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Image-Assisted Cytology Workload Assessment Cytotechnologist Section

This section should be completed separately by each cytotechnologist listed in Workload Practices Survey, question 18. See the Glossary at the end of this questionnaire for abbreviations.

Enter y	your cy	totechnologist letter designation from S	urvey, question 18	_
1.		is your pay classification? Salary		
		Hourly		
2.		erage, how many hours do you work in t	he laboratory per day?	
		Less than 4		
	0	•		
	0	•		
		6 7		
		<i>1</i> 8		
	0			
	_	10		
	_	More than 10		
3.	work i	ding to your laboratory practice, which of related activities) are included in your particle. Breaks Number per day	id hours? Length of time	
4.	combi	Gyn total slides only Non-Gyn slides only Total of slides screened by image assiste	re recorded separately in your laborately in your l	oratory.
5.		e most recent month of complete data, les you screen per day.	provide an estimate of the average	number
		Slide type	Number of Slides	
	7	Гotal (GYN & non-GYN)		

GYN slides - Image-Assisted FOV

GYN slides - Standard Microscope

GYN slides - FMR

6.	For workload recording, how does your laboratory count a GYN slide? Select all that apply.		
		Each slide screened for FOV is counted as one half (0.5) slide	
	0	Each slide (FOV or FMR) is counted as 1 slide	
	0	Each slide that is screened for FOV and a FMR is performed, count as 1 slide	
	0	Each slide that is screened for FOV and a FMR is performed, count as1.5 slides	
	0	Other – Describe policy	
7.	For wo	rkload recording, how does your laboratory count a NON-GYN slide? Select all that	
		Each case counts as 1 slide	
		Each slide counts as 1 slide	
	0	Each slide prepared by Cytospin® counts as 1 slide	
	0	Each slide prepared by Cytospin® counts as 0.5 slide	
	0	Each slide prepared by automated methods (other than Cytospin®) counts as 1 slide	
	0	Each slide prepared by automated methods (other than Cytospin®) counts as 0.5 slide	
	0	Each cell block slide counts as 1 slide	
		Each cell block slide counts as 0.5 slide	
	0	Each smear counts as 1 slide Each smear counts as 0.5 slide	
		Other	
8.	What c	riteria are used for INCREASING a CT's workload maximum? Select all that apply.	
		CT consistently screens their workload maximum in less than 8 hours	
		CT states they are able or want to screen more than their maximum	
	0	Technical Supervisor determines that the CT is qualified to screen more	
		O Review of at least 10% rescreen	
		 Comparison of CT interpretation with technical supervisor's confirmation 	
	0	Other – Describe your criteria	
9.	What c	riteria are used for DECREASING a CT's workload maximum? Select all that apply.	
٠.	0	CT consistently is unable to screen their workload maximum	
	0	CT states they are unable to screen at their maximum	
	0	Technical Supervisor determines that the CT should screen less	
		O Review of at least 10% rescreen	
		 Comparison of CT interpretation with technical supervisor's confirmation 	
	0	Other – Describe your criteria:	

	method best describes your workflow process for Field of View (FOV) screening all Manual Review (FMR)?
	I screen the FOVs on all of my slides using the semi-automated screening device. I flag cells where a FMR is indicated. A different CT performs the FMR.
0	I screen the FOVs on all of my slides using the semi-automated screening device. I flag cells where a FMR is indicated. A pathologist performs the FMR using a standard microscope.
0	I screen the FOVs and perform an immediate FMR when indicated. Both reviews are performed using the semi-automated screening device
0	I screen the FOVs on all of my slides using the semi-automated screening device. I flag cells where a FMR is indicated and I perform the FMR using a standard microscope.
0	I only perform the FMR on slides where a different CT has flagged cells indicating a FMF is required. I perform the FMR using the semi-automated screening device.
0	I only perform the FMR on slides where a different CT has flagged cells indicating a FMF is required. I perform the FMR using a standard microscope.
0	

screening tasks

Note: For the purposes of this survey, SCREENING includes any or all of the following tasks:

- a. calibrating the microscope
- b. matching a slide with a requisition and/or barcode scan
- c. loading a slide onto a microscope stage and focusing
- d. review a patient history and noting specific instructions
- e. screening a slide
- f. reviewing FOVs
- g. performing FMR when required
- h. marking cells, or "dotting" a slide
- i. record results of the test

NON-SCREENING activities include everything else.

Slide Type	Average Number of SCREENING HOURS per day
Total GYN plus NON-GYN	
GYN slides – Image-Assisted FOV	
GYN slides -FMR	
GYN slides – Standard Microscope	

Attachment D: Image-Assisted Cytology Workload Assessment Survey - Cytotechnologist

Activities	Average number of NON-SCREENING HOURS per day
Non-Screening	

1. Does your laboratory have a written policy that defines when a FMR is required?

- No written policy
- O Yes, reasons listed in the policy include: (check all that apply)
 - Reactive cells seen in the FOVs
 - O Abnormal cells seen in the FOVs
 - O Patients with a history of being high risk
 - O No endocervical component seen in the FOVs
 - Scant cellularity seen in the FOVs
 - O Evidence of infection is seen in the FOVs

0	Discretion of C1, Explain	
		_

2. Are you comfortable with your current workload maximum? Which best describes how you feel about your workload maximum?

- Guideline
- Expected productivity target

Glossary

Abbreviation	Definition
ASC-H	Atypical squamous cells – cannot exclude HSIL
ASC-US	Atypical squamous cells – of undetermined significance
CIN2	Cervical intraepithelial neoplasia
CT	Cytotechnologist
Cytospin®	Thermo Scientific - Shandon Cytospin® non-gyn thin layer centrifuge
FMR	Full manual review
FN	False negative interpretation
FNA	Fine needle aspiration
FOV	Field-of-view
FP	False positive interpretation
GYN	Gynecological cytology
HPV	Human papilloma virus
HSIL	High-grade squamous intraepithelial lesion
LSIL	Low-grade squamous intraepithelial lesion
NILM	Negative for Intraepithelial Lesion or Malignancy
Non-GYN	Nongynecological cytology
TP	True positive interpretation