# Supporting Statement (Form 4797) OMB # 1545-0184

### 1. CIRCUMSTANCES NECESSITATING COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

Section 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that if the aggregate of certain sales of property, other than capital assets, result in a loss, they must be deducted in For tax years beginning after 12-31-1984, the net full. section 1231 gain for any tax year shall be treated as ordinary income to the extent of the non-recaptured net section 1231 losses for the 5 preceding tax years beginning Sections 1245, 1250, 1252, and 1254 after 12-31-1981. provide that a portion of certain property sold at a gain is taxable in full rather than at capital gain rates. Section 1255 provides that if certain tax free payments received are subsequently sold, part of the sale is taxable as ordinary income.

Section 179 provides that if section 1245 property is disposed of, section 179 expenses are treated as a depreciation deduction for purposes of section 1245 recapture rules. Section 291 provides that corporations that sell section 1250 property must include 20% of the excess (if any) of the amount which would be treated as ordinary income under section 1250. Section 48(g)(5) provides that for purposes of sections 1245 and 1250, 50% of the investment tax credit downward basis adjustment under section 48 (g)(1) must be treated as a deduction for depreciation.

Form 4797 is needed to assure that the taxpayer is complying with these provisions of the law.

### 2. USE OF DATA

Form 4797 is used by IRS to verify that the proper amount of gains and losses are reported.

### 3. USE OF IMPROVED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TO REDUCE BURDEN

We are currently offering electronic filing on Form 4797.

### 4. EFFORTS TO IDENTIFY DUPLICATION

We have attempted to eliminate duplication within the agency wherever possible.

# 5. <u>METHODS TO MINIMIZE BURDEN ON SMALL BUSINESSES OR OTHER</u> <u>SMALL ENTITIES</u>

Not applicable.

# 6. <u>CONSEQUENCES OF LESS FREQUENT COLLECTION ON FEDERAL PROGRAMS</u> <u>OR POLICY ACTIVITIES</u>

Not applicable.

# 7. <u>SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING DATA COLLECTION TO BE</u> <u>INCONSISTENT WITH GUIDELINES IN 5 CFR 1320.5(d)(2)</u>

Not applicable.

# 8. <u>CONSULTATION WITH INDIVIDUALS OUTSIDE OF THE AGENCY ON</u> <u>AVAILABILITY OF DATA, FREQUENCY OF COLLECTION, CLARITY OF</u> <u>INSTRUCTIONS AND FORMS, AND DATA ELEMENTS</u>

Periodic meetings are held between IRS personnel and representatives of the American Bar Association, the National Society of Public Accountants, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and other professional groups to discuss tax law and tax forms. During these meetings, there is an opportunity for those attending to make comments regarding Form 4797.

In response to the *Federal Register* notice dated July 15, 2014, 2014 (79 FR 41363), we received no comments during the comment period regarding Form 4797.

# 9. <u>EXPLANATION OF DECISION TO PROVIDE ANY PAYMENT OR GIFT TO</u> <u>RESPONDENTS</u>

Not applicable.

### **10.** ASSURANCE OF CONFIDENTIALITY OF RESPONSES

Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential as required by 26 USC 6103.

### 11. JUSTIFICATION OF SENSITIVE QUESTIONS

A privacy impact assessment (PIA) has been conducted for information collected under this request as part of the "Business Master File (BMF)" system and a Privacy Act System of Records notice (SORN) has been issued for this system under IRS 24.046-Customer Account Data Engine Business Master File. The Department of Treasury PIAs can be found at http://www.treasury.gov/privacy/PIAs/Pages/default.aspx.

Title 26 USC 6109 requires inclusion of identifying numbers in returns, statements, or other documents for securing proper identification of persons required to make such returns, statements, or documents and is the authority for social security numbers (SSNs) in IRS systems.

#### 12. ESTIMATED BURDEN OF INFORMATION COLLECTION

	Number of <u>Responses</u>	Time per <u>Response</u>	Total <u>Hours</u>
Form 4797			1,987,307 50.63
Worksheet			100,617,354 6,650 2.39
Total			<u>15,894</u> <b>1,993,957</b>

100,633,248

The burden estimates being reported under 1545-0184 (above) are for non-individual filers. Burden estimates for individual filers are being reported under 1545-0074 and for business filers under 1545-0123.

Estimates of annualized cost to respondents for the hour burdens shown above are not available at this time.

### 13. ESTIMATED TOTAL ANNUAL COST BURDEN TO RESPONDENTS

As suggested by OMB, our *Federal Register* notice dated July 15, 2014 (79 FR 41363), requested public comments on estimates of cost burden that are not captured in the estimates of burden hours, i.e., estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information. However, we did not receive any responses from taxpayers on this subject. As a result, estimates of these cost burdens are not available at this time.

#### 14. ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The primary cost to the government consists of the cost of printing this form. We estimate that the cost of printing the form is \$11,945.

#### 15. REASONS FOR CHANGE IN BURDEN

There were no changes made to Form 4797 that resulted in any change to the burden previously reported to OMB.

We are making this submission to renew the OMB approval.

#### 16. PLANS FOR TABULATION, STATISTICAL ANALYSIS AND PUBLICATION

Not applicable.

# 17. <u>REASONS WHY DISPLAYING THE OMB EXPIRATION DATE IS</u> <u>INAPPROPRIATE</u>

We believe that displaying the OMB expiration date is inappropriate because it could cause confusion by leading taxpayers to believe that the information collection will sunset as of the expiration date. Taxpayers are not likely to be aware that the Service intends to request renewal of the OMB approval and obtain a new expiration date before the old OMB approval expires.

#### 18. EXCEPTION TO THE CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Not applicable.

### **<u>Note:</u>** The following paragraph applies to all of the collections

of information in this submission:

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a collection of information must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any internal revenue law. Generally, tax returns and tax return information are confidential, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6103.