

Pre-Transplant Essential Data

CIBMTR Use Only Sequence Number:	(Request for OMB approval will be submitted when form is complete) OMB No: 0915-0310 Expiration Date: 7/31/2016 Public Burden Statement: An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is
Date Received:	not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently val OMB control number. The OMB control number for this project is 0915-0310. Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1.0 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data source
	and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to HRSA Reports Clearance Officer, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 10-29, Rockville, Maryland, 20857.
Center Identification CIBMTR Center Number:	
EBMT Code (CIC):	. <u>— — —</u>
Hospital:	
Unit: (check only one)	
Recipient Identification	

JIDIV	CIBMTR Recipient ID:			
Recipient Data				
1.	Date of birth://////			
2.	Sex: Male Female			
3.	Ethnicity: Hispanic or Latino Not Hispanic or Latino Not applicable (not a resident of the USA) Unknown			
4.	Race: White Black or African American Asian American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Not reported Unknown			
	Copy question 4 to report more than one race.			
5.	Zip or postal code for place of recipient's residence (USA recipients only):			
6. Coj	Is the recipient participating in a clinical trial? Yes			
Hematopoietic Cellular Transplant (HCT)				
11.	Date of this HCT://////			
12.	Was this the first HCT for this recipient? ☐ Yes 13. Is a subsequent HCT planned as part of the overall treatment protocol (not as a reaction to post-HCT disease assessment)? (For autologous HCTs only) ☐ Yes → 14. Specify subsequent HCT planned: ☐ No ☐ Autologous ☐ Allogeneic			
	Specify the HSC source(s) for all prior HCTs: 16. Autologous 17. Allogeneic, unrelated 18. Allogeneic, related 19. Syngeneic 20. Date of the last HCT (just before current HCT): 15. Specify the number of prior HCTs: 16. Autologous 17. Yes No 18. Allogeneic, related 18. Allogeneic, related 19. Syngeneic 19. Syngeneic			

	21. Was the last HCT performed at a different institution? ☐ Yes → Specify the institution that performed the last HCT: ☐ No 22. Name:
	23. What was the HSC source for the last HCT? Autologous Allogeneic, unrelated donor Allogeneic, related donor
	24. Reason for current HCT: No hematopoietic recovery Partial hematopoietic recovery
	☐ Graft failure/rejection after achieving initial hematopoietic recovery 25. Date of graft failure/rejection:////
	☐ Persistent primary disease ☐ Recurrent primary disease ☐ 26. Date of relapse:////
	☐ Planned second HCT, per protocol ☐ New malignancy (including PTLD and EBV lymphoma)
	Date of secondary malignancy:/// YYYY
Donor Information	Circl — 22. Opcony other reasons.
29. Multiple donors? ☐ Yes — →	30. Specify number of donors:
To report more than one donor, copy questions	31- 62 and complete for each donor.
31. Specify donor: Autologous - Go to question 46 Autologous cord blood unit - Go to question NMDP unrelated cord blood unit - Go to question of the cord blood unit - Go to question of the cord blood unit - Go to question 40 Related donor - Go to question 40 Related cord blood unit - Go to question of the cord blood uni	uestion 32 33 35 tion 34
Related cord blood unit - Go to question	tion 34

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:				
	32. NMDP cord blood unit ID:				
	33. NMDP donor ID: Go to question 46				
	34. Non-NMDP unrelated donor ID: (not applicable for related donors)				
	- Go to question 38				
	35. Non-NMDP cord blood unit ID: (include related and autologous CBUs)				
	36. Is the CBU ID also the ISBT DIN number? ☐ Yes ☐ No →→ 37. Specify the ISBT DIN number:				
	38. Registry or UCB Bank ID: If 'Other registry' go to 39, otherwise go to question 41				
	39. Specify other Registry or UCB Bank: Go to question 41				
	40. Specify the related donor type: ☐ Syngeneic (monozygotic twin) ☐ HLA-identical sibling (may include non-monozygotic twin) ☐ HLA-matched other relative ☐ HLA-mismatched relative				
	41. Date of birth: (donor/infant)				
	☐ Known — 42. Date of birth: (donor/infant):///////				
	Unknown 43. Age: (donor/infant) Known → 44. Age: (donor/infant) Unknown Months (use only if less than 1 year old) Years				
	45. Sex: (donor/infant)				
Specify product type:					
46. Bone marrow:	☐ Yes ☐ No				
47. PBSC:	☐ Yes ☐ No				
48. Single cord blood unit:	☐ Yes ☐ No				
49. Other product:	☐ Yes → 50. Specify other product type:				
	ould be considered a <u>single product</u> when they are all from the same donor and use the same collection metho zation, if applicable), even if the collections are performed on different days.				
51. Specify number of proc	ducts infused from this donor:				
	autologous HCT recipients only. If other than autologous skip to question 60 more than one mobilization event to acquire cells for HCT?				
☐ Yes ———					
☐ No	53. Specify the total number of mobilization events performed for this HCT (regardless of the number of collections or which collections were used for this HCT):				

ו ואושוכ	R Center Number: CIBM I R Recipient ID:
-	fy all agents used in the mobilization events reported above:
	G-CSF Yes No
55. 	GM-CSF Yes No
56.	Pegylated G-CSF Yes No
57.	Plerixafor (Mozobil) Yes No
58.	Other CXCR4 inhibitor
59.	Combined with chemotherapy: Yes No
60.	Was this donor used for any prior HCTs? ☐ Yes ☐ No
61.	Donor CMV-antibodies (IgG or Total) (Allogeneic HCTs only) ☐ Reactive ☐ Non-reactive ☐ Not done ☐ Not applicable (cord blood unit)
62.	Was plerixafor (Mozobil) given at any time prior to the preparative regimen? (Related HCTs only)
Cons	ent
63	Has the recipient signed an IRB-approved consent form for submitting research data to the NMDP/CIBMTR?
00.	Yes (natient consented)
	One (patient declined) 64. Date form was signed:////////
	□ Not approached
65.	Did the recipient give permission to be directly contacted for future research?
	Yes (natient provided permission)
	One (patient declined) 66. Date form was signed:////////
	☐ Not approached
67.	Has the recipient signed an IRB-approved consent form to donate research blood samples to the NMDP/CIBMTR?
	Yes (natient consented) —
	One (patient declined) 68. Date form was signed:////////
	☐ Not approached
	☐ Not applicable (center not participating)
69.	Has the donor signed an IRB-approved consent form to donate research blood samples to the NMDP/CIBMTR? (Related donors only)
	Yes (donor consented)
	70. Date form was signed:///////
	☐ Not approached
	☐ Not applicable (center not participating)
Prod	uct Processing/Manipulation
71.	Was the product manipulated prior to infusion?
	☐ Yes ———————————————————————————————————
	□ No 72. Specify portion manipulated: □ Entire product □ Portion of product
	Specify all methods used to manipulate the product:
	73. Washed
	74. Diluted Yes No
	75 Buffy coat enriched (buffy coat preparation)

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:			
	76. B-cell reduced			
Clinical Status of Recipient Prior to the 90. What scale was used to determine the Line Harnofsky (recipient age ≥ 16 years)	he recipients functional status?			
	91. Karnofsky Scale (recipient age ≥ 16 years): □ 100 Normal; no complaints; no evidence of disease □ 90 Able to carry on normal activity □ 80 Normal activity with effort □ 70 Cares for self; unable to carry on normal activity or to do active work □ 60 Requires occasional assistance but is able to care for most needs □ 50 Requires considerable assistance and frequent medical care □ 40 Disabled; requires special care and assistance □ 30 Severely disabled; hospitalization indicated, although death not imminent □ 20 Very sick; hospitalization necessary □ 10 Moribund; fatal process progressing rapidly.			
☐ Lansky (recipient age < 16 years	92. Lansky Scale (recipient age < 16 years): 100 Fully active 90 Minor restriction in physically strenuous play 80 Restricted in strenuous play, tires more easily, otherwise active 70 Both greater restrictions of, and less time spent in, active play 60 Ambulatory up to 50% of time, limited active play with assistance/supervision 50 Considerable assistance required for any active play; fully able to engage in quiet play 40 Able to initiate quiet activities 30 Needs considerable assistance for quiet activity 20 Limited to very passive activity initiated by others (e.g., TV)			

-IDIVI	BMTR Center Number: CIBMTR Recipient ID:				
93.	Recipient CMV-antibodies (IgG or Total):	Reacti	ve		
Со-і	morbid Conditions				
95.	94. Is there a history of mechanical ventilation? ☐ Yes ☐ No 95. Is there a history of proven invasive fungal infection? ☐ Yes ☐ No 96. Were there <i>clinically significant</i> co-existing diseases or organ impairment at time of patient assessment prior to preparative regimen? Source: Blood, 2005 Oct 15;106(8):2912-2919				
	☐ Yes — ▶ ☐ No	97.	Arrhythmia - For example, any history of atrial fibrillation or flutter, sick sinus syndrome, or ventricular arrhythmias requiring treatment Yes No Unknown		
		98.	Cardiac - Any history of coronary artery disease (one or more vessel-coronary artery stenosis requiring medical treatment, stent, or bypass graft), congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, OR ejection fraction ≤ 50% on the most recent test		
		99.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown Cerebrovascular disease - Any history of transient ischemic attack, subarachnoid hemorrhage or cerebrovascular accident ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown		
		100.	Diabetes - Requiring treatment with insulin or oral hypoglycemics in the last 4 weeks but not diet alone ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown		
		101.	Heart valve disease - Except asymptomatic mitral valve prolapse ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown		
		102.	Hepatic, mild - Chronic hepatitis, bilirubin > upper limit of normal to 1.5 × upper limit of normal, or AST/ALT > upper limit of normal to 2.5 × upper limit of normal at the time of transplant OR any history of hepatitis B or hepatitis C infection ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown		
		103.	Hepatic, moderate/severe - Liver cirrhosis, bilirubin > 1.5 × upper limit of normal, or AST/ALT > 2.5 × upper limit of normal Yes No Unknown		
		104.	Infection - For example, documented infection, fever of unknown origin, or pulmonary nodules requiring continuation of antimicrobial treatment after day 0 Yes No Unknown		
		105.	Inflammatory bowel disease - Any history of Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis requiring treatment Yes No Unknown		
		106.	Obesity - Patients with a body mass index > 35 kg/m² at time of transplant ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown		
		107.	Peptic ulcer - Any history of peptic ulcer confirmed by endoscopy and requiring treatment Yes No Unknown		
		108.	Psychiatric disturbance - For example, depression, anxiety, bipolar disorder or schizophrenia requiring psychiatric consult or treatment in the last 4 weeks Yes No Unknown		

