C}$	Extremely Important

## **Competency Driver: Coaching**

In Section C, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to coaching have occurred. "On the job" coaching of staff is essential to the implementation process. While staff skills are assessed during the interview process and enhanced through training, honing the skills necessary to implement the new practices associated with[insert grantee specific intervention] will happen in the field or through other means of direct observation in the field (e.g. video tape, audio recording). An effective coach will provide specific feedback on skill development as well as advice, encouragement, and opportunities to practice skills specific to [insert the grantee specific intervention].

Please answer questions C1-C12 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff coaching? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions C11 and C12 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

C1. A lead person or persons has/have been designated as responsible for the development and monitoring of the coaching process.

$\mathbf{O}$	In place, Indicate the name(s) of the person(s) responsible
$\mathbf{C}$	Partially in place
$\mathbf{C}$	Not in place
O	Don't Know

C2. The coaches have demonstrated the skills required to implement the [insert grantee
specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
C3. A written coaching service delivery plan has been developed that contains specific
details about the where, when, with whom and how often coaching occurs.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
C4. The coaches have used multiple sources of information to provide feedback to front-
line practitioners of [insert grantee specific intervention] such as case notes, treatment plans, and
observations.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
C5. Coaches have directly observed front-line practitioners performing [insert the grantee
specific intervention] through in-person observation video tapes, or audio tapes.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

C6. Coaching data (e.g. areas in need of improvement, ratings by coaches) have been
collectively reviewed and used to improve other implementation drivers (e.g. recruitment and
selection, training, performance assessment, administrative supports).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
C7. A process is in place to use data (e.g. selection and recruitment, performance
assessment, training) to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of coaching.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>
C8. Administrative staff have regularly reviewed the coaches' activities to ensure that the
coaching service delivery plan is being implemented with integrity.
<ul> <li>In Place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
C9. Coaches have received feedback about their coaching based on surveys completed by
front-line practitioners.
<ul> <li>In Place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>

C10. Coaches have received feedback about their coaching from current or former
expert/master coaches who have observed or listened to coaching sessions.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
C11. Given your understanding of the coaching process, how do you rate the likelihood
of coaches facilitating the development of the new skills that front-line practitioners need in
order to implement the [insert grantee specific intervention] as intended?
<ul> <li>Very Unlikely</li> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> </ul>
C12. To what extent is coaching important to the desired outcome of the [ insert grantee
specific intervention]?
<ul> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Extremely Important</li> </ul>

## **Competency Driver: Performance Assessment**

In Section D, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to performance assessment have occurred. Performance assessment is designed to assess the use of skills and the completion of tasks that are considered in the selection process, taught in training, and expanded and reinforced through the coaching process. Assessments of front-line practitioner performance, also referred to as fidelity, are a valuable source of information to gauge a worker's competence. It is also a valuable source of information for key implementation staff such as interviewers, trainers, coaches, and program managers who can use the data to reflect on the quality and relevance of the selection, coaching, and training processes as well as the administrative supports.

Please answer questions D1-D13 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff recruitment and selection? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions D12 and D13 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

D1. A lead person or persons has/have been designated as responsible for the development and monitoring of the performance assessment process.

O	In place, Indicate the name(s) of the person(s) responsible
O	Partially in place
$\mathbf{C}$	Not in place
O	Don't Know

D2. Staff have received an orientation to the performance assessment process that provides
clear description and rationales related to the processes and procedures used for assessing worker
performance.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
D3. Performance assessment criteria have been established that are likely to facilitate
achieving the desired outcomes of [insert the grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't know</li> </ul>
D4. Performance assessments have been conducted [insert grantee specific time frame] for
each practitioner on a specified scheduled.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
D5. For those reporting and collecting the information, a manageable performance
assessment process and reporting requirements have been put in place.
<ul> <li>In Place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

D6. The performance assessment measures the degree to which the front-line practitioner is
utilizing the content specific to the intervention in their work with children and families (e.g.
provides required information to clients).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
D7. The performance assessment measures the extent to which the front-practitioner is
adhering to the structures and processes related to the intervention (e.g. # of sessions, location of
sessions, timing of sessions).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
D8. The performance assessment measures competence of the front-line practitioner in
utilizing the new intervention through the use of direct observation of the practitioner engaged
in the work with the children and/or family members by the coach or by indirect observation
(e.g. video tapes, audio recordings) of the practitioner.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

D9. Front-line practitioners that participate in the performance assessment process have
received positive feedback from administrators for their participation on the process.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
D10. Performance assessment data have been been collectively reviewed and used to
improve other implementation drivers (e.g. recruitment and selection, training, coaching,
administrative supports).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
D11. A process is in place to use data (e.g. selection and recruitment, coaching, training) to
evaluate and improve the effectiveness of the performance assessment.
<ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>To Some Extent</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

