Attachment 2Ai

Screen shots of online Head and Neck Cancer survey



SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER

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uticinating in the	Multidisciplinary	Treatment Planning	Survey for the	NCI Community	Cancer Center	e Program (NCCCE)\ Thi	e eunyay ie haing cr	anducted by
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Thank you for pa the National Cancer Institute (NCI) to understand how NCCCP sites conduct multidisciplinary treatment planning, a feature of multidisciplinary care, and to gain insight into the variety of ways it is structured and implemented for different types of cancers.

This survey is designed to solicit information about the multidisciplinary treatment planning services being planned for head and neck cancer patients at your facility. This cancer was chosen because your facility has reported multidisciplinary care experience in this area. This survey is intended to obtain information at the organizational level and not at the physician or specialty level.

As the Quality of Care Lead at your facility, you have been identified as the most appropriate respondent to complete this survey. We encourage you to consult with other colleagues at your Cancer Center to accurately respond to these questions. There are no right or wrong answers. Your responses will help expand existing knowledge of multidisciplinary treatment planning for cancer and inform future research in cancer care delivery.

Next



Burden Statement and Consent Page

5%

OMB No.: 0925-XXXX

Expiration Date: xx/xx/20xx

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: NIH, Project Clearance Branch, 6705 Rockledge Drive, MSC 7974, Bethesda, MD 20892-7974, ATTN: PRA (0925-XXXX). Do not return the completed form to this address.

Your participation in this study is voluntary. You can decide not to be in the study, and that will not affect your status in the NCCCP. You will not be paid for doing this study.

Your privacy is very important to us. Your name and facility will not be linked to your answers & will not show up on any reports about this study. Instead, a code number will be assigned to your survey. Your responses will be kept secure to the extent provided by law and will only be accessible to the study team. All responses will be reported in aggregate.

Although your participation in this research may not benefit you personally, it will help us understand how NCCCP sites conduct multidiscplinary treatment planning.

There are no risks to individuals or organizations participating in this survey.

If you have questions about this study or to opt out, please contact Lead Investigator, Dr. Irene Prabhu Das at 240-276-6799 or prabhudasi@mail.nih.gov. If you have any questions about your rights as a participant in this study or any concerns or complaints, please contact the National Cancer Institute's OMB Project Clearance Liaison at 301-480-0541 or horovitchkellv@mail.nih.gov.

I have read and understand the above information. By clicking the "Next" button below, I consent to participate voluntarily in this survey.

Prev Next

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Survey Instructions



Please review ALL the instructions before beginning the survey.

For purposes of this survey, multidisciplinary treatment planning is described as a coordinated approach that brings together multiple cancer specialists as well as other clinicians and professionals to plan the appropriate treatment and other integral services for a cancer patient once a confirmed diagnosis is made (e.g., through surgery or biopsy). Therefore, multidisciplinary treatment planning occurs before initiating the required complex, multi-modality therapies.

- It is important that you consult with colleagues at your Cancer Center if you are unable to answer questions that may be administrative in nature and/or may not apply to your specialty. You may choose to print and share the survey to obtain the responses to some or all of the questions. Once you obtain the responses you need, you can then complete the survey online. No written surveys will be accepted.
- If your facility has a formal written policy, standard operating procedures, or a performance evaluation tool for multidisciplinary care (other than the NCCCP MDC Assessment Tool), please obtain access to them in advance to help complete the survey.
- We encourage you to answer all of the questions so that we can best understand multidisciplinary treatment planning at your facility and adequately represent it in the survey results.
- Your responses will be kept secure to the extent provided by law. Final results will not identify your facility site. Only aggregate results of this survey will be used. Neither you nor your facility will be linked to the final results.
- The survey should take no more than one hour to complete. This includes time to consult with your colleagues and team to respond to the survey questions. Your responses will be saved as you complete the survey. You do not have to complete the survey in one sitting. However, please save this web link used to access the survey, as you will need to click on the link again to access the survey if you chose to complete it at another time.