109. Pulmonary, moderate - Corrected diffusion capacity of carbon monoxide and/or FEV₁ 66-80% or dyspnea on slight activity at transplant ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
110. Pulmonary, severe - Corrected diffusion capacity of carbon monoxide and/or FEV₁ ≤ 65% or dyspnea at rest or requiring oxygen at transplant
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
 Renal, moderate/severe - Serum creatinine > 2 mg/dL or > 177 μmol/L or on dialysis at transplant, OR prior renal transplantation
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
112. Rheumatologic - For example, any history of systemic lupus erythmatosis, rheumatoid arthritis, polymyositis, mixed connective tissue disease, or polymyalgia rheumatica requiring treatment (do NOT include degenerative joint disease, osteoarthritis)
☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
113. Solid tumor, prior - Treated at any time point in the patient's past history, excluding non-melanoma skin cancer, leukemia, lymphoma or multiple myeloma
☐ Yes → 114. Breast cancer
☐ No ☐ Yes → 115. Year of diagnosis: ☐ Unknown ☐ No
 Central nervous system (CNS) malignancy (glioblastoma, astrocytoma)
☐ Yes → 117. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
 Gastrointestinal malignancy (colon, rectum, stomach, pancreas, intestine)
☐ Yes ——➤ 119. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
 Genitourinary malignancy (kidney, bladder, ovary, testicle, genitalia, uterus, cervix)
☐ Yes ——➤ 121. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
122. Lung cancer
☐ Yes → 123. Year of diagnosis:
124. Melanoma ☐ Yes → 125. Year of diagnosis:
□ No
126. Oropharyngeal cancer (tongue, buccal mucosa)
☐ Yes ——➤ 127. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
128. Sarcoma
☐ Yes ——➤ 129. Year of diagnosis: No

IBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	130. Thyroid cancer ☐ Yes → 131. Year of diagnosis:
	132. Other co-morbid condition ☐ Yes → 133. Specify other co-morbid condition: ☐ No ☐ Unknown
134. Was there a history of malignand performed?	cy (hematologic or non-melanoma skin cancer) other than the primary disease for which this HCT is being
☐ Yes ———————————————————————————————————	Specify which malignancy(ies) occurred: 135. Acute myeloid leukemia (AML/ANLL) Yes 136. Year of diagnosis:
	137. Other leukemia, including ALL ☐ Yes → 138. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 139. Specify leukemia:
	140. Clonal cytogenetic abnormality without leukemia or MDS ☐ Yes → 141. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	142. Hodgkin disease ☐ Yes → 143. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	144. Lymphoma or lymphoproliferative disease ☐ Yes → 145. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 146. Was the tumor EBV positive? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	147. Other skin malignancy (basal cell, squamous) ☐ Yes → 148. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 149. Specify other skin malignancy:
	150. Myelodysplasia (MDS)/myeloproliferative (MPN) disorder ☐ Yes → 151. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No
	152. Other prior malignancy ☐ Yes → 153. Year of diagnosis: ☐ No 154. Specify other prior malignancy:
Pre-HCT Preparative Regimen (Con	aditioning)
	reparative regimen: inches centimeters HCT preparative regimen: pounds kilograms

. Was a pre-HCT preparative	regimen prescribed?
☐ Yes ————	158. Classify the recipient's prescribed preparative regimen:
☐ No	
	☐ Myeloablative
	□ Non-myeloablative (NST)
	Reduced intensity (RIC)
	159. Date pre-HCT preparative regimen began (irradiation or drugs):
	— <u></u>
	(Use earliest date from questions 163, or 168-315)
	160. Was irradiation planned as part of the pre-HCT preparative regimen?
	☐ Yes → 161. What was the prescribed radiation field?
	☐ No ☐ Total body
	☐ Total body by tomotherapy
	☐ Total lymphoid or nodal regions
	☐ Thoracoabdominal region
	162. Total prescribed dose: (dose per fraction x total number of fractions)
	Gy 🗆 cGy
	163. Date started:////
	164. Was the radiation fractionated?
	☐ Yes — 165. Prescribed dose per fraction:
	□ No □ Gy □ cGy
	166. Number of days: (include "rest" days)
	167. Total number of fractions:
	Indicate the total prescribed cumulative dose for the preparative regimen: 168. ALG, ALS, ATG, ATS
	☐ Yes → 169. Total prescribed dose ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/k
	□ No
	170. Date started:///////
	171. Specify source:
	☐ Horse
	☐ Rabbit
	` Other source → 172. Specify other source:
	173. Anthracycline
	☐ Yes → 174. Daunorubicin
	☐ No ☐ Yes → 175. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/k

		176. [Pate started: / /
			Date started:///
		xorubicin (Adriamyo	
			otal prescribed dose:
		No _	mg/m²
		179. E	Date started:
	180. Idar	rubicin	
			otal prescribed dose:
		No _	mg/m²
		182. [Date started://///
	183. Rub	bidazone	
		Yes → 184.	otal prescribed dose:
		No _	mg/m 2 mg/k
		185. C	Date started:
	186. Oth	ner anthracycline	
	_		otal prescribed dose:
		No _	mg/m² mg/kg
		188. E	Date started:////
		189. S	Specify other anthracycline:
190.	Bleomycin (BLM, Blenox	xane)	
	☐ Yes — 191. Tota	tal prescribed dose:	mg/m²
	□ No		
	192. Date	te started:YYY	
193.	Busulfan (Myleran)		
	☐ Yes — 194. Tota		
	□ No □ r	mg/m²	kg Πarget total AUC (μmol x min/L
	195. Date	te started: YYY	
	196. Spe	ecify administration	☐ Oral ☐ IV ☐ Both
197.	Carboplatin		
		tal prescribed dose:	mg/m²
	□ No	to started:	1 1
1	199. Date	te started:	/

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	200. Were pharmacokinetics performed to determine preparative regimen drug dosing?
	☐ Yes — 201. Specify the target AUC:
	☐ No mg/mL/minute
	202. Cisplatin (Platinol, CDDP)
	☐ Yes → 203. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No
	204. Date started:///
	205. Cladribine (2-CdA, Leustatin)
	☐ Yes ——▶ 206. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No
	207. Date started:///
	208. Corticosteroids (excluding anti-nausea medication)
	☐ Yes → 209. Methylprednisolone (Solu-Medrol)
	☐ No ☐ Yes — ≥ 210. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/kg
	211. Date started:///////
	212. Prednisone
	☐ Yes → 213. Total prescribed dose:
	214. Date started:///////
	215. Dexamethasone ☐ Yes → 216. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ □ mg/kg
	217. Date started:///////
	218. Other corticosteroid
	☐ Yes → 219. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ □ □ mg/kg
	220. Date started:////
	221. Specify other corticosteroid:
	222. Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan) ☐ Yes → 223. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	☐ Yes → 223. Total prescribed dose: mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No
	224. Date started:///

	ytarabine (Ara-C)	Total prescribed dose: mg/m² _ mg/kg
] No	Total prescribed dose
	227. I	Date started:YYYY/MM/DD
		TTT IVIIVI UU
228. Et	toposide (VP-16, Ve	ePesid)
		Total prescribed dose: mg/m² _ mg/kg
L] No 230.	Date started: / /
		Date started:///
231. F	ludarabine	
		Total prescribed dose: mg/m² mg/kg
] No	
	233.	Date started:YYYYMMDD
	osfamide	Tabel and with a distance of the control of the con
	」 yes — → 235.]No	Total prescribed dose: mg/kg
		Date started://///
		YYYY MM DD
237. Ir	ntrathecal therapy (c	chemotherapy)
		Intrathecal cytarabine (IT Ara-C)
		☐ Yes → 239. Total prescribed dose:
		□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
		240. Date started:
		Intrathecal methotrexate (IT MTX) ☐ Yes → 242. Total prescribed dose:
		□ No □ □ □ mg/kg □ mg/kg
		243. Date started://///
	244.	Intrathecal thiotepa
		☐ Yes —→ 245. Total prescribed dose:
	1	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
		246. Date started:////
		YYYY MM DD
		Other intrathecal drug
		☐ Yes → 248. Total prescribed dose:
		249. Date started://////
		TTTT MINI DD
		□ No

