Attachment Ca. Instructions for Completing State and County Representative Spreadsheet Instrument

XDR TB Contact Investigation: A Cost Assessment

Form Approved OMB No. 0920-0879 Expiration Date 03/31/2018

Introduction

After arriving to the United States in April 2015, a person with infectious extensively drug resistant tuberculosis (XDR-TB) came into contact with people who were identified and followed across 14 states. While previous analyses have estimated the economic value of conducting contact investigations of TB after exposure during long airline flights [1], among refugee populations [2], and different models of conducting contact investigations [3]; and epidemiological studies on large contact investigations are available [4, 5]; studies on the costs of investigating large numbers of people having contact with XDR-TB patients across multiple jurisdictions are needed.

This assessment is important for several reasons. Making estimates as setting-specific as possible can inform projections or evaluations of responding to XDR cases in the future for the jurisdictions involved [6]. Therefore, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) is gathering data to evaluate the cost of the contact investigation for this recent XDR-TB case from a 'bottom-up perspective', reflecting the cost of what actually occurred. In addition, this assessment can be used to check whether general estimates from previous studies can be used to predict costs accurately, or if 'bottom-up perspective' activities add value. We anticipate that both the research process and results will raise awareness about the cost of contact investigations, and activities will provide a spreadsheet template that can be used to estimate the cost of contact investigations in the future.

Objectives include:

- 1. Collect or estimate the overall direct costs of investigating and following contacts of an imported XDR tuberculosis patient
- 2. Collect or estimate the direct costs to tuberculosis programs in affected states and other entities involved
- **3.** Provide results that will be used by CDC, state, and local programs

Methods

This assessment will use data on the costs to the health system of this contact investigation up to this point, and model the total cost up to two years for the remaining analytic horizon. Data collection will involve identifying types of resources used to conduct the investigation, quantifying the number of units or time consumed, and assigning a monetary value to each of them [7]. The total cost of the contact investigation will then be calculated, and state-specific and organization-specific subtotals will be generated.

Short description of questions

- CDC estimates the average public reporting burden for this collection of information as up to 2.5 hours per response per program manager and 1.5 hours per response per accountant, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing
 - data/information sources, gathering and maintaining the data/information needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it
- 5 displays a currently valid OMB control number. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this
- 6 collection of information, including suggestions for reducing burden to CDC/ATSDR Information Collection Review Office, 1600
- 7 Clifton Road NE, MS D-74, Atlanta, Georgia 30333; ATTN: PRA (0920-0879).

Activities to be evaluated include the costs of organizing and managing the investigation, finding contacts, testing them, treating them, and following them up. We are asking for the following data about the contact investigation specific to your location:

- A few statistics describing investigation outcomes
- Number and types of tests administered for TB infection and disease and results
- Risk factors for developing TB disease after infection
- Costs of testing for TB infection and disease
- Costs of testing for other illnesses that are risk factors for TB
- Costs of treating latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI)
- Personnel costs
- Travel costs

- Training costs
- Costs of incentives and enablers
- Any other miscellaneous costs necessary for this XDR TB contact investigation

Please include all relevant items consumed regardless of who paid for them, although indicating who if information is available. If the item was donated, please include it in the total. We are not collecting data that identify specific people. However, we need the following aggregate data to compute costs and adequately describe the contact investigation that occurred.

Excel worksheet

An Excel worksheet with two tabs at the bottom is provided to record these costs for two phases (1) preparatory and initial assessments in identifying and evaluating each contact up to their initial diagnosis and classification, and (2) follow-up costs to date. We will use this information to project the costs that will be expected for the two-year time horizon of the investigation. If you expect any deviations from standard protocols between now and the two-year endpoint, please let me know. If more rows are needed to insert data anywhere on the spreadsheet to fit your data, please insert them. If an estimate is unknown or uncertain, please make your best estimate. If needed, you can indicate a range of values. If an item or category is 'not known', 'not recorded', or 'not relevant'; please indicate with the appropriate phrase to indicate to us that nothing has been overlooked. Line numbers corresponding to the accompanying spreadsheet are included in parentheses; it may be helpful to save a blank copy of the spreadsheet for your records if you decide to fill in a copy.

Actual data collection

Who should answer these questions?

These questions are intended for anyone from the TB controller's office who can collect and/or report data to the CDC. Potential respondents may include nurses, program managers, accountants, contact investigators, epidemiologists, interjurisdictional referral contacts, nurse consultants, nurse case managers, surveillance managers, public health program specialists, or anyone else who is delegated by the TB controller.