Prev Next



A. OVERVIEW OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR CANCER CARE

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10%
For the following questions, please think about typical head and neck cancer cases at your Cancer Center.
For purposes of this survey, multidisciplinary treatment planning is defined as a coordinated approach that brings together multiple cancer specialists as well as other clinicians and professionals to plan the appropriate treatment and other integral services for a cancer patient once a confirmed diagnosis is made (e.g., through surgery or biopsy). Therefore, multidisciplinary treatment planning occurs before initiating the required complex, multi-modality therapies.
1. Please choose the statement that best describes how the treatment planning approach for head and neck cancer patients at your facility compares with the survey's definition of multidisciplinary treatment planning.
The survey definition of multidisciplinary treatment planning exactly describes the treatment planning approach for head and neck cancer patients at my facility.
The survey definition of multidisciplinary treatment planning describes some but not all aspects of the treatment planning approach for head and neck cancer patients at my facility.
The survey definition of multidisciplinary treatment planning does not at all describe the treatment planning approach for head and neck cancer patients at my facility.
Other (please specify)
2. What is the multidisciplinary treatment planning approach for head and neck cancer patients called at your facility?
Multidisciplinary Conference
Multidisciplinary Clinic
Multidisciplinary Team
○ Tumor Board
○ Tumor Conference
○ Cancer Conference
Other (please specify)

3. Once a patient is definitively diag multidisciplinary treatment planning	gnosed with head and neck cancer, would you describe the g as prospective?
Yes	
○ No	
A mixture of prospective and retrospective	
Other (please specify)	
4. How frequently does your facility	hold multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings for head and
neck cancer cases, either in-persor	
Four times per month/Weekly	
Three times per month	
Two times per month/Bi-weekly	
Once a month	
As needed	
Other (please specify)	
	Prev Next



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A. OVERVIEW OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR CANCER CARE
12%
5. Are head and neck cancer patients <u>typically</u> invited to attend treatment planning meetings with the multidisciplinary cancer care team?
Yes
○ No
Prev Next
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A. OVERVIEW OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR CANCER CARE

	15%
6. Why are patients not invited? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	
Medical providers would not be able to speak as freely in the presence of the patient.	
Our facility lacks the infrastructure to accommodate patient attendance.	
It is an inefficient use of time to include the patient.	
There are concerns about legal liability/accountability for decisions regarding a patient's treatment.	
The discussion may be too overwhelming or confusing for the patient.	
Medical providers aren't able to bill for time spent with patients in these discussions.	
There are concerns that inviting patients may compromise the privacy of their health information.	
Other (please specify)	
Prev Next	



A. OVERVIEW OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR CANCER CARE

		18%	
7. Which best describes the physicians that participate in n cancer patients at your facility?	nultidisciplinary treatment planning disc	ussion	s about head and neck
They are all private practice physicians.			
They are mostly private practice physicians.			
They are an even mix of private practice physicians and physicians emp	ployed by this facility.		
They are mostly physicians employed by this facility.			
They are all physicians employed by this facility.			
Other (please specify)			
3. Does your Cancer Center have a formal written policy or reatment planning?	standard operating procedures for pro-	/iding n	nultidisciplinary
○ Yes			
○ No			
Under development			
	Prev Next		

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A. OVERVIEW OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR CANCER CARE

		20%
9. Would your facility be willing to share a copy of your C	ancer Center's policy or standard operating p	rocedures?
Yes (The researchers will contact you)		
○ No		
○ I don't know		
	Prev Next	



B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION 22% This section asks questions about multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings and initial case presentations for head and neck cancer patients at your Cancer Center. 10. Are multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings for head and neck cancer cases held on a set schedule or only as needed? Set schedule As needed Both 11. Is there a formally designated person(s) or position(s) that coordinates multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings for head and neck cancer? Yes No

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	25%
12. Who is responsible for <u>coordinating</u> multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings? (CHECK AL	L THAT APPLY)
Nurse	
Patient/Nurse Navigator	
Tumor/Cancer Registrar	
Tumor Conference Administrative Coordinator	
Clerical Staff	
Clinic Nursing Staff	
Physician	
Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant	
Other (please specify)	
Prev Next	

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B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION		
		28%
13. Is there a dedicated space for multidisciplinary treatment plann	ing meetings for head and neck cancer case	5?
○ Yes		
○ No		
14. Prior to the initial presentation for head and neck cancer cases	, is information provided to the multidisciplin	nary treatment planning team?
Yes		
○ No		
Sometimes		
F	rev Next	



Consults Other

Other (please specify)

SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY	TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HE	AD AND NECK CANCER				
B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION						
15. What information is shared with multidisciplinary team members prior to the initial case presentation? Please indicate which information is shared with specific groups of team members.						
	All team members	Core team members only (Medical Oncologist, Radiation Oncologist, Surgeon or Surgical Oncologist, Pathologist, Radiologist)	Other additional team members			
Meeting agenda						
List of physicians involved						
PET/CT and other radiology films and reports						
Clinician dictations or notes						
Out-patient records						
Diagnostic test results						
Pathology results/slides						
History and physical (most recent or comprehensive)						
Family history						
Genetic testing results						
Guidelines (e.g. NCCN, NQF, ASCO)						
Adjuvant! Online assessment tool						
Open clinical trials						

Prev	_		
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B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION
33%
4379
16. Does your facility have guidelines indicating when the initial case presentation should be scheduled once cancer is diagnosed?
○ Yes
○ No
Under development
17. Would your facility be willing to share a copy of your initial case presentation guidelines?
Yes (The researchers will contact you)
○ No
O Don't know
18. Once patients have a confirmed head and neck cancer diagnosis, who decides if the case needs to be presented? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
Medical Oncologist
Surgical Oncologist
Radiation Oncologist
General Surgeon
Site-Specific Cancer Specialist
Pathologist
Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant
Patient/Nurse Navigator
No one person or role decides, any team member can present a case
No one person or role decides, all cases presented
Other (please specify)
19. When is the initial case presentation for confirmed cancer cases <u>typically</u> held?
After definitive cancer diagnosis and before multi-modality therapy is initiated
Sometime after multi-modality therapy is initiated
A mixture of both
Some other time (please specify)

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Prev Next



B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION	
	36%
20 Milioh and analysis and a stand the initial and analysis of head and analysis and a column 2 /CUTCV ALL THAT ADDI VI	
20. Which care providers are expected to attend the initial case presentation of head and neck cancer cases? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) Medical Oncologist	
Surgical Oncologist	
Radiation Oncologist Site-Specific Cancer Specialist	
Primary Care Physician	
Surgeon (General and Specialty)	
Pathologist	
Radiologist	
Palliative Care Specialist	
Clinic Nurse	
Clinical Trials Nurse/Research Nurse/Clinical Research Associate	
Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant	
Social Workers	
Psychologist	
Patient/Nurse Navigator	
Genetic Counselor	
Tumor/Cancer Registrar	
Primary Care Physician	
Clergy	
Dietitian	
Speech, Occupational, or Physical Therapist	
Other Provider (please specify)	
21. Are initial case presentations for head and neck cancer held even when some of the expected care providers are not able to participa	ite?
○ Yes	

0	Yes
0	No
0	Sometimes (please indicate what this depends on

Prev Next



B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION

	38%
22. How frequently does the primary care physician, that is, general internist and family practice physician, attend initial case presentation	ns for head and neck cancer patients?
○ Never	
Rarely	
○ Sometimes	
Often	
Always	
23. When care providers convene for the initial case presentation for head and neck cancer patients, how do they usually attend?	
All in person	
All teleconference/Conference Call	
All virtual (Computer-based i.e. video-conference, Telemedicine, etc.)	
A mix of in-person and teleconferencing	
A mix of in-person and virtual	
A mix of in-person, teleconferencing, and virtual	
24. How often is attendance taken at initial case presentations?	
○ Never	
Rarely	
○ Sometimes	
Often	
Always	
Prev Next	



B. INITIAL CASE PRESENTATION
41%
25. What information is presented at initial case presentations? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
Meeting agenda
List of physicians involved
PET/CT and other radiology films and reports
Clinician dictations or notes
Out-patient records
Diagnostic test results
Pathology results/slides
History and physical (most recent or comprehensive)
Family history
Genetic testing results
Guidelines (e.g., NCCN, NQF, ASCO)
Adjuvant! Online assessment tool
Open clinical trials
Consults
Other (please specify)
26. After the multidisciplinary treatment planning options for head and neck cancer cases have been discussed, how are treatment decisions/recommendations ultimately made?
By consensus among team members.
By a vote by the team members.
By one person on the team (i.e. treating physician, medical oncologist, etc.)
In consultation with the patient and/or family
Decisions are made in some other way (please specify)
Prev Next