	D12. Given your understanding of the performance assessment process, how do you rate the
lik	elihood that the performance assessment process reflects the quality of work being performed
by	front-line practitioners?
0 0 0 0	Very Unlikely Unlikely Somewhat Unlikely Undecided Somewhat Likely Likely Very Likely
	D13. To what extent is performance assessment process important to achieving the desired
out	come of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?
O	Not at all Important
$\mathbf{C}$	Very Unimportant
$\mathbf{C}$	Somewhat Unimportant
$\mathbf{O}$	Neither Important nor Unimportant
O	Somewhat Important
O	Very Important
0	Extremely Important

# Competency Driver: Measurement and Reporting Systems (Decision Support Data Systems)

In Section E, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to measurement and reporting systems have occurred.

Measurement and reporting systems are sources of information used to help staff members make well informed decisions that impact the organizational structure and the clients being served. Agencies make use of the decision support data systems to:

- track income and expenditures;
- assess key aspects of the overall performance of the organization;
- assess key aspects of individual performance; assure continuing implementation of the intervention; and
- assess benefits of the intervention to children and families.

Decision support data systems are an important part of continuous quality improvement for interventions, implementation supports, and organization functioning (e.g. used as the "study" part of the never-ending plan-do-study-act cycle). Organizations establish and evolve their data systems so information is immediately accessible and useful to practitioners, trainers, coaches, and managers for short-term and long-term planning and improvement at practice and organizational levels.

Please answer questions E1-E15 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate the use of a measurement and reporting system (Data Reporting Systems) to inform decision-making. If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions E14 and E15 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

E1. The agency's measurement and reporting systems capture information related to short
term and long term outcomes (proximal and distal outcomes).
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
E2. There is a system in pace for measuring and reporting output/process data.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
E3. The agency's measurement and reporting systems includes process measures such as
E3. The agency's measurement and reporting systems includes process measures such as the performance assessment of practitioners' use of the [insert grantee specific intervention]
the performance assessment of practitioners' use of the [insert grantee specific intervention]  O In place O Partially in place O Not in place

	E5. Data collection occurs at regular intervals such as weekly, monthly, or quarterly.
	In place Partially in place Not in place Don't Know
	E6. Data collection is often built into routine practices such as case record reporting.
O	In place Partially in place Not in place Don't Know
	E7. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems are shared with administrative
sta	ff at regular intervals such as weekly, monthly, or quarterly.
<b>O</b>	In place Partially in place Not in place Don't Know
	E8. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems are shared with coaches and/or
suļ	pervisors at regular intervals such as weekly, monthly, or quarterly.
0000	In place Partially in place Not in place

E9. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems are shared with front-line
practitioners at regular intervals such as weekly, monthly, or quarterly.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
E10. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems are used by front-line
practitioners to facilitate decision making regarding clients.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
E11. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems are used by coaches and/or
supervisors to facilitate decision making related to making improvments in the coaching process.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
E12. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems are used by administrative
staff to make administrative decisions related to staffing, budgets, policies, and protocols that
impact the ability to implement the [insert the grantee specific intervention]
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