Time burden

Please review the accompanying spreadsheet and following questions about data that we will be collecting. This data collection should take about 1 hour to review instructions per person, 2 hours to collect data (or 1.5 hours for the first person, 30 minutes for the second), with another 1.5 hours to transmit the data to the master CDC spreadsheet or discuss results with the analyst via

phone interview (1 hour for the first person, 30 minutes for the second). After all results are together, the analyst will schedule another call to follow-up for any new developments and ask any questions about the data (20 minutes each).

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Preparation and initial assessments page

Please provide data for activities spent in preparation for the contact investigation and assessments of each contact to the point in which you determine results from preparation and initial assessments up to their initial diagnosis and classification. Before completing the form, it may be helpful to save a blank copy of the file to ensure that line numbers correspond to questions as you may need to add rows so that your data will fit.

100 101 102

1. I will already have **information describing your location** (lines 12-14)

103

2. Please tell us some **specifics about contact evaluation outcomes** (lines 18-25)

104 105

How many hours in total were needed to identify contacts in your state?

106 107 i. Please include time of personnel directly involved in contact investigation activities, in addition to administrative and support staff

108

How many contacts were identified in your state?

109

i. This response will validate my records

110 111 ii. Please include both air and ground; and high, medium, low priority; or 'close and casual contacts' if you have used that classification

112 113 By classification, how many high, medium, and low priority contacts were identified [8]?

114 115 i. How many contacts were classified as either high priority [8] or 'close contacts' [9]?

116

High-priority contacts include the following [8].

117

Household contacts

Under 5 years old

118 119

With an immunosuppressive medical risk factor (HIV, diabetes, silicosis, gastrectomy or jejunoileal bypass surgery; or taking prednisone, chemotherapy, antirejection drugs, or TNF alpha inhibitors)

121 122 123

120

Exposed during a medical procedure (bronchoscopy, sputum induction, autopsy)

124 125

Exposed in a congregate setting

126 127 Exposed for more than locally defined environmental duration limits for high priority

128 129 Close contacts is an older, less specifically defined, classification, including contacts with prolonged, frequent, or intense contact with a TB case while infectious

130 131

ii. How many contacts were classified as medium-priority contacts?

132

Medium-priority contacts include the following [8].

133

Between 5-15 years old

134 135 Exposed for more than locally defined environmental duration limits for medium priority

136

iii. How many contacts were classified as low-priority or casual contacts?

137	 Low priority contacts are all contacts that are not classified in the 	
138	other two categories	
139	 Casual (other than close) contacts have less intense, less frequent, or 	r
140	shorter durations of contact with the TB case while they are	
141	infectious.	
142	 How many contacts in your state were evaluated for TB? 	
143	i. Please include both LTBI and TB disease evaluations	
144	 How confident are you that this number represents the total number of actual 	
145	contacts exposed to the index case?	
146	i. Please indicate high, moderate, or low, and comment on any areas of	
147	uncertainty	
148		
149	3. What were the results of testing for tuberculosis infection and disease , indicating the	
150	number of tests administered, and those whose result was positive, negative, and	
151	indeterminate? Please indicate any notes needed for explanation in column I, such as a	
152	borderline result (lines 29-41).	
153	Tuberculin skin testing	
154	 Initial tuberculin skin test (TST) placement with TB education 	
155	• Reading of initial TST	
156	IGRA testing	
157	 QuantiFERON Gold In Tube (QFT-GIT) interferon gamma release assays (IGRA) 	
158	• T-spot IGRAs	
159	Testing for TB disease	
160		
	Physical examinations Chast y ray (CVP)	
161	• Chest x-ray (CXR)	
162	• Sputum induction	
163	Sputum smear microscopy and culture exams	
164	 Nucleic acid amplification (NAA) tests for TB disease 	
165 166	4. How many contacts had the following risk factors for developing TB disease after	
167	infection ? Please include any explanatory notes as needed in column F (lines 45-82).	
168	 How many contacts were born in the different regions listed? 	
169	i. Please indicate 'other' if the contacts were born in a low incidence region.	
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170	ii. There is a space for notes if any explanation is needed. For example, if the	
171	contact was born to at least one US born parent living in another country.	4
172	How many contacts have lived or travelled for more than one month in the different process.	щ
173	regions listed?	
174	i. Please indicate 'other' if the contacts lived or travelled in a low incidence	
175	region.	
176	ii. There is a space for notes if any explanation is needed.	
177	How many contacts had medical risk factors?	
178	i. How many contacts had a history of LTBI prior to investigation?	
179	ii. How many contacts had a history of TB disease prior to investigation?	
180	iii. How many contacts had received the BCG vaccine?	
181	iv. How many contacts had diabetes?	
182	 Please include both type I and type II diabetes. 	
183	v. How many contacts had HIV or AIDS?	