C. CLINICAL TRIALS			
	44%		
The next few questions are about how determination of clinical trials eligibility fits into multidisciplinary treatment planning for head and neck care.	ancer patients at your Cancer Center.		
27. How often is screening for clinical trial eligibility done <u>prior to the initial case presentation</u> for head and neck cancer patients?			
O Never			
Rarely			
○ Sometimes			
Often			
Always			
28. When are clinical trial options for head and neck cancer patients <u>typically</u> discussed among the multidisciple team?	inary treatment planning		
Prior to the initial case presentation			
At the time of the initial case presentation			
Prior to initiation of first line treatment			
After proceeding with standard therapy			
Other (please specify)			
29. How does the multidisciplinary team for head and neck cancer <u>typically</u> assess patient eligibility for clinical information is presented, tools used, and any additional information regarding the process)	trials? (Who is involved, what		

Prev

Next

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Other (please specify)

SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER D. PATIENTS & MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING 46% These next questions are about patient involvement in multidisciplinary treatment planning. Please continue to think about typical head and neck cancer cases that require multimodality therapies once a definitive cancer diagnosis has been made. 30. Prior to the initial case presentation, how often does your facility provide head and neck cancer patients with information about multidisciplinary treatment planning? Never Rarely Sometimes Often Always

Prev

Next



D. PATIENTS & MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING 49% 31. How are head and neck cancer patients informed about the multidisciplinary treatment planning? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) We provide written communication to the patient summarizing the approach. Interpreter services are provided as needed to explain the approach. A dedicated nurse/patient navigator discusses with patient. The physician discusses with patient. Other (please specify) 32. Who usually invites head and neck cancer patients to attend the initial case presentation? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) Not Applicable, patients are not invited to attend Nurse Patient/Nurse Navigator Clerical Staff Social Worker Physician Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant Other (please specify) Prev Next

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D. PATIENTS & MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING

	51%
33. When are head and neck cancer patients invited to attend? (CHECK ALL THAT APPL	.Y)
At the initial consult appointment	
After the initial consult by phone	
After the initial consult at a subsequent appointment	
Some other time (please describe)	
Prev Next	

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D. PATIENTS & MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING

				54%
34. How often d	lo head and neck o	cancer patients att	end the initial c	ase presentation?
Never				
Rarely				
Sometimes				
Often				
Always				
		F	Prev Next	

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D. PATIENTS & MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING
56%
35. For those head and neck cancer patients who are invited but do not attend, what are some of the reasons? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
The patient is not feeling well enough.
The patient feels overwhelmed with diagnosis/medical system.
The patient is concerned about hearing things that will upset them.
The patient feels the medical team is responsible for making treatment decisions.
The time/location of the meeting is inconvenient for the patient.
Some other reason (please specify)
36. Are head and neck cancer patients welcomed to invite their family members to attend the initial case presentation?
○ Yes
○ No
37. What information about the initial case presentation is shared with head and neck cancer patients who do not attend the presentation? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
Meeting date and time
List of attendees
Treatment plan
Summary (verbal or written) of the meeting
Recommendations from the treatment planning meeting
No information is shared
Other (please specify)

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D. PATIENTS & MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING 59% For these next two questions, please think about all head and neck cancer patients, whether or not they attended the initial case presentation. 38. Who follows up with head and neck cancer patients after the initial case presentation? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY) Patient/Nurse Navigator Clerical Staff Social Worker Physician Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant No one follows up Someone else (please specify) 39. How does follow-up typically occur? (e.g. in writing, by telephone, in-person discussion, patient portal, etc.) Please describe. 40. How soon after the initial case presentation for head and neck cancer patients does the follow-up typically occur? The same day 1 day after 2-3 days after 4-7 days after 8-14 days after 15 days or more No follow-up occurs Other (please specify)

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Prev

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SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER E. POST-MEETING FOLLOW-UP 62% This section asks about multidisciplinary treatment planning after the initial case presentation. Please continue to think about typical head and neck cancer cases that require multi-modality therapies once a definitive cancer diagnosis has been made. 41. After the initial case presentation, does the multidisciplinary team for head and neck cancer patients meet to modify the current treatment plan? Never Rarely Sometimes Often Always Other (please specify) Prev Next