250. Specify other intrathecal drug:
251. Melphalan (L-Pam) ☐ Yes → 252. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No 253. Date started: ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐
255. Mitoxantrone ☐ Yes → 256. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg ☐ No 257. Date started: / / /
258. Monoclonal antibody ☐ Yes → 259. Radio labeled mAb ☐ No ☐ Yes → 260. Total prescribed dose of radioactive ☐ No ☐ component: • ☐ mCi ☐ MBq 261. Date started: / / /
Specify radio labeled mAb: 262. Tositumomab (Bexxar) ☐ Yes ☐ No 263. Ibritumomab tiuxetan (Zevalin) ☐ Yes ☐ No
264. Other radio labeled mAb ☐ Yes → 265. Specify radio labeled ☐ No mAb:
266. Alemtuzumab (Campath) ☐ Yes → 267. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg 268. Date started: / _ / / _ / / _ /
269. Rituximab (Rituxan, anti CD20) ☐ Yes → 270. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
271. Date started://////

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	274. Date started://////
	275. Other mAb ☐ Yes → 276. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	277. Date started://///
	278. Specify other mAb:
	279. Nitrosourea
	☐ Yes → 280. Carmustine (BCNU) ☐ No ☐ Yes → 281. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg 282. Date started: □ □ □ / □ □ / □ □ YYYY
	283. CCNU (Lomustine) ☐ Yes — ▶ 284. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	285. Date started:////DD
	286. Other nitrosourea ☐ Yes → 287. Total prescribed dose: ☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	288. Date started://////
	289. Specify other nitrosourea:
	290. Paclitaxel (Taxol, Xyotax)
	☐ Yes → 291. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/k
	No 292. Date started:///
	293. Teniposide (VM26)
	☐ Yes → 294. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/k
	□ No 295. Date started:///
	296. Thiotepa
	☐ Yes → 297. Total prescribed dose: ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/k☐ No
	298. Date started://///

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	299. Treosulfan
	Yes → 300. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	301. Date started://////
	YYYY MM DD
	302. Tyrosine kinase inhibitors
	☐ Yes → 303. Dasatinib (Sprycel)
	☐ No ☐ Yes ——➤ 304. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	305 Date started: / /
	305. Date started://////
	306. Imatinib mesylate (STI571, Gleevec)
	Yes — 307. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	308. Date started:///////
	YYYY MM DD
	309. Nilotinib
	☐ Yes ——> 310. Total prescribed dose:
	□ No □ mg/m² □ mg/kg
	311. Date started:///////
	YYYY MM DD
	312. Other drug
	Yes> 313. Total prescribed dose:
	☐ No ☐ mg/m² ☐ mg/kg
	314. Date started://////
	315. Specify other drug:
GVHD Prophylaxis	
	neic HCTs only; autologous HCTs continue with question 342.
316. Was GVHD prophylaxis planned/given?	Specify:
☐ Yes ────	→ 317. ÅLG, ALS, ATG, ATS
□ No	☐ Yes → 318. Specify source:
	□ No □ Horse
	Rabbit
	☐ Other source ——> 319. Specify other source:
	320. Corticosteroids (systemic)
	321. Cyclosporine (CSA, Neoral, Sandimmune)

323. Extra-corporeal photopheresis (ECP)			
323. Extra-corporeal photopheresis (ECP)	322	Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan)	☐ Yes ☐ No
325. In vivo monoclonal antibody Yes	323	Extra-corporeal photopheresis (ECP)	☐ Yes ☐ No
Yes → Specify in vivo monoclonal antibody: No	324	FK 506 (Tacrolimus, Prograf)	☐ Yes ☐ No
No 326. Alemtuzumab (Campath) Yes No No 327. Anti CD 25 (Zenapax, Daclizumab, AntiTAC) Yes → 328. Specify: No 329. Etanercept (Enbrel) Yes No 330. Infliximab (Remicade) Yes No No 331. Other in vivo monoclonal antibody Yes → 332. Specify antibody: Yes → 332. Specify antibody: Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin: Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin: Yes No No 335. Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin) Yes No No 336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept) Yes No No 337. Sirollimus (Rapamycin, Rapamune) Yes No No 340. Other agent Yes → 339. Specify trial agent: No No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No Masked trial Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No Masked trial Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No Masked trial Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N	325	In vivo monoclonal antibody	
327. Anti CD 25 (Zenapax, Daclizumab, AntiTAC)		☐ Yes — Specify in vivo monoclonal antibody:	
		☐ No 326. Alemtuzumab (Campath)	☐ Yes ☐ No
330. Infliximato (Remicade)		☐ Yes — 328. Specify:	
331. Other in vivo monoclonal antibody Yes → 332. Specify antibody: No		329. Etanercept (Enbrel)	☐ Yes ☐ No
Yes → 332. Specify antibody: No 333. In vivo immunotoxin Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin: Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin: No 335. Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin) Yes No No 336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept) Yes No No No No No No No N			☐ Yes ☐ No
Yes → 334. Specify immunotoxin: No No No No Specify immunotoxin: No No No No No No No No		☐ Yes → 332. Specify anti	
No 335. Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin) Yes No No 336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept) Yes No No No No No No No N	333	In vivo immunotoxin	
336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept)			
336. Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept)	338	Methotrexate (MTX) (Amethopterin)	☐ Yes ☐ No
338. Blinded randomized trial Yes → 339. Specify trial agent: No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No Specify trial agent: No Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No Masked trial Specify other agent: No No No Masked trial Specify other agent: No No No Masked trial Ost-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 As Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No No No No No No No No	336	Mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) (CellCept)	☐ Yes ☐ No
Yes → 339. Specify trial agent: No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N	337	Sirolimus (Rapamycin, Rapamune)	☐ Yes ☐ No
No 340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N	338	Blinded randomized trial	
340. Other agent Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No Other Toxicity Modifying Regimen Optional for non-U.S. Centers 42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial Oost-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No No No No No No No No			
Yes → 341. Specify other agent: No No No No No No No N		□ No	
No No No No No No No No	340	_	
ptional for non-U.S. Centers 42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial ost-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No 44. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned?			
ptional for non-U.S. Centers 42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial 50st-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? No 44. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned?		∐ No	
ptional for non-U.S. Centers 42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial ost-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No 44. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned?			
42. Was KGF (palifermin, Kepivance) started or is there a plan to use it? Yes No Masked trial Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0 43. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? No 44. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned?	Other Toxicity Modifying Regimen		
343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) graft/HCT protocol? Yes No		a plan to use it?	
344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned?	Post-HCT Disease Therapy Planned as of Day 0		
344. Is additional post-HCT therapy planned?	343. Is this HCT part of a planned multiple (sequential) of	aft/HCT protocol? ☐ Yes ☐ No	
Questions 345 – 355 are optional for non-U.S. centers		etions 245 255 are outlined to a continue to	
□ No 345. Bortezomib (Velcade) □ Yes □ No		•	☐ Yes ☐ No
One. Delitezerinis (Velodade)	040		<u> </u>

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ ___

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:	
	348. Intrathecal therapy (chemotherapy)	☐ Yes ☐ No
	349. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (e.g. imatinib mesylate)	☐ Yes ☐ No
	350. Lenalidomide (Revlimid)	☐ Yes ☐ No
	351. Local radiotherapy	☐ Yes ☐ No
	352. Rituximab (Rituxan, Mabthera)	☐ Yes ☐ No
	353. Thalidomide (Thalomid)	☐ Yes ☐ No
	354. Other therapy	
	☐ Yes → 355. Specify other therapy:	
	□ No	
rimary Disease for HCT		
56. Date of diagnosis of primary disease	e for HCT:	
oo. Date of diagnosis of primary disease	e for HC1:	
57. What was the primary disease for wl	hich the HCT was performed?	
☐ Acute myelogenous leukemia(AN		
l ,		
•	Acute Myelogenous Leukemia (AML) 358. Specify the AML classification:	
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5)	
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6)	N4 EV/14 (7)
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP	
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP. ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM	15-MKL1 (8)
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: ☐ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281	15-MKL1 (8))
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: ☐ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281 ☐ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22)	15-MKL1 (8))
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM ☐ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281 ☐ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) ☐ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: ☐ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) ☐ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) ☐ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) ☐ AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6;	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	 AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281 AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) 	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	 AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP. AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM¹ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) 	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	□ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) □ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) □ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP □ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: □ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) □ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) □ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) □ AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; □ AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) □ Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) □ Myeloid sarcoma (295)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	□ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) □ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) □ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP. □ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM¹ □ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281 □ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) □ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) □ AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; □ AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) □ Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) □ Myeloid sarcoma (295) □ Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP. ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: ☐ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) ☐ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) ☐ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) ☐ AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; ☐ AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) ☐ Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) ☐ Myeloid sarcoma (295) ☐ Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) ☐ AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	☐ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) ☐ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) ☐ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP ☐ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: ☐ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) ☐ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) ☐ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) ☐ AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; ☐ AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) ☐ Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) ☐ Myeloid sarcoma (295) ☐ Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) ☐ AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) ☐ AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	□ AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) □ AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) □ AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP. □ AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: □ AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) □ AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) □ APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) □ AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; □ AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) □ Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) □ Myeloid sarcoma (295) □ Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) □ AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) □ AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) □ AML without maturation (M1) (287)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia − related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) Myeloid sarcoma (295) Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) AML with maturation (M1) (287) AML with maturation (M2) (288)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282)
	AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) Myeloid sarcoma (295) Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) AML with maturation (M1) (287) AML with maturation (M2) (288) Acute myelomonocytic leukemia (M4) (289)	15-MKL1 (8)); CBFB/MYH11(282) 11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)
	AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia − related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) Myeloid sarcoma (295) Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) AML with maturation (M1) (287) AML with maturation (M2) (288)	15-MKL1 (8)); CBFB/MYH11(282) 11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)
	AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) Myeloid sarcoma (295) Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) AML with maturation (M1) (287) AML with maturation (M2) (288) Acute myelomonocytic leukemia (M4) (289)	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282) 11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)
	AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) Myeloid sarcoma (295) Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) AML without maturation (M1) (287) AML with maturation (M2) (288) Acute myelomonocytic leukemia (M4) (289) Acute monoblastic/acute monocytic leukemia (M5) (2	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282) 11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)
	AML with t(9;11) (p22;q23); MLLT 3-MLL (5) AML with t(6;9) (p23;q24); DEK-NUP214 (6) AML with inv(3) (q21;q26.2) or t(3;3) (q21;q26.2); RP AML (megakaryoblastic) with t(1;22) (p13;q13); RBM: AML with t(8;21); (q22; q22); RUNX1/RUNX1T1 (281) AML with inv(16); (p13;1q22) or t(16;16) (p13.1; q22) APL with t(15;17); (q22;q12); RARA;PML (283) AML with 11q23 (MLL) abnormalities (i.e., t(4;11), t(6; AML with myelodysplasia – related changes (285) Therapy related AML (t-AML) (9) Myeloid sarcoma (295) Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (296) AML or ANLL, not otherwise specified (280) AML, minimally differentiated (M0) (286) AML with maturation (M1) (287) AML with maturation (M2) (288) Acute myelomonocytic leukemia (M4) (289) Acute monoblastic/acute monocytic leukemia (M5) (2	15-MKL1 (8)) ; CBFB/MYH11(282) 11), t(9;11), t(11;19)) (284)