184		1. Please include documented laboratory or clinical diagnosis, or
185		indicate unknown. Self-report is not sufficient [10, 11].
186		vi. How many contacts had autoimmune disease or another immunosuppressive
187		condition?
188		 How many contacts had non-medical risk factors?
189		i. How many contacts were close contacts of someone with TB disease other
190		than the index case?
191		ii. How many contacts were under 5 years old?
192		1. If day, month, or year of birth are unknown, please report according
193		to the level of information that is available [11].
194		iii. How many contacts were a resident of a correctional facility in the past year?
195 196		 Please include prison, jail, juvenile, or any other type of correctional facility [11].
197		iv. How many contacts used injection drugs in the past year?
198		1. Please include having ever used injecting drugs including people
199		classified by either documented and physical evidence [11].
200		v. How many contacts were homeless in the past year?
201		1. Homelessness is defined as having no fixed, regular, and adequate
202		nighttime residence, or living in a shelter, temporary institution,
203		unstable residence, or public or private place not designated for a
204		regular sleeping accommodation of human beings [11].
205		
206	5.	What were the costs of the testing for TB infection and disease ? (lines 86-94)
207		 Please note that this and the following two blocks of questions ask about the costs
208		according to the number of services provided, not data according to the number of
209		contacts. In contrast, the previous three blocks of questions ask for data according to
210		number of contacts.
211		 Please indicate the unit costs for the following tests (Column E)
212		o Tuberculin skin tests (TST)
213		o QuantiFERON Gold In Tube (QFT-GIT) IGRAs
214		o T-spot IGRAs
215		o Physical examinations
216		o Chest x-rays (CXR)
217		o Sputum inductions
218		o Sputum smear and culture exams
219		o Nucleic acid amplification (NAA) tests
220		Please indicate who paid for them (Column F)
221		Please list any notes or specifications about the type of service (Column G)
222		O For example, different types of CXR may be used in different circumstances
223		O Different NAA tests may use different polymerase chain reaction (PCR)
224		methods, probes, or sequencing methods.
225		
226	6.	What testing was provided for illnesses that are risk factors for TB disease, including
227	٠.	HIV, diabetes, severe kidney disease, or any other condition? (lines 98-113)
228		o ELISA (HIV)

o Western blot (HIV)

230	o Rapid diagnostic test (HIV)
231	o Hemoglobin A1C test (Diabetes)
232	o Blood glucose test (Diabetes)
233	o Urinalysis (Kidney disease)
234	o Ultrasound (Kidney disease)
235	o Computerized tomography (Kidney disease)
236	o Biopsy (Kidney disease)
237	O Any other test
238	How many tests were provided? (column E)
239	What was the cost per service? (column F)
240	Who paid for these services? (column G)
241	Please give any explanatory notes at the end (column H)
242	 Please repeat for each service provided, including any other tests
243	administered that are not listed.
244	 Please note that counselling services provided to contacts about these conditions is
245	included as part of personnel costs.
246	
247	7. What costs of treating latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI) were incurred? (lines 117-
248	121)
249	 How many contacts were initiated on treatment for potentially drug susceptible
250	tuberculosis with 6H, 9H, 4H, or 3HT? (column E)
251	i. What was the cost per dose? (column F)
252	ii. How many doses were taken? (column G)
253	iii. Who paid for it? (column H)
254	• How many contacts were treated incorrectly with Cycloserine (CYC)? (column E)
255	i. What was the cost per dose? (column F)
256	ii. How many doses were taken? (column G)
257	iii. Who paid for it? (column H)
258	Please indicate any other notes in column I.
259	O TATIL de l'acception d'initial a desirable de la la desirable de la la desirable de la la desirable de la de
260	8. What investigative, clinical, administrative, laboratory, government, or other personnel
261	were involved in the contact investigation? (lines 126-161)
262	Please provide aggregate data Please evaluate aliminion time used for physical evaminations. These exets are
263	 Please exclude clinician time used for physical examinations. These costs are accounted for in Section 5.
264 265	
266	 How many total personnel were involved in the contact investigation by category? (column E)
267	
268	investigation, and administrative or support personnel who also contributed
269 270	their time.
	o If one person filled more than one role, please divide their time according to
271	role. • How many total hours were spent on activities related to or supporting the centest.
272	How many total hours were spent on activities related to or supporting the contact investigation? (column F)
273	investigation? (column F)
274	O Please account for activities preparing for the investigation as well as
275	investigation activities themselves such as interviewing or counselling