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SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER
E. POST-MEETING FOLLOW-UP
42. For the head and neck cancer cases already discussed, what are the reasons for modifying the current treatment plan? (CHECK ALL THAT
APPLY)
Disease has progressed
Patient is unable to tolerate/maintain current treatment plan
Second primary is diagnosed
Patient has a co-morbid condition
Patient is experiencing poor symptom management
Need to assess clinical trial options
Pathology and imaging are discordant
Case demonstrates more advanced disease than originally anticipated
Patient refuses recommended treatment
Other (please specify)
43. Do additional specialists, who were not part of the initial case presentations, ever participate in subsequent meetings about those head
and neck cancer cases?
○ Yes
○ No
Prev Next



SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER
E. POST-MEETING FOLLOW-UP
67%
44. Which specialists or other professionals, who were not part of the initial case presentation, have participated in subsequent meetings about head and neck cancer cases? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
Site-Specific Cancer Specialist
Primary Care Physician
General Surgeon or Surgical Specialist
Pathologist
Palliative Care Specialist
Clinic Nurse
Clinical Trials Nurse/Research Nurse/Clinical Research Associate
Nurse Practitioner/Physician Assistant
Social Worker/ Psychologist
Patient/Nurse Navigator
Genetics Counselor
Clergy
☐ Dietitian
Speech, Occupational, or Physical Therapist
Pain Management Specialist
OBGYN
Other (please specify)
For the following questions, please think about your entire multidisciplinary care process for head and neck cancer cases not just the multidisciplinary treatment planning meeting.
45. A treatment plan is a comprehensive, formal plan prospectively outlining anticipated treatment approaches. Is a comprehensive, formal
treatment plan typically developed for individual head and neck cancer patients?
○ Yes
○ No

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Prev

Next



E. POS	ST-MEETING FOLLOW-UP
	69%
46. Do	head and neck cancer patients <u>typically</u> receive a copy of the comprehensive, formal treatment plan?
O Ye	es s
O N	0
Ot	ther (please specify)
47. Is	a copy of the comprehensive, formal treatment plan <u>typically</u> included in the patient's medical record?
O Ye	es established to the second of the second o
O No	0
Ot	ther (please specify)
48. Do	primary care physicians typically receive a copy of the comprehensive, formal treatment plan?
O Ye	es
O No	0
Ot	ther (please specify)
49. A ti develo	reatment summary retrospectively summarizes the treatments that the patient has received. Is a treatment summary <u>typically</u> oped?
O Ye	s – A comprehensive summary of all cancer treatments is developed (includes radiation, chemotherapy, and/or surgery)
O Ye	s – A treatment-specific summary is developed where only some treatments are documented (e.g. only radiation therapy or only chemotherapy is documented)
O No	o treatment summary is developed
	Prev Next



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E. POST-MEETING FOLLOW-UP		
		72%
50. Do head and neck cancer patients <u>typically</u> receive a copy summary?	of either the comprehensive treatment summar	y or the treatment-specific
○ Yes		
○ No		
Other (please specify)		
51. Does the referring physician <u>typically</u> receive a copy of eith Yes No	ner the comprehensive treatment summary or tr	eatment-specific summary?
52. If the referring physician is not the patient's primary care p comprehensive treatment summary or the treatment-specific s		illy receive a copy of either the
Yes		
○ No		
Not Applicable (if the referring physician is the patient's PCP)		
	Prev Next	



F. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING INFRASTRUCTURE
74%
These next questions are about the infrastructure and billing associated with multidisciplinary treatment planning for head and neck cancer cases.
53. What type of medical records system is used to support the provision of multidisciplinary treatment planning for head and neck cancer patients?
O Paper chart
○ Electronic Medical Record (EMR)
Mixture of paper and EMR
Other (please specify)
54. From which departments can results/reports be accessed in preparation for the multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings about head and neck cancer cases? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)
Laboratory
Radiology
Radiation Oncology
Pharmacy
Medical Oncology
Nuclear Medicine
Surgery
Pathology
Nursing
Clerical Staff
Other (i.e. other hospital departments and/or private practice physician records). Please specify.
Prev Next



SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER F. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING INFRASTRUCTURE 77% 55. An "integrated" medical records system is one in which patient data within the hospital can be linked or shared with a physician or practice/clinic at another location that sees the same patient. In your opinion, how integrated is the medical records system that supports multidisciplinary treatment planning for head and neck cancer cases at your facility? Not at all integrated Somewhat integrated Fully integrated Other (please specify) 56. At this facility, are private practice physicians monetarily compensated for their time in multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings for head and neck cancer cases? Yes O No On't know