CIBMTR Center Number:		CIBM	R Recipient ID: _			
	360. I	□ No Is the disease (AML □ Yes □ No	olete Disease Class) therapy related? Unknown ve a predisposing co Specify condition: Bloom syndrome Down syndrome Fanconi anemia Neurofibromatos)		
		Were cytogenetics t ☐ Yes → 365. ☐ No ☐ Unknown	ested (conventional Results of tests: Abnormalities id No evaluable me No abnormalities	entified		
			any regii Mon	osomy	of the prep	parative
			366. 367. 368.		☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☐ No ☐ No ☐ No
			369. 370. 371.		☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☐ No ☐ No ☐ No
			375. 376. 377.	+4	☐ Yes	No
			Tran 379. 380. 381. 382. 383.	t(3;3) t(6;9) t(8;21) t(9;11) t(9;22) t(15;17) and variants	☐ Yes	NoNoNoNoNoNoNoNo

		385. t(16;1	6)	☐ Yes	□No
		Deletion			
		386. del(3q	ı)/3q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
		387. del(5q	ı)/5q–	☐ Yes	☐ No
		388. del(7q	ı)/7q–	☐ Yes	☐ No
		389. del(9q	ı)/9q—	☐ Yes	☐ No
		390. del(11	q)/11q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
		391. del(16	6q)/16q–	☐ Yes	☐ No
		392. del(17	'q)/17q–	☐ Yes	☐ No
		393. del(20)q)/20q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
		394. del(21	q)/21q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Inversion			
		395. inv(3)		☐ Yes	☐ No
		396. inv(16	5)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Other			
		397. (11q2; abnor		☐ Yes	☐ No
			ny abnormality	☐ Yes	☐ No
		399. Comp	lex - ≥ 3 distinct malities		☐ No
		400. Other	abnormality		
		☐ Ye	s → 401. Sp	ecify other	
			ab	normality:	
O Mara tanta fari		- wf- w /	- DOD\2		
402. Were tests for r	Specify molecular r		-	imo prior t	o the
	start of the prepara			inie prior to	o tile
☐ Unknown		arve regime			
	Positive	☐ Negativ	re 🗌 Not do	one	
•	404. FLT3 – D835 p				
	☐ Positive	☐ Negativ	re	one	
•	405. FLT3 – ITD mu	tation			
	☐ Positive	☐ Negativ	re 🗌 Not do	one	
	406. IDH1				
	☐ Positive	☐ Negativ	re 🔲 Not do	one	
,	407. IDH2				
	Positive	☐ Negativ	re 🗌 Not do	one	
				0	
•	408. KIT				
	☐ Positive	☐ Negativ	re	one	
-	409. NPM1				
i	☐ Positive	☐ Negativ	re 🔲 Not do	one	

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ ___

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ __

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID: _	
	410. Other molecular ma	rker
	☐ Positive ——▶	411. Specify other molecular marker:
	☐ Negative ——▶	- The opening other molecular marker.
	☐ Not done	
	Status at transplantation 412. What was the disease status (based on	hematologic test results)?
	Primary induction failure (PIF)	
	☐ 1st complete remission ————	413. How many cycles of induction
	(no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse)	therapy were required to achieve CR?
	☐ 2nd complete remission — →	1
	☐ ≥ 3rd complete remission ———	414. Was the recipient in molecular
		remission?
		☐ Yes
		□ No
		☐ Unknown
		☐ Not applicable
		415. Was the recipient in remission by
		flow cytometry?
		Yes
		□ No
		Unknown
		☐ Not applicable
		416. Was the recipient in cytogenetic remission?
		☐ Yes
		☐ No
		☐ Unknown
		☐ Not applicable
	☐ 1st relapse ———	
	☐ 2nd relapse ———	417. Date of most recent relapse:
	☐ ≥ 3rd relapse — ▶	//
	☐ No treatment	YYYY MM DD
	418. Date assessed:///////	Go to First Name
	I I I I IVIIVI	00

ITR Center Number:	CIBMTR F	Recipient ID:		
☐ Acute lymphoblastic leukemia (AL	L) (20)			
	Acute Lymphoblastic Leuke			
	419. Specify ALL classification			
	☐ t(9;22)(q34;q11); BC			
	☐ t(v;11q23); MLL rear			
	☐ t(1;19)(q23;p13) TC	, ,		
	☐ t(12;21) (p12;q22); ⁻ ☐ t(5;14) (q31;q32); IL			
	☐ Hyperdiploidy (51-6			
	☐ Hypodiploidy (<45 c			
	☐ B-cell ALL, NOS {L1			
		leukemia/lymphoma (Precursor T	-cell ALL) (196)	
	☐ ALL, NOS (190)		, , ,	
		hibitors (i.e.imatinib mesylate) giv r to start of the preparative regime		
	421. Were cytogenetics teste	ed (conventional or FISH)?		
	Yes → 422. Res			
		Abnormalities identified ———		
		No evaluable metaphases		
	<u></u>	No abnormalities		
		Specify cytogenetic any time prior to the regimen: Monosomy	abnormalities id start of the pre	dentified parative
		423. –7	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Trisomy		
		424. +4	☐ Yes	☐ No
		425. +8	☐ Yes	☐ No
		426. +17	☐ Yes	☐ No
		427. +21	☐ Yes	☐ No
		Translocation		
		428. t(1;19)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		429. t(2;8)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		430. t(4;11)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		431. t(5;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		432. t(8;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		433. t(8;22)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		434. t(9;22)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		435. t(10;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		436. t(11;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
		437. t(12;21)	☐ Yes	☐ No

Dele	etion
	del(6q)/6q-
	del(9p)/9p- ☐ Yes ☐ No
	del(12p)/12p− ☐ Yes ☐ No
Add	lition
	add(14q)
Oth	er
442.	(11q23) any Yes No abnormality
443.	9p any abnormality ☐ Yes ☐ No
	. 12p any abnormality ☐ Yes ☐ No
	Hyperdiploid (> 50) Yes No
	Hypodiploid (< 46) ☐ Yes ☐ No
447.	Complex - ≥ 3 distinct ☐ Yes ☐ No abnormalities
440	Other charmality
440.	Other abnormality ☐ Yes → 449. Specify other
	_
	∐ No abnormality:
452. TEL-AML/AML1	Negative
☐ Not done	
tus at Transplantation: 5. What was the disease status (based on	hematologic test results)?
 □ Primary induction failure □ 1st complete remission (no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse) □ 2nd complete remission □ ≥ 3rd complete remission 	456. How many cycles of induction therapy were required to achieve CR? ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ ≥ 3 457. Was the recipient in molecular remission? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	☐ Unknown

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
CIBMTR Center Number:	Not applicable 458. Was the recipient in remission by flow cytometry? Yes No Unknown Not applicable 459. Was the recipient in cytogenetic remission? Yes No Unknown Not applicable 459. Was the recipient in cytogenetic remission? Yes No Unknown Not applicable 460. Date of most recent relapse: 2nd relapse 2 3rd relapse Yyyy MM DD
	Status at Transplantation: 464. What was the disease status (based on hematologic test results)?

