**Appendix A: Description of Recurring EIA Publications**

Recurring EIA publications, both data and analysis, contain data from surveys in the Petroleum Marketing Program. Below is a listing and brief description of these publications:

[Annual Energy Review (AER)](http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/annual/): This report contains historical annual energy statistics. For several of the series, data begin with the year 1949. Included are data on total energy production, consumption, and trade; overviews of petroleum, natural gas, coal, electricity, nuclear energy, renewable energy, as well as financial and environmental indicators; and data unit conversion tables.

[Annual Energy Outlook (AEO)](http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/aeo/er/): This contains a reference case which presents updated projections for U.S. energy markets through 2035. The Reference case projections include only the effects of policies that have been implemented in law or final regulations.

[Fuel Oil and Kerosene Sales Report (FOKS)](http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/fueloilkerosene/): This report provides information, illustrations and State-level statistical data on end-use sales of kerosene; No.1, No. 2, and No. 4 distillate fuel oil; and residual fuel oil. State-level kerosene sales include volumes for residential, commercial, industrial, farm, and all other uses. State-level distillate sales include volumes for residential, commercial, industrial, oil company, railroad, vessel bunkering, military, electric utility, farm, on-highway, off-highway construction, and other uses. State-level residual fuel sales include volumes for commercial, industrial, oil company, vessel bunkering, military, electric utility, and other uses.

[Gasoline and Diesel Fuel Update (GDFU)](http://www.eia.gov/petroleum/gasdiesel/): This weekly report contains gasoline and on-highway diesel fuel prices.

[Heating Oil and Propane Update (HOPU)](http://www.eia.gov/oog/info/hopu/hopu.asp): This weekly report contains residential, wholesale, and spot prices; and production, demand, and stocks of heating fuels. These prices are only collected during the heating season from October through March.

[Market Prices and Uncertainty Report](http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/steo/uncertainty/) This is a monthly supplement to EIA’s Short-Term Energy Outlook.

[Monthly Energy Review (MER)](http://www.eia.gov/totalenergy/data/monthly/) This is EIA's primary report of recent energy statistics. Included are total energy production, consumption, and trade; energy prices; overviews of petroleum, natural gas, coal, electricity, nuclear energy, renewable energy, and international petroleum; carbon dioxide emissions; and data unit conversions.

[Petroleum Marketing Monthly (PMM)](http://www.eia.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/data_publications/petroleum_marketing_monthly/pmm.html): This is EIA’s primary report of monthly petroleum marketing statistics. This report provides information and statistical data on a variety of crude oils and refined petroleum products, including statistics on crude oil costs and refined petroleum products sales.

[Prime Supplier Report](http://www.eia.gov/oil_gas/petroleum/data_publications/prime_supplier_report/psr.html): This report measures primary petroleum product deliveries into the States where they are locally marketed and consumed.

[This Week in Petroleum (TWIP)](http://www.eia.gov/oog/info/twip/twip.asp): This report contains data and analysis of recent events affecting the petroleum industry and markets.

[Today in Energy (TIE)](http://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/index.cfm?tg=petroleum): These articles provide short, timely articles with graphs about recent petroleum issues and trends.