# Supporting Statement for Form SSA-HA-501-U5

# Request for Hearing By Administrative Law Judge

# 20 CFR 404.929, 404.933, 416.1429, 416.1433, 42 CFR 405.722, 20 CFR 418.1350

# OMB No. 0960-0269

1. **Justification**
2. **Introduction/Authoring Laws and Regulations**

When SSA denies applicants’ or beneficiaries’ requests for new or continuing benefits, the law entitles those applicants or beneficiaries to request a hearing to appeal the decision. The statutory authority is in the *Social Security Act* (*Act)* at sections *205(b), 1155, 1631(c),* and *1869*. The implementing regulations are at *20 CFR 404.929, 404.933*, *416.1429*, *416.1433*, *405.722*, and *418.1350* of the *Code of Federal Regulations*. Additionally, the *Foster Care Independence Act of 1999*, section *251* of *Public Law* (*Pub L*.) *106-169* established *Title VIII* of the *Act* for providing special case benefits to certain World War II veterans. Section *809* of *Pub L. 106-169* establishes hearing and review rights, and the procedural protocol to administer this program.

Section *105(a)(2)(B)* of *Pub L. 103-296* (the *Social Security Independence and Program Improvements Act*, which established SSA as an independent agency) stipulates that SSA and the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) would share responsibility for the Medicare (*Title XVIII*) appeals process. The process provides SSA would continue to perform the hearings function for determinations made by SSA about Medicare Part A and Part B entitlement.

Section *931* of *Pub L. 108-173* requires transfer of the functions of administrative law judges (ALJ) responsible for hearing appeals under *Title XVIII* ofthe *Act* from SSA to HHS. Additionally, effective since January 2007, HHS makes determinations regarding Medicare Part B premium subsidy reductions required under section *1839(I)* of the *Act (Pub L. 108-173).*

*20 CFR 404.1713* and *416.1513* mandate that claimant representatives use our electronic services at the times and in the manner we prescribe on matters for which they request direct fee payment. The *Requiring Electronic Filing of Appeals for certain Representatives* rules mandate the use of the i501 by claimant representatives who file a hearing request on a client’s behalf and request direct fee payment on the matter. In this ICR, we are accounting for the requirement for representatives to use the electronic version of this collection (see Addendum for more details).

1. **Description of Collection**

When SSA denies applicants’ or beneficiaries’ requests for new or continuing benefits, the Social Security Act entitles those applicants or beneficiaries to request a hearing to appeal the decision. To request a hearing, individuals complete Form HA-501-U5, the associated Modernized Claims System (MCS) or Modernized Supplemental Security Income Claims System (MSSICS) interview, or the Internet application (i501). SSA uses the information to determine if the individual: (1) filed the request within the prescribed time; (2) is the proper party; and (3) took the steps necessary to obtain the right to a hearing. SSA also uses the information to determine: (1) the individual’s reason(s) for disagreeing with SSA’s prior determinations in the case; (2) if the individual has additional evidence to submit; (3) if the individual wants an oral hearing or a decision on the record; and (4) whether the individual has (or wants to appoint) a representative. The respondents are Social Security benefit applicants and recipients who want to appeal SSA’s denial of their request for new or continued benefits, and Medicare Part B recipients who must pay the Medicare Part B Income-Related Monthly Adjustment Amount.

1. **Use of Information Technology to Collect the Information**

In accordance with the agency’s Government Paperwork Elimination Act plan, SSA created an Internet version of the Form SSA-HA-501-U5, the i501. Information from the i501 propagates into SSA’s Modernized Claims Systems (MCS) and Modernized Supplemental Security Income Claims Systems (MSSICS). The collection instrument is also available through MCS and MSSICS to respondents who file a hearing request by mail or through a personal interview in a field office. SSA estimates that 96% of the respondents use the i501 to file a hearing request.

1. **Why We Cannot Use Duplicate Information**

The nature of the information we are collecting and the manner in which we are collecting it precludes duplication. SSA does not use another collection instrument to obtain similar data.

1. **Minimizing Burden on Small Respondents**

This collection does not affect small businesses or other small entities.