TR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
Chronic myelogenous leukemia ————————————————————————————————————	Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia (CML) Philadelphia chromosome+, Ph+, t(9;22) (q34;q11), or variant OR bcr/abl+ 466. Specify CML classification: Ph+/bcr+ (41) Ph+/bcr- (42) Ph+/bcr unknown (43) Ph-/bcr+ (44) Ph unknown/bcr+ (47)
	467. Was therapy given prior to this HCT? ☐ Yes → 468. Combination chemotherapy ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ No 469. Hydroxyurea (HU) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ 470. Tyrosine kinase inhibitor (e.g.imatinib ☐ Yes ☐ No
	mesylate, dasatinib, nilotinib) 471. Interferon-α (Intron, Roferon) (includes ☐ Yes ☐ No PEG) 472. Other therapy ☐ Yes → 473. Specify other therapy: ☐ No
	474. What was the disease status at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen? ☐ Complete hematologic remission → ☐ First chronic phase Specify remission: 475. Cytogenetic complete remission (Ph negative) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown 476. Molecular complete remission (BCR/ABL negative) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown 477. CML disease status before treatment that achieved this CR ☐ Chronic phase ☐ Accelerated phase ☐ Blast phase ☐ Go to question 478
	☐ Second or greater chronic phase → ☐ Accelerated phase — ☐ 1st ☐ Blast crisis — ☐ 2nd ☐ 3rd or higher

indicate AML as the primary disease)	Myelodysplastic (MDS)/Myeloproliferative (MPN) Diseases 480. What was the MDS/MPN classification at diagnosis? - If transformed to AML, indicate AML as primary disease; also complete Disease Classification questions 358-418
	Refractory cytopenia with unilineage dysplasia (RCUD) (includes refractory a (RA)) (51)
	Refractory anemia with ringed sideroblasts (RARS) (55)
	Refractory anemia with excess blasts-1 (RAEB-1) (61)
	Refractory anemia with excess blasts-2 (RAEB-2) (62)
	Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia (RCMD) (64)
	☐ Childhood myelodysplastic syndrome (Refractory cytopenia of childhood (RC (68)
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (5q– syndrome) (66)
	☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (50)
	☐ Chronic neutrophilic leukemia (165)
	☐ Chronic eosinophilic leukemia, NOS (166)
	Essential thrombocythemia (includes primary thrombocytosis, idiopathic thrombocytosis, hemorrhagic thrombocythemia) (58)
	☐ Polycythemia vera (PCV) (57)
	 Primary myelofibrosis (includes chronic idiopathic myelofibrosis (CIMF), angi myeloid metaplasia (AMM), myelofibrosis/sclerosis with myeloid metaplasia (MMM), idiopathic myelofibrosis) (167)
	☐ Myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), unclassifiable (60)
	☐ Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54)
	☐ Juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML/JCML) (no evidence of Ph¹ or BCR/ABL) (36) - Go to question 525
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph-/bcr/abl- {CML, NOS} (45) - Go to question 577
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph-/bcr unknown {CML, NOS} (46) - Go to question 577
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph unknown/bcr- {CML, NOS} (48) - Go to question 577
	☐ Atypical chronic myeloid leukemia, Ph unknown/bcr unknown {CML, NOS} (49) - <i>Go to question 577</i>
	☐ Myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable (69)
	481. Was the disease (MDS/MPN) therapy related?
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
	482. Did the recipient have a predisposing condition?
	☐ Yes → 483. Specify condition:
	☐ No ☐ Aplastic anemia
	☐ Unknown ☐ Bloom syndrome
	☐ Down syndrome
	☐ Fanconi anemia
	☐ Other condition → 484. Specify other condition:

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __

CIBMTR Center Number: ____ ___ ___

Laboratory Studies at Diagnosis of MDS 485. WBC
☐ Known → 486
☐ Unknown ☐ x 10 ⁹ /L (x 10 ³ /mm ³) ☐ x 10 ⁶ /L
487. Hemoglobin
☐ Known → 488 • ☐ g/dL ☐ g/L ☐ mmol/L
Unknown
489. Was RBC transfused < 30 days before date of test? ☐ Yes ☐ No
490. Platelets
☐ Known → 491
\square Unknown \square x 10 9 /L (x 10 3 /mm 3) \square x 10 6 /L
492. Were platelets transfused < 7 days before date of test? ☐ Yes ☐ No
493. Neutrophils
☐ Known → 494%
☐ Unknown
495. Blasts in bone marrow
☐ Known → 496 %
☐ Unknown
497. Were cytogenetics tested (conventional or FISH)?
☐ Yes —→ 498. Results of tests:
☐ No ☐ Abnormalities identified ———
☐ Unknown ☐ No evaluable metaphases
☐ No abnormalities
Specify abnormalities identified at diagnosis: 499. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic
abnormalities:
☐ One (1)
☐ Two (2)
☐ Three (3)
☐ Four or more (4 or more)
Monosomy
500. –5 ☐ Yes ☐ No
501. −7
502. −13
503. –20 ☐ Yes ☐ No
504. −Y ☐ Yes ☐ No
Trisomy
505. +8 ☐ Yes ☐ No
506. +19 ☐ Yes ☐ No

Translocation 507. t(1;3) Yes No 508. t(2;11) Yes No 509. t(3;3) Yes No 510. t(3;21) Yes No 511. t(6;9) Yes No 512. t(11;16) Yes No Deletion 513. del(3q)/3q- Yes No 514. del(5q)/5q- Yes No 515. del(7q)/7q- Yes No 516. del(9q)/9q- Yes No 517. del(11q)/11q- Yes No 518. del(12p)/12p- Yes No 519. del(13q)/13q- Yes No 520. del(20q)/20q- Yes No Inversion 521. irv(3) Yes No Other 522. i17q Yes No 523. Other abnormality Yes Specify other abnormality No
507. t(1;3)
508. t(2;11)
509. t(3:3)
510. t(3,21)
511. t(6;9)
512. t(11;16) Yes No Deletion 513. del(3q)/3q- Yes No 514. del(5q)/5q- Yes No 515. del(7q)/7q- Yes No 516. del(9q)/9q- Yes No 517. del(11q)/11q- Yes No 518. del(12p)/12p- Yes No 519. del(13q)/13q- Yes No 520. del(20q)/20q- Yes No Inversion 521. inv(3) Yes No Other 522. i17q Yes No 522. i17q Yes No 523. Other abnormality Yes Yes Yes
Deletion 513. del(3q)/3q-
513. del(3q)/3q-
514. del(5q)/5q-
515. del(7q)/7q-
516. del(9q)/9q-
517. del(11q)/11q-
518. del(12p)/12p-
519. del(13q)/13q-
520. del(20q)/20q-
Inversion 521. inv(3)
521. inv(3)
Other 522. i17q
522. i17q ☐ Yes ☐ No 523. Other abnormality ☐ Yes → 524. Specify other abnormality
523. Other abnormality ☐ Yes → 524. Specify other abnormality
☐ Yes → 524. Specify other abnormality
525. Did the recipient progress or transform to a different MDS/MPN subtype between diagnosis and the start of the preparative regimen?
Yes → 526. Specify the date of the most recent transformation:
YYYY MM DD
527. Specify the MDS/MPN classification after transformation:
☐ Refractory cytopenia with unilineage dysplasia (RCUD) (includes refractory anemia (RA)) (51)
☐ Refractory anemia with ringed sideroblasts (RARS) (55)
☐ Refractory anemia with excess blasts-1 (RAEB-1) (61)
☐ Refractory anemia with excess blasts-2 (RAEB-2) (62)
☐ Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia (RCMD) (64)
☐ Childhood myelodysplastic syndrome (Refractory cytopenia of childhood (RCC)) (68)
childhood (RCC)) (68) ☐ Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q)
childhood (RCC)) (68) Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (5q- syndrome) (66)
childhood (RCC)) (68) Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) (5q- syndrome) (66) Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), unclassifiable (50)

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ ___

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ __

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	☐ Polycythemia vera (PCV) (57)
	Primary myelofibrosis (includes chronic idiopathic myelofibrosis (CIMF), angiogenic myeloid metaplasia (AMM), myelofibrosis/sclerosis with myeloid metaplasia (MMM), idiopathic myelofibrosis) (167)
	☐ Myeloproliferative neoplasm (MPN), unclassifiable (60)
	☐ Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMMoL) (54)
	☐ Myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable (69)
	☐ Transformed to AML (70) - Go to First Name.
	Laboratory studies at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen: 528. WBC
	☐ Known → 529
	\Box Unknown \Box x 10 9 /L (x 10 3 /mm 3) \Box x 10 6 /L
	530. Hemoglobin
	☐ Known → 531 •
	532. Was RBC transfused < 30 days before date of test? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	533. Platelets
	☐ Known → 534
	☐ Unknown ☐ x 10°/L (x 10³/mm³) ☐ x 10°/L
	535. Were platelets transfused < 7 days before date of test? ☐ Yes ☐ No
	536. Neutrophils
	☐ Known → 537. %
	☐ Unknown
	538. Blasts in bone marrow
	☐ Known → 539%
	☐ Unknown
	540. Were cytogenetics tested (conventional or FISH)? ☐ Yes → 541. Results of tests:
	□ No □ Abnormalities identified ─────
	☐ Unknown ☐ No evaluable metaphases
	□ No abnormalities
	Specify cytogenetic abnormalities identified at last evaluation prior to the start of the preparative regimen: 542. Specify number of distinct cytogenetic abnormalities:
	☐ One (1)
	☐ Two (2)
	Three (3)
	☐ Four or more (4 or more)