to improve other implementation drivers (e.g. recruitment and selection, training, performance assessment, administrative supports).  'Yes No To Some Extent Don't Know  E14. Given your understanding of the data measurement and reporting systems, how do you rate the likelihood of using data to facilitate decision making and support achieving the desired outcome of [insert grantee specific intervention].  'Very Unlikely Unlikely Somewhat Unlikely Undecided Somewhat Likely Likely Very Likely  E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?  Not at all Important Very Unimportant Somewhat Unimportant Somewhat Unimportant Somewhat Important Very Important Fixed outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?  Somewhat Unimportant Somewhat Important Very Important Fixed outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?	E13. Findings from data measurement and reporting systems have been reviewed and used
Yes No No To Some Extent Don't Know  E14. Given your understanding of the data measurement and reporting systems, how do you rate the likelihood of using data to facilitate decision making and support achieving the desired outcome of [insert grantee specific intervention]. Very Unlikely Unlikely Undecided Somewhat Unlikely Ukely Very Likely  E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?  Not at all Important Very Unimportant Somewhat Unimportant Neither Important nor Unimportant Somewhat Important Very Important Very Important Very Important	to improve other implementation drivers (e.g. recruitment and selection, training, performance
<ul> <li>○ No</li> <li>○ To Some Extent</li> <li>○ Don't Know</li> <li>E14. Given your understanding of the data measurement and reporting systems, how do you rate the likelihood of using data to facilitate decision making and support achieving the desired outcome of [insert grantee specific intervention].</li> <li>○ Very Unlikely</li> <li>○ Unlikely</li> <li>○ Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>○ Undecided</li> <li>○ Somewhat Likely</li> <li>○ Likely</li> <li>○ Very Likely</li> <li>E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?</li> <li>○ Not at all Important</li> <li>○ Very Unimportant</li> <li>○ Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>○ Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>○ Somewhat Important</li> <li>○ Somewhat Important</li> <li>○ Very Important</li> <li>○ Very Important</li> <li>○ Very Important</li> <li>○ Very Important</li> </ul>	assessment, administrative supports).
rate the likelihood of using data to facilitate decision making and support achieving the desired outcome of [insert grantee specific intervention].  O Very Unlikely O Unlikely O Somewhat Unlikely O Undecided O Somewhat Likely O Likely O Very Likely O Very Likely  E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]? O Not at all Important O Very Unimportant O Somewhat Unimportant O Neither Important nor Unimportant O Somewhat Important O Very Important	<ul><li>O No</li><li>O To Some Extent</li></ul>
outcome of [insert grantee specific intervention].  O Very Unlikely O Unlikely O Somewhat Unlikely O Undecided O Somewhat Likely O Likely O Very Likely  E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?  O Not at all Important O Very Unimportant O Somewhat Unimportant O Neither Important nor Unimportant O Somewhat Important O Somewhat Important O Very Important	E14. Given your understanding of the data measurement and reporting systems, how do you
<ul> <li>Very Unlikely</li> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> <li>E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?</li> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> </ul>	rate the likelihood of using data to facilitate decision making and support achieving the desired
<ul> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> <li>E15. To what extent are measurement and reporting systems important to achieving the desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?</li> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> </ul>	outcome of [insert grantee specific intervention].
desired outcome of the [insert grantee specific intervention]?  O Not at all Important O Very Unimportant O Somewhat Unimportant O Neither Important nor Unimportant O Somewhat Important O Very Important O Very Important	<ul> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> </ul>

## **Organization Driver: Facilitative Administrative Supports**

In Section F, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to facilitative administration supports have occurred. Facilitative administration provided leadership and makes use of a range of information from a variety of sources to inform decision-making, support the overall intervention and implementation processes, and keep staff organized and focused on the desired outcomes of [insert grantee specific intervention]. Careful attention is given by the administrators to policies, procedures, organizational structures, culture, and climate to assure alignment with the needs of the front-line practitioners. Facilitative leaders also make use of resources to ensure that front-line practitioners have the time, skill, and supports they need to perform the [insert site specific intervention] as intended.

Please answer questions F1-F8 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff recruitment and selection? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions F7 and F8 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

F1. Leadership teams have been formed at various levels and have been empowered to resolve problems associated with the use of [insert grantee specific intervention].

- O In place
- O Partially in place
- O Not in place
- O Don't Know

F2. Written communication protocols exist that describe how issues are identified at the
practice level or supervisor level and are brought to the attention of the leadership.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
F3. Feedback from measurement and reporting systems has been used by leadership to
improve the implementation drivers.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
F4. Policies and procedures have been developed and revised by leadership to support the
work associated with using [insert grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
O DOTT KNOW
F5. Feedback from front-line practitioners, coaches and supervisors is solicited and

F6. The leadership team reduces administrative barriers to service delivery and quality
performance from front-line practitioners.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
F7. Given your understanding of facilitative administrative supports, how do you rate the
likelihood of leadership facilitating implementation of [insert grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>Very Unlikely</li> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> <li>F8. To what extent are facilitative administrative supports important for achieving the</li> </ul>
desired outcome of the [ insert grantee specific intervention]?
<ul> <li>Not at all Important</li> <li>Very Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Unimportant</li> <li>Neither Important nor Unimportant</li> <li>Somewhat Important</li> <li>Very Important</li> <li>Extremely Important</li> </ul>

#### **Organization Driver: Systems Intervention**

In Section G, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to systems interventions have occurred. Systems interventions are strategies for leaders and staff within an organization to work with leaders and staff of external organizations to ensure the availability of financial, organizational, and human resources that are needed for ongoing use of the [insert grantee specific intervention]. Systems interventions address external issues that impact the ability to provide [insert grantee specific intervention] within the agency and within the child welfare system. System interventions are designed to help create a supportive context in which services can be provided.