1. **Consequence of Not Collecting Information or Collecting it Less Frequently**

If we did not use Form HA-501-U5, or the electronic versions (MCS, MSSICS, and the i501), the public would have no way to request a hearing. Because we only collect the information once, we cannot collect it less frequently. There are no technical or legal obstacles to burden reduction.

1. **Special Circumstances**

There are no special circumstances that would cause SSA to conduct this information collection in a manner inconsistent with *5 CFR 1320.5*.

1. **Solicitation of Public Comment and Other Consultations with the Public**

The 60-day advance Federal Register Notice published on May 9, 2014 at 26798, and we received one public comment:

*The commenter suggested we add more contact methods to the Internet screens.*

*Our Policy component responded letting the commenter know we considered the suggestion; however, we will not adopt it. Currently, these forms ask for daytime phone numbers for the appellant and a contact person. We believe this is sufficient. If our technicians are unable to reach a party by telephone, our procedures require we send a request for information notice. This provides for good record-keeping and protects the rights of our customers.*

SSA published the second Notice on August 7, 2014, at 79 FR 46293. If we receive comments in response to the 30-day Notice, we will forward them to OMB. We did not consult with the public in the revision of this form.

1. **Payment of Gifts to Respondents**

SSA does not provide payments or gifts to the respondents.

1. **Assurances of Confidentiality**

SSA protects and holds confidential the information it collects in accordance with *42 U.S.C. 1306, 20 CFR 401* and *402, 5 U.S.C. 552* (Freedom of Information Act), *5 U.S.C. 552a* (Privacy Act of 1974), and OMB Circular No. A-130.

1. **Justification for Sensitive Questions**

The information collection does not contain any questions of a sensitive nature.

1. **Estimates of Public Reporting Burden**

Approximately 669,469 respondents file a request for hearing annually. The estimated average completion time is 10 minutes for using the MCS, MSSICS, or the paper SSA-501-U5, and 5 minutes for the i501. There is no difference in time estimate for MCS, MSSICS, and the paper form, so we show them all in one line on the chart below. The annual reporting burden is as follows:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Modality of Completion** | **Number of Respondents** | **Frequency of Response** | **Average Burden Per Response (minutes)** | **Estimated Total Annual Burden (hours)** |
| Paper HA-501; Modernized Claims Systems (MCS & MSSICS) | 25,953 | 1 | 10 | 4,326 |
| iAppeals - i501 | 643,516 | 1 | 5 | 53,626 |
| **Totals** | **669,469** |  |  | **57,952** |

The total burden for these IC instruments is **57,952** hours. This figure represents burden hours, and we did not calculate a separate cost burden.

1. **Annual Cost to the Respondents**

This collection does not impose a known cost burden on the respondents.

1. **Annual Cost to the Federal Government**

The annual cost to the Federal Government is approximately $55,000. This estimate is a projection of the costs for printing and distributing the collection instrument and for collecting the information.

The estimated cost to the Federal Government to collect the information for the internet application iAppeals is negligible. Because the cost of maintaining the system which collects this information is accounted for within the cost of maintaining all of SSA’s automated systems, it is not possible to calculate the cost associated with just one Internet application.

1. **Program Changes or Adjustment to the Information Collection Request**

There are no changes in the public reporting burden.

1. **Plans for Publication or Adjustments to the Information Collection Request**

SSA will not publish the results of the information collection.

1. **Displaying the OMB Approval Expiration Date**

For the paper Form HA-501-U5, SSA will not publish the OMB approval expiration date. OMB granted SSA an exemption from the requirement to print the OMB expiration date on its program forms. SSA produces millions of public-use forms with life cycles exceeding the OMB approval date. Since SSA does not periodically (e.g., on an annual basis), revise and reprint its public-use forms, OMB granted this exemption so SSA would not have to destroy stocks of otherwise useable forms with expired OMB approval dates, thereby avoiding Government waste.

For the internet application, i501 (iAppeals), SSA is not requesting an exception to the requirement to display the OMB approval expiration date.

1. SSA is not requesting an exception to the certification requirements at *5 CFR 1320.9* and related provisions at *5 CFR 1320.8(b) (3).*
2. **Collections of Information Employing Statistical Methods**

SSA does not use statistical methods for this information collection.