Mon	osomy		
543.	-	☐ Yes	☐ No
544.		☐ Yes	□ No
	-13	☐ Yes	□ No
	–20	☐ Yes	□ No
		☐ Yes	□ No
547.	-T	□ 162	
Triso	_	_	_
548.	+8	☐ Yes	☐ No
549.	+19	☐ Yes	☐ No
Tran	slocation		
550.	t(1;3)	☐ Yes	☐ No
551.	t(2;11)	☐ Yes	☐ No
552.	t(3;3)	☐ Yes	☐ No
553.	t(3;21)	☐ Yes	☐ No
554.	t(6;9)	☐ Yes	☐ No
555.	t(11;16)	☐ Yes	☐ No
Dele	tion		
556.	del(3q)/3q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
557.	del(5q)/5q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
558.	del(7q)/7q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
559.	del(9q)/9q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
560.	del(11q)/11q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
561.	del(12p)/12p-	☐ Yes	□No
562.	del(13q)/13q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
	del(20q)/20q-	☐ Yes	□ No
	rsion		
	inv(3)	☐ Yes	□ No
		<u> </u>	□ 140
Othe			
	i17q	☐ Yes	☐ No
566.	Other abnormality	0 15 ::	
	☐ Yes → 567.	Specify other	abnormality:
	□ No		
Status at Transplantation 568. What was the disease status?			
Complete remission (CR) - requires weeks: * bone marrow evaluation: of all cell lines * peripheral blood e untransfused and without erythrop myeloid growth factor support; pla support; 0% blasts - Go to question	< 5% myeloblasts v valuation: hemoglo oietin support; ANG tlets ≥ 100 x 10º/L v	vith normal n bin ≥ 11 g/dL C ≥ 1000/mm	naturation - ³ without
Hematologic improvement (HI) - requestion maintained for ≥ 8 weeks without of cell line was measured to determine increase of ≥ 1.5 g/dL untransfused ≤ 9.0, reduction in RBC units trans	ingoing cytotoxic the le HI response: * HI d; for RBC transfus	nerapy; speci -E – hemoglo ions perform	ify which obin ed for Hgb

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ ___

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ ___

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:		
	the pre-treatment transfusion number in 8 weeks * HI-P – for pre-treatment platelet count of > 20 x 10 9 /L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 30 x 10 9 /L; for pre-treatment platelet count of < 20 x 10 9 /L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 20 x 10 9 /L and ≥ 100% from pre-treatment level * HI-N – neutrophil count increase of ≥ 100% from pre-treatment level and an absolute increase of ≥ 500/mm 3 - Go to question 569		
	□ No response (NR)/stable disease (SD) - does not meet the criteria for at least HI, but no evidence of disease progression - Go to question 572		
	Progression from hematologic improvement (Prog from HI) – requires at least one of the following, in the absence of another explanation (e.g., infection, bleeding, ongoing chemotherapy, etc.): * ≥ 50% reduction from maximum response levels in granulocytes or platelets * reduction in hemoglobin by ≥ 1.5 g/dL *transfusion dependence - Go to question 570		
	Relapse from complete remission (Rel from CR) - requires at least one of the following: * return to pre-treatment bone marrow blast percentage * decrease of ≥ 50% from maximum response levels in granulocytes or platelets * transfusion dependence, or hemoglobin level ≥ 1.5 g/dL lower than prior to therapy - Go to question 571		
	☐ Not assessed - Go to First Name.		
	569. Specify the cell line examined to determine HI status:		
	HI-E - hemoglobin increase of ≥ 1.5 g/dL untransfused; for RBC transfusions performed for Hgb ≤ 9.0, reduction in RBC units transfused in 8 weeks by ≥ 4 units compared to the pre-treatment transfusion number in 8 weeks - Go to question 572		
	HI-P - for pre-treatment platelet count of > 20 x 10 9L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 30 x 10 9L; for pre-treatment platelet count of < 20 x 10 9L, platelet absolute increase of ≥ 20 x 10 9L and ≥ 100% from pre-treatment level - Go to question 572		
	HI-N - neutrophil count increase of ≥ 100% from pre- treatment level and an absolute increase of ≥ 500 / mm3 - Go to question 572		
	570. Date of progression:////////		
	571. Date of relapse: / / / // - Go to question 572		
	572. Date assessed://///		
	So to mot name		
Other leukemia (30) (includes CL	Cother Leukemia (OL) 573. Specify the other leukemia classification:		
	Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), NOS (34) - Go to question 575		
	☐ Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), B-cell/small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL) (71) - Go to question 575		
	☐ Hairy cell leukemia (35) - Go to question 578		

☐ PLL, B-0	cohocytic leukemia (PLL), NOS (37) - Go to question 575 cell (73) - Go to question 575 cell (74) - Go to question 575
	eukemia, NOS (30) - Go to question 577 eukemia (39) - 574. Specify other leukemia:
	575. Was any 17p abnormality detected? Yes No If disease classification is CLL, go to question 576. If PLL, go to question 578. 576. Did a histologic transformation to diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (Richter syndrome) occur at any time after CLL diagnosis? Yes - Go to question 583 - Also complete disease classification questions 583-585 No - Go to question 578
	Status at transplantation: 577. What was the disease status? (Atypical CML) ☐ Primary induction failure ☐ 1st complete remission (no previous bone marrow or extramedullary relapse) ☐ 2nd complete remission ☐ ≥ 3rd complete remission ☐ 1st relapse ☐ 2nd relapse ☐ 2nd relapse ☐ > 3rd relapse ☐ No treatment - Go to question 579
	Status at transplantation: 578. What was the disease status? (CLL, PLL, Hairy cell Leukemia) Never treated Complete remission (CR) Nodular partial remission (nPR) Partial remission (PR) No response/stable (NR/SD) Progression Relapse (untreated)
579. Date assessed	d:

	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
☐ Hodgkin lymphoma (150) ————	Hodgkin Lymphoma 580. Specify Hodgkin lymphoma classification:
	☐ Nodular lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin lymphoma (155)
	☐ Lymphocyte-rich (151)
	☐ Nodular sclerosis (152)
	☐ Mixed cellularity (153)
	☐ Lymphocyte depleted (154)
	☐ Hodgkin lymphoma, NOS (150)
	Status at transplantation: 581. What was the disease status?
	☐ Disease untreated
	☐ PIF res - Primary induction failure – resistant: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with stable or progressive disease on treatment.
	☐ PIF sen/PR1 - Primary induction failure – sensitive: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with partial remission on treatment.
	☐ PIF unk - Primary induction failure – sensitivity unknown
	☐ CR1 - 1 st complete remission: no bone marrow or extramedullary relapse prior to transplant
	☐ CR2 - 2 nd complete remission
	☐ CR3+ - 3 rd or subsequent complete remission
	REL1 unt - 1 st relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedulla relapse
	REL1 res - 1st relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
	REL1 sen - 1 st relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission was achieved, classify as CR2)
	REL1 unk - 1 st relapse – sensitivity unknown
	REL2 unt - 2 nd relapse – untreated: includes either bone marrow or extramedulla relapse
	☐ REL2 res - 2 nd relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
	REL2 sen - 2 nd relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)
	☐ REL2 unk - 2 nd relapse – sensitivity unknown
	REL3+ unt - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow extramedullary relapse
	REL3+ res - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
	REL3+ sen - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)
	REL3+ unk - 3 rd relapse or greater – sensitivity unknown

☐ Non-Hodgkin lymphoma (100) ——▶	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma 583. Specify Non-Hodgkin lymphoma classification:
	☐ Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (124)
	☐ Extranodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosal associated lymphoid tiss type (MALT) (122)
	☐ Nodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma (± monocytoid B-cells) (123)
	Follicular, predominantly small cleaved cell (Grade I follicle center lymphoma) (
	Follicular, mixed, small cleaved and large cell (Grade II follicle center lymphoma (103)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIA follicle center lymphoma) (162)
	☐ Follicular, predominantly large cell (Grade IIIB follicle center lymphoma) (163)
	☐ Follicular (grade unknown) (164)
	☐ Mantle cell lymphoma (115)
	☐ Intravascular large B-cell lymphoma (136)
	☐ Primary mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma (125)
	☐ Primary effusion lymphoma (138)
	☐ Diffuse, large B-cell lymphoma — NOS (107)
	☐ Burkitt lymphoma (111)
	☐ B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL an Burkitt lymphoma (140)
	☐ B-cell lymphoma, unclassifiable, with features intermediate between DLBCL an classical Hodgkin Lymphoma (149)
	☐ T-cell/histiocytic rich large B-cell lymphoma (120)
	☐ Primary diffuse large B-cell lymphoma of the CNS (118)
	☐ Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia/Lymphoplasmacytic lymphoma (173)
	Other B-cell lymphoma (129) – Go to question 584
	Extranodal NK/T-cell lymphoma, nasal type (137)
	☐ Enteropathy-type T-cell lymphoma (133)
	☐ Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma (145)
	☐ Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma (146)
	☐ Mycosis fungoides (141)
	☐ Sezary syndrome (142)
	☐ Primary cutaneous CD30+ T-cell lymphoproliferative disorders [Primary cutaneous anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (C-ALCL), lymphoid papulosis] (147)
	Peripheral T-cell lymphoma (PTCL), NOS (130)
	☐ Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma (131)
	☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK positive (143)
	☐ Anaplastic large-cell lymphoma (ALCL), ALK negative (144)
	☐ T-cell large granular lymphocytic leukemia (126)
	☐ Aggressive NK-cell leukemia (27)
	☐ Adult T-cell lymphoma/leukemia (HTLV1 associated) (134)
	☐ Other T-cell/NK-cell lymphoma (139) - Go to question 584
	584. Specify other lymphoma:

585.	Is the non-Hodgkin lymphoma histology reported at diagnosis (question 583) a
	transformation from CLL? Yes (Also complete Disease Classification questions 573 - 576)
	No → 586. Is the non-Hodgkin lymphoma histology reported (in question 583
	a transformation from, or was it diagnosed at the same time as another lymphoma (not CLL)?
	☐ Yes ☐ No
	us at Transplantation What was the disease status?
	☐ Disease untreated
	PIF res - Primary induction failure – resistant: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with stable or progressive disease on treatment.
	☐ PIF sen/PR1 - Primary induction failure – sensitive: NEVER in COMPLETE remission but with partial remission on treatment.
	☐ PIF unk - Primary induction failure – sensitivity unknown
	☐ CR1 - 1st complete remission: no bone marrow or extramedullary relapse prior to transplant
	☐ CR2 - 2 nd complete remission
	☐ CR3+ - 3 rd or subsequent complete remission
	REL1 unt - 1st relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow or extramedullar relapse
	☐ REL1 res - ¹st relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
	☐ REL1 sen - 1 st relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission was achieved, classify as CR2)
	REL1 unk - 1st relapse – sensitivity unknown
	REL2 unt - 2 nd relapse – untreated: includes either bone marrow or extramedullar relapse
	☐ REL2 res - 2 nd relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
	REL2 sen - 2 nd relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)
	☐ REL2 unk - 2 nd relapse – sensitivity unknown
	REL3+ unt - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – untreated; includes either bone marrow extramedullary relapse
	$\hfill \square$ REL3+ res - $3^{\rm rd}$ or subsequent relapse – resistant: stable or progressive disease with treatment
	REL3+ sen - 3 rd or subsequent relapse – sensitive: partial remission (if complete remission achieved, classify as CR3+)
	☐ REL3+ unk - 3 rd relapse or greater – sensitivity unknown
588.	Date assessed:// Go to First Name

ITR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:		
☐ Multiple myeloma/plasma cell dis	sorder (PCD) (170)		
	Multiple Myeloma/Plasma Cell Disorder (PCD) 589. Specify the multiple myeloma/plasma cell disorder (PCD) classification:		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgG (181) - Go to questions 591		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgA (182) - Go to questions 591		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgD (183) - Go to questions 591		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgE (184) - Go to questions 591		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-lgM (not Waldenstrom macroglobulinemia) (185) - Go to questions 591		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-light chain only (186) - Go to questions 591		
	☐ Multiple myeloma-non-secretory (187) - Go to questions 592		
	☐ Plasma cell leukemia (172) - Go to question 597		
	☐ Solitary plasmacytoma (no evidence of myeloma) (175) - Go to question 597		
	☐ Amyloidosis (174) - Go to question 597		
	Osteosclerotic myeloma/POEMS syndrome (176) - Go to question 597		
	☐ Light chain deposition disease (177) - Go to question 597		
	☐ Other plasma cell disorder (179) - Go to question 590		
	590. Specify other plasma cell disorder:		
	591. Light chain ☐ kappa ☐ lambda		
	592. What was the Durie-Salmon staging (at diagnosis)?		
	□ Stage I (All of the following: Hgb > 10g/dL; serum calcium normal or <10.5 mg/dL; bone x-ray normal bone structure (scale 0), or solitary bone plasmacytoma only; low M-component production rates IgG < 5g/dL, IgA < 3g/dL; urine light chain M-component on electrophoresis <4g/24h) - Go to questions 593		
	☐ Stage II (Fitting neither Stage I or Stage III) - Go to questions 593		
	☐ Stage III (One of more of the following: Hgb <8.5 g/dL; serum calcium > 12 mg/dL; advanced lytic bone lesions (scale 3); high M-component production rates IgG >7g/dL IgA > 5g/dL; Bence Jones protein >12g/24h) - Go to questions 593		
	☐ Unknown - Go to questions 594		
	593. What was the Durie-Salmon sub classification (at diagnosis)?		
	A - relatively normal renal function (serum creatinine < 2.0 mg/dL)		
	☐ B - abnormal renal function (serum creatinine ≥ 2.0 mg/dL)		
	I.S.S.: 594. Serum β2-microglobulin:		
	•		
	595. Serum albumin: ● □ g/dL □ g/L		

CIBMTR Center Number:	CIE	MTR Recipient I	D:		
	59	96. Stage			
		\square 1 (β_2 -mic <	3.5, S. albumin > 3.5)		
		-	5–< 5.5, S. albumin —)		
		☐ 3 (β ₂ -mic ≥	5.5; S. albumin —)		
	597. Were cytogene	ics tested (convention	onal or FISH)?		
		98. Results of tests			
	☐ No	☐ Abnormalitie	es identified ———		
	☐ Unknown	☐ No evaluabl	e metaphases		
		☐ No abnorma			
			Specify cytogenetic abnormal state and time prior to the star regimen: Trisomy		
			599. +3	☐ Yes	☐ No
			600. +5	☐ Yes	☐ No
			601. +7	☐ Yes	□No
			602. +9	☐ Yes	□No
			603. +11	☐ Yes	☐ No
			604. +15	☐ Yes	☐ No
			605. +19	☐ Yes	☐ No
			Translocation		
			606. t(4;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
			607. t(6;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
			608. t(11;14)	☐ Yes	☐ No
			609. t(14;16)	☐ Yes	☐ No
			610. t(14;20)	☐ Yes	☐ No
			Deletion		
			611. del 13/13q-	☐ Yes	☐ No
			612. del 17/17p-	☐ Yes	☐ No
			Other		
			613. Hyperdiploid (>50)	☐ Yes	□No
			614. Hypodiploid (<46)	☐ Yes	☐ No
			615. Any abnormality at 1		☐ No
			616. Any abnormality at 1		□No
			617. Other abnormality		
			☐ Yes → 618. Sp	pecify other	abnormalit
		sease status? mplete remission (s	CR) - CR as defined, plus onal cells in the bone ma		ee light

immunohistochemistry or immunofluorescence (confirmation with repeat bone marrow biopsy not needed). (Presence and/or absence of clonal cells is based upon the κ/λ ratio. An abnormal κ/λ ratio by immunohistochemistry and/or immunofluorescence requires a minimum of 100 plasma cells for analysis. An abnormal ratio reflecting the presence of an abnormal clone is κ/λ of > 4:1 or < 1:2.) sCR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy sCR requirements.
Complete remission (CR) - negative immunofixation on serum and urine samples, and disappearance of any soft tissue plasmacytomas, and ≤ 5% plasma cells in the bone marrow (confirmation with repeat bone marrow biopsy not needed). CR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy CR requirements.
Near complete remission (nCR) - serum & urine M-protein detectable by immunoelectrophoresis (IFE), but not on electrophoresis (negative SPEP & UPEP); ≤ 5% plasma cells in bone marrow. nCR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the initiation of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy nCR requirements.
Very good partial remission (VGPR) - serum and urine M-protein detectable by immunofixation but not on electrophoresis, or ≥ 90% reduction in serum M-protein and urine M-protein level < 100 mg/24 hours. VGPR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy VGPR requirements.
Partial remission (PR) - ≥ 50% reduction in serum M-protein, and reduction in 24-hour urinary M-protein by ≥ 90% or to < 200 mg/24 hours. If the serum and urine M-protein are unmeasurable (i.e., do not meet any of the following criteria: • serum M-protein ≥ 1 g/dL. Urine M-protein ≥ 200 mg/24 hours • serum free light chain assay shows involved level ≥ 10 mg/dL, provided serum free light chain ratio is abnormal), a ≥ 50% decrease in the difference between involved and uninvolved free light chain levels is required in place of the M-protein criteria. If serum and urine M-protein are unmeasurable, and serum free light assay is also unmeasurable, a ≥ 50% reduction in plasma cells is required in place of M-protein, provided the baseline bone marrow plasma cell percentage was ≥ 30%. In addition to the above listed criteria, a ≥ 50% reduction in the size of soft tissue plasmacytomas is also required, if present at baseline. PR requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy PR requirements.
☐ Stable disease (SD) - not meeting the criteria for CR, VGPR, PR or PD. SD requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before the institution of any new therapy, and no known evidence of progressive or new bone lesions if radiographic studies were performed; radiographic studies are not required to satisfy SD requirements.
Progressive disease (PD) - requires any one or more of the following: Increase of ≥ 25% from baseline in: serum M-component and/or (absolute increase ≥ 0.5 g/dL) (for progressive disease, serum M-component increases of ≥ 1 g/dL are sufficient to define relapse if the starting M-component is ≥ 5 g/dL). Urine M-component and/or (absolute increase ≥ 200 mg. 24 hours) for recipients without measurable serum and urine M-protein levels: the difference between involved and uninvolved free light chain levels (absolute increase > 10 mg/dL). Bone marrow plasma cell percentage (absolute percentage ≥ 10%) (relapse from CR has a 5% cutoff vs. 10% for other categories of relapse) definite development of new bone lesions or soft tissue

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ ___ ___

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CIBMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	or soft tissue plasmacytomas. Development of hypercalcemia (corrected serum calcium > 11.5 mg/dL or 2.65 mmol) that can be attributed solely to the plasma cell proliferative disorder PD requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before classification as disease progression, and/or the institution of any new therapy
	Relapse from CR (Rel) (untreated) - requires one or more of the following: reappearance of serum or urine M-protein by immunofixation or electrophoresis development of ≥ 5% plasma cells in the bone marrow (relapse from CR has a 5% cutoff vs. 10% for other categories of relapse) appearance of any other sign of progression (e.g., new plasmacytoma, lytic bone lesion, hypercalcemia) Rel requires two consecutive assessments made at any time before classification as relapse, and/or the institution of any new therapy.
	Unknown
	☐ Not applicable - (Amyloidosis with no evidence of myeloma)
	620. Date assessed:// Go to First Name
☐ Solid tumors (200) —	Solid Tumors 621. Specify the solid tumor classification:
	Breast cancer (250)
	☐ Lung, small cell (202)
	☐ Lung, non-small cell (203)
	☐ Lung, not otherwise specified (230)
	☐ Germ cell tumor, extragonadal (225)
	☐ Testicular (210)
	Ovarian (epithelial) (214)
	☐ Bone sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (273)
	☐ Ewing family tumors of bone (including PNET) (275)
	☐ Ewing family tumors, extraosseous (including PNET) (276)
	☐ Fibrosarcoma (244)
	☐ Hemangiosarcoma (246) ☐ Leiomyosarcoma (242)
	☐ Liposarcoma (243)
	☐ Lymphangio sarcoma (247)
	☐ Neurogenic sarcoma (248)
	☐ Rhabdomyosarcoma (232)
	☐ Synovial sarcoma (245)
	☐ Soft tissue sarcoma (excluding Ewing family tumors) (274)
	☐ Central nervous system tumor, including CNS PNET (220)
	☐ Medulloblastoma (226)
	☐ Neuroblastoma (222)
	☐ Head/neck (201)
	☐ Mediastinal neoplasm (204)
	Colorectal (228)
	☐ Gastric (229)
	☐ Pancreatic (206)

