



Tick-Borne Rickettsial Disease Case Report



CDC# (1-4)

Use for: *Rocky Mountain spotted fever (RMSF), ehrlichiosis (human monocytic ehrlichiosis [HME]), and human granulocytic ehrlichiosis [HGE]).*

- PATIENT/PHYSICIAN INFORMATION -

Date submitted: ___/___/___ (mm/dd/yyyy)
Physician's name: _____ Phone no.: _____
NETSS ID No.: (if reported)
Case ID (13-18) Site (19-21) State (22-23)

- DEMOGRAPHICS -

1. State of residence: Postal abrv: (24-25)
2. County of residence: (26-50) Check, if history of travel outside county of residence within 30 days of onset of symptoms
3. Zip code: (51-59) _____
4. Sex: (60)
1 Male
2 Female
5. Date of birth: ___/___/___ (mm/dd/yyyy)
6. Race: (69)
1 White 2 Black 3 American Indian Alaskan Native 4 Asian 5 Pacific Islander 9 Not specified
7. Hispanic ethnicity: (70)
1 Yes 2 No

8. INDICATE DISEASE TO BE REPORTED: (71) 1 RMSF 2 HME 3 HGE 4 Ehrlichiosis (unspecified, or other agent)

- CLINICAL SIGNS, SYMPTOMS, AND OUTCOMES -

9. Was a clinically compatible illness present? (72)
(fever or rash, plus one or more of the following signs: headache, myalgia, anemia, thrombocytopenia, leukopenia, or elevated hepatic transaminases) 1 YES 2 NO 9 Unk
10. Date of Onset of Symptoms: ___/___/___ (mm/dd/yyyy)
11. Was an underlying immunosuppressive condition present? (81)
1 YES 2 NO 9 Unk
Specify condition(s): _____
12. Specify any life-threatening complications in the clinical course of illness: (82)
1 Adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) 2 Disseminated intravascular coagulopathy (DIC) 3 Meningitis/encephalitis 4 Renal failure 9 None
8 Other: _____
13. Was the patient hospitalized because of this illness? (83) (If yes, date) 1 YES 2 NO 9 Unk ___/___/___ (mm/dd/yyyy)
14. Did the patient die because of this illness? (92) (If yes, date) 1 YES 2 NO 9 Unk ___/___/___ (mm/dd/yyyy)

- LABORATORY DATA -

15. Name of laboratory: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____
Below, indicate Y (Yes) or N (No), ONLY if the test or procedure was performed. Lack of selection indicates that the test or procedure was not performed.

16. Serologic Tests	COLLECTION DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)			COLLECTION DATE (mm/dd/yyyy)		
	Serology 1 Titer	Positive?		Serology 2* Titer	Positive?	
IFA - IgG	(_____) 1 YES 2 NO (117)		(_____) 1 YES 2 NO (118)			
IFA - IgM	(_____) 1 YES 2 NO (119)		(_____) 1 YES 2 NO (120)			
Other test: (121-130)	(_____) 1 YES 2 NO (131)		(_____) 1 YES 2 NO (132)			

17. Other Diagnostic Tests ?	Positive?	
PCR	1 YES 2 NO (133)	
Morulae visualization*	1 YES 2 NO (134)	
Immunostain	1 YES 2 NO (135)	
Culture	1 YES 2 NO (136)	

* Visualization of morulae not applicable for RMSF.

* Was there a fourfold change in antibody titer between the two serum specimens? 1 YES 2 NO (137)

- FINAL DIAGNOSIS -

18. Classify case based on the CDC case definition (see criteria below): (138)
1 RMSF 2 HME 3 HGE 4 Ehrlichiosis (unspecified, or other agent): _____
(139-148)

1 CONFIRMED (149)	Name: _____
2 PROBABLE	Title: _____ Date: ___/___/___ (mm/dd/yyyy)

State Health Department Official who reviewed this report:

COMMENTS:

CDC CASE DEFINITION

Confirmed RMSF: A clinically compatible case with 1) a fourfold change in antibody titer to *Rickettsia rickettsii* antigen by IFA, CF, latex agglutination, microagglutination, or indirect hemagglutination antibody test in two serum samples, or 2) a positive PCR assay, or 3) immunostaining of antigen in a skin biopsy or autopsy sample, or 4) isolation and culture of *R. rickettsii* from a clinical specimen.

Probable RMSF: A clinically compatible case with 1) a single positive antibody titer by IFA ($\geq 1:64$ if IgG); or 2) a single CF titer $\geq 1:16$; or 3) a single titer $\geq 1:128$ by a latex agglutination, indirect hemagglutination antibody, or microagglutination test; or 4) a fourfold rise in titer or a single titer $> 1:320$, by Proteus OX-19 or OX-2 test.

Confirmed Ehrlichiosis: A clinically compatible case with 1) a fourfold change in antibody titer to antigen from an *Ehrlichia* species by IFA in two serum samples, or 2) a positive PCR assay, or 3) the visualization of morulae in white blood cells with a single serum positive antibody titer by IFA, or 4) immunostaining of antigen in a skin biopsy or autopsy sample, or 5) isolation and culture of an *Ehrlichia* species from a clinical specimen.

Probable Ehrlichiosis: A clinically compatible case with 1) a single positive antibody titer by IFA, or 2) the visualization of morulae in white blood cells.

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