Please answer questions G1-G7 to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff recruitment and selection? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions G6 and G7 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

G1. A leadership team has been formed and has been comprised of individuals with credentials and access that allow them to work with high-level staff of other agencies and state offices. (Advocates for the implementation and use of the intervention with high-level staff)

- O In place
- Partially in place
- O Not in place
- O Don't Know

G2. The leadership team identifies and documents barriers with external systems that are
hindering implementation of the [insert grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
G3. The leadership team communicates barriers to the person or persons above them on the
chain of command.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
G4. The leadership team proposes plausible solutions to identified external barriers to those
above them on the chain of command.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
G5. The leadership team communicates successes to external systems associated with
[insert grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>To Some Extent</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

	G6. Given your understanding of system interventions, how do you rate the likelihood that
lead	ership will resolve external issues preventing the effective use of [insert grantee specific
inter	evention].
O () O () O () O ()	Very Unlikely Unlikely Gomewhat Unlikely Undecided Gomewhat Likely Likely Very Likely
	G7. To what extent is systems intervention important to the desired outcome of the [insert tee specific intervention]?
	Not at all Important Very Unimportant
	Somewhat Unimportant
	Neither Important nor Unimportant
	Somewhat Important
	Very Important
	Extremely Important

## **Leadership Driver: Adaptive and Technical Leadership**

In Section H, you will be asked to indicate, to the best of your knowledge, the extent to which events related to adaptive and technical leadership have been occurred. The critical role of leadership at agency and system level is widely acknowledged. Recent studies have found that "leadership" is not a person, but rather different people engaging in various types of leadership activities over time to establish and sustain effective programs. This means that leadership strategies change as implementation progresses and different challenges arise. It is useful to understand two types of leadership, adaptive and technical. Adaptive leadership is needed when there is not consensus about the definition of the problem, values, ways of work nor certainty about how to solve the problem. Adaptive challenges are characterized by legitimate but competing agendas. The need for adaptive leadership can occur at anytime. Technical leadership approaches are needed to manage the on-going implementation supports once the supports are defined and operationalized (e.g. attending to scheduling, developing coaching plans, implementing performance assessment procedures).

Please answer questions H1-H9, regarding adaptive leadership, to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff recruitment and selection? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions H8 and H9 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

H1. Leaders within the agency have ensured alignment of the intervention, overall mission,
values, and philosophy of the agency.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H2. Leaders within the agency have facilitated building a consensus around issues related to
[insert grantee specific intervention] for issues that were difficult to define or for which there
was little agreement about how to proceed.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H3. Leader(s) within the agency have established clear lines of communication to provide
information about [insert name of grantee specific intervention] with front-line practitioners.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H4. Leaders within the agency have established clear lines of communication to get
feedback about [insert name of grantee specific intervention] from front-line practitioners.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

H5. Leaders within the agency have established clear lines of communication respond to
feedback about [insert name of grantee specific intervention] from front-line practitioners.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H6. Leaders have actively participated in aspects of the implementation of the intervention
(e.g. training, interviewing)
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H7. Leaders have been actively involved in creating organization level assessments to
inform decision making regarding [insert grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>

like	lihood	of leadership	using	strategies	effectively	in	order	to	positively impact	the
imp	implementation of [insert grantee specific intervention].									
0 0 0 0	Undecid	hat Unlikely led hat Likely								
grai		o what extent	-		nip important	t <b>o</b> 1	the des	ired	outcome of the [ in	nsert
0 0 0 0	Very Un Somewh Neither Somewh Very Im	Ill Important nimportant hat Unimportant Important nor U hat Important portant ely Important		ant						

H8. Given your understanding of the adaptive leadership strategies, how do you rate the

Please answer questions H10-H13, regarding technical leadership, to the best of your knowledge. To what extent did the following events occur to facilitate staff recruitment and selection? If you have no direct knowledge of the event please respond "don't know". Please note that questions H12 and H13 ask for your opinion rather than facts about a concrete event.

H10. Leaders within the organization have provided reasons for changes in policies and/or
procedures related to the implementation of [insert grantee specific intervention].
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H11. Leader(s) within the organization have been involved in resolving issues that impede
using {insert grantee specific intervention] effectively.
<ul> <li>In place</li> <li>Partially in place</li> <li>Not in place</li> <li>Don't Know</li> </ul>
H12. Given your understanding of the technical, how do you rate the likelihood
of leadership effectively addressing issues that impact the implementation of [insert grantee
specific intervention].
<ul> <li>Very Unlikely</li> <li>Unlikely</li> <li>Somewhat Unlikely</li> <li>Undecided</li> <li>Somewhat Likely</li> <li>Likely</li> <li>Very Likely</li> </ul>

	H13. To what extent is leadership important to the desired outcome of the [ insert grantee
spe	ecific intervention]?
O	Not at all Important
$\mathbf{C}$	Very Unimportant
$\mathbf{C}$	Somewhat Unimportant
$\mathbf{C}$	Neither Important nor Unimportant
O	Somewhat Important
O	Very Important
O	Extremely Important