276	contacts, coordinating with others in the contact investigation team, and time
277	spent in training or self-study.
278	 Please also include donated time.
279	 Please round hours to the nearest quarter hour.
280	 What was the average gross annual salary (without benefits)? (column G)
281	• What was the percent fringe benefit involved from your jurisdiction? (column H)
282	Who paid for the salaries? (column I)
283	Please indicate any notes needed (column J)
284	Please add any other categories at the end
285	
286	9. What travel costs did your office incur in preparing for the investigation (e.g. meetings),
287	and in locating, interviewing, and testing contacts? (lines 166-173)
288	 If travel included objectives external to activities related to the contact
289	investigation, please indicate only the expenses that would have been incurred on
290	the contact investigation activities alone. For example, do not include the costs of
291	returning home if the contact investigator forgot something unrelated to the project.
292	However, things that are necessary and typical for program activities to function,
293	such as going to the gas station, should be included.
294	What were the mileage costs?
295	Were per diem costs incurred?
296	 Per diem costs include lodging, meals, incidental expenses incurred when
297	traveling
298	 Were any other types of travel costs related to contact investigation activities
299	incurred?
300	Please list any notes in column H.
301	·
302	10. Did anyone involved in the contact investigation receive any training that contributed to
303	their ability to perform this specific contact investigation [12]? (lines 177-185)
304	 Please list all trainings in column D that were specific to this contact investigation.
305	 Please list all personnel categories of participants who were involved in the contact
306	investigation separately as subheadings in column D if any of the following
307	information.
308	i. How many personnel of each category received the training in total? (column
309	E)
310	ii. How many personnel receiving the training were involved in contact
311	investigation activities, administration, or support? (column F)
312	iii. What was the cost of providing each training course? (column G)
313	 Each training course may involve multiple sessions. Please account for
314	each course as one training
315	 Please include time and salary costs of the instructor and participants
316	under personnel if all were in-house. If an external instructor
317	provided the training, please include their time and salary costs here.
318	Please include any food or materials consumed such as printed
319	manuals, presentation materials, contact investigation supplies, or
320	any other components
321	iv. How long is the training valid for before it would be renewed? (column H)

- v. What proportion of the person's job responsibilities helped by this training is dedicated to the contact investigation or its support? (column I)
 - vi. Who provided the training? Was it external or in-house? (column J)
 - Please indicate if the training was with a Regional Training and Medical Consultation Center, with the CDC, or other organization to help us avoid double counting.
 - vii. Who paid for the training? (column K)
 - viii. Please list any notes in column L
- 11. Please indicate the types and quantities of **incentives and enablers** that were used for contact investigation activities, and how much they cost (lines 189-195)
 - Incentives include things that encourage the person to keep their appointments
 - Enablers include things to help the person keep their appointments
 - O Please list specific items in column D
 - O How many units were consumed? (column E)
 - O What was the cost per unit? (column F)
 - O Who paid for them? (column G)
 - o Please add any notes in column H
- 12. Please indicate any other **miscellaneous costs** incurred during preparation or for contact investigation activities and initial assessments that were not included in previous sections (lines 199-203)
 - Please list specific items in column D
 - How many units were consumed? (column E)
 - What was their cost per unit? (column F)
 - What percentage of each resource was dedicated to contact investigation activities? (column G)
 - Who paid for each item? (column H)
 - Please add any notes in column I

Follow-up activities conducted

For the same categories listed above for the preparation period and initial assessment, please indicate what resources have been consumed in the follow-up phase to the current date on the second tab. This period includes cost of physical examinations and diagnostic testing (periodically and as needed), cost of LTBI treatment, personnel costs, travel costs, training costs, costs of incentives and enablers, and any other costs. I will use data from this page to make projections about what the contact investigation will cost across its two-year time horizon. On this page, please be specific in quantifying all components consumed. If valuations are the same as in the initial period, it is fine to simply indicate 'same', and I will transfer the valuations from the initial sheet.

Contact information

If you need clarification about what any of these questions mean or what is needed, please do not hesitate to contact us (Samuel Shillcutt at 404-718-8963 sshillcutt@cdc.gov, and Suzanne Marks at smarks@cdc.gov). We would request that you contact us by (date TBD after decision by OMB) to

set up a call to record the data that you have collected. Thank you very much for your collaboration!

References

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398 399

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