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Prev



SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLA	ANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER
F. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING INF	RASTRUCTURE
	ensated for attending the multidisciplinary treatment planning meetings for a patient's insurance, fee negotiated with hospital, etc.) Please describe.
//	



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F. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING INF	RASTRUCTURE	
		82%
58. Are non-financial incentives provided to private practi planning for head and neck cancer?	ce physicians in exchange for provision of m	ultidisciplinary treatment
Yes		
○ No		
	Prev Next	

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F. MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING INFRASTRUCTURE

		85%
59.	What are the non-financial incentives? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)	
	Hospital privileges	
	Research staff support	
	Support with credentialing	
	Continuing Medical Education credits or units	
	Conference registration and/or travel fees	
	Marketing and promotion of multidisciplinary care provision	
	Cancer Center membership	
	Meals provided	
	Other (please specify)	
	Prev Next	

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SORVET ON MOETIDISON EMARCT TREATMENT	TEAMING FOR HEAD AND NEOK CANCER
G. ASSESSMENT OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREA	TMENT PLANNING
These next few questions are about the evaluation of multidisciplinary	treatment planning at this facility.
60. Does your Cancer Center evaluate the performance exclude the use of the MDC Assessment tool.)	ce of multidisciplinary treatment planning for head and neck cancer? (Please
○ Yes	
○ No	
Other (please specify)	
	Prev Next



G. ASSESSMENT OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING

	90%
1. What dimensions are	used to evaluate the performance of multidisciplinary treatment planning for head and neck cancer?
CHECK ALL THAT APPL	Y)
Frequency of meetings	
Timeliness to treatment	
Use of clinical and patholog	ical staging variables to confirm staging
Use of a physician "agreem	ent of participation" to determine membership
Use of clinical guidelines to	develop treatment plan
Minimum percent of patient	participation in clinical trials
Screening for clinical trial el	igibility
Clinical trials offered to eligi	ble patients
Clinical trial enrollment of el	igible patients
Patient satisfaction with the	recommended treatment plan
Do not evaluate	
Other (please specify)	
	Prev Next



SURVEY ON MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING FOR HEAD AND NECK CANCER G. ASSESSMENT OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING 92% 62. Would your facility be willing to share a copy of your evaluation documents (excluding the MDC Assessment tool)? Yes (A researcher will contact you) O No On't know 63. How does the Cancer Center utilize the MDC Assessment tool? Prev Next

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H. ADDITIONAL THOUGHTS ABOUT MULTIDISCIPLINARY TREATMENT PLANNING

	95
64. Is there anything else about multidisciplin	nary treatment planning that you would like to share?
	Prev Next



CLOSING QUESTIONS	
97%	
65. Please indicate which of these reflects your experience in responding to the survey questions:	
I answered the questions on my own without consulting anyone.	
I consulted with the other colleagues in the Cancer Center before I responded to the questions.	
I requested someone else to answer the questions.	
I worked with another person to complete the survey together.	
66. What is your specialty?	
Medical Oncologist	
Surgical Oncologist	
Radiation Oncologist	
Surgeon	
Pathologist	
Radiologist	
Registered Nurse	
Other Cancer Specialist or Medical Specialty (please specify)	

67. Are	you employed by your Cancer Center or in private practice?
Can	ncer Center only
Priv	rate practice only
O Bot	h
Oth	er (please specify)
68. Plea	ase indicate your cancer center's current CoC accreditation cancer program category.
O Aca	ademic Comprehensive Cancer Program
O Con	nmunity Cancer Program
O Con	mprehensive Cancer Program
O Inte	grated Network Cancer Program
Oth	er (please specify)
69. Wha	at is your cancer center's annual case volume for the most recent year?
70. Plea	ase identify the total number of licensed beds in the hospital affiliated with the NCCCP site.
	Prev Next



					100%
HANK YOU FOR TAKING THE	TIME TO COMPLETE THIS SU	JRVEY.			
our responses will be very helpf	oful in understanding multidiscip	linary care within the NC	CCP.		
Please review or double check yo	our responses prior to clicking f	the "Done" button. Once	you click "Done" you	will not be able to log b	ack into the
Please click "Done" when you are	re ready to submit your answer	S.			
		Prev	Done		