Attachment F SelectMD 2.0 Consumer Choice Experiment

List of Outcome and Process Variables

Outcome Variables

Related to Clinician Choice

Selected "Best" Clinician Based on Standardized Metrics (Dichotomous) Selected a "Dominated" Clinician (a "poor" choice, in that there are other options that are as good or better on every standardized metric)

Satisfaction with choice of physician Difficulty choosing a physician Likelihood of seeking out comparable performance metrics in real life Likelihood of recommending web site to others

Related to Learning About Clinician Choice

Increased (before and after web-site exposure) awareness of trade-offs among dimensions of clinician performance

Increased (before and after web-site exposure) awareness of variability of clinician quality across types of patients

Learning (before and after web-site exposure) about additional aspects of clinician performance as important for assessing quality

Related to Consumer Empowerment

Increased (before and after web-site exposure) levels of patient activation Proportion of information on website explored by participants Proportion of information on website that participants found useful for choice

Clinician Choice Experiment: Process Variables

Choosing clinicians based on emotional heuristics rather than comparative performance Willingness to examine component measures of aggregate performance metrics (CAHPS, HEDIS, patient safety)

Difficulty telling which doctor was best based on patient survey results (CAHPS) Difficulty telling which doctor was best providing recommended preventive care (HEDIS)

Difficulty telling which doctor was best providing recommended medical care for Conditions (HEDIS)

Difficulty telling which doctor was best based on patient safety methods Difficulty telling which doctor was best from comments on individual patient experiences

Limited time viewing particular pages on the website Limiting number of clinicians considered

Individual Characteristics of Participants in Experiment:

Exposure to doctor quality information in last 12 months Exposure to hospital quality information in last 12 months Exposure to health plan quality information in last 12 months Active searching for information on doctor quality from the internet

Perceived trade-offs among different dimensions of quality Perceived variability of clinician quality across different types of patients

Self-rated health status Doctor or clinic visits in last 12 months

Maximizing versus satisficing in decisions Decision making style: rational, intuitive, avoidant, dependent Ability to apply decision rules to consumer choices

Patient activation prior to exposure to SelectMD website

Willingness to make trade-offs among aspects of quality when selecting a clinician Emotionality of choices involving medical care

Standard demographic information on participants is available from GfK and will be merged with the data collected from participants.]