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| ***AmeriCorps- Aligning with CNCS Theory of Change*** |
|  | ***Response A*** | ***Response B*** | ***Response C*** |
| *Which elements within an effective theory of change have a cause-and-effect relationship?* | *need and outcome* | *need and intervention* | *intervention and outcome* |
| *Which of the following should drive your choice of intervention within your theory of change?*  | *media coverage* | *evidence* | *testimonials* |
| *Data about the number of economically disadvantaged beneficiaries in a community would most likely describe:* | *the community problem/need.* | *the dosage of the intervention.* | *the outcome target.* |
| *One of the elements that you must identify when developing a theory of change is the:*  | *problem in the community that needs to be addressed.* | *location in the community where you want to perform the activities.* | *the instrument you will use to measure the outcome.* |
| *According to the theory of change, the specific set of activities in which your participants and volunteers will be engaged in is called the:* | *change.* | *outcome.* |  *intervention.* |
| *Based on the theory of change, the element that defines the change you want your program to make is called the:* | *program.* | *outcome.* | *activity.* |
| *In a theory of change, the intervention addresses:* | *how much output will be provided to the community problem/need.* | *how proposed activities will address the problem/need.* | *if the community problem/need is important to address.* |
| *The dosage of your intervention is:* | *the frequency, intensity, and duration of the intervention activities.* | *the number of national service participants, volunteers, and sites of the intervention activities.* | *the beneficiaries, locations, and demographic groups of the intervention activities.* |
| *The three elements of the theory of change should be supported by:* | *beneficiaries and funders.* | *testimonials and interviews.* | *data and evidence.* |