BMTR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:		
☐ Severe aplastic anemia (300) (If th	Hepatobiliary (207) Prostate (209) External genitalia (211) Cervical (212) Uterine (213) Vaginal (215) Melanoma (219) Wilm tumor (221) Retinoblastoma (223) Thymoma (231) Renal cell (208) Other solid tumor (269) → 622. Specify other solid tumor: Solid tumor, not otherwise specified (200) - Go to First Name Severe Aplastic Anemia 623. Specify the severe aplastic anemia classification:		
	☐ Acquired severe aplastic anemia, not otherwise specified (301)☐ Acquired SAA secondary to hepatitis (302)		
	☐ Acquired SAA secondary to toxin / other drug (303) ☐ Acquired amegakaryocytosis (not congenital) (304) ☐ Acquired pure red cell aplasia (not congenital) (306)		
	☐ Dyskeratosis congenita (307)		
	☐ Other acquired cytopenic syndrome (309)		
	624. Specify other acquired cytopenic syndrome:		

TR Center Number: CIBMTR Recipient ID:	
☐ Inherited abnormalities of erythro	ocyte differentiation or function (310)
L	
	Inherited Abnormalities of Erythrocyte Differentiation or Function 625. Specify the inherited abnormalities of erythrocyte differentiation or function classification:
	☐ Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) (56)
	☐ Shwachman-Diamond (305)
	☐ Diamond-Blackfan anemia (pure red cell aplasia) (312)
	☐ Other constitutional anemia (319)
	→ 626. Specify other constitutional anemia:
	Fanconi anemia (311) (If the recipient developed MDS or AML, indicate MDS of AML as the primary disease).
	☐ Sickle thalassemia (355)
	☐ Sickle cell disease (356)
	☐ Beta thalassemia major (357)
	☐ Other hemoglobinopathy (359)
	627. Specify other hemoglobinopathy:
	- Go to First Name
L	Disorders of the immune system 628. Specify disorder of immune system classification:
	Adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency/severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) (401)
	☐ Absence of T and B cells SCID (402)
	☐ Absence of T, normal B cell SCID (403)
	☐ Omenn syndrome (404)
	Reticular dysgenesis (405)
	☐ Bare lymphocyte syndrome (406)
	Other SCID (419)
	→ 629. Specify other SCID:
	SCID, not otherwise specified (410)
	Ataxia telangiectasia (451)
	HIV infection (452)
	☐ DiGeorge anomaly (454)
	Common variable immunodeficiency (457)
	Leukocyte adhesion deficiencies, including GP180, CD-18, LFA and WBC adhesion deficiencies (459)
	☐ Kostmann agranulocytosis (congenital neutropenia) (460)
	Neutrophil actin deficiency (461)
	Cartilage-hair hypoplasia (462)
	☐ CD40 ligand deficiency (464)

/ITR Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Other immunodeficiencies (479)
	☐ Other immunodeficiencies (479) 630. Specify other immunodeficiency:
	Immune deficiency, not otherwise specified (400)
	☐ Chediak-Higashi syndrome (456)
	☐ Griscelli syndrome type 2 (465)
	☐ Hermansky-Pudlak syndrome type 2 (466)
	☐ Chronic granulomatous disease (455)
	☐ Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome (453)
	X-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome (458)
	- Go to First Name
	L
☐ Inherited abnormalities of platelets (5	00)
,	Inherited abnormalities of platelets
	631. Specify inherited abnormalities of platelets classification:
	☐ Congenital amegakaryocytosis/congenital thrombocytopenia (501) ☐ Glanzmann thrombasthenia (502)
	Other inherited platelet abnormality (509)
	632. Specify other inherited platelet abnormality:
	- Go to First Name
☐ Inherited disorders of metabolism (52	20)
<u> </u>	Inherited Disorders of Metabolism
	633. Specify inherited disorders of metabolism classification:
	Osteopetrosis (malignant infantile osteopetrosis) (521)
	Leukodystrophies
	☐ Metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) (542)
	☐ Adrenoleukodystrophy (ALD) (543) ☐ Krabbe disease (globoid leukodystrophy) (544)
	Lesch-Nyhan (HGPRT deficiency) (522)
	☐ Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis (Batten disease) (523)
	Mucopolysaccharidoses ☐ Hurler syndrome (IH) (531)
	☐ Scheie syndrome (IS) (531)
	☐ Hunter syndrome (II) (533)
	☐ Sanfilippo (III) (534)
	☐ Morquio (IV) (535)
	☐ Maroteaux-Lamy (VI) (536)

	☐ β-glucuronidase deficiency (VII) (537)
	☐ Mucopolysaccharidosis (V) (538)
	☐ Mucopolysaccharidosis (V) (336) ☐ Mucopolysaccharidosis, not otherwise specified (530)
	Mucolipidoses
	Gaucher disease (541)
	☐ Niemann-Pick disease (545)
	I-cell disease (546)
	☐ Wolman disease (547)
	Glucose storage disease (548)
	☐ Mucolipidoses, not otherwise specified (540)
	Polysaccharide hydrolase abnormalities
	☐ Aspartyl glucosaminidase (561)
	☐ Fucosidosis (562)
	Mannosidosis (563)
	Polysaccharide hydrolase abnormality, not otherwise specified (560)
	Other inherited metabolic disorder (529)
	→ 634. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder:
	☐ Inherited metabolic disorder, not otherwise specified (520)
	- Go to First Name
☐ Histiocytic disorders (570) →	Histiocytic disorders
☐ Histocytic disorders (570)	
☐ Histocytic disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification:
Instruction disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571)
Instructive disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572)
Instruction disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573)
Instructive disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574)
Histocytic disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Histocytic disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574)
Inistructure disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Inistructure disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579) 636. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder:
Inistructure disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Inistructure disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579) 636. Specify other inherited metabolic disorder:
Inistructure disorders (370)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Inistructure disorders (570)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Inistructure disorders (370)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Inistructure disorders (370)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)
Inistructure disorders (370)	635. Specify histiocytic disorder classification: Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) (571) Langerhans cell histiocytosis (histiocytosis-X) (572) Hemophagocytosis (reactive or viral associated) (573) Malignant histiocytosis (574) Other histiocytic disorder (579)

CIBMTR Recipient ID: ___ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __ __

CIBMTR Center Number: ___ __ __ ___

MTR Center Number: CIBMTR Recipient ID:		
Autoimmune diseases (600)	Autoimmune diseases 637. Specify autoimmune disease classification:	
	Arthritis	
	Rheumatoid arthritis (603)	
	☐ Psoriatic arthritis/psoriasis (604)	
	☐ Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): systemic (Stills disease) (640)	
	☐ JIA: oligoarticular (641)	
	Juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA): other (643)	
	→ 638. Specify other arthritis:	
	Other arthritis (633)	
	► 639. Specify other juvenile idiopathic arthritis (JIA):	
	Multiple sclerosis	
	☐ Multiple sclerosis (602)	
	Connective tissue diseases	
	☐ Systemic sclerosis (scleroderma) (607)	
	☐ Systemic lupus erythematosis (SLE) (605)	
	☐ Sjögren syndrome (608)	
	☐ Polymyositis/dermatomyositis (606)	
	☐ Antiphospholipid syndrome (614)	
	☐ Other connective tissue disease (634)	
	► 640. Specify other connective tissue disease:	
	Vasculitis	
	☐ Wegener granulomatosis (610)	
	☐ Classical polyarteritis nodosa (631)	
	☐ Microscopic polyarteritis nodosa (632)	
	☐ Churg-Strauss (635)	
	☐ Giant cell arteritis (636)	
	☐ Takayasu (637)	
	☐ Behcet syndrome (638)	
	Overlap necrotizing arteritis (639)	
	Other vasculitis (611)	
	641. Specify other vasculitis:	
	Other neurological autoimmune diseases	
	Myasthenia gravis (601)	
	☐ Other autoimmune neurological disorder (644)	

IBM I R Center Number:	CIBMTR Recipient ID:
	Hematological autoimmune diseases
	☐ Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) (645)
	Hemolytic anemia (646)
	Evan syndrome (647)
	Other autoimmune cytopenia (648)
	► 643. Specify other autoimmune cytopenia:
	Bowel diseases
	☐ Crohn's disease (649)
	Ulcerative colitis (650)
	Other autoimmune bowel disorder (651)
	► 644. Specify other autoimmune bowel disorder:
	- Go to First Name
☐ Other disease (900) ————	Other Disease
	645. Specify other disease:
First Name:	
Last Name:	
E-mail address:	
Date:///	